S. 841

To amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to prohibit discrimination in the payment of wages on account of sex, race, or national origin, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

APRIL 9, 2003

Mr. Harkin (for himself, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Kennedy, Mrs. Boxer, Mr. Akaka, Mr. Leahy, Mrs. Murray, Mr. Feingold, and Mr. Durbin) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

To amend the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 to prohibit discrimination in the payment of wages on account of sex, race, or national origin, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE AND REFERENCE.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Fair Pay Act of 2003".
- 6 (b) Reference.—Except as provided in section 8,
- 7 whenever in this Act an amendment or repeal is expressed
- 8 in terms of an amendment to, or repeal of, a section or

1	other provision, the reference shall be considered to be
2	made to a section or other provision of the Fair Labor
3	Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 201 et seq.).
4	SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
5	Congress finds the following:
6	(1) Wage rate differentials exist between equiv-
7	alent jobs segregated by sex, race, and national ori-
8	gin in Government employment and in industries en-
9	gaged in commerce or in the production of goods for
10	commerce.
11	(2) The existence of such wage rate differen-
12	tials—
13	(A) depresses wages and living standards
14	for employees necessary for their health and ef-
15	ficiency;
16	(B) prevents the maximum utilization of
17	the available labor resources;
18	(C) tends to cause labor disputes, thereby
19	burdening, affecting, and obstructing com-
20	merce;
21	(D) burdens commerce and the free flow of
22	goods in commerce; and
23	(E) constitutes an unfair method of com-
24	petition.

- 1 (3) Discrimination in hiring and promotion has 2 played a role in maintaining a segregated work 3 force.
 - (4) Many women and people of color work in occupations dominated by individuals of their same sex, race, and national origin.
 - (5)(A) A General Accounting Office analysis of wage rates in the civil service of the State of Washington found that in 1985 of the 44 jobs studied that paid less than the average of all equivalent jobs, approximately 39 percent were female-dominated and approximately 16 percent were male dominated.
 - (B) A study of wage rates in Minnesota using 1990 Decennial Census data found that 75 percent of the wage rate differential between white and non-white workers was unexplained and may be a result of discrimination.
 - (6) Section 6(d) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 prohibits discrimination in compensation for "equal work" on the basis of sex.
 - (7) Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 prohibits discrimination in compensation because of race, color, religion, national origin, and sex. The Supreme Court, in its decision in County of Washington v. Gunther, 452 U.S. 161 (1981), held that

- 1 title VII's prohibition against discrimination in com-2 pensation also applies to jobs that do not constitute "equal work" as defined in section 6(d) of the Fair 3 Labor Standards Act of 1938. Decisions of lower 5 courts, however, have demonstrated that further 6 clarification of existing legislation is necessary in 7 order effectively to carry out the intent of Congress 8 to implement the Supreme Court's holding in its 9 Gunther decision.
 - (8) Artificial barriers to the elimination of discrimination in compensation based upon sex, race, and national origin continue to exist more than 3 decades after the passage of section 6(d) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 and the Civil Rights Act of 1964. Elimination of such barriers would have positive effects, including—
 - (A) providing a solution to problems in the economy created by discrimination through wage rate differentials;
 - (B) substantially reducing the number of working women and people of color earning low wages, thereby reducing the dependence on public assistance; and

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	(C) promoting stable families by enabling
2	working family members to earn a fair rate of
3	pay.
4	SEC. 3. EQUAL PAY FOR EQUIVALENT JOBS.
5	(a) Amendment.—Section 6 (29 U.S.C. 206) is
6	amended by adding at the end the following:
7	"(h)(1)(A) Except as provided in subparagraph (B),
8	no employer having employees subject to any provision of
9	this section shall discriminate, within any establishment
10	in which such employees are employed, between employees
11	on the basis of sex, race, or national origin by paying
12	wages to employees in such establishment in a job that
13	is dominated by employees of a particular sex, race, or
14	national origin at a rate less than the rate at which the
15	employer pays wages to employees in such establishment
16	in another job that is dominated by employees of the oppo-
17	site sex or of a different race or national origin, respec-
18	tively, for work on equivalent jobs.
19	"(B) Nothing in subparagraph (A) shall prohibit the
20	payment of different wage rates to employees where such
21	payment is made pursuant to—
22	"(i) a seniority system;
23	"(ii) a merit system;
24	"(iii) a system that measures earnings by quan-
25	tity or quality of production; or

