H. R. 2420

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

NOVEMBER 20, 2003

Received; read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

AN ACT

- To improve transparency relating to the fees and costs that mutual fund investors incur and to improve corporate governance of mutual funds.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Mutual Funds Integrity and Fee Transparency Act of
- 4 2003".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents.—
 - Sec. 1. Short title.

TITLE I—INTEGRITY AND FEE TRANSPARENCY

- Sec. 101. Improved transparency of mutual fund costs.
- Sec. 102. Obligations regarding certain distribution and soft dollar arrangements.
- Sec. 103. Mutual fund governance.
- Sec. 104. Audit committee requirements for investment companies.
- Sec. 105. Trading restrictions.
- Sec. 106. Definition of no-load mutual fund.
- Sec. 107. Informing directors of significant deficiencies.
- Sec. 108. Exemption from in person meeting requirements.
- Sec. 109. Proxy voting disclosure.
- Sec. 110. Incentive compensation and mutual fund sales.
- Sec. 111. Commission study and report regulating soft dollar arrangements.
- Sec. 112. Study of arbitration claims.

TITLE II—PREVENTION OF ABUSIVE MUTUAL FUND PRACTICES

- Sec. 201. Prevention of fraud; internal compliance and control procedures.
- Sec. 202. Ban on joint management of mutual funds and hedge funds.
- Sec. 203. Short term trading by interested persons prohibited.
- Sec. 204. Elimination of stale prices.
- Sec. 205. Prevention of unfair after-hours trading.
- Sec. 206. Report on adequacy of remedial actions.

6 TITLE I—INTEGRITY AND FEE

7 TRANSPARENCY

- 8 SEC. 101. IMPROVED TRANSPARENCY OF MUTUAL FUND
- 9 costs.
- 10 (a) REGULATION REVISION REQUIRED.—Within 270
- 11 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities
- 12 and Exchange Commission shall revise regulations under
- 13 the Securities Act of 1933, the Securities Exchange Act
- 14 of 1934, or the Investment Company Act of 1940, or any

- 1 combination thereof, to require, consistent with the protec-
- 2 tion of investors and the public interest, improved disclo-
- 3 sure with respect to an open-end management investment
- 4 company, in the quarterly statement or other periodic re-
- 5 port to shareholders or other appropriate disclosure docu-
- 6 ment, of the following:

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- 7 (1) The estimated amount, in dollars for each 8 \$1,000 of investment in the company, of the oper-9 ating expenses of the company that are borne by shareholders.
 - (2) The structure of, or method used to determine, the compensation of individuals employed by the investment adviser of the company to manage the portfolio of the company, and the ownership interest of such individuals in the securities of the company.
 - (3) The portfolio turnover rate of the company, set forth in a manner that facilitates comparison among investment companies, and a description of the implications of a high turnover rate for portfolio transaction costs and performance.
 - (4) Information concerning the company's policies and practices with respect to the payment of commissions for effecting securities transactions to a member of an exchange, broker, or dealer who—

1	(A) furnishes advice, either directly or
2	through publications or writings, as to the value
3	of securities, the advisability of investing in,
4	purchasing, or selling securities, and the avail-
5	ability of securities or purchasers or sellers of
6	securities;
7	(B) furnishes analyses and reports con-
8	cerning issuers, industries, securities, economic
9	factors and trends, portfolio strategy, and the
10	performance of accounts; or
11	(C) facilitates the sale and distribution of
12	the company's shares.
13	(5) Information concerning payments by any
14	person other than the company that are intended to
15	facilitate the sale and distribution of the company's
16	shares.
17	(6) Information concerning discounts on front-
18	end sales loads for which investors may be eligible,
19	including the minimum purchase amounts required
20	for such discounts.
21	(b) Appropriate Disclosure Document.—
22	(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
23	(a), a disclosure shall not be considered to be made
24	in an appropriate disclosure document if the disclo-

sure is made exclusively in a prospectus or state-

- ment of additional information, or both such documents.
- (2) EXCEPTIONS.—Notwithstanding paragraph
 (1), the disclosures required by paragraph (2) and
 (4) of subsection (a) may be considered to be made
 in an appropriate disclosure document if the disclosure is made exclusively in a prospectus or statement of additional information, or both such documents.

