109TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R. 5072

To reform the universal service provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 30, 2006

Mr. Terry (for himself and Mr. Boucher) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

To reform the universal service provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Universal Service Re-
- 5 form Act of 2006".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
- 7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:
- 8 (1) The current State and Federal mechanisms
- 9 used to collect and distribute universal service sup-

- port are not sustainable in a competitive and rapidly
 changing technological environment.
 - (2) Voice-over-Internet-Protocol, wireless voice services, and popular flat rate, all-distance pricing plans for voice services have rendered meaningless the distinctions between and among interstate telecommunications and information services, and between and among intrastate telecommunications services and information services, thus making universal service support mechanisms based upon such jurisdictional concepts unsustainable.
 - (3) Providing unlimited universal service support to multiple competing telecommunications carriers in the same service area results in an excessive demand for universal service support.
 - (4) Implicit support mechanisms were the universal service support mechanisms of choice for State commissions and during the natural monopoly era that preceded the Telecommunications Act of 1996. Implicit support mechanisms are effective in monopoly environments; however, they are inconsistent with the competitive environment fostered by the 1996 Act, and they should be eliminated.
 - (5) The Commission was required by the Telecommunications Act of 1996 to make all Federal

- universal service support mechanisms explicit. Explicit universal service support mechanisms are appropriate in the competitive telecommunications marketplace of the 21st century.
 - (6) Universal service support mechanisms should preserve incentives for continued investment in and enhancements to the public switched telephone network and to increase the availability of broadband services.
 - (7) Maintaining predictable, sufficient, and sustainable universal service support will require that support be collected from a broad base of service providers and in a more competitively and technology neutral manner.
 - (8) The aggregate amount of universal service support is increasing annually and as a result, tele-communications carriers have had to pay an increased percentage of their total revenues to support universal service support mechanisms. By law, tele-communications carriers may pass through these costs to their subscribers, increasing the amount consumers are required to pay to maintain the continued growth of universal service support.
 - (9) Federal universal service support mechanisms have succeeded in bringing quality and afford-

- 1 able telecommunications services to rural areas that
- 2 are reasonably comparable to those in urban areas.
- 3 Existing Federal universal service support mecha-
- 4 nisms have helped to bring telecommunications serv-
- 5 ices to approximately 95 percent of United States
- 6 households.
- 7 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to re-
- 8 form State and Federal universal service support contribu-
- 9 tion and distribution mechanisms by—
- 10 (1) targeting universal service support specifi-
- cally to eligible telecommunications carriers in high-
- cost geographic areas to ensure that communications
- services and high-speed broadband services are made
- available throughout all of the States of the United
- 15 States in a fair and equitable manner;
- 16 (2) constraining the growth of universal service
- support by extending the current cap on the portion
- of the high cost loop support mechanism that is dis-
- tributed to rural incumbent local exchange carrier
- study areas to all eligible telecommunications car-
- 21 riers receiving support from the high cost support
- 22 mechanism;
- 23 (3) ensuring universal service support contribu-
- 24 tions are assessed fairly, equitably, and in a competi-
- 25 tively neutral manner by means of a contribution as-

1 sessment methodology determined by the Federal 2 Communications Commission applicable to any entity that currently contributes to universal service 3 4 support, provides real-time voice communications, 5 over any platform, in which the voice component is 6 the primary function, or offers a connection to the 7 network over any platform; 8 (4) strengthening the criteria for eligible recipi-9 ents of universal service support: and 10 (5) ensuring that the United States becomes a 11 world leader in broadband deployment by making 12 high-speed broadband services and facilities eligible 13 for universal service support. 14 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS. 15 Section 3(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(a)) is amended— 16 17 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (20) through 18 (52) as paragraphs (22) through (54); 19 (2) by redesignating paragraphs (11) through 20 (19) as paragraphs (12) through (20), respectively; 21 (3) by inserting after paragraph (10) the fol-22 lowing new paragraph: 23 "(11) Communications service provider.— 24 The term 'communications service provider' means 25 any entity that—

