

109TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

H. R. 4792

To fix the Medicare Part D prescription drug program by requiring the Secretary of Health and Human Services to negotiate fair prices for prescription drugs on behalf of Medicare beneficiaries, to further reduce drug costs to consumers by allowing the importation of prescription drugs under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, to provide seniors with adequate time to consider their options under Medicare part D by extending the 2006 Medicare prescription drug enrollment period through December 31, 2006, without penalty, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 16, 2006

Mr. LARSEN of Washington (for himself and Mr. McDERMOTT) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Ways and Means and Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To fix the Medicare Part D prescription drug program by requiring the Secretary of Health and Human Services to negotiate fair prices for prescription drugs on behalf of Medicare beneficiaries, to further reduce drug costs to consumers by allowing the importation of prescription drugs under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, to provide seniors with adequate time to consider their options under Medicare part D by extending the 2006 Medicare prescription drug enrollment period through

December 31, 2006, without penalty, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
 2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Fix Medicare Part D
 5 Act”.

6 **TITLE I—NEGOTIATION OF FAIR**
 7 **DRUG PRICES**

8 **SEC. 101. NEGOTIATING FAIR PRICES FOR MEDICARE PRE-**
 9 **SCRIPTION DRUGS ON BEHALF OF MEDICARE**
 10 **BENEFICIARIES.**

11 Section 1860D–11 of the Social Security Act (42
 12 U.S.C. 1395–111) is amended by striking subsection (i)
 13 (relating to noninterference) and by inserting the fol-
 14 lowing:

15 “(i) **REQUIREMENT TO NEGOTIATE PRICES WITH**
 16 **MANUFACTURERS.**—In order to ensure that beneficiaries
 17 enrolled under prescription drug plans and MA–PD plans
 18 pay the lowest possible price, the Secretary shall have and
 19 exercise authority similar to that of the Secretary of Vet-
 20 erans Affairs, Secretary of Defense, and the heads of other
 21 Federal agencies and departments that purchase prescrip-
 22 tion drugs in bulk to negotiate contracts with manufactur-
 23 ers of covered part D drugs, consistent with the require-

1 ments and in furtherance of the goals of providing quality
2 care and containing costs under this part.”.

3 **TITLE II—DRUG IMPORTATION** 4 **IMPROVEMENTS**

5 **SEC. 201. SHORT TITLE.**

6 This title may be cited as the “Pharmaceutical Mar-
7 ket Access Act of 2006”.

8 **SEC. 202. FINDINGS.**

9 Congress finds as follows:

10 (1) Americans unjustly pay up to 1000 percent
11 more to fill their prescriptions than consumers in
12 other countries.

13 (2) The United States is the world’s largest
14 market for pharmaceuticals yet consumers still pay
15 the world’s highest prices.

16 (3) An unaffordable drug is neither safe nor ef-
17 fective. Allowing and structuring the importation of
18 prescription drugs ensures access to affordable
19 drugs, thus providing a level of safety to American
20 consumers they do not currently enjoy.

21 (4) According to the Congressional Budget Of-
22 fice, American seniors alone will spend
23 \$1,800,000,000,000 on pharmaceuticals over the
24 next 10 years.

1 (5) Allowing open pharmaceutical markets
2 could save American consumers at least
3 \$635,000,000,000 of their own money.

4 **SEC. 203. PURPOSES.**

5 The purposes of this title are as follows:

6 (1) To give all Americans immediate relief from
7 the outrageously high cost of pharmaceuticals.

8 (2) To reverse the perverse economics of the
9 American pharmaceutical market.

10 (3) To allow the importation of prescription
11 drugs only if the drugs and facilities where such
12 drugs are manufactured are approved by the Food
13 and Drug Administration, and to exclude pharma-
14 ceutical narcotics.

15 (4) To require that imported prescription drugs
16 be packaged and shipped using counterfeit-resistant
17 technologies.

18 **SEC. 204. AMENDMENTS TO SECTION 804 OF THE FEDERAL**
19 **FOOD, DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT.**

20 (a) DEFINITIONS.—Section 804(a) of the Federal
21 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384(a)) is
22 amended to read as follows:

23 “(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

1 “(1) IMPORTER.—The term ‘importer’ means a
2 pharmacy, group of pharmacies, pharmacist, or
3 wholesaler.

4 “(2) PERMITTED COUNTRY.—The term ‘per-
5 mitted country’ means a country, union, or economic
6 area that is listed in subparagraph (A) of section
7 802(b)(1) (as of December 31, 2003), except that
8 the Secretary—

9 “(A) may add a country, union, or eco-
10 nomic area to such list for purposes of this sec-
11 tion if the Secretary determines that the coun-
12 try, union, or economic area has a pharma-
13 ceutical infrastructure that is substantially
14 equivalent or superior to the pharmaceutical in-
15 frastructure of the United States, taking into
16 consideration pharmacist qualifications, phar-
17 macy storage procedures, the drug distribution
18 system, the drug dispensing system, and market
19 regulation; and

20 “(B) may remove a country, union, or eco-
21 nomic area from such list for purposes of this
22 section if the Secretary determines that the
23 country, union, or economic area does not have
24 such a pharmaceutical infrastructure.

