### Calendar No. 539

108TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 4279

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 17, 2004 Received

May 20, 2004 Read the first time

May 21, 2004

Read the second time and placed on the calendar

### AN ACT

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for the disposition of unused health benefits in cafeteria plans and flexible spending arrangements, to improve patient access to health care services and provide improved medical care by reducing the excessive burden the liability system places on the health care delivery system, and to amend title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to improve access and choice for entrepreneurs with small businesses with respect to medical care for their employees.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### 1 SECTION 1. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 The table of contents for this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Disposition of unused health benefits in cafeteria plans and flexible spending arrangements.

## TITLE I—HELP EFFICIENT, ACCESSIBLE, LOW-COST, TIMELY HEALTHCARE (HEALTH) ACT OF 2004

- Sec. 1001. Short title.
- Sec. 1002. Findings and purpose.
- Sec. 1003. Encouraging speedy resolution of claims.
- Sec. 1004. Compensating patient injury.
- Sec. 1005. Maximizing patient recovery.
- Sec. 1006. Additional health benefits.
- Sec. 1007. Punitive damages.
- Sec. 1008. Authorization of payment of future damages to claimants in health care lawsuits.
- Sec. 1009. Definitions.
- Sec. 1010. Effect on other laws.
- Sec. 1011. State flexibility and protection of States' rights.
- Sec. 1012. Applicability; effective date.
- Sec. 1013. Sense of Congress.

#### TITLE II—SMALL BUSINESS HEALTH FAIRNESS ACT OF 2004

- Sec. 2001. Short title.
- Sec. 2002. Rules governing association health plans.
- Sec. 2003. Clarification of treatment of single employer arrangements.
- Sec. 2004. Enforcement provisions relating to association health plans.
- Sec. 2005. Cooperation between Federal and State authorities.
- Sec. 2006. Effective date and transitional and other rules.

#### 3 SEC. 2. DISPOSITION OF UNUSED HEALTH BENEFITS IN

- 4 CAFETERIA PLANS AND FLEXIBLE SPENDING
- 5 ARRANGEMENTS.
- 6 (a) In General.—Section 125 of the Internal Rev-
- 7 enue Code of 1986 (relating to cafeteria plans) is amended
- 8 by redesignating subsections (h) and (i) as subsections (i)
- 9 and (j), respectively, and by inserting after subsection (g)
- 10 the following:
- 11 "(h) Contributions of Certain Unused Health
- 12 Benefits.—

- 1 "(1) In general.—For purposes of this title, 2 a plan or other arrangement shall not fail to be 3 treated as a cafeteria plan solely because qualified 4 benefits under such plan include a health flexible 5 spending arrangement under which not more than 6 \$500 of unused health benefits may be— 7 "(A) carried forward to the succeeding 8 plan year of such health flexible spending ar-9 rangement, or 10 "(B) to the extent permitted by section 11 106(d), contributed by the employer to a health 12 savings account (as defined in section 223(d)) maintained for the benefit of the employee. 13 14 "(2) Health flexible spending arrange-15 MENT.—For purposes of this subsection, the term 'health flexible spending arrangement' means a flexi-16 17 ble spending arrangement (as defined in section 18 106(c)) that is a qualified benefit and only permits
  - "(3) Unused health benefits.—For purposes of this subsection, with respect to an employee, the term 'unused health benefits' means the excess of—

paragraphs (C) and (D) thereof).

reimbursement for expenses for medical care (as de-

fined in section 213(d)(1), without regard to sub-

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1	"(A) the maximum amount of reimburse-
2	ment allowable to the employee for a plan year
3	under a health flexible spending arrangement,
4	over
5	"(B) the actual amount of reimbursement
6	for such year under such arrangement.".
7	(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by
8	subsection (a) shall apply to taxable years beginning after
9	December 31, 2003.
10	TITLE I—HELP EFFICIENT, AC-
11	CESSIBLE, LOW-COST, TIMELY
12	HEALTHCARE (HEALTH) ACT
13	OF 2004
14	SEC. 1001. SHORT TITLE.
15	This title may be cited as the "Help Efficient, Acces-
16	sible, Low-cost, Timely Healthcare (HEALTH) Act of
17	2004".
18	SEC. 1002. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
19	(a) Findings.—
20	(1) Effect on health care access and
21	COSTS.—Congress finds that our current civil justice
22	system is adversely affecting patient access to health
23	care services, better patient care, and cost-efficient
24	health care, in that the health care liability system
25	is a costly and ineffective mechanism for resolving

- claims of health care liability and compensating injured patients, and is a deterrent to the sharing of information among health care professionals which impedes efforts to improve patient safety and quality of care.
  - (2) Effect on interstate commerce.—
    Congress finds that the health care and insurance industries are industries affecting interstate commerce and the health care liability litigation systems existing throughout the United States are activities that affect interstate commerce by contributing to the high costs of health care and premiums for health care liability insurance purchased by health care system providers.
  - (3) Effect on federal spending.—Congress finds that the health care liability litigation systems existing throughout the United States have a significant effect on the amount, distribution, and use of Federal funds because of—
    - (A) the large number of individuals who receive health care benefits under programs operated or financed by the Federal Government;
- (B) the large number of individuals who benefit because of the exclusion from Federal

1	taxes of the amounts spent to provide them
2	with health insurance benefits; and
3	(C) the large number of health care pro-
4	viders who provide items or services for which
5	the Federal Government makes payments.
6	(b) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this Act to imple-
7	ment reasonable, comprehensive, and effective health care
8	liability reforms designed to—
9	(1) improve the availability of health care serv-
10	ices in cases in which health care liability actions
11	have been shown to be a factor in the decreased
12	availability of services;
13	(2) reduce the incidence of "defensive medi-
14	cine" and lower the cost of health care liability in-
15	surance, all of which contribute to the escalation of
16	health care costs;
17	(3) ensure that persons with meritorious health
18	care injury claims receive fair and adequate com-
19	pensation, including reasonable noneconomic dam-
20	ages;
21	(4) improve the fairness and cost-effectiveness
22	of our current health care liability system to resolve
23	disputes over, and provide compensation for, health
24	care liability by reducing uncertainty in the amount

of compensation provided to injured individuals; and

1	(5) provide an increased sharing of information
2	in the health care system which will reduce unin-
3	tended injury and improve patient care.
4	SEC. 1003. ENCOURAGING SPEEDY RESOLUTION OF
5	CLAIMS.
6	The time for the commencement of a health care law-
7	suit shall be 3 years after the date of manifestation of
8	injury or 1 year after the claimant discovers, or through
9	the use of reasonable diligence should have discovered, the
10	injury, whichever occurs first. In no event shall the time
11	for commencement of a health care lawsuit exceed 3 years
12	after the date of manifestation of injury unless tolled for
13	any of the following—
14	(1) upon proof of fraud;
15	(2) intentional concealment; or
16	(3) the presence of a foreign body, which has no
17	therapeutic or diagnostic purpose or effect, in the
18	person of the injured person.
19	Actions by a minor shall be commenced within 3 years
20	from the date of the alleged manifestation of injury except
21	that actions by a minor under the full age of 6 years shall
22	be commenced within 3 years of manifestation of injury
23	or prior to the minor's 8th birthday, whichever provides
24	a longer period. Such time limitation shall be tolled for
25	minors for any period during which a parent or guardian

- 1 and a health care provider or health care organization
- 2 have committed fraud or collusion in the failure to bring
- 3 an action on behalf of the injured minor.

#### 4 SEC. 1004. COMPENSATING PATIENT INJURY.

- 5 (a) Unlimited Amount of Damages for Actual
- 6 Economic Losses in Health Care Lawsuits.—In any
- 7 health care lawsuit, nothing in this title shall limit a claim-
- 8 ant's recovery of the full amount of the available economic
- 9 damages, notwithstanding the limitation in subsection (b).
- 10 (b) Additional Noneconomic Damages.—In any
- 11 health care lawsuit, the amount of noneconomic damages,
- 12 if available, may be as much as \$250,000, regardless of
- 13 the number of parties against whom the action is brought
- 14 or the number of separate claims or actions brought with
- 15 respect to the same injury.
- 16 (c) NO DISCOUNT OF AWARD FOR NONECONOMIC
- 17 Damages.—For purposes of applying the limitation in
- 18 subsection (b), future noneconomic damages shall not be
- 19 discounted to present value. The jury shall not be in-
- 20 formed about the maximum award for noneconomic dam-
- 21 ages. An award for noneconomic damages in excess of
- 22 \$250,000 shall be reduced either before the entry of judg-
- 23 ment, or by amendment of the judgment after entry of
- 24 judgment, and such reduction shall be made before ac-
- 25 counting for any other reduction in damages required by

- 1 law. If separate awards are rendered for past and future
- 2 noneconomic damages and the combined awards exceed
- 3 \$250,000, the future noneconomic damages shall be re-
- 4 duced first.
- 5 (d) Fair Share Rule.—In any health care lawsuit,
- 6 each party shall be liable for that party's several share
- 7 of any damages only and not for the share of any other
- 8 person. Each party shall be liable only for the amount of
- 9 damages allocated to such party in direct proportion to
- 10 such party's percentage of responsibility. Whenever a
- 11 judgment of liability is rendered as to any party, a sepa-
- 12 rate judgment shall be rendered against each such party
- 13 for the amount allocated to such party. For purposes of
- 14 this section, the trier of fact shall determine the propor-
- 15 tion of responsibility of each party for the claimant's
- 16 harm.

#### 17 SEC. 1005, MAXIMIZING PATIENT RECOVERY.

- 18 (a) Court Supervision of Share of Damages
- 19 ACTUALLY PAID TO CLAIMANTS.—In any health care law-
- 20 suit, the court shall supervise the arrangements for pay-
- 21 ment of damages to protect against conflicts of interest
- 22 that may have the effect of reducing the amount of dam-
- 23 ages awarded that are actually paid to claimants. In par-
- 24 ticular, in any health care lawsuit in which the attorney
- 25 for a party claims a financial stake in the outcome by vir-

- 1 tue of a contingent fee, the court shall have the power
- 2 to restrict the payment of a claimant's damage recovery
- 3 to such attorney, and to redirect such damages to the
- 4 claimant based upon the interests of justice and principles
- 5 of equity. In no event shall the total of all contingent fees
- 6 for representing all claimants in a health care lawsuit ex-
- 7 ceed the following limits:
- 8 (1) 40 percent of the first \$50,000 recovered by
- 9 the claimant(s).
- 10 (2)  $33\frac{1}{3}$  percent of the next \$50,000 recovered
- by the claimant(s).
- 12 (3) 25 percent of the next \$500,000 recovered
- by the claimant(s).
- 14 (4) 15 percent of any amount by which the re-
- covery by the claimant(s) is in excess of \$600,000.
- 16 (b) APPLICABILITY.—The limitations in this section
- 17 shall apply whether the recovery is by judgment, settle-
- 18 ment, mediation, arbitration, or any other form of alter-
- 19 native dispute resolution. In a health care lawsuit involv-
- 20 ing a minor or incompetent person, a court retains the
- 21 authority to authorize or approve a fee that is less than
- 22 the maximum permitted under this section. The require-
- 23 ment for court supervision in the first two sentences of
- 24 subsection (a) applies only in civil actions.

#### SEC. 1006. ADDITIONAL HEALTH BENEFITS.

- 2 In any health care lawsuit involving injury or wrong-
- 3 ful death, any party may introduce evidence of collateral
- 4 source benefits. If a party elects to introduce such evi-
- 5 dence, any opposing party may introduce evidence of any
- 6 amount paid or contributed or reasonably likely to be paid
- 7 or contributed in the future by or on behalf of the oppos-
- 8 ing party to secure the right to such collateral source bene-
- 9 fits. No provider of collateral source benefits shall recover
- 10 any amount against the claimant or receive any lien or
- 11 credit against the claimant's recovery or be equitably or
- 12 legally subrogated to the right of the claimant in a health
- 13 care lawsuit involving injury or wrongful death. This sec-
- 14 tion shall apply to any health care lawsuit that is settled
- 15 as well as a health care lawsuit that is resolved by a fact
- 16 finder. This section shall not apply to section 1862(b) (42
- 17 U.S.C. 1395y(b)) or section 1902(a)(25) (42 U.S.C.
- 18 1396a(a)(25)) of the Social Security Act.

