108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4505

To improve the governance and regulation of mutual funds under the securities laws, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 3, 2004

Mr. GILLMOR introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

To improve the governance and regulation of mutual funds under the securities laws, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Mutual Fund Reform Act of 2004".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents for
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Definitions.
 - Sec. 3. Rulemaking.

TITLE I—FUND GOVERNANCE

Sec. 101. Independent directors.

- Sec. 102. Study of director compensation and independence.
- Sec. 103. Fiduciary duties of directors.
- Sec. 104. Fiduciary duty of investment adviser.
- Sec. 105. Termination of fund advisers.
- Sec. 106. Independent accounting and auditing.
- Sec. 107. Prevention of fraud; internal compliance and control procedures.

TITLE II—FUND TRANSPARENCY

- Sec. 201. Cost consolidation and clarity.
- Sec. 202. Advisor compensation and ownership of fund shares.
- Sec. 203. Point of sale and additional disclosure of broker compensation.
- Sec. 204. Breakpoint discounts.
- Sec. 205. Portfolio turnover ratio.
- Sec. 206. Proxy voting policies and record.
- Sec. 207. Customer information from account intermediaries.
- Sec. 208. Advertising.

TITLE III—FUND REGULATION AND OVERSIGHT

- Sec. 301. Prohibition of asset-based distribution expenses.
- Sec. 302. Prohibition on revenue sharing, directed brokerage, and soft dollar arrangements.
- Sec. 303. Market timing.
- Sec. 304. Elimination of stale prices.
- Sec. 305. Prohibition of short term trading; mandatory redemption fees.
- Sec. 306. Prevention of after-hours trading.
- Sec. 307. Ban on joint management of mutual funds and hedge funds.
- Sec. 308. Selective disclosures.

TITLE IV—STUDIES

- Sec. 401. Study of adviser conflict of interest.
- Sec. 402. Study of coordination of enforcement efforts.
- Sec. 403. Study of Commission organizational structure.
- Sec. 404. Trends in arbitration clauses.
- Sec. 405. Hedge fund regulation.
- Sec. 406. Investor education and the Internet.

1 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.

- 2 In this Act, the following definitions shall apply:
- 3 (1) Commission.—The term "Commission"
- 4 means the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 5 (2) Investment adviser.—The term "invest-
- 6 ment adviser" has the same meaning as in section
- 7 2(a)(20) of the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 8 (15 U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(20)).

- 1 (3) Investment company.—The term "invest-
- 2 ment company' has the same meaning as in section
- 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
- 4 U.S.C. 80–3).
- 5 (4) REGISTERED INVESTMENT COMPANY.—The
- 6 term "registered investment company" means an in-
- 7 vestment company that is registered under section 8
- 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
- 9 80a-8).

10 SEC. 3. RULEMAKING.

- 11 (a) Timing.—Unless otherwise specified in this Act
- 12 or the amendments made by this Act, the Commission
- 13 shall issue, in final form, all rules and regulations required
- 14 by this Act and the amendments made by this Act not
- 15 later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this
- 16 Act.
- 17 (b) AUTHORITY TO DEFINE TERMS.—The Commis-
- 18 sion may, in issuing rules and regulations under this Act
- 19 or the amendments made by this Act, define any term
- 20 used in this Act or such amendments that is not otherwise
- 21 defined for purposes of this Act or such amendment, as
- 22 the Commission determines necessary and appropriate.
- (c) Exemption Authority.—The Commission may,
- 24 in issuing rules and regulations under this Act or the
- 25 amendments made by this Act, exempt any investment

1	company or other person from the application of such
2	rules, as the Commission determines is necessary and ap-
3	propriate, in the public interest or for the protection of
4	investors.
5	TITLE I—FUND GOVERNANCE
6	SEC. 101. INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS.
7	(a) Independent Fund Boards.—Section 10(a) of
8	the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-
9	10(a)) is amended—
10	(1) by striking "shall have" and inserting the
11	following: "shall—
12	"(1) have";
13	(2) by striking "60 per centum" and inserting
14	"25 percent";
15	(3) by striking the period at the end and insert-
16	ing a semicolon; and
17	(4) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(2) have as chairman of its board of directors
19	an interested person of such registered company; or
20	"(3) have as a member of its board of directors
21	any person that is not an interested person of such
22	registered investment company—
23	"(A) who has served without being ap-
24	proved or elected by the shareholders of such

1	registered investment company at least once
2	every 5 years; and
3	"(B) unless such director has been found
4	on an annual basis, by a majority of the direc-
5	tors who are not interested persons, after rea-
6	sonable inquiry by such directors, not to have
7	any material business or familial relationship
8	with the registered investment company, a sig-
9	nificant service provider to the company, or any
10	entity controlling, controlled by, or under com-
11	mon control with such service provider, that is
12	likely to impair the independence of the direc-
13	tor.".
14	(b) ACTION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS.—Section
15	10 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C
16	80a-10) is amended by adding at the end the following
17	"(i) Independent Committee.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The members of the board
19	of directors of a registered investment company who
20	are not interested persons of such registered invest-
21	ment company shall establish a committee comprised
22	solely of such members, which committee shall be re-
23	sponsible for—
24	"(A) selecting persons to be nominated for
25	election to the board of directors;

1	"(B) adopting qualification standards for
2	the nomination of directors; and
3	"(C) determining the compensation to be
4	paid to directors.
5	"(2) DISCLOSURE.—The standards developed
6	under paragraph (1)(B) shall be disclosed in the reg-
7	istration statement of the registered investment com-
8	pany.".
9	(e) Definition of Interested Person.—Section
10	2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
11	U.S.C. 80a-2) is amended—
12	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
13	(A) in clause (iv), by striking "two" and
14	inserting "5"; and
15	(B) by striking clause (vii) and inserting
16	the following:
17	"(vii) any natural person who has
18	served as an officer or director, or as an
19	employee within the preceding 10 fiscal
20	years, of an investment adviser or principal
21	underwriter to such registered investment
22	company, or of any entity controlling, con-
23	trolled by, or under common control with
24	such investment adviser or principal under-
25	writer;