(c) CONCEPT RELEASE REQUIRED.—

- (1) In General.—The Commission shall issue a concept release examining the issue of portfolio transaction costs incurred by investment companies, including commission, spread, opportunity, and market impact costs, with respect to trading of portfolio securities and how such costs may be disclosed to mutual fund investors in a manner that will enable investors to compare such costs among funds.
- (2) Report and recommendations required.—The Commission shall submit a report on the findings from the concept release required by paragraph (1), as well as legislative and regulatory recommendations, if any, to the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Af-

- 1 fairs of the Senate, no later than 270 days after the 2 date of enactment of this Act. 3 (d) Additional Requirement for Fee State-
- MENT.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 270 days 5 6 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commis-7 sion shall prescribe a rule to require, with respect to 8 an open-end management investment company, in 9 the quarterly statement or other periodic report, or 10 other appropriate disclosure document, a statement 11 informing shareholders that such shareholders have 12 paid fees on their investments, that such fees have 13 been deducted from the amounts shown on the state-14 ments, and where such shareholders may find addi-15 tional information regarding the amount of these 16 fees.
 - (2) Appropriate disclosure document.— The statement required by paragraph (1) shall not be considered to be made in an appropriate disclosure document unless such statement is—
- (A) made in each periodic statement to a 22 shareholder that discloses the value of the hold-23 ings of the shareholder in the securities of the 24 company; and

18

19

20

1	(B) prominently displayed, in a location in
2	close proximity to the statement of the shares
3	account value.
4	(e) REDUCING BURDENS ON SMALL FUNDS.—In pre-
5	scribing rules under this section, the Commission shall
6	give consideration to methods for reducing for small in-
7	vestment companies the burdens of making the disclosures
8	required by such rules, consistent with the public interest
9	and the protection of investors.
10	SEC. 102. OBLIGATIONS REGARDING CERTAIN DISTRIBU-
11	TION AND SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGEMENTS.
12	(a) Reporting Requirement.—Section 15 of the
13	Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–15) is
14	amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
15	section:
16	"(g) Obligations Regarding Certain Distribu-
17	TION AND SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGEMENTS.—
18	"(1) Reporting requirements.—Each in-
19	vestment adviser to a registered investment company
20	shall, no less frequently than annually, submit to the
21	board of directors of the company a report on—
22	"(A) payments during the reporting period
23	by the adviser (or an affiliated person of the
24	adviser) that were directly or indirectly made
25	for the purpose of promoting the sale of shares

1	of the investment company (referred to in para-
2	graph (2) as a 'revenue sharing arrangement');
3	"(B) services to the company provided or
4	paid for by a broker or dealer or an affiliated
5	person of the broker or dealer (other than bro-
6	kerage and research services) in exchange for
7	the direction of brokerage to the broker or deal-
8	er (referred to in paragraph (2) as a 'directed
9	brokerage arrangement'); and
10	"(C) research services obtained by the ad-
11	viser (or an affiliated person of the adviser)
12	during the reporting period from a broker or
13	dealer the receipt of which may reasonably be
14	attributed to securities transactions effected on
15	behalf of the company or any other company
16	that is a member of the same group of invest-
17	ment companies (referred to in paragraph (2)
18	as a 'soft dollar arrangement').
19	"(2) FIDUCIARY DUTY OF BOARD OF DIREC-
20	TORS.—The board of directors of a registered invest-
21	ment company shall have a fiduciary duty—
22	"(A) to review the investment adviser's di-
23	rection of the company's brokerage trans-
24	actions, including directed brokerage arrange-
25	ments and soft dollar arrangements, and to de-

1	termine that the direction of such brokerage is
2	in the best interests of the shareholders of the
3	company; and
4	"(B) to review any revenue sharing ar-
5	rangements to ensure compliance with this Act
6	and the rules adopted thereunder, and to deter-
7	mine that such revenue sharing arrangements
8	are in the best interests of the shareholders of
9	the company.
10	"(3) Summaries of reports in annual re-
11	PORTS TO SHAREHOLDERS.—In accordance with reg-
12	ulations prescribed by the Commission under para-
13	graph (4), annual reports to shareholders of a reg-
14	istered investment company shall include a summary
15	of the most recent report submitted to the board of
16	directors under paragraph (1).
17	"(4) Regulations.—The Commission shall
18	adopt rules and regulations implementing this sec-
19	tion, which rules and regulations shall, among other
20	things, prescribe the content of the required reports.
21	"(5) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-
22	section—
23	"(A) the term 'brokerage and research
24	services' has the same meaning as in section

1	28(e)(3) of the Securities Exchange Act of
2	1934; and
3	"(B) the term 'research services' means
4	the services described in subparagraphs (A) and
5	(B) of such section.".
6	(b) Contractual Records.—Within 270 days after
7	the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Ex-
8	change Commission shall, by rule prescribed pursuant to
9	section 28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
10	U.S.C. 78bb(e)), require that—
11	(1) if any research services (as such term is de-
12	fined in section 15(g)(5)(B) of the Investment Com-
13	pany Act of 1940, as amended by subsection (a) of
14	this section)—
15	(A) are provided by a member of an ex-
16	change, broker, or dealer who effects securities
17	transactions in an account, and
18	(B) are prepared or provided by a party
19	that is unaffiliated with such member, broker,
20	or dealer,
21	any person exercising investment discretion with re-
22	spect to such account shall maintain a copy of the
23	written contract between the person preparing such
24	research and the member of an exchange, broker, or
25	dealer: and