#### 19 SEC. 1007. PUNITIVE DAMAGES.

- 20 (a) IN GENERAL.—Punitive damages may, if other-
- 21 wise permitted by applicable State or Federal law, be
- 22 awarded against any person in a health care lawsuit only
- 23 if it is proven by clear and convincing evidence that such
- 24 person acted with malicious intent to injure the claimant,
- 25 or that such person deliberately failed to avoid unneces-
- 26 sary injury that such person knew the claimant was sub-

- 1 stantially certain to suffer. In any health care lawsuit
- 2 where no judgment for compensatory damages is rendered
- 3 against such person, no punitive damages may be awarded
- 4 with respect to the claim in such lawsuit. No demand for
- 5 punitive damages shall be included in a health care lawsuit
- 6 as initially filed. A court may allow a claimant to file an
- 7 amended pleading for punitive damages only upon a mo-
- 8 tion by the claimant and after a finding by the court, upon
- 9 review of supporting and opposing affidavits or after a
- 10 hearing, after weighing the evidence, that the claimant has
- 11 established by a substantial probability that the claimant
- 12 will prevail on the claim for punitive damages. At the re-
- 13 quest of any party in a health care lawsuit, the trier of
- 14 fact shall consider in a separate proceeding—
- 15 (1) whether punitive damages are to be award-
- ed and the amount of such award; and
- 17 (2) the amount of punitive damages following a
- determination of punitive liability.
- 19 If a separate proceeding is requested, evidence relevant
- 20 only to the claim for punitive damages, as determined by
- 21 applicable State law, shall be inadmissible in any pro-
- 22 ceeding to determine whether compensatory damages are
- 23 to be awarded.
- 24 (b) Determining Amount of Punitive Dam-
- 25 AGES.—

1	(1) Factors considered.—In determining
2	the amount of punitive damages, if awarded, in a
3	health care lawsuit, the trier of fact shall consider
4	only the following—
5	(A) the severity of the harm caused by the
6	conduct of such party;
7	(B) the duration of the conduct or any
8	concealment of it by such party;
9	(C) the profitability of the conduct to such
10	party;
11	(D) the number of products sold or med-
12	ical procedures rendered for compensation, as
13	the case may be, by such party, of the kind
14	causing the harm complained of by the claim-
15	ant;
16	(E) any criminal penalties imposed on such
17	party, as a result of the conduct complained of
18	by the claimant; and
19	(F) the amount of any civil fines assessed
20	against such party as a result of the conduct
21	complained of by the claimant.
22	(2) MAXIMUM AWARD.—The amount of punitive
23	damages, if awarded, in a health care lawsuit may
24	be as much as \$250,000 or as much as two times
25	the amount of economic damages awarded, which-

1	ever is greater. The jury shall not be informed of
2	this limitation.
3	(c) No Punitive Damages for Products That
4	COMPLY WITH FDA STANDARDS.—
5	(1) In General.—
6	(A) No punitive damages may be awarded
7	against the manufacturer or distributor of a
8	medical product, or a supplier of any compo-
9	nent or raw material of such medical product,
10	based on a claim that such product caused the
11	claimant's harm where—
12	(i)(I) such medical product was sub-
13	ject to premarket approval, clearance, or li-
14	censure by the Food and Drug Administra-
15	tion with respect to the safety of the for-
16	mulation or performance of the aspect of
17	such medical product which caused the
18	claimant's harm or the adequacy of the
19	packaging or labeling of such medical
20	product; and
21	(II) such medical product was so ap-
22	proved, cleared, or licensed; or
23	(ii) such medical product is generally
24	recognized among qualified experts as safe
25	and effective pursuant to conditions estab-

lished by the Food and Drug Administration and applicable Food and Drug Administration regulations, including without limitation those related to packaging and labeling, unless the Food and Drug Administration has determined that such medical product was not manufactured or distributed in substantial compliance with applicable Food and Drug Administration statutes and regulations.

- (B) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Subparagraph (A) may not be construed as establishing the obligation of the Food and Drug Administration to demonstrate affirmatively that a manufacturer, distributor, or supplier referred to in such subparagraph meets any of the conditions described in such subparagraph.
- (2) Liability of health care providers.—
  A health care provider who prescribes, or who dispenses pursuant to a prescription, a medical product approved, licensed, or cleared by the Food and Drug Administration shall not be named as a party to a product liability lawsuit involving such product and shall not be liable to a claimant in a class action lawsuit against the manufacturer, distributor, or

- seller of such product. Nothing in this paragraph prevents a court from consolidating cases involving health care providers and cases involving products liability claims against the manufacturer, distributor, or product seller of such medical product.
  - (3) Packaging.—In a health care lawsuit for harm which is alleged to relate to the adequacy of the packaging or labeling of a drug which is required to have tamper-resistant packaging under regulations of the Secretary of Health and Human Services (including labeling regulations related to such packaging), the manufacturer or product seller of the drug shall not be held liable for punitive damages unless such packaging or labeling is found by the trier of fact by clear and convincing evidence to be substantially out of compliance with such regulations.
  - (4) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply in any health care lawsuit in which—
    - (A) a person, before or after premarket approval, clearance, or licensure of such medical product, knowingly misrepresented to or withheld from the Food and Drug Administration information that is required to be submitted under the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic

1	Act (21 U.S.C. 301 et seq.) or section 351 of
2	the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262)
3	that is material and is causally related to the
4	harm which the claimant allegedly suffered; or
5	(B) a person made an illegal payment to
6	an official of the Food and Drug Administra-
7	tion for the purpose of either securing or main-
8	taining approval, clearance, or licensure of such
9	medical product.
10	SEC. 1008. AUTHORIZATION OF PAYMENT OF FUTURE DAM-
	SEC. 1008. AUTHORIZATION OF PAYMENT OF FUTURE DAM- AGES TO CLAIMANTS IN HEALTH CARE LAW-
<ul><li>10</li><li>11</li><li>12</li></ul>	
11	AGES TO CLAIMANTS IN HEALTH CARE LAW-
11 12	AGES TO CLAIMANTS IN HEALTH CARE LAW- SUITS.
11 12 13	AGES TO CLAIMANTS IN HEALTH CARE LAW- SUITS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—In any health care lawsuit, if an
11 12 13 14	AGES TO CLAIMANTS IN HEALTH CARE LAW- SUITS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—In any health care lawsuit, if an award of future damages, without reduction to present
11 12 13 14 15	AGES TO CLAIMANTS IN HEALTH CARE LAW- SUITS.  (a) IN GENERAL.—In any health care lawsuit, if an award of future damages, without reduction to present value, equaling or exceeding \$50,000 is made against a

20 health care lawsuit, the court may be guided by the Uni-

the future damages be paid by periodic payments. In any

- 21 form Periodic Payment of Judgments Act promulgated by
- 22 the National Conference of Commissioners on Uniform
- 23 State Laws.

- 1 (b) APPLICABILITY.—This section applies to all ac-
- 2 tions that have not been first set for trial or retrial before
- 3 the effective date of this title.
- 4 SEC. 1009. DEFINITIONS.
- 5 In this title:

- 6 (1) ALTERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION SYS7 TEM; ADR.—The term "alternative dispute resolution
  8 system" or "ADR" means a system that provides
  9 for the resolution of health care lawsuits in a man10 ner other than through a civil action brought in a
  11 State or Federal court.
  - (2) CLAIMANT.—The term "claimant" means any person who brings a health care lawsuit, including a person who asserts or claims a right to legal or equitable contribution, indemnity or subrogation, arising out of a health care liability claim or action, and any person on whose behalf such a claim is asserted or such an action is brought, whether deceased, incompetent, or a minor.
  - (3) Collateral source benefits" means any amount paid or reasonably likely to be paid in the future to or on behalf of the claimant, or any service, product or other benefit provided or reasonably likely to be provided in the future to or on behalf of the claim-

1	ant, as a result of the injury or wrongful death, pur-
2	suant to—
3	(A) any State or Federal health, sickness,
4	income-disability, accident, or workers' com-
5	pensation law;
6	(B) any health, sickness, income-disability,
7	or accident insurance that provides health bene-
8	fits or income-disability coverage;
9	(C) any contract or agreement of any
10	group, organization, partnership, or corporation
11	to provide, pay for, or reimburse the cost of
12	medical, hospital, dental, or income disability
13	benefits; and
14	(D) any other publicly or privately funded
15	program.
16	(4) Compensatory damages.—The term
17	"compensatory damages" means objectively
18	verifiable monetary losses incurred as a result of the
19	provision of, use of, or payment for (or failure to
20	provide, use, or pay for) health care services or med-
21	ical products, such as past and future medical ex-
22	penses, loss of past and future earnings, cost of ob-
23	taining domestic services, loss of employment, and
24	loss of business or employment opportunities, dam-

ages for physical and emotional pain, suffering, in-

- convenience, physical impairment, mental anguish, disfigurement, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of soci-ety and companionship, loss of consortium (other than loss of domestic service), hedonic damages, in-jury to reputation, and all other nonpecuniary losses of any kind or nature. The term "compensatory damages" includes economic damages and non-economic damages, as such terms are defined in this section.
  - (5) CONTINGENT FEE.—The term "contingent fee" includes all compensation to any person or persons which is payable only if a recovery is effected on behalf of one or more claimants.
  - (6) Economic damages.—The term "economic damages" means objectively verifiable monetary losses incurred as a result of the provision of, use of, or payment for (or failure to provide, use, or pay for) health care services or medical products, such as past and future medical expenses, loss of past and future earnings, cost of obtaining domestic services, loss of employment, and loss of business or employment opportunities.
  - (7) HEALTH CARE LAWSUIT.—The term "health care lawsuit" means any health care liability claim concerning the provision of health care goods

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or services or any medical product affecting interstate commerce, or any health care liability action concerning the provision of health care goods or services or any medical product affecting interstate commerce, brought in a State or Federal court or pursuant to an alternative dispute resolution system, against a health care provider, a health care organization, or the manufacturer, distributor, supplier, marketer, promoter, or seller of a medical product, regardless of the theory of liability on which the claim is based, or the number of claimants, plaintiffs, defendants, or other parties, or the number of claims or causes of action, in which the claimant alleges a health care liability claim. Such term does not include a claim or action which is based on criminal liability; which seeks civil fines or penalties paid to Federal, State, or local government; or which is grounded in antitrust.

(8) Health care liability action" means a civil action brought in a State or Federal Court or pursuant to an alternative dispute resolution system, against a health care provider, a health care organization, or the manufacturer, distributor, supplier, marketer, promoter, or seller of a medical product,

- regardless of the theory of liability on which the claim is based, or the number of plaintiffs, defendants, or other parties, or the number of causes of action, in which the claimant alleges a health care liability claim.
  - (9) Health care liability claim" means a demand by any person, whether or not pursuant to ADR, against a health care provider, health care organization, or the manufacturer, distributor, supplier, marketer, promoter, or seller of a medical product, including, but not limited to, third-party claims, crossclaims, counter-claims, or contribution claims, which are based upon the provision of, use of, or payment for (or the failure to provide, use, or pay for) health care services or medical products, regardless of the theory of liability on which the claim is based, or the number of plaintiffs, defendants, or other parties, or the number of causes of action.
    - (10) HEALTH CARE ORGANIZATION.—The term "health care organization" means any person or entity which is obligated to provide or pay for health benefits under any health plan, including any person or entity acting under a contract or arrangement

- with a health care organization to provide or administer any health benefit.
- 3 (11) Health care provider.—The term
  4 "health care provider" means any person or entity
  5 required by State or Federal laws or regulations to
  6 be licensed, registered, or certified to provide health
  7 care services, and being either so licensed, reg8 istered, or certified, or exempted from such require9 ment by other statute or regulation.
  - (12) Health care goods or services.—The term "health care goods or services" means any goods or services provided by a health care organization, provider, or by any individual working under the supervision of a health care provider, that relates to the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of any human disease or impairment, or the assessment or care of the health of human beings.
  - (13) Malicious intent to injure" means intentionally causing or attempting to cause physical injury other than providing health care goods or services.
  - (14) MEDICAL PRODUCT.—The term "medical product" means a drug, device, or biological product intended for humans, and the terms "drug", "de-

- vice", and "biological product" have the meanings given such terms in sections 201(g)(1) and 201(h) of the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. 321) and section 351(a) of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 262(a)), respectively, includ-
- 6 ing any component or raw material used therein, but
- 7 excluding health care services.

