109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R.953

To authorize the establishment of a Social Investment and Economic Development Fund for the Americas to provide assistance to reduce poverty and foster increased economic opportunity in the countries of the Western Hemisphere, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 17, 2005

Mr. MENENDEZ (for himself, Mr. BURTON of Indiana, Mr. LANTOS, Ms. ROS-LEHTINEN, Mr. DELAHUNT, Mrs. NAPOLITANO, Ms. HARRIS, Mr. MEEKS of New York, Mr. PAYNE, Ms. LEE, Mr. BERMAN, Mr. ACKERMAN, Mr. SHERMAN, Mr. WEXLER, Mr. ENGEL, Mr. CROWLEY, Ms. CORRINE BROWN of Florida, Mr. GONZALEZ, Mr. RUSH, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. RANGEL, Mr. OWENS, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. REYES, Mr. HASTINGS of Florida, Mrs. CHRISTENSEN, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Ms. LINDA T. SÁNCHEZ of California, and Mr. BACA) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations, and in addition to the Committee on Financial Services, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

- To authorize the establishment of a Social Investment and Economic Development Fund for the Americas to provide assistance to reduce poverty and foster increased economic opportunity in the countries of the Western Hemisphere, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

2 This Act may be cited as the "Social Investment and
3 Economic Development Fund for the Americas Act of
4 2005".

5 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; STATEMENT OF POLICY.

6 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

7 (1) The historic economic, political, cultural,
8 and geographic relationships among the countries of
9 the Western Hemisphere are unique and of con10 tinuing special significance to the United States.

11 (2) The interests of the countries of the West-12 ern Hemisphere are more interrelated today than 13 ever before. Consequently, sound economic, social, 14 and democratic progress in each of the countries 15 continues to benefit other countries, and lack of it 16 in any country may have serious repercussions in 17 others.

(3) Following the historic Summits of the
Americas—the 1994 Summit in Miami, the 1998
Summit in Santiago, Chile, and the 2001 Summit in
Quebec City, Canada—the heads of state of the
countries of the Western Hemisphere accepted the
formidable challenge of economic and social integration in and between their respective countries.

25 (4) To make progress toward economic and so26 cial integration, there is a compelling need to focus
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on the social development of the people of the Amer icas which, in turn, will promote the economic and
 political development of the region.

4 (5) Investment in social development in the 5 Americas, including investment in human and social 6 capital, specifically in education, health, housing, 7 and labor markets with the goal of combating social 8 exclusion and social ills, will consolidate political de-9 mocracy and the rule of law and promote regional 10 economic integration and trade in the region.

11 (6) The challenge of achieving economic inte-12 gration between one of the world's most developed 13 economies and some of the poorest and most vulner-14 able countries requires a special effort to promote 15 social equality, develop skills, and modernize the in-16 frastructure in poorer countries that will enable the 17 people of these countries to maximize the amount of 18 benefits accrued from economic integration.

(7) The particular challenge facing social and
economic development in Latin America is the historic and persistent highly unequal distribution of
wealth. Latin America suffers from the most unequal distribution of wealth in the world with huge
inequities in the distribution of assets including education, land, and credit.

1 (8) Latin America also confronts the challenge 2 of an increasing number of poor people. Approxi-3 mately 44 percent of the population lives in poverty 4 and extreme poverty is a persistent problem. 5 (9) Marginalized groups, including indigenous 6 populations, people of African descent, women, peo-7 ple with disabilities, and rural populations, are so-8 cially excluded and suffer from poverty, stigma, and 9 discrimination. 10 (10) Democratic values are dominant through-11 out the Americas, and nearly all governments in the 12 region have come to power through democratic elec-

13 tions.

(11) Nonetheless, existing democratic governments and their constituent institutions remain fragile and face critical challenges including effective
democratic civilian authority over these institutions,
including the military, the consolidation or establishment of independent judicial institutions and the
rule of law, and the elimination of corruption.

(12) The prosperity, security, and well-being of
the United States is linked directly to peace, prosperity, and democracy in the Americas. The entire
region benefits by reducing poverty, strengthening
the middle class, and promoting the rule of law

which will also increase markets for United States
 goods and create a better environment for regional
 investment by United States businesses.

4 (13) Section 101 of the Foreign Assistance Act 5 of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151) establishes as a principal 6 objective of United States foreign assistance the 7 "encouragement and sustained support of the people 8 of developing countries in their efforts to acquire the 9 knowledge and resources essential to development 10 and to build the economic, political, and social insti-11 tutions which will improve the quality of their lives".

(14) It is in the national interests of the United
States to assist developing countries in the Western
Hemisphere as they implement the economic and political policies which are necessary to achieve equitable economic growth.

