Calendar No. 42

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 872

To amend the Public Health Service Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 14, 2001

Mr. McCain (for himself, Mr. Edwards, and Mr. Kennedy) introduced the following bill; which was read the first time

May 15, 2001

Read the second time and placed on the calendar

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Bipartisan Patient Protection Act".

1 (b) Table of Contents of

2 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—IMPROVING MANAGED CARE

- Subtitle A—Utilization Review; Claims; and Internal and External Appeals
- Sec. 101. Utilization review activities.
- Sec. 102. Procedures for initial claims for benefits and prior authorization determinations.
- Sec. 103. Internal appeals of claims denials.
- Sec. 104. Independent external appeals procedures.

Subtitle B—Access to Care

- Sec. 111. Consumer choice option.
- Sec. 112. Choice of health care professional.
- Sec. 113. Access to emergency care.
- Sec. 114. Timely access to specialists.
- Sec. 115. Patient access to obstetrical and gynecological care.
- Sec. 116. Access to pediatric care.
- Sec. 117. Continuity of care.
- Sec. 118. Access to needed prescription drugs.
- Sec. 119. Coverage for individuals participating in approved clinical trials.
- Sec. 120. Required coverage for minimum hospital stay for mastectomies and lymph node dissections for the treatment of breast cancer and coverage for secondary consultations.

Subtitle C—Access to Information

Sec. 121. Patient access to information.

Subtitle D—Protecting the Doctor-Patient Relationship

- Sec. 131. Prohibition of interference with certain medical communications.
- Sec. 132. Prohibition of discrimination against providers based on licensure.
- Sec. 133. Prohibition against improper incentive arrangements.
- Sec. 134. Payment of claims.
- Sec. 135. Protection for patient advocacy.

Subtitle E—Definitions

- Sec. 151. Definitions.
- Sec. 152. Preemption; State flexibility; construction.
- Sec. 153. Exclusions.
- Sec. 154. Coverage of limited scope plans.
- Sec. 155. Regulations.
- Sec. 156. Incorporation into plan or coverage documents.

TITLE II—APPLICATION OF QUALITY CARE STANDARDS TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE UNDER THE PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT

Sec. 201. Application to group health plans and group health insurance coverage.

Sec. 202. Application to individual health insurance coverage.

TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974

- Sec. 301. Application of patient protection standards to group health plans and group health insurance coverage under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
- Sec. 302. Availability of civil remedies.
- Sec. 303. Limitations on actions.

TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF \$1986\$

- Sec. 401. Application of requirements to group health plans under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986.
- Sec. 402. Conforming enforcement for women's health and cancer rights.

TITLE V—EFFECTIVE DATES; COORDINATION IN IMPLEMENTATION

- Sec. 501. Effective dates.
- Sec. 502. Coordination in implementation.
- Sec. 503. Severability.

TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 601. No impact on Social Security Trust Fund.
- Sec. 602. Customs user fees.
- Sec. 603. Fiscal year 2002 medicare payments.

1 TITLE I—IMPROVING MANAGED

- \mathbf{CARE}
- 3 Subtitle A—Utilization Review;
- 4 Claims; and Internal and Exter-
- 5 **nal Appeals**
- 6 SEC. 101. UTILIZATION REVIEW ACTIVITIES.
- 7 (a) Compliance With Requirements.—
- 8 (1) In general.—A group health plan, and a
- 9 health insurance issuer that provides health insur-
- ance coverage, shall conduct utilization review activi-
- 11 ties in connection with the provision of benefits
- under such plan or coverage only in accordance with

- 1 a utilization review program that meets the require-2 ments of this section and section 102.
 - (2) USE OF OUTSIDE AGENTS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing a group health plan or health insurance issuer from arranging through a contract or otherwise for persons or entities to conduct utilization review activities on behalf of the plan or issuer, so long as such activities are conducted in accordance with a utilization review program that meets the requirements of this section.
 - (3) Utilization review defined.—For purposes of this section, the terms "utilization review" and "utilization review activities" mean procedures used to monitor or evaluate the use or coverage, clinical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency of health care services, procedures or settings, and includes prospective review, concurrent review, second opinions, case management, discharge planning, or retrospective review.

(b) Written Policies and Criteria.—

- (1) Written Policies.—A utilization review program shall be conducted consistent with written policies and procedures that govern all aspects of the program.
- (2) Use of written criteria.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Such a program shall utilize written clinical review criteria developed with input from a range of appropriate actively practicing health care professionals, as determined by the plan, pursuant to the program. Such criteria shall include written clinical review criteria that are based on valid clinical evidence where available and that are directed specifically at meeting the needs of at-risk populations and covered individuals with chronic conditions or severe illnesses, including genderspecific criteria and pediatric-specific criteria where available and appropriate.
 - (B) Continuing use of standards in Retrospective review.—If a health care service has been specifically pre-authorized or approved for a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under such a program, the program shall not, pursuant to retrospective review, revise or modify the specific standards, criteria, or procedures used for the utilization review for procedures, treatment, and services delivered to the enrollee during the same course of treatment.
 - (C) REVIEW OF SAMPLE OF CLAIMS DENI-ALS.—Such a program shall provide for a peri-

1	odic evaluation of the clinical appropriateness of
2	at least a sample of denials of claims for bene-
3	fits.
4	(c) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—
5	(1) Administration by Health care pro-
6	FESSIONALS.—A utilization review program shall be
7	administered by qualified health care professionals
8	who shall oversee review decisions.
9	(2) Use of qualified, independent per-
10	SONNEL.—
11	(A) IN GENERAL.—A utilization review
12	program shall provide for the conduct of utiliza-
13	tion review activities only through personnel
14	who are qualified and have received appropriate
15	training in the conduct of such activities under
16	the program.
17	(B) Prohibition of contingent com-
18	PENSATION ARRANGEMENTS.—Such a program
19	shall not, with respect to utilization review ac-
20	tivities, permit or provide compensation or any-
21	thing of value to its employees, agents, or con-
22	tractors in a manner that encourages denials of
23	claims for benefits.
24	(C) Prohibition of conflicts.—Such a
25	program shall not permit a health care profes-

- sional who is providing health care services to an individual to perform utilization review activities in connection with the health care services being provided to the individual.
 - (3) Accessibility of Review.—Such a program shall provide that appropriate personnel performing utilization review activities under the program, including the utilization review administrator, are reasonably accessible by toll-free telephone during normal business hours to discuss patient care and allow response to telephone requests, and that appropriate provision is made to receive and respond promptly to calls received during other hours.
 - (4) LIMITS ON FREQUENCY.—Such a program shall not provide for the performance of utilization review activities with respect to a class of services furnished to an individual more frequently than is reasonably required to assess whether the services under review are medically necessary and appropriate.
- 21 SEC. 102. PROCEDURES FOR INITIAL CLAIMS FOR BENE-
- 22 FITS AND PRIOR AUTHORIZATION DETER-
- 23 MINATIONS.
- 24 (a) Procedures of Initial Claims for Bene-
- 25 FITS.—

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- (1) In General.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall—
 - (A) make a determination on an initial claim for benefits by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) regarding payment or coverage for items or services under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage involved, including any cost-sharing amount that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee is required to pay with respect to such claim for benefits; and
 - (B) notify a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional involved regarding a determination on an initial claim for benefits made under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage, including any cost-sharing amounts that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee may be required to make with respect to such claim for benefits, and of the right of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to an internal appeal under section 103.
- 24 (2) Access to information.—

(A) Timely provision of necessary information.—With respect to an initial claim for benefits, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional (if any) shall provide the plan or issuer with access to information requested by the plan or issuer that is necessary to make a determination relating to the claim. Such access shall be provided not later than 5 days after the date on which the request for information is received, or, in a case described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (b)(1), by such earlier time as may be necessary to comply with the applicable timeline under such subparagraph.

(B) LIMITED EFFECT OF FAILURE ON PLAN OR ISSUER'S OBLIGATIONS.—Failure of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A) shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to make a decision in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, based on the available information, and failure to comply with the time limit established by this paragraph shall not remove the

obligation of the plan or issuer to comply with the requirements of this section.

> (3) Oral requests.—In the case of a claim for benefits involving an expedited or concurrent determination, a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) may make an initial claim for benefits orally, but a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may require that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) provide written confirmation of such request in a timely manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. In the case of such an oral request for benefits, the making of the request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated as the making at that time of a claims for such benefits without regard to whether and when a written confirmation of such request is made.

(b) Timeline for Making Determinations.—

(1) Prior authorization determination.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall make a prior authorization determination on a claim for benefits (whether oral or written) in accordance with the medical

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exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 days from the date on which the plan or issuer receives information that is reasonably necessary to enable the plan or issuer to make a determination on the request for prior authorization and in no case later than 28 days after the date of the claim for benefits is received.

(B) Expedited Determination.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall expedite a prior authorization determination on a claim for benefits described in such subparagraph when a request for such an expedited determination is made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) at any time during the process for making a determination and a health care professional certifies, with the request, that a determination under the procedures described in subparagraph (A) would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee or the ability of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to maintain or regain maximum function. Such deter-

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mination shall be made in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 72 hours after the time the request is received by the plan or issuer under this subparagraph.

(C) Ongoing care.—

(i) Concurrent review.—

In General.—Subject to clause (ii), in the case of a concurrent review of ongoing care (including hospitalization), which results in a termination or reduction of such care, the plan or issuer must provide by telephone and in printed form notice of the concurrent review determination to the individual or the individual's designee and the individual's health care provider in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, with sufficient time prior to the termination or reduction to allow for an appeal under section 103(b)(3) to be completed before the termination or reduction takes effect.

1	(II) CONTENTS OF NOTICE.—
2	Such notice shall include, with respect
3	to ongoing health care items and serv-
4	ices, the number of ongoing services
5	approved, the new total of approved
6	services, the date of onset of services,
7	and the next review date, if any, as
8	well as a statement of the individual's
9	rights to further appeal.
10	(ii) Rule of construction.—Clause

- (ii) Rule of construction.—Clause
- (i) shall not be construed as requiring plans or issuers to provide coverage of care that would exceed the coverage limitations for such care.
- (2)RETROSPECTIVE DETERMINATION.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall make a retrospective determination on a claim for benefits in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but not later than 30 days after the date on which the plan or issuer receives information that is reasonably necessary to enable the plan or issuer to make a determination on the claim, or, if earlier, 60 days after the date of receipt of the claim for benefits.

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1	(c) Notice of a Denial of a Claim for Bene-
2	FITS.—Written notice of a denial made under an initial
3	claim for benefits shall be issued to the participant, bene-
4	ficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the
5	treating health care professional in accordance with the
6	medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but
7	in no case later than 2 days after the date of the deter-
8	mination (or, in the case described in subparagraph (B)
9	or (C) of subsection (b)(1), within the 72-hour or applica-
10	ble period referred to in such subparagraph).
11	(d) Requirements of Notice of Determina-
12	TIONS.—The written notice of a denial of a claim for bene-
13	fits determination under subsection (c) shall be provided
14	in printed form and written in a manner calculated to be
15	understood by the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee and
16	shall include—
17	(1) the specific reasons for the determination
18	(including a summary of the clinical or scientific evi-
19	dence used in making the determination);
20	(2) the procedures for obtaining additional in-
21	formation concerning the determination; and
22	(3) notification of the right to appeal the deter-
23	mination and instructions on how to initiate an ap-
24	noel in accordance with coction 102

(e) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of this part:

- (1) AUTHORIZED REPRESENTATIVE.—The term "authorized representative" means, with respect to an individual who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, any health care professional or other person acting on behalf of the individual with the individual's consent or without such consent if the individual is medically unable to provide such consent.
 - (2) CLAIM FOR BENEFITS.—The term "claim for benefits" means any request for coverage (including authorization of coverage), for eligibility, or for payment in whole or in part, for an item or service under a group health plan or health insurance coverage.
 - (3) Denial of claim for benefits.—The term "denial" means, with respect to a claim for benefits, a denial (in whole or in part) of, or a failure to act on a timely basis upon, the claim for benefits and includes a failure to provide benefits (including items and services) required to be provided under this title.
 - (4) Treating health care professional.—
 The term "treating health care professional" means, with respect to services to be provided to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, a health care professional who is primarily responsible for delivering

1 those services to the participant, beneficiary, or en-2 rollee. 3 SEC. 103. INTERNAL APPEALS OF CLAIMS DENIALS. 4 (a) Right to Internal Appeal.— (1) IN GENERAL.—A participant, beneficiary, or 6 enrollee (or authorized representative) may appeal 7 any denial of a claim for benefits under section 102 8 under the procedures described in this section. 9 (2) Time for appeal.— 10 (A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, or 11 health insurance issuer offering health insur-12 ance coverage, shall ensure that a participant, 13 beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized represent-14 ative) has a period of not less than 180 days 15 beginning on the date of a denial of a claim for 16 benefits under section 102 in which to appeal 17 such denial under this section. 18 (B) Date of Denial.—For purposes of 19 subparagraph (A), the date of the denial shall 20 be deemed to be the date as of which the partic-21 ipant, beneficiary, or enrollee knew of the denial 22 of the claim for benefits. 23 (3) Failure to act.—The failure of a plan or

issuer to issue a determination on a claim for bene-

fits under section 102 within the applicable timeline

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established for such a determination under such section is a denial of a claim for benefits for purposes this subtitle as of the date of the applicable deadline.

(4) Plan waiver of internal review.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may waive the internal review process under this section. In such case the plan or issuer shall provide notice to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) involved, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) involved shall be relieved of any obligation to complete the internal review involved, and may, at the option of such participant, beneficiary, enrollee, or representative proceed directly to seek further appeal through external review under section 104 or otherwise.

(b) Timelines for Making Determinations.—

(1) ORAL REQUESTS.—In the case of an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits under this section that involves an expedited or concurrent determination, a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) may request such appeal orally. A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may require that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee

(or authorized representative) provide written confirmation of such request in a timely manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. In the case of such an oral request for an appeal of a denial, the making of the request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated as the making at that time of a request for an appeal without regard to whether and when a written confirmation of such request is made.

(2) Access to information.—

(A) Timely provision of necessary information.—With respect to an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional (if any) shall provide the plan or issuer with access to information requested by the plan or issuer that is necessary to make a determination relating to the appeal. Such access shall be provided not later than 5 days after the date on which the request for information is received, or, in a case described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of paragraph (3), by such earlier time as may be necessary to comply with the applicable timeline under such subparagraph.

(B) Limited effect of failure on Plan or issuer, beneficiary, or enrollee to comply with the requirements of subparagraph (A) shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to make a decision in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, based on the available information, and failure to comply with the time limit established by this paragraph shall not remove the obligation of the plan or issuer to comply with the requirements of this section.