- "noneconomic damages" means damages for physical and emotional pain, suffering, inconvenience, physical impairment, mental anguish, disfigurement, loss of enjoyment of life, loss of society and companionship, loss of consortium (other than loss of domestic service), hedonic damages, injury to reputation, and all other nonpecuniary losses of any kind or nature.
- (16) Punitive damages awarded, for the purpose of punishment or deterrence, and not solely for compensatory purposes, against a health care provider, health care organization, or a manufacturer, distributor, or supplier of a medical product. Punitive damages are neither economic nor noneconomic damages.

1	(17) Recovery.—The term "recovery" means
2	the net sum recovered after deducting any disburse-
3	ments or costs incurred in connection with prosecu-
4	tion or settlement of the claim, including all costs
5	paid or advanced by any person. Costs of health care
6	incurred by the plaintiff and the attorneys' office
7	overhead costs or charges for legal services are not
8	deductible disbursements or costs for such purpose
9	(18) STATE.—The term "State" means each of
10	the several States, the District of Columbia, the
11	Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Virgin Islands
12	Guam, American Samoa, the Northern Mariana Is-
13	lands, the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands, and
14	any other territory or possession of the United
15	States, or any political subdivision thereof.
16	SEC. 1010. EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.
17	(a) VACCINE INJURY.—
18	(1) To the extent that title XXI of the Public
19	Health Service Act establishes a Federal rule of law
20	applicable to a civil action brought for a vaccine-re-
21	lated injury or death—
22	(A) this title does not affect the application
23	of the rule of law to such an action, and

- 1 (B) any rule of law prescribed by this title 2 in conflict with a rule of law of such title XXI 3 shall not apply to such action.
- 4 (2) If there is an aspect of a civil action 5 brought for a vaccine-related injury or death to 6 which a Federal rule of law under title XXI of the 7 Public Health Service Act does not apply, then this 8 title or otherwise applicable law (as determined 9 under this title) will apply to such aspect of such ac-10 tion.
- this section, nothing in this title shall be deemed to affect any defense available to a defendant in a health care lawsuit or action under any other provision of Federal law.

(b) OTHER FEDERAL LAW.—Except as provided in

- 15 SEC. 1011. STATE FLEXIBILITY AND PROTECTION OF 16 STATES' RIGHTS.
- 17 (a) HEALTH CARE LAWSUITS.—The provisions gov18 erning health care lawsuits set forth in this title preempt,
  19 subject to subsections (b) and (c), State law to the extent
  20 that State law prevents the application of any provisions
  21 of law established by or under this title. The provisions
  22 governing health care lawsuits set forth in this title super23 sede chapter 171 of title 28, United States Code, to the
- 24 extent that such chapter—

- 1 (1) provides for a greater amount of damages 2 or contingent fees, a longer period in which a health 3 care lawsuit may be commenced, or a reduced appli-4 cability or scope of periodic payment of future dam-5 ages, than provided in this title; or
- 6 (2) prohibits the introduction of evidence regarding collateral source benefits, or mandates or permits subrogation or a lien on collateral source benefits.
- 10 (b) Protection of States' Rights and Other
- 11 Laws.—(1) Any issue that is not governed by any provi-
- 12 sion of law established by or under this title (including
- 13 State standards of negligence) shall be governed by other-
- 14 wise applicable State or Federal law.
- 15 (2) This title shall not preempt or supersede any
- 16 State or Federal law that imposes greater procedural or
- 17 substantive protections for health care providers and
- 18 health care organizations from liability, loss, or damages
- 19 than those provided by this title or create a cause of ac-
- 20 tion.
- 21 (c) State Flexibility.—No provision of this title
- 22 shall be construed to preempt—
- 23 (1) any State law (whether effective before, on,
- or after the date of the enactment of this title) that
- 25 specifies a particular monetary amount of compen-

- 1 satory or punitive damages (or the total amount of
- damages) that may be awarded in a health care law-
- 3 suit, regardless of whether such monetary amount is
- 4 greater or lesser than is provided for under this title,
- 5 notwithstanding section 4(a); or
- 6 (2) any defense available to a party in a health
- 7 care lawsuit under any other provision of State or
- 8 Federal law.

#### 9 SEC. 1012. APPLICABILITY; EFFECTIVE DATE.

- This title shall apply to any health care lawsuit
- 11 brought in a Federal or State court, or subject to an alter-
- 12 native dispute resolution system, that is initiated on or
- 13 after the date of the enactment of this title, except that
- 14 any health care lawsuit arising from an injury occurring
- 15 prior to the date of the enactment of this title shall be
- 16 governed by the applicable statute of limitations provisions
- 17 in effect at the time the injury occurred.

#### 18 SEC. 1013. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 19 It is the sense of Congress that a health insurer
- 20 should be liable for damages for harm caused when it
- 21 makes a decision as to what care is medically necessary
- 22 and appropriate.

## 1 TITLE II—SMALL BUSINESS 2 HEALTH FAIRNESS ACT OF 2004

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3	SEC. 2001. SHORT TITLE.
4	This title may be cited as the "Small Business Health
5	Fairness Act of 2004".
6	SEC. 2002. RULES GOVERNING ASSOCIATION HEALTH
7	PLANS.
8	(a) In General.—Subtitle B of title I of the Em-
9	ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 is amend-
10	ed by adding after part 7 the following new part:
11	"PART 8—RULES GOVERNING ASSOCIATION
12	HEALTH PLANS
13	"SEC. 801. ASSOCIATION HEALTH PLANS.
14	"(a) In General.—For purposes of this part, the
15	term 'association health plan' means a group health plan
16	whose sponsor is (or is deemed under this part to be) de-
17	scribed in subsection (b).
18	"(b) Sponsorship.—The sponsor of a group health
19	plan is described in this subsection if such sponsor—
20	"(1) is organized and maintained in good faith,
21	with a constitution and bylaws specifically stating its
22	purpose and providing for periodic meetings on at
23	least an annual basis, as a bona fide trade associa-
24	tion, a bona fide industry association (including a

rural electric cooperative association or a rural tele-

- phone cooperative association), a bona fide professional association, or a bona fide chamber of commerce (or similar bona fide business association, including a corporation or similar organization that operates on a cooperative basis (within the meaning of section 1381 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986)), for substantial purposes other than that of obtaining or providing medical care;
  - "(2) is established as a permanent entity which receives the active support of its members and requires for membership payment on a periodic basis of dues or payments necessary to maintain eligibility for membership in the sponsor; and
  - "(3) does not condition membership, such dues or payments, or coverage under the plan on the basis of health status-related factors with respect to the employees of its members (or affiliated members), or the dependents of such employees, and does not condition such dues or payments on the basis of group health plan participation.
- 21 Any sponsor consisting of an association of entities which
- 22 meet the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
- 23 shall be deemed to be a sponsor described in this sub-
- 24 section.

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#### 1 "SEC. 802. CERTIFICATION OF ASSOCIATION HEALTH

- 2 PLANS.
- 3 "(a) IN GENERAL.—The applicable authority shall
- 4 prescribe by regulation a procedure under which, subject
- 5 to subsection (b), the applicable authority shall certify as-
- 6 sociation health plans which apply for certification as
- 7 meeting the requirements of this part.
- 8 "(b) STANDARDS.—Under the procedure prescribed
- 9 pursuant to subsection (a), in the case of an association
- 10 health plan that provides at least one benefit option which
- 11 does not consist of health insurance coverage, the applica-
- 12 ble authority shall certify such plan as meeting the re-
- 13 quirements of this part only if the applicable authority is
- 14 satisfied that the applicable requirements of this part are
- 15 met (or, upon the date on which the plan is to commence
- 16 operations, will be met) with respect to the plan.
- 17 "(c) Requirements Applicable to Certified
- 18 Plans.—An association health plan with respect to which
- 19 certification under this part is in effect shall meet the ap-
- 20 plicable requirements of this part, effective on the date
- 21 of certification (or, if later, on the date on which the plan
- 22 is to commence operations).
- 23 "(d) Requirements for Continued Certifi-
- 24 CATION.—The applicable authority may provide by regula-
- 25 tion for continued certification of association health plans
- 26 under this part.

1	"(e) Class Certification for Fully Insured
2	Plans.—The applicable authority shall establish a class
3	certification procedure for association health plans under
4	which all benefits consist of health insurance coverage.
5	Under such procedure, the applicable authority shall pro-
6	vide for the granting of certification under this part to
7	the plans in each class of such association health plans
8	upon appropriate filing under such procedure in connec-
9	tion with plans in such class and payment of the pre-
10	scribed fee under section 807(a).
11	"(f) CERTIFICATION OF SELF-INSURED ASSOCIATION
12	HEALTH PLANS.—An association health plan which offers
13	one or more benefit options which do not consist of health
14	insurance coverage may be certified under this part only
15	if such plan consists of any of the following:
16	"(1) a plan which offered such coverage on the
17	date of the enactment of the Small Business Health
18	Fairness Act of 2004,
19	"(2) a plan under which the sponsor does not
20	restrict membership to one or more trades and busi-
21	nesses or industries and whose eligible participating
22	employers represent a broad cross-section of trades
23	and businesses or industries, or
24	"(3) a plan whose eligible participating employ-
25	ers represent one or more trades or businesses, or

1 one or more industries, consisting of any of the fol-2 lowing: agriculture; equipment and automobile deal-3 erships; barbering and cosmetology; certified public accounting practices; child care; construction; dance, theatrical and orchestra productions; disinfecting 5 6 control; financial services: fishing; and pest 7 foodservice establishments; hospitals; labor organiza-8 tions; logging; manufacturing (metals); mining; med-9 ical and dental practices; medical laboratories; pro-10 fessional consulting services; sanitary services; trans-11 portation (local and freight); warehousing; whole-12 saling/distributing; or any other trade or business or 13 industry which has been indicated as having average 14 or above-average risk or health claims experience by 15 reason of State rate filings, denials of coverage, pro-16 posed premium rate levels, or other means dem-17 onstrated by such plan in accordance with regula-18 tions.