1 “(3) PHARMACIST.—The term ‘pharmacist’
2 means a person licensed by the relevant govern-
3 mental authority to practice pharmacy, including the
4 dispensing and selling of prescription drugs.

5 “(4) PHARMACY.—The term ‘pharmacy’ means
6 a person that is licensed by the relevant govern-
7 mental authority to engage in the business of selling
8 prescription drugs that employs 1 or more phar-
9 macists.

10 “(5) PRESCRIPTION DRUG.—The term ‘pre-
11 scription drug’ means a drug subject to section
12 503(b), other than—

13 “(A) a controlled substance (as defined in
14 section 102 of the Controlled Substances Act
15 (21 U.S.C. 802));

16 “(B) a biological product (as defined in
17 section 351 of the Public Health Service Act
18 (42 U.S.C. 262));

19 “(C) an infused drug (including a peri-
20 toneal dialysis solution);

21 “(D) an intravenously injected drug;

22 “(E) a drug that is inhaled during surgery;

23 or

24 “(F) a drug which is a parenteral drug,
25 the importation of which pursuant to subsection

1 (b) is determined by the Secretary to pose a
2 threat to the public health, in which case sec-
3 tion 801(d)(1) shall continue to apply.

4 “(6) QUALIFYING DRUG.—The term ‘qualifying
5 drug’ means a prescription drug that—

6 “(A) is approved pursuant to an applica-
7 tion submitted under section 505(b)(1); and

8 “(B) is not—

9 “(i) a drug manufactured through 1
10 or more biotechnology processes;

11 “(ii) a drug that is required to be re-
12 frigerated; or

13 “(iii) a photoreactive drug.

14 “(7) QUALIFYING INTERNET PHARMACY.—The
15 term ‘qualifying Internet pharmacy’ means a reg-
16 istered exporter that dispenses qualifying drugs to
17 individuals over an Internet website.

18 “(8) QUALIFYING LABORATORY.—The term
19 ‘qualifying laboratory’ means a laboratory in the
20 United States that has been approved by the Sec-
21 retary for the purposes of this section.

22 “(9) REGISTERED EXPORTER.—The term ‘reg-
23 istered exporter’ means a person that is in the busi-
24 ness of exporting a drug to persons in the United
25 States (or that seeks to be in such business), for

1 which a registration under this section has been ap-
2 proved and is in effect.

3 “(10) WHOLESALER.—

4 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The term ‘wholesaler’
5 means a person licensed as a wholesaler or dis-
6 tributor of prescription drugs in the United
7 States under section 503(e)(2)(A).

8 “(B) EXCLUSION.—The term ‘wholesaler’
9 does not include a person authorized to import
10 drugs under section 801(d)(1).”.

11 (b) REGULATIONS.—Section 804(b) of the Federal
12 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384(b)) is
13 amended to read as follows:

14 “(b) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 180 days after
15 the date of enactment of the Pharmaceutical Market Ac-
16 cess Act of 2006, the Secretary, after consultation with
17 the United States Trade Representative and the Commis-
18 sioner of Customs, shall promulgate regulations permit-
19 ting pharmacists, pharmacies, and wholesalers to import
20 qualifying drugs from permitted countries into the United
21 States.”.

22 (c) LIMITATION.—Section 804(c) of the Federal
23 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384(c)) is
24 amended by striking “prescription drug” each place it ap-
25 pears and inserting “qualifying drug”.

1 (d) INFORMATION AND RECORDS.—Section
2 804(d)(1) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act
3 (21 U.S.C. 384(d)(1)) is amended—

4 (1) by striking subparagraph (G) and redesignating
5 subparagraphs (H) through (N) as subparagraphs (G) through (M), respectively;

7 (2) in subparagraph (H) (as so redesignated),
8 by striking “telephone number, and professional license
9 number (if any)” and inserting “and telephone
10 number”; and

11 (3) in subparagraph (L) (as so redesignated),
12 by striking “(J) and (L)” and inserting “(I) and
13 (K)”.

14 (e) TESTING.—Section 804(e) of the Federal Food,
15 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 384(e)) is amended
16 to read as follows:

17 “(e) TESTING.—The regulations under subsection (b)
18 shall require that the testing described under subparagraphs
19 (I) and (K) of subsection (d)(1) be conducted by
20 the importer of the qualifying drug, unless the qualifying
21 drug is subject to the requirements under section 505C
22 for counterfeit-resistant technologies.”.

23 (f) REGISTRATION OF EXPORTERS; INSPECTIONS.—
24 Section 804(f) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
25 Act (21 U.S.C. 384(f)) is amended to read as follows:

1 “(f) REGISTRATION OF EXPORTERS; INSPECTIONS.—

2 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person that seeks to
3 be a registered exporter (referred to in this sub-
4 section as the ‘registrant’) shall submit to the Sec-
5 retary a registration that includes the following:

6 “(A) The name of the registrant and iden-
7 tification of all places of business of the reg-
8 istrant that relate to qualifying drugs, including
9 each warehouse or other facility owned or con-
10 trolled by, or operated for, the registrant;

11 “(B) An agreement by the registrant to—

12 “(i) make its places of business that
13 relate to qualifying drugs (including ware-
14 houses and other facilities owned or con-
15 trolled by, or operated for, the exporter)
16 and records available to the Secretary for
17 on-site inspections, without prior notice,
18 for the purpose of determining whether the
19 registrant is in compliance with this Act’s
20 requirements;

21 “(ii) export only qualifying drugs;

22 “(iii) export only to persons author-
23 ized to import the drugs;

24 “(iv) notify the Secretary of a recall
25 or withdrawal of a qualifying drug distrib-

1 uted in a permitted country to or from
2 which the registrant has exported or im-
3 ported, or intends to export or import, to
4 the United States;

5 “(v) monitor compliance with registra-
6 tion conditions and report any noncompli-
7 ance promptly;

8 “(vi) submit a compliance plan show-
9 ing how the registrant will correct viola-
10 tions, if any; and

11 “(vii) promptly notify the Secretary of
12 changes in the registration information of
13 the registrant.

