## 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## S. 1822

To require disclosure of financial relationships between brokers and mutual fund companies and of certain brokerage commissions paid by mutual fund companies.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 5, 2003

Mr. Akaka (for himself, Mr. Fitzgerald, and Mr. Lieberman) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

## A BILL

- To require disclosure of financial relationships between brokers and mutual fund companies and of certain brokerage commissions paid by mutual fund companies.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Mutual Fund Trans-
  - 5 parency Act of 2003".

1	SEC. 2. DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL RELATIONSHIPS BE-
2	TWEEN BROKERS AND MUTUAL FUND COM-
3	PANIES.
4	(a) In General.—Section 15(b) of the Securities
5	Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o(b)) is amended by
6	adding at the end the following:
7	"(11) Confirmation of transactions for
8	MUTUAL FUNDS.—
9	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each broker shall dis-
10	close in writing to customers that purchase the
11	shares of an open-end company registered
12	under section 8 of the Investment Company Act
13	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-8)—
14	"(i) the amount of any compensation
15	received or to be received by the broker in
16	connection with such transaction from any
17	sources; and
18	"(ii) such other information as the
19	Commission determines appropriate.
20	"(B) Timing of disclosure.—The dis-
21	closure required under subparagraph (A) shall
22	be made to a customer not later than as of the
23	date of the completion of the transaction.
24	"(C) Limitation.—The disclosures re-
25	quired under subparagraph (A) may not be
26	made exclusively in—

1	"(i) a registration statement or pro-
2	spectus of an open-end company; or
3	"(ii) any other filing of an open-end
4	company with the Commission.
5	"(D) Commission Authority.—
6	"(i) In General.—The Commission
7	shall promulgate such rules as are nec-
8	essary to carry out this paragraph not
9	later than 1 year after the date of enact-
10	ment of the Mutual Fund Transparency
11	Act of 2003.
12	"(ii) Form of disclosure.—Disclo-
13	sures under this paragraph shall be in
14	such form as the Commission, by rule,
15	shall require.
16	"(E) Definition.—In this paragraph, the
17	term 'open-end company' has the same meaning
18	as in section 5 of the Investment Company Act
19	of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-5).".
20	(b) Disclosure of Brokerage Commissions.—
21	Section 30 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
22	U.S.C. 80a-29) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
23	lowing:
24	"(k) Disclosure of Brokerage Commissions.—
25	The Commission, by rule, shall require that brokerage

1	commissions as an aggregate dollar amount and percent-
2	age of assets paid by an open-end company be included
3	in any disclosure of the amount of fees and expenses that
4	may be payable by the holder of the securities of such com-
5	pany for purposes of—
6	(1) the registration statement of that open-end
7	company; and
8	"(2) any other filing of that open-end company
9	with the Commission, including the calculation of ex-
10	pense ratios.".
11	SEC. 3. MUTUAL FUND GOVERNANCE.
12	(a) Independent Fund Boards.—Section 10(a) of
13	the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-
14	10(a)) is amended—
15	(1) by striking "shall have" and inserting the
16	following: "shall—
17	"(1) have";
18	(2) by striking "60 per centum" and inserting
19	"25 percent";
20	(3) by striking the period at the end and insert-
21	ing a semicolon; and
22	(4) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(2) have as chairman of its board of directors
24	an interested person of such registered company; or

1 "(3) have as a member of its board of directors 2 any person that is an interested person of such reg-3 istered investment company—

- "(A) who has served without being approved or elected by the shareholders of such registered investment company at least once every 5 years; and
- "(B) unless such director has been found, on an annual basis, by a majority of the directors who are not interested persons, after reasonable inquiry by such directors, not to have any material business or familial relationship with the registered investment company, a significant service provider to the company, or any entity controlling, controlled by, or under common control with such service provider, that is likely to impair the independence of the director.".
- (b) ACTION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS.—Section
  10 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
  11 80a-10) is amended by adding at the end the following:
  (i) ACTION BY BOARD OF DIRECTORS.—No action
  12 taken by the board of directors of a registered investment
  13 company may require the vote of a director who is an in14 terested person of such registered investment company.

1	"(j) Independent Committee.—
2	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The members of the board
3	of directors of a registered investment company who
4	are not interested persons of such registered invest-
5	ment company shall establish a committee comprised
6	solely of such members, which committee shall be re-
7	sponsible for—
8	"(A) selecting persons to be nominated for
9	election to the board of directors; and
10	"(B) adopting qualification standards for
11	the nomination of directors.
12	"(2) DISCLOSURE.—The standards developed
13	under paragraph (1)(B) shall be disclosed in the reg-
14	istration statement of the registered investment com-
15	pany.".
16	(c) Definition of Interested Person.—Section
17	2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
18	U.S.C. 80a-2) is amended—
19	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
20	(A) in clause (iv), by striking "two" and
21	inserting "5"; and
22	(B) by striking clause (vii) and inserting
23	the following:
24	"(vii) any natural person who has
25	served as an officer or director, or as an