1	(2) such contract shall describe the nature and
2	value of the services provided.
3	SEC. 103. MUTUAL FUND GOVERNANCE.
4	(a) Director Independence.—Section 10(a) of
5	the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-
6	10) is amended by striking "60 per centum" and inserting
7	"one-third".
8	(b) Definition of Interested Person.—Section
9	2(a)(19) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15
10	U.S.C. 80a-2(a)(19)) is amended—
11	(1) in subparagraph (A)—
12	(A) by striking clause (vi) and redesig-
13	nating clause (vii) as clause (vi); and
14	(B) by amending clause (v) to read as fol-
15	lows:
16	"(v) any natural person who is a
17	member of a class of persons who the
18	Commission, by rule or regulation, deter-
19	mines are unlikely to exercise an appro-
20	priate degree of independence as a result
21	of—
22	"(I) a material business or pro-
23	fessional relationship with the com-
24	pany or any affiliated person of the
25	company, or

1	"(II) a close familial relationship
2	with any natural person who is an af-
3	filiated person of the company,"; and
4	(2) in subparagraph (B)—
5	(A) by striking clause (vi) and redesig-
6	nating clause (vii) as clause (vi); and
7	(B) by amending clause (v) to read as fol-
8	lows:
9	"(v) any natural person who is a
10	member of a class of persons who the
11	Commission, by rule or regulation, deter-
12	mines are unlikely to exercise an appro-
13	priate degree of independence as a result
14	of—
15	"(I) a material business or pro-
16	fessional relationship with such invest-
17	ment adviser or principal underwriter
18	(or affiliated person thereof), or
19	"(II) a close familial relationship
20	with a natural person who is such in-
21	vestment adviser or principal under-
22	writer (or affiliated person thereof),".

1	SEC. 104. AUDIT COMMITTEE REQUIREMENTS FOR INVEST-
2	MENT COMPANIES.
3	(a) Amendments.—Section 32 of the Investment
4	Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–31) is amended—
5	(1) in subsection (a)—
6	(A) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and
7	inserting the following:
8	"(1) such accountant shall have been selected
9	at a meeting held within 30 days before or after the
10	beginning of the fiscal year or before the annual
11	meeting of stockholders in that year by the vote,
12	cast in person, of a majority of the members of the
13	audit committee of such registered company;
14	"(2) such selection shall have been submitted
15	for ratification or rejection at the next succeeding
16	annual meeting of stockholders if such meeting be
17	held, except that any vacancy occurring between an-
18	nual meetings, due to the death or resignation of the
19	accountant, may be filled by the vote of a majority
20	of the members of the audit committee of such reg-
21	istered company, cast in person at a meeting called
22	for the purpose of voting on such action;"; and
23	(B) by adding at the end the following new
24	sentence: "The Commission, by rule, regulation,
25	or order, may exempt a registered management
26	company or registered face-amount certificate

company subject to this subsection from the requirement in paragraph (1) that the votes by
the members of the audit committee be cast at
a meeting in person when such a requirement
is impracticable, subject to such conditions as
the Commission may require."; and

(2) by adding at the end the following new subsection:

"(d) Audit Committee Requirements.—

"(1) REQUIREMENTS AS PREREQUISITE TO FIL-ING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.—Any registered management company or registered face-amount certificate company that files with the Commission any financial statement signed or certified by an independent public accountant shall comply with the requirements of paragraphs (2) through (6) of this subsection and any rule or regulation of the Commission issued thereunder.

"(2) RESPONSIBILITY RELATING TO INDE-PENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS.—The audit committee of the registered company, in its capacity as a committee of the board of directors, shall be directly responsible for the appointment, compensation, and oversight of the work of any independent public accountant employed by such registered com-

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

pany (including resolution of disagreements between management and the auditor regarding financial reporting) for the purpose of preparing or issuing the audit report or related work, and each such independent public accountant shall report directly to the audit committee.

"(3) Independence.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each member of the audit committee of the registered company shall be a member of the board of directors of the company, and shall otherwise be independent.

"(B) CRITERIA.—In order to be considered to be independent for purposes of this paragraph, a member of an audit committee of a registered company may not, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the audit committee, the board of directors, or any other board committee—

"(i) accept any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee from the registered company or the investment adviser or principal underwriter of the registered company; or

1	"(ii) be an 'interested person' of the
2	registered company, as such term is de-
3	fined in section $2(a)(19)$.
4	"(4) Complaints.—The audit committee of the
5	registered company shall establish procedures for—
6	"(A) the receipt, retention, and treatment
7	of complaints received by the registered com-
8	pany regarding accounting, internal accounting
9	controls, or auditing matters; and
10	"(B) the confidential, anonymous submis-
11	sion by employees of the registered company
12	and its investment adviser or principal under-
13	writer of concerns regarding questionable ac-
14	counting or auditing matters.
15	"(5) Authority to engage advisers.—The
16	audit committee of the registered company shall
17	have the authority to engage independent counsel
18	and other advisers, as it determines necessary to
19	carry out its duties.
20	"(6) Funding.—The registered company shall
21	provide appropriate funding, as determined by the
22	audit committee, in its capacity as a committee of
23	the board of directors, for payment of compensa-
24	tion—