(3) Prior authorization determinations.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall make a determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits under this subsection in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 14 days from the date on which the plan or issuer receives information that is reasonably necessary to enable the plan or issuer to make a determination on the appeal and in no case later than 28 days

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after the date the request for the appeal is received.

(B) Expedited Determination.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A), a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall expedite a prior authorization determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits described in subparagraph (A), when a request for such an expedited determination is made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) at any time during the process for making a determination and a health care professional certifies, with the request, that a determination under the procedures described in subparagraph (A) would seriously jeopardize the life or health of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee or the ability of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to maintain or regain maximum function. Such determination shall be made in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 72 hours after the time the request for such appeal is received by the plan or issuer under this subparagraph.

1	(C) Ongoing care determinations.—
2	(i) In general.—Subject to clause
3	(ii), in the case of a concurrent review de
4	termination described in section
5	102(b)(1)(C)(i)(I), which results in a ter
6	mination or reduction of such care, the
7	plan or issuer must provide notice of the
8	determination on the appeal under this
9	section by telephone and in printed form to
10	the individual or the individual's designed
11	and the individual's health care provider in
12	accordance with the medical exigencies o
13	the case and as soon as possible, with suf
14	ficient time prior to the termination or re
15	duction to allow for an external appear
16	under section 104 to be completed before
17	the termination or reduction takes effect.
18	(ii) Rule of construction.—Clause
19	(i) shall not be construed as requiring
20	plans or issuers to provide coverage of care
21	that would exceed the coverage limitations
22	for such care.
23	(4) Retrospective Determination.—A
24	group health plan, or health insurance issuer offer
25	ing health insurance coverage, shall make a retro

spective determination on an appeal of a claim for benefits in no case later than 30 days after the date on which the plan or issuer receives necessary information that is reasonably necessary to enable the plan or issuer to make a determination on the appeal and in no case later than 60 days after the date the request for the appeal is received.

(c) CONDUCT OF REVIEW.—

- (1) In General.—A review of a denial of a claim for benefits under this section shall be conducted by an individual with appropriate expertise who was not involved in the initial determination.
- (2) Review of medical decisions by Physician (allopathic or osteopathic) with appropriate expertise (including, in the case of a child, appropriate pediatric expertise) who was not involved in the initial determination.

(d) Notice of Determination.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Written notice of a determination made under an internal appeal of a denial

- of a claim for benefits shall be issued to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional in accordance with the medical exigencies of the case and as soon as possible, but in no case later than 2 days after the date of completion of the review (or, in the case described in subparagraph (B) or (C) of subsection (b)(3), within the 72-hour or applicable period referred to in such subparagraph).
 - (2) Final determination.—The decision by a plan or issuer under this section shall be treated as the final determination of the plan or issuer on a denial of a claim for benefits. The failure of a plan or issuer to issue a determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits under this section within the applicable timeline established for such a determination shall be treated as a final determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits for purposes of proceeding to external review under section 104.
 - (3) REQUIREMENTS OF NOTICE.—With respect to a determination made under this section, the notice described in paragraph (1) shall be provided in printed form and written in a manner calculated to

1	be understood by the participant, beneficiary, or en-
2	rollee and shall include—
3	(A) the specific reasons for the determina-
4	tion (including a summary of the clinical or sci-
5	entific evidence used in making the determina-
6	tion);
7	(B) the procedures for obtaining additional
8	information concerning the determination; and
9	(C) notification of the right to an inde-
10	pendent external review under section 104 and
11	instructions on how to initiate such a review.
12	SEC. 104. INDEPENDENT EXTERNAL APPEALS PROCE-
13	DURES.
1 1	(a) RIGHT TO EXTERNAL APPEAL.—A group health
14	(a) MGHI TO EXTERNAL AFFEAL.—A group health
	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insur-
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15 16	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insur-
15 16 17	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this sec-
141516171819	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insur- ance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this sec- tion participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees (or author-
15 16 17 18	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insur- ance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this sec- tion participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees (or author- ized representatives) with access to an independent exter-
15 16 17 18 19 20	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this section participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees (or authorized representatives) with access to an independent external review for any denial of a claim for benefits.
15 16 17 18 19	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this section participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees (or authorized representatives) with access to an independent external review for any denial of a claim for benefits. (b) Initiation of the Independent External.
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this section participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees (or authorized representatives) with access to an independent external review for any denial of a claim for benefits. (b) Initiation of the Independent External Review Process.—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, shall provide in accordance with this section participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees (or authorized representatives) with access to an independent external review for any denial of a claim for benefits. (b) Initiation of the Independent External Review Process.— (1) Time to file.—A request for an inde-

or enrollee receives notice of the denial under section 103(d) or notice of waiver of internal review under section 103(a)(4) or the date on which the plan or issuer has failed to make a timely decision under section 103(d)(2) and notifies the participant or beneficiary that it has failed to make a timely decision and that the beneficiary must file an appeal with an external review entity within 180 days if the participant or beneficiary desires to file such an appeal.

(2) FILING OF REQUEST.—

- (A) In general.—Subject to the succeeding provisions of this subsection, a group health plan, and a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, may—
 - (i) except as provided in subparagraph(B)(i), require that a request for review be in writing;
 - (ii) limit the filing of such a request to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee involved (or an authorized representative);
 - (iii) except if waived by the plan or issuer under section 103(a)(4), condition access to an independent external review under this section upon a final determina-

1	tion of a denial of a claim for benefits
2	under the internal review procedure under
3	section 103;
4	(iv) except as provided in subpara-
5	graph (B)(ii), require payment of a filing
6	fee to the plan or issuer of a sum that does
7	not exceed \$25; and
8	(v) require that a request for review
9	include the consent of the participant, ben-
10	eficiary, or enrollee (or authorized rep-
11	resentative) for the release of necessary
12	medical information or records of the par-
13	ticipant, beneficiary, or enrollee to the
14	qualified external review entity only for
15	purposes of conducting external review ac-
16	tivities.
17	(B) REQUIREMENTS AND EXCEPTION RE-
18	LATING TO GENERAL RULE.—
19	(i) Oral requests permitted in
20	EXPEDITED OR CONCURRENT CASES.—In
21	the case of an expedited or concurrent ex-
22	ternal review as provided for under sub-
23	section (e), the request may be made oral-
24	ly. A group health plan, or health insur-
25	ance issuer offering health insurance cov-

erage, may require that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) provide written confirmation of such request in a timely manner on a form provided by the plan or issuer. Such written confirmation shall be treated as a consent for purposes of subparagraph (A)(v). In the case of such an oral request for such a review, the making of the request (and the timing of such request) shall be treated as the making at that time of a request for such an external review without regard to whether and when a written confirmation of such request is made.

(ii) Exception to filing fee requirement.—

(I) Indigency.—Payment of a filing fee shall not be required under subparagraph (A)(iv) where there is a certification (in a form and manner specified in guidelines established by the appropriate Secretary) that the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee is

1	indigent (as defined in such guide-
2	lines).
3	(II) FEE NOT REQUIRED.—Pay-
4	ment of a filing fee shall not be re-
5	quired under subparagraph (A)(iv) if
6	the plan or issuer waives the internal
7	appeals process under section
8	103(a)(4).
9	(III) REFUNDING OF FEE.—The
10	filing fee paid under subparagraph
11	(A)(iv) shall be refunded if the deter-
12	mination under the independent exter-
13	nal review is to reverse or modify the
14	denial which is the subject of the re-
15	view.
16	(IV) COLLECTION OF FILING
17	FEE.—The failure to pay such a filing
18	fee shall not prevent the consideration
19	of a request for review but, subject to
20	the preceding provisions of this clause,
21	shall constitute a legal liability to pay.
22	(c) Referral to Qualified External Review
23	ENTITY UPON REQUEST.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—Upon the filing of a request
25	for independent external review with the group

- health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, the plan or issuer shall immediately refer such request, and forward the plan or issuer's initial decision (including the information described in section 103(d)(3)(A)), to a qualified external review entity selected in accordance with this section.
 - (2) Access to Plan or Issuer and Health Professional information.—With respect to an independent external review conducted under this section, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative), the plan or issuer, and the treating health care professional (if any) shall provide the external review entity with information that is necessary to conduct a review under this section, as determined and requested by the entity. Such information shall be provided not later than 5 days after the date on which the request for information is received, or, in a case described in clause (ii) or (iii) of subsection (e)(1)(A), by such earlier time as may be necessary to comply with the applicable timeline under such clause.
 - (3) Screening of requests by qualified external review entities.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—With respect to a re-
2	quest referred to a qualified external review en-
3	tity under paragraph (1) relating to a denial of
4	a claim for benefits, the entity shall refer such
5	request for the conduct of an independent med-
6	ical review unless the entity determines that—
7	(i) any of the conditions described in
8	clauses (ii) or (iii) of subsection (b)(2)(A)
9	have not been met;
10	(ii) the denial of the claim for benefits
11	does not involve a medically reviewable de-
12	cision under subsection (d)(2);
13	(iii) the denial of the claim for bene-
14	fits relates to a decision regarding whether
15	an individual is a participant, beneficiary,
16	or enrollee who is enrolled under the terms
17	and conditions of the plan or coverage (in-
18	cluding the applicability of any waiting pe-
19	riod under the plan or coverage); or
20	(iv) the denial of the claim for bene-
21	fits is a decision as to the application of
22	cost-sharing requirements or the applica-
23	tion of a specific exclusion or express limi-
24	tation on the amount, duration, or scope of
25	coverage of items or services under the

1	terms and conditions of the plan or cov-
2	erage unless the decision is a denial de-
3	scribed in subsection $(d)(2)$.
4	Upon making a determination that any of clauses (i)
5	through (iv) applies with respect to the request, the entity
6	shall determine that the denial of a claim for benefits in-
7	volved is not eligible for independent medical review under
8	subsection (d), and shall provide notice in accordance with
9	subparagraph (C).
10	(B) Process for making determina-
11	TIONS.—
12	(i) No deference to prior deter-
13	MINATIONS.—In making determinations
14	under subparagraph (A), there shall be no
15	deference given to determinations made by
16	the plan or issuer or the recommendation
17	of a treating health care professional (if
18	any).
19	(ii) Use of appropriate per-
20	SONNEL.—A qualified external review enti-
21	ty shall use appropriately qualified per-
22	sonnel to make determinations under this
23	section.
24	(C) Notices and general timelines
25	FOR DETERMINATION.—

1	(i) Notice in case of denial of
2	REFERRAL.—If the entity under this para-
3	graph does not make a referral to an inde-
4	pendent medical reviewer, the entity shall
5	provide notice to the plan or issuer, the
6	participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or au-
7	thorized representative) filing the request,
8	and the treating health care professional
9	(if any) that the denial is not subject to
10	independent medical review. Such notice—
11	(I) shall be written (and, in addi-
12	tion, may be provided orally) in a
13	manner calculated to be understood
14	by a participant or enrollee;
15	(II) shall include the reasons for
16	the determination;
17	(III) include any relevant terms
18	and conditions of the plan or cov-
19	erage; and
20	(IV) include a description of any
21	further recourse available to the indi-
22	vidual.
23	(ii) General timeline for deter-
24	MINATIONS.—Upon receipt of information
25	under paragraph (2), the qualified external

1 review entity, and if required the inde-2 pendent medical reviewer, shall make a de-3 termination within the overall timeline that is applicable to the case under review as described in subsection (e), except that if 6 the entity determines that a referral to an 7 independent medical reviewer is not re-8 quired, the entity shall provide notice of 9 such determination to the participant, ben-10 eficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) within such timeline and with-12 in 2 days of the date of such determina-13 tion.

(d) Independent Medical Review.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—If a qualified external review entity determines under subsection (c) that a denial of a claim for benefits is eligible for independent medical review, the entity shall refer the denial involved to an independent medical reviewer for the conduct of an independent medical review under this subsection.
- (2) Medically reviewable decisions.—A denial of a claim for benefits is eligible for independent medical review if the benefit for the item or service for which the claim is made would be a cov-

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- ered benefit under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage but for one (or more) of the following determinations:
 - (A) Denials based on medical necessity and appropriateness.—A determination that the item or service is not covered because it is not medically necessary and appropriate or based on the application of substantially equivalent terms.
 - (B) Denials based on experimental or investigational or based on the application of substantially equivalent terms.
 - (C) Denials otherwise based on an evaluation of medical facts.—A determination that the item or service or condition is not covered based on grounds that require an evaluation of the medical facts by a health care professional in the specific case involved to determine the coverage and extent of coverage of the item or service or condition.
 - (3) Independent medical review determination.—

1 (A) IN GENERAL.—An independent med2 ical reviewer under this section shall make a
3 new independent determination with respect to
4 whether or not the denial of a claim for a ben5 efit that is the subject of the review should be

upheld, reversed, or modified.

- (B) STANDARD FOR DETERMINATION.—
 The independent medical reviewer's determination relating to the medical necessity and appropriateness, or the experimental or investigation nature, or the evaluation of the medical facts of the item, service, or condition shall be based on the medical condition of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (including the medical records of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee) and valid, relevant scientific evidence and clinical evidence, including peer-reviewed medical literature or findings and including expert opinion.
- (C) No coverage for excluded benefits.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to permit an independent medical reviewer to require that a group health plan, or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, provide coverage for items or

services for which benefits are specifically excluded or expressly limited under the plan or coverage in the plain language of the plan document (and which are disclosed under section 121(b)(1)(C)) except to the extent that the application or interpretation of the exclusion or limitation involves a determination described in paragraph (2).

- (D) EVIDENCE AND INFORMATION TO BE USED IN MEDICAL REVIEWS.—In making a determination under this subsection, the independent medical reviewer shall also consider appropriate and available evidence and information, including the following:
 - (i) The determination made by the plan or issuer with respect to the claim upon internal review and the evidence, guidelines, or rationale used by the plan or issuer in reaching such determination.
 - (ii) The recommendation of the treating health care professional and the evidence, guidelines, and rationale used by the treating health care professional in reaching such recommendation.

1	(iii) Additional relevant evidence or
2	information obtained by the reviewer or
3	submitted by the plan, issuer, participant,
4	beneficiary, or enrollee (or an authorized
5	representative), or treating health care
6	professional.
7	(iv) The plan or coverage document.
8	(E) Independent determination.—In
9	making determinations under this subtitle, a
10	qualified external review entity and an inde-
11	pendent medical reviewer shall—
12	(i) consider the claim under review
13	without deference to the determinations
14	made by the plan or issuer or the rec-
15	ommendation of the treating health care
16	professional (if any); and
17	(ii) consider, but not be bound by the
18	definition used by the plan or issuer of
19	"medically necessary and appropriate", or
20	"experimental or investigational", or other
21	substantially equivalent terms that are
22	used by the plan or issuer to describe med-
23	ical necessity and appropriateness or ex-
24	perimental or investigational nature of the
25	treatment.