17 (15) The Summit of the Americas has directly 18 charged the multilateral institutions of the Americas, 19 including the Organization of American States 20 Inter-American Development (OAS).the Bank 21 (IADB), and the new Inter-American Agency for Co-22 operation and Development with mobilizing private-23 public sector partnerships among industry and civil 24 society to help achieve equitable development objec-25 tives.

1 (16) By supporting the purposes and objectives 2 of development and applying such purposes and ob-3 jectives to the Americas, a Social Investment and 4 Economic Development Fund for the Americas can 5 advance the national interests of the United States 6 and can directly improve the lives of the poor and 7 marginalized groups, encourage broad-based eco-8 nomic growth while protecting the environment, 9 build human capital and knowledge, support mean-10 ingful participation in democracy, and promote 11 peace and justice in the Americas. 12 (b) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is, therefore, the policy of the United States— 13 14 (1) to promote market-based principles, eco-15 nomic integration, social development, and trade in 16 and between countries of the Americas by— 17 (A) nurturing public-private partnerships 18 and microenterprise development; 19 (B) improving the quality of life and in-20 vesting in human capital, specifically targeting 21 education, health and disease prevention, and 22 housing; 23 (C) strengthening the rule of law through 24 improved efficiency and transparency in govern-25 ment services; and

1	(D) reducing poverty and eliminating the
2	exclusion of marginalized populations, including
3	people of African descent, indigenous groups,
4	women, and people with disabilities; and
5	(2) to establish an investment fund for the
6	Western Hemisphere to advance the national inter-
7	ests of the United States, directly improve the lives
8	of the poor and marginalized, encourage broad-based
9	economic growth while protecting the environment,
10	build human capital and knowledge, support mean-
11	ingful participation in democratic institutions and
12	processes, and promote peace and justice in the
13	Americas.
	Americas. SEC. 3. AMENDMENT TO FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF
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 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 	 SEC. 3. AMENDMENT TO FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961. Part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CHAPTER 13—SOCIAL INVESTMENT AND
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 	 SEC. 3. AMENDMENT TO FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961. Part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22) U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CHAPTER 13—SOCIAL INVESTMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR
 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 	 SEC. 3. AMENDMENT TO FOREIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961. Part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following: "CHAPTER 13—SOCIAL INVESTMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND FOR THE AMERICAS

25 national Development, shall provide assistance to reduce

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1	poverty and foster increased economic opportunity in the
2	countries of the Western Hemisphere by—
3	((1) nurturing public-private partnerships and
4	microenterprise development;
5	"(2) improving the quality of life and investing
6	in human capital, specifically targeting education,
7	health and disease prevention, and housing;
8	"(3) strengthening the rule of law through im-
9	proved efficiency and transparency in government
10	services; and
11	"(4) reducing poverty and eliminating the ex-
12	clusion of marginalized populations, including people
13	of African descent, indigenous groups, women, and
14	people with disabilities.
15	"(b) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—Assistance under
16	this chapter may be provided on such other terms and con-
17	ditions as the President may determine.
18	"SEC. 499I. TECHNICAL REVIEW COMMITTEE.
19	"(a) IN GENERAL.—There is established within the
20	United States Agency for International Development a
21	technical review committee.
22	"(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The President, by and with the
23	advice and consent of the Senate, shall appoint to serve
24	on the technical review committee—

"(1) individuals with technical expertise with
 respect to the development of Latin America and the
 Caribbean; and

4 "(2) citizens of the United States with technical
5 expertise with respect to development projects and
6 business experience.

7 Technical expertise shall be the sole criterion in making8 appointments to the technical review committee.

9 "(c) DUTIES.—The technical review committee shall 10 review all projects proposed for funding using assistance 11 provided under section 499H(a), and make recommenda-12 tions to the President with respect to the guidelines to 13 be used in evaluating project proposals and the suitability 14 of the proposed projects for funding.

15 "(d) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—A member of the
16 technical review committee shall not be permitted to re17 view an application submitted by an organization with
18 which the member has been or is affiliated.

19 "SEC. 499J. REPORT.

20 "The President shall prepare and transmit to the 21 Committee on International Relations of the House of 22 Representatives, the Committee on Foreign Relations of 23 the Senate, and other appropriate congressional commit-24 tees an annual report on the specific programs, projects, 25 and activities carried out under this chapter during the preceding year, including an evaluation of the results of
 such programs, projects, and activities.

3 "SEC. 499K. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

4 "(a) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to be ap5 propriated to carry out this chapter \$250,000,000 for
6 each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010.

7 "(b) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES.—Amounts appro8 priated pursuant to subsection (a)—

9 "(1) may be referred to as the 'United States
10 Social Investment and Economic Development Fund
11 for the Americas';

12 "(2) are authorized to remain available until ex-13 pended; and

14 "(3) are in addition to amounts otherwise avail-15 able for such purposes.

