108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. 1278

To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for a public response to the public health crisis of pain, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

JUNE 18, 2003

Mr. WYDEN, (for himself, Mr. SMITH, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, and Mr. BREAUX) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Health, Education, and Labor, and Pensions

A BILL

- To amend the Public Health Service Act to provide for a public response to the public health crisis of pain, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Conquering Pain Act of 2003".
- 6 (b) TABLE OF CONTENTS.—The table of contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title. Sec. 2. Findings.

Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—EMERGENCY RESPONSE TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH CRISIS OF PAIN

- Sec. 101. Guidelines for the treatment of pain.
- Sec. 102. Patient expectations to have pain and symptom management.
- Sec. 103. Quality improvement projects.
- Sec. 104. Pain coverage quality evaluation and information.
- Sec. 105. Surgeon General's report.

TITLE II—DEVELOPING COMMUNITY RESOURCES

Sec. 201. Family support networks in pain and symptom management.

TITLE III—REIMBURSEMENT BARRIERS

Sec. 301. Reimbursement barriers report.

Sec. 302. Insurance coverage of pain and symptom management.

TITLE IV—IMPROVING FEDERAL COORDINATION OF POLICY, RESEARCH, AND INFORMATION

- Sec. 401. Advisory Committee on Pain and Symptom Management.
- Sec. 402. Institutes of Medicine report on controlled substance regulation and the use of pain medications.
- Sec. 403. Conference on pain research and care.

TITLE V—DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS

Sec. 501. Provider performance standards for improvement in pain and symptom management.

Sec. 502. End of life care demonstration projects.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

- 2 Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) pain is often left untreated or under-treated
- 4 especially among older patients, African Americans,

5 Hispanics and other minorities, and children;

- 6 (2) chronic pain is a public health problem af7 fecting at least 50,000,000 Americans through some
 8 form of persisting or recurring symptom;
- 9 (3) 40 to 50 percent of patients experience
 10 moderate to severe pain at least half the time in
 11 their last days of life;

(4) 70 to 80 percent of cancer patients experi ence significant pain during their illness;

3 (5) one in 7 nursing home residents experience
4 persistent pain that may diminish their quality of
5 life;

6 (6) despite the best intentions of physicians, 7 nurses, pharmacists, and other health care profes-8 sionals, pain is often under-treated because of the 9 inadequate training of clinicians in pain manage-10 ment;

(7) despite the best intentions of physicians,
nurses, pharmacists, mental health professionals,
and other health care professionals, pain and symptom management is often suboptimal because the
health care system has focused on cure of disease
rather than the management of a patient's pain and
other symptoms;

18 (8) the technology and scientific basis to ade-19 quately manage most pain is known;

20 (9) pain should be considered the fifth vital21 sign; and

(10) coordination of Federal efforts is needed to
improve access to high quality effective pain and
symptom management in order to assure the needs

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of chronic pain patients and those who are termi nally ill are met.

3 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

4 In this Act:

5 (1) CHRONIC PAIN.—The term "chronic pain" 6 means a pain state that is persistent and in which 7 the cause of the pain cannot be removed or other-8 wise alleviated. Such term includes pain that may be 9 associated with long-term incurable or intractable 10 medical conditions or disease.

(2) END OF LIFE CARE.—The term "end of life
care" means a range of services, including hospice
care, provided to a patient, in the final stages of his
or her life, who is suffering from 1 or more conditions for which treatment toward a cure or reasonable improvement is not possible, and whose focus of
care is palliative rather than curative.