14 “(2) NOTICE OF APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL.—

15 “(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90
16 days after receiving a completed registration
17 from a registrant, the Secretary shall—

18 “(i) notify such registrant of receipt
19 of the registration;

20 “(ii) assign such registrant a registra-
21 tion number; and

22 “(iii) approve or disapprove the appli-
23 cation.

24 “(B) DISAPPROVAL OF APPLICATION.—

1 “(i) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary
2 shall disapprove a registration, and notify
3 the registrant of such disapproval, if the
4 Secretary has reason to believe that such
5 registrant is not in compliance with a reg-
6 istration condition.

7 “(ii) SUBSEQUENT APPROVAL.—The
8 Secretary may subsequently approve a reg-
9 istration that was denied under clause (i)
10 if the Secretary finds that the registrant is
11 in compliance with all registration condi-
12 tions.

13 “(3) LIST.—The Secretary shall—

14 “(A) maintain an up-to-date list of reg-
15 istered exporters (including qualifying Internet
16 pharmacies that sell qualifying drugs to individ-
17 uals);

18 “(B) make such list available to the public
19 on the Internet site of the Food and Drug Ad-
20 ministration and via a toll-free telephone num-
21 ber; and

22 “(C) update such list promptly after the
23 approval of a registration under this subsection.

24 “(4) EDUCATION OF CONSUMERS.—The Sec-
25 retary shall carry out activities, by use of the Inter-

1 net website and toll-free telephone number under
2 paragraph (3), that educate consumers with regard
3 to the availability of qualifying drugs for import for
4 personal use under this section, including informa-
5 tion on how to verify whether an exporter is reg-
6 istered.

7 “(5) INSPECTION OF IMPORTERS AND REG-
8 ISTERED EXPORTERS.—The Secretary shall inspect
9 the warehouses, other facilities, and records of im-
10 porters and registered exporters as often as the Sec-
11 retary determines necessary to ensure that such im-
12 porters and registered exporters are in compliance
13 with this section.”.

14 (g) SUSPENSION OF IMPORTATION.—Section 804(g)
15 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
16 384(g)) is amended by—

17 (1) striking “and the Secretary determines that
18 the public is adequately protected from counterfeit
19 and violative prescription drugs being imported
20 under subsection (b)”;

21 (2) by adding after the period at the end the
22 following: “The Secretary shall reinstate the impor-
23 tation by a specific importer upon a determination
24 by the Secretary that the violation has been cor-
25 rected and that the importer has demonstrated that

1 further violations will not occur. This subsection
2 shall not apply to a prescription drug imported by
3 an individual, or to a prescription drug shipped to
4 an individual by a qualifying Internet pharmacy.”.

5 (h) WAIVER AUTHORITY FOR INDIVIDUALS.—Section
6 804(j) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21
7 U.S.C. 384(j)) is amended to read as follows:

8 “(j) IMPORTATION BY INDIVIDUALS.—

9 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
10 after the enactment of the Pharmaceutical Market
11 Access Act of 2006, the Secretary shall by regula-
12 tion permit an individual to import a drug from a
13 permitted country to the United States if the drug
14 is—

15 “(A) a qualifying drug;

16 “(B) imported from a licensed pharmacy
17 or qualifying Internet pharmacy;

18 “(C) for personal use by an individual, or
19 family member of the individual, not for resale;

20 “(D) in a quantity that does not exceed a
21 90-day supply during any 90-day period; and

22 “(E) accompanied by a copy of a prescrip-
23 tion for the drug, which—

24 “(i) is valid under applicable Federal
25 and State laws; and

1 “(ii) was issued by a practitioner who
2 is authorized to administer prescription
3 drugs.

4 “(2) DRUGS DISPENSED OUTSIDE THE UNITED
5 STATES.—An individual may import a drug from a
6 country that is not a permitted country if—

7 “(A) the drug was dispensed to the indi-
8 vidual while the individual was in such country,
9 and the drug was dispensed in accordance with
10 the laws and regulations of such country;

11 “(B) the individual is entering the United
12 States and the drug accompanies the individual
13 at the time of entry;

14 “(C) the drug is approved for commercial
15 distribution in the country in which the drug
16 was obtained;

17 “(D) the drug does not appear to be adul-
18 terated; and

19 “(E) the quantity of the drug does not ex-
20 ceed a 14-day supply.”.

21 (i) REPEAL OF CERTAIN PROVISIONS.—Section 804
22 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C.
23 384) is amended by striking subsections (l) and (m).

