Calendar No. 816

108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2820

To ensure the availability of certain spectrum for public safety entities by amending the Communications Act of 1934 to establish January 1, 2009, as the date by which the transition to digital television shall be completed, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 21, 2004

Mr. McCain introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

NOVEMBER 19, 2004
Reported by Mr. McCain, with amendments
[Omit the part struck through and insert the part printed in italic]

A BILL

To ensure the availability of certain spectrum for public safety entities by amending the Communications Act of 1934 to establish January 1, 2009, as the date by which the transition to digital television shall be completed, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Spectrum Availability for Emergency-Response and Law-
- 4 Enforcement To Improve Vital Emergency Services Act"
- 5 or the "SAVE LIVES Act".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Setting a specific date for the availability of spectrum for public safety organizations and crating a deadline for the transition to digital television.
 - Sec. 3. Prevention of delay in reassignment of 24 megahertz for public safety purposes.
 - Sec. 4. Studies of communications capabilities and needs.
 - Sec. 5. Statutory authority for the Department of Homeland Security's "SAFECOM" program.
 - Sec. 6. Grant program to provide enhanced interoperability of communications for first responders.
 - Sec. 7. Digital transition public safety communications grant and consumer assistance fund.
 - Sec. 8. Digital transition program.
 - Sec. 9. Label requirement for analog television sets.
 - Sec. 10. Report on consumer education program requirements.
 - Sec. 11. FCC to issue decision in certain proceedings.
 - Sec. 12. Definitions.

8 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 9 The Congress finds the following:
- 10 (1) In its final report, the 9–11 Commission ad-
- 11 vocated that Congress pass legislation providing for
- the expedited and increased assignment of radio
- spectrum for public safety purposes. The 9–11 Com-
- mission stated that this spectrum was necessary to
- improve communications between local, State and
- 16 Federal public safety organizations and public safety

- organizations operating in neighboring jurisdictions that may respond to an emergency in unison.
 - (2) Specifically, the 9–11 Commission report stated "The inability to communicate was a critical element at the World Trade Center, Pentagon and Somerset County, Pennsylvania, crash sites, where multiple agencies and multiple jurisdictions responded. The occurrence of this problem at three very different sites is strong evidence that compatible and adequate communications among public safety organizations at the local, State, and Federal levels remains an important problem.".
 - (3) In the Balanced Budget Act of 1997, the Congress directed the FCC to allocate spectrum currently being used by television broadcasters to public safety agencies to use for emergency communications. This spectrum has specific characteristics that make it an outstanding choice for emergency communications because signals sent over these frequencies are able to penetrate walls and travel great distances, and can assist multiple jurisdictions in deploying interoperable communications systems.
 - (4) This spectrum will not be fully available to public safety agencies until the completion of the digital television transition. The need for this spec-

- trum is greater than ever. The nation cannot risk further loss of life due to public safety agencies' first responders' inability to communicate effectively in the event of another terrorist act or other crisis, such as a hurricane, tornado, flood, or earthquake.
 - (5) In the Balanced Budget Act of 1997, Congress set a date of December 31, 2006, for the termination of the digital television transition. Under current law, however, the deadline will be extended if fewer than 85 percent of the television households in a market are able to continue receiving local television broadcast signals.
 - (6) Federal Communications Commission Chairman Michael K. Powell testified at a hearing before the Senate Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee on September 8, 2004, that, absent government action, this extension may allow the digital television transition to continue for "decades" or "multiples of decades".
 - (7) The Nation's public safety and welfare cannot be put off for "decades" or "multiples of decades". The Federal government should ensure that this spectrum is available for use by public safety organizations by January 1, 2009.