1	(F) DETERMINATION OF INDEPENDENT
2	MEDICAL REVIEWER.—An independent medical
3	reviewer shall, in accordance with the deadlines
4	described in subsection (e), prepare a written
5	determination to uphold, reverse, or modify the
6	denial under review. Such written determination
7	shall include—
8	(i) the determination of the reviewer;
9	(ii) the specific reasons of the re-
10	viewer for such determination, including a
11	summary of the clinical or scientific evi-
12	dence used in making the determination;
13	and
14	(iii) with respect to a determination to
15	reverse or modify the denial under review,
16	a timeframe within which the plan or
17	issuer must comply with such determina-
18	tion.
19	(G) Nonbinding nature of additional
20	RECOMMENDATIONS.—In addition to the deter-
21	mination under subparagraph (F), the reviewer
22	may provide the plan or issuer and the treating
23	health care professional with additional rec-
24	ommendations in connection with such a deter-

mination, but any such recommendations shall

1	not affect (or be treated as part of) the deter-
2	mination and shall not be binding on the plan
3	or issuer.
4	(e) Timelines and Notifications.—
5	(1) Timelines for independent medical
6	REVIEW.—
7	(A) Prior authorization determina-
8	TION.—
9	(i) In General.—The independent
10	medical reviewer (or reviewers) shall make
11	a determination on a denial of a claim for
12	benefits that is referred to the reviewer
13	under subsection (c)(3) in accordance with
14	the medical exigencies of the case and as
15	soon as possible, but in no case later than
16	14 days after the date of receipt of infor-
17	mation under subsection (c)(2) if the re-
18	view involves a prior authorization of items
19	or services and in no case later than 21
20	days after the date the request for external
21	review is received.
22	(ii) Expedited determination.—
23	Notwithstanding clause (i) and subject to
24	clause (iii), the independent medical re-
25	viewer (or reviewers) shall make an expe-

1 dited determination on a denial of a claim 2 for benefits described in clause (i), when a 3 request for such an expedited determination is made by a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) 6 at any time during the process for making 7 a determination, and a health care profes-8 sional certifies, with the request, that a de-9 termination under the timeline described in 10 clause (i) would seriously jeopardize the 11 life or health of the participant, bene-12 ficiary, or enrollee or the ability of the par-13 ticipant, beneficiary, or enrollee to main-14 tain or regain maximum function. Such de-15 termination shall be made as soon in ac-16 cordance with the medical exigencies of the 17 case and as soon as possible, but in no 18 case later than 72 hours after the time the 19 request for external review is received by 20 the qualified external review entity. 21

(iii) Ongoing care determina-Tion.—Notwithstanding clause (i), in the case of a review described in such subclause that involves a termination or reduction of care, the notice of the determina-

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tion shall be completed not later than 24 hours after the time the request for external review is received by the qualified external review entity and before the end of the approved period of care.

- (B) Retrospective determination.—
 The independent medical reviewer (or reviewers) shall complete a review in the case of a retrospective determination on an appeal of a denial of a claim for benefits that is referred to the reviewer under subsection (c)(3) in no case later than 30 days after the date of receipt of information under subsection (c)(2) and in no case later than 60 days after the date the request for external review is received by the qualified external review entity.
- (2) Notification of determination.—The external review entity shall ensure that the plan or issuer, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative) and the treating health care professional (if any) receives a copy of the written determination of the independent medical reviewer prepared under subsection (d)(3)(F). Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed as preventing

- an entity or reviewer from providing an initial oral
 notice of the reviewer's determination.
 (3) FORM OF NOTICES.—Determinations and
 - (3) FORM OF NOTICES.—Determinations and notices under this subsection shall be written in a manner calculated to be understood by a participant.

(f) Compliance.—

(1) Application of Determinations.—

- (A) EXTERNAL REVIEW DETERMINATIONS BINDING ON PLAN.—The determinations of an external review entity and an independent medical reviewer under this section shall be binding upon the plan or issuer involved.
- (B) Compliance with determination of an independent medical reviewer is to reverse or modify the denial, the plan or issuer, upon the receipt of such determination, shall authorize coverage to comply with the medical reviewer's determination in accordance with the timeframe established by the medical reviewer.

(2) Failure to comply.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—If a plan or issuer fails to comply with the timeframe established under paragraph (1)(B) with respect to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, where such failure to

comply is caused by the plan or issuer, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee may obtain the items or services involved (in a manner consistent with the determination of the independent external reviewer) from any provider regardless of whether such provider is a participating provider under the plan or coverage.

(B) Reimbursement.—

- (i) IN GENERAL.—Where a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee obtains items or services in accordance with subparagraph (A), the plan or issuer involved shall provide for reimbursement of the costs of such items or services. Such reimbursement shall be made to the treating health care professional or to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee (in the case of a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who pays for the costs of such items or services).
- (ii) Amount.—The plan or issuer shall fully reimburse a professional, participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under clause (i) for the total costs of the items or services provided (regardless of any plan limitations that may apply to the coverage of

1	such items or services) so long as the items
2	or services were provided in a manner con-
3	sistent with the determination of the inde-
4	pendent medical reviewer.
5	(C) Failure to reimburse.—Where a
6	plan or issuer fails to provide reimbursement to
7	a professional, participant, beneficiary, or en-
8	rollee in accordance with this paragraph, the
9	professional, participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
10	may commence a civil action (or utilize other
11	remedies available under law) to recover only
12	the amount of any such reimbursement that is
13	owed by the plan or issuer and any necessary
14	legal costs or expenses (including attorney's
15	fees) incurred in recovering such reimburse-
16	ment.
17	(D) AVAILABLE REMEDIES.—The remedies
18	provided under this paragraph are in addition
19	to any other available remedies.
20	(3) Penalties against authorized offi-
21	CIALS FOR REFUSING TO AUTHORIZE THE DETER-
22	MINATION OF AN EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITY.—
23	(A) Monetary penalties.—
24	(i) In general.—In any case in
25	which the determination of an external re-

view entity is not followed by a group health plan, or by a health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, any person who, acting in the capacity of authorizing the benefit, causes such refusal may, in the discretion in a court of competent jurisdiction, be liable to an aggrieved participant, beneficiary, or enrollee for a civil penalty in an amount of up to \$1,000 a day from the date on which the determination was transmitted to the plan or issuer by the external review entity until the date the refusal to provide the benefit is corrected.

- (ii) Additional penalty for failing to follow timeline.—In any case
 in which treatment was not commenced by
 the plan in accordance with the determination of an independent external reviewer,
 the Secretary shall assess a civil penalty of
 \$10,000 against the plan and the plan
 shall pay such penalty to the participant,
 beneficiary, or enrollee involved.
- (B) Cease and desist order and order of attorney's fees.—In any action

1 described in subparagraph (A) brought by a 2 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee with respect 3 to a group health plan, or a health insurance 4 issuer offering health insurance coverage, in 5 which a plaintiff alleges that a person referred 6 to in such subparagraph has taken an action re-7 sulting in a refusal of a benefit determined by 8 an external appeal entity to be covered, or has 9 failed to take an action for which such person 10 is responsible under the terms and conditions of 11 the plan or coverage and which is necessary 12 under the plan or coverage for authorizing a 13 benefit, the court shall cause to be served on 14 the defendant order requiring an the 15 defendant— 16 (i) to cease and desist from the al-17 leged action or failure to act; and 18 (ii) to pay to the plaintiff a reasonable 19 attorney's fee and other reasonable costs 20 relating to the prosecution of the action on 21 the charges on which the plaintiff prevails. 22 (C) Additional civil penalties.— 23 (i) IN GENERAL.—In addition to any

penalty imposed under subparagraph (A)

or (B), the appropriate Secretary may as-

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1	sess a civil penalty against a person acting
2	in the capacity of authorizing a benefit de-
3	termined by an external review entity for
4	one or more group health plans, or health
5	insurance issuers offering health insurance
6	coverage, for—
7	(I) any pattern or practice of re-
8	peated refusal to authorize a benefit
9	determined by an external appeal enti-
10	ty to be covered; or
11	(II) any pattern or practice of re-
12	peated violations of the requirements
13	of this section with respect to such
14	plan or coverage.
15	(ii) Standard of proof and
16	AMOUNT OF PENALTY.—Such penalty shall
17	be payable only upon proof by clear and
18	convincing evidence of such pattern or
19	practice and shall be in an amount not to
20	exceed the lesser of—
21	(I) 25 percent of the aggregate
22	value of benefits shown by the appro-
23	priate Secretary to have not been pro-
24	vided, or unlawfully delayed, in viola-

1	tion of this section under such pattern
2	or practice; or
3	(II) \$500,000.
4	(D) REMOVAL AND DISQUALIFICATION.—
5	Any person acting in the capacity of author-
6	izing benefits who has engaged in any such pat-
7	tern or practice described in subparagraph
8	(C)(i) with respect to a plan or coverage, upon
9	the petition of the appropriate Secretary, may
10	be removed by the court from such position,
11	and from any other involvement, with respect to
12	such a plan or coverage, and may be precluded
13	from returning to any such position or involve-
14	ment for a period determined by the court.
15	(4) Protection of legal rights.—Nothing
16	in this subsection or subtitle shall be construed as
17	altering or eliminating any cause of action or legal
18	rights or remedies of participants, beneficiaries, en-
19	rollees, and others under State or Federal law (in-
20	cluding sections 502 and 503 of the Employee Re-
21	tirement Income Security Act of 1974), including
22	the right to file judicial actions to enforce rights.
23	(g) Qualifications of Independent Medical
24	Reviewers —

1	(1) In general.—In referring a denial to 1 or
2	more individuals to conduct independent medical re-
3	view under subsection (c), the qualified external re-
4	view entity shall ensure that—
5	(A) each independent medical reviewer
6	meets the qualifications described in paragraphs
7	(2) and (3) ;
8	(B) with respect to each review at least 1
9	such reviewer meets the requirements described
10	in paragraphs (4) and (5); and
11	(C) compensation provided by the entity to
12	the reviewer is consistent with paragraph (6).
13	(2) Licensure and expertise.—Each inde-
14	pendent medical reviewer shall be a physician
15	(allopathic or osteopathic) or health care profes-
16	sional who—
17	(A) is appropriately credentialed or li-
18	censed in 1 or more States to deliver health
19	care services; and
20	(B) typically treats the condition, makes
21	the diagnosis, or provides the type of treatment
22	under review.
23	(3) Independence.—

1	(A) In general.—Subject to subpara-
2	graph (B), each independent medical reviewer
3	in a case shall—
4	(i) not be a related party (as defined
5	in paragraph (7));
6	(ii) not have a material familial, fi-
7	nancial, or professional relationship with
8	such a party; and
9	(iii) not otherwise have a conflict of
10	interest with such a party (as determined
11	under regulations).
12	(B) Exception.—Nothing in subpara-
13	graph (A) shall be construed to—
14	(i) prohibit an individual, solely on the
15	basis of affiliation with the plan or issuer,
16	from serving as an independent medical re-
17	viewer if—
18	(I) a non-affiliated individual is
19	not reasonably available;
20	(II) the affiliated individual is
21	not involved in the provision of items
22	or services in the case under review;
23	(III) the fact of such an affili-
24	ation is disclosed to the plan or issuer
25	and the participant, beneficiary, or

1	enrollee (or authorized representative)
2	and neither party objects; and
3	(IV) the affiliated individual is
4	not an employee of the plan or issuer
5	and does not provide services exclu-
6	sively or primarily to or on behalf of
7	the plan or issuer;
8	(ii) prohibit an individual who has
9	staff privileges at the institution where the
10	treatment involved takes place from serv-
11	ing as an independent medical reviewer
12	merely on the basis of such affiliation if
13	the affiliation is disclosed to the plan or
14	issuer and the participant, beneficiary, or
15	enrollee (or authorized representative), and
16	neither party objects; or
17	(iii) prohibit receipt of compensation
18	by an independent medical reviewer from
19	an entity if the compensation is provided
20	consistent with paragraph (6).
21	(4) Practicing health care professional
22	IN SAME FIELD.—
23	(A) In general.—In a case involving
24	treatment, or the provision of items or
25	services—

- 1 (i) by a physician, a reviewer shall be
 2 a practicing physician (allopathic or osteo3 pathic) of the same or similar specialty, as
 4 a physician who typically treats the condi5 tion, makes the diagnosis, or provides the
 6 type of treatment under review; or
 - (ii) by a health care professional (other than a physician), a reviewer shall be a practicing physician (allopathic or osteopathic) or, if determined appropriate by the qualified external review entity, a practicing health care professional (other than such a physician), of the same or similar specialty as the health care professional who typically treats the condition, makes the diagnosis, or provides the type of treatment under review.
 - (B) Practicing defined.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term "practicing" means, with respect to an individual who is a physician or other health care professional that the individual provides health care services to individual patients on average at least 2 days per week.

1	(5) Pediatric expertise.—In the case of an
2	external review relating to a child, a reviewer shall
3	have expertise under paragraph (2) in pediatrics.
4	(6) Limitations on reviewer compensa-
5	TION.—Compensation provided by a qualified exter-
6	nal review entity to an independent medical reviewer
7	in connection with a review under this section
8	shall—
9	(A) not exceed a reasonable level; and
10	(B) not be contingent on the decision ren-
11	dered by the reviewer.
12	(7) Related party defined.—For purposes
13	of this section, the term "related party" means, with
14	respect to a denial of a claim under a plan or cov-
15	erage relating to a participant, beneficiary, or en-
16	rollee, any of the following:
17	(A) The plan, plan sponsor, or issuer in-
18	volved, or any fiduciary, officer, director, or em-
19	ployee of such plan, plan sponsor, or issuer.
20	(B) The participant, beneficiary, or en-
21	rollee (or authorized representative).
22	(C) The health care professional that pro-
23	vides the items or services involved in the de-
24	nial.

1	(D) The institution at which the items or
2	services (or treatment) involved in the denial
3	are provided.
4	(E) The manufacturer of any drug or
5	other item that is included in the items or serv-
6	ices involved in the denial.
7	(F) Any other party determined under any
8	regulations to have a substantial interest in the
9	denial involved.
10	(h) QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES.—
11	(1) Selection of qualified external re-
12	VIEW ENTITIES.—
13	(A) LIMITATION ON PLAN OR ISSUER SE-
14	LECTION.—The appropriate Secretary shall im-
15	plement procedures—
16	(i) to assure that the selection process
17	among qualified external review entities
18	will not create any incentives for external
19	review entities to make a decision in a bi-
20	ased manner; and
21	(ii) for auditing a sample of decisions
22	by such entities to assure that no such de-
23	cisions are made in a biased manner.
24	No such selection process under the procedures
25	implemented by the appropriate Secretary may

give either the patient or the plan or issuer any ability to determine or influence the selection of a qualified external review entity to review the case of any participant, beneficiary, or enrollee.