1	"(A) contributes to or receives universal
2	service support for the most recent calendar
3	quarter ending before the date of enactment of
4	the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006;
5	"(B) uses telephone numbers or Internet
6	protocol addresses, or their functional equiva-
7	lents or successors, to offer a service or a capa-
8	bility—
9	"(i) that provides or enables real-time
10	2-way voice communications; and
11	"(ii) in which the voice component is
12	the primary function; or
13	"(C) offers for a fee, directly to the public,
14	or to such classes of users as to be effectively
15	available directly to the public, a physical trans-
16	mission facility, whether circuit-switched, pack-
17	et-switched, a leased line, or using radio fre-
18	quency transmissions, regardless of the form,
19	protocol, or statutory classification of the serv-
20	ice, that allows an end user to obtain access,
21	from a particular end user location, to a net-
22	work that permits the end user to engage in
23	electronic communications (including tele-
24	communications) with the public."; and

(4) by inserting after paragraph (20) (as redesignated by paragraph (2) of this section) the following new paragraph:

"(21) High-speed broadband service.—

"(A) DEFINITION.—The term 'high-speed broadband service' means a two way network that uses the Internet protocol or a successor protocol, and the associated capabilities and functionalities, services, and applications provided over an Internet protocol platform or for which an Internet protocol capability is an integral component, and services, facilities, equipment, and applications that enable an end-user to receive communications in Internet protocol format, regardless of whether the communications are voice, data, video, or any other form, at a download receiving rate not lower than 1 megabit per second.

"(B) Commission speed adjustment review the speed requirement in subparagraph (A) every other year beginning the sixth year after implementation of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006 and shall make the necessary adjustments to move to higher speeds as deploy-

ment and advancement of new technology allows communications service providers to provide higher speed broadband to end users in an economically efficient manner.

"(C) INTERNET PROTOCOL.—The term
Internet protocol' means the Transmission
Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocols to such protocol."

10 SEC. 4. UNIVERSAL SERVICE REFORM.

- 11 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 254 of the Communica-
- 12 tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254) is amended by amend-
- 13 ing subsections (a) through (e) to read as follows:
- 14 "(a) Procedures to Reform Universal Serv-
- 15 ICE.—
- "(1) Federal-state joint board on uni-16 17 VERSAL SERVICE.—Within one month after the date 18 of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 19 2006, the Commission shall institute and refer to 20 the Federal-State Joint Board under section 410(c) 21 of this title a proceeding to recommend changes to 22 any of its regulations in order to implement section 23 214(e) of this title and this section (as amended by 24 the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006), includ-

ing the definition of the services that are supported

by Federal universal service support mechanisms and a specific timetable for completion of such recommendations. In addition to the members of the Joint Board required under section 410(c) of this title, one member of such Joint Board shall be a State-appointed utility consumer advocate nominated by a national organization of State utility consumer advocates. The Joint Board shall, after notice and opportunity for public comment, make its recommendations to the Commission 9 months after the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006.

- "(2) Commission action.—The Commission shall initiate a single proceeding to consider the recommendations from the Joint Board required by paragraph (1) and shall complete such proceeding within 18 months after the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006. The rules established by such proceeding shall include a definition of the services that are supported by Federal universal service support mechanisms and a specific timetable for implementation.
- 23 "(b) Universal Service Principles.—The Joint 24 Board and the Commission shall base policies for the pres-

- 1 ervation and advancement of universal service on the fol-
- 2 lowing principles:
- 3 "(1) QUALITY AND RATES.—Quality services
- 4 should be available at just, reasonable, and afford-
- 5 able rates.
- 6 "(2) Access to advanced services.—Access
- 7 to advanced telecommunications and information
- 8 services should be provided in all regions of the Na-
- 9 tion.
- 10 "(3) Access in rural and high cost
- 11 Areas.—Consumers in all regions of the Nation, in-
- cluding low-income consumers and those in rural, in-
- sular, and high cost areas, should have access to the
- services the Commission determines to be universal
- services in accordance with subsection (c), including
- advanced telecommunications and information serv-
- ices, that are reasonably comparable to those serv-
- ices provided in urban areas and that are available
- at rates that are reasonably comparable to rates
- 20 charged for similar services in urban areas.
- 21 "(4) Equitable and nondiscriminatory
- 22 CONTRIBUTIONS.—All communications service pro-
- viders should make equitable and nondiscriminatory
- contributions to the preservation and advancement
- of universal service.