- (8) Any plan to end the digital television transi-tion would be incomplete if it did not ensure that consumers would be able to continue to enjoy overthe-air broadcast television with minimal disruption. If broadcasters air only a digital signal, some con-sumers may be unable to view digital transmissions using their analog-only television set. Local broad-casters are truly an important part of our homeland security and often an important communications ve-hicle in the event of a national emergency. There-fore, consumers who rely on over-the-air television, particularly those of limited economic means, should be assisted.
 - (9) The New America Foundation has testified before Congress that the cost to assist these 17.4 million exclusively over-the-air households to continue to view television is less than \$1 billion for equipment, which equates to roughly 3 percent of the Federal revenue likely from the auction of the analog television spectrum.
 - (10) Specifically, the New America Foundation has estimated that the Federal Government's auction of this spectrum could yield \$30-to-\$40 billion in revenue to the Treasury. Chairman Powell stated at the September 8, 2004, hearing that "estimates

of the value of that spectrum run anywhere from \$30 billion to \$70 billion".

(11) Additionally, there will be societal benefits with the return of the analog broadcast spectrum. Former FCC Chairman Reed F. Hundt, at an April 28, 2004, hearing before the Senate Commerce, Science, and Transportation Committee, testified that this spectrum "should be the fit and proper home of wireless broadband". Mr. Hundt continued, "Quite literally, [with this spectrum] the more millions of people in rural America will be able to afford Big Broadband Internet access, the more hundreds of millions of people in the world will be able to afford joining the Internet community.".

(12) Due to the benefits that would flow to the Nation's citizens from the Federal Government reclaiming this analog television spectrum—including the safety of our Nation's first responders and those protected by first responders, additional revenues to the Federal treasury, millions of new jobs in the telecommunications sector of the economy, and increased wireless broadband availability to our Nation's rural citizens—Congress finds it necessary to set January 1, 2009, as a firm date for the return of this analog television spectrum.

1	SEC. 3. SETTING A SPECIFIC DATE FOR THE AVAILABILITY
2	OF SPECTRUM FOR PUBLIC SAFETY ORGANI-
3	ZATIONS AND CRATING A DEADLINE FOR THE
4	TRANSITION TO DIGITAL TELEVISION.
5	(a) In General.—Section 309(j)(14) of the Commu-
6	nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)(14)) is amend-
7	ed_
8	(1) by striking "2006." in subparagraph (A)
9	and inserting "2008.";
10	(2) by striking subparagraph (B) and redesig-
11	nating subparagraphs (C) and (D) as subparagraphs
12	(B) and (C);
13	(3) by striking "subparagraph (A) or (B)," in
14	subparagraph (B), as redesignated, and inserting
15	"subparagraph (A),"; and
16	(4) by striking "subparagraph (C)(i)," in sub-
17	paragraph (C), as redesignated, and inserting "sub-
18	paragraph (B)(i),".
19	(b) CERTAIN COMMERCIAL USE SPECTRUM.—The
20	Commission shall assign the spectrum described in section
21	337(a)(2) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
22	337(a)(2)) allocated for commercial use by competitive
23	bidding pursuant to section 309(j) of that Act (47 U.S.C.
24	309(j)) no later than 1 year after the Commission trans-
25	mits the report required by section 4(a) to the Congress.

1	SEC. 3. PREVENTION OF DELAY IN REASSIGNMENT OF 24
2	MEGAHERTZ FOR PUBLIC SAFETY PURPOSES.
3	Section 309(j)(14) of the Communications Act of 1934
4	(47 U.S.C. $309(j)(14)$) is amended by adding at the end
5	the following:
6	"(E) Exception to 2006 deadline.—
7	``(i) Notwithstanding subparagraph
8	(B), the Commission shall not grant any ex-
9	tension under such subparagraph from the
10	limitation of subparagraph (A) with respect
11	to the frequencies assigned, pursuant to sec-
12	tion $337(a)(1)$, for public safety services.
13	The Commission shall take all actions nec-
14	essary to complete assignment of the electro-
15	magnetic spectrum between 764 and 776
16	megahertz and between 794 and 806 mega-
17	hertz for public safety services and to per-
18	mit operations by public safety services on
19	those frequencies commencing no later than
20	January 1, 2008.
21	"(ii) Beginning January 1, 2008, the
22	Commission may modify or reassign the li-
23	censes of licensees assigned to frequencies be-
24	tween 758 and 764 megahertz, 776 and 782
25	megahertz, and 788 and 794 megahertz as
26	necessary to permit operations by public