1	"(A) to the independent public accountant
2	employed by the registered company for the
3	purpose of rendering or issuing the audit re-
4	port; and
5	"(B) to any advisers employed by the audit
6	committee under paragraph (5).
7	"(7) Audit committee.—For purposes of this
8	subsection, the term 'audit committee' means—
9	"(A) a committee (or equivalent body) es-
10	tablished by and amongst the board of directors
11	of a registered investment company for the pur-
12	pose of overseeing the accounting and financial
13	reporting processes of the company and audits
14	of the financial statements of the company; and
15	"(B) if no such committee exists with re-
16	spect to a registered investment company, the
17	entire board of directors of the company.".
18	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 10A(m) of
19	the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is amended by add-
20	ing at the end the following new paragraph:
21	"(7) Exemption for investment compa-
22	NIES.—Effective one year after the date of enact-
23	ment of the Mutual Funds Integrity and Fee Trans-
24	parency Act of 2003, for purposes of this subsection,
25	the term 'issuer' shall not include any investment

1 company that is registered under section 8 of the In-2 vestment Company Act of 1940.". 3 (c) Implementation.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall issue final regulations to carry out section 32(d) of the Investment Company Act 6 of 1940, as added by subsection (a) of this section. 8 SEC. 105. TRADING RESTRICTIONS. 9 Subsection (e) of section 22 of the Investment Com-10 pany Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-22(e)) is amended to 11 read as follows: 12 "(e) Trading Restrictions.— 13 "(1) Prohibition and exceptions.—No reg-14 istered investment company shall suspend the right 15 of redemption, or postpone the date of payment or 16 satisfaction upon redemption of any redeemable se-17 curity in accordance with its terms for more than 18 seven days after the tender of such security to the 19 company or its agents designated for that purpose 20 for redemption, except— "(A) for any period (i) during which the 21 22 principal market for the securities in which the 23 company invests is closed, other than customary 24 week-end and holiday closings; or (ii) during

which trading on such exchange is restricted;

1	"(B) for any period during which an emer-
2	gency exists as a result of which (i) disposal by
3	the company of securities owned by it is not
4	reasonably practicable; or (ii) it is not reason-
5	ably practicable for such company fairly to de-
6	termine the value of its net assets; or
7	"(C) for such other periods as the Com-
8	mission may by order permit for the protection
9	of security holders of the company.
10	"(2) Commission Rules.—The Commission
11	shall by rules and regulations—
12	"(A) determine the conditions under which
13	trading shall be deemed to be restricted;
14	"(B) determine the conditions under which
15	an emergency shall be deemed to exist; and
16	"(C) provide for the determination by each
17	company, subject to such limitations as the
18	Commission shall determine are necessary and
19	appropriate for the protection of investors, of
20	the principal market for the securities in which
21	the company invests.".
22	SEC. 106. DEFINITION OF NO-LOAD MUTUAL FUND.
23	Within 270 days after the date of enactment of this
24	Act. the Securities and Exchange Commission shall by

- 1 rule adopted by the Commission or a self-regulatory orga2 nization (or both)—
 3 (1) clarify the definition of "no-load" as such
- term is used by investment companies that impose any fee under a plan adopted pursuant to rule 12b1 of the Commission's rules (17 C.F.R. 270.12b-1);
- 7 and
- 8 (2) require disclosure to prevent investors from 9 being misled by the use of such terminology by the 10 company or its adviser or principal underwriter.
- 11 SEC. 107. INFORMING DIRECTORS OF SIGNIFICANT DEFI-
- 12 CIENCIES.
- 13 Section 42 of the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 14 (15 U.S.C. 80a-41) is amended by adding at the end the
- 15 following new subsection:
- 16 "(f) Informing Directors of Significant Defi-
- 17 CIENCIES.—If the report of an inspection by the Commis-
- 18 sion of a registered investment company identifies signifi-
- 19 cant deficiencies in the operations of such company, or of
- 20 its investment adviser or principal underwriter, the com-
- 21 pany shall provide such report to the directors of such
- 22 company.".

1 SEC. 108. EXEMPTION FROM IN PERSON MEETING RE-

- 2 QUIREMENTS.
- 3 Section 15(c) of the of the Investment Company Act
- 4 of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-15(c)) is amended by adding at
- 5 the end the following new sentence: "The Commission, by
- 6 rule, regulation, or order, may exempt a registered invest-
- 7 ment company subject to this subsection from the require-
- 8 ment that the votes of its directors be cast at a meeting
- 9 in person when such a requirement is impracticable, sub-
- 10 ject to such conditions as the Commission may require.".
- 11 SEC. 109. PROXY VOTING DISCLOSURE.
- 12 Section 30 of the Investment Company Act of 1940
- 13 (15 U.S.C. 80a-29) is amended by adding at the end the
- 14 following new subsection:
- 15 "(k) Proxy Voting Disclosure.—Every registered
- 16 management investment company, other than a small
- 17 business investment company, shall file with the Commis-
- 18 sion not later than August 31 of each year an annual re-
- 19 port, on a form prescribed by the Commission by rule, con-
- 20 taining the registrant's proxy voting record for the most
- 21 recent twelve-month period ending on June 30. The finan-
- 22 cial statements of every such company shall state that in-
- 23 formation regarding how the company voted proxies relat-
- 24 ing to portfolio securities during the most recent 12-month
- 25 period ending on June 30 is available—

