H. R. 2200

To require Federal agencies to develop and implement policies and practices that promote environmental justice, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 21, 2003

Mr. Udall of Colorado (for himself and Ms. Solis) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To require Federal agencies to develop and implement policies and practices that promote environmental justice, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; PURPOSES.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Environmental Justice Act of 2003".
- 6 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

1	(1) to focus Federal agency attention on the en-
2	vironmental and human health conditions in minor-
3	ity, low-income, and Native American communities;
4	(2) to ensure that all Federal agencies develop
5	practices that promote environmental justice;
6	(3) to increase cooperation and coordination
7	among Federal agencies as they seek to achieve envi-
8	ronmental justice;
9	(4) to provide minority, low-income, and Native
10	American communities greater access to public in-
11	formation and opportunity for participation in deci-
12	sionmaking affecting human health and the environ-
13	ment;
14	(5) to mitigate the inequitable distribution of
15	the burdens and benefits of Federal programs hav-
16	ing significant impact on human health and the en-
17	vironment; and
18	(6) to hold Federal agencies accountable for the
19	effects of their projects and programs on all commu-
20	nities.
21	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
22	For purposes of this Act:
23	(1) Environmental justice.—(A) The term

people of all races, cultures, and socioeconomic

1	groups with respect to the development, adoption,
2	implementation, and enforcement of laws, regula-
3	tions, and policies affecting the environment.
4	(B) The term "fair treatment" means policies

- (B) The term "fair treatment" means policies and practices that will minimize the likelihood that a minority, low-income, or Native American community will bear a disproportionate share of the adverse environmental consequences, or be denied reasonable access to the environmental benefits, resulting from implementation of a Federal program or policy.
- (2) Federal agency.—The term "Federal agency" means—
 - (A) each Federal entity represented on the Working Group;
 - (B) any other entity that conducts any Federal program or activity that substantially affects human health or the environment; and
 - (C) each Federal agency that implements any program, policy, or activity applicable to Native Americans.
- (3) WORKING GROUP.—The term "Working Group" means the interagency working group established by section 4.

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1	(4) Advisory committee.—The term "the Ad-
2	visory Committee" means the advisory committee es-
3	tablished by section 6.
4	SEC. 3. ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE RESPONSIBILITIES OF
5	FEDERAL AGENCIES.
6	(a) Environmental Justice Mission.—To the
7	greatest extent practicable, the head of each Federal agen-
8	cy shall make achieving environmental justice part of its
9	mission by identifying and addressing, as appropriate, dis-
10	proportionately high and adverse human health or envi-
11	ronmental effects of its programs, policies, and activities
12	on minority, low-income, and Native American populations
13	in the United States and its territories and possessions,
14	including the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of
15	Puerto Rico, and the Commonwealth of the Mariana Is-
16	lands.
17	(b) Nondiscrimination.—Each Federal agency
18	shall conduct its programs, policies, and activities in a
19	manner that ensures that such programs, policies, and ac-
20	tivities do not have the effect of excluding any person or
21	group from participation in, denying any person or group
22	the benefits of, or subjecting any person or group to dis-

crimination under, such programs, policies, and activities,

24 because of race, color, national origin, or income.

- 1 (c) Environmental Analyses.—(1) Each analysis
- 2 of environmental effects of Federal actions required by the
- 3 National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
- 4 321 et seq.) shall include analysis of the effects of such
- 5 action on human health and any economic and social ef-
- 6 fects on minority, low-income, and Native American com-
- 7 munities.
- 8 (2) So far as feasible, any environmental assessment,
- 9 environmental impact statement, or record of decision pre-
- 10 pared pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act
- 11 of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 321 et seq.) shall include measures
- 12 to mitigate any significant and adverse environmental ef-
- 13 fects of proposed Federal actions on minority, low-income,
- 14 and Native American communities.
- 15 (3) Each Federal agency shall provide opportunities
- 16 for community input in processes under the National En-
- 17 vironmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 321 et seq.),
- 18 including identifying potential effects and mitigation
- 19 measures in consultation with affected communities and
- 20 improving the accessibility of meetings, crucial documents,
- 21 and notices.
- 22 SEC. 4. INTERAGENCY ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE WORK-
- 23 ING GROUP.
- 24 (a) Creation and Composition.—There is hereby
- 25 established the Interagency Working Group on Environ-

