108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 3338

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a tax incentive to individuals teaching in elementary and secondary schools located in rural or high unemployment areas and to individuals who achieve certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

OCTOBER 17, 2003

Mr. Pomeroy (for himself and Mr. Osborne) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

A BILL

To amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide a tax incentive to individuals teaching in elementary and secondary schools located in rural or high unemployment areas and to individuals who achieve certification from the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Incentives to Educate
- 5 American Children (I Teach) Act of 2003".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-3 ings:
- 4 (1) An estimated 2,000,000 new teachers will be needed over the next decade.
- 6 (2) Under the No Child Left Behind Act of 7 2001, States must recruit qualified teachers by 8 2006, yet schools in rural areas and public schools 9 with high poverty have trouble attracting and retain-10 ing teachers.
 - (3) Fourteen percent of America's school children attend rural schools, and according to the Rural School and Community Trust 2000 report, "Why Rural Matters", rural education is crucial or very important to overall education performance in 25 States, so recruitment and retention of teachers is essential.
 - (4) A 2000 study by the Education Trust reports that high poverty schools are twice as likely not to have teachers certified in their fields than other schools, which highlights that high poverty schools will need special help to meet the goals of the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001.
 - (5) The National Board for Professional Teaching Standards was founded in 1987 as a follow up to the landmark 1983 report, "A Nation at Risk",

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- by the Carnegie Task Force on Teaching. The National Board for Professional Teaching Standards is an independent, nonprofit, and nonpartisan organization the mission of which is to establish high and rigorous standards for what accomplished teachers should know and be able to do.
 - (6) Over 16,000 teachers from all 50 States and the District of Columbia have completed certification by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards, which certification is a rigorous assessment process for teachers.
 - (7) Recent data from the Accomplished Teaching Validation Study have demonstrated that teachers who are certified by the National Board for Professional Teaching Standards significantly outperform their peers who are not National Board certified on 11 of 13 key measures of teaching expertise.
 - (8) Teacher salaries have remained stagnant over the past decade, according to a study by the National Education Association, and ½ of the States do not meet the national average of \$40,582 for teacher salaries.
- 24 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are as follows:

1	(1) To encourage teachers, through a refund-
2	able tax credit, to work in public elementary and
3	secondary schools located in rural areas or schools
4	with high poverty.
5	(2) To provide an additional tax credit to teach-
6	ers who achieve certification from the National
7	Board for Professional Teaching Standards in order
8	to recruit and retain highly qualified teachers in
9	public elementary and secondary schools.
10	SEC. 3. REFUNDABLE TAX CREDIT FOR INDIVIDUALS
11	TEACHING IN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY
12	SCHOOLS LOCATED IN HIGH POVERTY OR
13	RURAL AREAS AND CERTIFIED TEACHERS.
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14	(a) In General.—Subpart C of part IV of sub-
14	(a) In General.—Subpart C of part IV of sub-
14 15	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
141516	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redes-
14151617	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redesignating section 36 as section 37 and by inserting after
14 15 16 17 18	(a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redesignating section 36 as section 37 and by inserting after section 35 the following new section:
141516171819	(a) In General.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redesignating section 36 as section 37 and by inserting after section 35 the following new section: "SEC. 36. TAX CREDIT FOR INDIVIDUALS TEACHING IN ELE-
14151617181920	(a) In General.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redesignating section 36 as section 37 and by inserting after section 35 the following new section: "SEC. 36. TAX CREDIT FOR INDIVIDUALS TEACHING IN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS LO-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redesignating section 36 as section 37 and by inserting after section 35 the following new section: "SEC. 36. TAX CREDIT FOR INDIVIDUALS TEACHING IN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS LOCATED IN HIGH POVERTY OR RURAL AREAS
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(a) In General.—Subpart C of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to refundable credits) is amended by redesignating section 36 as section 37 and by inserting after section 35 the following new section: "SEC. 36. TAX CREDIT FOR INDIVIDUALS TEACHING IN ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOLS LOCATED IN HIGH POVERTY OR RURAL AREAS AND CERTIFIED TEACHERS.

1	amount equal to the applicable amount for the eligible aca-
2	demic year ending during such taxable year.
3	"(b) Applicable Amount.—For purposes of this
4	section—
5	"(1) Teachers in schools in rural areas
6	OR SCHOOLS WITH HIGH POVERTY.—
7	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the case of an eligi-
8	ble teacher who performs services in a public
9	kindergarten or a public elementary or sec-
10	ondary school described in subparagraph (B)
11	during the eligible academic year, the applicable
12	amount is \$1,000.
13	"(B) School described.—A public kin-
14	dergarten or a public elementary or secondary
15	school is described in this subparagraph if—
16	"(i) at least 75 percent of the stu-
17	dents attending such kindergarten or
18	school receive free or reduced-cost lunches
19	under the school lunch program established
20	under the Richard B. Russell National
21	School Lunch Act, or
22	"(ii) such kindergarten or school has
23	a School Locale Code of 7 or 8, as deter-
24	mined by the Secretary of Education.

1	"(2) CERTIFIED TEACHERS.—In the case of an
2	eligible teacher who is certified by the National
3	Board for Professional Teaching Standards for the
4	eligible academic year, the applicable amount is
5	\$1,000.
6	"(3) CERTIFIED TEACHERS IN SCHOOLS IN
7	RURAL AREAS OR SCHOOLS WITH HIGH POVERTY.—
8	In the case of an eligible teacher described in para-
9	graphs (1) and (2), the applicable amount is \$2,000.
10	"(c) Eligible Teacher.—For purposes of this sec-
11	tion, the term 'eligible teacher' means, for any eligible aca-
12	demic year, an individual who is a kindergarten through
13	grade 12 classroom teacher or instructor in a public kin-
14	dergarten or a public elementary or secondary school on
15	a full-time basis for such eligible academic year.
16	"(d) Additional Definitions.—For purposes of
17	this section—
18	"(1) ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY
19	SCHOOLS.—The terms 'elementary school' and 'sec-
20	ondary school' have the respective meanings given
21	such terms by section 9101 of the Elementary and
22	Secondary Education Act of 1965.
23	"(2) ELIGIBLE ACADEMIC YEAR.—The term 'el-

igible academic year' means any academic year end-

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- 1 ing in a taxable year beginning after December 31,
- 2 2003.".
- 3 (b) Conforming Amendments.—
- 4 (1) Paragraph (2) of section 1324(b) of title 5 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting be-6 fore the period ", or from section 36 of such Code".
- 7 (2) The table of sections for subpart C of part
- 8 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Rev-
- 9 enue Code of 1986 is amended by striking the item
- relating to section 36 and inserting the following
- 11 new items:

- (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 13 this section shall apply to academic years ending in tax-
- 14 able years beginning after December 31, 2003.

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[&]quot;36. Tax credit for individuals teaching in elementary and secondary schools located in high poverty or rural areas and certified teachers.

[&]quot;37. Overpayments of tax.".