#### 109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H. R. 3378

To provide comprehensive reform regarding medical malpractice.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 21, 2005

Mr. Baird (for himself, Mr. Moran of Virginia, Mr. Ruppersberger, and Mr. Lipinski) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To provide comprehensive reform regarding medical malpractice.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Comprehensive Medical Malpractice Reform Act of
- 6 2005".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 8 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

#### TITLE I—HEALTH CARE MALPRACTICE LIABILITY REFORM

- Sec. 101. Cap on non-economic damages.
- Sec. 102. Sanctions for meritless actions and pleadings.
- Sec. 103. Performance standards applicable to State medical boards.
- Sec. 104. Interstate patient reporting and physician tracking database.
- Sec. 105. Definitions.

## TITLE II—HEALTH CARE MALPRACTICE LIABILITY MEDIATION PROGRAMS

- Sec. 201. Grants to States and health care entities for mediation programs.
- Sec. 202. Training and assistance for mediation programs.
- Sec. 203. Authorization of appropriations.

## TITLE III—VOLUNTARY REPORTING OF MEDICAL SAFETY INCIDENTS

Subtitle A—Reporting by Individuals Involved in the Provision of Health Care

Sec. 301. Amendments to Public Health Service Act.

Subtitle B—Liability Protection in Good-Faith Reporting

Sec. 311. Liability protection for health care providers in good-faith reporting to State medical boards.

#### TITLE IV—INSURANCE REFORM

- Sec. 401. Uniform state requirements regarding proposed rate increases.
- Sec. 402. Reduction in premiums paid by physicians for medical malpractice insurance coverage.
- Sec. 403. Effective date.

## TITLE V—EXCLUSION OF PHARMACEUTICALS AND DEVICES FROM LIABILITY REFORMS

Sec. 501. Exclusion of pharmaceuticals and devices.

### TITLE I—HEALTH CARE MAL-

### 2 PRACTICE LIABILITY RE-

### **FORM**

#### 4 SEC. 101. CAP ON NON-ECONOMIC DAMAGES.

- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—When an individual is injured or
- 6 dies as the result of health care malpractice, a person enti-
- 7 tled to recover non-economic damages from a health care
- 8 provider responsible for that malpractice may not recover

- 1 such damages, in the aggregate from all such providers,
- 2 in an amount more than \$250,000, adjusted for inflation
- 3 from 1975 as provided in subsection (b). This limitation
- 4 applies separately to each person entitled to recover such
- 5 damages.

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year.

- 6 (b) Adjustment for Inflation From 1975.—
- 7 (1) Publication by Secretary of Labor.— 8 On or about December 1 of each year, the Secretary 9 of Labor shall publish in the Federal Register a dol-10 lar amount determined by adjusting the dollar 11 amount specified in subsection (a) according to the 12 adjustments in the Consumer Price Index of the Bu-13 reau of Labor Statistics of the Department of Labor 14 for the period beginning on or about October 1, 15 1975, and ending on or about October 1 of that
  - (2) APPLICABILITY.—For purposes of subsection (a), the dollar amount that applies to a calendar year is the dollar amount published on or about December 1 of the preceding year.
  - (3) ESTIMATION.—Congress estimates that the dollar amount that would apply to calendar year 2005 would be approximately \$878,000, though the dollar amount published under paragraph (1), rather

than the estimation in this paragraph, is to be applied.

#### (c) Applicability.—

- (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), this section applies whenever the amount of a recovery is made final in a calendar year after the date of the enactment of this Act. In applying the dollar amount to a recovery, all recoveries made final (whether before or after the date of the enactment of this Act) are included in the aggregate.
- (2) Not applicable when state board not in compliance.—During a period in which a State medical board is not in compliance with the voluntary performance standards developed under section 103 or is failing to submit the information described in paragraphs (2) and (3)(A) of section 104(b) (as determined by the Secretary under section 103 or 104, respectively), the limitation in subsection (a) does not apply to liability arising under the law of that State.
- 21 (d) Relationship to State Law.—This section op-22 erates on a case-by-case basis to provide a maximum re-23 covery and to prevent State law from providing a recovery 24 above that maximum. It does not prevent State law from 25 providing a recovery below that maximum.

1	SEC. 102. SANCTIONS FOR MERITLESS ACTIONS AND
2	PLEADINGS.
3	(a) Signature Required.—Every pleading, written
4	motion, and other paper in any medical malpractice action
5	shall be signed by at least 1 attorney of record in the at-
6	torney's individual name, or, if the party is not rep-
7	resented by an attorney, shall be signed by the party. Each
8	paper shall state the signer's address and telephone num-
9	ber, if any. An unsigned paper shall be stricken unless
10	omission of the signature is corrected promptly after being
11	called to the attention of the attorney or party.
12	(b) CERTIFICATE OF MERIT.—
13	(1) In general.—A medical malpractice action
14	shall be dismissed unless the attorney or unrepre-
15	sented party presenting the complaint certifies that,
16	to the best of the person's knowledge, information,
17	and belief, formed after an inquiry reasonable under
18	the circumstances—
19	(A) it is not being presented for any im-
20	proper purpose, such as to harass or to cause
21	unnecessary delay or needless increase in the
22	cost of litigation;
23	(B) the claims and other legal contentions
24	therein are warranted by existing law or by a
25	nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modi-

- fication, or reversal of existing law or the establishment of new law; and

  (C) the allegations and other factual con-
  - (C) the allegations and other factual contentions have evidentiary support or, if specifically so identified, are likely to have evidentiary support after a reasonable opportunity for further investigation and discovery.
  - (2) Paper considered to be a certification.—By presenting to the court (whether by signing, filing, submitting, or later advocating) a pleading, written motion, or other paper, an attorney or unrepresented party is certifying that to the best of the person's knowledge, information and belief, formed after an inquiry reasonable under the circumstances—
    - (A) it is not being presented for any improper purpose, such as to harass or to cause unnecessary delay or needless increase in the cost of litigation;
    - (B) the claims, defenses, and other legal contentions therein are warranted by existing law or by a nonfrivolous argument for the extension, modification, or reversal of existing law or the establishment of new law; and

1 (C) the allegations and other factual con-2 tentions have evidentiary support or, if specifi-3 cally so identified, are reasonable based on a 4 lack of information or belief.