(3) FAMILY SUPPORT NETWORK.—The term
"family support network" means an association of 2
or more individuals or entities in a collaborative effort to develop multi-disciplinary integrated patient
care approaches that involve medical staff and ancillary services to provide support to chronic pain patients and patients at the end of life and their care-

1	givers across a broad range of settings in which pain
2	management might be delivered.
3	(4) HOSPICE.—The term "hospice care" has
4	the meaning given such term in section $1861(dd)(1)$
5	of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395x(dd)(1)).
6	(5) Medication therapy management serv-
7	ICES.—The term "medication therapy management
8	services" means consultations with a physician or
9	other health care professional (including a phar-
10	macist) who is practicing within the scope of the
11	professional's license, concerning a patient which re-
12	sults in—
13	(A) a change in the drug regimen of the
14	patient to avoid an adverse drug interaction
15	with another drug or disease state;
16	(B) a change in inappropriate drug dosage
17	or dosage form with respect to the patient;
18	(C) discontinuing an unnecessary or harm-
19	ful medication with respect to the patient;
20	(D) an initiation of medication therapy for
21	a medical condition of the patient;
22	(E) consultation with the patient or a care-
23	giver in a manner that results in a significant

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1	(F) patient and caregiver understanding of
2	the appropriate use and adherence to medica-
3	tion therapy.
4	(6) PAIN AND SYMPTOM MANAGEMENT.—The
5	term "pain and symptom management" means serv-
6	ices provided to relieve physical or psychological pain
7	or suffering, including any 1 or more of the fol-
8	lowing physical complaints—
9	(A) weakness and fatigue;
10	(B) shortness of breath;
11	(C) nausea and vomiting;
12	(D) diminished appetite;
13	(E) wasting of muscle mass;
14	(F) difficulty in swallowing;
15	(G) bowel problems;
16	(H) dry mouth;
17	(I) failure of lymph drainage resulting in
18	tissue swelling;
19	(J) confusion;
20	(K) dementia;
21	(L) delirium;
22	(M) anxiety;
23	(N) depression; and
24	(O) other related symptoms.

1	(7) PALLIATIVE CARE.—The term "palliative
2	care" means the total care of patients whose disease
3	is not responsive to curative treatment, the goal of
4	which is to provide the best quality of life for such
5	patients and their families. Such care—
6	(A) may include the control of pain and of
7	other symptoms, including psychological, social
8	and spiritual problems;
9	(B) affirms life and regards dying as a
10	normal process;
11	(C) provides relief from pain and other dis-
12	tressing symptoms;
13	(D) integrates the psychological and spir-
14	itual aspects of patient care;
15	(E) offers a support system to help pa-
16	tients live as actively as possible until death;
17	and
18	(F) offers a support system to help the
19	family cope during the patient's illness and in
20	their own bereavement.
21	(8) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
22	the Secretary of Health and Human Services.

1TITLEI—EMERGENCYRE-2SPONSETOTHEPUBLIC3HEALTH CRISIS OF PAIN

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4 SEC. 101. GUIDELINES FOR THE TREATMENT OF PAIN.

5 (a) DEVELOPMENT OF WEBSITE.—Not later than 2 months after the date of enactment of this Act, the Sec-6 retary, acting through the Agency for Healthcare Re-7 8 search and Quality, shall develop and maintain an Internet 9 website to provide information to individuals, health care 10 practitioners, and health facilities concerning evidence-11 based practice guidelines developed for the treatment of physical and psychological pain. Websites in existence on 12 13 such date may be used if such websites meet the require-14 ments of this section.

15 (b) REQUIREMENTS.—The website established under16 subsection (a) shall—

17 (1) be designed to be quickly referenced by18 health care practitioners; and

19 (2) provide for the updating of guidelines as20 scientific data warrants.