- 1 "(5) SPECIFIC AND PREDICTABLE SUPPORT
 2 MECHANISMS.—There should be specific, predictable
 3 and sufficient Federal and State mechanisms to pre4 serve and advance universal service.
 - "(6) ACCESS TO ADVANCED TELECOMMUNI-CATIONS SERVICES FOR SCHOOLS, HEALTH CARE, AND LIBRARIES.—Elementary and secondary schools and classrooms, health care providers, and libraries should have access to advanced telecommunications services as described in subsection (h).
 - "(7) Additional Principles.—Such other principles as the Joint Board and the Commission determine are necessary and appropriate for the protection of the public interest, convenience, and necessity and are consistent with this Act.

"(c) Definition.—

"(1) In General.—Universal service includes the services defined on the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006 as universal services, high-speed broadband services, and an evolving level of telecommunications and information services that the Commission shall establish periodically under this section, taking into account advances in telecommunications and information technologies and services. The Joint Board in recom-

1	mending, and the Commission in establishing, the
2	definition of the services that are supported by Fed-
3	eral universal service support mechanisms shall con-
4	sider the extent to which such services—
5	"(A) are essential to education, public
6	health, or public safety;
7	"(B) are being deployed in public tele-
8	communications networks by communications
9	service providers; and
10	"(C) are consistent with the public inter-
11	est, convenience, and necessity.
12	"(2) Alterations and modifications.—The
13	Joint Board shall consider whether to recommend to
14	the Commission modifications in the definition of
15	the services that are supported by Federal universal
16	service support mechanisms no less than once every
17	5 years.
18	"(3) Special services.—In addition to the
19	services included in the definition of universal serv-
20	ice under paragraph (1), the Commission may des-
21	ignate additional services for such support mecha-
22	nisms for schools, libraries, and health care pro-
23	viders for the purposes of subsection (h).
24	"(4) High-speed broadband service.—The
25	definition of universal service shall not be construed

1	to exclude eligible communications service providers
2	from using universal service funding for the provi-
3	sion, maintenance, and upgrading of high-speed
4	broadband service.
5	"(d) Universal Service Support Contribu-
6	TIONS.—
7	"(1) Calculating universal service sup-
8	PORT CONTRIBUTIONS.—
9	"(A) In General.—The Commission shall
10	assess contributions to universal service support
11	mechanisms from communications service pro-
12	viders. The Commission shall assess such con-
13	tributions in a manner that is equitable and
14	competitively neutral, is nondiscriminatory in
15	nature, and ensures that communications serv-
16	ice providers are subject to similar obligations.
17	The Commission may employ any methodology
18	to assess such contributions, including consider-
19	ation of—
20	"(i) revenues derived from the provi-
21	sion of intrastate, interstate, and foreign
22	communications services by communica-
23	tions service providers;
24	"(ii) working telephone numbers used
25	by communications service providers: or