1	"(viii) any natural person who has
2	served as an officer or director, or as an
3	employee within the preceding 10 fiscal
4	years, of any entity that has within the
5	preceding 5 fiscal years acted as a signifi-
6	cant service provider to such registered in-
7	vestment company, or of any entity con-
8	trolling, controlled by, or under the com-
9	mon control with such service provider;
10	"(ix) any natural person who is a
11	member of a class of persons that the
12	Commission, by rule or regulation, deter-
13	mines is unlikely to exercise an appropriate
14	degree of independence as a result of—
15	"(I) a material business relation-
16	ship with the investment company or
17	an affiliated person of such invest-
18	ment company;
19	"(II) a close familial relationship
20	with any natural person who is an af-
21	filiated person of such investment
22	company; or
23	"(III) any other reason deter-
24	mined by the Commission.";
25	(2) in subparagraph (B)—

1	(A) in clause (iv), by striking "two" and
2	inserting "5"; and
3	(B) by striking clause (vii) and inserting
4	the following:
5	"(vii) any natural person who is a
6	member of a class of persons that the
7	Commission, by rule or regulation, deter-
8	mines is unlikely to exercise an appropriate
9	degree of independence as a result of—
10	"(I) a material business relation-
11	ship with such investment adviser or
12	principal underwriter or affiliated per-
13	son of such investment adviser or
14	principal underwriter;
15	"(II) a close familial relationship
16	with any natural person who is an af-
17	filiated person of such investment ad-
18	viser or principal underwriter; or
19	"(III) any other reason as deter-
20	mined by the Commission.".
21	(d) Definition of Significant Service Pro-
22	VIDER.—Section 2(a) of the Investment Company Act of
23	1940 is amended by adding at the end the following:
24	"(53) Significant service provider.—

1	"(A) In General.—Not later than 270
2	days after the date of enactment of the Mutual
3	Fund Reform Act of 2004, the Commission
4	shall issue final rules defining the term 'signifi-
5	cant service provider'.
6	"(B) Requirements.—The definition de-
7	veloped under paragraph (1) shall include, at a
8	minimum, the investment adviser and principal
9	underwriter of a registered investment company
10	for purposes of paragraph (19).".
11	SEC. 102. STUDY OF DIRECTOR COMPENSATION AND INDE-
12	PENDENCE.
13	(a) In General.—The Commission shall conduct a
14	study of—
15	(1) whether any limits should be placed upon
16	the amount of compensation paid by a registered in-
17	vestment company or any affiliate of such company
18	to a director thereof; and
19	(2) whether a director of a registered invest-
20	ment company who is otherwise not an interested
21	person of a registered investment company, as de-
22	fined in section 2(a)(19) of the Investment Company
23	Act of 1940, as amended by this Act, but serves as

a director of multiple registered investment compa-

nies, or receives substantial compensation from the

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- 1 investment adviser of any such company, should be
- 2 considered an "interested person" for purposes of
- 3 section 2 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.
- 4 (b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 5 of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit a
- 6 report regarding the study conducted under subsection (a)
- 7 to—
- 8 (1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
- 9 Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
- 10 (2) the Committee on Financial Services of the
- House of Representatives.
- 12 SEC. 103. FIDUCIARY DUTIES OF DIRECTORS.
- 13 Section 10 of the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 14 (15 U.S.C. 80a-10), as amended by this Act, is amended
- 15 by adding at the end the following:
- 16 "(j) Fiduciary Duty of Directors.—
- 17 "(1) IN GENERAL.—The members of the board
- of directors of a registered investment company shall
- 19 have a fiduciary duty to act with loyalty and care,
- in the best interests of the shareholders.
- 21 "(2) RULEMAKING.—The Commission shall
- promulgate rules to clarify the scope of the fiduciary
- duty under paragraph (1), which rules shall, at a
- 24 minimum, require the directors of a registered in-
- vestment company to—

1	"(A) determine the extent to which inde-
2	pendent and reliable sources of information are
3	sufficient to discharge director responsibilities;
4	"(B) negotiate management and advisory
5	fees with due regard for the actual cost of such
6	services, including economies of scale;
7	"(C) evaluate the totality of fees with ref-
8	erence to the interests of shareholders;
9	"(D) evaluate the quality of the manage-
10	ment of the company and potentially superior
11	alternatives;
12	"(E) evaluate the quality, comprehensive-
13	ness, and clarity of disclosures to shareholders
14	regarding costs;
15	"(F) evaluate any distribution or mar-
16	keting plan of the company, including its costs
17	and benefits;
18	"(G) evaluate the size of the portfolio of
19	the company and its suitability to the interests
20	of shareholders;
21	"(H) implement and monitor policies to
22	ensure compliance with applicable securities
23	laws; and
24	"(I) implement and monitor policies with
25	respect to predatory trading practices.".

SEC. 104. FIDUCIARY DUTY OF INVESTMENT ADVISER.

- 2 Section 36 of the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 3 (15 U.S.C. 80a–35(b)) is amended—
- 4 (1) by redesignating subsection (c) as sub-
- 5 section (d); and
- 6 (2) by inserting after subsection (b) the fol-
- 7 lowing:
- 8 "(c) Duties With Respect to Compensation and
- 9 Provision of Information.—For purposes of sub-
- 10 sections (a) and (b), the fiduciary duty of an investment
- 11 adviser—
- "(1) with respect to any compensation received,
- may require reasonable reference to the actual costs
- of the adviser and economies of scale; and
- 15 "(2) shall include a duty to supply such mate-
- rial information as is necessary for the independent
- directors of a registered investment company with
- whom the adviser is employed to review and govern
- such company.".

20 SEC. 105. TERMINATION OF FUND ADVISER.

- The Commission shall promulgate such rules as it de-
- 22 termines necessary in the public interest or for the protec-
- 23 tion of investors to facilitate the process through which
- 24 the independent directors of a registered investment com-
- 25 pany may terminate the services of the investment adviser
- 26 of such company in the good faith exercise of their fidu-

ciary duties, without undue exposure to financial or litiga-2 tion risk. 3 SEC. 106. INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTING AND AUDITING. 4 (a) Amendments.—Section 32 of the Investment 5 Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-31) is amended— 6 (1) in subsection (a)— 7 (A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and 8 inserting the following: 9 "(1) such accountant shall have been selected 10 at a meeting held within 30 days before or after the 11 beginning of the fiscal year or before the annual 12 meeting of stockholders in that year by the vote, 13 cast in person, of a majority of the members of the 14 audit committee of such registered investment com-15 pany; "(2) such selection shall have been submitted 16 17 for ratification or rejection at the next succeeding 18 annual meeting of stockholders if such meeting be 19 held, except that any vacancy occurring between an-20 nual meetings, due to the death or resignation of the 21 accountant, may be filled by the vote of a majority 22 of the members of the audit committee of such reg-23 istered company, cast in person at a meeting called

for the purpose of voting on such action;"; and

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(B) by adding at the end the following: 1 2 "The Commission, by rule, regulation, or order, 3 may exempt a registered management company 4 or registered face-amount certificate company 5 otherwise subject to this subsection from the re-6 quirement in paragraph (1) that the votes by 7 the members of the audit committee be cast at 8 a meeting in person, when such a requirement 9 is impracticable, subject to such conditions as 10 the Commission may require."; and

(2) by adding at the end the following:

"(d) AUDIT COMMITTEE REQUIREMENTS.—

"(1) REQUIREMENTS AS PREREQUISITE TO FIL-ING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.—Any registered management company or registered face-amount certificate company that files with the Commission any financial statement signed or certified by an independent public accountant shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (2) through (6) of this subsection and any rule or regulation of the Commission issued thereunder.