- (B) STATE AUTHORITY WITH RESPECT TO QUALIFIED EXTERNAL REVIEW ENTITIES FOR HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS.—With respect to health insurance issuers offering health insurance coverage in a State, the State may provide for external review activities to be conducted by a qualified external appeal entity that is designated by the State or that is selected by the State in a manner determined by the State to assure an unbiased determination.
- (2) Contract with qualified external review entity.—Except as provided in paragraph (1)(B), the external review process of a plan or issuer under this section shall be conducted under a contract between the plan or issuer and 1 or more qualified external review entities (as defined in paragraph (4)(A)).
- (3) TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF CONTRACT.—
 The terms and conditions of a contract under paragraph (2) shall—

1	(A) be consistent with the standards the
2	appropriate Secretary shall establish to assure
3	there is no real or apparent conflict of interest
4	in the conduct of external review activities; and
5	(B) provide that the costs of the external
6	review process shall be borne by the plan or
7	issuer.
8	Subparagraph (B) shall not be construed as apply-
9	ing to the imposition of a filing fee under subsection
10	(b)(2)(A)(iv) or costs incurred by the participant,
11	beneficiary, or enrollee (or authorized representative)
12	or treating health care professional (if any) in sup-
13	port of the review, including the provision of addi-
14	tional evidence or information.
15	(4) Qualifications.—
16	(A) IN GENERAL.—In this section, the
17	term "qualified external review entity" means,
18	in relation to a plan or issuer, an entity that is
19	initially certified (and periodically recertified)
20	under subparagraph (C) as meeting the fol-
21	lowing requirements:
22	(i) The entity has (directly or through
23	contracts or other arrangements) sufficient
24	medical, legal, and other expertise and suf-
25	ficient staffing to carry out duties of a

1	qualified external review entity under this
2	section on a timely basis, including making
3	determinations under subsection (b)(2)(A)
4	and providing for independent medical re-
5	views under subsection (d).
6	(ii) The entity is not a plan or issuer
7	or an affiliate or a subsidiary of a plan or
8	issuer, and is not an affiliate or subsidiary
9	of a professional or trade association of
10	plans or issuers or of health care providers.
11	(iii) The entity has provided assur-
12	ances that it will conduct external review
13	activities consistent with the applicable re-
14	quirements of this section and standards
15	specified in subparagraph (C), including
16	that it will not conduct any external review
17	activities in a case unless the independence
18	requirements of subparagraph (B) are met
19	with respect to the case.
20	(iv) The entity has provided assur-
21	ances that it will provide information in a
22	timely manner under subparagraph (D).
23	(v) The entity meets such other re-
24	quirements as the appropriate Secretary

provides by regulation.

1	(B) Independence requirements.—
2	(i) In general.—Subject to clause
3	(ii), an entity meets the independence re-
4	quirements of this subparagraph with re-
5	spect to any case if the entity—
6	(I) is not a related party (as de-
7	fined in subsection $(g)(7)$;
8	(II) does not have a material fa-
9	milial, financial, or professional rela-
10	tionship with such a party; and
11	(III) does not otherwise have a
12	conflict of interest with such a party
13	(as determined under regulations).
14	(ii) Exception for reasonable
15	COMPENSATION.—Nothing in clause (i)
16	shall be construed to prohibit receipt by a
17	qualified external review entity of com-
18	pensation from a plan or issuer for the
19	conduct of external review activities under
20	this section if the compensation is provided
21	consistent with clause (iii).
22	(iii) Limitations on entity com-
23	PENSATION.—Compensation provided by a
24	plan or issuer to a qualified external review

1	entity in connection with reviews under
2	this section shall—
3	(I) not exceed a reasonable level;
4	and
5	(II) not be contingent on any de-
6	cision rendered by the entity or by
7	any independent medical reviewer.
8	(C) CERTIFICATION AND RECERTIFICATION
9	PROCESS.—
10	(i) In general.—The initial certifi-
11	cation and recertification of a qualified ex-
12	ternal review entity shall be made—
13	(I) under a process that is recog-
14	nized or approved by the appropriate
15	Secretary; or
16	(II) by a qualified private stand-
17	ard-setting organization that is ap-
18	proved by the appropriate Secretary
19	under clause (iii).
20	In taking action under subclause (I), the
21	appropriate Secretary shall give deference
22	to entities that are under contract with the
23	Federal Government or with an applicable
24	State authority to perform functions of the

1	type performed by qualified external review
2	entities.
3	(ii) Process.—The appropriate Sec-
4	retary shall not recognize or approve a
5	process under clause (i)(I) unless the proc-
6	ess applies standards (as promulgated in
7	regulations) that ensure that a qualified
8	external review entity—
9	(I) will carry out (and has car-
10	ried out, in the case of recertification)
11	the responsibilities of such an entity
12	in accordance with this section, in-
13	cluding meeting applicable deadlines;
14	(II) will meet (and has met, in
15	the case of recertification) appropriate
16	indicators of fiscal integrity;
17	(III) will maintain (and has
18	maintained, in the case of recertifi-
19	cation) appropriate confidentiality
20	with respect to individually identifi-
21	able health information obtained in
22	the course of conducting external re-
23	view activities; and

1	(IV) in the case recertification,
2	shall review the matters described in
3	clause (iv).
4	(iii) Approval of qualified pri-
5	VATE STANDARD-SETTING ORGANIZA-
6	TIONS.—For purposes of clause (i)(II), the
7	appropriate Secretary may approve a quali-
8	fied private standard-setting organization
9	if such Secretary finds that the organiza-
10	tion only certifies (or recertifies) external
11	review entities that meet at least the
12	standards required for the certification (or
13	recertification) of external review entities
14	under clause (ii).
15	(iv) Considerations in recertifi-
16	CATIONS.—In conducting recertifications of
17	a qualified external review entity under
18	this paragraph, the appropriate Secretary
19	or organization conducting the recertifi-
20	cation shall review compliance of the entity
21	with the requirements for conducting ex-
22	ternal review activities under this section,
23	including the following:
24	(I) Provision of information
25	under subparagraph (D).

1	(II) Adherence to applicable
2	deadlines (both by the entity and by
3	independent medical reviewers it re-
4	fers cases to).
5	(III) Compliance with limitations
6	on compensation (with respect to both
7	the entity and independent medical re-
8	viewers it refers cases to).
9	(IV) Compliance with applicable
10	independence requirements.
11	(v) Period of Certification or re-
12	CERTIFICATION.—A certification or recer-
13	tification provided under this paragraph
14	shall extend for a period not to exceed 2
15	years.
16	(vi) REVOCATION.—A certification or
17	recertification under this paragraph may
18	be revoked by the appropriate Secretary or
19	by the organization providing such certifi-
20	cation upon a showing of cause.
21	(vii) Sufficient number of enti-
22	TIES.—The appropriate Secretary shall
23	certify and recertify a number of external
24	review entities which is sufficient to ensure

the timely and efficient provision of review services.

(D) Provision of Information.—

(i) IN GENERAL.—A qualified external review entity shall provide to the appropriate Secretary, in such manner and at such times as such Secretary may require, such information (relating to the denials which have been referred to the entity for the conduct of external review under this section) as such Secretary determines appropriate to assure compliance with the independence and other requirements of this section to monitor and assess the quality of its external review activities and lack of bias in making determinations. Such information shall include information described in clause (ii) but shall not include individually identifiable medical information.

(ii) Information to be in-Cluded.—The information described in this subclause with respect to an entity is as follows:

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1	(I) The number and types of de-
2	nials for which a request for review
3	has been received by the entity.
4	(II) The disposition by the entity
5	of such denials, including the number
6	referred to a independent medical re-
7	viewer and the reasons for such dis-
8	positions (including the application of
9	exclusions), on a plan or issuer-spe-
10	cific basis and on a health care spe-
11	cialty-specific basis.
12	(III) The length of time in mak-
13	ing determinations with respect to
14	such denials.
15	(IV) Updated information on the
16	information required to be submitted
17	as a condition of certification with re-
18	spect to the entity's performance of
19	external review activities.
20	(iii) Information to be provided
21	TO CERTIFYING ORGANIZATION.—
22	(I) IN GENERAL.—In the case of
23	a qualified external review entity
24	which is certified (or recertified)
25	under this subsection by a qualified

1	private standard-setting organization
2	at the request of the organization, the
3	entity shall provide the organization
4	with the information provided to the
5	appropriate Secretary under clause
6	(i).
7	(II) Additional informa-
8	TION.—Nothing in this subparagraph
9	shall be construed as preventing such
10	an organization from requiring addi-
11	tional information as a condition of
12	certification or recertification of an
13	entity.
14	(iv) Use of information.—Informa-
15	tion provided under this subparagraph may
16	be used by the appropriate Secretary and
17	qualified private standard-setting organiza-
18	tions to conduct oversight of qualified ex-
19	ternal review entities, including recertifi-
20	cation of such entities, and shall be made
21	available to the public in an appropriate
22	manner.
23	(E) Limitation on Liability.—No quali-
24	fied external review entity having a contract

with a plan or issuer, and no person who is em-

1 ployed by any such entity or who furnishes pro-2 fessional services to such entity (including as an 3 independent medical reviewer), shall be held by reason of the performance of any duty, function, or activity required or authorized pursuant 6 to this section, to be civilly liable under any law 7 of the United States or of any State (or polit-8 ical subdivision thereof) if there was no actual 9 malice or gross misconduct in the performance 10 of such duty, function, or activity.

Subtitle B—Access to Care

12 SEC. 111. CONSUMER CHOICE OPTION.

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(a) IN GENERAL.—If—

- (1) a health insurance issuer providing health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan offers to enrollees health insurance coverage which provides for coverage of services only if such services are furnished through health care professionals and providers who are members of a network of health care professionals and providers who have entered into a contract with the issuer to provide such services, or
- (2) a group health plan offers to participants or beneficiaries health benefits which provide for coverage of services only if such services are furnished

- 1 through health care professionals and providers who
- 2 are members of a network of health care profes-
- 3 sionals and providers who have entered into a con-
- 4 tract with the plan to provide such services,
- 5 then the issuer or plan shall also offer or arrange to be
- 6 offered to such enrollees, participants, or beneficiaries (at
- 7 the time of enrollment and during an annual open season
- 8 as provided under subsection (c)) the option of health in-
- 9 surance coverage or health benefits which provide for cov-
- 10 erage of such services which are not furnished through
- 11 health care professionals and providers who are members
- 12 of such a network unless such enrollees, participants, or
- 13 beneficiaries are offered such non-network coverage
- 14 through another group health plan or through another
- 15 health insurance issuer in the group market.
- 16 (b) Additional Costs.—The amount of any addi-
- 17 tional premium charged by the health insurance issuer or
- 18 group health plan for the additional cost of the creation
- 19 and maintenance of the option described in subsection (a)
- 20 and the amount of any additional cost sharing imposed
- 21 under such option shall be borne by the enrollee, partici-
- 22 pant, or beneficiary unless it is paid by the health plan
- 23 sponsor or group health plan through agreement with the
- 24 health insurance issuer.

- 1 (c) Open Season.—An enrollee, participant, or ben-
- 2 efficiary, may change to the offering provided under this
- 3 section only during a time period determined by the health
- 4 insurance issuer or group health plan. Such time period
- 5 shall occur at least annually.

6 SEC. 112. CHOICE OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL.

- 7 (a) Primary Care.—If a group health plan, or a
- 8 health insurance issuer that offers health insurance cov-
- 9 erage, requires or provides for designation by a partici-
- 10 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee of a participating primary
- 11 care provider, then the plan or issuer shall permit each
- 12 participant, beneficiary, and enrollee to designate any par-
- 13 ticipating primary care provider who is available to accept
- 14 such individual.

15 (b) Specialists.—

- 16 (1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2), a
- group health plan and a health insurance issuer that
- offers health insurance coverage shall permit each
- participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to receive medi-
- 20 cally necessary and appropriate specialty care, pur-
- suant to appropriate referral procedures, from any
- 22 qualified participating health care professional who
- is available to accept such individual for such care.
- 24 (2) Limitation.—Paragraph (1) shall not
- apply to specialty care if the plan or issuer clearly

1	informs participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees of
2	the limitations on choice of participating health care
3	professionals with respect to such care.
4	(3) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
5	section shall be construed as affecting the applica-
6	tion of section 114 (relating to access to specialty
7	care).
8	SEC. 113. ACCESS TO EMERGENCY CARE.
9	(a) Coverage of Emergency Services.—
10	(1) In general.—If a group health plan, or
11	health insurance coverage offered by a health insur-
12	ance issuer, provides or covers any benefits with re-
13	spect to services in an emergency department of a
14	hospital, the plan or issuer shall cover emergency
15	services (as defined in paragraph (2)(B))—
16	(A) without the need for any prior author-
17	ization determination;
18	(B) whether the health care provider fur-
19	nishing such services is a participating provider
20	with respect to such services;
21	(C) in a manner so that, if such services
22	are provided to a participant, beneficiary, or
23	enrollee—

1	(i) by a nonparticipating health care
2	provider with or without prior authoriza-
3	tion, or
4	(ii) by a participating health care pro-
5	vider without prior authorization,
6	the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee is not
7	liable for amounts that exceed the amounts of
8	liability that would be incurred if the services
9	were provided by a participating health care
10	provider with prior authorization; and
11	(D) without regard to any other term or
12	condition of such coverage (other than exclusion
13	or coordination of benefits, or an affiliation or
14	waiting period, permitted under section 2701 or
15	the Public Health Service Act, section 701 of
16	the Employee Retirement Income Security Act
17	of 1974, or section 9801 of the Internal Reve
18	enue Code of 1986, and other than applicable
19	cost-sharing).
20	(2) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:
21	(A) Emergency medical condition.—
22	The term "emergency medical condition" means
23	a medical condition manifesting itself by acute
24	symptoms of sufficient severity (including se-

vere pain) such that a prudent layperson, who

1	possesses an average knowledge of health and
2	medicine, could reasonably expect the absence
3	of immediate medical attention to result in a
4	condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of
5	section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security
6	Act.
7	(B) Emergency services.—The term
8	"emergency services" means, with respect to an
9	emergency medical condition—
10	(i) a medical screening examination
11	(as required under section 1867 of the So-
12	cial Security Act) that is within the capa-
13	bility of the emergency department of a
14	hospital, including ancillary services rou-
15	tinely available to the emergency depart-
16	ment to evaluate such emergency medical
17	condition, and
18	(ii) within the capabilities of the staff
19	and facilities available at the hospital, such
20	further medical examination and treatment
21	as are required under section 1867 of such
22	Act to stabilize the patient.
23	(C) Stabilize.—The term "to stabilize",
24	with respect to an emergency medical condition
25	(as defined in subparagraph (A)), has the

- 1 meaning give in section 1867(e)(3) of the Social 2 Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1395dd(e)(3)).