1 **SEC. 205. REGISTRATION FEES.**

2 Subchapter C of chapter VII of the Federal Food,
3 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 397f et seq.) is
4 amended by adding at the end the following:

5 **“PART 5—FEES RELATING TO PRESCRIPTION**
6 **DRUG IMPORTATION**

7 **“SEC. 740A. FEES RELATING TO PRESCRIPTION DRUG IM-**
8 **PORTATION.**

9 “(a) REGISTRATION FEE.—The Secretary shall es-
10 tablish a registration fee program under which a reg-
11 istered exporter under section 804 shall be required to pay
12 an annual fee to the Secretary in accordance with this sub-
13 section.

14 “(b) COLLECTION.—

15 “(1) COLLECTION ON INITIAL REGISTRATION.—

16 A fee under this section shall be payable for the fis-
17 cal year in which the registered exporter first sub-
18 mits a registration under section 804 (or reregisters
19 under that section if that person has withdrawn its
20 registration and subsequently reregisters) in a
21 amount of \$10,000, due on the date the exporter
22 first submits a registration to the Secretary under
23 section 804.

24 “(2) COLLECTION IN SUBSEQUENT YEARS.—

25 After the fee is paid for the first fiscal year, the fee

1 described under this subsection shall be payable on
2 or before October 1 of each year.

3 “(3) ONE FEE PER FACILITY.—The fee shall be
4 paid only once for each registered exporter for a fis-
5 cal year in which the fee is payable.

6 “(c) FEE AMOUNT.—

7 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection
8 (b)(1), the amount of the fee shall be determined
9 each year by the Secretary and shall be based on the
10 anticipated costs to the Secretary of enforcing the
11 amendments made by the Pharmaceutical Market
12 Access Act of 2006 in the subsequent fiscal year.

13 “(2) LIMITATION.—

14 “(A) IN GENERAL.—The aggregate total of
15 fees collected under this section shall not exceed
16 1 percent of the total price of drugs exported
17 annually to the United States by registered ex-
18 porters under this section.

19 “(B) REASONABLE ESTIMATE.—Subject to
20 the limitation described in subparagraph (A), a
21 fee under this subsection for an exporter shall
22 be an amount that is a reasonable estimate by
23 the Secretary of the annual share of the ex-
24 porter of the volume of drugs exported by ex-
25 porters under this section.

1 “(d) USE OF FEES.—The fees collected under this
2 section shall be used for the sole purpose of administering
3 this section with respect to registered exporters, including
4 the costs associated with—

5 “(1) inspecting the facilities of registered ex-
6 porters, and of other entities in the chain of custody
7 of a qualifying drug;

8 “(2) developing, implementing, and maintaining
9 a system to determine registered exporters’ compli-
10 ance with the registration conditions the Pharma-
11 ceutical Market Access Act of 2006, including when
12 shipments of qualifying drugs are offered for import
13 into the United States; and

14 “(3) inspecting such shipments, as necessary,
15 when offered for import into the United States to
16 determine if any such shipment should be refused
17 admission.

18 “(e) ANNUAL FEE SETTING.—The Secretary shall
19 establish, 60 days before the beginning of each fiscal year
20 beginning after September 30, 2006, for that fiscal year,
21 registration fees.

22 “(f) EFFECT OF FAILURE TO PAY FEES.—

23 “(1) DUE DATE.—A fee payable under this sec-
24 tion shall be paid by the date that is 30 days after
25 the date on which the fee is due.

1 “(2) FAILURE TO PAY.—If a registered exporter
2 subject to a fee under this section fails to pay the
3 fee, the Secretary shall not permit the registered ex-
4 porter to engage in exportation to the United States
5 or offering for exportation prescription drugs under
6 this Act until all such fees owed by that person are
7 paid.

8 “(g) REPORTS.—

9 “(1) FEE ESTABLISHMENT.—Not later than 60
10 days before the beginning of each fiscal year, the
11 Secretary shall—

12 “(A) publish registration fees under this
13 section for that fiscal year;

14 “(B) hold a meeting at which the public
15 may comment on the recommendations; and

16 “(C) provide for a period of 30 days for
17 the public to provide written comments on the
18 recommendations.

19 “(2) PERFORMANCE AND FISCAL REPORT.—Be-
20 ginning with fiscal year 2006, not later than 60 days
21 after the end of each fiscal year during which fees
22 are collected under this section, the Secretary shall
23 submit to the Committee on Health, Education,
24 Labor, and Pensions of the Senate and the Com-

1 mittee on Energy and Commerce of the House of
2 Representatives a report that describes—

3 “(A) implementation of the registration fee
4 authority during the fiscal year; and

5 “(B) the use by the Secretary of the fees
6 collected during the fiscal year for which the re-
7 port is made.”.

8 **SEC. 206. COUNTERFEIT-RESISTANT TECHNOLOGY.**

9 (a) MISBRANDING.—Section 502 of the Federal
10 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 352; deeming
11 drugs and devices to be misbranded) is amended by adding
12 at the end the following:

13 “(x) If it is a drug subject to section 503(b), unless
14 the packaging of such drug complies with the require-
15 ments of section 505C for counterfeit-resistant tech-
16 nologies.”.