#### (c) Mandatory Sanctions.—

- (1) FIRST VIOLATION.—If, after notice and a reasonable opportunity to respond, a court, upon motion or upon its own initiative, determines that subsection (b) has been violated, the court shall find each attorney or party in violation in contempt of court and shall require the payment of costs and attorneys fees. The court may also impose additional appropriate sanctions, such as striking the pleadings, dismissing the suit, and sanctions plus interest, upon the person in violation, or upon both such person and such person's attorney or client (as the case may be).
- (2) SECOND VIOLATION.—If, after notice and a reasonable opportunity to respond, a court, upon motion or upon its own initiative, determines that subsection (b) has been violated and that the attorney or party with respect to which the determination was made has committed one previous violation of subsection (b) before this or any other court, the court shall find each such attorney or party in con-

tempt of court and shall require the payment of costs and attorneys fees, and require such person in violation (or both such person and such person's attorney or client (as the case may be)) to pay a monetary fine. The court may also impose additional appropriate sanctions, such as striking the pleadings, dismissing the suit and sanctions plus interest, upon such person in violation, or upon both such person and such person's attorney or client (as the case may be).

(3) Third and subsequent violations.—If, after notice and a reasonable opportunity to respond, a court, upon motion or upon its own initiative, determines that subsection (b) has been violated and that the attorney or party with respect to which the determination was made has committed more than one previous violation of subsection (b) before this or any other court, the court shall find each such attorney or party in contempt of court, refer each such attorney to one or more appropriate State bar associations for disciplinary proceedings, require the payment of costs and attorneys fees, and require such person in violation (or both such person and such person's attorney or client (as the case may be)) to pay a monetary fine. The court may

- 1 also impose additional appropriate sanctions, such as
- 2 striking the pleadings, dismissing the suit, and sanc-
- tions plus interest, upon such person in violation, or
- 4 upon both such person and such person's attorney or
- 5 client (as the case may be).
- 6 (d) Central Tracking Database.—The Attorney
- 7 General shall establish and maintain a central tracking
- 8 database reporting system to which courts are to report
- 9 violations of subsection (b). The database shall include all
- 10 identifying information with respect to the attorney or the
- 11 party (if not represented by an attorney). The Attorney
- 12 General shall permit courts to consult the database to de-
- 13 termine the extent to which an attorney or party has vio-
- 14 lated subsection (b) previously.
- 15 SEC. 103. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO
- 16 STATE MEDICAL BOARDS.
- 17 (a) Development.—Not later than 1 year after the
- 18 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health
- 19 and Human Services, in consultation with the Federation
- 20 of State Medical Boards, shall develop and make publicly
- 21 available voluntary performance standards applicable to
- 22 State medical boards.
- (b) Contents.—In developing performance stand-
- 24 ards under this section, the Secretary shall include stand-
- 25 ards to require the following:

(1) Processing patient complaints within a spec-
ified limited period of time.
(2) Maintaining a website or toll-free telephone
number to enable a patient submitting a complaint
to track the status of the complaint.
(3) Maintaining an adequate level of staff for
the activities of the State medical board.
(4) Ensuring that staff are qualified.
(5) Making the following information available
to the public for physicians:
(A) Each physician's education and train-
ing.
(B) Each physician's medical specialties.
(C) For each physician a description of
medical malpractice claims paid, hospital dis-
ciplinary actions taken, criminal convictions oc-
curring, and disciplinary actions taken by the
State medical board, within the previous 10
years.
(D) At the option of a State medical
board, each physician's professional demo-
graphics (such as business address, insurance
plan and hospital affiliations, and available

translation services), professional or community

1	awards received, and research or other profes-
2	sional publications.
3	(6) Issuing an annual report that includes ag-
4	gregate disciplinary statistics, including—
5	(A) statistics on the number and type of
6	complaints received; and
7	(B) with respect to physicians, statistics on
8	the number and type of complaints received,
9	disaggregated by the medical school and grad-
10	uate medical education program completed by
11	the physicians involved.
12	(7) Such other issues as the Secretary deter-
13	mines appropriate.
14	(c) Determination Required.—For the period be-
15	ginning 3 years after the date of the enactment of this
16	Act, the Secretary shall determine whether the State med-
17	ical board of each State is in compliance with the vol-
18	untary performance standards developed under subsection
19	(a).
20	(d) Determination of Noncompliance.—Before
21	making a determination under subsection (c) that a State
22	medical board is not in compliance with the voluntary per-
23	formance standards developed under subsection (a), the
24	Secretary shall—
25	(1) propose a determination of noncompliance;