21 (c) Provider Access to Guidelines.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—In establishing the website
under subsection (a), the Secretary shall ensure that
health care facilities have made the website known
to health care practitioners and that the website is

1	aggily available to all backth same nameous al association
1	easily available to all health care personnel providing
2	care or services at a health care facility.
3	(2) Use of certain equipment.—In making
4	the information described in paragraph (1) available
5	to health care personnel, the facility involved shall—
6	(A) ensure that such personnel have access
7	to the website through the computer equipment
8	of the facility;
9	(B) carry out efforts to inform personnel
10	at the facility of the location of such equipment;
11	and
12	(C) ensure that patients, caregivers, and
13	support groups are provided with access to the
14	website.
15	(3) RURAL AREAS.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—A health care facility,
17	particularly a facility located in a rural or un-
18	derserved area, without access to the Internet
19	shall provide an alternative means of providing
20	practice guideline information to all health care
21	personnel.
22	(B) ALTERNATIVE MEANS.—The Secretary
23	shall determine appropriate alternative means
24	by which a health care facility may make avail-
25	able practice guideline information on a 24-hour

1 basis, 7 days a week if the facility does not 2 have Internet access. The criteria for adopting 3 such alternative means should be clear in per-4 mitting facilities to develop alternative means 5 without placing a significant financial burden 6 on the facility and in permitting flexibility for 7 facilities to develop alternative means of making 8 guidelines available. Such criteria shall be pub-9 lished in the Federal Register.

10sec. 102. Patient expectations to have pain and11symptom management.

12 (a) IN GENERAL.—The administrator of each of the 13 programs described in subsection (b) shall ensure that, as part of any informational materials provided to individuals 14 15 under such programs, such materials shall include information, where relevant, to inform such individuals that 16 17 they should expect to have their pain assessed and should expect to be provided with effective pain and symptom re-18 19 lief, when receiving benefits under such program.

20 (b) PROGRAMS.—The programs described in this sub-21 section shall include—

(1) the medicare and medicaid programs under
titles XIX and XXI of the Social Security Act (42
U.S.C. 1935 et seq., 1936 et seq.);

1	(2) programs carried out through the Public
2	Health Service;
3	(3) programs carried out through the Indian
4	Health Service;
5	(4) programs carried out through health centers
6	under section 330 of the Public Health Service Act
7	(42 U.S.C. 254b);
8	(5) the Federal Employee Health Benefits Pro-
9	gram under title 5, United States Code;
10	(6) the Civilian Health and Medical Program of
11	the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS) as defined in
12	section 1073(4) of title 10, United States Code; and
13	(7) other programs administered by the Sec-
14	retary.
15	SEC. 103. QUALITY IMPROVEMENT EDUCATION PROJECTS.
16	The Secretary shall provide funds for the implemen-
17	tation of special education projects, in as many States as
18	is practicable, to be carried out by peer review organiza-
19	tions of the type described in section 1152 of the Social
20	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1320c–1) to improve the quality

of pain and symptom management. Such projects shall

place an emphasis on improving pain and symptom man-

agement at the end of life, and may also include efforts

24 to increase the quality of services delivered to chronic pain

1	patients and the chronically ill for whom pain may be a
2	significant symptom.
3	SEC. 104. PAIN COVERAGE QUALITY EVALUATION AND IN-
4	FORMATION.
5	(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1851(d)(4) of the Social
6	Security Act (42 U.S.C. 42 U.S.C. 1395w-21(d)(4)) is
7	amended—
8	(1) in subparagraph (A), by adding at the end
9	the following:
10	"(ix) The organization's coverage of
11	pain and symptom management."; and
12	(2) in subparagraph (D)—
13	(A) in clause (iii), by striking "and" at the
14	end;
15	(B) in clause (iv), by striking the period
16	and inserting ", and"; and
17	(C) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(v) not later than 2 years after the
19	date of enactment of this clause, an eval-
20	uation (which may be made part of any
21	other relevant report of quality evaluation
22	that the plan is required to prepare) for
23	the plan (updated annually) that indicates
24	the performance of the plan with respect to
25	access to, and quality of, pain and symp-

tom management, including such manage ment as part of end of life care. Data shall
 be posted in a comparable manner for con sumer use on www.medicare.gov.".

5 (b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
6 paragraph (1) apply to information provided with respect
7 to annual, coordinated election periods (as defined in sec8 tion 1851(e)(3)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
9 1395–21(e)(3)(B)) beginning after the date of enactment
10 of this Act.