1	safety services on frequencies between 764
2	and 776 megahertz and between 794 and
3	806 megahertz.
4	"(iii) The Commission may waive the
5	requirements of clauses (i) and (ii) and
6	such other rules as necessary—
7	"(I) in the absence of a bona fide
8	request from relevant first responders
9	in the affected designated market area
10	(as that term is defined in section
11	122(j) of title 17, United States Code);
12	and
13	"(II) to the extent necessary to
14	avoid consumer disruption while maxi-
15	mizing the ability of relevant public
16	safety entities to use frequencies de-
17	scribed in this subparagraph in the af-
18	fected designated market area (as so
19	defined).".
20	SEC. 4. STUDIES OF COMMUNICATIONS CAPABILITIES AND
21	NEEDS.
22	(a) In General.—The Commission, in consultation
23	with the Secretary of Homeland Security, shall conduct
24	a study to assess strategies that may be used to meet pub-
25	lic safety communications needs, including—

- 1 (1) the short-term and long-term need for addi-2 tional spectrum allocation for Federal, State, and 3 local first responders, including an additional alloca-4 tion of spectrum in the 700 megaHertz band;
 - (2) the need for a nationwide interoperable broadband mobile communications network;
 - (3) the ability of public safety entities to utilize wireless broadband applications; and
- 9 (4) the communications capabilities of first re10 ceivers such as hospitals and health care workers,
 11 and current efforts to promote communications co12 ordination and training among the first responders
 13 and the first receivers.
- 14 (b) REALLOCATION STUDY.—The Commission shall conduct a study to assess the advisability of reallocating any amount of spectrum in the 700 megaHertz band for unlicensed broadband uses. In the study, the Commission shall consider all other possible users of this spectrum, including public safety.
- 20 (c) Report.—The Commission shall report the re-21 sults of the studies, together with any recommendations 22 it may have, to the Senate Committee on Commerce, 23 Science, and Transportation and the House of Represent-24 atives Committee on Energy and Commerce within 1 year 25 after the date of enactment of this Act.

7

1	SEC. 5. STATUTORY AUTHORITY FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF
2	HOMELAND SECURITY'S "SAFECOM" PRO-
3	GRAM.
4	Section 302 of the Homeland Security Act of 2002
5	(6 U.S.C. 182) is amended—
6	(1) by inserting "(a) In General.—" before
7	"The"; and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(b) SAFECOM AUTHORIZED.—
10	"(1) In general.—In carrying out subsection
11	(a), the Under Secretary shall establish a program
12	to address the interoperability of communications
13	devices used by Federal, State, tribal, and local first
14	responders, to be known as the Wireless Public Safe-
15	ty Interoperability Communications Program, or
16	'SAFECOM'. The Under Secretary shall coordinate
17	the program with the Director of the Department of
18	Justice's Office of Science and Technology and all
19	other Federal programs engaging in communications
20	interoperability research, development, and funding
21	activities to ensure that the program takes into ac-
22	count, and does not duplicate, those programs or ac-
23	tivities.
24	"(2) Components.—The program established
25	under paragraph (1) shall be designed—

1	"(A) to provide research on the develop-
2	ment of a communications system architecture
3	that would ensure the interoperability of com-
4	munications devices among Federal, State, trib-
5	al, and local officials that would enhance the
6	potential for a coordinated response to a na-
7	tional emergency;
8	"(B) to support the completion and pro-
9	mote the adoption of mutually compatible vol-
10	untary consensus standards developed by a
11	standards development organization accredited
12	by the American National Standards Institute
13	to ensure such interoperability; and
14	"(C) to provide for the development of a
15	model strategic plan that could be used by any
16	State or region in developing its communica-
17	tions interoperability plan.
18	"(3) Authorization of appropriations.—
19	There are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
20	retary to carry out this subsection—
21	"(A) \$22,105,000 for fiscal year 2005;
22	"(B) \$22,768,000 for fiscal year 2006;
23	"(C) \$23,451,000 for fiscal year 2007;
24	"(D) \$24,155,000 for fiscal year 2008;
25	and