17 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—Chapter V of the Federal
18 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 351 et seq.)
19 is amended by inserting after section 505B the following:

20 **“SEC. 505C. COUNTERFEIT-RESISTANT TECHNOLOGIES.**

21 “(a) INCORPORATION OF COUNTERFEIT-RESISTANT
22 TECHNOLOGIES INTO PRESCRIPTION DRUG PACK-
23 AGING.—The Secretary shall require that the packaging
24 of any drug subject to section 503(b) incorporate—

1 “(1) overt optically variable counterfeit-resist-
2 ant technologies that are described in subsection (b)
3 and comply with the standards of subsection (c); or

4 “(2) technologies that have an equivalent func-
5 tion of security, as determined by the Secretary.

6 “(b) ELIGIBLE TECHNOLOGIES.—Technologies de-
7 scribed in this subsection—

8 “(1) shall be visible to the naked eye, providing
9 for visual identification of product authenticity with-
10 out the need for readers, microscopes, lighting de-
11 vices, or scanners;

12 “(2) shall be similar to that used by the Bureau
13 of Engraving and Printing to secure United States
14 currency;

15 “(3) shall be manufactured and distributed in a
16 highly secure, tightly controlled environment; and

17 “(4) should incorporate additional layers of
18 non-visible covert security features up to and includ-
19 ing forensic capability.

20 “(c) STANDARDS FOR PACKAGING.—

21 “(1) MULTIPLE ELEMENTS.—For the purpose
22 of making it more difficult to counterfeit the pack-
23 aging of drugs subject to section 503(b), manufac-
24 turers of the drugs shall incorporate the technologies
25 described in subsection (b) into multiple elements of

1 the physical packaging of the drugs, including blister
2 packs, shrink wrap, package labels, package seals,
3 bottles, and boxes.

4 “(2) LABELING OF SHIPPING CONTAINER.—
5 Shipments of drugs described in subsection (a) shall
6 include a label on the shipping container that incor-
7 porates the technologies described in subsection (b),
8 so that officials inspecting the packages will be able
9 to determine the authenticity of the shipment. Chain
10 of custody procedures shall apply to such labels and
11 shall include procedures applicable to contractual
12 agreements for the use and distribution of the labels,
13 methods to audit the use of the labels, and database
14 access for the relevant governmental agencies for
15 audit or verification of the use and distribution of
16 the labels.

17 “(d) EFFECTIVE DATE.—This section shall take ef-
18 fect 180 days after the date of enactment of the Pharma-
19 ceutical Market Access Act of 2006.”.

20 **SEC. 207. PROHIBITED ACTS.**

21 Section 301 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic
22 Act (21 U.S.C. 331) is amended by inserting after sub-
23 section (k) the following:

1 “(l) The failure to register in accordance with section
 2 804(f) or to import or offer to import a prescription drug
 3 in violation of a suspension order under section 804(g).”.

4 **SEC. 208. PATENTS.**

5 Section 271 of title 35, United States Code, is
 6 amended—

7 (1) by redesignating subsections (h) and (i) as
 8 subsections (i) and (j), respectively; and

9 (2) by inserting after subsection (g) the fol-
 10 lowing:

11 “(h) It shall not be an act of infringement to use,
 12 offer to sell, or sell within the United States or to import
 13 into the United States any patented invention under sec-
 14 tion 804 (21 U.S.C. 384) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
 15 Cosmetic Act that was first sold abroad by or under au-
 16 thority of the owner or licensee of such patent.”.

17 **SEC. 209. OTHER ENFORCEMENT ACTIONS.**

18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 804 of the Federal Food,
 19 Drug, and Cosmetic Act (as amended in section 4) is
 20 amended by adding at the end the following:

21 “(l) UNFAIR OR DISCRIMINATORY ACTS AND PRAC-
 22 TICES.—

23 “(1) IN GENERAL.—It is unlawful for a manu-
 24 facturer, directly or indirectly (including by being a
 25 party to a licensing or other agreement) to—

1 “(A) discriminate by charging a higher
2 price for a prescription drug sold to a person in
3 a permitted country that exports a prescription
4 drug to the United States under this section
5 than the price that is charged to another person
6 that is in the same country and that does not
7 export a prescription drug into the United
8 States under this section;

9 “(B) discriminate by charging a higher
10 price for a prescription drug sold to a person
11 that distributes, sells, or uses a prescription
12 drug imported into the United States under
13 this section than the price that is charged to
14 another person in the United States that does
15 not import a prescription drug under this sec-
16 tion, or that does not distribute, sell, or use
17 such a drug;

18 “(C) discriminate by denying supplies of a
19 prescription drug to a person in a permitted
20 country that exports a prescription drug to the
21 United States under this section or distributes,
22 sells, or uses a prescription drug imported into
23 the United States under this section;

24 “(D) discriminate by publicly, privately, or
25 otherwise refusing to do business with a person

1 in a permitted country that exports a prescrip-
2 tion drug to the United States under this sec-
3 tion or distributes, sells, or uses a prescription
4 drug imported into the United States under
5 this section;

6 “(E) discriminate by specifically restricting
7 or delaying the supply of a prescription drug to
8 a person in a permitted country that exports a
9 prescription drug to the United States under
10 this section or distributes, sells, or uses a pre-
11 scription drug imported into the United States
12 under this section;