### 19 "SEC. 803. REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO SPONSORS AND

#### 20 BOARDS OF TRUSTEES.

"(a) Sponsor.—The requirements of this subsection are met with respect to an association health plan if the sponsor has met (or is deemed under this part to have the requirements of section 801(b) for a continuous

1	period of not less than 3 years ending with the date of
2	the application for certification under this part.
3	"(b) Board of Trustees.—The requirements of
4	this subsection are met with respect to an association
5	health plan if the following requirements are met:
6	"(1) FISCAL CONTROL.—The plan is operated,
7	pursuant to a trust agreement, by a board of trust-
8	ees which has complete fiscal control over the plan
9	and which is responsible for all operations of the
10	plan.
11	"(2) Rules of operation and financial
12	CONTROLS.—The board of trustees has in effect
13	rules of operation and financial controls, based on a
14	3-year plan of operation, adequate to carry out the
15	terms of the plan and to meet all requirements of
16	this title applicable to the plan.
17	"(3) Rules governing relationship to
18	PARTICIPATING EMPLOYERS AND TO CONTRAC-
19	TORS.—
20	"(A) Board membership.—
21	"(i) In general.—Except as pro-
22	vided in clauses (ii) and (iii), the members
23	of the board of trustees are individuals se-
24	lected from individuals who are the owners,
25	officers, directors, or employees of the par-

1 ticipating employers or who are partners in 2 the participating employers and actively 3 participate in the business. "(ii) Limitation.— "(I) GENERAL RULE.—Except as 6 provided in subclauses (II) and (III), 7 no such member is an owner, officer, 8 director, or employee of, or partner in, 9 a contract administrator or other 10 service provider to the plan. 11 "(II) LIMITED EXCEPTION FOR 12 PROVIDERS OF SERVICES SOLELY ON BEHALF OF THE SPONSOR.—Officers 13 14 or employees of a sponsor which is a 15 service provider (other than a contract 16 administrator) to the plan may be 17 members of the board if they con-18 stitute not more than 25 percent of 19 the membership of the board and they 20 do not provide services to the plan 21 other than on behalf of the sponsor. 22 "(III)" Treatment OF23 VIDERS OF MEDICAL CARE.—In the 24 case of a sponsor which is an associa-25 tion whose membership consists pri-

1 marily of providers of medical care, 2 subclause (I) shall not apply in the 3 case of any service provider described 4 in subclause (I) who is a provider of medical care under the plan. 6 "(iii) CERTAIN PLANS EXCLUDED.— 7 Clause (i) shall not apply to an association 8 health plan which is in existence on the 9 date of the enactment of the Small Business Health Fairness Act of 2004. 10 11 "(B) Sole authority.—The board has 12 sole authority under the plan to approve appli-13 cations for participation in the plan and to con-14 tract with a service provider to administer the 15 day-to-day affairs of the plan. 16 "(c) Treatment of Franchise Networks.—In the case of a group health plan which is established and 17 18 maintained by a franchiser for a franchise network con-19 sisting of its franchisees— "(1) the requirements of subsection (a) and sec-20 21 tion 801(a) shall be deemed met if such require-22 ments would otherwise be met if the franchiser were 23 deemed to be the sponsor referred to in section 24 801(b), such network were deemed to be an associa-25 tion described in section 801(b), and each franchisee

1	were deemed to be a member (of the association and
2	the sponsor) referred to in section 801(b); and
3	"(2) the requirements of section 804(a)(1) shall
4	be deemed met.
5	The Secretary may by regulation define for purposes of
6	this subsection the terms 'franchiser', 'franchise network',
7	and 'franchisee'.
8	"SEC. 804. PARTICIPATION AND COVERAGE REQUIRE-
9	MENTS.
10	"(a) Covered Employers and Individuals.—The
11	requirements of this subsection are met with respect to
12	an association health plan if, under the terms of the
13	plan—
14	"(1) each participating employer must be—
15	"(A) a member of the sponsor,
16	"(B) the sponsor, or
17	"(C) an affiliated member of the sponsor
18	with respect to which the requirements of sub-
19	section (b) are met,
20	except that, in the case of a sponsor which is a pro-
21	fessional association or other individual-based asso-
22	ciation, if at least one of the officers, directors, or
23	employees of an employer, or at least one of the in-
24	dividuals who are partners in an employer and who
25	actively participates in the business, is a member or

1	such an affiliated member of the sponsor, partici-
2	pating employers may also include such employer;
3	and
4	"(2) all individuals commencing coverage under
5	the plan after certification under this part must
6	be—
7	"(A) active or retired owners (including
8	self-employed individuals), officers, directors, or
9	employees of, or partners in, participating em-
10	ployers; or
11	"(B) the beneficiaries of individuals de-
12	scribed in subparagraph (A).
13	"(b) Coverage of Previously Uninsured Em-
14	PLOYEES.—In the case of an association health plan in
15	existence on the date of the enactment of the Small Busi-
16	ness Health Fairness Act of 2004, an affiliated member
17	of the sponsor of the plan may be offered coverage under
18	the plan as a participating employer only if—
19	"(1) the affiliated member was an affiliated
20	member on the date of certification under this part;
21	or
22	"(2) during the 12-month period preceding the
23	date of the offering of such coverage, the affiliated
24	member has not maintained or contributed to a
25	group health plan with respect to any of its employ-

- 1 ees who would otherwise be eligible to participate in
- 2 such association health plan.
- 3 "(c) Individual Market Unaffected.—The re-
- 4 quirements of this subsection are met with respect to an
- 5 association health plan if, under the terms of the plan,
- 6 no participating employer may provide health insurance
- 7 coverage in the individual market for any employee not
- 8 covered under the plan which is similar to the coverage
- 9 contemporaneously provided to employees of the employer
- 10 under the plan, if such exclusion of the employee from cov-
- 11 erage under the plan is based on a health status-related
- 12 factor with respect to the employee and such employee
- 13 would, but for such exclusion on such basis, be eligible
- 14 for coverage under the plan.
- 15 "(d) Prohibition of Discrimination Against
- 16 Employers and Employees Eligible to Partici-
- 17 PATE.—The requirements of this subsection are met with
- 18 respect to an association health plan if—
- 19 "(1) under the terms of the plan, all employers
- 20 meeting the preceding requirements of this section
- are eligible to qualify as participating employers for
- all geographically available coverage options, unless,
- in the case of any such employer, participation or
- 24 contribution requirements of the type referred to in

1	section 2711 of the Public Health Service Act are
2	not met;
3	"(2) upon request, any employer eligible to par-
4	ticipate is furnished information regarding all cov-
5	erage options available under the plan; and
6	"(3) the applicable requirements of sections
7	701, 702, and 703 are met with respect to the plan.
8	"SEC. 805. OTHER REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO PLAN
9	DOCUMENTS, CONTRIBUTION RATES, AND
10	BENEFIT OPTIONS.
11	"(a) In General.—The requirements of this section
12	are met with respect to an association health plan if the
13	following requirements are met:
14	"(1) Contents of Governing Instru-
15	MENTS.—The instruments governing the plan in-
16	clude a written instrument, meeting the require-
17	ments of an instrument required under section
18	402(a)(1), which—
19	"(A) provides that the board of trustees
20	serves as the named fiduciary required for plans
21	under section 402(a)(1) and serves in the ca-
22	pacity of a plan administrator (referred to in
23	section $3(16)(A)$ ;

1	"(B) provides that the sponsor of the plan
2	is to serve as plan sponsor (referred to in sec-
3	tion $3(16)(B)$ ; and
4	"(C) incorporates the requirements of sec-
5	tion 806.
6	"(2) Contribution rates must be non-
7	DISCRIMINATORY.—
8	"(A) The contribution rates for any par-
9	ticipating small employer do not vary on the
10	basis of any health status-related factor in rela-
11	tion to employees of such employer or their
12	beneficiaries and do not vary on the basis of the
13	type of business or industry in which such em-
14	ployer is engaged.
15	"(B) Nothing in this title or any other pro-
16	vision of law shall be construed to preclude an
17	association health plan, or a health insurance
18	issuer offering health insurance coverage in
19	connection with an association health plan,
20	from—
21	"(i) setting contribution rates based
22	on the claims experience of the plan; or
23	"(ii) varying contribution rates for
24	small employers in a State to the extent
25	that such rates could vary using the same

methodology employed in such State for regulating premium rates in the small group market with respect to health insurance coverage offered in connection with bona fide associations (within the meaning of section 2791(d)(3) of the Public Health Service Act),

subject to the requirements of section 702(b) relating to contribution rates.

"(3) FLOOR FOR NUMBER OF COVERED INDI-VIDUALS WITH RESPECT TO CERTAIN PLANS.—If any benefit option under the plan does not consist of health insurance coverage, the plan has as of the beginning of the plan year not fewer than 1,000 participants and beneficiaries.

## "(4) Marketing requirements.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a benefit option which consists of health insurance coverage is offered under the plan, State-licensed insurance agents shall be used to distribute to small employers coverage which does not consist of health insurance coverage in a manner comparable to the manner in which such agents are used to distribute health insurance coverage.

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"(B) 1 STATE-LICENSED **INSURANCE** 2 AGENTS.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), 3 the term 'State-licensed insurance agents' 4 means one or more agents who are licensed in a State and are subject to the laws of such 6 State relating to licensure, qualification, test-7 ing, examination, and continuing education of persons authorized to offer, sell, or solicit 8 9 health insurance coverage in such State.

- "(5) REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS.—Such other requirements as the applicable authority determines are necessary to carry out the purposes of this part, which shall be prescribed by the applicable authority by regulation.
- 15 "(b) Ability of Association Health Plans to DESIGN BENEFIT OPTIONS.—Subject to section 514(d), 16 nothing in this part or any provision of State law (as de-17 fined in section 514(c)(1)) shall be construed to preclude 18 19 an association health plan, or a health insurance issuer 20 offering health insurance coverage in connection with an 21 association health plan, from exercising its sole discretion 22 in selecting the specific items and services consisting of 23 medical care to be included as benefits under such plan or coverage, except (subject to section 514) in the case of (1) any law to the extent that it is not preempted under

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1	section 731(a)(1) with respect to matters governed by sec-
2	tion 711, 712, or 713, or (2) any law of the State with
3	which filing and approval of a policy type offered by the
4	plan was initially obtained to the extent that such law pro-
5	hibits an exclusion of a specific disease from such cov-
6	erage.
7	"SEC. 806. MAINTENANCE OF RESERVES AND PROVISIONS
8	FOR SOLVENCY FOR PLANS PROVIDING
9	HEALTH BENEFITS IN ADDITION TO HEALTH
10	INSURANCE COVERAGE.
11	"(a) In General.—The requirements of this section
12	are met with respect to an association health plan if—
13	"(1) the benefits under the plan consist solely
14	of health insurance coverage; or
15	"(2) if the plan provides any additional benefit
16	options which do not consist of health insurance cov-
17	erage, the plan—
18	"(A) establishes and maintains reserves
19	with respect to such additional benefit options,
20	in amounts recommended by the qualified actu-
21	ary, consisting of—
22	"(i) a reserve sufficient for unearned
23	contributions;
24	"(ii) a reserve sufficient for benefit li-
25	abilities which have been incurred, which

1	have not been satisfied, and for which risk
2	of loss has not yet been transferred, and
3	for expected administrative costs with re-
4	spect to such benefit liabilities;
5	"(iii) a reserve sufficient for any other
6	obligations of the plan; and
7	"(iv) a reserve sufficient for a margin
8	of error and other fluctuations, taking into
9	account the specific circumstances of the
10	plan; and
11	"(B) establishes and maintains aggregate
12	and specific excess /stop loss insurance and sol-
13	vency indemnification, with respect to such ad-
14	ditional benefit options for which risk of loss
15	has not yet been transferred, as follows:
16	"(i) The plan shall secure aggregate
17	excess /stop loss insurance for the plan
18	with an attachment point which is not
19	greater than 125 percent of expected gross
20	annual claims. The applicable authority
21	may by regulation provide for upward ad-
22	justments in the amount of such percent-
23	age in specified circumstances in which the
24	plan specifically provides for and maintains

1 reserves in excess of the amounts required 2 under subparagraph (A). "(ii) The plan shall secure specific ex-3 cess /stop loss insurance for the plan with an attachment point which is at least equal 6 to an amount recommended by the plan's 7 qualified actuary. The applicable authority 8 may by regulation provide for adjustments 9 in the amount of such insurance in speci-10 fied circumstances in which the plan spe-11 cifically provides for and maintains re-12 serves in excess of the amounts required 13 under subparagraph (A). 14 "(iii) The plan shall secure indem-15 nification insurance for any claims which 16 the plan is unable to satisfy by reason of 17 a plan termination. 18 Any person issuing to a plan insurance described in clause 19 (i), (ii), or (iii) of subparagraph (B) shall notify the Sec-20 retary of any failure of premium payment meriting can-21 cellation of the policy prior to undertaking such a cancella-22 tion. Any regulations prescribed by the applicable authority pursuant to clause (i) or (ii) of subparagraph (B) may allow for such adjustments in the required levels of excess /stop loss insurance as the qualified actuary may rec-

- 1 ommend, taking into account the specific circumstances
- 2 of the plan.
- 3 "(b) Minimum Surplus in Addition to Claims
- 4 Reserves.—In the case of any association health plan de-
- 5 scribed in subsection (a)(2), the requirements of this sub-
- 6 section are met if the plan establishes and maintains sur-
- 7 plus in an amount at least equal to—
- 8 "(1) \$500,000, or
- 9 "(2) such greater amount (but not greater than
- \$2,000,000) as may be set forth in regulations pre-
- scribed by the applicable authority, considering the
- level of aggregate and specific excess /stop loss in-
- surance provided with respect to such plan and other
- factors related to solvency risk, such as the plan's
- projected levels of participation or claims, the nature
- of the plan's liabilities, and the types of assets avail-
- able to assure that such liabilities are met.
- 18 "(c) Additional Requirements.—In the case of
- 19 any association health plan described in subsection (a)(2),
- 20 the applicable authority may provide such additional re-
- 21 quirements relating to reserves, excess /stop loss insur-
- 22 ance, and indemnification insurance as the applicable au-
- 23 thority considers appropriate. Such requirements may be
- 24 provided by regulation with respect to any such plan or
- 25 any class of such plans.