1	(2) identify the reasons for such noncompliance;
2	and
3	(3) give the State medical board an opportunity
4	to correct such noncompliance.
5	(e) REVISION OF DETERMINATIONS.—The Secretary
6	shall periodically review and, as necessary, revise deter-
7	minations of compliance and noncompliance under sub-
8	section (c).
9	(f) Report by Secretary.—Not later than 5 years
10	after the date of the enactment of this Act, and annually
11	thereafter, the Secretary shall submit a report to the Con-
12	gress on the activities of the Secretary under this section,
13	including a listing of the State medical boards determined
14	by the Secretary to be in compliance or not in compliance
15	with the voluntary standards developed under subsection
16	(a).
17	SEC. 104. INTERSTATE PATIENT REPORTING AND PHYSI-
18	CIAN TRACKING DATABASE.
19	(a) Establishment.—The Secretary of Health and
20	Human Services shall establish and maintain an interstate
21	patient reporting and physician tracking database (in this
22	section referred to as the "database").
23	(b) Database Contents.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The database shall consist of
2	information about physicians voluntarily submitted
3	to the database by—
4	(A) State medical boards; and
5	(B) patients.
6	(2) Submissions by state medical
7	BOARDS.—The database shall encourage the State
8	medical board of each State to submit, with respect
9	to each physician licensed by the State, the fol-
10	lowing:
11	(A) The physician's identity.
12	(B) The physician's education and train-
13	ing.
14	(C) The physician's medical specialties.
15	(D) A description of medical malpractice
16	claims paid, hospital disciplinary actions taken,
17	criminal convictions occurring, and disciplinary
18	actions taken by the State medical board, with-
19	in the previous 10 years.
20	(3) Patient complaints.—The database
21	shall—
22	(A) encourage the State medical board of
23	each State to submit, with respect to each phy-
24	sician licensed by the State, a description of

1	pending patient complaints about the physician
2	and
3	(B) allow patients to submit complaints
4	about physicians directly to the database.
5	(c) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—
6	(1) In General.—The information submitted
7	to the database pursuant to subsection (b)(2) shall
8	be available to the public, including by means of the
9	Internet and a toll-free telephone number.
10	(2) Patient complaints.—
11	(A) Confidentiality.—Any patient com-
12	plaint about a physician submitted to the data-
13	base shall be kept confidential and shall not be
14	subject to disclosure under section 552 of title
15	5, United States Code. Except as provided in
16	subparagraph (B), the database may disclose
17	information derived from such a patient com-
18	plaint only if the information is not individually
19	identifiable.
20	(B) Tracking patient complaints.—
21	The database shall—
22	(i) assign a tracking number to each
23	patient complaint submitted to the data-
24	base pursuant to subsection (b)(3):

- 1 (ii) provide notice and a description of 2 each patient complaint submitted pursuant to subsection (b)(3)(B) to the applicable 3 4 State medical board; and (iii) allow the patient making any 6 complaint submitted to the database pur-7 suant to subsection (b)(3) to track the sta-8 tus of the complaint, including by means of 9 the Internet and a toll-free telephone num-10 ber. 11 (C) Analysis.—Subject to subparagraph 12 (A), the Secretary of Health and Human Serv-13 ices shall conduct analysis of patient complaints 14 submitted to the database, including complaints 15 that do not result in disciplinary action, and 16 use the data and conclusions derived from such 17 analysis to provide timely public health safety 18 information to health care consumers and prac-19 titioners. 20 TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary of 21 Health and Human Services shall provide technical assist-22 ance to States to facilitate the exchange of information 23 between State medical boards and the database.
- 24 (e) DETERMINATION REQUIRED.—For the period be-25 ginning 3 years after the date of the enactment of this

- 1 Act, the Secretary shall determine whether the State med-
- 2 ical board of each State is failing to submit the informa-
- 3 tion described in subsections (b)(2) and (b)(3)(A).
- 4 (f) Determination of Noncompliance.—Before
- 5 making a determination under subsection (e) that a State
- 6 medical board is failing to submit such information, the
- 7 Secretary shall—
- 8 (1) propose a determination of noncompliance;
- 9 (2) identify the reasons for such noncompliance;
- 10 and
- 11 (3) give the State medical board an opportunity
- to correct such noncompliance.
- 13 (g) REVISION OF DETERMINATIONS.—The Secretary
- 14 shall periodically review and, as necessary, revise deter-
- 15 minations of compliance and noncompliance under sub-
- 16 section (e).
- 17 (h) Assessment.—Not later than 3 years after the
- 18 date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall—
- 19 (1) conduct an assessment of the database, in-
- 20 cluding an assessment of the value of the database
- 21 to patients and the effect of the database on physi-
- cians; and
- 23 (2) submit a report to the Congress on the re-
- sults of the assessment, including any recommenda-
- 25 tions for improvement of the database.

### 1 SEC. 105. DEFINITIONS.

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2	In this title:
3	(1) The term "State medical board" means a
4	State entity responsible for licensing physicians or a
5	subdivision of such an entity.
6	(2) The term "health care malpractice" means
7	the negligence or other fault of a health care pro-
8	vider.
9	(3) The term "health care provider" means—
10	(A) any individual who is engaged in the
11	delivery of health care services in a State and
12	who is required by State law or regulation to be
13	licensed or certified by the State to engage in
14	the delivery of such services in the State; and
15	(B) any entity that is engaged in the deliv-
16	ery of health care services in a State and that,
17	if it is required by State law or regulation to be
18	licensed or certified by the State to engage in
19	the delivery of such services in the State, is so
20	licensed.
21	(4) The term "State" includes the District of
22	Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, and
23	other territories and possessions of the United

States.