1	"(iii) any other current or successor
2	identifier protocols or connections to the
3	network used by communications service
4	providers.
5	"(B) Use of more than one method-
6	OLOGY.—If no one methodology designated
7	under subparagraph (A) effectuates the prin-
8	ciples described in this Act, the Commission
9	may employ a combination of any such meth-
10	odologies.
11	"(C) Low volume exception.—The
12	Commission may limit the contributions of com-
13	munications service providers whose customers
14	typically make a low volume of calls on a
15	monthly basis.
16	"(D) DE MINIMIS EXCEPTION.—The Com-
17	mission may exempt a communications service
18	provider from the requirements of this sub-
19	section if the communications activities of such
20	provider are limited to such an extent that the
21	level of contributions of such provider to the
22	preservation and advancement of universal serv-
23	ice would be de minimis.
24	"(2) Reports.—The Commission shall estab-

lish annual reporting requirements for all commu-

nications service providers contributing to universal service support mechanisms or receiving universal service support. The reporting requirements shall not impose unnecessary burdens, and shall be technology and provider neutral. The Commission shall periodically review the reporting requirements to ensure that universal service support is used for the provision, maintenance, and upgrading of the facilities for which support is intended.

"(3) Universal service support contribution limits.—

"(A) LIMITATION.—The total amount of universal service support for all universal service support mechanisms other than support for schools, libraries, rural health care, life-line, link-up, and toll limitation shall not exceed the total amount that was collected from all sources for all universal service support mechanisms other than schools, libraries, rural health care, life-line, link-up, and toll limitation in the last year prior to the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006, as adjusted annually by a growth factor and once, within one year of the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006, by the

amounts that the adjustments in subsections (e)(3) and (m) increase demand for universal service support.

"(B) GROWTH FACTOR.—The growth factor shall be the annual percentage change in the Gross Domestic Product-Chained Price Index (GDP-CPI), or any successor general inflationary factor that the Bureau of Economic Analysis of the Department of Commerce determines shall supersede such index, plus the annual percentage change in the total number of rural incumbent local exchange carrier working loops, if that percentage change is greater than zero.

"(C) Intercarrier compensation recovery mechanism, such alternative revenue recovery mechanism shall be included in the limitation set forth in subparagraph (A), and the Commission shall adjust such limitation once, within 3 months of mandating that intercarrier compensation revenue recovery

1	pensation revenues be recovered through an al-
2	ternative revenue recovery mechanism, by the
3	amount that such revenue recovery mechanism
4	increases demand for universal service support.
5	"(e) Distribution and Use of Universal Serv-
6	ICE SUPPORT.—
7	"(1) In general.—Only an eligible tele-
8	communications carrier designated under section
9	214(e) shall be eligible to receive specific Federal
10	universal service support. A carrier that receives
11	such support shall use that support only for the pro-
12	vision, maintenance, and upgrading of facilities and
13	services for which the support is intended. Any such
14	support should be explicit and sufficient to achieve
15	the purposes of this section.
16	"(2) Uses of universal service support.—
17	The use of universal service support for all rural, in-
18	sular, and high cost areas—
19	"(A) should be expanded to include high-
20	speed broadband services;
21	"(B) should be based on actual costs rea-
22	sonably incurred in providing such services, ex-
23	clusive of the cost of acquiring spectrum, except
24	that an eligible telecommunications carrier that
25	is an incumbent local exchange carrier may

elect to have the Commission calculate the amount of universal service support payable to such carrier pursuant to section 54.309 of title 47, Code of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date of the enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006); and

- "(C) should be available to communications service providers that are determined to be eligible telecommunications carriers under section 214(e).
- "(3) Support for non-rural carriers providing service in rural, insular, and high cost areas.—

"(A) Calculating support.—Except with respect to non-rural carriers serving insular areas, in calculating Federal universal service support for eligible telecommunications carriers that serve rural, insular, and high cost areas and that are not rural telephone companies, the Commission shall, subject to the provisions of subparagraph (B), revise the Commission's support mechanism for rural, insular, and high cost areas to provide support to each wire center in which the incumbent local exchange carrier's average cost per line for such