1	mental Justice, comprising the heads of the following exec-
2	utive agencies and offices, or their designees:
3	(1) The Department of Defense.
4	(2) The Department of Health and Human
5	Services.
6	(3) The Department of Housing and Urban De-
7	velopment.
8	(4) The Department of Labor.
9	(5) The Department of Agriculture.
10	(6) The Department of Transportation.
11	(7) The Department of Justice;
12	(8) The Department of the Interior.
13	(9) The Department of Commerce.
14	(10) The Department of Energy.
15	(11) The Environmental Protection Agency.
16	(12) The Office of Management and Budget.
17	(13) The Office of Science and Technology Pol-
18	icy.
19	(14) The Office of the Deputy Assistant to the
20	President for Environmental Policy.
21	(15) The Office of the Assistant to the Presi-
22	dent for Domestic Policy.
23	(16) The National Economic Council.
24	(17) The Council of Economic Advisers.

1 (18) Any other official of the United States 2 that the President may designate.

(b) Functions.—The Working Group shall—

- (1) provide guidance to Federal agencies on criteria for identifying disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority, low-income, and Native American populations;
- (2) coordinate with, provide guidance to, and serve as a clearinghouse for, each Federal agency as it develops or revises an environmental justice strategy as required by this Act, in order to ensure that the administration, interpretation and enforcement of programs, activities, and policies are undertaken in a consistent manner;
- (3) assist in coordinating research by, and stimulating cooperation among, the Environmental Protection Agency, the Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of Housing and Urban Development, and other Federal agencies conducting research or other activities in accordance with section 7;
- (4) assist in coordinating data collection, maintenance, and analysis required by this Act;

1	(5) examine existing data and studies on envi-
2	ronmental justice;
3	(6) hold public meetings and otherwise solicit
4	public participation and consider complaints as re-
5	quired under subsection (c);
6	(7) develop interagency model projects on envi-
7	ronmental justice that evidence cooperation among
8	Federal agencies; and
9	(8) in coordination with the Department of the
10	Interior and after consultation with tribal leaders
11	coordinate steps to be taken pursuant to this Act
12	that affect or involve federally-recognized Indian
13	Tribes.
14	(c) Public Participation.—The Working Group
15	shall—
16	(1) hold public meetings and otherwise solicit
17	public participation, as appropriate, for the purpose
18	of fact-finding with regard to implementation of this
19	Act, and prepare for public review a summary of the
20	comments and recommendations provided; and
21	(2) receive, consider, and in appropriate in-
22	stances conduct inquiries concerning complaints re-
23	garding environmental justice and the implementa-
24	tion of this Act by Federal agencies.

- 1 (d) Annual Reports.—(1) Each fiscal year fol-
- 2 lowing enactment of this Act, the Working Group shall
- 3 submit to the President, through the Office of the Deputy
- 4 Assistant to the President for Environmental Policy and
- 5 the Office of the Assistant to the President for Domestic
- 6 Policy, a report that describes the implementation of this
- 7 Act, including, but not limited to, a report of the final
- 8 environmental justice strategies described in section 6 of
- 9 this Act and annual progress made in implementing those
- 10 strategies.
- 11 (2) The President shall transmit to the Speaker of
- 12 the House of Representatives and the President of the
- 13 Senate a copy of each report submitted to the President
- 14 pursuant to paragraph (1).
- 15 (e) Conforming Change.—The Interagency Work-
- 16 ing Group on Environmental Justice established under
- 17 Executive Order No. 12898, dated February 11, 1994, is
- 18 abolished.