#### 18 II—HEALTH CARE TITLE MAL-**PRACTICE** LIABILITY MEDI-2 ATION PROGRAMS 3 4 SEC. 201. GRANTS TO STATES AND HEALTH CARE ENTITIES 5 FOR MEDIATION PROGRAMS. 6 (a) Grants Authorized.—From amounts made available to carry out this section, the Attorney General 7 8 shall carry out a program under which the Attorney Gen-9 eral makes grants to States and health care entities to 10 carry out mediation programs described in subsection (b). 11 (b) Mediation Programs.—A mediation program referred to in subsection (a) is a program, based on the Rush model, under which an allegation that an individual 13 has been injured or has died as the result of health care 15 malpractice is mediated by those parties consenting to do so in an effort to resolve the matter without litigation. 17 (c) Rush Model.—For purposes of this section, a 18 program is based on the Rush model if the program satis-19 fies each of the following:

- 20 (1) Participation by the parties in the medi-21 ation is voluntary.
- 22 (2) The mediator is neutral, having no interest 23 in or power to determine the outcome of the pro-24 ceedings.

1	(3) The site of the mediation conference is held
2	in a neutral setting, one that the parties mutually
3	agree upon.
4	(4) At the commencement of a mediation, the
5	parties enter into a mediation agreement that—
6	(A) states that the parties—
7	(i) will not request or subpoena the
8	mediator to testify or produce any docu-
9	ments or other information in any pro-
10	ceeding related to the mediation; and
11	(ii) will defend and indemnify the me-
12	diator in connection with any summons or
13	subpoena arising out of the mediation pro-
14	ceeding;
15	(B) provides for confidentiality of the me-
16	diation proceedings; and
17	(C) states that any apology or expression
18	of remorse by a health care provider or other
19	entity at any time during the mediation pro-
20	ceedings will be kept confidential and will not
21	be used in any subsequent legal proceeding.
22	(5) The program is similar to the mediation
23	program carried out as of January 1, 2005, at
24	Rush-Presbyterian-St. Luke's Medical Center in Chi-
25	cago, Illinois.

1	(d) Definitions.—In this section:
2	(1) The term "health care entity" means an en-
3	tity covered by section 105(3)(B).
4	(2) The term "health care malpractice" has the
5	meaning given such term in section 105.
6	(3) The term "State" has the meaning given
7	such term in section 105.
8	SEC. 202. TRAINING AND ASSISTANCE FOR MEDIATION
Ω	DDO CD LIFE
9	PROGRAMS.
10	From amounts made available to carry out this sec-
10	From amounts made available to carry out this sec-
10 11	From amounts made available to carry out this section, the Attorney General shall carry out a program
10 11 12	From amounts made available to carry out this section, the Attorney General shall carry out a program under which the Attorney General provides training and
10 11 12 13	From amounts made available to carry out this section, the Attorney General shall carry out a program under which the Attorney General provides training and assistance to recipients of grant amounts under section
10 11 12 13 14	From amounts made available to carry out this section, the Attorney General shall carry out a program under which the Attorney General provides training and assistance to recipients of grant amounts under section 201 to carry out mediation programs under that section.
10 11 12 13 14 15 16	From amounts made available to carry out this section, the Attorney General shall carry out a program under which the Attorney General provides training and assistance to recipients of grant amounts under section 201 to carry out mediation programs under that section.  SEC. 203. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

18 sections 201 and 202.

1	TITLE III—VOLUNTARY REPORT-
2	ING OF MEDICAL SAFETY IN-
3	CIDENTS
4	Subtitle A-Reporting by Individ-
5	uals Involved in the Provision
6	of Health Care
7	SEC. 301. AMENDMENTS TO PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT.
8	(a) In General.—Title IX of the Public Health
9	Service Act (42 U.S.C. 299 et seq.) is amended—
10	(1) in section 912(c), by inserting ", in accord-
11	ance with part C," after "The Director shall";
12	(2) by redesignating part C as part D;
13	(3) by redesignating sections 921 through 928,
14	as sections 931 through 938, respectively;
15	(4) in section 938(1) (as so redesignated), by
16	striking "921" and inserting "931"; and
17	(5) by inserting after part B the following:
18	"PART C—PATIENT SAFETY IMPROVEMENT
19	"SEC. 921. DEFINITIONS.
20	"In this part:
21	"(1) Identifiable information.—The term
22	'identifiable information' means information that is
23	presented in a form and manner that allows the
24	identification of any provider, patient, or reporter of
25	patient safety work product. With respect to pa-

- tients, such information includes any individually identifiable health information as that term is defined in the regulations promulgated pursuant to section 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability
- 5 and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–
- 6 191; 110 Stat. 2033).
- 7 "(2) Nonidentifiable information.—The 8 term 'nonidentifiable information' means informa-9 tion that is presented in a form and manner that 10 prevents the identification of any provider, patient, 11 or reporter of patient safety work product. With re-12 spect to patients, such information must be de-iden-13 tified consistent with the regulations promulgated 14 pursuant to section 264(c) of the Health Insurance 15 Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (Public 16 Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 2033).
  - "(3) Patient safety evaluation system.—
    The term 'patient safety evaluation system' means a process that involves the collection, management, or analysis of information for submission to or by a patient safety organization.
  - "(4) Patient safety organization' means a private or public organization or component thereof that is certified, through a process to be determined by the

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1	Secretary under section 925, to perform each of the
2	following activities:
3	"(A) The conduct, as the organization or
4	component's primary activity, of efforts to im-
5	prove patient safety and the quality of health
6	care delivery.
7	"(B) The collection and analysis of patient
8	safety work product that is submitted by pro-
9	viders.
10	"(C) The development and dissemination
11	of evidence-based information to providers with
12	respect to improving patient safety, such as rec-
13	ommendations, protocols, or information re-
14	garding best practices.
15	"(D) The utilization of patient safety work
16	product to carry out activities limited to those
17	described under this paragraph and for the pur-
18	poses of encouraging a culture of safety and of
19	providing direct feedback and assistance to pro-
20	viders to effectively minimize patient risk.
21	"(E) The maintenance of confidentiality
22	with respect to identifiable information.
23	"(F) The provision of appropriate security
24	measures with respect to patient safety work
25	product.