"(2) RESPONSIBILITY RELATING TO INDE-PENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.—The audit committee of the registered investment company, in its capacity as a committee of the board of directors,

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shall be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, and oversight of the work of any independent public accountant employed by the registered investment company (including resolution of disagreements between management and the auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing the audit report or related work, and each such independent public accountant shall report directly to the audit committee.

"(3) Independence.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each member of the audit committee of the registered investment company shall be a member of the board of directors of the company, and shall otherwise be independent.

"(B) Criteria.—In order to be considered to be independent for purposes of this paragraph, a member of an audit committee of a registered investment company may not, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the audit committee, the board of directors, or any other board committee—

"(i) accept any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the registered investment company or the invest-

1	ment adviser or principal underwriter of
2	the registered investment company; or
3	"(ii) be an interested person of the
4	registered investment company.
5	"(4) Complaints.—The audit committee of the
6	registered investment company shall establish proce-
7	dures for—
8	"(A) the receipt, retention, and treatment
9	of complaints received by the registered invest-
10	ment company regarding accounting, internal
11	accounting controls, or auditing matters; and
12	"(B) the confidential, anonymous submis-
13	sion by employees of the registered investment
14	company and its investment adviser or principal
15	underwriter of concerns regarding questionable
16	accounting or auditing matters.
17	"(5) Authority to engage advisers.—The
18	audit committee of the registered investment com-
19	pany shall have the authority to engage independent
20	counsel and other advisers, as it determines nec-
21	essary to carry out its duties.
22	"(6) Funding.—The registered investment
23	company shall provide appropriate funding, as deter-
24	mined by the audit committee, in its capacity as a

1	committee of the board of directors, for payment of
2	compensation—
3	"(A) to the independent public accountant
4	employed by the registered investment company
5	for the purpose of rendering or issuing the
6	audit report; and
7	"(B) to any advisers employed by the audit
8	committee under paragraph (5).
9	"(7) Audit committee.—For purposes of this
10	subsection, the term 'audit committee' means—
11	"(A) a committee (or equivalent body) es-
12	tablished by and amongst the board of directors
13	of a registered investment company for the pur-
14	pose of overseeing the accounting and financial
15	reporting processes of the company and audits
16	of the financial statements of the company; and
17	"(B) if no such committee exists with re-
18	spect to a registered investment company, the
19	entire board of directors of the company.".
20	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 10A(m) of
21	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78j-
22	1(m)) is amended by adding at the end the following:
23	"(7) Exemption for investment compa-
24	NIES.—Effective one year after the date of enact-
25	ment of the Mutual Fund Reform Act of 2004, for

- 1 purposes of this subsection, the term 'issuer' shall
- 2 not include any investment company that is reg-
- 3 istered under section 8 of the Investment Company
- 4 Act of 1940.".
- 5 (c) Implementation.—The Commission shall issue
- 6 final regulations to carry out section 32(d) of the Invest-
- 7 ment Company Act of 1940, as added by subsection (a)
- 8 of this section.

9 SEC. 107. PREVENTION OF FRAUD; INTERNAL COMPLIANCE

- 10 AND CONTROL PROCEDURES.
- 11 (a) Detection and Prevention of Fraud.—Sec-
- 12 tion 17(j) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
- 13 U.S.C. 80a–17(j)) is amended to read as follows:
- 14 "(j) Detection and Prevention of Fraud.—
- 15 "(1) Commission rules to prohibit fraud,
- 16 DECEPTION, AND MANIPULATION.—It shall be un-
- lawful for any affiliated person of or principal under-
- writer for a registered investment company or any
- affiliated person of an investment adviser of or prin-
- 20 cipal underwriter for a registered investment com-
- 21 pany, to engage in any act, practice, or course of
- business in connection with the purchase or sale, di-
- rectly or indirectly, by such person of any security
- held or to be acquired by such registered investment
- company, or any security issued by such registered

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investment company or by an affiliated registered investment company, in contravention of such rules as the Commission may adopt to define, and prescribe means reasonably necessary to prevent, such acts, practices, or courses of business as are fraudulent, deceptive or manipulative.

"(2) Codes of Ethics.—The rules adopted under paragraph (1) shall include requirements for the adoption of codes of ethics by a registered investment company and investment advisers of, and principal underwriters for, such investment companies establishing such standards as are reasonably necessary to prevent such acts, practices, or courses of business. Such rules and regulations shall require each such registered investment company to disclose such codes of ethics (and any changes therein) in the periodic report to shareholders of such company, and to disclose such code of ethics and any waivers and material violations thereof on a readily accessible electronic public information facility of such company and in such additional form and manner as the Commission shall require by rule or regulation.

"(3) Additional compliance procedures.—
The rules adopted under paragraph (1) shall—

1	"(A) require each registered investment
2	company and investment adviser to adopt and
3	implement general policies and procedures rea-
4	sonably designed to prevent violations of this
5	title, the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 78a
6	et seq.), the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
7	(15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.), the Sarbanes-Oxley Act
8	of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7201 et seq.) and amend-
9	ments made by that Act, the Trust Indenture
10	Act of 1939 (15 U.S.C. 77aaa et seq.), the In-
11	vestment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b
12	et seq.), the Securities Investor Protection Act
13	of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78aaa et seq.), subchapter
14	II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code,
15	chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508 (12 $$
16	U.S.C. 1951 et seq.), or section 21 of the Fed-
17	eral Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);
18	"(B) require each registered investment
19	company and registered investment adviser to
20	review such policies and procedures annually for
21	their adequacy and the effectiveness of their im-
22	plementation; and
23	"(C) require each registered investment
24	company to appoint a chief compliance officer

