108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 991

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for patient protection by limiting the number of mandatory overtime hours a nurse may be required to work at certain medicare providers, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 5, 2003

Mr. Inouye introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

To amend title XVIII of the Social Security Act to provide for patient protection by limiting the number of mandatory overtime hours a nurse may be required to work at certain medicare providers, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Registered Nurse Safe
- 5 Staffing Act of 2003".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress makes the following findings:

- 1 (1) There are hospitals throughout the United 2 States that have inadequate staffing of registered 3 nurses to protect the well-being and health of the 4 patients.
 - (2) Studies show that the health of patients in hospitals is directly proportionate to the number of registered nurses working in the hospital.
 - (3) There is a critical shortage of registered nurses in the United States.
 - (4) The effect of that shortage is revealed in unsafe staffing levels in hospitals.
 - (5) Patient safety is adversely affected by these unsafe staffing levels, creating a public health crisis.
 - (6) Registered nurses are being required to perform professional services under conditions that do not support quality health care or a healthful work environment for registered nurses.
 - (7) As a payer for inpatient and outpatient hospital services for individuals entitled to benefits under the medicare program established under title XVIII of the Social Security Act, the Federal Government has a compelling interest in promoting the safety of such individuals by requiring any hospital participating in such program to establish minimum safe staffing levels for registered nurses.

1	SEC. 3. ESTABLISHMENT OF MINIMUM STAFFING RATIOS
2	BY MEDICARE PARTICIPATING HOSPITALS.
3	(a) Requirement of Medicare Provider Agree-
4	MENT.—Section 1866(a)(1) of the Social Security Act (42
5	U.S.C. 1395cc(a)(1)) is amended—
6	(1) in subparagraph (R), by striking "and"
7	after the comma at the end;
8	(2) in subparagraph (S), by striking the period
9	at the end and inserting ", and"; and
10	(3) by inserting after subparagraph (S) the fol-
11	lowing new subparagraph:
12	"(T) in the case of a hospital, to meet the re-
13	quirements of section 1889.".
14	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—Part D of title XVIII of the
15	Social Security Act is amended by inserting after section
16	1888 the following new section:
17	"STAFFING REQUIREMENTS FOR MEDICARE
18	PARTICIPATING HOSPITALS
19	"Sec. 1889. (a) Establishment of Staffing Sys-
20	TEM.—
21	"(1) In general.—Each participating hospital
22	shall adopt and implement a staffing system that en-
23	sures a number of registered nurses on each shift
24	and in each unit of the hospital to ensure appro-
25	priate staffing levels for patient care.

1	"(2) Staffing system requirements.—Sub-
2	ject to paragraph (3), a staffing system adopted and
3	implemented under this section shall—
4	"(A) be based upon input from the direct
5	care-giving registered nurse staff or their exclu-
6	sive representatives, as well as the chief nurse
7	executive;
8	"(B) be based upon the number of patients
9	and the level and variability of intensity of care
10	to be provided, with appropriate consideration
11	given to admissions, discharges, and transfers
12	during each shift;
13	"(C) account for contextual issues affect-
14	ing staffing and the delivery of care, including
15	architecture and geography of the environment
16	and available technology;
17	"(D) reflect the level of preparation and
18	experience of those providing care;
19	"(E) account for staffing level effectiveness
20	or deficiencies in related health care classifica-
21	tions, including but not limited to, certified
22	nurse assistants, licensed vocational nurses, li-
23	censed psychiatric technicians, nursing assist-
24	ants, aides, and orderlies;

1	"(F) reflect staffing levels recommended by
2	specialty nursing organizations;
3	"(G) establish upwardly adjustable reg-
4	istered nurse-to-patient ratios based upon reg-
5	istered nurses' assessment of patient acuity and
6	existing conditions;
7	"(H) provide that a registered nurse shall
8	not be assigned to work in a particular unit
9	without first having established the ability to
10	provide professional care in such unit; and
11	"(I) be based on methods that assure va-
12	lidity and reliability.
13	"(3) Limitation.—A staffing system adopted
14	and implemented under paragraph (1) may not—
15	"(A) set registered-nurse levels below those
16	required by any Federal or State law or regula-
17	tion; or
18	"(B) utilize any minimum registered
19	nurse-to-patient ratio established pursuant to
20	paragraph (2)(G) as an upper limit on the
21	staffing of the hospital to which such ratio ap-
22	plies.
23	"(b) Reporting, and Release to Public, of
24	CERTAIN STAFFING INFORMATION.—