1	"(E) $$24,879,000$ for fiscal year 2009.
2	"(c) National Baseline Study of Public Safe-
3	TY COMMUNICATIONS INTEROPERABILITY.—By December
4	31, 2005, the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for
5	Science and Technology shall complete a study to develop
6	a national baseline for communications interoperability
7	and develop common grant guidance for all Federal grant
8	programs that provide communications-related resources
9	or assistance to State and local agencies, any Federal pro-
10	grams conducting demonstration projects, providing tech-
11	nical assistance, providing outreach services, providing
12	standards development assistance, or conducting research
13	and development with the public safety community with
14	respect to wireless communications. The Under Secretary
15	shall transmit a report to the Senate Committee on Com-
16	merce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Rep-
17	resentatives Committee on Energy and Commerce con-
18	taining the Under Secretary's findings, conclusions, and
19	recommendations from the study.".
20	SEC. 6. GRANT PROGRAM TO PROVIDE ENHANCED INTER-
21	OPERABILITY OF COMMUNICATIONS FOR
22	FIRST RESPONDERS.
23	(a) In General.—The Secretary of Homeland Secu-
24	rity shall establish a program to help State, local, tribal,
25	and regional first responders acquire and deploy interoper-

- 1 able communications equipment, purchase such equip-
- 2 ment, and train personnel in the use of such equipment.
- 3 The Secretary, in cooperation with the heads of other Fed-
- 4 eral departments and agencies who administer programs
- 5 that provide communications-related assistance programs
- 6 to State, local, and tribal public safety organizations, shall
- 7 develop and implement common standards to the greatest
- 8 extent practicable.
- 9 (b) APPLICATIONS.—To be eligible for assistance
- 10 under the program, a State, local, tribal, or regional first
- 11 responder agency shall submit an application, at such
- 12 time, in such form, and containing such information as
- 13 the Under Secretary of Homeland Security for Science
- 14 and Technology may require, including—
- 15 (1) a detailed explanation of how assistance re-
- 16 ceived under the program would be used to improve
- 17 local communications interoperability and ensure
- interoperability with other appropriate Federal,
- 19 State, local, tribal, and regional agencies in a re-
- 20 gional or national emergency;
- 21 (2) assurance that the equipment and system
- 22 would—
- 23 (A) not be incompatible with the commu-
- 24 nications architecture developed under section

1	302(b)(2)(A) of the Homeland Security Act of
2	2002;
3	(B) would meet any voluntary consensus
4	standards developed under section 302(b)(2)(B)
5	of that Act; and
6	(C) be consistent with the common grant
7	guidance established under section 302(b)(3) of
8	the Homeland Security Act of 2002.
9	(c) Grants.—The Under Secretary shall review ap-
10	plications submitted under subsection (b). The Secretary,
11	pursuant to an application approved by the Under Sec-
12	retary, may make the assistance provided under the pro-
13	gram available in the form of a single grant for a period
14	of not more than 3 years.
15	SEC. 7. DIGITAL TRANSITION PUBLIC SAFETY COMMUNICA-
16	TIONS GRANT AND CONSUMER ASSISTANCE
17	FUND.
18	(a) In General.—There is established on the books
19	of the Treasury a separate fund to be known as the "Dig-
20	
	ital Transition Consumer Assistance Fund", which shall
21	
21 22	ital Transition Consumer Assistance Fund", which shall
	ital Transition Consumer Assistance Fund', which shall be administered by the Secretary, in consultation with the
22	ital Transition Consumer Assistance Fund", which shall be administered by the Secretary, in consultation with the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications and

of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
 309(j)(8)(D)).