(b) Reimbursement for Maintenance Care and

- 4 Post-Stabilization Care.—A group health plan, and
- 5 health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance
- 6 issuer, must provide reimbursement for maintenance care
- 7 and post-stabilization care in accordance with the require-
- 8 ments of section 1852(d)(2) of the Social Security Act (42
- 9 U.S.C. 1395w-22(d)(2)). Such reimbursement shall be
- 10 provided in a manner consistent with subsection (a)(1)(C).
- 11 (c) Coverage of Emergency Ambulance Serv-
- 12 ices.—

- 13 (1) In general.—If a group health plan, or
- health insurance coverage provided by a health in-
- surance issuer, provides any benefits with respect to
- ambulance services and emergency services, the plan
- or issuer shall cover emergency ambulance services
- (as defined in paragraph (2)) furnished under the
- plan or coverage under the same terms and condi-
- tions under subparagraphs (A) through (D) of sub-
- section (a)(1) under which coverage is provided for
- 22 emergency services.
- 23 (2) Emergency ambulance services.—For
- purposes of this subsection, the term "emergency
- ambulance services' means ambulance services (as

1 defined for purposes of section 1861(s)(7) of the So-2 cial Security Act) furnished to transport an indi-3 vidual who has an emergency medical condition (as defined in subsection (a)(2)(A) to a hospital for the 5 receipt of emergency services (as defined in sub-6 section (a)(2)(B) in a case in which the emergency 7 services are covered under the plan or coverage pur-8 suant to subsection (a)(1) and a prudent layperson, 9 with an average knowledge of health and medicine, 10 could reasonably expect that the absence of such 11 transport would result in placing the health of the 12 individual in serious jeopardy, serious impairment of 13 bodily function, or serious dysfunction of any bodily 14 organ or part.

15 SEC. 114. TIMELY ACCESS TO SPECIALISTS.

(a) Timely Access.—

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(1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage shall ensure that participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees receive timely access to specialists who are appropriate to the condition of, and accessible to, the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, when such specialty care is a covered benefit under the plan or coverage.

1	(2) Rule of Construction.—Nothing in
2	paragraph (1) shall be construed—
3	(A) to require the coverage under a group
4	health plan or health insurance coverage of ben-
5	efits or services;
6	(B) to prohibit a plan or issuer from in-
7	cluding providers in the network only to the ex-
8	tent necessary to meet the needs of the plan's
9	or issuer's participants, beneficiaries, or enroll-
10	ees; or
11	(C) to override any State licensure or
12	scope-of-practice law.
13	(3) Access to certain providers.—
14	(A) In general.—With respect to spe-
15	cialty care under this section, if a participating
16	specialist is not available and qualified to pro-
17	vide such care to the participant, beneficiary, or
18	enrollee, the plan or issuer shall provide for cov-
19	erage of such care by a nonparticipating spe-
20	cialist.
21	(B) Treatment of nonparticipating
22	PROVIDERS.—If a participant, beneficiary, or
23	enrollee receives care from a nonparticipating
24	specialist pursuant to subparagraph (A), such
25	specialty care shall be provided at no additional

1 cost to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee 2 beyond what the participant, beneficiary, or en-3 rollee would otherwise pay for such specialty 4 care if provided by a participating specialist. 5 (b) Referrals.— 6 (1) Authorization.—Subject to subsection 7 (a)(1), a group health plan or health insurance 8 issuer may require an authorization in order to ob-9 tain coverage for specialty services under this sec-10 tion. Any such authorization— 11 (A) shall be for an appropriate duration of 12 time or number of referrals, including an au-13 thorization for a standing referral where appro-14 priate; and 15 (B) may not be refused solely because the authorization involves services of a nonpartici-16 17 pating specialist (described subsection in18 (a)(3)). 19 (2) Referrals for ongoing special condi-20 TIONS.— 21 (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection 22 (a)(1), a group health plan or health insurance 23 issuer shall permit a participant, beneficiary, or 24 enrollee who has an ongoing special condition 25 (as defined in subparagraph (B)) to receive a

1	referral to a specialist for the treatment of such
2	condition and such specialist may authorize
3	such referrals, procedures, tests, and other
4	medical services with respect to such condition,
5	or coordinate the care for such condition, sub-
6	ject to the terms of a treatment plan (if any)
7	referred to in subsection (c) with respect to the
8	condition.
9	(B) Ongoing special condition de-
10	FINED.—In this subsection, the term "ongoing
11	special condition" means a condition or disease
12	that—
13	(i) is life-threatening, degenerative,
14	potentially disabling, or congenital; and
15	(ii) requires specialized medical care
16	over a prolonged period of time.
17	(c) Treatment Plans.—
18	(1) In general.—A group health plan or
19	health insurance issuer may require that the spe-
20	cialty care be provided—
21	(A) pursuant to a treatment plan, but only
22	if the treatment plan—
23	(i) is developed by the specialist, in
24	consultation with the case manager or pri-

1	mary care provider, and the participant,
2	beneficiary, or enrollee, and
3	(ii) is approved by the plan or issuer
4	in a timely manner, if the plan or issuer
5	requires such approval; and
6	(B) in accordance with applicable quality
7	assurance and utilization review standards of
8	the plan or issuer.
9	(2) Notification.—Nothing in paragraph (1)
10	shall be construed as prohibiting a plan or issuer
11	from requiring the specialist to provide the plan or
12	issuer with regular updates on the specialty care
13	provided, as well as all other reasonably necessary
14	medical information.
15	(d) Specialist Defined.—For purposes of this sec-
16	tion, the term "specialist" means, with respect to the con-
17	dition of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee, a health
18	care professional, facility, or center that has adequate ex-
19	pertise through appropriate training and experience (in-
20	cluding, in the case of a child, appropriate pediatric exper-
21	tise) to provide high quality care in treating the condition.
22	SEC. 115. PATIENT ACCESS TO OBSTETRIC AND GYNECO-
23	LOGICAL CARE.
24	(a) General Rights.—

- 1 (1) DIRECT ACCESS.—A group health plan, or 2 health insurance issuer offering health insurance 3 coverage, described in subsection (b) may not require authorization or referral by the plan, issuer, or 5 any person (including a primary care provider de-6 scribed in subsection (b)(2) in the case of a female 7 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who seeks cov-8 erage for obstetrical or gynecological care provided 9 by a participating health care professional who spe-10 cializes in obstetrics or gynecology.
 - (2) Obstetrical and gynecological care, and the issuer described in subsection (b) shall treat the provision of obstetrical and gynecological care, and the ordering of related obstetrical and gynecological items and services, pursuant to the direct access described under paragraph (1), by a participating health care professional who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology as the authorization of the primary care provider.
- 21 (b) APPLICATION OF SECTION.—A group health plan, 22 or health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-23 erage, described in this subsection is a group health plan

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1	(1) provides coverage for obstetric or
2	gynecologic care; and
3	(2) requires the designation by a participant,
4	beneficiary, or enrollee of a participating primary
5	care provider.
6	(c) Construction.—Nothing in subsection (a) shall
7	be construed to—
8	(1) waive any exclusions of coverage under the
9	terms and conditions of the plan or health insurance
10	coverage with respect to coverage of obstetrical or
11	gynecological care; or
12	(2) preclude the group health plan or health in-
13	surance issuer involved from requiring that the ob-
14	stetrical or gynecological provider notify the primary
15	care health care professional or the plan or issuer of
16	treatment decisions.
17	SEC. 116. ACCESS TO PEDIATRIC CARE.

18 (a) Pediatric Care.—In the case of a person who
19 has a child who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
20 under a group health plan, or health insurance coverage
21 offered by a health insurance issuer, if the plan or issuer
22 requires or provides for the designation of a participating
23 primary care provider for the child, the plan or issuer shall
24 permit such person to designate a physician (allopathic or
25 osteopathic) who specializes in pediatrics as the child's pri-

1	mary care provider if such provider participates in the net-
2	work of the plan or issuer.
3	(b) Construction.—Nothing in subsection (a) shall
4	be construed to waive any exclusions of coverage under
5	the terms and conditions of the plan or health insurance
6	coverage with respect to coverage of pediatric care.
7	SEC. 117. CONTINUITY OF CARE.
8	(a) Termination of Provider.—
9	(1) In General.—If—
10	(A) a contract between a group health
11	plan, or a health insurance issuer offering
12	health insurance coverage, and a treating health
13	care provider is terminated (as defined in para-
14	graph $(e)(4)$, or
15	(B) benefits or coverage provided by a
16	health care provider are terminated because of
17	a change in the terms of provider participation
18	in such plan or coverage,
19	the plan or issuer shall meet the requirements of
20	paragraph (3) with respect to each continuing care
21	patient.
22	(2) Treatment of termination of con-
23	TRACT WITH HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER.—If a
24	contract for the provision of health insurance cov-
25	erage between a group health plan and a health in-

surance issuer is terminated and, as a result of such termination, coverage of services of a health care provider is terminated with respect to an individual, the provisions of paragraph (1) (and the succeeding provisions of this section) shall apply under the plan in the same manner as if there had been a contract between the plan and the provider that had been terminated, but only with respect to benefits that are covered under the plan after the contract termination.

- (3) REQUIREMENTS.—The requirements of this paragraph are that the plan or issuer—
 - (A) notify the continuing care patient involved, or arrange to have the patient notified pursuant to subsection (d)(2), on a timely basis of the termination described in paragraph (1) (or paragraph (2), if applicable) and the right to elect continued transitional care from the provider under this section;
 - (B) provide the patient with an opportunity to notify the plan or issuer of the patient's need for transitional care; and
 - (C) subject to subsection (c), permit the patient to elect to continue to be covered with respect to the course of treatment by such pro-

1	vider with the provider's consent during a tran-
2	sitional period (as provided for under subsection
3	(b)).
4	(4) Continuing care patient.—For purposes
5	of this section, the term "continuing care patient"
6	means a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who—
7	(A) is undergoing a course of treatment
8	for a serious and complex condition from the
9	provider at the time the plan or issuer receives
10	or provides notice of provider, benefit, or cov-
11	erage termination described in paragraph (1)
12	(or paragraph (2), if applicable);
13	(B) is undergoing a course of institutional
14	or inpatient care from the provider at the time
15	of such notice;
16	(C) is scheduled to undergo non-elective
17	surgery from the provider at the time of such
18	notice;
19	(D) is pregnant and undergoing a course
20	of treatment for the pregnancy from the pro-
21	vider at the time of such notice; or
22	(E) is or was determined to be terminally
23	ill (as determined under section 1861(dd)(3)(A)
24	of the Social Security Act) at the time of such
25	notice, but only with respect to a provider that

1 was treating the terminal illness before the date 2 of such notice. (b) Transitional Periods.— 3 4 (1) Serious and complex conditions.—The 5 transitional period under this subsection with re-6 spect to a continuing care patient described in subsection (a)(4)(A) shall extend for up to 90 days (as 7 8 determined by the treating health care professional) 9 from the date of the notice described in subsection 10 (a)(3)(A). (2) Institutional or inpatient care.—The 11 12 transitional period under this subsection for a con-13 tinuing care patient described in subsection 14 (a)(4)(B) shall extend until the earlier of— 15 (A) the expiration of the 90-day period be-16 ginning on the date on which the notice under 17 subsection (a)(3)(A) is provided; or 18 (B) the date of discharge of the patient 19 from such care or the termination of the period 20 of institutionalization, or, if later, the date of 21 completion of reasonable follow-up care. 22 (3) Scheduled non-elective surgery.— 23 The transitional period under this subsection for a 24 continuing care patient described in subsection

(a)(4)(C) shall extend until the completion of the

- surgery involved and post-surgical follow-up care relating to the surgery and occurring within 90 days
- 3 after the date of the surgery.
- 4 (4) Pregnancy.—The transitional period 5 under this subsection for a continuing care patient 6 described in subsection (a)(4)(D) shall extend 7 through the provision of post-partum care directly 8 related to the delivery.
- 9 (5) TERMINAL ILLNESS.—The transitional pe-10 riod under this subsection for a continuing care pa-11 tient described in subsection (a)(4)(E) shall extend 12 for the remainder of the patient's life for care that 13 is directly related to the treatment of the terminal 14 illness or its medical manifestations.
- 15 (c) Permissible Terms and Conditions.—A
 16 group health plan or health insurance issuer may condi17 tion coverage of continued treatment by a provider under
 18 this section upon the provider agreeing to the following
 19 terms and conditions:
- 20 (1) The treating health care provider agrees to 21 accept reimbursement from the plan or issuer and 22 continuing care patient involved (with respect to 23 cost-sharing) at the rates applicable prior to the 24 start of the transitional period as payment in full 25 (or, in the case described in subsection (a)(2), at the

- rates applicable under the replacement plan or coverage after the date of the termination of the contract with the group health plan or health insurance
 issuer) and not to impose cost-sharing with respect
 to the patient in an amount that would exceed the
 cost-sharing that could have been imposed if the
 contract referred to in subsection (a)(1) had not
 been terminated.
 - (2) The treating health care provider agrees to adhere to the quality assurance standards of the plan or issuer responsible for payment under paragraph (1) and to provide to such plan or issuer necessary medical information related to the care provided.
 - (3) The treating health care provider agrees otherwise to adhere to such plan's or issuer's policies and procedures, including procedures regarding referrals and obtaining prior authorization and providing services pursuant to a treatment plan (if any) approved by the plan or issuer.
- 21 (d) RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this sec-22 tion shall be construed—
- 23 (1) to require the coverage of benefits which 24 would not have been covered if the provider involved 25 remained a participating provider; or

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1	(2) with respect to the termination of a con-
2	tract under subsection (a) to prevent a group health
3	plan or health insurance issuer from requiring that
4	the health care provider—
5	(A) notify participants, beneficiaries, or en-
6	rollees of their rights under this section; or
7	(B) provide the plan or issuer with the
8	name of each participant, beneficiary, or en-
9	rollee who the provider believes is a continuing
10	care patient.
11	(e) Definitions.—In this section:
12	(1) Contract.—The term "contract" includes,
13	with respect to a plan or issuer and a treating
14	health care provider, a contract between such plan
15	or issuer and an organized network of providers that
16	includes the treating health care provider, and (in
17	the case of such a contract) the contract between the
18	treating health care provider and the organized net-
19	work.
20	(2) Health care provider.—The term
21	"health care provider" or "provider" means—
22	(A) any individual who is engaged in the
23	delivery of health care services in a State and

who is required by State law or regulation to be

1	licensed or certified by the State to engage in
2	the delivery of such services in the State; and
3	(B) any entity that is engaged in the deliv-
4	ery of health care services in a State and that,
5	if it is required by State law or regulation to be
6	licensed or certified by the State to engage in
7	the delivery of such services in the State, is so
8	licensed.
9	(3) Serious and complex condition.—The
10	term "serious and complex condition" means, with
11	respect to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
12	under the plan or coverage—
13	(A) in the case of an acute illness, a condi-
14	tion that is serious enough to require special-
15	ized medical treatment to avoid the reasonable
16	possibility of death or permanent harm; or
17	(B) in the case of a chronic illness or con-
18	dition, is an ongoing special condition (as de-
19	fined in section $114(b)(2)(B)$.
20	(4) TERMINATED.—The term "terminated" in-
21	cludes, with respect to a contract, the expiration or
22	nonrenewal of the contract, but does not include a
23	termination of the contract for failure to meet appli-

cable quality standards or for fraud.