1	"(1) without charge, upon request, by calling a
2	specified toll-free (or collect) telephone number; or
3	on or through the company's website at a specified
4	Internet address; or both; and
5	"(2) on the Commission's website.".
6	SEC. 110. INCENTIVE COMPENSATION AND MUTUAL FUND
7	SALES.
8	(a) Commission Rule Required.—Within 270
9	days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Commis-
10	sion shall by rule prohibit, as a means reasonably designed
11	to prevent fraudulent, deceptive, or manipulative acts and
12	practices, the sale of the securities of an investment com-
13	pany or of municipal fund securities by a broker or dealer
14	or by a municipal securities broker or dealer without the
15	disclosure of—
16	(1) the amount and source of sales fees, pay-
17	ments by persons other than the investment com-
18	pany that are intended to facilitate the sale and dis-
19	tribution of the securities, and commissions for ef-
20	fecting portfolio securities transactions, or other
21	payments, paid to such broker or dealer, or munic-
22	ipal securities broker or dealer, or associated person
23	thereof in connection with such sale;

	20
1	(2) any commission or other fees or charges the
2	investor has paid or will or might be subject to, in-
3	cluding as a result of purchases or redemptions;
4	(3) any conflicts of interest that any associated
5	person of the investor's broker or dealer or munic-
6	ipal securities broker or dealer may face due to the
7	receipt of differential compensation in connection
8	with such sale; and
9	(4) information about the estimated amount of
10	any asset-based distribution expenses incurred, or to
11	be incurred, by the investment company in connec-
12	tion with the investor's purchase of the securities.
13	(b) Benchmarks.—In connection with the rule re-
14	quired by subsection (a), the Commission shall, to the ex-
15	tent practical, establish standards for such disclosures.
16	(c) Definitions.—
17	(1) Differential compensation.—For pur-
18	poses of this section, an associated person of a
19	broker or dealer shall be considered to receive dif-
20	ferential compensation if such person receives any
21	increased or additional remuneration, in whatever
22	form—
23	(A) for sales of the securities of an invest-
24	ment company or municipal fund security that

is affiliated with, or otherwise specifically des-

ignated by, such broker or dealer or municipal securities broker or dealer, as compared with the remuneration for sales of securities of an investment company or municipal fund security offered by such broker or dealer or municipal securities broker or dealer that are not so affiliated or designated; or

- (B) for the sale of any class of securities of an investment company or municipal fund security as compared with the remuneration for the sale of a class of securities of such investment company or municipal fund security (offered by such broker or dealer or municipal securities broker or dealer) that charges a sales load (as defined in section 2(a)(35) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–2(a)(35)) only at the time of such a sale.
- (2) MUNICIPAL FUND SECURITY.—For purposes of this section, a municipal fund security is any municipal security issued by an issuer that, but for the application of section 2(b) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–2(b)), would constitute an investment company within the meaning of section 3 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a–3).

1	SEC. 111. COMMISSION STUDY AND REPORT REGULATING
2	SOFT DOLLAR ARRANGEMENTS.
3	(a) Study Required.—
4	(1) In general.—The Commission shall con-
5	duct a study of the use of soft dollar arrangements
6	by investment advisers as contemplated by section
7	28(e) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15
8	U.S.C. 78bb(e)).
9	(2) Areas of consideration.—The study re-
10	quired by this section shall examine—
11	(A) the trends in the average amounts of
12	soft dollar commissions paid by investment ad-
13	visers and investment companies in the past 3
14	years;
15	(B) the types of services provided through
16	soft dollar arrangements;
17	(C) the benefits and disadvantages of the
18	use of soft dollars for investors, including the
19	extent to which use of soft dollar arrangements
20	affects the ability of mutual fund investors to
21	evaluate and compare the expenses of different
22	mutual funds;
23	(D) the potential or actual conflicts of in-
24	terest (or both potential and actual conflicts)
25	created by soft dollar arrangements, including
26	whether certain potential conflicts are being

2

3

4

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

managed effectively by other laws and regulations specifically addressing those situations, the role of the board of directors in managing these potential or actual (or both) conflicts, and the effectiveness of the board in this capacity;

- (E) the transparency of such soft dollar arrangements to investment company share-holders and investment advisory clients of investment advisers, the extent to which enhanced disclosure is necessary or appropriate to enable investors to better understand the impact of these arrangements, and an assessment of whether the cost of any enhanced disclosure or other regulatory change would result in benefits to the investor; and
- (F) whether such section 28(e) should be modified, and whether other regulatory or legislative changes should be considered and adopted to benefit investors.
- 20 (b) REPORT REQUIRED.—The Commission shall sub-21 mit a report on the study required by subsection (a) to 22 the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-23 resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and 24 Urban Affairs of the Senate, no later than one year after 25 the date of enactment of this Act.