1	wire center exceeds 3.75 times the national av-
2	erage cost per line.
3	"(B) Hold Harmless.—In implementing
4	this paragraph, the Commission shall ensure
5	that no non-rural carrier receives less Federal
6	support calculated under paragraph (1) than
7	the non-rural carrier would have received under
8	the Commission's support mechanism for rural,
9	insular, and high cost areas as in effect on the
10	day before the date of the enactment of the
11	Universal Service Reform Act of 2006.
12	"(4) Administration: Accountability
13	STANDARDS.—
14	"(A) NETWORK TRAFFIC IDENTIFICATION
15	ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS.—
16	"(i) Network traffic identifica-
17	TION STANDARDS.—Communications serv-
18	ice providers shall ensure that all traffic
19	that originates on their networks contains
20	sufficient information to allow for traffic
21	identification by other communications
22	service providers that transport, transit, or
23	terminate such traffic, including informa-
24	tion on the identity of the originating pro-
25	vider, the calling and called parties, and

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the jurisdiction in which the traffic originates.

3 "(ii) Network traffic identifica-TION RULEMAKING.—The Commission, in consultation with the States, shall initiate 6 a single rulemaking no later than 180 days 7 after the date of enactment of the Uni-8 versal Service Reform Act of 2006 to es-9 tablish rules and enforcement provisions 10 for traffic identification. Such rules shall 11 include mandatory requirements for identi-12 fication of all traffic by the originating 13 provider and shall require that such traffic 14 identification information is transferred to 15 transporting, transiting, and terminating 16 providers unchanged and unaltered. The 17 rules shall also establish procedures for 18 carriers to contest insufficiently labeled 19 traffic in a prompt manner and shall es-20 tablish appropriate enforcement and penalty provisions for carriers that insuffi-21 22 ciently label traffic. The processes to adju-23 dicate insufficiently labeled traffic shall re-24 quire the relevant providers to demonstrate

1	their compliance with the Commission's
2	traffic labeling standards.
3	"(iii) Network traffic identifica-
4	TION ENFORCEMENT.—The Commission
5	shall adopt clear penalties, fines, and sanc-
6	tions for insufficiently labeled traffic. The
7	penalties, fines, and sanctions established
8	by the Commission shall provide—
9	"(I) adequate retroactive mone-
10	tary reimbursement to the defrauded
11	provider or providers equal to the rate
12	differential between accurately and in-
13	accurately labeled traffic;
14	"(II) monetary fines determined
15	by the Commission;
16	"(III) a deterrence penalty for
17	those offenders who do not resolve
18	their violations or remit the required
19	reimbursements to defrauded provider
20	or providers;
21	"(IV) an adequate deterrence
22	penalty against frivolous accusations;
23	"(V) the ability of network traffic
24	operators to block inaccurately labeled
25	traffic;

1	"(VI) the decertification of re-
2	peat offenders or those providers un-
3	willing to comply with the established
4	rules and penalties; and
5	"(VII) specific and clear time
6	frames for the investigation and sub-
7	sequent penalty, fines, and sanctions
8	of offending providers, to ensure prop-
9	er accountability.
10	"(iv) Accountability for Network
11	TRAFFIC EXCHANGE.—To ensure that all
12	communications service providers are ac-
13	countable for the volume of traffic the pro-
14	viders terminate on other carriers' net-
15	works, the Commission shall ensure that
16	all providers are compensated for the use
17	of their networks by other providers.
18	"(B) Universal service distribution
19	ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS.—To ensure fair-
20	ness and accountability in the distribution of
21	universal service funding contributions, the
22	Commission shall promulgate rules to calculate
23	the level of universal service support to be dis-
24	tributed to all eligible recipients.".
25	(b) Rural Health Care Support Mechanisms.—

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(1) AMENDMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of section 254(h)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254(h)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

"(A) HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR RURAL AREAS.—Within 180 days after the date of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006, the Commission shall prescribe regulations that provide that a communications service provider shall, upon, receiving a bona fide request, provide covered services which are necessary for the provision of health care services in a State, including instruction relating to such services, to any public or nonprofit health care provider that serves persons who reside in rural areas in that State at rates that are reasonably comparable to rates charged for similar services in urban areas in that State. A communications service provider providing service under this subparagraph shall be entitled to have an amount equal to the difference, if any, between the rates for services provided to health care providers for rural areas in a State and the rates for similar services in urban areas in that State treated as a service obligation as a part of its obligation to participate in the mech-