- 1 "(d) Adjustments for Excess/Stop Loss Insur-
- 2 ANCE.—The applicable authority may provide for adjust-
- 3 ments to the levels of reserves otherwise required under
- 4 subsections (a) and (b) with respect to any plan or class
- 5 of plans to take into account excess /stop loss insurance
- 6 provided with respect to such plan or plans.
- 7 "(e) ALTERNATIVE MEANS OF COMPLIANCE.—The
- 8 applicable authority may permit an association health plan
- 9 described in subsection (a)(2) to substitute, for all or part
- 10 of the requirements of this section (except subsection
- 11 (a)(2)(B)(iii)), such security, guarantee, hold-harmless ar-
- 12 rangement, or other financial arrangement as the applica-
- 13 ble authority determines to be adequate to enable the plan
- 14 to fully meet all its financial obligations on a timely basis
- 15 and is otherwise no less protective of the interests of par-
- 16 ticipants and beneficiaries than the requirements for
- 17 which it is substituted. The applicable authority may take
- 18 into account, for purposes of this subsection, evidence pro-
- 19 vided by the plan or sponsor which demonstrates an as-
- 20 sumption of liability with respect to the plan. Such evi-
- 21 dence may be in the form of a contract of indemnification,
- 22 lien, bonding, insurance, letter of credit, recourse under
- 23 applicable terms of the plan in the form of assessments
- 24 of participating employers, security, or other financial ar-
- 25 rangement.

1	"(f) Measures to Ensure Continued Payment
2	OF BENEFITS BY CERTAIN PLANS IN DISTRESS.—
3	"(1) Payments by certain plans to asso-
4	CIATION HEALTH PLAN FUND.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an as-
6	sociation health plan described in subsection
7	(a)(2), the requirements of this subsection are
8	met if the plan makes payments into the Asso-
9	ciation Health Plan Fund under this subpara-
10	graph when they are due. Such payments shall
11	consist of annual payments in the amount of
12	\$5,000, and, in addition to such annual pay-
13	ments, such supplemental payments as the Sec-
14	retary may determine to be necessary under
15	paragraph (2). Payments under this paragraph
16	are payable to the Fund at the time determined
17	by the Secretary. Initial payments are due in
18	advance of certification under this part. Pay-
19	ments shall continue to accrue until a plan's as-
20	sets are distributed pursuant to a termination
21	procedure.
22	"(B) Penalties for failure to make
23	PAYMENTS.—If any payment is not made by a
24	plan when it is due, a late payment charge of
25	not more than 100 percent of the payment

which was not timely paid shall be payable by the plan to the Fund.

> "(C) CONTINUED DUTY OF THE SEC-RETARY.—The Secretary shall not cease to carry out the provisions of paragraph (2) on account of the failure of a plan to pay any payment when due.

"(2) Payments by secretary to continue EXCESS /STOP LOSS INSURANCE COVERAGE AND IN-DEMNIFICATION INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR CER-TAIN PLANS.—In any case in which the applicable authority determines that there is, or that there is reason to believe that there will be: (A) a failure to take necessary corrective actions under section 809(a) with respect to an association health plan described in subsection (a)(2); or (B) a termination of such a plan under section 809(b) or 810(b)(8) (and, if the applicable authority is not the Secretary, certifies such determination to the Secretary), the Secretary shall determine the amounts necessary to make payments to an insurer (designated by the Secretary) to maintain in force excess /stop loss insurance coverage or indemnification insurance coverage for such plan, if the Secretary determines that there is a reasonable expectation that, without such

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payments, claims would not be satisfied by reason of termination of such coverage. The Secretary shall, to the extent provided in advance in appropriation Acts, pay such amounts so determined to the insurer designated by the Secretary.

## "(3) Association health plan fund.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—There is established on the books of the Treasury a fund to be known as the 'Association Health Plan Fund'. The Fund shall be available for making payments pursuant to paragraph (2). The Fund shall be credited with payments received pursuant to paragraph (1)(A), penalties received pursuant to paragraph (1)(B); and earnings on investments of amounts of the Fund under subparagraph (B).

"(B) INVESTMENT.—Whenever the Secretary determines that the moneys of the fund are in excess of current needs, the Secretary may request the investment of such amounts as the Secretary determines advisable by the Secretary of the Treasury in obligations issued or guaranteed by the United States.

24 "(g) Excess /Stop Loss Insurance.—For pur-25 poses of this section:

1	"(1) Aggregate excess /stop loss insur-
2	ANCE.—The term 'aggregate excess /stop loss insur-
3	ance' means, in connection with an association
4	health plan, a contract—
5	"(A) under which an insurer (meeting such
6	minimum standards as the applicable authority
7	may prescribe by regulation) provides for pay-
8	ment to the plan with respect to aggregate
9	claims under the plan in excess of an amount
10	or amounts specified in such contract;
11	"(B) which is guaranteed renewable; and
12	"(C) which allows for payment of pre-
13	miums by any third party on behalf of the in-
14	sured plan.
15	"(2) Specific excess /stop loss insur-
16	ANCE.—The term 'specific excess /stop loss insur-
17	ance' means, in connection with an association
18	health plan, a contract—
19	"(A) under which an insurer (meeting such
20	minimum standards as the applicable authority
21	may prescribe by regulation) provides for pay-
22	ment to the plan with respect to claims under
23	the plan in connection with a covered individual
24	in excess of an amount or amounts specified in

1	such contract in connection with such covered
2	individual;
3	"(B) which is guaranteed renewable; and
4	"(C) which allows for payment of pre-
5	miums by any third party on behalf of the in-
6	sured plan.
7	"(h) Indemnification Insurance.—For purposes
8	of this section, the term 'indemnification insurance'
9	means, in connection with an association health plan, a
10	contract—
11	"(1) under which an insurer (meeting such min-
12	imum standards as the applicable authority may pre-
13	scribe by regulation) provides for payment to the
14	plan with respect to claims under the plan which the
15	plan is unable to satisfy by reason of a termination
16	pursuant to section 809(b) (relating to mandatory
17	termination);
18	"(2) which is guaranteed renewable and
19	noncancellable for any reason (except as the applica-
20	ble authority may prescribe by regulation); and
21	"(3) which allows for payment of premiums by
22	any third party on behalf of the insured plan.
23	"(i) Reserves.—For purposes of this section, the
24	term 'reserves' means, in connection with an association
25	health plan, plan assets which meet the fiduciary stand-

1	ards under part 4 and such additional requirements re-
2	garding liquidity as the applicable authority may prescribe
3	by regulation.
4	"(j) Solvency Standards Working Group.—
5	"(1) In general.—Within 90 days after the
6	date of the enactment of the Small Business Health
7	Fairness Act of 2004, the applicable authority shall
8	establish a Solvency Standards Working Group. In
9	prescribing the initial regulations under this section
10	the applicable authority shall take into account the
11	recommendations of such Working Group.
12	"(2) Membership.—The Working Group shall
13	consist of not more than 15 members appointed by
14	the applicable authority. The applicable authority
15	shall include among persons invited to membership
16	on the Working Group at least one of each of the
17	following:
18	"(A) A representative of the National As-
19	sociation of Insurance Commissioners.
20	"(B) A representative of the American
21	Academy of Actuaries.
22	"(C) A representative of the State govern-
23	ments, or their interests.
24	"(D) A representative of existing self-in-
25	sured arrangements, or their interests.

1	"(E) A representative of associations of
2	the type referred to in section $801(b)(1)$ , or
3	their interests.
4	"(F) A representative of multiemployer
5	plans that are group health plans, or their in-
6	terests.
7	"SEC. 807. REQUIREMENTS FOR APPLICATION AND RE-
8	LATED REQUIREMENTS.
9	"(a) FILING FEE.—Under the procedure prescribed
10	pursuant to section 802(a), an association health plan
11	shall pay to the applicable authority at the time of filing
12	an application for certification under this part a filing fee
13	in the amount of \$5,000, which shall be available in the
14	case of the Secretary, to the extent provided in appropria-
15	tion Acts, for the sole purpose of administering the certifi-
16	cation procedures applicable with respect to association
17	health plans.
18	"(b) Information to Be Included in Applica-
19	TION FOR CERTIFICATION.—An application for certifi-
20	cation under this part meets the requirements of this sec-
21	tion only if it includes, in a manner and form which shall
22	be prescribed by the applicable authority by regulation, at
23	least the following information:
24	"(1) Identifying information.—The names
25	and addresses of—

1	"(A) the sponsor; and
2	"(B) the members of the board of trustees
3	of the plan.
4	"(2) States in which plan intends to do
5	BUSINESS.—The States in which participants and
6	beneficiaries under the plan are to be located and
7	the number of them expected to be located in each
8	such State.
9	"(3) Bonding requirements.—Evidence pro-
10	vided by the board of trustees that the bonding re-
11	quirements of section 412 will be met as of the date
12	of the application or (if later) commencement of op-
13	erations.
14	"(4) Plan documents.—A copy of the docu-
15	ments governing the plan (including any bylaws and
16	trust agreements), the summary plan description,
17	and other material describing the benefits that will
18	be provided to participants and beneficiaries under
19	the plan.
20	"(5) AGREEMENTS WITH SERVICE PRO-
21	VIDERS.—A copy of any agreements between the
22	plan and contract administrators and other service
23	providers.
24	"(6) Funding report.—In the case of asso-
25	ciation health plans providing benefits options in ad-

- dition to health insurance coverage, a report setting forth information with respect to such additional benefit options determined as of a date within the 120-day period ending with the date of the application, including the following:
  - "(A) RESERVES.—A statement, certified by the board of trustees of the plan, and a statement of actuarial opinion, signed by a qualified actuary, that all applicable requirements of section 806 are or will be met in accordance with regulations which the applicable authority shall prescribe.
  - "(B) ADEQUACY OF CONTRIBUTION RATES.—A statement of actuarial opinion, signed by a qualified actuary, which sets forth a description of the extent to which contribution rates are adequate to provide for the payment of all obligations and the maintenance of required reserves under the plan for the 12-month period beginning with such date within such 120-day period, taking into account the expected coverage and experience of the plan. If the contribution rates are not fully adequate, the statement of actuarial opinion shall indicate

the extent to which the rates are inadequate and the changes needed to ensure adequacy.

