109TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1479

To expand rural access to broadband services.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

April 5, 2005

Mr. Udall of Colorado (for himself and Mr. Salazar) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on Science and Energy and Commerce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To expand rural access to broadband services.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Rural Access to
- 5 Broadband Service Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. RURAL BROADBAND OFFICE.
- 7 (a) Establishment.—There is established within
- 8 the Department of Commerce, the Rural Broadband Of-
- 9 fice.

1	(b) Duties.—The Office shall coordinate all Federal	
2	Government resources as they relate to the expansion of	
3	broadband technology into rural areas.	
4	(c) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date	
5	of the enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the	
6	Rural Broadband Office shall submit a report to the Con-	
7	gress that—	
8	(1) assesses the availability of, and access to,	
9	broadband technology in rural areas;	
10	(2) estimates the number of individuals using	
11	broadband technology in rural areas;	
12	(3) estimates the unmet demand for broadband	
13	technology in rural areas; and	
14	(4) sets forth a strategic plan to meet the de-	
15	mand described in paragraph (3).	
16	SEC. 3. RESEARCH ON ENHANCEMENT OF BROADBAND	
17	TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES.	
18	(a) In General.—The Director of the National	
19	Science Foundation (in this section, referred to as the	
20	"Director") shall carry out research on the following:	
21	(1) Means of enhancing or facilitating the avail-	
22	ability of broadband telecommunications services in	
23	rural areas and other remote areas.	

- 1 (2) Means of facilitating or enhancing access to
- 2 the Internet through broadband telecommunications
- 3 services.
- 4 (b) Scope of Authority.—The Director may carry
- 5 out research under subsection (a) within the National
- 6 Science Foundation or pursuant to such grants, agree-
- 7 ments, or other arrangements as the Director considers
- 8 appropriate.
- 9 (c) Results of Research.—The Director shall
- 10 make available to the public, in such manner as the Direc-
- 11 tor considers appropriate, the results of any research car-
- 12 ried out under this section.
- 13 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 14 authorized to be appropriated for the National Science
- 15 Foundation for purposes of activities under this section
- 16 \$25,000,000 for fiscal year 2006, and such sums as are
- 17 necessary for each fiscal year thereafter.
- 18 SEC. 4. FULL FUNDING FOR RURAL BROADBAND SERVICES.
- 19 It is the sense of Congress that the loan program es-
- 20 tablished in section 4 of the Rural Electrification Act of
- 21 1936 (7 U.S.C. 901 et seq.), which is essential to the eco-
- 22 nomic well-being of small telecommunications providers
- 23 and to the quality of life for all rural residents, be funded
- 24 fully.

1	SEC. 5. EXPENSING OF BROADBAND INTERNET ACCESS EX-
2	PENDITURES FOR RURAL COMMUNITIES.
3	(a) In General.—Part VI of subchapter B of chap-
4	ter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to
5	itemized deductions for individuals and corporations) is
6	amended by inserting after section 190 the following new
7	section:
8	"SEC. 191. BROADBAND EXPENDITURES FOR RURAL COM-
9	MUNITIES.
10	"(a) Treatment of Expenditures.—
11	"(1) In general.—A taxpayer may elect to
12	treat any qualified broadband expenditure which is
13	paid or incurred by the taxpayer as an expense
14	which is not chargeable to capital account. Any ex-
15	penditure which is so treated shall be allowed as a
16	deduction.
17	"(2) Election.—An election under paragraph
18	(1) shall be made at such time and in such manner
19	as the Secretary may prescribe by regulation.
20	"(b) Qualified Broadband Expenditures.—For
21	purposes of this section—
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
23	broadband expenditure' means, with respect to any
24	taxable year, any direct or indirect costs incurred
25	and properly taken into account with respect to—

1	"(A) the purchase or installation of quali-
2	fied equipment (including any upgrades there-
3	to), and
4	"(B) the connection of such qualified
5	equipment to any qualified subscriber.
6	"(2) Certain satellite expenditures ex-
7	CLUDED.—Such term shall not include any costs in-
8	curred with respect to the launching of any satellite
9	equipment.
10	"(3) Leased equipment.—Such term shall in-
11	clude so much of the purchase price paid by the les-
12	sor of qualified equipment subject to a lease de-
13	scribed in subsection (c)(2)(B) as is attributable to
14	expenditures incurred by the lessee which would oth-
15	erwise be described in paragraph (1).
16	"(c) When Expenditures Taken Into Ac-
17	COUNT.—For purposes of this section—
18	"(1) In general.—Qualified broadband ex-
19	penditures with respect to qualified equipment shall
20	be taken into account with respect to the first tax-
21	able year in which—
22	"(A) current generation broadband services
23	are provided through such equipment to quali-
24	fied subscribers, or