13 “(F) cause there to be a difference (includ-
14 ing a difference in active ingredient, route of
15 administration, dosage form, strength, formula-
16 tion, manufacturing establishment, manufac-
17 turing process, or person that manufactures the
18 drug) between a prescription drug for distribu-
19 tion in the United States and the drug for dis-
20 tribution in a permitted country for the purpose
21 of restricting importation of the drug into the
22 United States under this section;

23 “(G) refuse to allow an inspection author-
24 ized under this section of an establishment that
25 manufactures a prescription drug that may be

1 imported or offered for import under this sec-
2 tion;

3 “(H) fail to conform to the methods used
4 in, or the facilities used for, the manufacturing,
5 processing, packing, or holding of a prescription
6 drug that may be imported or offered for im-
7 port under this section to good manufacturing
8 practice under this Act;

9 “(I) become a party to a licensing or other
10 agreement related to a prescription drug that
11 fails to provide for compliance with all require-
12 ments of this section with respect to such pre-
13 scription drug or that has the effect of prohib-
14 iting importation of the drug under this section;
15 or

16 “(J) engage in any other action that the
17 Federal Trade Commission determines to dis-
18 criminate against a person that engages in, or
19 to impede, delay, or block the process for, the
20 importation of a prescription drug under this
21 section.

22 “(2) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.—It shall be an
23 affirmative defense to a charge that a person has
24 discriminated under subparagraph (A), (B), (C),
25 (D), or (E) of paragraph (1) that the higher price

1 charged for a prescription drug sold to a person, the
2 denial of supplies of a prescription drug to a person,
3 the refusal to do business with a person, or the spe-
4 cific restriction or delay of supplies to a person is
5 not based, in whole or in part, on—

6 “(A) the person exporting or importing a
7 prescription drug into the United States under
8 this section; or

9 “(B) the person distributing, selling, or
10 using a prescription drug imported into the
11 United States under this section.

12 “(3) PRESUMPTION AND AFFIRMATIVE DE-
13 FENSE.—

14 “(A) PRESUMPTION.—A difference (includ-
15 ing a difference in active ingredient, route of
16 administration, dosage form, strength, formula-
17 tion, manufacturing establishment, manufac-
18 turing process, or person that manufactures the
19 drug) created after January 1, 2006, between a
20 prescription drug for distribution in the United
21 States and the drug for distribution in a per-
22 mitted country shall be presumed under para-
23 graph (1)(H) to be for the purpose of restrict-
24 ing importation of the drug into the United
25 States under this section.

1 “(B) AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE.—It shall be
2 an affirmative defense to the presumption
3 under subparagraph (A) that—

4 “(i) the difference was required by the
5 country in which the drug is distributed; or

6 “(ii) the Secretary has determined
7 that the difference was necessary to im-
8 prove the safety or effectiveness of the
9 drug.

10 “(4) EFFECT OF SUBSECTION.—

11 “(A) SALES IN OTHER COUNTRIES.—This
12 subsection applies only to the sale or distribu-
13 tion of a prescription drug in a country if the
14 manufacturer of the drug chooses to sell or dis-
15 tribute the drug in the country. Nothing in this
16 subsection shall be construed to compel the
17 manufacturer of a drug to distribute or sell the
18 drug in a country.

19 “(B) DISCOUNTS TO INSURERS, HEALTH
20 PLANS, PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGERS, AND
21 COVERED ENTITIES.—Nothing in this sub-
22 section shall be construed to—

23 “(i) prevent or restrict a manufac-
24 turer of a prescription drug from providing
25 discounts to an insurer, health plan, phar-

1 macy benefit manager in the United
2 States, or covered entity in the drug dis-
3 count program under section 340B in re-
4 turn for inclusion of the drug on a for-
5 mulary;

6 “(ii) require that such discounts be
7 made available to other purchasers of the
8 prescription drug; or

9 “(iii) prevent or restrict any other
10 measures taken by an insurer, health plan,
11 or pharmacy benefit manager to encourage
12 consumption of such prescription drug.

13 “(C) CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS.—
14 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed
15 to—

16 “(i) prevent a manufacturer from do-
17 nating a prescription drug, or supplying a
18 prescription drug at nominal cost, to a
19 charitable or humanitarian organization,
20 including the United Nations and affili-
21 ates, or to a government of a foreign coun-
22 try; or

23 “(ii) apply to such donations or sup-
24 plying of a prescription drug.

25 “(5) ENFORCEMENT.—

1 “(A) UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACT OR PRAC-
 2 TICE.—A violation of this subsection shall be
 3 treated as a violation of a rule defining an un-
 4 fair or deceptive act or practice prescribed
 5 under section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal Trade
 6 Commission Act.

7 “(B) ACTIONS BY THE COMMISSION.—The
 8 Federal Trade Commission—

9 “(i) shall enforce this subsection in
 10 the same manner, by the same means, and
 11 with the same jurisdiction, powers, and du-
 12 ties as though all applicable terms and pro-
 13 visions of the Federal Trade Commission
 14 Act were incorporated into and made a
 15 part of this section; and

16 “(ii) may seek monetary relief three-
 17 fold the damages sustained.

