

107TH CONGRESS
2D SESSION

S. RES. 348

Recognizing Senator Henry Jackson, commemorating the 30th anniversary of the introduction of the Jackson-Vanik Amendment, and reaffirming the commitment of the Senate to combat human rights violations worldwide.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 17, 2002

Mrs. MURRAY submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the
Committee on Foreign Relations

RESOLUTION

Recognizing Senator Henry Jackson, commemorating the 30th anniversary of the introduction of the Jackson-Vanik Amendment, and reaffirming the commitment of the Senate to combat human rights violations worldwide.

Whereas Henry M. Jackson served as the Senator from the State of Washington from January 3, 1953, to September 1, 1983;

Whereas Senator Jackson fought tirelessly, in spite of opposition from the executive branch, to expose human rights violations in the former Soviet Union and to find a way for Soviet Jews to worship freely;

Whereas on October 4, 1972, Senator Jackson first introduced legislation that linked United States trade benefits,

now known as normal trade relations, to the emigration and human rights policies of Communist or formerly Communist countries;

Whereas Senator Jackson, in introducing the legislation, stated “In moving as we are today we are giving birth to a bipartisan coalition for freedom. It is the least we can do.”;

Whereas Senator Jackson expressed the importance of exposing the human rights situation in the former Soviet Union by quoting Russian Nobel laureate Alexander Solzhenitzyn’s statement that “there are no internal affairs left on our crowded earth”;

Whereas Senator Jackson’s legislation became known as the Jackson-Vanik Amendment and was enacted into law on January 3, 1975, as title IV of the Trade Act of 1974;

Whereas by highlighting human rights abuses in the former Soviet Union and other Communist countries, the Jackson-Vanik Amendment helped pave the way toward the end of the Cold War, aided in the activation of United States’ and multilateral mechanisms to promote human rights globally, including the Helsinki Final Act, and reaffirmed the role of Congress in formulating our Nation’s human rights policy;

Whereas the Jackson-Vanik Amendment opened the door for over 1,000,000 Jews to emigrate from the former Soviet Union and its successor states;

Whereas since 1975, over 500,000 refugees from areas of the former Soviet Union, many of them Jews, have been resettled in the United States and over 1,000,000 Soviet Jews have immigrated to Israel;

Whereas former Soviet dissident and current Israeli cabinet minister Natan Sharansky called the Jackson-Vanik Amendment “the turning point not only in the exodus of the Jews but in the ultimate victory of the West over the Soviet Union in the Cold War”;

Whereas Natan Sharansky also hailed the Jackson-Vanik Amendment as a “historical and practical weapon” for Zionists that added to the spiritual weapon of their Jewish heritage;

Whereas on the 20th anniversary of the passing of the Jackson-Vanik Amendment, Ehud Olmert, the Mayor of Jerusalem, stated that Henry Jackson was “a leader, a pacesetter and an inspiration for all, who forced his will on the U.S. leadership and across the world”; and

Whereas October 4, 2002, marks the 30th anniversary of the introduction of the Jackson-Vanik Amendment: Now, therefore, be it

1 *Resolved*, That the Senate—

2 (1) recognizes Senator Henry M. Jackson for
3 the introduction of the Jackson-Vanik Amendment,
4 a historic piece of legislation that paved the way for
5 millions of refugees to flee Communist oppression
6 and hastened the end of the Cold War;

7 (2) commemorates the 30th anniversary of the
8 introduction of the Jackson-Vanik Amendment;

9 (3) reaffirms the commitment of the Senate to
10 combating human rights violations and promoting

1 tolerance and freedom throughout former Com-
2 munist nations and worldwide; and

3 (4) congratulates Mrs. Helen Jackson and the
4 Henry M. Jackson Foundation for continuing Sen-
5 ator Jackson's vision and passion for dialogue, un-
6 derstanding, and human freedom.

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