1	"(B) next generation broadband services
2	are provided through such equipment to quali-
3	fied subscribers.
4	"(2) Limitation.—
5	"(A) In general.—Qualified expenditures
6	shall be taken into account under paragraph (1)
7	only with respect to qualified equipment—
8	"(i) the original use of which com-
9	mences with the taxpayer, and
10	"(ii) which is placed in service, after
11	the date of the enactment of this section.
12	"(B) Sale-leasebacks.—For purposes of
13	subparagraph (A), if property—
14	"(i) is originally placed in service
15	after the date of the enactment of this sec-
16	tion by any person, and
17	"(ii) sold and leased back by such per-
18	son within 3 months after the date such
19	property was originally placed in service,
20	such property shall be treated as originally
21	placed in service not earlier than the date
22	on which such property is used under the
23	leaseback referred to in clause (ii).
24	"(d) Special Allocation Rules.—

1 "(1) Current generation broadband serv-2 ICES.—For purposes of determining the amount of 3 qualified broadband expenditures under subsection 4 (a)(1) with respect to qualified equipment through 5 which current generation broadband services are 6 provided, if the qualified equipment is capable of 7 serving both qualified subscribers and other sub-8 scribers, the qualified broadband expenditures shall 9 be multiplied by a fraction—

- "(A) the numerator of which is the sum of the number of potential qualified subscribers within the rural areas which the equipment is capable of serving with current generation broadband services, and
- "(B) the denominator of which is the total potential subscriber population of the area which the equipment is capable of serving with current generation broadband services.
- "(2) NEXT GENERATION BROADBAND SERVICES.—For purposes of determining the amount of
 qualified broadband expenditures under subsection
 (a)(1) with respect to qualified equipment through
 which next generation broadband services are provided, if the qualified equipment is capable of serving both qualified subscribers and other subscribers,

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1	the qualified expenditures shall be multiplied by a
2	fraction—
3	"(A) the numerator of which is the sum
4	of—
5	"(i) the number of potential qualified
6	subscribers within the rural areas, plus
7	"(ii) the number of potential qualified
8	subscribers within the area consisting only
9	of residential subscribers not described in
10	clause (i), which the equipment is capable
11	of serving with next generation broadband
12	services, and
13	"(B) the denominator of which is the total
14	potential subscriber population of the area
15	which the equipment is capable of serving with
16	next generation broadband services.
17	"(e) Definitions.—For purposes of this section—
18	"(1) Antenna.—The term 'antenna' means
19	any device used to transmit or receive signals
20	through the electromagnetic spectrum, including sat-
21	ellite equipment.
22	"(2) Cable operator.—The term 'cable oper-
23	ator' has the meaning given such term by section
24	602(5) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
25	U.S.C. 522(5)).

- 1 "(3) COMMERCIAL MOBILE SERVICE CAR2 RIER.—The term 'commercial mobile service carrier'
 3 means any person authorized to provide commercial
 4 mobile radio service as defined in section 20.3 of
 5 title 47, Code of Federal Regulations.
 - "(4) CURRENT GENERATION BROADBAND SERVICE.—The term 'current generation broadband service' means the transmission of signals at a rate of
 at least 1,000,000 bits per second to the subscriber
 and at least 128,000 bits per second from the subscriber.
 - "(5) MULTIPLEXING OR DEMULTIPLEXING.—
 The term 'multiplexing' means the transmission of 2 or more signals over a single channel, and the term 'demultiplexing' means the separation of 2 or more signals previously combined by compatible multiplexing equipment.
 - "(6) NEXT GENERATION BROADBAND SERVICE.—The term 'next generation broadband service'
 means the transmission of signals at a rate of at
 least 22,000,000 bits per second to the subscriber
 and at least 5,000,000 bits per second from the subscriber.
- 24 "(7) Nonresidential subscriber means any person