1	employee within the preceding 10 fiscal
2	years, of an investment adviser or principal
3	underwriter to such registered investment
4	company, or of any entity controlling, con-
5	trolled by, or under common control with
6	such investment adviser or principal under-
7	writer;
8	"(viii) any natural person who has
9	served as an officer or director, or as an
10	employee within the preceding 10 fiscal
11	years, of any entity that has within the
12	preceding 5 fiscal years acted as a signifi-
13	cant service provider to such registered in-
14	vestment company, or of any entity con-
15	trolling, controlled by, or under the com-
16	mon control with such service provider;
17	"(ix) any natural person who is a
18	member of a class of persons that the
19	Commission, by rule or regulation, deter-
20	mines is unlikely to exercise an appropriate
21	degree of independence as a result of—
22	"(I) a material business relation-
23	ship with the investment company or
24	an affiliated person of such invest-
25	ment company;

1	"(II) a close familial relationship
2	with any natural person who is an af-
3	filiated person of such investment
4	company; or
5	"(III) any other reason deter-
6	mined by the Commission.";
7	(2) in subparagraph (B)—
8	(A) in clause (iv), by striking "two" and
9	inserting "5"; and
10	(B) by striking clause (vii) and inserting
11	the following:
12	"(vii) any natural person who is a
13	member of a class of persons that the
14	Commission, by rule or regulation, deter-
15	mines is unlikely to exercise an appropriate
16	degree of independence as a result of—
17	"(I) a material business relation-
18	ship with such investment adviser or
19	principal underwriter or affiliated per-
20	son of such investment adviser or
21	principal underwriter;
22	"(II) a close familial relationship
23	with any natural person who is an af-
24	filiated person of such investment ad-
25	viser or principal underwriter; or

1	"(III) any other reason as deter-
2	mined by the Commission.".
3	(d) Definition of Significant Service Pro-
4	VIDER.—Section 2(a) of the Investment Company Act of
5	1940 is amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"(53) Significant service provider.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270
8	days after the date of enactment of the Mutual
9	Fund Transparency Act of 2003, the Securities
10	and Exchange Commission shall issue final
11	rules defining the term 'significant service pro-
12	vider'.
13	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—The definition de-
14	veloped under paragraph (1) shall include, at a
15	minimum, the investment adviser and principal
16	underwriter of a registered investment company
17	for purposes of paragraph (19).".
18	(e) Study.—
19	(1) In General.—The Securities and Ex-
20	change Commission shall conduct a study to deter-
21	mine whether the best interests of investors in mu-
22	tual funds would be served by the creation of a Mu-
23	tual Fund Oversight Board that—

1	(A) has inspection, examination, and en-
2	forcement authority over mutual fund boards of
3	directors;
4	(B) is funded by assessments against mu-
5	tual fund assets;
6	(C) the members of which are selected by
7	the Securities and Exchange Commission; and
8	(D) has rulemaking authority.
9	(2) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
10	date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Ex-
11	change Commission shall submit a report on the
12	study required under paragraph (1) to—
13	(A) the Committee on Banking, Housing,
14	and Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
15	(B) the Committee on Financial Services
16	of the House of Representatives.
17	SEC. 4. PORTFOLIO MANAGER COMPENSATION.
18	Not later than 270 days after the date of enactment
19	of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall
20	prescribe rules under the Investment Company Act of
21	1940, requiring that a registered investment company dis-
22	close the structure of, or method used to determine, the
23	compensation of—

1	(1) individuals employed by the investment ad-
2	viser of the company to manage the portfolio of the
3	company; and
4	(2) the ownership interest of such individuals in
5	the securities of the registered investment company.
6	SEC. 5. FINANCIAL LITERACY AMONG MUTUAL FUND IN-
7	VESTORS STUDY.
8	(a) In General.—The Securities and Exchange
9	Commission shall conduct a study to identify—
10	(1) the existing level of financial literacy among
11	investors that purchase shares of open-end compa-
12	nies, as such term is defined under section 5 of the
13	Investment Company Act of 1940, that are reg-
14	istered under section 8 of such Act;
15	(2) the most useful and understandable relevant
16	information that investors need to make sound fi-
17	nancial decisions prior to purchasing such shares;
18	(3) methods to increase the transparency of ex-
19	penses and potential conflicts of interest in trans-
20	actions involving the shares of open-end companies;
21	(4) the existing private and public efforts to
22	educate investors; and
23	(5) a strategy to increase the financial literacy
24	of investors that results in a positive change in in-
25	vestor hehavior

1	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
2	of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange
3	Commission shall submit a report on the study required
4	under subsection (a) to—
5	(1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
6	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
7	(2) the Committee on Financial Services of the
8	House of Representatives.
9	SEC. 6. STUDY REGARDING MUTUAL FUND ADVERTISING.
10	(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the
11	United States shall conduct a study on mutual fund adver-
12	tising to identify—
13	(1) existing and proposed regulatory require-
14	ments for open-end investment company advertise-
15	ments;
16	(2) current marketing practices for the sale of
17	open-end investment company shares, including the
18	use of unsustainable past performance data, funds
19	that have merged, and incubator funds;
20	(3) the impact of such advertising on con-
21	sumers;
22	(4) recommendations to improve investor pro-
23	tections in mutual fund advertising and additional
24	information necessary to ensure that investors can

make informed financial decisions when purchasing 1 2 shares. 3 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit a report on the results of the study conducted under subsection (a) to— 6 7 (1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the United States Senate; and 8 9 (2) the Committee on Financial Services of the

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House of Representatives.

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