1 SEC. 118. ACCESS TO NEEDED PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.

2	(a) In General.—To the extent that a group health
3	plan, or health insurance coverage offered by a health in-
4	surance issuer, provides coverage for benefits with respect
5	to prescription drugs, and limits such coverage to drugs
6	included in a formulary, the plan or issuer shall—
7	(1) ensure the participation of physicians and
8	pharmacists in developing and reviewing such for-
9	mulary;
10	(2) provide for disclosure of the formulary to
11	providers; and
12	(3) in accordance with the applicable quality as-
13	surance and utilization review standards of the plan
14	or issuer, provide for exceptions from the formulary
15	limitation when a non-formulary alternative is medi-
16	cally necessary and appropriate and, in the case of
17	such an exception, apply the same cost-sharing re-
18	quirements that would have applied in the case of a
19	drug covered under the formulary.
20	(b) Coverage of Approved Drugs and Medical
21	DEVICES.—
22	(1) In General.—A group health plan (or
23	health insurance coverage offered in connection with
24	such a plan) that provides any coverage of prescrip-
25	tion drugs or medical devices shall not deny coverage

1	of such a drug or device on the basis that the use
2	is investigational, if the use—
3	(A) in the case of a prescription drug—
4	(i) is included in the labeling author-
5	ized by the application in effect for the
6	drug pursuant to subsection (b) or (j) of
7	section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug,
8	and Cosmetic Act, without regard to any
9	postmarketing requirements that may
10	apply under such Act; or
11	(ii) is included in the labeling author-
12	ized by the application in effect for the
13	drug under section 351 of the Public
14	Health Service Act, without regard to any
15	postmarketing requirements that may
16	apply pursuant to such section; or
17	(B) in the case of a medical device, is in-
18	cluded in the labeling authorized by a regula-
19	tion under subsection (d) or (3) of section 513
20	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act,
21	an order under subsection (f) of such section, or
22	an application approved under section 515 of
23	such Act, without regard to any postmarketing
24	requirements that may apply under such Act.

1	(2) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
2	section shall be construed as requiring a group
3	health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in
4	connection with such a plan) to provide any coverage
5	of prescription drugs or medical devices.
6	SEC. 119. COVERAGE FOR INDIVIDUALS PARTICIPATING IN
7	APPROVED CLINICAL TRIALS.
8	(a) Coverage.—
9	(1) In general.—If a group health plan, or
10	health insurance issuer that is providing health in-
11	surance coverage, provides coverage to a qualified in-
12	dividual (as defined in subsection (b)), the plan or
13	issuer—
14	(A) may not deny the individual participa-
15	tion in the clinical trial referred to in subsection
16	(b)(2);
17	(B) subject to subsection (c), may not deny
18	(or limit or impose additional conditions on) the
19	coverage of routine patient costs for items and
20	services furnished in connection with participa-
21	tion in the trial; and
22	(C) may not discriminate against the indi-
23	vidual on the basis of the enrollee's participa-
24	tion in such trial.

- 1 (2) EXCLUSION OF CERTAIN COSTS.—For pur-2 poses of paragraph (1)(B), routine patient costs do 3 not include the cost of the tests or measurements 4 conducted primarily for the purpose of the clinical 5 trial involved.
- 6 (3) Use of in-network providers.—If one 7 or more participating providers is participating in a 8 clinical trial, nothing in paragraph (1) shall be con-9 strued as preventing a plan or issuer from requiring 10 that a qualified individual participate in the trial 11 through such a participating provider if the provider 12 will accept the individual as a participant in the 13 trial.
- 14 (b) QUALIFIED INDIVIDUAL DEFINED.—For pur-15 poses of subsection (a), the term "qualified individual" 16 means an individual who is a participant or beneficiary 17 in a group health plan, or who is an enrollee under health 18 insurance coverage, and who meets the following condi-19 tions:
- 20 (1)(A) The individual has a life-threatening or 21 serious illness for which no standard treatment is ef-22 fective.
- 23 (B) The individual is eligible to participate in 24 an approved clinical trial according to the trial pro-25 tocol with respect to treatment of such illness.

(C) The individual's participation in the trial offers meaningful potential for significant clinical benefit for the individual.

(2) Either—

- (A) the referring physician is a participating health care professional and has concluded that the individual's participation in such trial would be appropriate based upon the individual meeting the conditions described in paragraph (1); or
- (B) the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee provides medical and scientific information establishing that the individual's participation in such trial would be appropriate based upon the individual meeting the conditions described in paragraph (1).

(c) Payment.—

(1) In GENERAL.—Under this section a group health plan or health insurance issuer shall provide for payment for routine patient costs described in subsection (a)(2) but is not required to pay for costs of items and services that are reasonably expected (as determined by the appropriate Secretary) to be paid for by the sponsors of an approved clinical trial.

1	(2) Payment rate.—In the case of covered
2	items and services provided by—
3	(A) a participating provider, the payment
4	rate shall be at the agreed upon rate; or
5	(B) a nonparticipating provider, the pay-
6	ment rate shall be at the rate the plan or issuer
7	would normally pay for comparable services
8	under subparagraph (A).
9	(d) Approved Clinical Trial Defined.—
10	(1) In general.—In this section, the term
11	"approved clinical trial" means a clinical research
12	study or clinical investigation—
13	(A) approved and funded (which may in-
14	clude funding through in-kind contributions) by
15	one or more of the following:
16	(i) the National Institutes of Health;
17	(ii) a cooperative group or center of
18	the National Institutes of Health;
19	(iii) either of the following if the con-
20	ditions described in paragraph (2) are
21	met—
22	(I) the Department of Veterans
23	Affairs;
24	(II) the Department of Defense;
25	or

1	(B) approved by the Food and Drug Ad-
2	ministration.
3	(2) Conditions for departments.—The
4	conditions described in this paragraph, for a study
5	or investigation conducted by a Department, are
6	that the study or investigation has been reviewed
7	and approved through a system of peer review that
8	the appropriate Secretary determines—
9	(A) to be comparable to the system of peer
10	review of studies and investigations used by the
11	National Institutes of Health; and
12	(B) assures unbiased review of the highest
13	scientific standards by qualified individuals who
14	have no interest in the outcome of the review.
15	(e) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
16	construed to limit a plan's or issuer's coverage with re-
17	spect to clinical trials.
18	SEC. 120. REQUIRED COVERAGE FOR MINIMUM HOSPITAL
19	STAY FOR MASTECTOMIES AND LYMPH NODE
20	DISSECTIONS FOR THE TREATMENT OF
21	BREAST CANCER AND COVERAGE FOR SEC-
22	ONDARY CONSULTATIONS.
23	(a) Inpatient Care.—
24	(1) In General.—A group health plan, and a
25	health insurance issuer providing health insurance

1	coverage, that provides medical and surgical benefits
2	shall ensure that inpatient coverage with respect to
3	the treatment of breast cancer is provided for a pe-
4	riod of time as is determined by the attending physi-
5	cian, in consultation with the patient, to be medi-
6	cally necessary and appropriate following—
7	(A) a mastectomy;
8	(B) a lumpectomy; or
9	(C) a lymph node dissection for the treat-
10	ment of breast cancer.
11	(2) Exception.—Nothing in this section shall
12	be construed as requiring the provision of inpatient
13	coverage if the attending physician and patient de-
14	termine that a shorter period of hospital stay is
15	medically appropriate.
16	(b) Prohibition on Certain Modifications.—In
17	implementing the requirements of this section, a group
18	health plan, and a health insurance issuer providing health
19	insurance coverage, may not modify the terms and condi-
20	tions of coverage based on the determination by a partici-
21	pant, beneficiary, or enrollee to request less than the min-
22	imum coverage required under subsection (a).
23	(c) Secondary Consultations.—
24	(1) In general.—A group health plan, and a
25	health insurance issuer providing health insurance

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coverage, that provides coverage with respect to medical and surgical services provided in relation to the diagnosis and treatment of cancer shall ensure that full coverage is provided for secondary consultations by specialists in the appropriate medical fields (including pathology, radiology, and oncology) to confirm or refute such diagnosis. Such plan or issuer shall ensure that full coverage is provided for such secondary consultation whether such consultation is based on a positive or negative initial diagnosis. In any case in which the attending physician certifies in writing that services necessary for such a secondary consultation are not sufficiently available from specialists operating under the plan or coverage with respect to whose services coverage is otherwise provided under such plan or by such issuer, such plan or issuer shall ensure that coverage is provided with respect to the services necessary for the secondary consultation with any other specialist selected by the attending physician for such purpose at no additional cost to the individual beyond that which the individual would have paid if the specialist was participating in the network of the plan or issuer.

(2) Exception.—Nothing in paragraph (1) shall be construed as requiring the provision of sec-

- ondary consultations where the patient determines not to seek such a consultation.
- 3 (d) Prohibition on Penalties or Incentives.—
- 4 A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer pro-
- 5 viding health insurance coverage, may not—
- (1) penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of a provider or specialist because the provider or specialist provided care to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee in accordance with this sec-
- 11 (2) provide financial or other incentives to a 12 physician or specialist to induce the physician or 13 specialist to keep the length of inpatient stays of pa-14 tients following a mastectomy, lumpectomy, or a 15 lymph node dissection for the treatment of breast 16 cancer below certain limits or to limit referrals for 17 secondary consultations; or
 - (3) provide financial or other incentives to a physician or specialist to induce the physician or specialist to refrain from referring a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee for a secondary consultation that would otherwise be covered by the plan or coverage involved under subsection (c).

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Subtitle C—Access to Information

2	SEC. 121. PATIENT ACCESS TO INFORMATION.
3	(a) Requirement.—
4	(1) Disclosure.—
5	(A) In general.—A group health plan,
6	and a health insurance issuer that provides cov-
7	erage in connection with health insurance cov-
8	erage, shall provide for the disclosure to partici-
9	pants, beneficiaries, and enrollees—
10	(i) of the information described in
11	subsection (b) at the time of the initial en-
12	rollment of the participant, beneficiary, or
13	enrollee under the plan or coverage;
14	(ii) of such information on an annual
15	basis—
16	(I) in conjunction with the elec-
17	tion period of the plan or coverage if
18	the plan or coverage has such an elec-
19	tion period; or
20	(II) in the case of a plan or cov-
21	erage that does not have an election
22	period, in conjunction with the begin-
23	ning of the plan or coverage year; and
24	(iii) of information relating to any
25	material reduction to the benefits or infor-

1	mation described in such subsection or
2	subsection (c), in the form of a notice pro-
3	vided not later than 30 days before the
4	date on which the reduction takes effect.
5	(B) Participants, beneficiaries, and
6	ENROLLEES.—The disclosure required under
7	subparagraph (A) shall be provided—
8	(i) jointly to each participant, bene-
9	ficiary, and enrollee who reside at the same
10	address; or
11	(ii) in the case of a beneficiary or en-
12	rollee who does not reside at the same ad-
13	dress as the participant or another en-
14	rollee, separately to the participant or
15	other enrollees and such beneficiary or en-
16	rollee.
17	(2) Provision of Information.—Information
18	shall be provided to participants, beneficiaries, and
19	enrollees under this section at the last known ad-
20	dress maintained by the plan or issuer with respect
21	to such participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees, to
22	the extent that such information is provided to par-
23	ticipants, beneficiaries, or enrollees via the United
24	States Postal Service or other private delivery serv-

ice.

1	(b) REQUIRED INFORMATION.—The informational
2	materials to be distributed under this section shall include
3	for each option available under the group health plan or
4	health insurance coverage the following:
5	(1) Benefits.—A description of the covered
6	benefits, including—
7	(A) any in- and out-of-network benefits;
8	(B) specific preventive services covered
9	under the plan or coverage if such services are
10	covered;
11	(C) any specific exclusions or express limi-
12	tations of benefits described in section
13	104(b)(3)(C);
14	(D) any other benefit limitations, including
15	any annual or lifetime benefit limits and any
16	monetary limits or limits on the number of vis-
17	its, days, or services, and any specific coverage
18	exclusions; and
19	(E) any definition of medical necessity
20	used in making coverage determinations by the
21	plan, issuer, or claims administrator.
22	(2) Cost sharing.—A description of any cost-
23	sharing requirements, including—
24	(A) any premiums, deductibles, coinsur-
25	ance, copayment amounts, and liability for bal-

1	ance billing, for which the participant, bene-
2	ficiary, or enrollee will be responsible under
3	each option available under the plan;

- (B) any maximum out-of-pocket expense for which the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee may be liable;
- (C) any cost-sharing requirements for outof-network benefits or services received from nonparticipating providers; and
- (D) any additional cost-sharing or charges for benefits and services that are furnished without meeting applicable plan or coverage requirements, such as prior authorization or precertification.
- (3) Service area, —A description of the plan or issuer's service area, including the provision of any out-of-area coverage.
- (4) Participating providers (to the extent a plan or issuer provides coverage through a network of providers) that includes, at a minimum, the name, address, and telephone number of each participating provider, and information about how to inquire whether a participating provider is currently accepting new patients.