- "(C) CURRENT AND PROJECTED VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.—A statement of actuarial opinion signed by a qualified actuary, which sets forth the current value of the assets and liabilities accumulated under the plan and a projection of the assets, liabilities, income, and expenses of the plan for the 12-month period referred to in subparagraph (B). The income statement shall identify separately the plan's administrative expenses and claims.
- "(D) Costs of Coverage to be charged, including an itemization of amounts for administration, reserves, and other expenses associated with the operation of the plan.
- "(E) OTHER INFORMATION.—Any other information as may be determined by the applicable authority, by regulation, as necessary to carry out the purposes of this part.
- "(c) FILING NOTICE OF CERTIFICATION WITH
  STATES.—A certification granted under this part to an
  association health plan shall not be effective unless written

- 1 notice of such certification is filed with the applicable
- 2 State authority of each State in which at least 25 percent
- 3 of the participants and beneficiaries under the plan are
- 4 located. For purposes of this subsection, an individual
- 5 shall be considered to be located in the State in which a
- 6 known address of such individual is located or in which
- 7 such individual is employed.
- 8 "(d) Notice of Material Changes.—In the case
- 9 of any association health plan certified under this part,
- 10 descriptions of material changes in any information which
- 11 was required to be submitted with the application for the
- 12 certification under this part shall be filed in such form
- 13 and manner as shall be prescribed by the applicable au-
- 14 thority by regulation. The applicable authority may re-
- 15 quire by regulation prior notice of material changes with
- 16 respect to specified matters which might serve as the basis
- 17 for suspension or revocation of the certification.
- 18 "(e) Reporting Requirements for Certain As-
- 19 SOCIATION HEALTH PLANS.—An association health plan
- 20 certified under this part which provides benefit options in
- 21 addition to health insurance coverage for such plan year
- 22 shall meet the requirements of section 103 by filing an
- 23 annual report under such section which shall include infor-
- 24 mation described in subsection (b)(6) with respect to the
- 25 plan year and, notwithstanding section 104(a)(1)(A), shall

- 1 be filed with the applicable authority not later than 90
- 2 days after the close of the plan year (or on such later date
- 3 as may be prescribed by the applicable authority). The ap-
- 4 plicable authority may require by regulation such interim
- 5 reports as it considers appropriate.
- 6 "(f) Engagement of Qualified Actuary.—The
- 7 board of trustees of each association health plan which
- 8 provides benefits options in addition to health insurance
- 9 coverage and which is applying for certification under this
- 10 part or is certified under this part shall engage, on behalf
- 11 of all participants and beneficiaries, a qualified actuary
- 12 who shall be responsible for the preparation of the mate-
- 13 rials comprising information necessary to be submitted by
- 14 a qualified actuary under this part. The qualified actuary
- 15 shall utilize such assumptions and techniques as are nec-
- 16 essary to enable such actuary to form an opinion as to
- 17 whether the contents of the matters reported under this
- 18 part—
- 19 "(1) are in the aggregate reasonably related to
- the experience of the plan and to reasonable expecta-
- 21 tions; and
- 22 "(2) represent such actuary's best estimate of
- anticipated experience under the plan.
- 24 The opinion by the qualified actuary shall be made with
- 25 respect to, and shall be made a part of, the annual report.

1	"SEC. 808. NOTICE REQUIREMENTS FOR VOLUNTARY TER-
2	MINATION.
3	"Except as provided in section 809(b), an association
4	health plan which is or has been certified under this part
5	may terminate (upon or at any time after cessation of ac-
6	cruals in benefit liabilities) only if the board of trustees,
7	not less than 60 days before the proposed termination
8	date—
9	"(1) provides to the participants and bene-
10	ficiaries a written notice of intent to terminate stat-
11	ing that such termination is intended and the pro-
12	posed termination date;
13	"(2) develops a plan for winding up the affairs
14	of the plan in connection with such termination in
15	a manner which will result in timely payment of all
16	benefits for which the plan is obligated; and
17	"(3) submits such plan in writing to the appli-
18	cable authority.
19	Actions required under this section shall be taken in such
20	form and manner as may be prescribed by the applicable
21	authority by regulation.
22	"SEC. 809. CORRECTIVE ACTIONS AND MANDATORY TERMI-
23	NATION.
24	"(a) Actions to Avoid Depletion of Re-
25	SERVES.—An association health plan which is certified
26	under this part and which provides benefits other than

health insurance coverage shall continue to meet the re-2 quirements of section 806, irrespective of whether such certification continues in effect. The board of trustees of 3 4 such plan shall determine quarterly whether the require-5 ments of section 806 are met. In any case in which the board determines that there is reason to believe that there is or will be a failure to meet such requirements, or the 8 applicable authority makes such a determination and so notifies the board, the board shall immediately notify the 10 qualified actuary engaged by the plan, and such actuary shall, not later than the end of the next following month, 11 12 make such recommendations to the board for corrective action as the actuary determines necessary to ensure compliance with section 806. Not later than 30 days after re-14 15 ceiving from the actuary recommendations for corrective actions, the board shall notify the applicable authority (in 16 17 such form and manner as the applicable authority may 18 prescribe by regulation) of such recommendations of the 19 actuary for corrective action, together with a description 20 of the actions (if any) that the board has taken or plans 21 to take in response to such recommendations. The board 22 shall thereafter report to the applicable authority, in such 23 form and frequency as the applicable authority may specify to the board, regarding corrective action taken by the board until the requirements of section 806 are met.

1 "(b) MANDATORY TERMINATION.—In any case in 2 which—

"(1) the applicable authority has been notified under subsection (a) (or by an issuer of excess /stop loss insurance or indemnity insurance pursuant to section 806(a)) of a failure of an association health plan which is or has been certified under this part and is described in section 806(a)(2) to meet the requirements of section 806 and has not been notified by the board of trustees of the plan that corrective action has restored compliance with such requirements; and

"(2) the applicable authority determines that there is a reasonable expectation that the plan will continue to fail to meet the requirements of section 806,

the board of trustees of the plan shall, at the direction of the applicable authority, terminate the plan and, in the course of the termination, take such actions as the applicable authority may require, including satisfying any claims referred to in section 806(a)(2)(B)(iii) and recovering for the plan any liability under subsection (a)(2)(B)(iii) or (e) of section 806, as necessary to ensure that the affairs of the plan will be, to the maximum extent

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- 1 possible, wound up in a manner which will result in timely
- 2 provision of all benefits for which the plan is obligated.
- 3 "SEC. 810. TRUSTEESHIP BY THE SECRETARY OF INSOL-
- 4 VENT ASSOCIATION HEALTH PLANS PRO-
- 5 VIDING HEALTH BENEFITS IN ADDITION TO
- 6 HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.
- 7 "(a) Appointment of Secretary as Trustee for
- 8 Insolvent Plans.—Whenever the Secretary determines
- 9 that an association health plan which is or has been cer-
- 10 tified under this part and which is described in section
- 11 806(a)(2) will be unable to provide benefits when due or
- 12 is otherwise in a financially hazardous condition, as shall
- 13 be defined by the Secretary by regulation, the Secretary
- 14 shall, upon notice to the plan, apply to the appropriate
- 15 United States district court for appointment of the Sec-
- 16 retary as trustee to administer the plan for the duration
- 17 of the insolvency. The plan may appear as a party and
- 18 other interested persons may intervene in the proceedings
- 19 at the discretion of the court. The court shall appoint such
- 20 Secretary trustee if the court determines that the trustee-
- 21 ship is necessary to protect the interests of the partici-
- 22 pants and beneficiaries or providers of medical care or to
- 23 avoid any unreasonable deterioration of the financial con-
- 24 dition of the plan. The trusteeship of such Secretary shall
- 25 continue until the conditions described in the first sen-

- 1 tence of this subsection are remedied or the plan is termi-
- 2 nated.
- 3 "(b) Powers as Trustee.—The Secretary, upon
- 4 appointment as trustee under subsection (a), shall have
- 5 the power—
- 6 "(1) to do any act authorized by the plan, this
- 7 title, or other applicable provisions of law to be done
- 8 by the plan administrator or any trustee of the plan;
- 9 "(2) to require the transfer of all (or any part)
- of the assets and records of the plan to the Sec-
- 11 retary as trustee;
- "(3) to invest any assets of the plan which the
- 13 Secretary holds in accordance with the provisions of
- the plan, regulations prescribed by the Secretary,
- and applicable provisions of law;
- 16 "(4) to require the sponsor, the plan adminis-
- trator, any participating employer, and any employee
- organization representing plan participants to fur-
- 19 nish any information with respect to the plan which
- the Secretary as trustee may reasonably need in
- order to administer the plan;
- "(5) to collect for the plan any amounts due the
- plan and to recover reasonable expenses of the trust-
- eeship;

1 "(6) to commence, prosecute, or defend on behalf of the plan any suit or proceeding involving the 2 3 plan; "(7) to issue, publish, or file such notices, state-4 5 ments, and reports as may be required by the Sec-6 retary by regulation or required by any order of the 7 court: "(8) to terminate the plan (or provide for its 8 9 termination in accordance with section 809(b)) and 10 liquidate the plan assets, to restore the plan to the 11 responsibility of the sponsor, or to continue the 12 trusteeship; 13 "(9) to provide for the enrollment of plan par-14 ticipants and beneficiaries under appropriate cov-15 erage options; and "(10) to do such other acts as may be nec-16 17 essary to comply with this title or any order of the 18 court and to protect the interests of plan partici-19 pants and beneficiaries and providers of medical 20 care. 21 "(c) Notice of Appointment.—As soon as prac-22 ticable after the Secretary's appointment as trustee, the 23 Secretary shall give notice of such appointment to— 24 "(1) the sponsor and plan administrator; "(2) each participant; 25

1	"(3) each participating employer; and
2	"(4) if applicable, each employee organization
3	which, for purposes of collective bargaining, rep-
4	resents plan participants.
5	"(d) Additional Duties.—Except to the extent in-
6	consistent with the provisions of this title, or as may be
7	otherwise ordered by the court, the Secretary, upon ap-
8	pointment as trustee under this section, shall be subject
9	to the same duties as those of a trustee under section 704
10	of title 11, United States Code, and shall have the duties
11	of a fiduciary for purposes of this title.
12	"(e) Other Proceedings.—An application by the
13	Secretary under this subsection may be filed notwith-
14	standing the pendency in the same or any other court of
15	any bankruptcy, mortgage foreclosure, or equity receiver-
16	ship proceeding, or any proceeding to reorganize, conserve,
17	or liquidate such plan or its property, or any proceeding
18	to enforce a lien against property of the plan.
19	"(f) Jurisdiction of Court.—
20	"(1) In general.—Upon the filing of an appli-
21	cation for the appointment as trustee or the issuance
22	of a decree under this section, the court to which the
23	application is made shall have exclusive jurisdiction
24	of the plan involved and its property wherever lo-
25	cated with the powers, to the extent consistent with

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the purposes of this section, of a court of the United States having jurisdiction over cases under chapter 11 of title 11, United States Code. Pending an adjudication under this section such court shall stay, and upon appointment by it of the Secretary as trustee, such court shall continue the stay of, any pending mortgage foreclosure, equity receivership, or other proceeding to reorganize, conserve, or liquidate the plan, the sponsor, or property of such plan or sponsor, and any other suit against any receiver, conservator, or trustee of the plan, the sponsor, or property of the plan or sponsor. Pending such adjudication and upon the appointment by it of the Secretary as trustee, the court may stay any proceeding to enforce a lien against property of the plan or the sponsor or any other suit against the plan or the sponsor.

"(2) Venue.—An action under this section may be brought in the judicial district where the sponsor or the plan administrator resides or does business or where any asset of the plan is situated. A district court in which such action is brought may issue process with respect to such action in any other judicial district.

- 1 "(g) Personnel.—In accordance with regulations
- 2 which shall be prescribed by the Secretary, the Secretary
- 3 shall appoint, retain, and compensate accountants, actu-
- 4 aries, and other professional service personnel as may be
- 5 necessary in connection with the Secretary's service as
- 6 trustee under this section.