1	to be responsible for overseeing such policies
2	and procedures—
3	"(i) whose compensation shall be ap-
4	proved by the members of the board of di-
5	rectors of the company who are not inter-
6	ested persons of the company;
7	"(ii) who shall report directly to the
8	members of the board of directors of the
9	company who are not interested persons of
10	such company, privately as such members
11	request, but not less frequently than annu-
12	ally; and
13	"(iii) whose report to such members
14	shall include any violations or waivers of,
15	and any other significant issues arising
16	under, such policies and procedures.
17	"(4) Certifications.—The rules adopted
18	under paragraph (1) shall require each senior execu-
19	tive officer, or such officers designated by the Com-
20	mission, of an investment adviser of a registered in-
21	vestment company to certify in each periodic report
22	to shareholders, or other appropriate disclosure doc-
23	ument, that—
24	"(A) procedures are in place for verifying
25	that the determination of current net asset

value of any redeemable security issued by the company used in computing periodically the current price for the purpose of purchase, redemption, and sale complies with the requirements of this title and the rules and regulations issued under this title, and the company is in compliance with such procedures;

"(B) procedures are in place to ensure that, if the shares of the company are offered as different classes of shares, such classes are designed in the interests of shareholders, and could reasonably be an appropriate investment option for a shareholder;

"(C) procedures are in place to ensure that information about the portfolio securities of the company is not disclosed in violation of the securities laws or the code of ethics of the company;

"(D) the members of the board of directors who are not interested persons of the company have reviewed and approved the compensation of the portfolio manager of the company in connection with their consideration of the investment advisory contract under section 15(c); and

- 1 "(E) the company has established and en-
- 2 forces a code of ethics, as required by para-
- graph (2).".
- 4 (b) Whistleblower Protection.—Section
- 5 1514A(a) of title 18, United States Code, is amended by
- 6 striking the matter preceding paragraph (1) and inserting
- 7 the following:
- 8 "(a) Whistleblower Protection for Employ-
- 9 EES OF PUBLICLY TRADED COMPANIES AND REGISTERED
- 10 Investment Companies.—No company with a class of
- 11 securities registered under section 12 of the Securities Ex-
- 12 change Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78l), or that is required
- 13 to file reports under section 15(d) of the Securities and
- 14 Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78o(d)), or that is an
- 15 investment adviser, principal underwriter, or significant
- 16 service provider (as such terms are defined under section
- 17 2(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
- 18 80a-2(a)) of an investment company which is registered
- 19 under section 8 of the Investment Company Act of 1940,
- 20 or any officer, employee, contractor, subcontractor, or
- 21 agent of such company, may discharge, demote, suspend,
- 22 threaten, harass, or in any other manner discriminate
- 23 against an employee in the terms and conditions of em-
- 24 ployment because of any lawful act done by the em-
- 25 ployee—".

1 TITLE II—FUND TRANSPARENCY

2 SEC. 201. COST CONSOLIDATION AND CLARITY.

- 3 (a) Expense Ratio Computation.—
- (1) In General.—The Commission shall, by rule, develop a standardized method of calculating the expense ratio of a registered investment company that accounts for as many operating costs to shareholders of such companies as is practicable.
- 9 (2) Separate disclosures.—In developing 10 the method of calculation required under paragraph 11 (1), if the Commission determines that the inclusion 12 of certain costs in such calculation will lead to a sig-13 nificant risk of confusing or misleading shareholders, 14 the Commission shall develop separate standardized 15 methods for the calculation and disclosure of such 16 costs.
- 17 (b) Transaction Cost Ratio.—The Commission 18 shall, by rule, develop a standardized method of computing 19 the transaction cost ratio of a registered investment com-20 pany that practicably and fairly accounts for actual transaction costs to shareholders, including, at a minimum, bro-22 kerage commissions and bid-ask spread costs. Such computation, if necessary for ease of administration, may be 24 based upon a fair method of estimation or a standardized 25 derivation from easily ascertainable information.

1	(c) Disclosure of Expense Ratio and Trans-
2	ACTION COST RATIO.—The Commission shall, by rule, re-
3	quire the prominent disclosure of the expense ratio and
4	the transaction cost ratio of a registered company, both
5	separately and as a total investment cost ratio, in—
6	(1) each annual report of the registered invest-
7	ment company;
8	(2) any prospectus of the registered investment
9	company, as part of a fee table; and
10	(3) such other filings with the Commission as
11	the Commission determines appropriate.
12	(d) ACTUAL COST DISCLOSURE.—The Commission
13	shall, by rule, require, on at least an annual basis, the
14	prominent disclosure in the shareholder account statement
15	of a registered investment company of the actual dollar
16	amount of the projected annual costs of each shareholder
17	of the company, based upon the asset value of the share-
18	holder at the time of the disclosure.
19	(e) Definition of Fees and Expenses.—
20	(1) In general.—The Commission shall, by
21	rule, define all specific allowable types or categories
22	of fees and expenses that may be borne by the
23	shareholders of a registered investment company.
24	(2) New fees and expenses.—No new fee or
25	expense, other than any defined under paragraph

1	(1), shall be borne by the shareholders of a reg-
2	istered investment company, unless the Commission
3	finds that such new fee or expense fairly reflects the
4	services provided to, or is in the best interests of the
5	shareholders of—
6	(A) a particular registered investment com-
7	pany;
8	(B) specific types or categories of reg-
9	istered investment companies; or
10	(C) registered investment companies in
11	general.
12	(f) Cost Structures.—The Commission shall pro-
13	mulgate such rules or regulations as are necessary—
14	(1) to promote the standardization and sim-
15	plification of the disclosure of the cost structures of
16	registered investment companies; and
17	(2) to ensure that the shareholders of such reg-
18	istered investment companies receive all material in-
19	formation regarding such costs—
20	(A) in a nonmisleading manner; and
21	(B) in such form and prominence as to fa-
22	cilitate, to the extent practicable, ease of com-
23	prehension and comparison of such costs.
24	(g) Descriptions of Fees, Expenses, and
25	Costs.—The Commission shall, by rule, require—