1	"(iv) a differential based on a bona fide factor
2	other than sex, race, or national origin, such as edu-
3	cation, training, or experience, except that this
4	clause shall apply only if—
5	"(I) the employer demonstrates that—
6	"(aa) such factor—
7	"(AA) is job-related with respect
8	to the position in question; or
9	"(BB) furthers a legitimate busi-
10	ness purpose, except that this item
11	shall not apply if the employee dem-
12	onstrates that an alternative employ-
13	ment practice exists that would serve
14	the same business purpose without
15	producing such differential and that
16	the employer has refused to adopt
17	such alternative practice; and
18	"(bb) such factor was actually applied
19	and used reasonably in light of the as-
20	serted justification; and
21	"(II) upon the employer succeeding under
22	subclause (I), the employee fails to demonstrate
23	that the differential produced by the reliance of
24	the employer on such factor is itself the result

- of discrimination on the basis of sex, race, or national origin by the employer.
- 3 "(C) The Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
- 4 sion shall issue guidelines specifying criteria for deter-
- 5 mining whether a job is dominated by employees of a par-
- 6 ticular sex, race, or national origin. Such guidelines shall
- 7 not include a list of such jobs.
- 8 "(D) An employer who is paying a wage rate differen-
- 9 tial in violation of subparagraph (A) shall not, in order
- 10 to comply with the provisions of such subparagraph, re-
- 11 duce the wage rate of any employee.
- 12 "(2) No labor organization or its agents representing
- 13 employees of an employer having employees subject to any
- 14 provision of this section shall cause or attempt to cause
- 15 such an employer to discriminate against an employee in
- 16 violation of paragraph (1)(A).
- 17 "(3) For purposes of administration and enforcement
- 18 of this subsection, any amounts owing to any employee
- 19 that have been withheld in violation of paragraph (1)(A)
- 20 shall be deemed to be unpaid minimum wages or unpaid
- 21 overtime compensation under this section or section 7.
- "(4) In this subsection:
- 23 "(A) The term 'labor organization' means any
- organization of any kind, or any agency or employee
- 25 representation committee or plan, in which employ-

- ees participate and that exists for the purpose, in whole or in part, of dealing with employers concerning grievances, labor disputes, wages, rates of
- 4 pay, hours of employment, or conditions of work.
- "(B) The term 'equivalent jobs' means jobs that may be dissimilar, but whose requirements are equivalent, when viewed as a composite of skills, effort, responsibility, and working conditions.".
- 9 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 13(a) (29
- 10 U.S.C. 213(a)) is amended in the matter before paragraph
- 11 (1) by striking "section 6(d)" and inserting "sections 6(d)
- 12 and 6(h)".

13 SEC. 4. PROHIBITED ACTS.

- 14 Section 15(a) (29 U.S.C. 215(a)) is amended—
- 15 (1) by striking the period at the end of para-16 graph (5) and inserting a semicolon; and
- 17 (2) by adding after paragraph (5) the following new paragraphs:
- "(6) to discriminate against any individual because such individual has opposed any act or practice made unlawful by section 6(h) or because such individual made a charge, testified, assisted, or participated in any manner in an investigation, pro-
- ceeding, or hearing to enforce section 6(h); or

1 "(7) to discharge or in any other manner dis-2 criminate against, coerce, intimidate, threaten, or 3 interfere with any employee or any other person be-4 cause the employee inquired about, disclosed, com-5 pared, or otherwise discussed the employee's wages 6 or the wages of any other employee, or because the 7 employee exercised, enjoyed, aided, or encouraged 8 any other person to exercise or enjoy any right 9 granted or protected by section 6(h).".

10 SEC. 5. REMEDIES.

- 11 (a) Enhanced Penalties.—Section 16(b) of the
- 12 Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 216(b)) is
- 13 amended—
- 14 (1) by inserting after the first sentence the fol-
- lowing: "Any employer who violates subsection (d) or
- 16 (h) of section 6 shall additionally be liable for such
- 17 compensatory or punitive damages as may be appro-
- priate, except that the United States shall not be lia-
- ble for punitive damages.";
- 20 (2) in the sentence beginning "An action to",
- 21 by striking "either of the preceding sentences" and
- inserting "any of the preceding sentences of this
- 23 subsection";
- 24 (3) in the sentence beginning "No employees",
- by striking "No employees" and inserting "Except

