

109TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R. 1055

To provide for the designation and funding of high intensity
methamphetamine abuse and trafficking areas.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

MARCH 2, 2005

Ms. HOOLEY introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To provide for the designation and funding of high intensity
methamphetamine abuse and trafficking areas.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Comprehensive Meth-
5 amphetamine Response Act”.

6 **SEC. 2. HIGH INTENSITY METHAMPHETAMINE ABUSE AND**
7 **TRAFFICKING AREAS.**

8 (a) HIMATAS.—The Director may designate a State
9 or any portion of a State as a high intensity methamphet-

1 amine abuse and trafficking area (in this section referred
2 to as a “HIMATA”) and provide funding for such areas
3 in accordance with this section.

4 (b) DESIGNATION PROCESS.—

5 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director may make a
6 HIMATA designation only after—

7 (A) receipt of a petition by a Governor of
8 a State to designate the State or a portion of
9 the State as a HIMATA; and

10 (B) making a determination for the area
11 that is the subject of the petition on the basis
12 of the methamphetamine epidemic severity
13 index developed under paragraph (3).

14 (2) PRIORITY FOR HIDTAS.—The Director may
15 accept a petition in full, accept certain portions of
16 the geographic areas proposed, or reject the petition.
17 The Director shall give priority consideration to
18 areas that are already designated a high intensity
19 drug trafficking area (in this section referred to as
20 a “HIDTA”) and include methamphetamine as a
21 primary reason for that designation.

22 (3) SEVERITY INDEX.—The Director shall de-
23 velop a methamphetamine epidemic severity index to
24 be used for determining whether to designate an

1 area as a HIMATA under this section. The index
2 shall be based on the following factors:

3 (A) Per capita rates of arrests for meth-
4 amphetamine possession in an area.

5 (B) Per capita rates of arrests for meth-
6 amphetamine production in an area.

7 (C) Per capita rates of methamphetamine
8 lab seizures in an area.

9 (D) Per capita rates of treatment for
10 methamphetamine addiction in an area.

11 (E) Any additional particular factors the
12 Director considers appropriate for indicating
13 the severity of the problem in an area.

14 (c) FUNDING OF HIMATAS.—

15 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Director may provide
16 funding to a State to implement a HIMATA after
17 receipt of a comprehensive methamphetamine re-
18 sponse plan for that HIMATA that meets the re-
19 quirements of subsection (d), as determined by the
20 Director.

21 (2) LEVEL OF FUNDING.—The Director shall
22 determine the level of funds to be provided to a
23 HIMATA based on the population and the meth-
24 amphetamine epidemic severity index of the
25 HIMATA, except that the Director shall increase the

1 amount of funds that otherwise would be provided to
2 a State by 10 percent if the State has effective pre-
3 cursor control laws or regulations in place when its
4 CMRP is submitted.

5 (3) SPECIFIC FUNDING REQUIREMENTS.—In
6 providing funds for a HIMATA, the Director shall
7 require that at least 5 percent of the funds be used
8 for youth and adult prevention efforts and that at
9 least 25 percent be used for treating methamphet-
10 amine addiction. The remainder may be used for
11 prosecution, law enforcement personnel, law enforce-
12 ment equipment, drug courts, and other priorities.
13 Federal funding must supplement rather than sup-
14 plant State and local funding.

15 (4) FIVE YEAR FUNDING.—Funding shall be
16 provided to a HIMATA on an annual basis for five
17 years. After five years, the Director shall evaluate
18 the designation of the HIMATA and determine
19 whether it should be extended.

20 (d) COMPREHENSIVE METHAMPHETAMINE RE-
21 SPONSE PLAN.—

22 (1) REQUIREMENT TO DEVELOP PLAN.—For
23 each HIMATA designated under this section, the
24 Director shall require the State in which the
25 HIMATA is located to develop a comprehensive

1 methamphetamine response plan (in this section re-
2 ferred to as the “CMRP”) within six months after
3 the date of designation that complies with the re-
4 quirements of this subsection.

5 (2) REQUIREMENTS OF PLAN.—A CMRP devel-
6 oped by a State under this subsection shall—

7 (A) describe the manner in which the State
8 plans to use funding provided under this Act to
9 address any existing inadequacies in enforce-
10 ment, treatment, prevention, and precursor con-
11 trols; and

12 (B) in the case of a HIMATA that over-
13 laps with an area designated as a HIDTA, ad-
14 dress how the two programs will cooperate and
15 coordinate, including how resources and efforts
16 may be merged.

17 (e) DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:

18 (1) DIRECTOR.—The term “Director” means
19 the Director of National Drug Control Policy.

20 (2) HIMATA.—The term “HIMATA” means a
21 high intensity methamphetamine abuse and traf-
22 ficking area designated under section 2 of this Act.

23 (3) HIDTA.—The term “HIDTA” means a
24 high intensity drug trafficking area designated
25 under section 707 of the Office of National Drug

1 Control Policy Reauthorization Act of 1998 (Public
2 Law 105–277; 21 U.S.C. 1706).

3 (4) CMRP.—The term “CMRP” means a com-
4 prehensive methamphetamine response plan devel-
5 oped under section 2 of this Act.

6 (f) AUTHORIZATION.—There is authorized to be ap-
7 propriated \$1,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2006 and each
8 fiscal year thereafter to carry out this Act.

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