1	"(1) REQUIREMENTS FOR HOSPITALS.—Each
2	participating hospital shall—
3	"(A) post daily for each shift, in a clearly
4	visible place, a document that specifies in a uni-
5	form manner (as prescribed by the Secretary)
6	the current number of licensed and unlicensed
7	nursing staff directly responsible for patient
8	care in each unit of the hospital, identifying
9	specifically the number of registered nurses;
10	"(B) upon request, make available to the
11	public—
12	"(i) the nursing staff information de-
13	scribed in subparagraph (A); and
14	"(ii) a detailed written description of
15	the staffing system established by the hos-
16	pital pursuant to subsection (a); and
17	"(C) submit to the Secretary in a uniform
18	manner (as prescribed by the Secretary) the
19	nursing staff information described in subpara-
20	graph (A) through electronic data submission
21	not less frequently than quarterly.
22	"(2) Secretarial responsibilities.—The
23	Secretary shall—
24	"(A) make the information submitted pur-
25	suant to paragraph (1)(C) publicly available, in-

1	cluding by publication of such information on
2	the Internet site of the Department of Health
3	and Human Services; and
4	"(B) provide for the auditing of such infor-
5	mation for accuracy as a part of the process of
6	determining whether an institution is a hospital
7	for purposes of this title.
8	"(c) Recordkeeping; Data Collection; Evalua-
9	TION.—
10	"(1) Record Keeping.—Each participating
11	hospital shall maintain for a period of at least 3
12	years (or, if longer, until the conclusion of pending
13	enforcement activities) such records as the Secretary
14	deems necessary to determine whether the hospital
15	has adopted and implemented a staffing system pur-
16	suant to subsection (a).
17	"(2) Data collection on certain out-
18	COMES.—The Secretary shall require the collection,
19	maintenance, and submission of data by each par-
20	ticipating hospital sufficient to establish the link be-
21	tween the staffing system established pursuant to
22	subsection (a) and—
23	"(A) patient acuity from maintenance of
24	acuity data through entries on patients' charts;

1	"(B) patient outcomes that are nursing
2	sensitive, such as patient falls, adverse drug
3	events, injuries to patients, skin breakdown,
4	pneumonia, infection rates, upper gastro-
5	intestinal bleeding, shock, cardiac arrest, length
6	of stay, and patient readmissions;
7	"(C) operational outcomes, such as work-
8	related injury or illness, vacancy and turnover
9	rates, nursing care hours per patient day, on-
10	call use, overtime rates, and needle-stick inju-
11	ries; and
12	"(D) patient complaints related to staffing
13	levels.
14	"(3) EVALUATION.—Each participating hospital
15	shall annually evaluate its staffing system and estab-
16	lish minimum registered nurse staffing ratios to as-
17	sure ongoing reliability and validity of the system
18	and ratios. The evaluation shall be conducted by a
19	joint management-staff committee comprised of at
20	least 50 percent of registered nurses who provide di-
21	rect patient care.
22	"(d) Enforcement.—
23	"(1) Responsibility.—The Secretary shall en-
24	force the requirements and prohibitions of this sec-

1	tion in accordance with the succeeding provision of
2	this subsection.
3	"(2) Procedures for receiving and inves-
4	TIGATING COMPLAINTS.—The Secretary shall estab-
5	lish procedures under which—
6	"(A) any person may file a complaint that
7	a participating hospital has violated a require-
8	ment or a prohibition of this section; and
9	"(B) such complaints are investigated by
10	the Secretary.
11	"(3) Remedies.—If the Secretary determines
12	that a participating hospital has violated a require-
13	ment of this section, the Secretary—
14	"(A) shall require the facility to establish
15	a corrective action plan to prevent the recur-
16	rence of such violation; and
17	"(B) may impose civil money penalties
18	under paragraph (4).
19	"(4) CIVIL MONEY PENALTIES.—
20	"(A) In General.—In addition to any
21	other penalties prescribed by law, the Secretary
22	may impose a civil money penalty of not more
23	than \$10,000 for each knowing violation of a
24	requirement of this section, except that the Sec-
25	retary shall impose a civil money penalty of

more than \$10,000 for each such violation in the case of a participating hospital that the Secretary determines has a pattern or practice of such violations (with the amount of such additional penalties being determined in accordance with a schedule or methodology specified in regulations).