## 7 "SEC. 811. STATE ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY.

- 8 "(a) In General.—Notwithstanding section 514, a
- 9 State may impose by law a contribution tax on an associa-
- 10 tion health plan described in section 806(a)(2), if the plan
- 11 commenced operations in such State after the date of the
- 12 enactment of the Small Business Health Fairness Act of
- 13 2004.
- 14 "(b) Contribution Tax.—For purposes of this sec-
- 15 tion, the term 'contribution tax' imposed by a State on
- 16 an association health plan means any tax imposed by such
- 17 State if—
- "(1) such tax is computed by applying a rate to
- the amount of premiums or contributions, with re-
- spect to individuals covered under the plan who are
- 21 residents of such State, which are received by the
- 22 plan from participating employers located in such
- 23 State or from such individuals;
- 24 "(2) the rate of such tax does not exceed the
- rate of any tax imposed by such State on premiums

- or contributions received by insurers or health maintenance organizations for health insurance coverage offered in such State in connection with a group
- 5 "(3) such tax is otherwise nondiscriminatory; 6 and
  - "(4) the amount of any such tax assessed on the plan is reduced by the amount of any tax or assessment otherwise imposed by the State on premiums, contributions, or both received by insurers or health maintenance organizations for health insurance coverage, aggregate excess /stop loss insurance (as defined in section 806(g)(1)), specific excess loss insurance (as defined /stop in section 806(g)(2), other insurance related to the provision of medical care under the plan, or any combination thereof provided by such insurers or health maintenance organizations in such State in connection with such plan.

## 20 "SEC. 812. DEFINITIONS AND RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 21 "(a) Definitions.—For purposes of this part—
- "(1) GROUP HEALTH PLAN.—The term 'group health plan' has the meaning provided in section
  733(a)(1) (after applying subsection (b) of this sec-

25 tion).

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health plan;

1	"(2) Medical care.—The term 'medical care'
2	has the meaning provided in section 733(a)(2).
3	"(3) HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.—The
4	term 'health insurance coverage' has the meaning
5	provided in section 733(b)(1).
6	"(4) HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER.—The term
7	'health insurance issuer' has the meaning provided
8	in section $733(b)(2)$ .
9	"(5) APPLICABLE AUTHORITY.—The term 'ap-
10	plicable authority' means the Secretary, except that,
11	in connection with any exercise of the Secretary's
12	authority regarding which the Secretary is required
13	under section 506(d) to consult with a State, such
14	term means the Secretary, in consultation with such
15	State.
16	"(6) Health status-related factor.—The
17	term 'health status-related factor' has the meaning
18	provided in section $733(d)(2)$ .
19	"(7) Individual market.—
20	"(A) In general.—The term 'individual
21	market' means the market for health insurance
22	coverage offered to individuals other than in
23	connection with a group health plan.
24	"(B) Treatment of very small
25	GROUPS —

"(i) IN GENERAL.—Subject to clause

(ii), such term includes coverage offered in

connection with a group health plan that

has fewer than 2 participants as current

employees or participants described in sec
tion 732(d)(3) on the first day of the plan

year.

"(ii) STATE EXCEPTION.—Clause (i) shall not apply in the case of health insurance coverage offered in a State if such State regulates the coverage described in such clause in the same manner and to the same extent as coverage in the small group market (as defined in section 2791(e)(5) of the Public Health Service Act) is regulated by such State.

"(8) Participating employer' means, in connection with an association health plan, any employer, if any individual who is an employee of such employer, a partner in such employer, or a self-employed individual who is such employer (or any dependent, as defined under the terms of the plan, of such individual) is or was covered under such plan in connection with the status of such individual as such an employee,

1	partner, or self-employed individual in relation to the
2	plan.
3	"(9) APPLICABLE STATE AUTHORITY.—The
4	term 'applicable State authority' means, with respect
5	to a health insurance issuer in a State, the State in-
6	surance commissioner or official or officials des-
7	ignated by the State to enforce the requirements of
8	title XXVII of the Public Health Service Act for the
9	State involved with respect to such issuer.
10	"(10) QUALIFIED ACTUARY.—The term 'quali-
11	fied actuary' means an individual who is a member
12	of the American Academy of Actuaries.
13	"(11) Affiliated member.—The term 'affili-
14	ated member' means, in connection with a sponsor—
15	"(A) a person who is otherwise eligible to
16	be a member of the sponsor but who elects an
17	affiliated status with the sponsor,
18	"(B) in the case of a sponsor with mem-
19	bers which consist of associations, a person who
20	is a member of any such association and elects
21	an affiliated status with the sponsor, or
22	"(C) in the case of an association health
23	plan in existence on the date of the enactment
24	of the Small Business Health Fairness Act of

2004, a person eligible to be a member of the sponsor or one of its member associations.

"(12) Large employer.—The term 'large employer' means, in connection with a group health plan with respect to a plan year, an employer who employed an average of at least 51 employees on business days during the preceding calendar year and who employs at least 2 employees on the first day of the plan year.

"(13) SMALL EMPLOYER.—The term 'small employer' means, in connection with a group health plan with respect to a plan year, an employer who is not a large employer.

### "(b) Rules of Construction.—

"(1) EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES.—For purposes of determining whether a plan, fund, or program is an employee welfare benefit plan which is an association health plan, and for purposes of applying this title in connection with such plan, fund, or program so determined to be such an employee welfare benefit plan—

"(A) in the case of a partnership, the term 'employer' (as defined in section 3(5)) includes the partnership in relation to the partners, and the term 'employee' (as defined in section 3(6))

- includes any partner in relation to the partnership; and
- "(B) in the case of a self-employed individual, the term 'employer' (as defined in section 3(5)) and the term 'employee' (as defined in section 3(6)) shall include such individual.
  - "(2) Plans, funds, and programs treated as employee welfare benefit plans.—In the case of any plan, fund, or program which was established or is maintained for the purpose of providing medical care (through the purchase of insurance or otherwise) for employees (or their dependents) covered thereunder and which demonstrates to the Secretary that all requirements for certification under this part would be met with respect to such plan, fund, or program were a group health plan, such plan, fund, or program shall be treated for purposes of this title as an employee welfare benefit plan on and after the date of such demonstration.".
- 21 (b) Conforming Amendments to Preemption
- 22 Rules.—

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- 23 (1) Section 514(b)(6) of such Act (29 U.S.C.
- 24 1144(b)(6)) is amended by adding at the end the
- following new subparagraph:

1	"(E) The preceding subparagraphs of this paragraph
2	do not apply with respect to any State law in the case
3	of an association health plan which is certified under part
4	8.".
5	(2) Section 514 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1144)
6	is amended—
7	(A) in subsection (b)(4), by striking "Sub-
8	section (a)" and inserting "Subsections (a) and
9	(d)";
10	(B) in subsection (b)(5), by striking "sub-
11	section (a)" in subparagraph (A) and inserting
12	"subsection (a) of this section and subsections
13	(a)(2)(B) and (b) of section 805", and by strik-
14	ing "subsection (a)" in subparagraph (B) and
15	inserting "subsection (a) of this section or sub-
16	section (a)(2)(B) or (b) of section 805";
17	(C) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
18	section (e); and
19	(D) by inserting after subsection (c) the
20	following new subsection:
21	"(d)(1) Except as provided in subsection (b)(4), the
22	provisions of this title shall supersede any and all State
23	laws insofar as they may now or hereafter preclude, or
24	have the effect of precluding, a health insurance issuer
25	from offering health insurance coverage in connection with

1 an association health plan which is certified under part 2 8.

3 "(2) Except as provided in paragraphs (4) and (5)

4 of subsection (b) of this section—

"(A) In any case in which health insurance coverage of any policy type is offered under an association health plan certified under part 8 to a participating employer operating in such State, the provisions of this title shall supersede any and all laws of such State insofar as they may preclude a health insurance issuer from offering health insurance coverage of the same policy type to other employers operating in the State which are eligible for coverage under such association health plan, whether or not such other employers are participating employers in such plan.

"(B) In any case in which health insurance coverage of any policy type is offered in a State under an association health plan certified under part 8 and the filing, with the applicable State authority (as defined in section 812(a)(9)), of the policy form in connection with such policy type is approved by such State authority, the provisions of this title shall supersede any and all laws of any other State in which health insurance coverage of such type is offered, in-

- 1 sofar as they may preclude, upon the filing in the
- 2 same form and manner of such policy form with the
- 3 applicable State authority in such other State, the
- 4 approval of the filing in such other State.
- 5 "(3) Nothing in subsection (b)(6)(E) or the preceding
- 6 provisions of this subsection shall be construed, with re-
- 7 spect to health insurance issuers or health insurance cov-
- 8 erage, to supersede or impair the law of any State—
- 9 "(A) providing solvency standards or similar
- standards regarding the adequacy of insurer capital,
- surplus, reserves, or contributions, or
- "(B) relating to prompt payment of claims.
- "(4) For additional provisions relating to association
- 14 health plans, see subsections (a)(2)(B) and (b) of section
- 15 805.
- 16 "(5) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'asso-
- 17 ciation health plan' has the meaning provided in section
- 18 801(a), and the terms 'health insurance coverage', 'par-
- 19 ticipating employer', and 'health insurance issuer' have
- 20 the meanings provided such terms in section 812, respec-
- 21 tively.".
- 22 (3) Section 514(b)(6)(A) of such Act (29)
- 23 U.S.C. 1144(b)(6)(A)) is amended—
- 24 (A) in clause (i)(II), by striking "and" at
- 25 the end;

1	(B) in clause (ii), by inserting "and which
2	does not provide medical care (within the mean-
3	ing of section 733(a)(2))," after "arrange-
4	ment,", and by striking "title." and inserting
5	"title, and"; and
6	(C) by adding at the end the following new
7	clause:
8	"(iii) subject to subparagraph (E), in the case
9	of any other employee welfare benefit plan which is
10	a multiple employer welfare arrangement and which
11	provides medical care (within the meaning of section
12	733(a)(2)), any law of any State which regulates in-
13	surance may apply.".
14	(4) Section 514(e) of such Act (as redesignated
15	by paragraph (2)(C)) is amended—
16	(A) by striking "Nothing" and inserting
17	"(1) Except as provided in paragraph (2), noth-
18	ing''; and
19	(B) by adding at the end the following new
20	paragraph:
21	"(2) Nothing in any other provision of law enacted
22	on or after the date of the enactment of the Small Busi-
23	ness Health Fairness Act of 2004 shall be construed to
24	alter, amend, modify, invalidate, impair, or supersede any

- 1 provision of this title, except by specific cross-reference to
- 2 the affected section.".
- 3 (c) Plan Sponsor.—Section 3(16)(B) of such Act
- 4 (29 U.S.C. 102(16)(B)) is amended by adding at the end
- 5 the following new sentence: "Such term also includes a
- 6 person serving as the sponsor of an association health plan
- 7 under part 8.".
- 8 (d) Disclosure of Solvency Protections Re-
- 9 LATED TO SELF-INSURED AND FULLY INSURED OPTIONS
- 10 Under Association Health Plans.—Section 102(b)
- 11 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 102(b)) is amended by adding at
- 12 the end the following: "An association health plan shall
- 13 include in its summary plan description, in connection
- 14 with each benefit option, a description of the form of sol-
- 15 vency or guarantee fund protection secured pursuant to
- 16 this Act or applicable State law, if any.".
- 17 (e) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Section 731(c) of such Act is
- 18 amended by inserting "or part 8" after "this part".
- 19 (f) Report to the Congress Regarding Certifi-
- 20 cation of Self-Insured Association Health
- 21 Plans.—Not later than January 1, 2009, the Secretary
- 22 of Labor shall report to the Committee on Education and
- 23 the Workforce of the House of Representatives and the
- 24 Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions of

- 1 the Senate the effect association health plans have had,
- 2 if any, on reducing the number of uninsured individuals.
- 3 (g) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of contents
- 4 in section 1 of the Employee Retirement Income Security
- 5 Act of 1974 is amended by inserting after the item relat-
- 6 ing to section 734 the following new items:

#### "Part 8—Rules governing association health plans

- "801. Association health plans.
- "802. Certification of association health plans.
- "803. Requirements relating to sponsors and boards of trustees.
- "804. Participation and coverage requirements.
- "805. Other requirements relating to plan documents, contribution rates, and benefit options.
- "806. Maintenance of reserves and provisions for solvency for plans providing health benefits in addition to health insurance coverage.
- "807. Requirements for application and related requirements.
- "808. Notice requirements for voluntary termination.
- "809. Corrective actions and mandatory termination.
- "810. Trusteeship by the Secretary of insolvent association health plans providing health benefits in addition to health insurance coverage.
- "811. State assessment authority.
- "812. Definitions and rules of construction.".