11 SEC. 105. SURGEON GENERAL'S REPORT.

Not later than October 1, 2004, the Surgeon General
shall prepare and submit to the appropriate committees
of Congress and the public, a report concerning the state
of pain and symptom management in the United States.
The report shall include—

(1) a description of the legal and regulatory
barriers that may exist at the Federal and State levels to providing adequate pain and symptom management;

21 (2) an evaluation of provider competency in22 providing pain and symptom management;

23 (3) an identification of vulnerable populations,
24 including children, advanced elderly, non-English
25 speakers, and minorities, who may be likely to be

1	underserved or may face barriers to access to pain
2	management and recommendations to improve ac-
3	cess to pain management for these populations;
4	(4) an identification of barriers that may exist
5	in providing pain and symptom management in
6	health care settings, including assisted living facili-
7	ties;
8	(5) an identification of patient and family atti-
9	tudes that may exist which pose barriers in access-
10	ing pain and symptom management or in the proper
11	use of pain medications;
12	(6) an evaluation of medical, nursing, and phar-
13	macy school training and residency training for pain
14	and symptom management;
15	(7) a review of continuing medical education
16	programs in pain and symptom management; and
17	(8) a description of the use of and access to
18	mental health services for patients in pain and pa-
19	tients at the end of life.
20	TITLE II—DEVELOPING
21	COMMUNITY RESOURCES
22	SEC. 201. FAMILY SUPPORT NETWORKS IN PAIN AND SYMP-
23	TOM MANAGEMENT.
24	(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary, acting
25	through the Public Health Service, shall award grants for

the establishment of 6 National Family Support Networks 1 2 in Pain and Symptom Management (in this section referred to as the "Networks") to serve as national models 3 4 for improving the access and quality of pain and symptom 5 management to chronic pain patients (including chronically ill patients for whom pain is a significant symptom) 6 7 and those individuals in need of pain and symptom man-8 agement at the end of life and to provide assistance to 9 family members and caregivers.

- 10 (b) ELIGIBILITY AND DISTRIBUTION.—
- (1) ELIGIBILITY.—To be eligible to receive a
 grant under subsection (a), an entity shall—
- (A) be an academic facility or other entity
 that has demonstrated an effective approach to
 training health care providers including mental
 health professionals concerning pain and symptom management and palliative care services;
 and
- (B) prepare and submit to the Secretary
 an application (to be peer reviewed by a committee established by the Secretary), at such
 time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

1	(2) DISTRIBUTION.—In providing for the estab-
2	lishment of Networks under subsection (a), the Sec-
3	retary shall ensure that—
4	(A) the geographic distribution of such
5	Networks reflects a balance between rural and
6	urban needs; and
7	(B) at least 3 Networks are established at
8	academic facilities.
9	(c) ACTIVITIES OF NETWORKS.—A Network that is
10	established under this section—
11	(1) shall provide for an integrated interdiscipli-
12	nary approach, that includes psychological and coun-
13	seling services, to the delivery of pain and symptom
14	management;
15	(2) shall provide community leadership in estab-
16	lishing and expanding public access to appropriate
17	pain care, including pain care at the end of life;
18	(3) shall provide assistance, through caregiver
19	supportive services, that include counseling and edu-
20	cation services;
21	(4) shall develop a research agenda to promote
22	effective pain and symptom management for the
23	broad spectrum of patients in need of access to such
24	care that can be implemented by the Network;