18 “(6) ACTIONS BY STATES.—

19 “(A) IN GENERAL.—

20 “(i) CIVIL ACTIONS.—The attorney
 21 general of a State may bring a civil action
 22 on behalf of the residents of the State, and
 23 persons doing business in the State, in a
 24 district court of the United States of ap-

1 appropriate jurisdiction for a violation of
2 paragraph (1) to—

3 “(I) enjoin that practice;

4 “(II) enforce compliance with
5 this subsection;

6 “(III) obtain damages, restitu-
7 tion, or other compensation on behalf
8 of residents of the State and persons
9 doing business in the State, including
10 threefold the damages; or

11 “(IV) obtain such other relief as
12 the court may consider to be appro-
13 priate.

14 “(ii) NOTICE.—

15 “(I) IN GENERAL.—Before filing
16 an action under clause (i), the attor-
17 ney general of the State involved shall
18 provide to the Federal Trade Commis-
19 sion—

20 “(aa) written notice of that
21 action; and

22 “(bb) a copy of the com-
23 plaint for that action.

24 “(II) EXEMPTION.—Subclause
25 (I) shall not apply with respect to the

1 filing of an action by an attorney gen-
2 eral of a State under this paragraph,
3 if the attorney general determines
4 that it is not feasible to provide the
5 notice described in that subclause be-
6 fore filing of the action. In such case,
7 the attorney general of a State shall
8 provide notice and a copy of the com-
9 plaint to the Federal Trade Commis-
10 sion at the same time as the attorney
11 general files the action.

12 “(B) INTERVENTION.—

13 “(i) IN GENERAL.—On receiving no-
14 tice under subparagraph (A)(ii), the Com-
15 mission shall have the right to intervene in
16 the action that is the subject of the notice.

17 “(ii) EFFECT OF INTERVENTION.—If
18 the Commission intervenes in an action
19 under subparagraph (A), it shall have the
20 right—

21 “(I) to be heard with respect to
22 any matter that arises in that action;
23 and

24 “(II) to file a petition for appeal.

1 “(C) CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of
2 bringing any civil action under subparagraph
3 (A), nothing in this subsection shall be con-
4 strued to prevent an attorney general of a State
5 from exercising the powers conferred on the at-
6 torney general by the laws of that State to—

7 “(i) conduct investigations;

8 “(ii) administer oaths or affirmations;

9 or

10 “(iii) compel the attendance of wit-
11 nesses or the production of documentary
12 and other evidence.

13 “(D) ACTIONS BY THE COMMISSION.—

14 “(i) IN GENERAL.—In any case in
15 which an action is instituted by or on be-
16 half of the Commission for a violation of
17 paragraph (1), a State may not, during the
18 pendency of that action, institute an action
19 under subparagraph (A) for the same vio-
20 lation against any defendant named in the
21 complaint in that action.

22 “(ii) INTERVENTION.—An attorney
23 general of a State may intervene, on behalf
24 of the residents of that State, in an action
25 instituted by the Commission.

1 “(iii) EFFECT OF INTERVENTION.—If
2 an attorney general of a State intervenes
3 in an action instituted by the Commission,
4 such attorney general shall have the
5 right—

6 “(I) to be heard with respect to
7 any matter that arises in that action;
8 and

9 “(II) to file a petition for appeal.

10 “(E) VENUE.—Any action brought under
11 subparagraph (A) may be brought in the dis-
12 trict court of the United States that meets ap-
13 plicable requirements relating to venue under
14 section 1391 of title 28, United States Code.

15 “(F) SERVICE OF PROCESS.—In an action
16 brought under subparagraph (A), process may
17 be served in any district in which the defend-
18 ant—

19 “(i) is an inhabitant; or

20 “(ii) may be found.

21 “(G) LIMITATION OF ACTIONS.—Any ac-
22 tion under this paragraph to enforce a cause of
23 action under this subsection by the Federal
24 Trade Commission or the attorney general of a
25 State shall be forever barred unless commenced

1 within 5 years after the Federal Trade Commis-
2 sion, or the attorney general, as the case may
3 be, knew or should have known that the cause
4 of action accrued. No cause of action barred
5 under existing law on the effective date of the
6 Pharmaceutical Market Access Act of 2006
7 shall be revived by such Act.

8 “(H) MEASUREMENT OF DAMAGES.—In
9 any action under this paragraph to enforce a
10 cause of action under this subsection in which
11 there has been a determination that a defend-
12 ant has violated a provision of this subsection,
13 damages may be proved and assessed in the ag-
14 gregate by statistical or sampling methods, by
15 the computation of illegal overcharges or by
16 such other reasonable system of estimating ag-
17 gregate damages as the court in its discretion
18 may permit without the necessity of separately
19 proving the individual claim of, or amount of
20 damage to, persons on whose behalf the suit
21 was brought.

22 “(I) EXCLUSION ON DUPLICATIVE RE-
23 LIEF.—The district court shall exclude from the
24 amount of monetary relief awarded in an action
25 under this paragraph brought by the attorney

1 general of a State any amount of monetary re-
2 lief which duplicates amounts which have been
3 awarded for the same injury.

4 “(7) EFFECT ON ANTITRUST LAWS.—Nothing
5 in this subsection shall be construed to modify, im-
6 pair, or supersede the operation of the antitrust
7 laws. For the purpose of this subsection, the term
8 ‘antitrust laws’ has the meaning given it in the first
9 section of the Clayton Act, except that it includes
10 section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission Act to
11 the extent that such section 5 applies to unfair
12 methods of competition.