1	"(G) The submission of nonidentifiable in-
2	formation to the Agency consistent with stand-
3	ards established by the Secretary under section
4	923(b) for any National Patient Safety Data-
5	base.
6	"(5) Patient Safety work product.—
7	"(A) The term 'patient safety work prod-
8	uct' means any document or communication
9	(including any information, report, record,
10	memorandum, analysis, deliberative work, state-
11	ment, or root cause analysis) that—
12	"(i) except as provided in subpara-
13	graph (B), is developed by a provider for
14	the purpose of reporting to a patient safety
15	organization, and is reported to a patient
16	safety organization;
17	"(ii) is created by a patient safety or-
18	ganization; or
19	"(iii) would reveal the deliberations or
20	analytic process of a patient safety evalua-
21	tion system (as defined in paragraph (3)).
22	"(B)(i) Patient safety work product de-
23	scribed in subparagraph (A)(i)—
24	"(I) does not include any separate in-
25	formation described in clause (ii); and

1	"(II) shall not be construed to include
2	such separate information merely by rea-
3	son of inclusion of a copy of the document
4	or communication involved in a submission
5	to, or the fact of submission of such a copy
6	to, a patient safety organization.
7	"(ii) Separate information described in this
8	clause is a document or communication (includ-
9	ing a patient's medical record or any other pa-
10	tient or hospital record) that is developed or
11	maintained, or exists, separately from any pa-
12	tient safety evaluation system.
13	"(C) Information available from sources
14	other than a patient safety work product under
15	this section may be discovered or admitted in a
16	civil or administrative proceeding, if discover-
17	able or admissible under applicable law.
18	"(6) Provider.—The term 'provider' means—
19	"(A) an individual or entity licensed or
20	otherwise authorized under State law to provide
21	health care services, including—
22	"(i) a hospital, nursing facility, com-
23	prehensive outpatient rehabilitation facil-
24	ity, home health agency, and hospice pro-
25	gram;

1	"(ii) a physician, physician assistant,
2	nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist,
3	certified nurse midwife, nurse anesthetist,
4	psychologist, certified social worker, reg-
5	istered dietitian or nutrition professional,
6	physical or occupational therapist, or other
7	individual health care practitioner;
8	"(iii) a pharmacist; and
9	"(iv) a renal dialysis facility, ambula-
10	tory surgical center, pharmacy, physician
11	or health care practitioner's office, long-
12	term care facility, behavioral health resi-
13	dential treatment facility, clinical labora-
14	tory, or community health center; or
15	"(B) any other person or entity specified
16	in regulations by the Secretary after public no-
17	tice and comment.
18	"SEC. 922. PRIVILEGE FOR PATIENT SAFETY WORK PROD-
19	UCT.
20	"(a) Privilege.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
21	sion of law and subject to subsection (c), patient safety
22	work product shall not be—
23	"(1) subject to a civil or administrative sub-
24	poena or order:

1	"(2) subject to discovery in connection with a
2	civil or administrative proceeding;
3	"(3) subject to disclosure pursuant to section
4	552 of title 5, United States Code (commonly known
5	as the Freedom of Information Act), or any other
6	similar Federal or State law;
7	"(4) required to be admitted as evidence or oth-
8	erwise disclosed in any State or Federal civil or ad-
9	ministrative proceeding; or
10	"(5) if the patient safety work product is identi-
11	fiable information and is received by a national ac-
12	creditation organization in its capacity as a patient
13	safety organization—
14	"(A) used by a national accreditation orga-
15	nization in an accreditation action against the
16	provider that reported the information;
17	"(B) shared by such organization with its
18	survey team; or
19	"(C) required as a condition of accredita-
20	tion by a national accreditation association.
21	"(b) Reporter Protection.—
22	"(1) In general.—A provider may not use
23	against an individual in an adverse employment ac-
24	tion described in paragraph (2) the fact that the in-
25	dividual in good faith reported information—

1	"(A) to the provider with the intention of
2	having the information reported to a patient
3	safety organization; or
4	"(B) directly to a patient safety organiza-
5	tion.
6	"(2) Adverse employment action.—For
7	purposes of this subsection, an 'adverse employment
8	action' includes—
9	"(A) the failure to promote an individual
10	or provide any other employment-related benefit
11	for which the individual would otherwise be eli-
12	gible;
13	"(B) an adverse evaluation or decision
14	made in relation to accreditation, certification,
15	credentialing, or licensing of the individual; and
16	"(C) a personnel action that is adverse to
17	the individual concerned.
18	"(3) Remedies.—Any provider that violates
19	this subsection shall be subject to a civil monetary
20	penalty of not more than \$20,000 for each such vio-
21	lation involved. Such penalty shall be imposed and
22	collected in the same manner as civil money pen-
23	alties under subsection (a) of section 1128A of the
24	Social Security Act are imposed and collected.

1	"(c) Disclosures.—Nothing in this section pro-
2	hibits any of the following disclosures:
3	"(1) Voluntary disclosure of nonidentifiable in-
4	formation.
5	"(2) Voluntary disclosure of identifiable infor-
6	mation by a provider or patient safety organization,
7	if such disclosure—
8	"(A) is authorized by the provider for the
9	purposes of improving quality and safety;
10	"(B) is to an entity or person subject to
11	the requirements of section 264(c) of the
12	Health Insurance Portability and Accountability
13	Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–191; 110 Stat.
14	2033), or any regulation promulgated under
15	such section; and
16	"(C) is not in conflict with such section or
17	any regulation promulgated under such section.
18	"(3) Disclosure as required by law by a pro-
19	vider to the Food and Drug Administration, or on
20	a voluntary basis by a provider to a federally estab-
21	lished patient safety program, with respect to an Ad-
22	ministration-regulated product or activity for which
23	that entity has responsibility, for the purposes of ac-
24	tivities related to the quality, safety, or effectiveness
25	of such Administration-regulated product or activity.