1	anisms to preserve and advance universal serv-
2	ice.".
3	(2) Definition of Health care pro-
4	VIDER.—Subparagraph (B) of section 254(h)(7) of
5	such Act (47 U.S.C. 254(h)(7)(B)) is amended to
6	read as follows:
7	"(B) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term
8	'health care provider' means—
9	"(i) post-secondary educational insti-
10	tutions offering health care instruction,
11	teaching hospitals, and medical schools;
12	"(ii) community health centers or
13	health centers providing health care to mi-
14	grants;
15	"(iii) local health departments or
16	agencies;
17	"(iv) community mental health cen-
18	ters;
19	"(v) not-for-profit hospitals;
20	"(vi) critical access hospitals;
21	"(vii) rural hospitals with emergency
22	rooms;
23	"(viii) rural health clinics;
24	"(ix) not-for-profit nursing homes or
25	skilled nursing homes;

1	"(x) hospice providers;
2	"(xi) emergency medical services fa-
3	cilities;
4	"(xii) rural dialysis facilities;
5	"(xiii) elementary, secondary, and
6	post-secondary school health clinics; and
7	"(xiv) consortia of health care pro-
8	viders consisting of one or more entities
9	described in clauses (i) through (xiii).".
10	(3) Definition of Rural for Health Care
11	SUPPORT.—Section 254(h)(7) of such Act is further
12	amended by adding at the end the following new
13	subparagraph:
14	"(J) Rural area.—Within 180 days after
15	the date of enactment of the Universal Service
16	Reform Act of 2006, the Commission shall pre-
17	scribe regulations that provide that, for pur-
18	poses of the rural health care universal service
19	support mechanisms established pursuant to
20	this subsection, a 'rural area' is—
21	"(i) any incorporated or unincor-
22	porated place in the United States, its ter-
23	ritories and insular possessions (including
24	any area within the Federated States of
25	Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall

1 Islands and the Republic of Palau) that 2 has no more than 20,000 inhabitants 3 based on the most recent available popu-4 lation statistics from the Census Bureau; "(ii) any area located outside of the 6 boundaries of any incorporated or unincor-7 porated city, village, or borough having a 8 population exceeding 20,000; 9 "(iii) any area with a population density of fewer than 250 persons per square 10 11 mile; or 12 "(iv) any place that qualified as a 'rural area' and received support from the 13 14 rural health care support mechanism pur-15 suant to the Commission's rules in effect 16 prior to December 1, 2004, and that con-17 tinues to qualify as a 'rural area' pursuant 18 to such rules.". 19 (c) Schools, Libraries, Rural Health Care, 20 LIFE-LINE, LINK-UP, AND TOLL LIMITATION HOLD 21 HARMLESS.—Except as provided in subsections (h)(1)(A), 22 (h)(7)(B), and (h)(7)(J) of section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254), as amended by subsection (b)—

1	(1) nothing in this Act (and the amendments
2	made by this Act) shall be construed as limiting,
3	changing, modifying, or altering the amount of sup-
4	port or means of distribution for the schools, librar-
5	ies, rural health care, life-line, link-up, and toll limi-
6	tation programs; and
7	(2) the Federal Communications Commission
8	shall ensure that such amendments do not result in
9	a decrease of such support to a level below the level
10	for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which
11	this Act is enacted.
12	SEC. 5. ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS OF UNIVERSAL SERVICE
13	SUPPORT.
13 14	SUPPORT. (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Commu-
14	(a) Amendment.—Section 214(e) of the Commu-
14 15	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended—
141516	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5),
14 15 16 17	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (6), (7), (9), and (8), respec-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (6), (7), (9), and (8), respectively, and reordering such paragraphs in numerical
14 15 16 17 18	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (6), (7), (9), and (8), respectively, and reordering such paragraphs in numerical order; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (6), (7), (9), and (8), respectively, and reordering such paragraphs in numerical order; and (2) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and in-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (6), (7), (9), and (8), respectively, and reordering such paragraphs in numerical order; and (2) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the following:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended— (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5), and (6) as paragraphs (6), (7), (9), and (8), respectively, and reordering such paragraphs in numerical order; and (2) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and inserting the following: "(1) ELIGIBILITY TO RECEIVE UNIVERSAL