1	(1) the disclosure, in any annual or periodic re-
2	port filed with the Commission or any prospectus de-
3	livered to the shareholders of a registered investment
4	company, of all types of fees, expenses, or costs
5	borne by shareholders;
6	(2) a clear definition of each such fee, expense,
7	or cost; and
8	(3) information as to where shareholders may
9	find out more information concerning such fees, ex-
10	penses, or costs.
11	SEC. 202. ADVISOR COMPENSATION AND OWNERSHIP OF
12	FUND SHARES.
12 13	FUND SHARES. (a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The
13	(a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The
13 14	(a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The Commission shall, by rule, require—
13 14 15	(a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The Commission shall, by rule, require—(1) the disclosure to the shareholders of a reg-
13 14 15 16	 (a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The Commission shall, by rule, require— (1) the disclosure to the shareholders of a registered investment company of—
13 14 15 16 17	 (a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The Commission shall, by rule, require— (1) the disclosure to the shareholders of a registered investment company of— (A) the amount and structure of, or the
13 14 15 16 17	 (a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The Commission shall, by rule, require— (1) the disclosure to the shareholders of a registered investment company of— (A) the amount and structure of, or the method used to determine, the compensation
13 14 15 16 17 18	(a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The Commission shall, by rule, require— (1) the disclosure to the shareholders of a registered investment company of— (A) the amount and structure of, or the method used to determine, the compensation paid by the registered investment company to
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The Commission shall, by rule, require— (1) the disclosure to the shareholders of a registered investment company of— (A) the amount and structure of, or the method used to determine, the compensation paid by the registered investment company to the portfolio manager or portfolio management.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Compensation of Investment Adviser.—The Commission shall, by rule, require— (1) the disclosure to the shareholders of a registered investment company of— (A) the amount and structure of, or the method used to determine, the compensation paid by the registered investment company to the portfolio manager or portfolio management team of the investment adviser; and

1	(2) the disclosure to the board of directors of
2	the registered investment company of all trans-
3	actions in the securities of the company by the port-
4	folio manager or management team of the invest-
5	ment adviser of such company.
6	(b) Form of Disclosure.—The disclosures re-
7	quired under subparagraphs (A) and (B) of subsection
8	(a)(1) shall be made by a registered investment company
9	in—
10	(1) the registration statement of the company;
11	and
12	(2) any other filings with the Commission that
13	the Commission determines appropriate.
14	SEC. 203. POINT OF SALE AND ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE
15	OF BROKER COMPENSATION.
16	Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
17	(15 U.S.C. 78o(b)) is amended by adding at the end the
18	following:
19	
	"(11) Broker disclosures in mutual fund
20	"(11) Broker disclosures in mutual fund transactions.—
20	TRANSACTIONS.—
20 21	TRANSACTIONS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Each broker shall dis-
202122	TRANSACTIONS.— "(A) IN GENERAL.—Each broker shall disclose in writing to each person that purchases

1	"(i) the source and amount of any
2	compensation received or to be received by
3	the broker in connection with such trans-
4	action; and
5	"(ii) such other information as the
6	Commission determines appropriate.
7	"(B) TIMING OF DISCLOSURE.—The dis-
8	closures required under subparagraph (A) shall
9	be made at or before the time of the purchase
10	transaction.
11	"(C) Limitation.—The disclosures re-
12	quired under subparagraph (A) may not be
13	made exclusively in—
14	"(i) a registration statement or pro-
15	spectus of the registered investment com-
16	pany; or
17	"(ii) any other filing of a registered
18	investment company with the Commis-
19	sion.".
20	SEC. 204. BREAKPOINT DISCOUNTS.
21	The Commission, by rule, shall require the disclosure
22	by any registered investment company, in any quarterly
23	or other periodic report filed with the Commission, infor-
24	mation concerning discounts on front-end sales loads for

- 1 which shareholders may be eligible, including the min-
- 2 imum purchase amounts required for such discounts.

3 SEC. 205. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO.

- 4 The Commission, by rule, shall require the disclosure,
- 5 by any registered investment company, in any quarterly
- 6 or periodic report filed with the Commission, and in any
- 7 prospectus delivered to the shareholders of such company,
- 8 of the portfolio turnover ratio of the company, and an ex-
- 9 planation of its meaning and implications for cost and per-
- 10 formance. Such rules shall require the disclosures to be
- 11 prominently displayed within the appropriate document.
- 12 SEC. 206. PROXY VOTING POLICIES AND RECORD.
- 13 Section 30 of the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 14 (15 U.S.C. 80a-29) is amended by adding at the end the
- 15 following:
- 16 "(k) Proxy Voting Disclosure.—
- 17 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Each registered investment
- 18 company, other than a small business investment
- 19 company, shall file with the Commission, not later
- than August 31 of each year, an annual report, on
- a form prescribed by the Commission by rule, con-
- taining the proxy voting record of the registrant and
- policies of the company with respect to the voting of
- such proxies for the most recent 12-month period
- ending on June 30.

1	"(2) Notice in financial statements.—The
2	financial statements of each registered investment
3	company shall state that information regarding how
4	the company voted proxies and proxy voting policies
5	relating to portfolio securities during the most re-
6	cent 12-month period ending on June 30 is avail-
7	able—
8	"(A) without charge, upon request, by call-
9	ing a specified toll-free (or collect) telephone
10	number; or on or through the company's
11	website at a specified Internet address, or both;
12	and
13	"(B) on the website of the Commission.".
14	SEC. 207. CUSTOMER INFORMATION FROM ACCOUNT
15	INTERMEDIARIES.
16	(a) In General.—The Commission shall, by rule, re-
17	quire that each account intermediary of a registered in-
18	vestment company provide to such company, with respect
19	to each account serviced by the intermediary, such infor-
20	mation as is necessary for the company to enforce its in-
21	vestment, trading, and fee policies.
22	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The information provided by a
23	registered investment company under subsection (a) shall
24	include, at a minimum—

1	(1) the name under which the account is opened
2	with the intermediary;
3	(2) the taxpayer identification number of such
4	person;
5	(3) the mailing address of such person; and
6	(4) individual transaction data for all pur-
7	chases, redemptions, transfers, and exchanges by or
8	on behalf of such person.
9	(c) Privacy of Information.—The information
10	provided under subsection (a), and the use thereof, shall
11	be subject to all Federal and State laws with regard to
12	privacy and proprietary information.
13	SEC. 208. ADVERTISING.
14	(a) Performance Advertising.—The Commission
15	shall promulgate such rules as the Commission determines
16	necessary with respect to the advertising of a registered
17	investment company regarding—
18	(1) unrepresentative short-term performance;
19	(2) performance based upon an undisclosed or
20	improbable event; and
21	(3) performance based upon incomplete or mis-
22	leading data.
23	(b) Dollar and Time-Weighted Returns.—
24	(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
25	the Commission shall, by rule, require each reg-

- 1 istered investment company to disclose, in its annual 2 report and any prospectus delivered to shareholders, 3 dollar-weighted returns and time-weighted returns for each of— 4 (A) the preceding fiscal year; 6 (B) the preceding 5 fiscal years; 7 (C) the preceding 10 fiscal years; and 8 (D) the life of the company. 9 (2) Exception.—The Commission may omit or 10 require additional disclosures required under para-11 graph (1) for such time periods as the Commission 12 determines necessary. 13 (3) Commission use of Benchmarks.—The 14 Commission may require, in the interest of facili-15
- 14 Commission may require, in the interest of facili-15 tating non-misleading disclosures, that any perform-16 ance-related advertising by a registered investment 17 company be accompanied by such benchmarks as the 18 Commission may deem appropriate.
- 19 (c) Subsidized Yields.—The Commission shall, by 20 rule, require that any registered investment company that 21 discloses in any publication a subsidized yield to disclose 22 in the same publication the amount and duration of such 23 subsidy.

