### 108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION H.R. 2466

To encourage democratic reform in Iran and to strengthen United States policy toward the current Government of Iran.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

#### JUNE 12, 2003

Mr. SHERMAN (for himself, Mr. SMITH of New Jersey, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. SOUDER, Ms. BERKLEY, Mr. KING of New York, Mr. ISRAEL, Mr. WEINER, Mr. CROWLEY, Mr. HOLDEN, Mr. NADLER, Mr. DEUTSCH, and Mr. ENGEL) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations, and in addition to the Committee on Ways and Means, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

## A BILL

To encourage democratic reform in Iran and to strengthen United States policy toward the current Government of Iran.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

#### **3** SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Iran Freedom and De-
- 5 mocracy Support Act".

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	(1) The Government of Iran is currently seek-
3	ing to develop nuclear weapons and other weapons
4	of mass destruction and has an active and successful
5	ballistic missile program.

6 (2) Recent revelations have shown that Iran is 7 further along than previously believed in enriching 8 uranium and developing nuclear weapons, and may 9 only be months away from developing the capability 10 to manufacture nuclear weapons.

11 (3) There is currently not a democratic govern-12 ment in Iran. Iran is an ideological dictatorship pre-13 sided over by an unelected "Supreme Leader" with 14 limitless veto power, an unelected Expediency Coun-15 cil, a Council of Guardians capable of eviscerating 16 any reforms, and a President elected only after the 17 Council disgualified 234 other candidates for being 18 too liberal, reformist, or secular.

(4) The April 2003 Department of State report
on terrorism indicates that Iran remained the most
active state sponsor of terrorism in 2002.

(5) That report also states that Iran continues
to provide funding, safehaven, training, and weapons
to known terrorist groups, notably Hizballah,
HAMAS, the Palestine Islamic Jihad, and the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine.

1	(6) Human rights have failed to improve in
2	Iran under the pseudo-reformers. Torture, execu-
3	tions after unfair trials, and censorship of all media
4	remain rampant throughout the country. Stoning
5	and beheading are used as methods of punishment.
6	(7) While the Government of Iran remains
7	overtly hostile to the United States, the people of
8	Iran have demonstrated that they wish for improved
9	relations with the United States.
10	(8) The people of Iran have demonstrated their
11	desire for a democratically-elected, more secular gov-
12	ernment, committed to protecting the human rights
13	of all of its citizens. The people of Iran have also
14	demonstrated their desire to see such changes come
15	about through an internationally-monitored ref-
16	erendum.
17	SEC. 3. POLICY.
18	It is the policy of the United States to—
19	(1) support transparent, full democracy in Iran;
20	(2) support an internationally-monitored ref-
21	erendum in Iran by which the Iranian people can
22	peacefully change the system of government in Iran;
23	(3) support the aspirations of the Iranian peo-

24 ple to live in freedom; and

1	(4) help the Iranian people achieve a free press
2	and build an open, democratic, and free society.
3	SEC. 4. RADIO FARDA REFORM.
4	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Broadcasting Board of Gov-
5	ernors shall—
6	(1) require the head of Radio Farda to develop
7	programming for Radio Farda, after consulting
8	with—
9	(A) Iranian-Americans and other Iranian
10	exiles who—
11	(i) support a referendum described in
12	section $3(2)$ ; and
13	(ii) oppose the current Government of
14	Iran; and
15	(B) the Middle East Partnership Initiative
16	(MEPI) at the Department of State and the
17	Bureau of Educational and Cultural Affairs
18	(ECA) at the Department of State; and
19	(2) ensure that a significant percentage of the
20	programming on Radio Farda is devoted to dis-
21	cussing democratic change in Iran including an
22	internationally-monitored democratic referendum in
23	Iran as described in section $3(2)$ .
24	(b) Translations of Written and Video Mate-
25	RIALS FOR THE IRANIAN PEOPLE.—

1	(1) REQUIREMENT.—The MEPI and ECA shall
2	provide grants to appropriate entities to create and
3	maintain websites, translate and distribute books,
4	videos, documents, and other materials on democ-
5	racy, rule of law free market economics, and related
6	topics.
7	(2) CONSULTATION.—The MEPI and ECA
8	shall consult with nongovernmental entities and with
9	Iranian-American opposition groups that support the
10	holding of an internationally-monitored referendum
11	in Iran as described in section $3(2)$ to select mate-
12	rials to be translated into Persian.
13	(c) IRAN DEMOCRACY SUPPORT INITIATIVE.—
14	(1) AUTHORITY.—Notwithstanding any other
15	provision of law, the MEPI and ECA are authorized
16	to award grants to an eligible entity for the purpose
17	of funding programs and activities to promote a
18	democratic referendum in Iran.
19	(2) ELIGIBLE ENTITY.—The following persons
20	are eligible for grants under paragraph (1):
21	(A) A person who provides radio or tele-
22	vision broadcasting into Iran that includes pro-
23	gramming intended to promote an internation-
24	ally-monitored democratic referendum in Iran.

1 (B) A person who is working to promote 2 the holding of an internationally-monitored referendum in Iran, as described in section 3(2). 3 4 (d) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.-Not-5 withstanding any other provision of law, not less than 5 percent of the funds appropriated to the International 6 7 Broadcasting Operations account for fiscal year 2004 8 shall be made available to carry out the provisions of this 9 Act.

# 10 SEC. 5. IMMEDIATELY ENDING THE UNITED STATES IMPOR11 TATION OF IRANIAN GOODS.

12 Notwithstanding any other provision of law and ex-13 cept as provided in section 6, no textile or food article that 14 is produced, grown, or manufactured in Iran shall enter 15 or be imported into the United States.

## 16 SEC. 6. CONDITIONS FOR THE RESUMPTION OF UNITED

17 STATES IMPORTATION OF IRANIAN GOODS.

18 The President may waive the prohibition on the im-19 portation of Iranian goods to the United States beginning 20 on or after the date on which the President transmits to 21 Congress a certification stating that—

(1) Iran has shown substantial progress in respecting generally recognized human rights standards including due process under law;

(2) Iran has ceased its support for international
 terrorism; and

3 (3) Iran has terminated its program to develop4 nuclear weapons.

#### 5 SEC. 7. TRANSFER OF FUNDS TO USAID.

(a) TRANSFER.—If, beginning on or after the date 6 7 of the enactment of this Act, an international financial 8 institution to which the United States is a member pro-9 vides a loan, guarantee, grant, or other form of assistance 10 to Iran, then, notwithstanding any other provision of law, an amount equal to the amount of such assistance may, 11 12 from amounts available for United States contributions to 13 the international financial institution involved, be made available to the United States Agency for International 14 15 Development for programs to promote child survival and to combat HIV/AIDS. 16

(b) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of subsection (a), the various international financial institutions
of the World Bank Group shall be considered to comprise
a single international financial institution.

(c) TERMINATION.—The authority of this section
shall terminate on the date on which the President transmits to Congress a certification under section 6.

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#### 1 SEC. 8. REPORTS ON AL QAEDA PRESENCE IN IRAN.

Not later than 90 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and not later than 1 year thereafter,
the President shall transmit to Congress report on the
presence of elements of the al Qaeda terrorist organization
on the territory of Iran and the posture of the Government
of Iran toward these elements.

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