13 “(8) MANUFACTURER.—In this subsection, the
14 term ‘manufacturer’ means any entity, including any
15 affiliate or licensee of that entity, that is engaged
16 in—

17 “(A) the production, preparation, propaga-
18 tion, compounding, conversion, or processing of
19 a prescription drug, either directly or indirectly
20 by extraction from substances of natural origin,
21 or independently by means of chemical syn-
22 thesis, or by a combination of extraction and
23 chemical synthesis; or

1 “(B) the packaging, repackaging, labeling,
2 relabeling, or distribution of a prescription
3 drug.”.

4 (b) REGULATIONS.—The Federal Trade Commission
5 shall promulgate regulations to carry out the enforcement
6 program under section 804(l) of the Federal Food, Drug,
7 and Cosmetic Act (as added by subsection (a)).

8 (c) SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION OF EXPORT-
9 ERS.—Section 804(g) of the Federal Food, Drug, and
10 Cosmetic Act (as amended by section 304(g)) (21 U.S.C.
11 384(g)) is amended by—

12 (1) striking “(g) SUSPENSION OF IMPORTA-
13 TION.—The Secretary” and inserting

14 “(g) SUSPENSION OF IMPORTATION.—

15 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary”; and

16 (2) adding at the end the following:

17 “(2) SUSPENSION AND TERMINATION OF EX-
18 PORTERS.—

19 “(A) SUSPENSION.—With respect to the
20 effectiveness of a registration submitted under
21 subsection (f) by a registered exporter:

22 “(i) Subject to clause (ii), if the Sec-
23 retary determines, after notice and oppor-
24 tunity for a hearing, that the registered ex-
25 porter has failed to maintain substantial

1 compliance with all registration conditions,
2 the Secretary may suspend the registra-
3 tion.

4 “(ii) If the Secretary determines that,
5 under color of the registration, the reg-
6 istered exporter has exported a drug that
7 is not a qualifying drug, or a drug that
8 does not meet the criteria under this sec-
9 tion, or has exported a qualifying drug to
10 an individual in violation of this section,
11 the Secretary shall immediately suspend
12 the registration. A suspension under the
13 preceding sentence is not subject to the
14 provision by the Secretary of prior notice,
15 and the Secretary shall provide to the reg-
16 istered exporter involved an opportunity
17 for a hearing not later than 10 days after
18 the date on which the registration is sus-
19 pended.

20 “(iii) The Secretary may reinstate the
21 registration, whether suspended under
22 clause (i) or (ii), if the Secretary deter-
23 mines that the registered exporter has
24 demonstrated that further violations of
25 registration conditions will not occur.

1 “(B) TERMINATION.—The Secretary, after
2 notice and opportunity for a hearing, may ter-
3 minate the registration under subsection (f) of
4 a registered exporter if the Secretary deter-
5 mines that the registered exporter has engaged
6 in a pattern or practice of violating 1 or more
7 registration conditions, or if on 1 or more occa-
8 sions the Secretary has under subparagraph
9 (A)(ii) suspended the registration of the reg-
10 istered exporter. The Secretary may make the
11 termination permanent, or for a fixed period of
12 not less than 1 year. During the period in
13 which the registration of a registered exporter
14 is terminated, any registration submitted under
15 subsection (f) by such exporter or a person who
16 is a partner in the export enterprise or a prin-
17 cipal officer in such enterprise, and any reg-
18 istration prepared with the assistance of such
19 exporter or such a person, has no legal effect
20 under this section.”.

21 **SEC. 210. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

22 There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
23 as may be necessary to carry out this title (and the amend-
24 ments made by this title).

1 **TITLE III—EXTENSION OF 2006**
2 **ENROLLMENT PERIOD**

3 **SEC. 301. EXTENSION OF 2006 ANNUAL COORDINATED**
4 **ELECTION PERIOD FOR MEDICARE PRE-**
5 **SCRIPTION DRUG BENEFIT; SUSPENSION OF**
6 **LATE ENROLLMENT PENALTIES THROUGH**
7 **DECEMBER 31, 2006.**

8 (a) EXTENSION OF 2006 ANNUAL COORDINATED
9 ELECTION PERIOD FOR MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG
10 BENEFIT.—

11 (1) FOR MEDICARE PRESCRIPTION DRUG
12 PLANS.—Section 1860D–1(b)(1)(B)(iii) of the Social
13 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–101(b)(1)(B)(iii)) is
14 amended by inserting “, except that in applying
15 paragraph (1) of such section, with respect to the
16 annual coordinated election period for 2006, such
17 period shall continue through November 14, 2006”
18 before the period.

19 (2) APPLICATION TO MA–PD PLANS.—Section
20 1851(e)(3)(B)(iii) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–
21 21(e)(3)(B)(iii)) is amended by inserting “, except
22 that in the case of an MA–PD plan, such period
23 shall continue through November 14, 2006” after
24 “May 15, 2006”.

1 (b) SUSPENSION OF LATE ENROLLMENT PENALTIES
2 THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2006.—Section 1860D–
3 13(b)(3)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395w–
4 113(b)(3)(B)) is amended by inserting “after December
5 2006 and” after “any month beginning”.

○