"(B) PROCEDURES.—The provisions of section 1128A (other than subsections (a) and (b)) shall apply to a civil money penalty under this paragraph in the same manner as such provisions apply to a penalty or proceeding under section 1128A.

"(C) Public notice of violations.—

"(i) Internet site.—The Secretary shall publish on the Internet site of the Department of Health and Human Services the names of participating hospitals on which civil money penalties have been imposed under this section, the violation for which the penalty was imposed, and such additional information as the Secretary determines appropriate.

"(ii) Change of ownership.—With respect to a participating hospital that had

a change in ownership, as determined by
the Secretary, penalties imposed on the
hospital while under previous ownership
shall no longer be published by the Secretary of such Internet site after the 1year period beginning on the date of
change in ownership.

"(e) Whistleblower Protections.—

- "(1) Prohibition of discrimination and Retaliation.—A participating hospital shall not discriminate or retaliate in any manner against any patient or employee of the hospital because that patient or employee, or any other person, has presented a grievance or complaint, or has initiated or cooperated in any investigation or proceeding of any kind, relating to the staffing system or other requirements and prohibitions of this section.
- "(2) Relief for prevailing employees.—
 An employee of a participating hospital who has been discriminated or retaliated against in employment in violation of this subsection may initiate judicial action in a United States district court and shall be entitled to reinstatement, reimbursement for lost wages, and work benefits caused by the unlawful acts of the employing hospital. Prevailing employees

1	are entitled to reasonable attorney's fees and costs
2	associated with pursuing the case.
3	"(3) Relief for prevailing patients.—A
4	patient who has been discriminated or retaliated
5	against in violation of this subsection may initiate
6	judicial action in a United States district court. A
7	prevailing patient shall be entitled to liquidated
8	damages of \$5,000 for a violation of this statute in
9	addition to any other damages under other applica-
10	ble statutes, regulations, or common law. Prevailing
11	patients are entitled to reasonable attorney's fees
12	and costs associated with pursuing the case.
13	"(4) Limitation on actions.—No action may
14	be brought under paragraph (2) or (3) more than 2
15	years after the discrimination or retaliation with re-
16	spect to which the action is brought.
17	"(5) Treatment of adverse employment
18	ACTIONS.—For purposes of this subsection—
19	"(A) an adverse employment action shall
20	be treated as retaliation or discrimination; and
21	"(B) the term 'adverse employment' action
22	includes—
23	"(i) the failure to promote an indi-
24	vidual or provide any other employment-re-

1	lated benefit for which the individual would
2	otherwise be eligible;
3	"(ii) an adverse evaluation or decision
4	made in relation to accreditation, certifi-
5	cation, credentialing, or licensing of the in-
6	dividual; and
7	"(iii) a personnel action that is ad-
8	verse to the individual concerned.
9	"(f) Relationship to State Laws.—Nothing in
10	this section shall be construed as exempting or relieving
11	any person from any liability, duty, penalty, or punish-
12	ment provided by any present or future law of any State
13	or political subdivision of a State, other than any such
14	law which purports to require or permit the doing of any
15	act which would be an unlawful practice under this title
16	"(g) Regulations.—The Secretary shall promul-
17	gate such regulations as are appropriate and necessary to
18	implement this section.
19	"(h) Definitions.—In this section:
20	"(1) Participating Hospital.—The term
21	'participating hospital' means a hospital that has en-
22	tered into a provider agreement under section 1866
23	"(2) Registered nurse.—The term 'reg-
24	istered nurse' means an individual who has been

- 1 granted a license to practice as a registered nurse in 2 at least 1 State.
- 3 "(3) Unit.—The term 'unit' of a hospital is an 4 organizational department or separate geographic 5 area of a hospital, such as a burn unit, a labor and 6 delivery room, a post-anesthesia service area, an 7 emergency department, an operating room, a pediatric unit, a stepdown or intermediate care unit, a 8 9 specialty care unit, a telemetry unit, a general med-10 ical care unit, a subacute care unit, and a transitional inpatient care unit.
- 12 "(4) Shift.—The term 'shift' means a sched-13 uled set of hours or duty period to be worked at a 14 participating hospital.
- "(5) Person.—The term 'person' means 1 or 15 16 more individuals, associations, corporations, unincor-17 porated organizations, or labor unions.".
- 18 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this section shall take effect on January 1, 2004.

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