1	"(4) Disclosures of patient safety work product
2	in accordance with this part by a provider to a pa-
3	tient safety organization.
4	"(d) Effect of Transfer, Disclosure.—The fol-
5	lowing shall not be treated as a waiver of any privilege
6	or protection established under this part:
7	"(1) The transfer of any patient safety work
8	product between a provider and a patient safety or-
9	ganization.
10	"(2) Disclosure of patient safety work product
11	as described in subsection (c).
12	"(3) The unauthorized disclosure of patient
13	safety work product.
14	"(e) Penalty.—
15	"(1) Prohibition.—Except as provided in this
16	part, and subject to paragraphs (2) and (4), it shall
17	be unlawful for any person to disclose patient safety
18	work product in violation of this section, if such dis-
19	closure constitutes a negligent or knowing breach of
20	confidentiality.
21	"(2) Relation to hipaa.—The penalty under
22	paragraph (3) for a disclosure in violation of para-
23	graph (1) does not apply if the person would be sub-
24	ject to a penalty under section 264(c) of the Health
25	Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of

1	1996 (Public Law 104–191; 110 Stat. 2033), or any
2	regulation promulgated under such section, for the
3	same disclosure.
4	"(3) Amount.—Any person who violates para-
5	graph (1) shall be subject to a civil monetary penalty
6	of not more than \$10,000 for each such violation in-
7	volved. Such penalty shall be imposed and collected
8	in the same manner as civil money penalties under
9	subsection (a) of section 1128A of the Social Secu-
10	rity Act are imposed and collected.
11	"(4) Subsequent disclosure.—Paragraph
12	(1) applies only to the first person that breaches
13	confidentiality with respect to particular patient
14	safety work product.
15	"(f) RELATION TO HIPAA.—
16	"(1) In general.—For purposes of applying
17	the regulations promulgated pursuant to section
18	264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Ac-
19	countability Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–191; 110
20	Stat. 2033)—
21	"(A) patient safety organizations shall be
22	treated as business associates; and
23	"(B) activities of such organizations de-
24	scribed in section 921(4) in relation to a pro-

- 1 vider are deemed to be health care operations
- 2 (as defined in such regulations) of the provider.
- 3 "(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
- 4 this section shall be construed to alter or affect the
- 5 implementation of such regulations or such section
- 6 264(e).
- 7 "(g) No Limitation of Other Privileges.—
- 8 Nothing in this section shall be construed to affect privi-
- 9 leges, including peer review and confidentiality protec-
- 10 tions, that are otherwise available under Federal or State
- 11 laws.
- 12 "(h) No Limitation on Contracts.—Nothing in
- 13 this section shall be construed to limit the power of a pro-
- 14 vider and a patient safety organization, or a patient safety
- 15 organization and the Agency or any National Patient
- 16 Safety Database, consistent with the provisions of this Act
- 17 and other applicable law, to enter into a contract requiring
- 18 greater confidentiality or delegating authority to make an
- 19 authorized disclosure.
- 20 "(i) Relation to State Reporting Require-
- 21 Ments.—Nothing in this part shall be construed as pre-
- 22 empting or otherwise affecting any State law requiring a
- 23 provider to report information, including information de-
- 24 scribed in section 921(5)(B), that is not patient safety
- 25 work product.

- 1 "(j) Continuation of Privilege.—Patient safety
- 2 work product of an organization that is certified as a pa-
- 3 tient safety organization shall continue to be privileged
- 4 and confidential, in accordance with this section, if the or-
- 5 ganization's certification is terminated or revoked or if the
- 6 organization otherwise ceases to qualify as a patient safety
- 7 organization.
- 8 "(k) Reports on Strategies to Improve Pa-
- 9 TIENT SAFETY.—
- 10 "(1) Draft report.—Not later than the date
- that is 18 months after any National Patient Safety
- Database is operational, the Secretary, in consulta-
- tion with the Director, shall prepare a draft report
- on effective strategies for reducing medical errors
- and increasing patient safety. The draft report shall
- include any measure determined appropriate by the
- 17 Secretary to encourage the appropriate use of such
- strategies, including use in any federally funded pro-
- 19 grams. The Secretary shall make the draft report
- available for public comment and submit the draft
- 21 report to the Institute of Medicine for review.
- 22 "(2) Final Report.—Not later than 1 year
- after the date described in paragraph (1), the Sec-
- retary shall submit a final report to the Congress
- 25 that includes, in an appendix, any findings by the

1 Institute of Medicine concerning research on the

2 strategies discussed in the draft report and any

3 modifications made by the Secretary based on such

4 findings.

#### 5 "SEC. 923. NATIONAL PATIENT SAFETY DATABASE.

#### 6 "(a) Authority.—

"(1) In General.—In conducting activities under this part, the Secretary shall provide for the establishment and maintenance of a database to receive relevant nonidentifiable patient safety work product, and may designate entities to collect relevant nonidentifiable patient safety work product that is voluntarily reported by patient safety organizations upon the request of the Secretary. Any database established or designated under this paragraph may be referred to as a 'National Patient Safety Database'.