- (5) Choice of Primary Care Provider.—A description of any requirements and procedures to be used by participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees in selecting, accessing, or changing their primary care provider, including providers both within and outside of the network (if the plan or issuer permits out-of-network services), and the right to select a pe-diatrician as a primary care provider under section 116 for a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee who is a child if such section applies.
 - (6) Preauthorization requirements.—A description of the requirements and procedures to be used to obtain preauthorization for health services, if such preauthorization is required.
 - (7) Experimental and investigational treatments.—A description of the process for determining whether a particular item, service, or treatment is considered experimental or investigational, and the circumstances under which such treatments are covered by the plan or issuer.
 - (8) Specialty care.—A description of the requirements and procedures to be used by participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees in accessing specialty care and obtaining referrals to participating and nonparticipating specialists, including any limi-

- tations on choice of health care professionals referred to in section 112(b)(2) and the right to timely access to specialists care under section 114 if such section applies.
 - (9) CLINICAL TRIALS.—A description of the circumstances and conditions under which participation in clinical trials is covered under the terms and conditions of the plan or coverage, and the right to obtain coverage for approved clinical trials under section 119 if such section applies.
 - (10) Prescription drugs.—To the extent the plan or issuer provides coverage for prescription drugs, a statement of whether such coverage is limited to drugs included in a formulary, a description of any provisions and cost-sharing required for obtaining on- and off-formulary medications, and a description of the rights of participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees in obtaining access to access to prescription drugs under section 118 if such section applies.
 - (11) EMERGENCY SERVICES.—A summary of the rules and procedures for accessing emergency services, including the right of a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to obtain emergency services under the prudent layperson standard under section

- 1 113, if such section applies, and any educational in-2 formation that the plan or issuer may provide re-3 garding the appropriate use of emergency services.
 - (12) CLAIMS AND APPEALS.—A description of the plan or issuer's rules and procedures pertaining to claims and appeals, a description of the rights (including deadlines for exercising rights) of participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees under subtitle A in obtaining covered benefits, filing a claim for benefits, and appealing coverage decisions internally and externally (including telephone numbers and mailing addresses of the appropriate authority), and a description of any additional legal rights and remedies available under section 502 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and applicable State law.
 - (13) ADVANCE DIRECTIVES AND ORGAN DONA-TION.—A description of procedures for advance directives and organ donation decisions if the plan or issuer maintains such procedures.
 - (14) Information on Plans and Issuers.—
 The name, mailing address, and telephone number or numbers of the plan administrator and the issuer to be used by participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees seeking information about plan or coverage bene-

- fits and services, payment of a claim, or authorization for services and treatment. Notice of whether the benefits under the plan or coverage are provided under a contract or policy of insurance issued by an issuer, or whether benefits are provided directly by the plan sponsor who bears the insurance risk.
 - (15) Translation services.—A summary description of any translation or interpretation services (including the availability of printed information in languages other than English, audio tapes, or information in Braille) that are available for non-English speakers and participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees with communication disabilities and a description of how to access these items or services.
 - (16) Accreditation information.—Any information that is made public by accrediting organizations in the process of accreditation if the plan or issuer is accredited, or any additional quality indicators (such as the results of enrollee satisfaction surveys) that the plan or issuer makes public or makes available to participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees.
 - (17) Notice of requirements.—A description of any rights of participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees that are established by the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (excluding those described in

- 1 paragraphs (1) through (16)) if such sections apply.
- 2 The description required under this paragraph may
- 3 be combined with the notices of the type described
- 4 in sections 711(d), 713(b), or 606(a)(1) of the Em-
- 5 ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 and
- 6 with any other notice provision that the appropriate
- 7 Secretary determines may be combined, so long as
- 8 such combination does not result in any reduction
- 9 in the information that would otherwise be provided
- to the recipient.
- 11 (18) Availability of additional informa-
- 12 TION.—A statement that the information described
- in subsection (c), and instructions on obtaining such
- information (including telephone numbers and, if
- available, Internet websites), shall be made available
- 16 upon request.
- 17 (c) Additional Information.—The informational
- 18 materials to be provided upon the request of a participant,
- 19 beneficiary, or enrollee shall include for each option avail-
- 20 able under a group health plan or health insurance cov-
- 21 erage the following:
- 22 (1) Status of Providers.—The State licen-
- sure status of the plan or issuer's participating
- health care professionals and participating health
- care facilities, and, if available, the education, train-

- ing, specialty qualifications or certifications of such
 professionals.
- description by category of the applicable methods
 (such as capitation, fee-for-service, salary, bundled
 payments, per diem, or a combination thereof) used
 for compensating prospective or treating health care
 professionals (including primary care providers and
 specialists) and facilities in connection with the provision of health care under the plan or coverage.
 - (3) PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.—Information about whether a specific prescription medication is included in the formulary of the plan or issuer, if the plan or issuer uses a defined formulary.
 - (4) UTILIZATION REVIEW ACTIVITIES.—A description of procedures used and requirements (including circumstances, timeframes, and appeals rights) under any utilization review program under sections 101 and 102, including any drug formulary program under section 118.
 - (5) EXTERNAL APPEALS INFORMATION.—Aggregate information on the number and outcomes of external medical reviews, relative to the sample size (such as the number of covered lives) under the plan or under the coverage of the issuer.

1	(d) Manner of Disclosure.—The information de
2	scribed in this section shall be disclosed in an accessible
3	medium and format that is calculated to be understood
4	by a participant or enrollee.
5	(e) Rules of Construction.—Nothing in this sec
6	tion shall be construed to prohibit a group health plan
7	or a health insurance issuer in connection with health in
8	surance coverage, from—
9	(1) distributing any other additional informa
10	tion determined by the plan or issuer to be impor-
11	tant or necessary in assisting participants, bene
12	ficiaries, and enrollees in the selection of a health
13	plan or health insurance coverage; and
14	(2) complying with the provisions of this section
15	by providing information in brochures, through the
16	Internet or other electronic media, or through other
17	similar means, so long as—
18	(A) the disclosure of such information in
19	such form is in accordance with requirements
20	as the appropriate Secretary may impose, and
21	(B) in connection with any such disclosure
22	of information through the Internet or other
23	electronic media—

1	(i) the recipient has affirmatively con-
2	sented to the disclosure of such informa-
3	tion in such form,
4	(ii) the recipient is capable of access-
5	ing the information so disclosed on the re-
6	cipient's individual workstation or at the
7	recipient's home,
8	(iii) the recipient retains an ongoing
9	right to receive paper disclosure of such in-
10	formation and receives, in advance of any
11	attempt at disclosure of such information
12	to him or her through the Internet or
13	other electronic media, notice in printed
14	form of such ongoing right and of the
15	proper software required to view informa-
16	tion so disclosed, and
17	(iv) the plan administrator appro-
18	priately ensures that the intended recipient
19	is receiving the information so disclosed
20	and provides the information in printed
21	form if the information is not received.

Subtitle D—Protecting the Doctor-Patient Relationship

- 3 SEC. 131. PROHIBITION OF INTERFERENCE WITH CERTAIN
- 4 MEDICAL COMMUNICATIONS.

1

- 5 (a) General Rule.—The provisions of any contract
- 6 or agreement, or the operation of any contract or agree-
- 7 ment, between a group health plan or health insurance
- 8 issuer in relation to health insurance coverage (including
- 9 any partnership, association, or other organization that
- 10 enters into or administers such a contract or agreement)
- 11 and a health care provider (or group of health care pro-
- 12 viders) shall not prohibit or otherwise restrict a health
- 13 care professional from advising such a participant, bene-
- 14 ficiary, or enrollee who is a patient of the professional
- 15 about the health status of the individual or medical care
- 16 or treatment for the individual's condition or disease, re-
- 17 gardless of whether benefits for such care or treatment
- 18 are provided under the plan or coverage, if the professional
- 19 is acting within the lawful scope of practice.
- 20 (b) Nullification.—Any contract provision or
- 21 agreement that restricts or prohibits medical communica-
- 22 tions in violation of subsection (a) shall be null and void.

1 SEC. 132. PROHIBITION OF DISCRIMINATION AGAINST PRO-

2	VIDERS BASED ON LICENSURE.
3	(a) In General.—A group health plan, and a health
4	insurance issuer with respect to health insurance coverage,
5	shall not discriminate with respect to participation or in-
6	demnification as to any provider who is acting within the
7	scope of the provider's license or certification under appli-
8	cable State law, solely on the basis of such license or cer-
9	tification.
10	(b) Construction.—Subsection (a) shall not be
11	construed—
12	(1) as requiring the coverage under a group
13	health plan or health insurance coverage of a par-
14	ticular benefit or service or to prohibit a plan or
15	issuer from including providers only to the extent
16	necessary to meet the needs of the plan's or issuer's
17	participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees or from es-
18	tablishing any measure designed to maintain quality
19	and control costs consistent with the responsibilities
20	of the plan or issuer;
21	(2) to override any State licensure or scope-of-
22	practice law; or
23	(3) as requiring a plan or issuer that offers net-
24	work coverage to include for participation every will-
25	ing provider who meets the terms and conditions of
26	the plan or issuer.

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- 1	SEC.	133.	PROHIBITION	AGAINST	IMPROPER	INCENTIVE

- 2 ARRANGEMENTS.
- 3 (a) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan and a health
- 4 insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage may
- 5 not operate any physician incentive plan (as defined in
- 6 subparagraph (B) of section 1876(i)(8) of the Social Secu-
- 7 rity Act) unless the requirements described in clauses (i),
- 8 (ii)(I), and (iii) of subparagraph (A) of such section are
- 9 met with respect to such a plan.
- 10 (b) Application.—For purposes of carrying out
- 11 paragraph (1), any reference in section 1876(i)(8) of the
- 12 Social Security Act to the Secretary, an eligible organiza-
- 13 tion, or an individual enrolled with the organization shall
- 14 be treated as a reference to the applicable authority, a
- 15 group health plan or health insurance issuer, respectively,
- 16 and a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee with the plan
- 17 or organization, respectively.
- 18 (c) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
- 19 construed as prohibiting all capitation and similar ar-
- 20 rangements or all provider discount arrangements.
- 21 SEC. 134. PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
- A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer
- 23 offering group health insurance coverage, shall provide for
- 24 prompt payment of claims submitted for health care serv-
- 25 ices or supplies furnished to a participant, beneficiary, or
- 26 enrollee with respect to benefits covered by the plan or

1	issuer, in a manner consistent with the provisions of sec-
2	tion 1842(c)(2) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C.
3	1395u(e)(2)).
4	SEC. 135. PROTECTION FOR PATIENT ADVOCACY.
5	(a) Protection for Use of Utilization Review
6	AND GRIEVANCE PROCESS.—A group health plan, and a
7	health insurance issuer with respect to the provision of
8	health insurance coverage, may not retaliate against a par-
9	ticipant, beneficiary, enrollee, or health care provider
10	based on the participant's, beneficiary's, enrollee's or pro-
11	vider's use of, or participation in, a utilization review proc-
12	ess or a grievance process of the plan or issuer (including
13	an internal or external review or appeal process) under
14	this title.
15	(b) Protection for Quality Advocacy by
16	HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.—
17	(1) In general.—A group health plan or
18	health insurance issuer may not retaliate or dis-
19	criminate against a protected health care profes-
20	sional because the professional in good faith—
21	(A) discloses information relating to the
22	care, services, or conditions affecting one or
23	more participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees of
24	the plan or issuer to an appropriate public reg-

ulatory agency, an appropriate private accredi-

1	tation	body,	or	appropriate	management	per-
2	sonnel	of the	plai	n or issuer; o	\mathbf{r}	

(B) initiates, cooperates, or otherwise participates in an investigation or proceeding by such an agency with respect to such care, services, or conditions.

If an institutional health care provider is a participating provider with such a plan or issuer or otherwise receives payments for benefits provided by such a plan or issuer, the provisions of the previous sentence shall apply to the provider in relation to care, services, or conditions affecting one or more patients within an institutional health care provider in the same manner as they apply to the plan or issuer in relation to care, services, or conditions provided to one or more participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees; and for purposes of applying this sentence, any reference to a plan or issuer is deemed a reference to the institutional health care provider.

(2) Good faith action.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a protected health care professional is considered to be acting in good faith with respect to disclosure of information or participation if, with respect to the information disclosed as part of the action—

1	(A) the disclosure is made on the basis of
2	personal knowledge and is consistent with that
3	degree of learning and skill ordinarily possessed
4	by health care professionals with the same li-
5	censure or certification and the same experi-
6	ence;
7	(B) the professional reasonably believes the
8	information to be true;
9	(C) the information evidences either a vio-
10	lation of a law, rule, or regulation, of an appli-
11	cable accreditation standard, or of a generally
12	recognized professional or clinical standard or
13	that a patient is in imminent hazard of loss of
14	life or serious injury; and
15	(D) subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C)
16	of paragraph (3), the professional has followed
17	reasonable internal procedures of the plan,
18	issuer, or institutional health care provider es-
19	tablished for the purpose of addressing quality
20	concerns before making the disclosure.
21	(3) Exception and special rule.—
22	(A) GENERAL EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1)
23	does not protect disclosures that would violate
24	Federal or State law or diminish or impair the
25	rights of any person to the continued protection

1	of confidentiality of communications provided
2	by such law.
3	(B) Notice of internal procedures.—
4	Subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) shall not
5	apply unless the internal procedures involved
6	are reasonably expected to be known to the
7	health care professional involved. For purposes
8	of this subparagraph, a health care professional
9	is reasonably expected to know of internal pro-
10	cedures if those procedures have been made
11	available to the professional through distribu-
12	tion or posting.
13	(C) Internal procedure exception.—
14	Subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) also shall
15	not apply if—
16	(i) the disclosure relates to an immi-
17	nent hazard of loss of life or serious injury
18	to a patient;
19	(ii) the disclosure is made to an ap-
20	propriate private accreditation body pursu-
21	ant to disclosure procedures established by
22	the body; or
23	(iii) the disclosure is in response to an
24	inquiry made in an investigation or pro-
25	ceeding of an appropriate public regulatory

1	agency and the information disclosed is
2	limited to the scope of the investigation or
3	proceeding.

- (4) Additional considerations.—It shall not be a violation of paragraph (1) to take an adverse action against a protected health care professional if the plan, issuer, or provider taking the adverse action involved demonstrates that it would have taken the same adverse action even in the absence of the activities protected under such paragraph.
- (5) Notice.—A group health plan, health insurance issuer, and institutional health care provider shall post a notice, to be provided or approved by the Secretary of Labor, setting forth excerpts from, or summaries of, the pertinent provisions of this subsection and information pertaining to enforcement of such provisions.

(6) Constructions.—

(A) DETERMINATIONS OF COVERAGE.—
Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a plan or issuer from making a determination not to pay for a particular medical treatment or service or the services of a type of health care professional.

