H. R. 5272

To establish the United States Boxing Commission to protect the general welfare of boxers and to ensure fairness in the sport of professional boxing.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

October 7, 2004

Mr. Stearns (for himself, Mr. Osborne, and Mr. King of New York) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To establish the United States Boxing Commission to protect the general welfare of boxers and to ensure fairness in the sport of professional boxing.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "United States Boxing
- 5 Commission Act".

1	SEC. 2. ESTABLISHMENT OF UNITED STATES BOXING COM-
2	MISSION.
3	(a) In General.—The United States Boxing Com-
4	mission is established as a commission within the Depart-
5	ment of Commerce.
6	(b) Members.—
7	(1) In general.—The Commission shall con-
8	sist of 3 members appointed by the President, by
9	and with the advice and consent of the Senate.
10	(2) QUALIFICATIONS.—No member of the Com-
11	mission may, while serving as a member of the Com-
12	mission—
13	(A) be engaged as a professional boxer
14	boxing promoter, agent, fight manager, match-
15	maker, referee, judge, or in any other capacity
16	in the conduct of the business of professional
17	boxing;
18	(B) have any pecuniary interest in the
19	earnings of any boxer or the proceeds or out-
20	come of any boxing match; or
21	(C) serve as a member of a boxing commis-
22	sion.
23	(3) Bipartisan membership.—Not more than
24	2 members of the Commission may be members of
2.5	the same political party

(4) Geographic balance.—Not more than 2 members of the Commission may be residents of the same geographic region of the United States when appointed to the Commission. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the area of the United States east of the Mississippi River is a geographic region, and the area of the United States west of the Mississippi River is a geographic region.

(5) Terms.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—The term of a member of the Commission shall be 3 years. No member of the Commission shall serve more than 2 terms.
- (B) MIDTERM VACANCIES.—A member of the Commission appointed to fill a vacancy in the Commission occurring before the expiration of the term for which the member's predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of that unexpired term.
- (C) CONTINUATION PENDING REPLACE-MENT.—A member of the Commission may serve after the expiration of that member's term until a successor has taken office.
- (6) Removal.—A member of the Commission may be removed by the President only for cause.

1 (c) Executive Director.—

- 2 (1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall em-3 ploy an Executive Director to perform the adminis-4 trative functions of the Commission under this Act, 5 and such other functions and duties of the Commis-
- 6 sion as the Commission shall specify.
- 7 (2) DISCHARGE OF FUNCTIONS.—Subject to the 8 authority, direction, and control of the Commission 9 the Executive Director shall carry out the functions 10 and duties of the Commission under this Act.
- 11 (d) General Counsel.—The Commission shall em-
- 12 ploy a General Counsel to provide legal counsel and advice
- 13 to the Executive Director and the Commission in the per-
- 14 formance of its functions under this Act, and to carry out
- 15 such other functions and duties as the Commission shall
- 16 specify.
- 17 (e) Staff.—The Commission shall employ such addi-
- 18 tional staff as the Commission considers appropriate to
- 19 assist the Executive Director and the General Counsel in
- 20 carrying out the functions and duties of the Commission
- 21 under this Act.
- 22 (f) Meetings.—The Commission shall hold its first
- 23 meeting no later than 30 days after all members shall have
- 24 been appointed.
- 25 (g) Compensation.—

(1) Members of commission.—

- (A) In General.—Each member of the Commission shall be compensated at a rate equal to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay prescribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under section 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (including travel time) during which such member is engaged in the performance of the duties of the Commission.
- (B) Travel expenses.—The members of the Commission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title 5, United States Code, while away from their homes or regular places of business in the performance of services for the Commission.
- (2) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR AND STAFF.—The Commission shall fix the compensation of the Executive Director, the General Counsel, and other personnel of the Commission. The rate of pay for the Executive Director, the General Counsel, and other personnel may not exceed the rate payable for level

1	V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of
2	title 5, United States Code.
3	SEC. 3. FUNCTIONS.
4	(a) Primary Functions.—The primary functions of
5	the Commission are—
6	(1) to protect the general interests of boxers
7	consistent with the provisions of this Act; and
8	(2) to ensure uniformity, fairness, and integrity
9	in professional boxing.
10	(b) Specific Functions.—The Commission shall—
11	(1) promulgate uniform standards for profes-
12	sional boxing in consultation with the Association of
13	Boxing Commissions;
14	(2) except as otherwise determined by the Com-
15	mission, oversee all professional boxing matches in
16	the United States;
17	(3) work with the boxing commissions of the
18	several States and tribal organizations to improve
19	the status and standards of professional boxing in
20	the United States;
21	(4) ensure, in cooperation with the Attorney
22	General (who shall represent the Commission in any
23	judicial proceeding under this Act), the chief law en-
24	forcement officer of the several States, and other ap-
25	propriate officers and agencies of Federal, State,