"(2) USE OF INFORMATION.—Information reported to any National Patient Safety Database shall be used to analyze national and regional statistics, including trends and patterns of health care errors. The information resulting from such analyses may be included in the annual quality reports prepared under section 913(b)(2).

- 1 "(3) Advisory role.—The Secretary shall
- 2 provide scientific support to patient safety organiza-
- 3 tions, including the dissemination of methodologies
- 4 and evidence-based information related to root
- 5 causes and quality improvement.
- 6 "(b) STANDARDS.—In establishing or designating a
- 7 database under subsection (a)(1), the Secretary shall, in
- 8 consultation with representatives of patient safety organi-
- 9 zations, the provider community, and the health informa-
- 10 tion technology industry, determine common formats for
- 11 the voluntary reporting of nonidentifiable patient safety
- 12 work product, including necessary elements, common and
- 13 consistent definitions, and a standardized computer inter-
- 14 face for the processing of the work product. To the extent
- 15 practicable, such standards shall be consistent with the
- 16 administrative simplification provisions of part C of title
- 17 XI of the Social Security Act.
- 18 "(c) Certain Methodologies for Collection.—
- 19 The Secretary shall ensure that the methodologies for the
- 20 collection of nonidentifiable patient safety work product
- 21 for any National Patient Safety Database include the
- 22 methodologies developed or recommended by the Patient
- 23 Safety Task Force of the Department of Health and
- 24 Human Services.

- 1 "(d) Facilitation of Information Exchange.—
- 2 To the extent practicable, the Secretary may facilitate the
- 3 direct link of information between providers and patient
- 4 safety organizations and between patient safety organiza-
- 5 tions and any National Patient Safety Database.
- 6 "(e) RESTRICTION ON TRANSFER.—Only nonidentifi-
- 7 able information may be transferred to any National Pa-
- 8 tient Safety Database.
- 9 "SEC. 924. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE.
- 10 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through
- 11 the Director, may—
- 12 "(1) provide technical assistance to patient
- safety organizations, and to States with reporting
- 14 systems for health care errors; and
- 15 "(2) provide guidance on the type of data to be
- voluntarily submitted to any National Patient Safety
- 17 Database.
- 18 "(b) Annual Meetings.—Assistance provided
- 19 under subsection (a) may include annual meetings for pa-
- 20 tient safety organizations to discuss methodology, commu-
- 21 nication, information collection, or privacy concerns.
- 22 "SEC. 925. CERTIFICATION OF PATIENT SAFETY ORGANIZA-
- 23 TIONS.
- "(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 6 months after
- 25 the date of enactment of the Patient Safety and Quality

- 1 Improvement Act, the Secretary shall establish a process
- 2 for certifying patient safety organizations.
- 3 "(b) Process.—The process established under sub-
- 4 section (a) shall include the following:
- 5 "(1) Certification of patient safety organiza-
- 6 tions by the Secretary or by such other national or
- 7 State governmental organizations as the Secretary
- 8 determines appropriate.
- 9 "(2) If the Secretary allows other governmental
- organizations to certify patient safety organizations
- 11 under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall establish a
- 12 process for approving such organizations. Any such
- approved organization shall conduct certifications
- and reviews in accordance with this section.
- 15 "(3) A review of each certification under para-
- graph (1) (including a review of compliance with
- each criterion in this section and any related imple-
- menting standards as determined by the Secretary
- through rulemaking) not less often than every 3
- years, as determined by the Secretary.
- 21 "(4) Revocation of any such certification by the
- 22 Secretary or other such governmental organization
- 23 that issued the certification, upon a showing of
- cause.

- 1 "(c) Criteria.—A patient safety organization must 2 meet the following criteria as conditions of certification: 3 "(1) The mission of the patient safety organiza-4 tion is to conduct activities that are to improve pa-5 tient safety and the quality of health care delivery 6 and is not in conflict of interest with the providers 7 that contract with the patient safety organization. "(2) The patient safety organization has appro-8 9 priately qualified staff, including licensed or certified 10 medical professionals. "(3) The patient safety organization, within any 11 12 2 year period, contracts with more than 1 provider 13 for the purpose of receiving and reviewing patient 14 safety work product. "(4) The patient safety organization is not a 15 16 component of a health insurer or other entity that 17 offers a group health plan or health insurance cov-
  - "(5) The patient safety organization is managed, controlled, and operated independently from any provider that contracts with the patient safety organization for reporting patient safety work product.
- "(6) To the extent practical and appropriate,
  the patient safety organization collects patient safety

erage.

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- 1 work product from providers in a standardized man-
- 2 ner that permits valid comparisons of similar cases
- among similar providers.
- 4 "(d) Additional Criteria for Component Orga-
- 5 NIZATIONS.—If a patient safety organization is a compo-
- 6 nent of another organization, the patient safety organiza-
- 7 tion must, in addition to meeting the criteria described
- 8 in subsection (c), meet the following criteria as conditions
- 9 of certification:
- 10 "(1) The patient safety organization maintains
- patient safety work product separately from the rest
- of the organization, and establishes appropriate se-
- curity measures to maintain the confidentiality of
- the patient safety work product.
- 15 "(2) The patient safety organization does not
- make an unauthorized disclosure under this Act of
- patient safety work product to the rest of the orga-
- 18 nization in breach of confidentiality.
- 19 "(3) The mission of the patient safety organiza-
- 20 tion does not create a conflict of interest with the
- rest of the organization.".
- 22 (b) Authorization of Appropriations.—Section
- 23 937 of the Public Health Service Act (as redesignated by
- 24 subsection (a)) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 25 lowing:

- 1 "(e) Patient Safety and Quality Improve-
- 2 MENT.—For the purpose of carrying out part C, there are
- 3 authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be nec-
- 4 essary for each of the fiscal years 2006 through 2010.".