(c) Fund Availability.—

(1) Appropriations.—

- (A) Consumer assistance program.—
 There are appropriated to the Secretary from the Fund such sums, not to exceed \$1,000,000,000, as are required to carry out the program established under section 8 of this Act.
- (B) PSO GRANT PROGRAM.—To the extent that amounts available in the Fund exceed the amount required to carry out that program, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of Homeland Security, such sums as are required to carry out the program established under section 6 of this Act, not to exceed an amount, determined by the Director of the Office of Management and Budget, on the basis of the findings of the National Baseline Interoperability study conducted by the SAFECOM Office of the Department of Homeland Security.
- 24 (2) REVERSION OF UNUSED FUNDS.—Any auc-25 tion proceeds in the Fund that are remaining after

- 1 the date on which the programs under section 6 and
- 2 8 of this Act terminate, as determined by the Sec-
- 3 retary of Homeland Security and the Secretary of
- 4 Commerce respectively, shall revert to and be depos-
- 5 ited in the general fund of the Treasury.
- 6 (d) Deposit of Auction Proceeds.—Paragraph
- 7 (8) of section 309(j) of the Communications Act of 1934
- 8 (47 U.S.C. 309(j)) is amended—
- 9 (1) by inserting "or subparagraph (D)" in sub-
- paragraph (A) after "subparagraph (B)"; and
- 11 (2) by adding at the end the following new sub-
- paragraph:
- 13 "(D) Disposition of Cash Proceeds
- 14 FROM AUCTION OF CHANNELS 52 THROUGH
- 15 69.—Cash proceeds attributable to the auction
- of any eligible frequencies between 698 and 806
- megaHertz on the electromagnetic spectrum
- 18 conducted after the date of enactment of the
- 19 SAVE LIVES Act shall be deposited in the
- 20 Digital Transition Consumer Assistance Fund
- established under section 7 of that Act.".

22 SEC. 8. DIGITAL TRANSITION PROGRAM.

- 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, in consultation
- 24 with the Commission and the Director of the Office of

- Management and Budget, shall establish a program to as-2 sist households— 3 (1) in the purchase or other acquisition of digital-to-analog converter devices that will enable tele-5 vision sets that operate only with analog signal proc-6 essing to continue to operate when receiving a dig-7 ital signal; 8 (2) in the payment of a one-time installation fee 9 (not in excess of the industry average fee for the 10 date, locale, and structure involved, as determined 11 by the Secretary) for installing the equipment re-12 quired for residential reception of services provided 13 by a multichannel video programming distributor (as 14 defined in section 602(13) of the Communications 15 Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 602(13)); or 16 (3) in the purchase of any other device that will 17 enable the household to receive over-the-air digital 18 television broadcast signals, but in an amount not in 19 excess of the average per-household assistance pro-
- (b) PROGRAM CRITERIA.—The Secretary shall ensure
 that the program established under subsection (a)—

vided under paragraphs (1) and (2).

23 (1) becomes publicly available no later than 24 January 1, 2008;

1	(2) gives first priority to assisting lower income
2	households (as determined by the Director of the
3	Bureau of the Census for statistical reporting pur-
4	poses) who rely exclusively on over-the-air television
5	broadcasts;
6	(3) gives second priority to assisting other
7	households who rely exclusively on over-the-air tele-
8	vision broadcasts;
9	(4) is technologically neutral; and
10	(5) is conducted at the lowest feasible adminis-
11	trative cost.
12	SEC. 9. LABEL REQUIREMENT FOR ANALOG TELEVISION
13	SETS.
13 14	sets. (a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communica-
14	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communica-
14 15	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding
141516	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding at the end the following:
14151617	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(z) Require that any apparatus described in para-
14 15 16 17 18	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(z) Require that any apparatus described in paragraph (s) sold or offered for sale in or affecting interstate
141516171819	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(z) Require that any apparatus described in paragraph (s) sold or offered for sale in or affecting interstate commerce after September 30, 2005, that is incapable of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(z) Require that any apparatus described in paragraph (s) sold or offered for sale in or affecting interstate commerce after September 30, 2005, that is incapable of receiving and displaying a digital television broadcast sig-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(z) Require that any apparatus described in paragraph (s) sold or offered for sale in or affecting interstate commerce after September 30, 2005, that is incapable of receiving and displaying a digital television broadcast signal without the use of an external device that translates
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) In General.—Section 303 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 303) is amended by adding at the end the following: "(z) Require that any apparatus described in paragraph (s) sold or offered for sale in or affecting interstate commerce after September 30, 2005, that is incapable of receiving and displaying a digital television broadcast signal without the use of an external device that translates digital television broadcast signals into analog television