1	subsection only if such communications service pro-
2	vider—
3	"(A) uses its own facilities to make avail-
4	able in a service area the services that have
5	been determined by the Commission to be uni-
6	versal services pursuant to section 254(c), and
7	responds to reasonable requests for service from
8	persons located anywhere in such service area
9	consistent with carrier-of-last-resort require-
10	ments in the State in which the requesting per-
11	son is located;
12	"(B) advertises the supported services and
13	their associated charges throughout the service
14	area using media of general distribution, and
15	advertises the availability of life-line and link-up
16	services in a manner reasonably designed to
17	reach those likely to qualify for those services;
18	"(C) demonstrates the ability to remain
19	functional in emergency situations;
20	"(D) satisfies consumer protection and
21	service quality standards; and
22	"(E) meets the basic requirements for the
23	deployment of high-speed broadband service,
24	and provides high-speed broadband service, ex-

1	cept that the Commission shall establish a proc-
2.	ess—

"(i) whereby a determination can be made to waive the requirements of this subparagraph for 3 years upon application of a communications service provider demonstrating that the deployment and provision of high-speed broadband service is not technically feasible or would materially impair the communications service provider's ability to continue to provide local exchange service throughout its service area, except that a waiver shall be deemed automatically granted under this clause for a communications service provider which can demonstrate that the cost per line of deand ploying providing high-speed broadband service is at least three times the average cost of providing high-speed broadband service among all recipients of universal service support, subject to the renewal provisions set forth in clause (ii);

"(ii) whereby the communications service provider may seek renewal of such waiver every 3 years for as long as the de-

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ployment and provision of high-speed broadband service is not technically feasible or would materially impair the communications service provider's ability to continue to provide local exchange service throughout its service area; and

"(iii) whereby any application of a communications service provider for a waiver pursuant to clause (i) on which the Commission has not taken final action within 60 days of the date of submission to the Commission shall be deemed granted.

"(2) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—In addition to the criteria specified in paragraph (1), the Commission shall establish such additional eligibility criteria for the receipt of universal service support by communications service providers as it deems necessary and in the public interest. The criteria established in paragraph (1) and the criteria established by the Commission pursuant to this paragraph shall be used by State commissions in determining which providers shall be designated as eligible recipients of universal service support for the purpose of paragraph (3).

1	"(3) Designation of eligible recipients.—
2	A State commission shall, upon its own motion or
3	upon request, designate as an eligible recipient of
4	universal service support only those providers meet-
5	ing the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2).
6	"(4) Grandfather Provision.—Recipients of
7	universal service support in any service area prior to
8	the date of enactment of the Universal Service Re-
9	form Act of 2006 shall meet the eligibility require-
10	ments for eligible recipients of universal service sup-
11	port—
12	"(A) as described in paragraphs (1)(A)
13	through (D) within one year of the date of en-
14	actment of the Universal Service Reform Act of
15	2006; and
16	"(B) as described in paragraph $(1)(E)$
17	within 5 years after the date of enactment of
18	the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006.
19	Failure of such an eligible recipient of universal
20	service support to maintain and meet the eligibility
21	requirements within the period required by subpara-
22	graph (A) or (B) after the date of enactment of the
23	Universal Service Reform Act of 2006 shall require
24	the automatic termination of Federal universal serv-