# 5 Subtitle B—Liability Protection in

## 6 Good-faith Reporting

- 7 SEC. 311. LIABILITY PROTECTION FOR HEALTH CARE PRO-
- 8 VIDERS IN GOOD-FAITH REPORTING TO
- 9 STATE MEDICAL BOARDS.
- 10 (a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 11 sion of law, no health care provider providing information
- 12 (including by making a report, filing charges, or pre-
- 13 senting evidence) to a State medical board regarding the
- 14 competence or professional conduct of a physician shall
- 15 be held, by reason of having provided such information,
- 16 to be liable in damages under any law of the United States
- 17 or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) unless
- 18 such information is false and the person providing the in-
- 19 formation knew that the information was false.
- 20 (b) Attorney Fees.—If a health care provider es-
- 21 tablishes in a civil action that the health care provider is
- 22 not liable in damages because of the application of sub-
- 23 section (a), the court shall award to the provider any at-
- 24 torney fees and costs incurred by the provider in estab-
- 25 lishing the application of subsection (a).

1	(c) Definition.—In this section, the term "State
2	medical board" means a State entity responsible for li-
3	censing physicians or a subdivision of such an entity.
4	TITLE IV—INSURANCE REFORM
5	SEC. 401. UNIFORM STATE REQUIREMENTS REGARDING
6	PROPOSED RATE INCREASES.
7	(a) In General.—The Congress intends that each
8	State have in effect laws or regulations providing that—
9	(1) a provider of medical malpractice insurance
10	in the State may not implement any increase in the
11	rate for such insurance that would result in such
12	rate increasing more than a certain percentage, as
13	specified in such laws or regulations, within a cer-
14	tain period of time, as specified in such laws or reg-
15	ulations, unless, before such increase takes effect—
16	(A) the provider submits to an appropriate
17	State agency a description and justification of
18	the rate increase; and
19	(B) such agency makes a determination
20	that the increase is justified;
21	(2) any determination referred to in paragraph
22	(1)(B) regarding an increase in medical malpractice
23	insurance rates is made pursuant to an administra-
24	tive hearing held by the appropriate State agency;
25	and

- 1 (3) any individual or institution that is involved 2 in the provision of health care and is licensed by the 3 State to provide such care has standing, in any ad-4 ministrative proceeding of the State regarding a pro-
- 6 insurance (including a hearing referred to in para-

posed increase in the rate for medical malpractice

- 7 graph (2)), to challenge such increase.
- 8 (b) Report.—Not later than 2 years after the date
- 9 of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of Health and
- 10 Human Services shall—

- 11 (1) conduct and complete a survey of the laws
- and regulations of the States to determine the extent
- to which the States have in effects laws or regula-
- tions described in subsection (a); and
- 15 (2) submit a report to the Congress setting
- forth the results of the survey, describing such laws
- and regulations of the various States, and describing
- the extent of the uniformity of such laws and regula-
- tions.
- 20 (c) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 21 term "State" has the meaning given such term in section
- 22 105.
- 23 (d) Effective Date.—This section shall take effect
- 24 on the date of the enactment of this Act.

1	SEC. 402. REDUCTION IN PREMIUMS PAID BY PHYSICIANS
2	FOR MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURANCE
3	COVERAGE.
4	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
5	date of the enactment of this Act, each medical mal-
6	practice liability insurance company shall—
7	(1) develop a reasonable estimate of the annual
8	amount of financial savings that will be achieved by
9	the company as a result of section 101;
10	(2) develop and implement a plan to annually
11	dedicate at least 50 percent of such annual savings
12	to reduce the amount of premiums that the company
13	charges physicians for medical malpractice liability
14	coverage; and
15	(3) submit to the Secretary of Health and
16	Human Services (in this subsection referred to as
17	the "Secretary") a written certification that the
18	company has complied with paragraphs (1) and (2).
19	(b) Reports.—Not later than one year after the date
20	of the enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, each
21	medical malpractice liability insurance company shall sub-
22	mit to the Secretary a report that identifies the percentage
23	by which the company has reduced medical malpractice
24	coverage premiums relative to the date of the enactment
25	of this Act.

- 1 (c) Enforcement.—A medical malpractice liability
- 2 insurance company that violates a provision of this section
- 3 is liable to the United States for a civil penalty in an
- 4 amount assessed by the Secretary, not to exceed \$11,000
- 5 for each such violation. The provisions of paragraphs (3)
- 6 through (5) of section 303(g) of the Federal Food, Drug,
- 7 and Cosmetic Act apply to such a civil penalty to the same
- 8 extent and in the same manner as such paragraphs apply
- 9 to a civil penalty under such section.
- 10 (d) Definition.—For purposes of this section, the
- 11 term "medical malpractice liability insurance company"
- 12 means an entity in the business of providing an insurance
- 13 policy under which the entity makes payment in settlement
- 14 (or partial settlement) of, or in satisfaction of a judgment
- 15 in, a medical malpractice action or claim.
- 16 SEC. 403. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- Except as provided in section 401(d), this title shall
- 18 take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this
- 19 Act.

## TITLE V—EXCLUSION OF PHAR-

## 2 MACEUTICALS AND DEVICES

### **FROM LIABILITY REFORMS**

- 4 SEC. 501. EXCLUSION OF PHARMACEUTICALS AND DE-
- 5 VICES.
- 6 For purposes of title I and II of this Act, the manu-
- 7 facturer or distributor of a pharmaceutical or device is not
- 8 a health care provider, and health care malpractice does
- 9 not include responsibility based on products liability.

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