108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 4428

To extend trade benefits to certain tents imported into the United States.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 20, 2004

Mr. Blunt introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To extend trade benefits to certain tents imported into the United States.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. DUTY FREE TREATMENT FOR TENTS FROM
- 4 CERTAIN MIDDLE EASTERN COUNTRIES.
- 5 (a) Duty Free Treatment.—Notwithstanding any
- 6 other provision of law, the President shall provide duty-
- 7 free treatment for any eligible article from a beneficiary
- 8 country designated under section 2.
- 9 (b) Eligible Article.—For purposes of this Act,
- 10 the term "eligible article" means any tent with a sewn
- 11 in floor and base size less than 20' by 20' classified under

- 1 subheading 6306.22.90 of the Harmonized Tariff Sched-
- 2 ule of the United States.

3 SEC. 2. DESIGNATION OF ELIGIBLE COUNTRIES.

- 4 (a) In General.—The President shall, upon the en-
- 5 actment of this Act designate each country listed in sub-
- 6 section (d) as a beneficiary country unless, and shall
- 7 thereafter withdraw such designation from any such coun-
- 8 tries if—
- 9 (1) the country is listed by the United States
- 10 Department of State as a state sponsor of terrorism;
- 11 or
- 12 (2) the country engages in activities that under-
- mine United States national security or foreign pol-
- icy interests.
- 15 (b) REVIEWS.—Beginning 1 year after the date of the
- 16 enactment of this Act, and annually thereafter, the Presi-
- 17 dent shall conduct a review to determine if a basis exists
- 18 for withdrawing the designation of a country as a bene-
- 19 ficiary country under this Act. In determining whether or
- 20 not to withdraw such designation, the President shall con-
- 21 sider—
- (1) whether or not the country has established,
- or is making continual progress toward estab-
- 24 lishing—

1	(A) a market-based economy that protects
2	private property rights, incorporates an open
3	rules-based trading system, and minimizes gov-
4	ernment interference in the economy through
5	measures such as price controls, subsidies, and
6	government ownership of economic assets;
7	(B) the rule of law and the right to due
8	process, a fair trial, and equal protection under
9	the law;
10	(C) political pluralism, a climate free of
11	political intimidation and restrictions on peace-
12	ful political activity, and democratic elections
13	that meet international standards of fairness,
14	transparency, and participation;
15	(D) the elimination of barriers to United
16	States trade and investment, including by—
17	(i) providing national treatment and
18	measures to create an environment condu-
19	cive to domestic and foreign investment;
20	(ii) protecting intellectual property;
21	and
22	(iii) resolving bilateral trade and in-
23	vestment disputes;
24	(E) economic policies that reduce poverty,
25	increase the availability of health care and edu-

1	cational opportunities, expand physical infra-
2	structure, promote the development of private
3	enterprise, and encourage the formation of cap-
4	ital markets through micro-credit or other pro-
5	grams;
6	(F) a system to combat corruption and
7	bribery, such as signing and implementing the
8	OECD Convention on Combating Bribery of
9	Foreign Public Officials in International Busi-
10	ness Transactions;
11	(G) protection of internationally recognized
12	worker rights, including the right of association,
13	the right to organize and bargain collectively, a
14	prohibition on the use of any form of forced or
15	compulsory labor, a minimum age for the em-
16	ployment of children, and acceptable conditions
17	of work; and
18	(H) policies that provide a high level of en-
19	vironmental protection;
20	(2) the country's record on activities that un-
21	dermine United States national security or foreign
22	policy interests, and support of a peaceful resolution
23	of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict;