1 TITLE III—FUND REGULATION 2 AND OVERSIGHT

3	SEC. 301. PROHIBITION OF ASSET-BASED DISTRIBUTION
4	EXPENSES.
5	(a) Repeal of Rule 12b–1.—
6	(1) In General.—Beginning 180 days after
7	the date of enactment of this Act (or such earlier
8	time as the Commission may elect), as in effect on
9	the date of enactment of this Act, section 270.12b-
10	1 of chapter II of title 17 of the Code of Federal
11	Regulations, promulgated under section 12 of the
12	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-
13	12), is repealed, and shall have no force or effect.
14	(2) Preservation of actions.—Paragraph
15	(1) shall have no effect on any case pending or pen-
16	alty imposed under section 270.12b-1 of the Code of
17	Federal Regulations prior to the date of repeal
18	under paragraph (1).
19	(b) Payment of Distribution Expenses From
20	Management Fee.—Section 12 of the Investment Com-
21	pany Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-12) is amended by add-
22	ing at the end the following:
23	"(h) Payment of Distribution Expenses.—Not-
24	withstanding any provision of subsection (b), or any rule
25	or regulation promulgated thereunder, distribution ex-

- 1 penses incurred by an investment adviser may be paid out
- 2 of the management fee received by the investment ad-
- 3 viser.".
- 4 (c) Sums Expended Promoting Sale of Securi-
- 5 Ties.—The Commission shall, by rule—
- 6 (1) require that any sums expended by the in-
- 7 vestment adviser of a registered investment company
- 8 to promote or facilitate the sale of the securities of
- 9 such company be disclosed to the board of directors
- of the company;
- 11 (2) require that such sums be accounted for
- and identified in the expense ratio of any such com-
- pany; and
- 14 (3) authorize the board of directors of any such
- company to prohibit its investment adviser from
- using any compensation received from the company
- for distribution expenses that the board determines
- not to be in the best interest of the shareholders of
- the company.
- 20 (d) Prohibition of Asset-Based Fees.—Section
- 21 12 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
- 22 80a-12), as amended by subsection (a), is amended by
- 23 adding at the end the following:
- 24 "(i) Asset-Based Fees.—

1	"(1) In general.—It shall be unlawful for any
2	registered investment company to pay asset-based
3	fees to any broker or dealer in connection with the
4	offer or sale of the securities of such investment
5	company.
6	"(2) Definition of Asset-Based fees.—The
7	Commission shall, by rule, define the term 'asset-
8	based fees' for purposes of this subsection.".
9	SEC. 302. PROHIBITION ON REVENUE SHARING, DIRECTED
10	BROKERAGE, AND SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGE-
11	MENTS.
12	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Investment Company Act of
13	1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.) is amended by inserting
14	after section 12 the following:
15	"SEC. 12A. PROHIBITION ON REVENUE SHARING, DIRECTED
16	BROKERAGE, AND SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGE-
17	MENTS.
18	"(a) Revenue Sharing Arrangements.—It shall
19	be unlawful for any investment adviser to enter into a rev-
20	enue sharing arrangement with any broker or dealer with
21	respect to the securities of a registered investment com-
22	pany.
23	"(b) Directed Brokerage Arrangements.—It

1	or any affiliate of such company, to enter into a directed
2	brokerage arrangement with a broker or dealer.
3	"(c) Soft-Dollar Arrangements.—It shall be un-
4	lawful for any registered investment company or reg-
5	istered investment adviser to enter into a soft-dollar ar-
6	rangement with any broker or dealer.
7	"(d) Regulations Respecting Section 28(e) of
8	THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.—The Com-
9	mission shall, by rule, narrow the soft-dollar safe harbon
10	under section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of
11	1934 (15 U.S.C. 78bb(e)(1)) to promote such parity as
12	the Commission determines appropriate, and in the best
13	interests of shareholders of a registered investment com-
14	pany, between registered investment companies governed
15	by section 12A, and companies not covered by section 12A
16	"(e) Definitions.—
17	"(1) In general.—In this section—
18	"(A) the term 'directed brokerage arrange-
19	ment' means the direction of discretionary bro-
20	kerage by an investment company or an affil-
21	iate of that company, to a broker or dealer in
22	exchange for services other than trade execu-
23	tions;
24	"(B) the term 'revenue sharing arrange-
25	ment' means any direct or indirect payment

1	made by an investment adviser (or any affiliate
2	of an investment adviser) to a broker or dealer
3	for the purpose of promoting the sales of secu-
4	rities of a registered investment company, other
5	than any payment made directly by a share-
6	holder as a commission for the purchase of such
7	securities;
8	"(C) the term 'soft-dollar arrangement
9	means payments to a broker or dealer for best
10	trade executions in exchange for, or which gen-
11	erate credits for, services or products other
12	than trade executions; and
13	"(D) the term 'trade executions' has the
14	meaning given that term by the Commission, by
15	rule;
16	"(2) Regulations.—The Commission may, by
17	rule, refine the definitions under paragraph (1), de-
18	fine such other terms as the Commission determines
19	necessary, and otherwise tailor the proscriptions set
20	forth under this section to achieve the purposes of—
21	"(A) protecting the best interests of share
22	holders of a registered investment company;
23	"(B) minimizing or eliminating conflicts
24	with the best interests of shareholders of a reg-
25	istered investment company;

