109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1575

To authorize appropriate action if the negotiations with the People's Republic of China regarding China's undervalued currency and currency manipulation are not successful.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 12, 2005

Mrs. Myrick (for herself and Mr. Spratt) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To authorize appropriate action if the negotiations with the People's Republic of China regarding China's undervalued currency and currency manipulation are not successful.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
- 4 Congress makes the following findings:
- 5 (1) The currency of the People's Republic of
- 6 China, the yuan, is artificially pegged at a level sig-
- 7 nificantly below its market value. Economists esti-

- 1 mate the yuan to be undervalued by between 15 per-2 cent and 40 percent or an average of 27.5 percent.
 - (2) The undervaluation of the yuan makes exports from the People's Republic of China less expensive for foreign consumers and makes foreign products more expensive for Chinese consumers. The effective result is a significant subsidization of China's exports and a virtual tariff on foreign imports, leading the People's Republic of China to enjoy significant trade surpluses with its international trading partners. The United States trade deficit with China has widened from \$83,800,000,000 in 2000 to \$162,000,000,000 in 2004, resulting in an aggredeficit with China of gate more than \$555,900,000,000 for that 5-year period.
 - (3) China's undervalued currency and the United States trade deficit with the People's Republic of China is contributing to significant United States job losses and harming United States businesses. In particular, the United States manufacturing sector has lost more than 1,376,000 jobs since January 2001.
 - (4) The Government of the People's Republic of China has intervened in the foreign exchange markets to hold the value of the yuan within an artificial

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

- trading range. China's foreign reserves are estimated to be more than \$609,900,000,000 as of the end of 2004, and have increased at a level higher than that of any other country.
 - (5) China's undervalued currency and the Chinese Government's intervention in the value of its currency violates the spirit and letter of the world trading system of which the People's Republic of China is now a member.
 - (6) The Government of the People's Republic of China has failed to promptly address concerns raised by the United States and the international community regarding the value of its currency.
 - (7) Article XXI of the GATT 1994 (as defined in section 2(1)(B) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3501(1)(B)) allows a member of the World Trade Organization to take any action which it considers necessary for the protection of its essential security interests. Protecting the United States manufacturing sector is essential to the security interests of the United States.

	-
1	SEC. 2. NEGOTIATIONS AND CERTIFICATION REGARDING
2	THE CURRENCY VALUATION POLICY OF THE
3	PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.
4	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding the provisions of
5	title I of Public Law 106–286 (19 U.S.C. 2431 note), on
6	and after the date that is 180 days after the date of enact-
7	ment of this Act, unless a certification described in sub-
8	section (b) has been made to Congress, there shall be im-
9	posed a rate of duty of 27.5 percent ad valorem on any
10	article that is the growth, product, or manufacture of the
11	People's Republic of China and is imported directly or in-
12	directly into the United States, in addition to any other
13	duty that would otherwise apply to such article.
14	(b) CERTIFICATION.—The certification described in
15	this subsection means a certification by the President to
16	Congress that the People's Republic of China is no longer
17	manipulating the rate of exchange between its currency
18	and the United States dollar for purposes of preventing
19	an effective balance of payments and gaining an unfair
20	competitive advantage in international trade. The certifi-
21	cation shall also include a determination that the currency
22	of the People's Republic of China is valued in accordance
23	with accepted market-based trading policies.
24	(c) Negotiations.—Beginning on the date of enact-
25	ment of this Act, the Secretary of the Treasury, in con-

26 sultation with the United States Trade Representative,

- 1 shall begin negotiations with the People's Republic of
- 2 China to ensure that the People's Republic of China
- 3 adopts a process that leads to a market-based system of

4 currency valuation.

 \bigcirc