- 1 of displaying over-the-air television broadcast signals re-
- 2 ceived after December 31, 2008, without the purchase of
- 3 additional equipment.".
- 4 (b) Shipment Prohibited.—Section 330 of the
- 5 Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 330) is amend-
- 6 ed—
- 7 (1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
- 8 section (e); and
- 9 (2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
- 10 lowing:
- 11 "(d) Shipment of Unlabeled Obsolescent Tel-
- 12 EVISION SETS.—No person shall ship in interstate com-
- 13 merce or manufacture in the United States any apparatus
- 14 described in section 303(s) of this Act except in accord-
- 15 ance with rules prescribed by the Commission under sec-
- 16 tion 303(z) of this Act.".
- 17 (c) Point of Sale Warning.—The Commission, in
- 18 consultation with the Federal Trade Commission, shall re-
- 19 quire the display at, or in close proximity to, any commer-
- 20 cial retail sales display of television sets described in sec-
- 21 tion 303(z) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
- 22 U.S.C. 303(z)) sold or offered for sale in or affecting
- 23 interstate commerce after September 30, 2005, of a print-
- 24 ed notice that clearly and conspicuously states that the
- 25 sets will be incapable of displaying over-the-air television

1	broadcast signals received after December 31, 2008, with-
2	out the purchase or lease of additional equipment.
3	SEC. 10. REPORT ON CONSUMER EDUCATION PROGRAM RE-
4	QUIREMENTS.
5	Within 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act,
6	the Assistant Secretary of Commerce for Communications
7	and Information, after consultation with the Commission,
8	shall transmit a report to the Senate Committee on Com-
9	merce, Science, and Transportation and the House of Rep-
10	resentatives Committee on Energy and Commerce con-
11	taining recommendations with respect to—
12	(1) an effective program to educate consumers
13	about the transition to digital television broadcast
14	signals and the impact of that transition on con-
15	sumers' choices of equipment to receive such signals;
16	(2) the need, if any, for Federal funding for
17	such a program;
18	(3) the date of commencement and duration of
19	such a program; and
20	(4) what department or agency should have the
21	lead responsibility for conducting such a program.
22	SEC. 11. FCC TO ISSUE DECISION IN CERTAIN PRO-
23	CEEDINGS.
24	(a) In General.—The Commission shall issue a final
25	decision before—

- 1 (1) January 1, 2005, in the Matter of Carriage
- 2 of Digital Television Broadcast Signals; Amend-
- ments to Part 76 of the Commission's Rules, CS
- 4 Docket No. 98–120;
- 5 (2) January 1, 2005, in the Matter of Public
- 6 Interest Obligations of TV Broadcast Licensees, MM
- 7 Docket No. 99–360; and
- 8 (3) January 1, 2006, in the Implementation of
- 9 the Satellite Home Viewer Improvement Act of
- 10 1999; Local Broadcast Signal Carriage Issues, CS
- 11 Docket No. 00–96.
- 12 (b) Minimum Quantitative Locally Originated
- 13 Programming Guidelines.—In the proceeding described
- 14 in subsection (a)(2), the Commission shall establish min-
- 15 imum quantitative guidelines for locally originated pro-
- 16 gramming, local electoral and public affairs programming,
- 17 and independently produced programming for television
- 18 broadcast licensees. In its review of any application for re-
- 19 newal of a commercial or noncommercial digital television
- 20 broadcast license, the Commission shall consider the extent
- 21 to which the applicant or licensee has complied with such
- 22 guidelines.
- 23 SEC. 12. DEFINITIONS.
- 24 In this Act:

1	(1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
2	means the Federal Communications Commission.
3	(2) Fund.—The term "Fund" means the Dig-
4	ital Transition Consumer Assistance Fund estab-
5	lished by section 7.
6	(3) Secretary.—Except where otherwise ex-
7	pressly provided, the term "Secretary" means the
8	Secretary of Commerce.

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