19 SEC. 5. FEDERAL AGENCY STRATEGIES.

- 20 (a) AGENCY-WIDE STRATEGIES.—Each Federal
- 21 agency shall develop an agency-wide environmental justice
- 22 strategy that identifies and addresses disproportionally
- 23 high and adverse human health or environmental effects
- 24 or disproportionally low benefits of its programs, policies,

- 1 and activities with respect to minority, low-income, and
- 2 Native American populations.
- 3 (b) Revisions.—Each strategy developed pursuant
- 4 to subsection (a) shall identify programs, policies, plan-
- 5 ning, and public participation processes, rulemaking, and
- 6 enforcement activities related to human health or the envi-
- 7 ronment that should be revised to—
- 8 (1) promote enforcement of all health and envi-9 ronmental statutes in areas with minority, low-in-10 come, or Native American populations;
 - (2) ensure greater public participation;
- 12 (3) improve research and data collection relat-13 ing to the health of and environment of minority,
- low-income, and Native American populations; and
- 15 (4) identify differential patterns of use of nat-16 ural resources among minority, low-income, and Na-
- tive American populations.
- 18 (c) Timetables.—Each strategy developed pursuant
- 19 to subsection (a) shall include, where appropriate, a time-
- 20 table for undertaking revisions identified pursuant to sub-
- 21 section (b).

1	SEC. 6. FEDERAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE ADVISORY
2	COMMITTEE.
3	(a) Establishment.—There is established a com-
4	mittee to be known as the "Federal Environmental Justice
5	Advisory Committee".
6	(b) Duties.—The Advisory Committee shall provide
7	independent advice and recommendations to the Environ-
8	mental Protection Agency and the Working Group on
9	areas relating to environmental justice, which may include
10	any of the following:
11	(1) Advice on Federal agencies' framework de-
12	velopment for integrating socioeconomic programs
13	into strategic planning, annual planning, and man-
14	agement accountability for achieving environmental
15	justice results agency-wide.
16	(2) Advice on measuring and evaluating agen-
17	cies' progress, quality, and adequacy in planning, de-
18	veloping, and implementing environmental justice
19	strategies, projects, and programs.
20	(3) Advice on agencies' existing and future in-
21	formation management systems, technologies, and
22	data collection, and the conduct of analyses that
23	support and strengthen environmental justice pro-
24	grams in administrative and scientific areas.
25	(4) Advice to help develop, facilitate, and con-

duct reviews of the direction, criteria, scope, and

- adequacy of the Federal agencies' scientific research and demonstration projects relating to environmental justice.
- (5) Advice for improving how the environmental protection agency and others participate, cooperate, and communicate within that agency and between other Federal agencies, State or local governments, federally recognized Tribes, environmental justice leaders, interest groups, and the public.
 - (6) Advice regarding the Environmental Protection Agency's administration of grant programs relating to environmental justice assistance (not to include the review or recommendations of individual grant proposals or awards).
- 15 (7) Advice regarding agencies' awareness, edu-16 cation, training, and other outreach activities involv-17 ing environmental justice.
- 18 (c) ADVISORY COMMITTEE.—The Advisory Com-19 mittee shall be considered an advisory committee within 20 the meaning of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 21 U.S.C. App.).
- (d) Membership.—The Advisory Committee shall be
 composed of at least 25 members appointed by the Presi dent. Members shall include representatives of—
- 25 (1) community-based groups;

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1	(2) industry and business;
2	(3) academic and educational institutions;
3	(4) State and local governments, federally rec-
4	ognized tribes, and indigenous groups; and
5	(5) nongovernmental and environmental groups.
6	(e) Meetings.—The Advisory Committee shall meet
7	at least twice annually. Meetings shall occur as needed and
8	approved by the Director of the Office of Environmental
9	Justice of the Environmental Protection Agency, who shall
10	serve as the officer required to be appointed under section
11	10(e) of the Federal Advisory Committee Act (5 U.S.C.
12	App.) with respect to the Committee (in this subsection
13	referred to as the "Designated Federal Officer"). The Ad-
14	ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency may
15	pay travel and per diem expenses of members of the Advi-
16	sory Committee when determined necessary and appro-
17	priate. The Designated Federal Officer or a designee of
18	such Officer shall be present at all meetings, and each
19	meeting will be conducted in accordance with an agenda
20	approved in advance by such Officer. The Designated Fed-
21	eral Officer may adjourn any meeting when the Des-
22	ignated Federal Officer determines it is in the public inter-
23	est to do so. As required by the Federal Advisory Com-
24	mittee Act, meetings of the Advisory Committee shall be
25	open to the public unless the President determines that