- and local government, that Federal and State laws applicable to professional boxing matches in the United States are vigorously, effectively, and fairly enforced;
 - (5) review State boxing commission regulations for professional boxing and provide assistance to such authorities in meeting minimum standards prescribed by the Commission under this Act;
 - (6) if the Commission determines appropriate, publish a newspaper, magazine, or other publication and establish and maintain an Internet website consistent with the provisions of this Act; and
 - (7) promulgate rules, regulations, and guidance, and take any other action necessary and proper to accomplish the purposes of, and consistent with, the provisions of this Act.
 - (c) Prohibitions.—The Commission may not—
 - (1) promote boxing events or rank professional boxers; or
 - (2) provide technical assistance to, or authorize the use of the name of the Commission by, boxing commissions that do not comply with requirements of the Commission.

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1	SEC. 4. LICENSING AND REGISTRATION OF BOXING PER-
2	SONNEL.
3	(a) Licensing.—
4	(1) Requirement for License.—No person
5	may compete in a professional boxing match or serve
6	as a boxing manager, boxing promoter, or sanc-
7	tioning organization for a professional boxing match
8	except as provided in a license granted to that per-
9	son under this subsection.
10	(2) Application and term.—
11	(A) In General.—The Commission
12	shall—
13	(i) establish application procedures,
14	forms, and fees;
15	(ii) establish and publish appropriate
16	standards for licenses granted under this
17	section; and
18	(iii) issue a license to any person who,
19	as determined by the Commission, meets
20	the standards established by the Commis-
21	sion under this Act.
22	(B) Duration.—A license issued under
23	this section shall be for a renewable—
24	(i) 4-year term for a boxer; and
25	(ii) 2-year term for any other person

1	(C) Procedure.—The Commission may
2	issue a license under this paragraph through
3	boxing commissions or in a manner determined
4	by the Commission.
5	(b) Licensing Fees.—
6	(1) Authority.—The Commission may pre-
7	scribe and charge reasonable fees for the licensing of
8	persons under this Act. The Commission may set,
9	charge, and adjust varying fees on the basis of clas-
10	sifications of persons, functions, and events deter-
11	mined appropriate by the Commission.
12	(2) Limitations.—In setting and charging fees
13	under paragraph (1), the Commission shall ensure
14	that, to the maximum extent practicable—
15	(A) club boxing is not adversely effected;
16	(B) sanctioning organizations and pro-
17	moters pay comparatively the largest portion of
18	the fees; and
19	(C) boxers pay as small a portion of the
20	fees as is possible.
21	(3) Collection.—Fees established under this
22	subsection may be collected through boxing commis-
23	sions or by any other means determined appropriate
24	by the Commission.

SEC. 5. NATIONAL REGISTRY OF BOXING PERSONNEL. 2 The Commission shall establish and maintain (or au-3 thorize a third party to establish and maintain) a unified national computerized registry for the collection, storage, 4 5 and retrieval of such information as the Commission shall prescribe by rule related to the performance of its duties. SEC. 6. CONSULTATION REQUIREMENTS. 8 The Commission shall consult with the Association of Boxing Commissions— 9 10 (1) before prescribing any regulation or estab-11 lishing any standard under the provisions of this 12 Act; and 13 (2) not less than once each year regarding mat-14 ters relating to professional boxing. 15 SEC. 7. MISCONDUCT. 16 (a) Suspension and Revocation of License or 17 REGISTRATION.— 18 (1) AUTHORITY.—The Commission may, after 19 notice and opportunity for a hearing, suspend or re-20 voke any license issued under this Act if the Com-21 mission finds that— 22 (A) the license holder has violated any pro-23 vision of this Act; 24 (B) there are reasonable grounds for belief