1	with respect to class actions brought under sub-
2	section (f), no employee";
3	(4) in the sentence beginning "The court in",
4	by striking "in such action" and inserting "in any
5	action brought to recover the liability prescribed in
6	any of the preceding sentences of this subsection";
7	and
8	(5) by striking "section 15(a)(3)" each place it
9	occurs and inserting "paragraphs (3), (6), and (7)
10	of section 15(a)".
11	(b) ACTION BY SECRETARY.—Section 16(c) of the
12	Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (29 U.S.C. 216(e)) is
13	amended—
14	(1) in the first sentence—
15	(A) by inserting "or, in the case of a viola-
16	tion of subsection (d) or (h) of section 6, addi-
17	tional compensatory or punitive damages," be-
18	fore "and the agreement"; and
19	(B) by inserting before the period the fol-
20	lowing: ", or such compensatory or punitive
21	damages, as appropriate";
22	(2) in the second sentence, by inserting before
23	the period the following: "and, in the case of a viola-
24	tion of subsection (d) or (h) of section 6, additional
25	compensatory or punitive damages"; and

- 1 (3) in the third sentence, by striking "the first
- 2 sentence" and inserting "the first or second sen-
- 3 tence".
- 4 (c) Fees.—Section 16 (29 U.S.C. 216) is amended
- 5 by adding at the end the following:
- 6 "(f) In any action brought under this section for vio-
- 7 lation of section 6(h), the court shall, in addition to any
- 8 other remedies awarded to the prevailing plaintiff or plain-
- 9 tiffs, allow expert fees as part of the costs. Any such action
- 10 may be maintained as a class action as provided by the
- 11 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.".
- 12 SEC. 6. RECORDS.
- 13 (a) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Section 11(c) (29
- 14 U.S.C. 211(c)) is amended by inserting "(1)" after "(c)".
- 15 (b) Records.—Section 11(c) (as amended by sub-
- 16 section (a)) is further amended by adding at the end the
- 17 following:
- 18 "(2)(A) Every employer subject to section 6(h) shall
- 19 preserve records that document and support the method,
- 20 system, calculations, and other bases used by the employer
- 21 in establishing, adjusting, and determining the wage rates
- 22 paid to the employees of the employer. Every employer
- 23 subject to section 6(h) shall preserve such records for such
- 24 periods of time, and shall make such reports from the
- 25 records to the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-

- 1 sion, as shall be prescribed by the Equal Employment Op-
- 2 portunity Commission by regulation or order as necessary
- 3 or appropriate for the enforcement of the provisions of sec-
- 4 tion 6(h) or any regulation promulgated pursuant to sec-
- 5 tion 6(h).".
- 6 (c) Small Business Exemptions.—Section 11(c)
- 7 (as amended by subsections (a) and (b)) is further amend-
- 8 ed by adding at the end the following:
- 9 "(B)(i) Every employer subject to section 6(h) that
- 10 has 25 or more employees on any date during the first
- 11 or second year after the effective date of this paragraph,
- 12 or 15 or more employees on any date during any subse-
- 13 quent year after such second year, shall, in accordance
- 14 with regulations promulgated by the Equal Employment
- 15 Opportunity Commission under subparagraph (F), pre-
- 16 pare and submit to the Equal Employment Opportunity
- 17 Commission for the year involved a report signed by the
- 18 president, treasurer, or corresponding principal officer, of
- 19 the employer that includes information that discloses the
- 20 wage rates paid to employees of the employer in each clas-
- 21 sification, position, or job title, or to employees in other
- 22 wage groups employed by the employer, including informa-
- 23 tion with respect to the sex, race, and national origin of
- 24 employees at each wage rate in each classification, posi-
- 25 tion, job title, or other wage group.".

- 1 (d) Protection of Confidentiality.—Section
- 2 11(c) (as amended by subsections (a) through (c)) is fur-
- 3 ther amended by adding at the end the following:
- 4 "(ii) The rules and regulations promulgated by the
- 5 Equal Employment Opportunity Commission under sub-
- 6 paragraph (F), relating to the form of such a report, shall
- 7 include requirements to protect the confidentiality of em-
- 8 ployees, including a requirement that the report shall not
- 9 contain the name of any individual employee.".
- 10 (e) USE; INSPECTIONS; EXAMINATIONS; REGULA-
- 11 Tions.—Section 11(c) (as amended by subsections (a)
- 12 through (d)) is further amended by adding at the end the
- 13 following:
- 14 "(C) The Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
- 15 sion may publish any information and data that the Equal
- 16 Employment Opportunity Commission obtains pursuant to
- 17 the provisions of subparagraph (B). The Equal Employ-
- 18 ment Opportunity Commission may use the information
- 19 and data for statistical and research purposes, and com-
- 20 pile and publish such studies, analyses, reports, and sur-
- 21 veys based on the information and data as the Equal Em-
- 22 ployment Opportunity Commission may consider appro-
- 23 priate.
- 24 "(D) In order to carry out the purposes of this Act,
- 25 the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission shall by