- 1 a meeting or a portion of a meeting may be closed to the
- 2 public in accordance with subsection (c) of section 552b
- 3 of title 5, United States Code. Unless a meeting or portion
- 4 thereof is closed to the public, the Designated Federal Of-
- 5 ficer shall provide an opportunity for interested persons
- 6 to file comments before or after such meeting or to make
- 7 statements to the extent that time permits.
- 8 (f) Duration.—The Advisory Committee shall re-
- 9 main in existence until otherwise provided by law.
- 10 SEC. 7. HUMAN HEALTH AND ENVIRONMENTAL RESEARCH,
- 11 DATA COLLECTION AND ANALYSIS.
- 12 (a) DISPROPORTIONATE IMPACT.—To the extent per-
- 13 mitted by other applicable law, including section 552a of
- 14 title 5, United States Code, popularly known as the Pri-
- 15 vacy Act of 1974, the Administrator of the Environmental
- 16 Protection Agency, or the head of such other Federal
- 17 agency as the President may direct, shall collect, maintain,
- 18 and analyze information assessing and comparing environ-
- 19 mental and human health risks borne by populations iden-
- 20 tified by race, national origin, or income. To the extent
- 21 practical and appropriate, Federal agencies shall use this
- 22 information to determine whether their programs, policies,
- 23 and activities have disproportionally high and adverse
- 24 human health or environmental effects on, or

- 1 disproportionally low benefits for, minority, low-income,
- 2 and Native American populations.
- 3 (b) Information Related to Non-Federal Fa-
- 4 CILITIES.—In connection with the development and imple-
- 5 mentation of agency strategies in section 4, the Adminis-
- 6 trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, or the
- 7 head of such other Federal agency as the President may
- 8 direct, shall collect, maintain, and analyze information on
- 9 the race, national origin, and income level, and other read-
- 10 ily accessible and appropriate information, for areas sur-
- 11 rounding facilities or sites expected to have a substantial
- 12 environmental, human health, or economic effect on the
- 13 surrounding populations, if such facilities or sites become
- 14 the subject of a substantial Federal environmental admin-
- 15 istrative or judicial action.
- 16 (c) Impact From Federal Facilities.—The Ad-
- 17 ministrator of the Environmental Protection Agency, or
- 18 the head of such other Federal agency as the President
- 19 may direct, shall collect, maintain, and analyze informa-
- 20 tion on the race, national origin, and income level, and
- 21 other readily accessible and appropriate information, for
- 22 areas surrounding Federal facilities that are—
- 23 (1) subject to the reporting requirements under
- the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-

- 1 Know Act (42 U.S.C. 11001 et seq.) as mandated
- 2 in Executive Order No. 12856; and
- 3 (2) expected to have a substantial environ-
- 4 mental, human health, or economic effect on sur-
- 5 rounding populations.
- 6 (d) Information Sharing.—(1) In carrying out the
- 7 responsibilities in this section, each Federal agency, to the
- 8 extent practicable and appropriate, shall share informa-
- 9 tion and eliminate unnecessary duplication of efforts
- 10 through the use of existing data systems and cooperative
- 11 agreements among Federal agencies and with State, local,
- 12 and tribal governments.
- 13 (2) Except as prohibited by other applicable law, in-
- 14 formation collected or maintained pursuant to this section
- 15 shall be made available to the public.
- 16 (e) Public Comment.—Federal agencies shall pro-
- 17 vide minority, low-income, and Native American popu-
- 18 lations the opportunity to participate in the development,
- 19 design, and conduct of activities undertaken pursuant to
- 20 this section.

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