1 who purchases broadband services which are deliv-2 ered to the permanent place of business of such per-3 son. "(8) OPEN VIDEO SYSTEM OPERATOR.—The 4 5 term 'open video system operator' means any person 6 authorized to provide service under section 653 of 7 the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 573). "(9) OTHER WIRELESS CARRIER.—The term 8 9 'other wireless carrier' means any person (other than 10 a telecommunications carrier, commercial mobile 11 service carrier, cable operator, open video system op-12 erator, or satellite carrier) providing current genera-13 broadband services tion ornext generation 14 broadband service to subscribers through the radio 15 transmission of energy. "(10) Packet switching.—The term 'packet 16 17 switching' means controlling or routing the path of 18 any digitized transmission signal which is assembled 19 into packets or cells. "(11) Provider.—The term 'provider' means, 20 21 with respect to any qualified equipment— 22 "(A) a cable operator, "(B) a commercial mobile service carrier, 23 "(C) an open video system operator, 24 "(D) a satellite carrier, 25

1	"(E) a telecommunications carrier,
2	"(F) any other wireless carrier, providing
3	current generation broadband services or next
4	generation broadband services to subscribers
5	through such qualified equipment; or
6	"(G) any carrier or operator using any
7	other technology.
8	"(12) Provision of Services.—A provider
9	shall be treated as providing services to 1 or more
10	subscribers if—
11	"(A) such a subscriber has been passed by
12	the provider's equipment and can be connected
13	to such equipment for a standard connection
14	fee,
15	"(B) the provider is physically able to de-
16	liver current generation broadband services or
17	next generation broadband services, as applica-
18	ble, to such a subscriber without making more
19	than an insignificant investment with respect to
20	such subscriber,
21	"(C) the provider has made reasonable ef-
22	forts to make such subscribers aware of the
23	availability of such services,
24	"(D) such services have been purchased by
25	1 or more such subscribers, and

1	"(E) such services are made available to
2	such subscribers at average prices comparable
3	to those at which the provider makes available
4	similar services in any areas in which the pro-
5	vider makes available such services.
6	"(13) Qualified equipment.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualified
8	equipment' means equipment which provides
9	current generation broadband services or next
10	generation broadband services—
11	"(i) at least a majority of the time
12	during periods of maximum demand to
13	each subscriber who is utilizing such serv-
14	ices, and
15	"(ii) in a manner substantially the
16	same as such services are provided by the
17	provider to subscribers through equipment
18	with respect to which no deduction is al-
19	lowed under subsection (a)(1).
20	"(B) Only certain investment taken
21	INTO ACCOUNT.—Except as provided in sub-
22	paragraph (C) or (D), equipment shall be taken
23	into account under subparagraph (A) only to
24	the extent it—

1	"(i) extends from the last point of
2	switching to the outside of the unit, build-
3	ing, dwelling, or office owned or leased by
4	a subscriber in the case of a telecommuni-
5	cations carrier,
6	"(ii) extends from the customer side
7	of the mobile telephone switching office to
8	a transmission/receive antenna (including
9	such antenna) owned or leased by a sub-
10	scriber in the case of a commercial mobile
11	service carrier,
12	"(iii) extends from the customer side
13	of the headend to the outside of the unit,
14	building, dwelling, or office owned or
15	leased by a subscriber in the case of a
16	cable operator or open video system oper-
17	ator, or
18	"(iv) extends from a transmission/re-
19	ceive antenna (including such antenna)
20	which transmits and receives signals to or
21	from multiple subscribers, to a trans-
22	mission/receive antenna (including such
23	antenna) on the outside of the unit, build-
24	ing, dwelling, or office owned or leased by

a subscriber in the case of a satellite car-

rier or other wireless carrier, unless such

other wireless carrier is also a tele
communications carrier.

"(C) PACKET SWITCHING EQUIPMENT.— Packet switching equipment, regardless of location, shall be taken into account under subparagraph (A) only if it is deployed in connection with equipment described in subparagraph (B) and is uniquely designed to perform the function of packet switching for current generation broadband services ornext generation broadband services, but only if such packet switching is the last in a series of such functions performed in the transmission of a signal to a subscriber or the first in a series of such functions performed in the transmission of a signal from a subscriber.