- "(C) enhancing market negotiation for and 1 2 price competition in trade execution services, 3 and products and services previously obtained 4 under arrangements prohibited by this section; "(D) ensuring the transparency of trans-6 actions for trade executions, and products and 7 services previously obtained under arrange-8 ments prohibited by this section, and disclosure 9 to shareholders of costs associated with trade 10 executions, and products and services previously 11 obtained under arrangements prohibited by this 12 section, that is simplified, clear, and com-13 prehensible; and 14 "(E) providing reasonable safe harbors for 15 conduct otherwise consistent with such pur-16 poses.". 17 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
- 18 Section 28(e)(1) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
 19 (15 U.S.C. 78bb(e)(1)) is amended by striking "This sec20 tion is exclusive" and inserting "Except as provided under
 21 section 12A of the Investment Company Act of 1940, this
 22 section is exclusive".
- 23 SEC. 303. MARKET TIMING.
- (a) In General.—The Commission shall, by rule, re-quire—

- 1 (1) the disclosure in any registration statement 2 filed with the Commission by a registered investment 3 company of the market timing policies of that com-4 pany and the procedures adopted to enforce such 5 policies; and
- 6 (2) that any registered investment company
 7 that declines to adopt restrictions on market timing
 8 disclose such fact in the registration statement of
 9 the company, and in any advertising or other pub10 licly available documents, as the Commission deter11 mines necessary.
- (b) Fundamental Investment Policy.—The policies required to be disclosed under paragraph (1) shall be deemed "fundamental investment policies" for purposes of sections 8(b)(3) and 13(a)(3) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–8(b)(3) and 80a–13(a)(3)).

17 SEC. 304. ELIMINATION OF STALE PRICES.

(a) In General.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall prescribe, by rule or regulation, standards concerning the obligation of registered investment companies under the Investment Company Act of 1940, to apply and use fair value methods of determination of net asset value when market quotations are unavailable or do not accurately reflect the fair market value of the portfolio securities of

- 1 such a company, in order to prevent dilution of the inter-
- 2 ests of long-term shareholders or as necessary in the pub-
- 3 lie interest or for the protection of shareholders.
- 4 (b) Content.—The rule or regulation prescribed
- 5 under subsection (a) shall identify, in addition to signifi-
- 6 cant events, the conditions or circumstances from which
- 7 such an obligation will arise, such as the need to value
- 8 securities traded on foreign exchanges, and the methods
- 9 by which fair value methods shall be applied in such
- 10 events, conditions, and circumstances.
- 11 SEC. 305. PROHIBITION OF SHORT TERM TRADING; MANDA-
- 12 TORY REDEMPTION FEES.
- 13 (a) Short-Term Trading Prohibited.—Section
- 14 17 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
- 15 80a–17) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 16 "(k) Short-Term Trading Prohibited.—
- 17 "(1) Prohibition.—It shall be unlawful for
- any officer, director, partner, or employee of a reg-
- 19 istered investment company, any affiliated person,
- 20 investment adviser, or principal underwriter of such
- 21 company, or any officer, director, partner, or em-
- 22 ployee of such an affiliated person, investment ad-
- viser, or principal underwriter, to engage in any
- short-term transaction, in any securities issued by
- such company, or any affiliate of such company.

- "(2) Limitation.—This subsection does not prohibit any transaction in a money market fund, or in funds, the investment policy of which expressly permits short-term transactions, or such other category of registered investment company as the Commission shall specify, by rule.
- 7 "(3) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this sub-8 section, the term 'short-term transaction' has the 9 meaning given that term by the Commission, by 10 rule.".
- 11 (b) Mandatory Redemption Fees.—The Commis-12 sion shall, by rule, require any registered investment com-13 pany that does not allow for market timing practices to 14 charge a redemption fee upon the short-term redemption 15 of any securities of such company. In determining the ap-16 plication of mandatory redemption fees, shares shall be 17 considered in the reverse order of their purchase.
- 18 (c) Increased Redemption Fees Permitted for 19 Short-Term Trading.—Not later than 90 days after the 20 date of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall per-21 mit a registered investment company to charge redemption 22 fees in excess of 2 percent upon the redemption of any 23 securities of such company that are redeemed within such 24 period after their purchase as the Commission specifies

- 1 in such rule to deter short term trading that is unfair to
- 2 the shareholders of such company.
- 3 (d) Deadline for Rules.—The Commission shall
- 4 prescribe rules to implement section 17(k) of the Invest-
- 5 ment Company Act of 1940, as added by subsection (a)
- 6 of this section, not later than 90 days after the date of
- 7 enactment of this Act.

8 SEC. 306. PREVENTION OF AFTER-HOURS TRADING.

- 9 (a) Additional Rules Required.—The Commis-
- 10 sion shall issue rules to prevent transactions in the securi-
- 11 ties of any registered investment company in violation of
- 12 section 22 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
- 13 U.S.C. 80a-22), including after-hours trades that are exe-
- 14 cuted at a price based on a net asset value that was deter-
- 15 mined as of a time prior to the actual execution of the
- 16 transaction.
- 17 (b) Trades Collected by Intermediaries.—The
- 18 Commission shall determine the circumstances under
- 19 which to permit, subject to rules of the Commission and
- 20 an annual independent audit of such trades, the execution
- 21 of after-hours trades that are provided to a registered in-
- 22 vestment company by a broker, dealer, retirement plan ad-
- 23 ministrator, insurance company, or other intermediary,
- 24 after the time as of which the net asset value was deter-
- 25 mined.

1	SEC. 307. BAN ON JOINT MANAGEMENT OF MUTUAL FUNDS
2	AND HEDGE FUNDS.
3	(a) Amendment.—Section 15 of the Investment
4	Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–15) is amended by
5	adding at the end the following:
6	"(h) Ban on Joint Management of Mutual
7	FUNDS AND HEDGE FUNDS.—
8	"(1) Prohibition of Joint Management.—It
9	shall be unlawful for any individual to serve or act
10	as the portfolio manager or investment adviser of a
11	registered open-end investment company if such in-
12	dividual also serves or acts as the portfolio manager
13	or investment adviser of an investment company
14	that is not registered or of such other categories of
15	companies as the Commission shall prescribe by rule
16	in order to prohibit conflicts of interest, such as con-
17	flicts in the selection of the portfolio securities.
18	"(2) Exceptions.—Notwithstanding para-
19	graph (1), the Commission may, by rule, regulation,
20	or order, permit joint management by a portfolio
21	manager in exceptional circumstances when nec-
22	essary to protect the interest of shareholders, pro-
23	vided that such rule, regulation, or order requires—
24	"(A) enhanced disclosure by the registered
25	open-end investment company to shareholders

of any conflicts of interest raised by such joint management; and

"(B) fair and equitable policies and procedures for the allocation of securities to the portfolios of the jointly managed companies, and certification by the members of the board of directors who are not interested persons of such registered open-end investment company, in the periodic report to shareholders, or other appropriate disclosure document, that such policies and procedures of such company are fair and equitable.