that a standard prescribed by the Commission

under this Act is not being met, or that bribery,

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1	collusion, intentional losing, racketeering, extor-
2	tion, or the use of unlawful threats, coercion, or
3	intimidation have occurred in connection with a
4	license; or
5	(C) the suspension or revocation in the
6	public interest.
7	(2) Period of Suspension.—A suspension of
8	a license under this section shall be effective for a
9	period determined appropriate by the Commission.
10	(3) Period of Revocation.—In the case of a
11	revocation of the license of a boxer, the revocation
12	shall be for a period of not less than 1 year.
13	(b) Investigations and Injunctions.—
14	(1) Authority.—The Commission may—
15	(A) conduct any investigation that it con-
16	siders necessary to determine whether any per-
17	son has violated, or is about to violate, any pro-
18	vision of this Act or any regulation prescribed
19	under this Act;
20	(B) require or permit any person to file
21	with it a statement in writing, under oath or
22	otherwise as the Commission shall determine,
23	as to all the facts and circumstances concerning
24	the matter to be investigated:

1	(C) in its discretion, publish information
2	concerning any violations; and
3	(D) investigate any facts, conditions, prac-
4	tices, or matters to aid in the enforcement of
5	the provisions of this Act, in the prescribing of
6	regulations under this Act, or in securing infor-
7	mation to serve as a basis for recommending
8	legislation concerning the matters to which this
9	Act relates.
10	(2) Powers.—
11	(A) In general.—For the purpose of any
12	investigation under paragraph (1) or any other
13	proceeding under this Act—
14	(i) any officer designated by the Com-
15	mission may administer oaths and affirma-
16	tions, subpoena or otherwise compel the at-
17	tendance of witnesses, take evidence, and
18	require the production of any books, pa-
19	pers, correspondence, memoranda, or other
20	records the Commission considers relevant
21	or material to the inquiry; and
22	(ii) the provisions of sections 6002
23	and 6004 of title 18, United States Code
24	shall apply.

(B) WITNESSES AND EVIDENCE.—The attendance of witnesses and the production of any documents under subparagraph (A) may be required from any place in the United States, including Indian land, at any designated place of hearing.

(3) Enforcement of Subpoenas.—

- (A) CIVIL ACTION.—In case of contumacy by, or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to, any person, the Commission may file an action in any district court of the United States within the jurisdiction of which an investigation or proceeding is carried out, or where that person resides or carries on business, to enforce the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of books, papers, correspondence, memorandums, and other records. The court may issue an order requiring the person to appear before the Commission to produce records, if so ordered, or to give testimony concerning the matter under investigation or in question.
- (B) Failure to obey.—Any failure to obey an order issued by a court under subparagraph (A) may be punished as contempt of that court.

- 1 (C) PROCESS.—All process in any con-2 tempt case under subparagraph (A) may be 3 served in the judicial district in which the per-4 son is an inhabitant or in which the person may 5 be found.
 - (4) EVIDENCE OF CRIMINAL MISCONDUCT.—No person may be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, papers, contracts, agreements, and other records and documents before the Commission, in obedience to the subpoena of the Commission, or in any cause or proceeding instituted by the Commission, on the ground that the testimony or evidence, documentary or otherwise, required of that person may tend to incriminate the person or subject the person to a penalty or forfeiture.
 - (5) Injunctive relief.—If the Commission determines that any person is engaged or about to engage in any act or practice that constitutes a violation of any provision of this Act, or of any regulation prescribed under this Act, the Commission may bring an action in the appropriate district court of the United States, the United States District Court for the District of Columbia, or the United States courts of any territory or other place subject to the

- jurisdiction of the United States, to enjoin the act or practice, and upon a proper showing, the court shall grant without bond a permanent or temporary injunction or restraining order.
- (6) Mandamus.—Upon application of the Com-6 mission, the district courts of the United States, the 7 United States District Court for the District of Co-8 lumbia, and the United States courts of any terri-9 tory or other place subject to the jurisdiction of the 10 United States, shall have jurisdiction to issue writs 11 of mandamus commanding any person to comply 12 with the provisions of this Act or any order of the 13 Commission.

(c) Intervention in Civil Actions.—

- (1) In General.—The Commission, on behalf of the public interest, may intervene of right as provided under rule 24(a) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure in any civil action relating to professional boxing filed in a district court of the United States.
- 20 (2) AMICUS FILING.—The Commission may file 21 a brief in any action filed in a court of the United 22 States on behalf of the public interest in any case 23 relating to professional boxing.
- 24 (d) Hearings By Commission.—Hearings con-25 ducted by the Commission under this Act shall be public

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- 1 and may be held before any officer of the Commission.
- 2 The Commission shall keep appropriate records of the
- 3 hearings.