1	(5) shall provide for coordination and linkages
2	between clinical services in academic centers and
3	surrounding communities to assist in the widespread
4	dissemination of provider and patient information
5	concerning how to access options for pain manage-
6	ment;
7	(6) shall establish telemedicine links to provide
8	education and for the delivery of services in pain and
9	symptom management;
10	(7) shall develop effective means of providing
11	assistance to providers and families for the manage-
12	ment of a patient's pain 24 hours a day, 7 days a
13	week; and
14	(8) may include complimentary medicine pro-
15	vided in conjunction with traditional medical serv-
16	ices.
17	(d) Provider Pain and Symptom Management
18	Communications Projects.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—Each Network shall estab-
20	lish a process to provide health care personnel with
21	information 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, con-
22	cerning pain and symptom management. Such proc-
23	ess shall be designed to test the effectiveness of spe-
24	cific forms of communications with health care per-
25	sonnel so that such personnel may obtain informa-

1	tion to ensure that all appropriate patients are pro-
2	vided with pain and symptom management.
3	(2) TERMINATION.—The requirement of para-
4	graph (1) shall terminate with respect to a Network
5	on the day that is 2 years after the date on which
6	the Network has established the communications
7	method.
8	(3) EVALUATION.—Not later than 60 days after
9	the expiration of the 2-year period referred to in
10	paragraph (2), a Network shall conduct an evalua-
11	tion and prepare and submit to the Secretary a re-
12	port concerning the costs of operation and whether
13	the form of communication can be shown to have
14	had a positive impact on the care of patients in
15	chronic pain or on patients with pain at the end of
16	life.
17	(4) PULL OF CONSTRUCTION Nothing in this

17 (4) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this
18 subsection shall be construed as limiting a Network
19 from developing other ways in which to provide sup20 port to families and providers, 24 hours a day, 7
21 days a week.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section,
\$18,000,000 for fiscal years 2004 through 2006.

1**TITLE III—REIMBURSEMENT**2**BARRIERS**

3 SEC. 301. REIMBURSEMENT BARRIERS REPORT.

4 The Medicare Payment Advisory Commission 5 (MedPac) established under section 1805 of the Social Se-6 curity Act (42 U.S.C. 1396b–6) shall conduct a study, and 7 prepare and submit to the appropriate committees of Con-8 gress a report, concerning—

9 (1) the manner in which medicare policies may 10 pose barriers in providing pain and symptom man-11 agement and palliative care services in different set-12 tings, including a focus on payment for nursing 13 home and home health services;

14 (2) the identification of any financial barriers 15 that may exist within the medicare and medicaid 16 programs under titles XVIII and XIX of the Social 17 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395 et seq., 1396 et seq.) 18 that interfere with continuity of care and inter-19 disciplinary care or supportive care for the broad 20 range of chronic pain patients (including patients 21 who are chronically ill for whom pain is a significant 22 symptom), and for those who are terminally ill, and 23 include the recommendations of the Commission on 24 ways to eliminate those barriers that the Commis-25 sion may identify;

1 (3) the reimbursement barriers that exist, if 2 any, in providing pain and symptom management 3 through hospice care, particularly in rural areas, and 4 if barriers exist, recommendations concerning ad-5 justments that would assist in assuring patient ac-6 cess to pain and symptom management through hos-7 pice care in rural areas: 8 (4) whether the medicare reimbursement system 9 provides incentives to providers to delay informing 10 terminally ill patients of the availability of hospice 11 and palliative care; and 12 (5) the impact of providing payments for medi-13 cation therapy management services in pain and 14 symptom management and palliative care services. 15 SEC. 302. INSURANCE COVERAGE OF PAIN AND SYMPTOM 16 MANAGEMENT. 17 (a) IN GENERAL.—The General Accounting Office 18 shall conduct a survey of public and private health insur-19 ance providers, including managed care entities, to deter-20 mine whether the reimbursement policies of such insurers 21 inhibit the access of chronic pain patients to pain and 22 symptom management and pain and symptom manage-23 ment for those in need of end-of-life care (including pa-24 tients who are chronically ill for whom pain is a significant 25 symptom). The survey shall include a review of formularies for pain medication and the effect of such
 formularies on pain and symptom management.

3 (b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date 4 of enactment of this Act, the General Accounting Office 5 shall prepare and submit to the appropriate committees 6 of Congress a report concerning the survey conducted 7 under subsection (a).