- "(3) DEFINITION.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'portfolio manager' means the individual or individuals who are designated as responsible for decision-making in connection with the securities purchased and sold on behalf of a registered open-end investment company, but shall not include individuals who participate only in making research recommendations or executing transactions on behalf of such company.".
- 22 (b) DEADLINE FOR RULES.—The Commission shall 23 prescribe rules to implement section 15(h) of the Invest-24 ment Company Act of 1940, as added by subsection (a)

1	of this section, not later than 90 days after the date of
2	enactment of this Act.
3	SEC. 308. SELECTIVE DISCLOSURES.
4	(a) In General.—The Commission shall promulgate
5	such rules as the Commission determines necessary to pre-
6	vent the selective disclosure by a registered investment
7	company of material information relating to the portfolio
8	of securities held by such company.
9	(b) REQUIREMENTS.—The rules promulgated under
10	subsection (a) shall treat selective disclosures of material
11	information by a registered investment company in sub-
12	stantially the same manner as selective disclosures by
13	issuers of securities registered under section 12 of the Se-
14	curities Exchange Act of 1934 under the rules of the Com-
15	mission.
16	TITLE IV—STUDIES
17	SEC. 401. STUDY OF ADVISER CONFLICT OF INTEREST.
18	(a) In General.—The Commission shall conduct a
19	study of—
20	(1) the consequences of the inherent conflicts of
21	interest confronting investment advisers employed by
22	registered investment companies;
23	(2) the extent to which legislative or regulatory
24	measures could minimize such conflicts of interest;
25	and

1	(3) the extent to which legislative or regulatory
2	measures could incentivize internal management of a
3	registered investment company.
4	(b) REPORT.—Not later than 1 year after the date
5	of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit a
6	report on the results of the study required under sub-
7	section (a) to—
8	(1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
9	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
10	(2) the Committee on Financial Services of the
11	House of Representatives.
12	SEC. 402. STUDY OF COORDINATION OF ENFORCEMENT EF-
13	FORTS.
13 14	FORTS. (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the
14	(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the
14 15	(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the Commission,
14 15 16	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the Commission, shall conduct a study of the coordination of enforcement
14 15 16 17	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the Commission, shall conduct a study of the coordination of enforcement efforts between—
14 15 16 17	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the Commission, shall conduct a study of the coordination of enforcement efforts between— (1) the headquarters of the Commission;
114 115 116 117 118	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the Commission, shall conduct a study of the coordination of enforcement efforts between— (1) the headquarters of the Commission; (2) the regional offices of the Commission; and
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the Commission, shall conduct a study of the coordination of enforcement efforts between— (1) the headquarters of the Commission; (2) the regional offices of the Commission; and (3) State regulatory and law enforcement agen-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) IN GENERAL.—The Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the Commission, shall conduct a study of the coordination of enforcement efforts between— (1) the headquarters of the Commission; (2) the regional offices of the Commission; and (3) State regulatory and law enforcement agencies.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the United States, with the cooperation of the Commission, shall conduct a study of the coordination of enforcement efforts between— (1) the headquarters of the Commission; (2) the regional offices of the Commission; and (3) State regulatory and law enforcement agencies. (b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date

1	(1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
2	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
3	(2) the Committee on Financial Services of the
4	House of Representatives.
5	SEC. 403. STUDY OF COMMISSION ORGANIZATIONAL
6	STRUCTURE.
7	(a) In General.—The Comptroller General of the
8	United States, with the cooperation of the Commission
9	shall conduct a study of—
10	(1) the current organizational structure of the
11	Commission with respect to the regulation of invest-
12	ment companies;
13	(2) whether the organizational structure and re-
14	sources of the Commission sufficiently credit the im-
15	portance of oversight of investment companies to the
16	95 million investors in such companies within the
17	United States;
18	(3) whether certain organizational features of
19	that structure, such as the separation of regulatory
20	and enforcement functions, are sufficient to promote
21	the optimal understanding of the current practices
22	of investment companies; and
23	(4) whether a separate regulatory entity would
24	improve or impair effective oversight.

- 1 (b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 2 of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall
- 3 submit a report on the results of the study required under
- 4 subsection (a) to—
- 5 (1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
- 6 Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
- 7 (2) the Committee on Financial Services of the
- 8 House of Representatives.

9 SEC. 404. TRENDS IN ARBITRATION CLAUSES.

- 10 (a) In General.—The Commission shall conduct a
- 11 study on the trends in arbitration clauses between brokers,
- 12 dealers, and investors since December 31, 1995, and alter-
- 13 native means to avert the filing of claims in Federal or
- 14 State courts.
- 15 (b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 16 of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit a
- 17 report on the results of the study required under sub-
- 18 section (a) to—
- 19 (1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
- 20 Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
- 21 (2) the Committee on Financial Services of the
- House of Representatives.
- 23 SEC. 405. HEDGE FUND REGULATION.
- 24 (a) In General.—The Commission shall conduct a
- 25 study of whether additional regulation of alternative in-

- 1 vestment vehicles, such as hedge funds, is appropriate to
- 2 deter the recurrence of trading abuses, manipulation of
- 3 registered investment companies by unregistered invest-
- 4 ment companies, or other distortions that may harm inves-
- 5 tors in registered investment companies.
- 6 (b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
- 7 of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit a
- 8 report on the results of the study required under sub-
- 9 section (a) to—
- 10 (1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
- 11 Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
- 12 (2) the Committee on Financial Services of the
- House of Representatives.
- 14 SEC. 406. INVESTOR EDUCATION AND THE INTERNET.
- 15 (a) In General.—The Commission shall conduct a
- 16 study of—
- 17 (1) the means of enhancing the role of the
- 18 Internet in educating investors and providing timely
- information regarding laws, regulations, enforcement
- 20 proceedings, and individual registered investment
- 21 companies;
- 22 (2) the feasibility of mandating that each reg-
- istered investment company maintain a website on
- 24 which shall be posted filings of the registered invest-
- 25 ment company with the Commission and any other

1	material information related to the registered invest-
2	ment company; and
3	(3) the means of ensuring that the EDGAR
4	database maintained by the Commission is user-
5	friendly and contains a search engine that facilitates
6	the expeditious location of material information.
7	(b) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the date
8	of enactment of this Act, the Commission shall submit a
9	report on the results of the study required under sub-
10	section (a) to—
11	(1) the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
12	Urban Affairs of the Senate; and
13	(2) the Committee on Financial Services of the
14	House of Representatives.

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