"(D) MULTIPLEXING AND DEMULTIPLEXING EQUIPMENT.—Multiplexing and demultiplexing equipment shall be taken into account under subparagraph (A) only to the extent it is deployed in connection with equipment described in subparagraph (B) and is uniquely designed to perform the function of multiplexing and demultiplexing packets or cells

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1	of data and making associated application
2	adaptions, but only if such multiplexing or
3	demultiplexing equipment is located between
4	packet switching equipment described in sub-
5	paragraph (C) and the subscriber's premises.
6	"(14) QUALIFIED SUBSCRIBER.—The term
7	'qualified subscriber' means—
8	"(A) with respect to the provision of cur-
9	rent generation broadband services—
10	"(i) any nonresidential subscriber
11	maintaining a permanent place of business
12	in a rural area, or
13	"(ii) any residential subscriber resid-
14	ing in a dwelling located in a rural area
15	which is not a saturated market, and
16	"(B) with respect to the provision of next
17	generation broadband services—
18	"(i) any nonresidential subscriber
19	maintaining a permanent place of business
20	in a rural area, or
21	"(ii) any residential subscriber.
22	"(15) Residential subscriber.—The term
23	'residential subscriber' means any individual who
24	purchases broadband services which are delivered to
25	such individual's dwelling.

1	"(16) Rural area.—The term 'rural area'
2	means any census tract which—
3	"(A) is not within 5 miles of any incor-
4	porated or census designated place containing
5	more than 25,000 people, and
6	"(B) is not within a county or county
7	equivalent which has an overall population den-
8	sity of more than 500 people per square mile of
9	land.
10	"(17) Rural subscriber.—The term 'rural
11	subscriber' means any residential subscriber residing
12	in a dwelling located in a rural area or nonresiden-
13	tial subscriber maintaining a permanent place of
14	business located in a rural area.
15	"(18) Satellite Carrier.—The term 'sat-
16	ellite carrier' means any person using the facilities
17	of a satellite or satellite service licensed by the Fed-
18	eral Communications Commission and operating in
19	the Fixed-Satellite Service under part 25 of title 47
20	of the Code of Federal Regulations or the Direct

Broadcast Satellite Service under part 100 of title

47 of such Code to establish and operate a channel

of communications for distribution of signals, and

owning or leasing a capacity or service on a satellite

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1	in order to provide such point-to-multipoint distribu-
2	tion.
3	"(19) Saturated Market.—The term 'satu-
4	rated market' means any census tract in which, as
5	of the date of the enactment of this section—
6	"(A) current generation broadband services
7	have been provided by a single provider to 85
8	percent or more of the total number of potential
9	residential subscribers residing in dwellings lo-
10	cated within such census tract, and
11	"(B) such services can be utilized—
12	"(i) at least a majority of the time
13	during periods of maximum demand by
14	each such subscriber who is utilizing such
15	services, and
16	"(ii) in a manner substantially the
17	same as such services are provided by the
18	provider to subscribers through equipment
19	with respect to which no deduction is al-
20	lowed under subsection (a)(1).
21	"(20) Subscriber.—The term 'subscriber'
22	means any person who purchases current generation
23	broadband services or next generation broadband
24	services.

"(21) Telecommunications carrier.—The
term 'telecommunications carrier' has the meaning
given such term by section 3(44) of the Communica-
tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 153(44)), but—
"(A) includes all members of an affiliated
group of which a telecommunications carrier is
a member, and
"(B) does not include a commercial mobile
service carrier.
"(22) Total potential subscriber popu-
LATION.—The term 'total potential subscriber popu-
lation' means, with respect to any area and based on
the most recent census data, the total number of po-
tential residential subscribers residing in dwellings
located in such area and potential nonresidential
subscribers maintaining permanent places of busi-
ness located in such area.
"(f) Special Rules.—
"(1) Property used outside the united
STATES, ETC., NOT QUALIFIED.—No expenditures
shall be taken into account under subsection $(a)(1)$
with respect to the portion of the cost of any prop-
erty referred to in section 50(b) or with respect to
the portion of the cost of any property specified in

an election under section 179.