4 SEC. 8. NONINTERFERENCE WITH BOXING COMMISSIONS.

- 5 (a) Noninterference.—Nothing in this Act pro-
- 6 hibits any boxing commission from exercising any of its
- 7 powers, duties, or functions with respect to the regulation
- 8 or supervision of professional boxing or professional box-
- 9 ing matches to the extent not inconsistent with the provi-
- 10 sions of this Act.
- 11 (b) MINIMUM STANDARDS.—Nothing in this Act pro-
- 12 hibits any boxing commission from enforcing local stand-
- 13 ards or requirements that exceed the minimum standards
- 14 or requirements promulgated by the Commission under
- 15 this Act.

16 SEC. 9. ASSISTANCE FROM OTHER AGENCIES.

- 17 Any employee of any executive department, agency,
- 18 bureau, board, commission, office, independent establish-
- 19 ment, or instrumentality may be detailed to the Commis-
- 20 sion, upon the request of the Commission, on a reimburs-
- 21 able or nonreimbursable basis, with the consent of the ap-
- 22 propriate authority having jurisdiction over the employee.
- 23 While so detailed, an employee shall continue to receive
- 24 the compensation provided pursuant to law for the employ-
- 25 ee's regular position of employment and shall retain, with-

- 1 out interruption, the rights and privileges of that employ-
- 2 ment.
- 3 SEC. 10. STUDY.
- 4 (a) Study.—The Commission shall conduct a study
- 5 on the health and safety aspects of boxing, including an
- 6 examination of—
- 7 (1) the risks or serious injury and the nature
- 8 of potential injuries;
- 9 (2) the long term effect of boxing on the health
- of boxers; and
- 11 (3) the effectiveness of safety standards and
- regulations.
- 13 (b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 14 of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit a
- 15 report on the study required by this section to the Com-
- 16 mittee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation of the
- 17 Senate and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of
- 18 the House of Representatives, including recommendations
- 19 to improve the health and safety aspects of boxing.
- 20 **SEC. 11. REPORTS.**
- 21 (a) Annual Report.—Not later than 2 years after
- 22 the date of enactment of this Act, and each year there-
- 23 after, the Commission shall submit a report on its activi-
- 24 ties to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Trans-
- 25 portation of the Senate and the Committee on Energy and

- 1 Commerce of the House of Representatives. The annual
- 2 report shall include—
- 3 (1) a detailed discussion of the activities of the
- 4 Commission for the year covered by the report; and
- 5 (2) an overview of the licensing and enforce-
- 6 ment activities of the State and tribal organization
- 7 boxing commissions.
- 8 (b) Public Report.—The Commission shall annu-
- 9 ally issue and publicize a report of the Commission on the
- 10 progress made at Federal and State levels and on Indian
- 11 lands in the reform of professional boxing, which shall in-
- 12 clude comments on issues of continuing concern to the
- 13 Commission.
- 14 SEC. 12. INITIAL IMPLEMENTATION.
- 15 (a) TEMPORARY EXEMPTION.—The requirements for
- 16 licensing under this Act do not apply to a person for the
- 17 performance of an activity as a boxer, boxing judge, or
- 18 referee, or the performance of any other professional activ-
- 19 ity in relation to a professional boxing match, if the person
- 20 is licensed by a boxing commission to perform that activity
- 21 as of the effective date of this Act.
- 22 (b) Expiration.—The exemption under subsection
- 23 (a) with respect to a license issued by a boxing commission
- 24 expires on the earlier of—
- 25 (1) the date on which the license expires; or

1	(2) the date that is 2 years after the date of the
2	enactment of this Act.
3	SEC. 13. SUNSET PROVISION.
4	This Act shall cease to have effect 6 years after the
5	date of enactment of this Act.
6	SEC. 14. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
7	(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
8	priated for the Commission for each fiscal year such sums
9	as may be necessary for the Commission to perform its
10	functions for that fiscal year.
11	(b) Receipts Credited as Offsetting Collec-
12	TIONS.—Notwithstanding section 3302 of title 31, United
13	States Code, any fee collected under this Act—
14	(1) shall be credited as offsetting collections to
15	the account that finances the activities and services
16	for which the fee is imposed;
17	(2) shall be available for expenditure only to
18	pay the costs of activities and services for which the
19	fee is imposed; and
20	(3) shall remain available until expended.