### 7 SEC. 2003. CLARIFICATION OF TREATMENT OF SINGLE EM-

- 8 PLOYER ARRANGEMENTS.
- 9 Section 3(40)(B) of the Employee Retirement Income
- 10 Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1002(40)(B)) is amend-
- 11 ed—
- 12 (1) in clause (i), by inserting after "control
- group," the following: "except that, in any case in
- which the benefit referred to in subparagraph (A)
- 15 consists of medical care (as defined in section
- 812(a)(2), two or more trades or businesses, wheth-
- er or not incorporated, shall be deemed a single em-

- ployer for any plan year of such plan, or any fiscal year of such other arrangement, if such trades or businesses are within the same control group during such year or at any time during the preceding 1-year period,";
  - (2) in clause (iii), by striking "(iii) the determination" and inserting the following:
    - "(iii)(I) in any case in which the benefit referred to in subparagraph (A) consists of medical care (as defined in section 812(a)(2)), the determination of whether a trade or business is under 'common control' with another trade or business shall be determined under regulations of the Secretary applying principles consistent and coextensive with the principles applied in determining whether employees of two or more trades or businesses are treated as employed by a single employer under section 4001(b), except that, for purposes of this paragraph, an interest of greater than 25 percent may not be required as the minimum interest necessary for common control, or
- 22 "(II) in any other case, the determination";
- 23 (3) by redesignating clauses (iv) and (v) as 24 clauses (v) and (vi), respectively; and

1	(4) by inserting after clause (iii) the following
2	new clause:
3	"(iv) in any case in which the benefit referred
4	to in subparagraph (A) consists of medical care (as
5	defined in section 812(a)(2)), in determining, after
6	the application of clause (i), whether benefits are
7	provided to employees of two or more employers, the
8	arrangement shall be treated as having only one par-
9	ticipating employer if, after the application of clause
10	(i), the number of individuals who are employees and
11	former employees of any one participating employer
12	and who are covered under the arrangement is
13	greater than 75 percent of the aggregate number of
14	all individuals who are employees or former employ-
15	ees of participating employers and who are covered
16	under the arrangement,".
17	SEC. 2004. ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS RELATING TO ASSO-
18	CIATION HEALTH PLANS.
19	(a) Criminal Penalties for Certain Willful
20	MISREPRESENTATIONS.—Section 501 of the Employee
21	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1131)
22	is amended—
23	(1) by inserting "(a)" after "Sec. 501."; and
24	(2) by adding at the end the following new sub-

section:

- 1 "(b) Any person who willfully falsely represents, to
- 2 any employee, any employee's beneficiary, any employer,
- 3 the Secretary, or any State, a plan or other arrangement
- 4 established or maintained for the purpose of offering or
- 5 providing any benefit described in section 3(1) to employ-
- 6 ees or their beneficiaries as—
- 7 "(1) being an association health plan which has
- 8 been certified under part 8;
- 9 "(2) having been established or maintained
- under or pursuant to one or more collective bar-
- gaining agreements which are reached pursuant to
- 12 collective bargaining described in section 8(d) of the
- National Labor Relations Act (29 U.S.C. 158(d)) or
- paragraph Fourth of section 2 of the Railway Labor
- 15 Act (45 U.S.C. 152, paragraph Fourth) or which are
- reached pursuant to labor-management negotiations
- 17 under similar provisions of State public employee re-
- lations laws; or
- 19 "(3) being a plan or arrangement described in
- 20 section 3(40)(A)(i),
- 21 shall, upon conviction, be imprisoned not more than 5
- 22 years, be fined under title 18, United States Code, or
- 23 both.".

1	(b) Cease Activities Orders.—Section 502 of
2	such Act (29 U.S.C. 1132) is amended by adding at the
3	end the following new subsection:
4	"(n) Association Health Plan Cease and De-
5	SIST ORDERS.—
6	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
7	upon application by the Secretary showing the oper-
8	ation, promotion, or marketing of an association
9	health plan (or similar arrangement providing bene-
10	fits consisting of medical care (as defined in section
11	733(a)(2))) that—
12	"(A) is not certified under part 8, is sub-
13	ject under section 514(b)(6) to the insurance
14	laws of any State in which the plan or arrange-
15	ment offers or provides benefits, and is not li-
16	censed, registered, or otherwise approved under
17	the insurance laws of such State; or
18	"(B) is an association health plan certified
19	under part 8 and is not operating in accordance
20	with the requirements under part 8 for such
21	certification,
22	a district court of the United States shall enter an
23	order requiring that the plan or arrangement cease
24	activities.

"(2) Exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not 1 2 apply in the case of an association health plan or 3 other arrangement if the plan or arrangement shows 4 that— "(A) all benefits under it referred to in 5 6 paragraph (1) consist of health insurance cov-7 erage; and "(B) with respect to each State in which 8 9 the plan or arrangement offers or provides ben-10 efits, the plan or arrangement is operating in 11 accordance with applicable State laws that are 12 not superseded under section 514. 13 "(3) Additional equitable relief.—The 14 court may grant such additional equitable relief, in-15 cluding any relief available under this title, as it 16 deems necessary to protect the interests of the pub-17 lic and of persons having claims for benefits against 18 the plan.". 19 (c) Responsibility for Claims Procedure.— 20 Section 503 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1133) is amended by inserting "(a) IN GENERAL.—" before "In accordance", 21 22 and by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(b) Association Health Plans.—The terms of

each association health plan which is or has been certified

under part 8 shall require the board of trustees or the

1	named fiduciary (as applicable) to ensure that the require-
2	ments of this section are met in connection with claims
3	filed under the plan.".
4	SEC. 2005. COOPERATION BETWEEN FEDERAL AND STATE
5	AUTHORITIES.
6	Section 506 of the Employee Retirement Income Se-
7	curity Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1136) is amended by adding
8	at the end the following new subsection:
9	"(d) Consultation With States With Respect
10	TO ASSOCIATION HEALTH PLANS.—
11	"(1) AGREEMENTS WITH STATES.—The Sec-
12	retary shall consult with the State recognized under
13	paragraph (2) with respect to an association health
14	plan regarding the exercise of—
15	"(A) the Secretary's authority under sec-
16	tions 502 and 504 to enforce the requirements
17	for certification under part 8; and
18	"(B) the Secretary's authority to certify
19	association health plans under part 8 in accord-
20	ance with regulations of the Secretary applica-
21	ble to certification under part 8.
22	"(2) Recognition of Primary Domicile
23	STATE.—In carrying out paragraph (1), the Sec-
24	retary shall ensure that only one State will be recog-
25	nized, with respect to any particular association

1	health plan, as the State with which consultation is
2	required. In carrying out this paragraph—
3	"(A) in the case of a plan which provides
4	health insurance coverage (as defined in section
5	812(a)(3)), such State shall be the State with
6	which filing and approval of a policy type of-
7	fered by the plan was initially obtained, and
8	"(B) in any other case, the Secretary shall
9	take into account the places of residence of the
10	participants and beneficiaries under the plan
11	and the State in which the trust is main-
12	tained.".
13	SEC. 2006. EFFECTIVE DATE AND TRANSITIONAL AND
	SEC. 2006. EFFECTIVE DATE AND TRANSITIONAL AND OTHER RULES.
14	
<ul><li>13</li><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li></ul>	OTHER RULES.
14 15	OTHER RULES.  (a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this title shall take effect 1 year after the date of the en-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	OTHER RULES.  (a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this title shall take effect 1 year after the date of the en-
<ul><li>14</li><li>15</li><li>16</li><li>17</li></ul>	OTHER RULES.  (a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this title shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title. The Secretary of Labor shall first
14 15 16 17 18	OTHER RULES.  (a) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendments made by this title shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title. The Secretary of Labor shall first issue all regulations necessary to carry out the amend-
14 15 16 17 18	other rules.  (a) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this title shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title. The Secretary of Labor shall first issue all regulations necessary to carry out the amendments made by this title within 1 year after the date of
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this title shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title. The Secretary of Labor shall first issue all regulations necessary to carry out the amendments made by this title within 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this title shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title. The Secretary of Labor shall first issue all regulations necessary to carry out the amendments made by this title within 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title.  (b) Treatment of Certain Existing Health
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) Effective Date.—The amendments made by this title shall take effect 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title. The Secretary of Labor shall first issue all regulations necessary to carry out the amendments made by this title within 1 year after the date of the enactment of this title.  (b) Treatment of Certain Existing Health Benefits Programs.—

1	providing benefits consisting of medical care for the
2	employees and beneficiaries of its participating em-
3	ployers, at least 200 participating employers make
4	contributions to such arrangement, such arrange-
5	ment has been in existence for at least 10 years, and
6	such arrangement is licensed under the laws of one
7	or more States to provide such benefits to its par-
8	ticipating employers, upon the filing with the appli-
9	cable authority (as defined in section 812(a)(5) of
10	the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of
11	1974 (as amended by this subtitle)) by the arrange-
12	ment of an application for certification of the ar-
13	rangement under part 8 of subtitle B of title I of
14	such Act—
15	(A) such arrangement shall be deemed to
16	be a group health plan for purposes of title I
17	of such title;
18	(B) the requirements of sections 801(a)
19	and 803(a) of the Employee Retirement Income
20	Security Act of 1974 shall be deemed met with
21	respect to such arrangement;
22	(C) the requirements of section 803(b) of
23	such Act shall be deemed met, if the arrange-
24	ment is operated by a board of directors

which—

1	(i) is elected by the participating em-
2	ployers, with each employer having one
3	vote; and
4	(ii) has complete fiscal control over
5	the arrangement and which is responsible
6	for all operations of the arrangement;
7	(D) the requirements of section 804(a) of
8	such Act shall be deemed met with respect to
9	such arrangement; and
10	(E) the arrangement may be certified by
11	any applicable authority with respect to its op-
12	erations in any State only if it operates in such
13	State on the date of certification.
14	The provisions of this subsection shall cease to apply
15	with respect to any such arrangement at such time
16	after the date of the enactment of this title as the
17	applicable requirements of this subsection are not
18	met with respect to such arrangement.
19	(2) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
20	section, the terms "group health plan", "medical
21	care", and "participating employer" shall have the
22	meanings provided in section 812 of the Employee
23	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, except
24	that the reference in paragraph (7) of such section

to an "association health plan" shall be deemed a

- 1 reference to an arrangement referred to in this sub-
- 2 section.

Passed the House of Representatives May 12, 2004.

Attest:

JEFF TRANDAHL,

Clerk.

## Calendar No. 539

# 108TH CONGRESS H. R. 4279

### AN ACT

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide for the disposition of unused health benefits in cafeteria plans and flexible spending arrangements, to improve patient access to health care services and provide improved medical care by reducing the excessive burden the liability system places on the health care delivery system, and to amend title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to improve access and choice for entrepreneurs with small businesses with respect to medical care for their employees.

May 21, 2004

Read the second time and placed on the calendar