8 TITLE IV—IMPROVING FEDERAL 9 COORDINATION OF POLICY, 10 RESEARCH, AND INFORMA11 TION

12 SEC. 401. ADVISORY COMMITTEE ON PAIN AND SYMPTOM

13 MANAGEMENT.

(a) ESTABLISHMENT.—The Secretary shall establish
an advisory committee, to be known as the Advisory Committee on Pain and Symptom Management, to make recommendations to the Secretary concerning a coordinated
Federal agenda on pain and symptom management.

(b) MEMBERSHIP.—The Advisory Committee estab20 lished under subsection (a) shall be comprised of 11 indi21 viduals to be appointed by the Secretary, of which at least
22 1 member shall be a representative of—

(1) physicians (medical doctors or doctors of osteopathy) who treat chronic pain patients or the terminally ill;

1	(2) nurses who treat chronic pain patients or
2	the terminally ill;
3	(3) pharmacists;
4	(4) hospice;
5	(5) pain researchers;
6	(6) patient advocates;
7	(7) caregivers; and
8	(8) mental health providers.
9	The members of the Committee shall designate 1 member
10	to serve as the chairperson of the Committee.
11	(c) MEETINGS.—The Advisory Committee shall meet
12	at the call of the chairperson of the Committee.
13	(d) AGENDA.—The agenda of the Advisory Com-
14	mittee established under subsection (a) shall include—
15	(1) the development of recommendations to cre-
16	ate a coordinated Federal agenda on pain and symp-
17	tom management;
18	(2) the development of proposals to ensure that
19	pain is considered as the fifth vital sign for all pa-
20	tients;
21	(3) the identification of research needs in pain
22	and symptom management, including gaps in pain
23	and symptom management guidelines;

1	(4) the identification and dissemination of pain
2	and symptom management practice guidelines, re-
3	search information, and best practices;
4	(5) proposals for patient education concerning
5	how to access pain and symptom management across
6	health care settings;
7	(6) the manner in which to measure improve-
8	ment in access to pain and symptom management
9	and improvement in the delivery of care;
10	(7) the development of ongoing strategies to as-
11	sure the aggressive use of pain medications, includ-
12	ing opiods, regardless of health care setting; and
13	(8) the development of an ongoing mechanism
14	to identify barriers or potential barriers to pain and
15	symptom management created by Federal policies.
16	(e) Recommendation.—Not later than 2 years after
17	the date of enactment of this Act, the Advisory Committee
18	established under subsection (a) shall prepare and submit
19	to the Secretary recommendations concerning a
20	prioritization of the need for a Federal agenda on pain
21	and symptom management, and ways in which to better
22	coordinate the activities of entities within the Department
23	of Health and Human Services, and other Federal entities
24	charged with the responsibility for the delivery of health

1 care services or research on pain and symptom manage-2 ment with respect to pain management.

3 (f) CONSULTATION.—In carrying out this section, the 4 Advisory Committee shall consult with all Federal agen-5 cies that are responsible for providing health care services 6 or access to health services to determine the best means 7 to ensure that all Federal activities are coordinated with 8 respect to research and access to pain and symptom man-9 agement.

(g) ADMINISTRATIVE SUPPORT; TERMS OF SERVICE;
OTHER PROVISIONS.—The following shall apply with respect to the Advisory Committee:

(1) The Committee shall receive necessary and
appropriate administrative support, including appropriate funding, from the Department of Health and
Human Services.

17 (2) The Committee shall hold open meetings18 and meet not less than 4 times per year.

(3) Members of the Committee shall not receive
additional compensation for their service. Such
members may receive reimbursement for appropriate
and additional expenses that are incurred through
service on the Committee which would not have incurred had they not been a member of the Committee.