SEC. 112. STUDY OF ARBITRATION CLAIMS.

2 (a) Study Required.—The Securities and	$-\mathbf{E}\mathbf{x}$	X-
--	-------------------------	----

- 3 change Commission shall conduct a study of the increased
- 4 rate of arbitration claims and decisions involving mutual
- 5 funds since 1995 for the purposes of identifying trends
- 6 in arbitration claim rates and, if applicable, the causes of
- 7 such increased rates and the means to avert such causes.
- 8 (b) Report.—The Securities and Exchange Commis-
- 9 sion shall submit a report on the study required by sub-
- 10 section (a) to the Committee on Financial Services of the
- 11 House of Representatives and the Committee on Banking,
- 12 Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate not later than
- 13 one year after the date of enactment of this Act.

14 TITLE II—PREVENTION OF ABU-

- 15 SIVE MUTUAL FUND PRAC-
- 16 TICES
- 17 SEC. 201. PREVENTION OF FRAUD; INTERNAL COMPLIANCE
- 18 AND CONTROL PROCEDURES.
- 19 (a) AMENDMENT.—Subsection (j) of section 17 of the
- 20 Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-17(j))
- 21 is amended to read as follows:
- 22 "(j) Detection and Prevention of Fraud.—
- "(1) Commission rules to prohibit fraud,
- 24 DECEPTION, AND MANIPULATION.—It shall be un-
- 25 lawful for any affiliated person of or principal under-
- writer for a registered investment company or any

affiliated person of an investment adviser of or principal underwriter for a registered investment company, to engage in any act, practice, or course of business in connection with the purchase or sale, directly or indirectly, by such person of any security held or to be acquired by such registered investment company, or any security issued by such registered investment company or by an affiliated registered investment company, in contravention of such rules and regulations as the Commission may adopt to define, and prescribe means reasonably necessary to prevent, such acts, practices, or courses of business as are fraudulent, deceptive or manipulative.

"(2) Codes of ethics.—Such rules and regulations shall include requirements for the adoption of codes of ethics by registered investment companies and investment advisers of, and principal underwriters for, such investment companies establishing such standards as are reasonably necessary to prevent such acts, practices, or courses of business. Such rules and regulations shall require each such registered investment company to disclose such codes of ethics (and any changes therein) in the periodic report to shareholders of such company, and to disclose such code of ethics and any waivers and

material violations thereof on a readily accessible electronic public information facility of such company and in such additional form and manner as the Commission shall require by rule or regulation.

"(3) Additional compliance procedures.— Such rules and regulations shall—

"(A) require each investment company and investment adviser registered with the Commission to adopt and implement policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the Securities Act of 1933 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.), the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78a et seq.), the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (15 U.S.C. 7201 et seg.), the Trust Indenture Act of 1939 (15 U.S.C. 77aaa et seq.), the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-1 et seq.), the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80b et seq.), the Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970 (15 U.S.C. 78aaa et seq.), subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508 (12 U.S.C. 1951 et seq.), or section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12 U.S.C. 1829b);

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

1	"(B) require each such company and ad-
2	viser to review such policies and procedures an-
3	nually for their adequacy and the effectiveness
4	of their implementation;
5	"(C) require each such company to appoint
6	a chief compliance officer to be responsible for
7	overseeing such policies and procedures—
8	"(i) whose compensation shall be ap-
9	proved by the members of the board of di-
10	rectors of the company who are not inter-
11	ested persons of such company;
12	"(ii) who shall report directly to the
13	members of the board of directors of the
14	company who are not interested persons of
15	such company, privately as such members
16	request, but no less frequently than annu-
17	ally; and
18	"(iii) whose report to such members
19	shall include any violations or waivers of,
20	and any other significant issues arising
21	under, such policies and procedures; and
22	"(D) require each such company to estab-
23	lish policies and procedures reasonably designed
24	to protect any officer, director, employee, con-
25	tractor, subcontractor, or agent of such com-

pany from retaliation, including discharge, demotion, suspension, harassment, or any other manner of discrimination in the terms and conditions of employment, because of any lawful act done by such officer, director, employee, contractor, subcontractor, or agent to provide information, cause information to be provided, or otherwise assist in an investigation that relates to any conduct which such officer, director, employee, contractor, subcontractor, or agent reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the securities laws or the code of ethics of such investment company.