ice support to that recipient. This paragraph shall

- not be construed to prohibit such a recipient from obtaining a waiver under paragraph (1)(E).
- "(5) STATE AUTHORITY.—Nothing in this Act or the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006 precludes a State from establishing funding mechanisms to preserve and advance universal service within that State pursuant to section 254(f) of this Act.".
- 9 (b) Definitions.—Paragraph (9) of section 214(e) 10 (as redesignated by subsection (a)) is amended to read as 11 follows:
- 12 "(9) Definitions.—As used in this subsection, 13 the term 'service area' means a geographic area that 14 aligns with the area in which a communications 15 service provider is licensed or authorized to provide 16 service for the purpose of determining universal 17 service obligations and support mechanisms. In the 18 case of an area served by a rural telephone company, 19 'service area' means such company's 'study area' or 20 the licensed or authorized service area of any other communications service provider serving an area 21 22 that overlaps with the service area of a rural tele-23 phone company.".

1 SEC. 6. REMOVAL OF IMPEDIMENTS TO SUFFICIENT SUP-

- 2 **PORT MECHANISMS.**
- 3 Section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 is
- 4 amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
- 5 section:
- 6 "(m) Removal of Limitations on High Cost
- 7 Support Mechanisms.—The limitations on universal
- 8 service support contained in section 54.305 of the Com-
- 9 mission's regulations (47 C.F.R. 54.305), and the indi-
- 10 vidual caps imposed upon carriers contained in section
- 11 36.631 of the Commission's regulations (47 C.F.R.
- 12 36.631), shall cease to be effective on the date of enact-
- 13 ment of the Universal Service Reform Act of 2006. The
- 14 Commission shall not, on or after such date of enactment,
- 15 enforce or reimpose limitations on support mechanisms for
- 16 rural telephone companies or exchanges they acquire
- 17 based on fund size or other considerations unrelated to
- 18 the sufficiency of support to achieve the purposes of this
- 19 section.".
- 20 SEC. 7. APPLICATION OF ANTIDEFICIENCY ACT.
- 21 (a) Making Antideficiency Act Exemption Per-
- 22 Manent.—Section 254 of the Communications Act of
- 23 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254) is amended by adding the following
- 24 subsection (n):

- 1 "(n) APPLICATION OF ANTIDEFICIENCY ACT.—Sec-
- 2 tion 1341 and subchapter II of chapter 15 of title 31,
- 3 United States Code, do not apply—
- 4 "(1) to any amount collected or received as
- 5 Federal universal service contributions required by
- 6 this section, including any interest earned on such
- 7 contributions; nor
- 8 "(2) to the expenditure or obligation of
- 9 amounts attributable to such contributions for uni-
- versal service support programs established pursuant
- 11 to this section.".
- 12 (b) Investment of Universal Service Fund
- 13 Contributions.—Notwithstanding any other provision
- 14 of law, including but not limited to sections 3302, 3321,
- 15 3322, and 3325 of title 31, United States Code, the cash
- 16 balance of receipts of universal service contributions col-
- 17 lected pursuant to section 254 of the Communications Act
- 18 of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254) shall be invested by the Commis-
- 19 sion or its designee in conservative, liquid, interest-bearing
- 20 investment vehicles of government backed securities until
- 21 such time as such receipts are disbursed pursuant to sec-
- 22 tion 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
- 23 254).

1 SEC. 8. SCOPE OF SUPPORT.

- 2 The Commission in implementing the requirements of
- 3 this Act with respect to the distribution and use of Federal
- 4 universal service support shall not limit such distribution
- 5 and use to a single connection or primary line, and all
- 6 residential and business lines served by an eligible tele-
- 7 communications carrier shall be eligible for Federal uni-
- 8 versal service support.

9 SEC. 9. REPORT TO CONGRESS.

- The Commission shall, not later than 3 years after
- 11 the date of enactment of this Act and triennially there-
- 12 after, report to Congress regarding the availability of the
- 13 services designated by the Commission as universal serv-
- 14 ices to all Americans, including schools, libraries, rural
- 15 health care providers, and low income consumers.

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