1	"(2) Basis reduction.—
2	"(A) In general.—For purposes of this
3	title, the basis of any property shall be reduced
4	by the portion of the cost of such property
5	taken into account under subsection $(a)(1)$.
6	"(B) Ordinary income recapture.—
7	For purposes of section 1245, the amount of
8	the deduction allowable under subsection $(a)(1)$
9	with respect to any property which is of a char-
10	acter subject to the allowance for depreciation
11	shall be treated as a deduction allowed for de-
12	preciation under section 167.
13	"(3) Coordination with section 38.—No
14	credit shall be allowed under section 38 with respect
15	to any amount for which a deduction is allowed
16	under subsection (a)(1).".
17	(b) Special Rule for Mutual or Cooperative
18	Telephone Companies.—Section 512(b) of the Internal
19	Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to modifications) is
20	amended by adding at the end the following new para-
21	graph:
22	"(21) Special rule for mutual or cooper-
23	ATIVE TELEPHONE COMPANIES.—A mutual or coop-
24	erative telephone company which for the taxable year
25	satisfies the requirements of section 501(c)(12)(A)

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may elect to reduce its unrelated business taxable income for such year, if any, by an amount that does not exceed the qualified broadband expenditures which would be taken into account under section 191 for such year by such company if such company was not exempt from taxation. Any amount which is allowed as a deduction under this paragraph shall not be allowed as a deduction under section 191 and the basis of any property to which this paragraph reduced applies shall be under section 1016(a)(32).".

(c) Conforming Amendments.—

- (1) Section 263(a)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to capital expenditures) is amended by striking "or" at the end of subparagraph (H), by striking the period at the end of subparagraph (I) and inserting ", or", and by adding at the end the following new subparagraph:
 - "(J) expenditures for which a deduction is allowed under section 191.".
- (2) Section 1016(a) of such Code is amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (30), by striking the period at the end of paragraph (31) and inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following new paragraph:

1	"(32) to the extent provided in section
2	191(f)(2).".
3	(3) The table of sections for part VI of sub-
4	chapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by
5	inserting after the item relating to section 190 the
6	following new item:
	"Sec. 191. Broadband expenditures for rural communities.".
7	(d) Designation of Census Tracts.—
8	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary of the Treas-
9	ury shall, not later than 90 days after the date of
10	the enactment of this Act, designate and publish
11	those census tracts meeting the criteria described in
12	paragraphs (16) and (22) of section 191(e) of the
13	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this
14	section). In making such designations, the Secretary
15	of the Treasury shall consult with such other depart-
16	ments and agencies as the Secretary determines ap-
17	propriate.
18	(2) Saturated Market.—
19	(A) In general.—For purposes of desig-
20	nating and publishing those census tracts meet-
21	ing the criteria described in subsection (e)(19)
22	of such section 191—
23	(i) the Secretary of the Treasury shall
24	prescribe not later than 30 days after the
25	date of the enactment of this Act the form

upon which any provider which takes the
position that it meets such criteria with respect to any census tract shall submit a
list of such census tracts (and any other
information required by the Secretary) not
later than 60 days after the date of the
publication of such form, and

- (ii) the Secretary of the Treasury shall publish an aggregate list of such census tracts and the applicable providers not later than 30 days after the last date such submissions are allowed under clause (i).
- (B) No subsequent lists required.—
 The Secretary of the Treasury shall not be required to publish any list of census tracts meeting such criteria subsequent to the list described in subparagraph (A)(ii).

(e) OTHER REGULATORY MATTERS.—

(1) Prohibition.—No Federal or State agency or instrumentality shall adopt regulations or ratemaking procedures that would have the effect of eliminating or reducing any deduction or portion thereof allowed under section 191 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section) or otherwise subverting the purpose of this section.

(2) Treasury regulatory authority.—It is the intent of Congress in providing the election to deduct qualified broadband expenditures under section 191 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by this section) to provide incentives for the purchase, installation, and connection of equipment and facilities offering expanded broadband access to the Internet for users in certain rural areas of the United States, as well as to residential users nationwide, in a manner that maintains competitive neutrality among the various classes of providers of broadband services. Accordingly, the Secretary of the Treasury shall prescribe such regulations as may be necessary or appropriate to carry out the purposes of section 191 of such Code, including—

- (A) regulations to determine how and when a taxpayer that incurs qualified broadband expenditures satisfies the requirements of section 191 of such Code to provide broadband services, and
- (B) regulations describing the information, records, and data taxpayers are required to provide the Secretary to substantiate compliance with the requirements of section 191 of such Code.

- 1 (f) No Implication Regarding the Need for
- 2 NEXT GENERATION INCENTIVE IN URBAN AREAS.—
- Nothing in this section shall be construed to imply that
- 4 an incentive for next generation broadband is not needed
- 5 in urban areas.
- 6 (g) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 7 this section shall apply to expenditures incurred after the
- 8 date of the enactment of this Act and before the date
- 9 which is 12 months after the date of the enactment of
- 10 this Act.

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