1	(4) The requirements of Appendix 2 of title 5,
2	United States Code.
3	SEC. 402. INSTITUTES OF MEDICINE REPORT ON CON-
4	TROLLED SUBSTANCE REGULATION AND THE
5	USE OF PAIN MEDICATIONS.
6	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through a
7	contract entered into with the Institute of Medicine, shall
8	review findings that have been developed through research
9	conducted concerning—
10	(1) the effects of controlled substance regula-
11	tion on patient access to effective care;
12	(2) factors, if any, that may contribute to the
13	underuse of pain medications, including opiods;
14	(3) the identification of State legal and regu-
15	latory barriers, if any, that may impact patient ac-
16	cess to medications used for pain and symptom man-
17	agement; and
18	(4) strategies to assure the aggressive use of
19	pain medications, including opiods, regardless of
20	health care setting.
21	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 18 months after the
22	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall prepare
23	and submit to the appropriate committees of Congress a
24	report concerning the findings described in subsection (a).

1 SEC. 403. CONFERENCE ON PAIN RESEARCH AND CARE.

2 Not later than December 31, 2007, the Secretary, 3 acting through the National Institutes of Health, shall convene a national conference to discuss the translation 4 5 of pain research into the delivery of health services including mental health services to chronic pain patients and 6 7 those needing end-of-life care. The Secretary shall use un-8 obligated amounts appropriated for the Department of 9 Health and Human Services to carry out this section.

10 TITLE V—DEMONSTRATION 11 PROJECTS

 12
 SEC. 501. PROVIDER PERFORMANCE STANDARDS FOR IM

 13
 PROVEMENT IN PAIN AND SYMPTOM MAN

 14
 AGEMENT.

15 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary, acting through the Health Resources Services Administration, shall award 16 grants for the establishment of not less than 5 demonstra-17 tion projects to determine effective methods to measure 18 19 improvement in the skills, knowledge, and attitudes and beliefs of health care personnel in pain and symptom man-2021 agement as such skill, knowledge, and attitudes and beliefs 22 apply to providing services to chronic pain patients and 23 those patients requiring pain and symptom management 24 at the end of life.

25 (b) EVALUATION.—Projects established under sub26 section (a) shall be evaluated to determine patient and
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caregiver knowledge and attitudes toward pain and symp tom management.

3 (c) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant 4 under subsection (a), an entity shall prepare and submit 5 to the Secretary an application at such time, in such man-6 ner and containing such information as the Secretary may 7 require.

8 (d) TERMINATION.—A project established under sub-9 section (a) shall terminate after the expiration of the 2-10 year period beginning on the date on which such project 11 was established.

(e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out this section.

15 SEC. 502. END OF LIFE CARE DEMONSTRATION PROJECTS.

16 The Secretary, acting through the Health Resources17 and Services Administration, shall—

(1) not later than January 1, 2006, carry out
not less than 5 demonstration and evaluation
projects that implement care models for individuals
at the end of life, at least one of which shall be developed to assist those individuals who are terminally
ill and have no family or extended support, and each
of which may be carried out in collaboration with do-

1	mestic and international entities to gain and share
2	knowledge and experience on end of life care;
3	(2) conduct 3 demonstration and evaluation ac-
4	tivities concerning the education and training of cli-
5	nicians in end of life care, and assist in the develop-
6	ment and distribution of accurate educational mate-
7	rials on both pain and symptom management and
8	end of life care;
9	(3) in awarding grants for the training of
10	health professionals, give priority to awarding grants
11	to entities that will provide training for health pro-
12	fessionals in pain and symptom management and in
13	end-of-life care at the undergraduate level;
14	(4) shall evaluate demonstration projects car-
15	ried out under this section within the 5-year period
16	beginning on the commencement of each such
17	project; and
18	(5) develop a strategy and make recommenda-
19	tions to Congress to ensure that the United States
20	health care system—
21	(A) has a meaningful, comprehensive, and
22	effective approach to meet the needs of individ-
23	uals and their caregivers as the patient ap-
24	proaches death; and

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(B) integrates broader supportive services.