"(4) Self-certification.—Such rules and regulations shall require the members of the board of directors who are not interested persons of each registered open-end investment company to certify, in the periodic report to shareholders, or other appropriate disclosure document, that—

"(A) procedures are in place for verifying that the determination of current net asset value of any redeemable security issued by the company used in computing periodically the current price for the purpose of purchase, redemption, and sale complies with the require-

1	ments of the Investment Company Act of 1940
2	and the rules and regulations thereunder, and
3	the company is in compliance with such proce-
4	dures;
5	"(B) procedures are in place for the over-
6	sight of the flow of funds into and out of the
7	securities of the company, and the company is
8	in compliance with such procedures;
9	"(C) procedures are in place to ensure that
10	investors are receiving any applicable discounts
11	on front-end sales loads that are disclosed in
12	the company's prospectus;
13	"(D) procedures are in place to ensure
14	that, if the company's shares are offered as dif-
15	ferent classes of shares, such classes are de-
16	signed in the interests of investors, and could
17	reasonably be an appropriate investment option
18	for an investor;
19	"(E) procedures are in place to ensure that
20	information about the company's portfolio secu-
21	rities is not disclosed in violation of the securi-
22	ties laws or the company's code of ethics;
23	"(F) the members of the board of directors
24	who are not interested persons of the company
25	have reviewed and approved the compensation

1	of the company's portfolio manager in connec-
2	tion with their consideration of the investment
3	advisory contract under section 15(e);
4	"(G) the company has established and en-
5	forces a code of ethics as required by paragraph
6	(2) of this subsection; and
7	"(H) the company is in compliance with
8	the additional requirements of paragraph (3) of
9	this subsection.".
10	(b) DEADLINE FOR RULES.—The Securities and Ex-
11	change Commission shall prescribe rules to implement the
12	amendment made by subsection (a) of this section within
13	90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
14	SEC. 202. BAN ON JOINT MANAGEMENT OF MUTUAL FUNDS
14 15	SEC. 202. BAN ON JOINT MANAGEMENT OF MUTUAL FUNDS
15	AND HEDGE FUNDS.
15 16 17	AND HEDGE FUNDS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 15 of the Investment
15 16 17	AND HEDGE FUNDS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-15) is further
15 16 17 18	AND HEDGE FUNDS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-15) is further amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
15 16 17 18	AND HEDGE FUNDS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-15) is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection:
115 116 117 118 119 220	AND HEDGE FUNDS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-15) is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(h) BAN ON JOINT MANAGEMENT OF MUTUAL
115 116 117 118 119 220 221	AND HEDGE FUNDS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-15) is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(h) BAN ON JOINT MANAGEMENT OF MUTUAL FUNDS AND HEDGE FUNDS.—
115 116 117 118 119 220 221 222	AND HEDGE FUNDS. (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 15 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-15) is further amended by adding at the end the following new subsection: "(h) BAN ON JOINT MANAGEMENT OF MUTUAL FUNDS AND HEDGE FUNDS.— "(1) PROHIBITION OF JOINT MANAGEMENT.—It

- dividual also serves or acts as the portfolio manager or investment adviser of an investment company that is not registered or of such other categories of companies as the Commission shall prescribe by rule in order to prohibit conflicts of interest, such as conflicts in the selection of the portfolio securities.
 - "(2) EXCEPTIONS.—Notwithstanding paragraph (1), the Commission may, by rule, regulation, or order, permit joint management by a portfolio manager in exceptional circumstances when necessary to protect the interest of investors, provided that such rule, regulation, or order requires—
 - "(A) enhanced disclosure by the registered open-end investment company to investors of any conflicts of interest raised by such joint management; and
 - "(B) fair and equitable policies and procedures for the allocation of securities to the portfolios of the jointly managed companies, and certification by the members of the board of directors who are not interested persons of such registered open-end investment company, in the periodic report to shareholders, or other appropriate disclosure document, that such policies

- and procedures of such company are fair andequitable.
- "(3) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-3 section, the term 'portfolio manager' means the individual or individuals who are designated as respon-6 sible for decision-making in connection with the se-7 curities purchased and sold on behalf of a registered 8 open-end investment company, but shall not include 9 individuals who participate only in making research 10 recommendations or executing transactions on behalf 11 of such company.".
- 12 (b) Deadline for Rules.—The Securities and Ex-
- 13 change Commission shall prescribe rules to implement the
- 14 amendment made by subsection (a) of this section within
- 15 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 16 SEC. 203. SHORT TERM TRADING BY INTERESTED PERSONS
- 17 **PROHIBITED.**
- 18 (a) Short Term Trading Prohibited.—Section
- 19 17 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C.
- 20 80a-17) is further amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 21 lowing new subsection:
- 22 "(k) Short Term Trading Prohibited.—It shall
- 23 be unlawful for any officer, director, partner, or employee
- 24 of a registered investment company, any affiliated person,
- 25 investment adviser, or principal underwriter of such com-