16 "(c) FUNDING LIMITATION.—Not more than 7 per17 cent of the amounts appropriated pursuant to subsection
18 (a) for a fiscal year may be used for administrative ex19 penses.".

20sec. 4. Amendment to the inter-american develop-21ment bank act.

The Inter-American Development Bank Act (22
U.S.C. 283–283z-10) is amended by adding at the end the
following:

1 "SEC. 39. SOCIAL INVESTMENT AND ECONOMIC DEVELOP 2 MENT FUND FOR THE AMERICAS.

3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall instruct the United States Executive Director at the 4 5 Bank to use the voice, vote, and influence of the United States to urge the Bank to establish an account to be 6 7 known as the 'Social Investment and Economic Development Fund for the Americas' (in this section referred to 8 9 as the 'Fund'), which is to be operated and administered by the Board of Executive Directors of the Bank con-10 sistent with subsection (b). The United States Governor 11 of the Bank may vote for a resolution transmitted by the 12 13 Board of Executive Directors which provides for the establishment of such an account, and the operation and admin-14 istration of the account consistent with subsection (b). 15

16 "(b) GOVERNING RULES.—

- 17 "(1) USE OF FUNDS.—The Fund shall be used
 18 to provide assistance to reduce poverty and foster in19 creased economic opportunity in the countries of the
 20 Western Hemisphere by—
- 21 "(A) nurturing public-private partnerships
 22 and microenterprise development;
- 23 "(B) improving the quality of life and in24 vesting in human capital, specifically targeting
 25 education, health and disease prevention, and
 26 housing;

1	"(C) strengthening the rule of law through
2	improved efficiency and transparency in govern-
3	ment services; and
4	"(D) reducing poverty and eliminating the
5	exclusion of marginalized populations, including
6	people of African descent, indigenous groups,
7	women, and people with disabilities.
8	((2) Application for funding through a
9	COMPETITIVE PROCESS.—Any interested person or
10	organization may submit an application for funding
11	by the Fund.
12	"(3) Technical review committee.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Fund shall have
14	a technical review committee.
15	"(B) Membership.—The Board of Execu-
16	tive Directors of the Bank shall appoint to
17	serve on the technical review committee—
18	"(i) individuals with technical exper-
19	tise with respect to the development of
20	Latin America and the Caribbean; and
21	"(ii) citizens of the United States with
22	technical expertise with respect to develop-
23	ment projects and business experience.
24	Technical expertise shall be the sole criterion
25	(other than citizenship pursuant to clause (ii))

in making appointments to the technical review committee.

"(C) DUTIES.—The technical review committee shall review all projects proposed for
funding by the Fund, and make recommendations to the Board of Executive Directors of the
Bank with respect to the guidelines to be used
in evaluating project proposals and the suitability of the proposed projects for funding.

10 "(D) CONFLICTS OF INTEREST.—A mem11 ber of the technical review committee shall not
12 be permitted to review an application submitted
13 by an organization with which the member has
14 been or is affiliated.

"(4) REVIEW OF PROPOSED PROJECTS.—Not 15 16 more frequently than annually, the Board of Execu-17 tive Directors of the Bank shall review and make de-18 cisions on applications for projects to be funded by 19 the Fund, in accordance with procedures which pro-20 vide for transparency. The Board of Executive Di-21 rectors shall provide advance notice to all interested 22 parties of any date on which such a review will be 23 conducted.

24 "(c) CONTRIBUTION AUTHORITY.—To the extent and25 in the amounts provided in advance in appropriations

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Acts, the United States Governor of the Bank may con tribute to the Fund \$1,250,000,000.

3 "(d) Limitations on Authorization of Appro-4 PRIATIONS.—

5 "(1) IN GENERAL.—For the contribution au-6 thorized by subsection (c), there are authorized to be 7 appropriated for payment to the Secretary of the 8 Treasury \$250,000,000 for each fiscal year begin-9 ning with the fiscal year in which the resolution de-10 scribed in subsection (a) is adopted.

11 "(2) ADDITIONAL AUTHORITIES.—Amounts ap12 propriated pursuant to paragraph (1)—

13 "(A) are authorized to remain available14 until expended; and

15 "(B) are in addition to amounts otherwise16 available for such purposes.

17 "(3) FUNDING LIMITATION.—Not more than 7
18 percent of the amounts appropriated pursuant to
19 paragraph (1) for a fiscal year may be used for ad20 ministrative expenses.".

21 SEC. 5. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the sense of Congress that the countries of the Western Hemisphere should collectively provide assistance equal to the amount of United States bilateral assistance provided under chapter 13 of part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961 (as added by section 3(a) of this Act)
 and multilateral assistance provided by the Social Invest ment and Economic Development Fund for the Americas
 under section 39 of the Inter-American Development
 Bank Act (as added by section 4 of this Act) for the same
 purpose for which such assistance was provided.

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