- 1 regulation make reasonable provision for the inspection
- 2 and examination by any person of the information and
- 3 data contained in any report submitted to the Equal Em-
- 4 ployment Opportunity Commission pursuant to subpara-
- 5 graph (B).
- 6 "(E) The Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
- 7 sion shall by regulation provide for the furnishing of copies
- 8 of reports submitted to the Equal Employment Oppor-
- 9 tunity Commission pursuant to subparagraph (B) to any
- 10 person upon payment of a charge based upon the cost of
- 11 the service.
- 12 "(F) The Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
- 13 sion shall issue rules and regulations prescribing the form
- 14 and content of reports required to be submitted under sub-
- 15 paragraph (B) and such other reasonable rules and regu-
- 16 lations as the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
- 17 sion may find necessary to prevent the circumvention or
- 18 evasion of such reporting requirements. In exercising the
- 19 authority of the Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
- 20 sion under subparagraph (B), the Equal Employment Op-
- 21 portunity Commission may prescribe by general rule sim-
- 22 plified reports for employers for whom the Equal Employ-
- 23 ment Opportunity Commission finds that because of the
- 24 size of the employers a detailed report would be unduly
- 25 burdensome.".

1	SEC. 7. RESEARCH, EDUCATION, AND TECHNICAL ASSIST-
2	ANCE PROGRAM; REPORT TO CONGRESS.
3	Section 4(d) (29 U.S.C. 204(d)) is amended by add-
4	ing at the end the following:
5	"(4) The Equal Employment Opportunity Commis-
6	sion shall conduct studies and provide information and
7	technical assistance to employers, labor organizations, and
8	the general public concerning effective means available to
9	implement the provisions of section 6(h) prohibiting wage
10	rate discrimination between employees performing work in
11	equivalent jobs on the basis of sex, race, or national origin.
12	Such studies, information, and technical assistance shall
13	be based on and include reference to the objectives of such
14	section to eliminate such discrimination. In order to
15	achieve the objectives of such section, the Equal Employ-
16	ment Opportunity Commission shall carry on a continuing
17	program of research, education, and technical assistance
18	including—
19	"(A) conducting and promoting research with
20	the intent of developing means to expeditiously cor-
21	rect the wage rate differentials described in section
22	6(h);
23	"(B) publishing and otherwise making available
24	to employers, labor organizations, professional asso-
25	ciations, educational institutions, the various media
26	of communication, and the general public the find-

1	ings of studies and other materials for promoting
2	compliance with section 6(h);
3	"(C) sponsoring and assisting State and com-
4	munity informational and educational programs; and
5	"(D) providing technical assistance to employ-
6	ers, labor organizations, professional associations
7	and other interested persons on means of achieving
8	and maintaining compliance with the provisions of
9	section 6(h).
10	"(5) The report submitted biennially by the Secretary
11	to Congress under paragraph (1) shall include a separate
12	evaluation and appraisal regarding the implementation of
13	section 6(h).".
14	SEC. 8. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS.
15	(a) Congressional Employees.—
16	(1) Application.—Section 203(a)(1) of the
17	Congressional Accountability Act of 1995 (2 U.S.C.
18	1313(a)(1)) is amended—
19	(A) by striking "subsections (a)(1) and (d)
20	of section 6" and inserting "subsections (a)(1),
21	(d), and (h) of section 6"; and
22	(B) by striking "206 (a)(1) and (d)" and
23	inserting "206 (a)(1), (d), and (h)".
24	(2) Remedies.—Section 203(b) of such Act (2
25	U.S.C. 1313(b)) is amended by inserting before the

- period the following: "or, in an appropriate case, under section 16(f) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 216(f))". (b) EXECUTIVE BRANCH EMPLOYEES.— (1) APPLICATION.—Section 413(a)(1) of title 3, United States Code, as added by section 2(a) of the
- 6 Presidential and Executive Office Accountability Act
 7 (Public Law 104–331; 110 Stat. 4053), is amended
- by striking "subsections (a)(1) and (d) of section 6"

 and inserting "subsections (a)(1), (d), and (h) of

 section 6".
- 11 (2) Remedies.—Section 413(b) of such title is 12 amended by inserting before the period the fol-13 lowing: "or, in an appropriate case, under section 14 16(f) of such Act".

15 SEC. 9. EFFECTIVE DATE.

The amendments made by this Act shall take effect 17 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.

 \bigcirc