- 1 pany, or any officer, director, partner, or employee of such
- 2 an affiliated person, investment adviser, or principal un-
- 3 derwriter, to engage in short-term transactions, as such
- 4 term is defined by the Commission by rule, in any securi-
- 5 ties of which such company, or any affiliate of such com-
- 6 pany, is the issuer, except that this subsection shall not
- 7 prohibit transactions in money market funds, other funds
- 8 the investment policy of which expressly permits short-
- 9 term transactions, or such other categories of registered
- 10 investment companies as the Commission shall specify by
- 11 rule.".
- 12 (b) Increased Redemption Fees Permitted for
- 13 Short Term Trading.—Within 90 days after the date
- 14 of enactment of this Act, the Securities and Exchange
- 15 Commission shall revise rule 11a-3 of its rules under the
- 16 Investment Company Act of 1940 (17 CFR 270.11a-30),
- 17 or other rules of the Commission, as necessary to permit
- 18 an investment company to charge redemption fees in ex-
- 19 cess of 2 percent upon the redemption of any securities
- 20 of such company that are redeemed within such period
- 21 after their purchase as the Commission specifies in such
- 22 rule to prevent short term trading that is unfair to the
- 23 shareholders of such company.
- (c) DEADLINE FOR RULES.—The Securities and Ex-
- 25 change Commission shall prescribe rules to implement the

- 1 amendment made by subsection (a) of this section within
- 2 90 days after the date of enactment of this Act.

3 SEC. 204. ELIMINATION OF STALE PRICES.

- 4 Within 90 days after the date of enactment of this
- 5 Act, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall pre-
- 6 scribe, by rule or regulation, standards concerning the ob-
- 7 ligation of registered open-end investment companies
- 8 under the Investment Company Act of 1940 to apply and
- 9 use fair value methods of determination of net asset value
- 10 when market quotations are unavailable or do not accu-
- 11 rately reflect the fair market value of the companies' port-
- 12 folio securities, in order to prevent dilution of the interests
- 13 of long-term investors or as necessary in the other inter-
- 14 ests of investors. Such rule or regulation shall identify,
- 15 in addition to significant events, the conditions or cir-
- 16 cumstances from which such obligation will arise, such as
- 17 the need to value securities traded on foreign exchanges,
- 18 and the methods by which fair value methods shall be ap-
- 19 plied in such events, conditions, and circumstances.

20 SEC. 205. PREVENTION OF UNFAIR AFTER-HOURS TRADING.

- 21 (a) Additional Rules Required.—Within 90 days
- 22 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Securities and
- 23 Exchange Commission shall issue rules to prevent trans-
- 24 actions in the securities of any registered open-end invest-
- 25 ment company in violation of section 22 of the Investment

- 1 Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. 80a-22), including
- 2 after-hours trades that are executed at a price based on
- 3 a net asset value that was determined as of a time prior
- 4 to the actual execution of the transaction.
- 5 (b) Trades Collected by Intermediaries.—
- 6 Such rules shall permit execution of such after-hours
- 7 trades that are provided to the registered open-end invest-
- 8 ment company by a broker-dealer, retirement plan admin-
- 9 istrator, or other intermediary, after the time as of which
- 10 such net asset value was determined, if such trades are
- 11 collected by such intermediaries subject to procedures that
- 12 are—
- 13 (1) designed to prevent the acceptance of trades
- by such intermediaries after the time as of which net
- asset value was determined; and
- 16 (2) subject to an independent annual audit to
- verify that the procedures do not permit the accept-
- ance of trades after the time as of which such net
- asset value was determined.
- 20 (c) Independently Maintained Systems.—Such
- 21 rules shall permit firms that utilize computer systems and
- 22 procedures provided by unaffiliated entities to collect
- 23 transactions to satisfy the independent audit requirements
- 24 under subsection (b)(2) by means of an independent audit
- 25 obtained by such unaffiliated entity.

1 SEC. 206. REPORT ON ADEQUACY OF REMEDIAL ACTIONS.

2	(a) Report Required.—Within 180 days of enact-
3	ment, the Securities and Exchange Commission shall sub-
4	mit a report to the Committee on Financial Services of
5	the House of Representatives and the Committee on
6	Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs of the Senate on
7	market timing and late trading of mutual funds.
8	(b) REQUIRED CONTENTS OF REPORT.—The report
9	required by this section shall include the following:
10	(1) The economic harm of market timing and
11	late trading of mutual fund shares on long-term mu-
12	tual fund shareholders.
13	(2) The findings by the Commission's Office of
14	Compliance, Inspections and Examinations, and the
15	actions taken by the Commission's Division of En-
16	forcement, regarding—
17	(A) illegal late trading practices;
18	(B) illegal market timing practices; and
19	(C) market timing practices that are not in
20	violation of prospectus disclosures.
21	(3) When the Commission became aware that
22	the use of market timing practices was harming
23	long-term shareholders, and the circumstances sur-
24	rounding the Commission's discovery of that activity.

1	(4) The steps the Commission has taken since
2	becoming aware of market timing practices to pro-
3	tect long-term mutual fund investors.
4	(5) Any additional legislative or regulatory ac-
5	tion that is necessary to protect long-term mutual
6	fund shareholders against the detrimental effects of
7	late trading and market timing practices.
	Passed the House of Representatives November 19,
	2003.
	Attest: JEFF TRANDAHL,
	Clerk.