(3) whether the country is a signatory of the

United Nations Declaration of Human Rights, en-

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- 1 gages in gross violations of internationally recog-
- 2 nized human rights, and is making continuing and
- 3 verifiable progress on the protection of internation-
- 4 ally recognized human rights, including freedom of
- 5 speech and press, freedom of peaceful assembly and
- 6 association, and freedom of religion;
- 7 (4) the country's participation in the primary,
- 8 secondary, or tertiary economic boycott of Israel;
- 9 and
- 10 (5) whether the country otherwise meets the eli-
- gibility criteria set forth in subsection (b)(2) of sec-
- 12 tion 502 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C.
- 13 2462), other than subparagraph (B) of such sub-
- section.
- 15 (c) Continuing Compliance.—If the President de-
- 16 termines under subsection (b) that a country should no
- 17 longer be designated as a beneficiary country, the Presi-
- 18 dent shall withdraw such designation.
- 19 (d) Countries Eligible for Designation.—The
- 20 countries referred to in subsection (a) are the following
- 21 countries of the greater Middle East or their successor po-
- 22 litical entities:
- 23 (1) Afghanistan.
- 24 (2) Algeria.
- 25 (3) Azerbaijan.

1	(4) Bahrain.
2	(5) Bangladesh.
3	(6) Egypt.
4	(7) Iraq.
5	(8) Kuwait.
6	(9) Lebanon.
7	(10) Morocco.
8	(11) Oman.
9	(12) Pakistan.
10	(13) Qatar.
11	(14) Saudi Arabia.
12	(15) Tunisia.
13	(16) Turkey.
14	(17) United Arab Emirates.
15	(18) Yemen.
16	(e) The Palestinian Authority.—
17	(1) Designation.—The President is author-
18	ized to designate the Palestinian Authority or its
19	successor political entity as a beneficiary political en-
20	tity which, if so designated, shall be eligible for the
21	duty-free treatment under this Act as if it were a
22	beneficiary country, if the President determines that
23	the Palestinian Authority—
24	(A) does not participate in acts of ter-
25	rorism, takes active measures to combat ter-

rorism, and cooperates fully in international ef-1 2 forts to combat terrorism; 3 (B) does not engage in activities that undermine United States national security or for-4 eign policy interests; 6 (C) does not engage in gross violations of 7 internationally recognized human rights, and is 8 making continuing and verifiable progress on 9 the protection of internationally recognized human rights, including freedom of speech and 10 11 the press, freedom of peaceful assembly and as-12 sociation, and freedom of religion; and 13 (D) accepts Israel's right to exist in peace 14 within secure borders. 15 (2) WITHDRAWAL.—The President shall with-16 draw the designation of the Palestinian Authority 17 under paragraph (1) at any time that the President 18 determines that the Palestinian Authority no longer 19 meets the requirements of paragraph (1). 20 (f) Notification of Congress.—In any case in which the President withdraws the designation of a country as a beneficiary country under subsection (a) or (c), or withdraws the designation of the Palestinian Authority under subsection (d)(2), the President shall notify the

Congress of such withdrawal and the reasons therefor.

1 SEC. 3. RULE OF ORIGIN GENERAL RULE.

2	(a) General Rule.—
3	(1) Duty-free treatment.—The duty-free
4	treatment provided under this Act shall apply to any
5	article which is the growth, product, or manufacture
6	of 1 or more beneficiary countries if—
7	(A) that article is imported directly from a
8	beneficiary country into the customs territory of
9	the United States; and
10	(B) the sum of—
11	(i) the cost or value of the materials
12	produced in 1 or more beneficiary coun-
13	tries, plus
14	(ii) the direct cost of processing oper-
15	ations performed in such beneficiary coun-
16	try or countries,
17	is not less than 35 percent of the appraised
18	value of such article at the time it is entered.
19	(2) U.S. CONTENT.—For purposes of deter-
20	mining the percentage referred to in paragraph
21	(1)(B), if the cost or value of materials produced in
22	the customs territory of the United States is in-
23	cluded with respect to an article to which this para-
24	graph applies, an amount not to exceed 15 percent
25	of the appraised value of the article at the time it
26	is entered that is attributed to such United States

- 1 cost or value may be applied toward determining the
- 2 percentage referred to in paragraph (1)(B).
- 3 (b) Definition.—In this section, the term "entered"
- 4 means entered, or withdrawn from warehouse for con-
- 5 sumption, in the customs territory of the United States.

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