- 1 (B) Enforcement of Peer Review Pro-2 TOCOLS AND INTERNAL PROCEDURES.—Noth-3 ing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a plan, issuer, or provider from estab-4 5 lishing and enforcing reasonable peer review or utilization review protocols or determining 6 7 whether a protected health care professional has 8 complied with those protocols or from estab-9 lishing and enforcing internal procedures for 10 the purpose of addressing quality concerns. 11
 - (C) RELATION TO OTHER RIGHTS.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to abridge rights of participants, beneficiaries, enrollees, and protected health care professionals under other applicable Federal or State laws.
 - (7) Protected Health care professional Defined.—For purposes of this subsection, the term "protected health care professional" means an individual who is a licensed or certified health care professional and who—
 - (A) with respect to a group health plan or health insurance issuer, is an employee of the plan or issuer or has a contract with the plan or issuer for provision of services for which benefits are available under the plan or issuer; or

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1	(B) with respect to an institutional health
2	care provider, is an employee of the provider or
3	has a contract or other arrangement with the
4	provider respecting the provision of health care
5	services.
6	Subtitle E—Definitions
7	SEC. 151. DEFINITIONS.
8	(a) Incorporation of General Definitions.—
9	Except as otherwise provided, the provisions of section
10	2791 of the Public Health Service Act shall apply for pur-
11	poses of this title in the same manner as they apply for
12	purposes of title XXVII of such Act.
13	(b) Secretary.—Except as otherwise provided, the
14	term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health and
15	Human Services, in consultation with the Secretary of
16	Labor and the term "appropriate Secretary" means the
17	Secretary of Health and Human Services in relation to
18	carrying out this title under sections 2706 and 2751 of
19	the Public Health Service Act and the Secretary of Labor
20	in relation to carrying out this title under section 713 of
21	the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.
22	(c) Additional Definitions.—For purposes of this
23	title:
24	(1) APPLICABLE AUTHORITY.—The term "ap-
25	plicable authority" means—

1	(A) in the case of a group health plan, the
2	Secretary of Health and Human Services and
3	the Secretary of Labor; and
4	(B) in the case of a health insurance issuer

- (B) in the case of a health insurance issuer with respect to a specific provision of this title, the applicable State authority (as defined in section 2791(d) of the Public Health Service Act), or the Secretary of Health and Human Services, if such Secretary is enforcing such provision under section 2722(a)(2) or 2761(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act.
- (2) Enrollee.—The term "enrollee" means, with respect to health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, an individual enrolled with the issuer to receive such coverage.
- (3) GROUP HEALTH PLAN.—The term "group health plan" has the meaning given such term in section 733(a) of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, except that such term includes a employee welfare benefit plan treated as a group health plan under section 732(d) of such Act or defined as such a plan under section 607(1) of such Act.
- (4) Health care professional.—The term "health care professional" means an individual who

- is licensed, accredited, or certified under State law to provide specified health care services and who is operating within the scope of such licensure, accreditation, or certification.
 - (5) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term "health care provider" includes a physician or other health care professional, as well as an institutional or other facility or agency that provides health care services and that is licensed, accredited, or certified to provide health care items and services under applicable State law.
 - (6) Network.—The term "network" means, with respect to a group health plan or health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage, the participating health care professionals and providers through whom the plan or issuer provides health care items and services to participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees.
 - (7) Nonparticipating.—The term "non-participating" means, with respect to a health care provider that provides health care items and services to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under group health plan or health insurance coverage, a health care provider that is not a participating health care provider with respect to such items and services.

- (8) Participating.—The term "participating" 1 2 means, with respect to a health care provider that provides health care items and services to a partici-3 4 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee under group health 5 plan or health insurance coverage offered by a 6 health insurance issuer, a health care provider that 7 furnishes such items and services under a contract 8 or other arrangement with the plan or issuer.
 - (9) Prior authorization.—The term "prior authorization" means the process of obtaining prior approval from a health insurance issuer or group health plan for the provision or coverage of medical services.
- 14 (10) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The term
 15 "terms and conditions" includes, with respect to a
 16 group health plan or health insurance coverage, re17 quirements imposed under this title with respect to
 18 the plan or coverage.
- 19 SEC. 152. PREEMPTION; STATE FLEXIBILITY; CONSTRUC-
- 20 **TION.**

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- 21 (a) Continued Applicability of State Law
- 22 WITH RESPECT TO HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS.—
- 23 (1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
- 24 this title shall not be construed to supersede any
- provision of State law which establishes, implements,

- or continues in effect any standard or requirement solely relating to health insurance issuers (in connection with group health insurance coverage or otherwise) except to the extent that such standard or requirement prevents the application of a requirement of this title.
- 7 (2) CONTINUED PREEMPTION WITH RESPECT
 8 TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS.—Nothing in this title
 9 shall be construed to affect or modify the provisions
 10 of section 514 of the Employee Retirement Income
 11 Security Act of 1974 with respect to group health
 12 plans.
- 13 (3) Construction.—In applying this section,
 14 a State law that provides for equal access to, and
 15 availability of, all categories of licensed health care
 16 providers and services shall not be treated as pre17 venting the application of any requirement of this
 18 title.
- (b) APPLICATION OF SUBSTANTIALLY EQUIVALENTSTATE LAWS.—
- 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—In the case of a State law 22 that imposes, with respect to health insurance cov-23 erage offered by a health insurance issuer and with 24 respect to a group health plan that is a non-Federal 25 governmental plan, a requirement that is substan-

- tially equivalent (within the meaning of subsection (c)) to a patient protection requirement (as defined in paragraph (3)) and does not prevent the applica-tion of other requirements under this Act (except in the case of other substantially equivalent require-ments), in applying the requirements of this title under section 2707 and 2753 (as applicable) of the Public Health Service Act (as added by title II), subject to subsection (a)(2)—
 - (A) the State law shall not be treated as being superseded under subsection (a); and
 - (B) the State law shall apply instead of the patient protection requirement otherwise applicable with respect to health insurance coverage and non-Federal governmental plans.
 - (2) LIMITATION.—In the case of a group health plan covered under title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, paragraph (1) shall be construed to apply only with respect to the health insurance coverage (if any) offered in connection with the plan.
 - (3) Patient protection requirement de-Fined.—For purposes of this section, the term "patient protection requirement" means a requirement under this title, and includes (as a single require-

1	ment) a group or related set of requirements under
2	a section or similar unit under this title.
3	(c) Determinations of Substantial Equiva-
4	LENCE.—
5	(1) Certification by states.—A State may
6	submit to the Secretary a certification that a State
7	law provides for patient protections that are at least
8	substantially equivalent to one or more patient pro-
9	tection requirements. Such certification shall be ac-
10	companied by such information as may be required
11	to permit the Secretary to make the determination
12	described in paragraph (2)(A).
13	(2) Review.—
14	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall
15	promptly review a certification submitted under
16	paragraph (1) with respect to a State law to de-
17	termine if the State law provides for at least
18	substantially equivalent and effective patient
19	protections to the patient protection require-
20	ment (or requirements) to which the law re-
21	lates.
22	(B) Approval deadlines.—
23	(i) Initial review.—Such a certifi-
24	cation is considered approved unless the
25	Secretary notifies the State in writing,

1	within 90 days after the date of receipt of
2	the certification, that the certification is
3	disapproved (and the reasons for dis-
4	approval) or that specified additional infor-
5	mation is needed to make the determina-
6	tion described in subparagraph (A).
7	(ii) Additional information.—
8	With respect to a State that has been noti-
9	fied by the Secretary under clause (i) that
10	specified additional information is needed
11	to make the determination described in
12	subparagraph (A), the Secretary shall
13	make the determination within 60 days
14	after the date on which such specified ad-
15	ditional information is received by the Sec-
16	retary.
17	(3) Approval.—
18	(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall ap-
19	prove a certification under paragraph (1)
20	unless—
21	(i) the State fails to provide sufficient
22	information to enable the Secretary to
23	make a determination under paragraph
24	(2)(A); or

1	(ii) the Secretary determines that the
2	State law involved does not provide for pa-
3	tient protections that are at least substan-
4	tially equivalent to and as effective as the
5	patient protection requirement (or require-
6	ments) to which the law relates.
7	(B) STATE CHALLENGE.—A State that has
8	a certification disapproved by the Secretary
9	under subparagraph (A) may challenge such
10	disapproval in the appropriate United States
11	district court.
12	(4) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
13	section shall be construed as preventing the certifi-
14	cation (and approval of certification) of a State law
15	under this subsection solely because it provides for
16	greater protections for patients than those protec-
17	tions otherwise required to establish substantial
18	equivalence.
19	(d) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
20	(1) State law.—The term "State law" in-
21	cludes all laws, decisions, rules, regulations, or other
22	State action having the effect of law, of any State.
23	A law of the United States applicable only to the

District of Columbia shall be treated as a State law

rather than a law of the United States.

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1	(2) State.—The term "State" includes a
2	State, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the
3	Virgin Islands, Guam, American Samoa, the North-
4	ern Mariana Islands, any political subdivisions of
5	such, or any agency or instrumentality of such.
6	SEC. 153. EXCLUSIONS.
7	(a) No Benefit Requirements.—Nothing in this
8	title shall be construed to require a group health plan or
9	a health insurance issuer offering health insurance cov-
10	erage to include specific items and services under the
11	terms of such a plan or coverage, other than those pro-
12	vided under the terms and conditions of such plan or cov-
13	erage.
14	(b) Exclusion From Access to Care Managed
15	CARE PROVISIONS FOR FEE-FOR-SERVICE COVERAGE.—
16	(1) In general.—The provisions of sections
17	111 through 117 shall not apply to a group health
18	plan or health insurance coverage if the only cov-
19	erage offered under the plan or coverage is fee-for-
20	service coverage (as defined in paragraph (2)).
21	(2) Fee-for-service coverage defined.—
22	For purposes of this subsection, the term "fee-for-
23	service coverage" means coverage under a group
24	health plan or health insurance coverage that—

1	(A) reimburses hospitals, health profes-
2	sionals, and other providers on a fee-for-service
3	basis without placing the provider at financial
4	risk;
5	(B) does not vary reimbursement for such
6	a provider based on an agreement to contract
7	terms and conditions or the utilization of health
8	care items or services relating to such provider;
9	(C) allows access to any provider that is
10	lawfully authorized to provide the covered serv-
11	ices and that agrees to accept the terms and
12	conditions of payment established under the
13	plan or by the issuer; and
14	(D) for which the plan or issuer does not
15	require prior authorization before providing for
16	any health care services.
17	SEC. 154. COVERAGE OF LIMITED SCOPE PLANS.
18	Only for purposes of applying the requirements of
19	this title under sections 2707 and 2753 of the Public
20	Health Service Act and section 714 of the Employee Re-
21	tirement Income Security Act of 1974, section
22	2791(c)(2)(A), and section $733(c)(2)(A)$ of the Employee
23	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 shall be deemed

24 not to apply.

1 SEC. 155. REGULATIONS.

- 2 The Secretaries of Health and Human Services and
- 3 Labor shall issue such regulations as may be necessary
- 4 or appropriate to carry out this title. Such regulations
- 5 shall be issued consistent with section 104 of Health In-
- 6 surance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996. Such
- 7 Secretaries may promulgate any interim final rules as the
- 8 Secretaries determine are appropriate to carry out this
- 9 title.

10 SEC. 156. INCORPORATION INTO PLAN OR COVERAGE DOC-

- 11 UMENTS.
- The requirements of this title with respect to a group
- 13 health plan or health insurance coverage are deemed to
- 14 be incorporated into, and made a part of, such plan or
- 15 the policy, certificate, or contract providing such coverage
- 16 and are enforceable under law as if directly included in
- 17 the documentation of such plan or such policy, certificate,
- 18 or contract.

1	TITLE II—APPLICATION OF
2	QUALITY CARE STANDARDS
3	TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS
4	AND HEALTH INSURANCE
5	COVERAGE UNDER THE PUB-
6	LIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT
7	SEC. 201. APPLICATION TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND
8	GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.
9	(a) In General.—Subpart 2 of part A of title
10	XXVII of the Public Health Service Act is amended by
11	adding at the end the following new section:
12	"SEC. 2707. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.
13	"Each group health plan shall comply with patient
14	protection requirements under title I of the Bipartisan Pa-
15	tient Protection Act, and each health insurance issuer
16	shall comply with patient protection requirements under
17	such title with respect to group health insurance coverage
18	it offers, and such requirements shall be deemed to be in-
19	corporated into this subsection.".
20	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Section
21	2721(b)(2)(A) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–21(b)(2)(A))
22	is amended by inserting "(other than section 2707)" after

 $23\,$ "requirements of such subparts".

1	SEC. 202. APPLICATION TO INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSUR-
2	ANCE COVERAGE.
3	Part B of title XXVII of the Public Health Service
4	Act is amended by inserting after section 2752 the fol-
5	lowing new section:
6	"SEC. 2753. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.
7	"Each health insurance issuer shall comply with pa-
8	tient protection requirements under title I of the Bipar-
9	tisan Patient Protection Act with respect to individual
10	health insurance coverage it offers, and such requirements
11	shall be deemed to be incorporated into this subsection.".
12	TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO
13	THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT
14	INCOME SECURITY ACT OF
15	1974
16	SEC. 301. APPLICATION OF PATIENT PROTECTION STAND-
17	ARDS TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND GROUP
18	HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE UNDER THE
19	EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY
20	ACT OF 1974.
21	Subpart B of part 7 of subtitle B of title I of the
22	Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 is
23	amended by adding at the end the following new section:
24	"SEC. 714. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.
25	"(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), a
26	group health plan (and a health insurance issuer offering

	133
1	group health insurance coverage in connection with such
2	a plan) shall comply with the requirements of title I of
3	the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (as in effect as of
4	the date of the enactment of such Act), and such require-
5	ments shall be deemed to be incorporated into this sub-
6	section.
7	"(b) Plan Satisfaction of Certain Require-
8	MENTS.—
9	"(1) Satisfaction of Certain Require-
10	MENTS THROUGH INSURANCE.—For purposes of
11	subsection (a), insofar as a group health plan pro-
12	vides benefits in the form of health insurance cov-
13	erage through a health insurance issuer, the plan
14	shall be treated as meeting the following require-
15	ments of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
16	Act with respect to such benefits and not be consid-
17	ered as failing to meet such requirements because of
18	a failure of the issuer to meet such requirements so
19	long as the plan sponsor or its representatives did
20	not cause such failure by the issuer:
21	"(A) Section 111 (relating to consumer
22	choice option).
23	"(B) Section 112 (relating to choice of

health care professional).

1	"(C) Section 113 (relating to access to
2	emergency care).
3	"(D) Section 114 (relating to timely access
4	to specialists).
5	"(E) Section 115 (relating to patient ac-
6	cess to obstetrical and gynecological care).
7	"(F) Section 116 (relating to access to pe-
8	diatric care).
9	"(G) Section 117 (relating to continuity of
10	care), but only insofar as a replacement issuer
11	assumes the obligation for continuity of care.
12	"(H) Section 118 (relating to access to
13	needed prescription drugs).
14	"(I) Section 119 (relating to coverage for
15	individuals participating in approved clinical
16	trials).
17	"(J) Section 120 (relating to required cov-
18	erage for minimum hospital stay for
19	mastectomies and lymph node dissections for
20	the treatment of breast cancer and coverage for
21	secondary consultations).
22	"(K) Section 134 (relating to payment of
23	claims).
24	"(2) Information.—With respect to informa-
25	tion required to be provided or made available under

section 121 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act, in the case of a group health plan that provides benefits in the form of health insurance coverage through a health insurance issuer, the Secretary shall determine the circumstances under which the plan is not required to provide or make available the information (and is not liable for the issuer's failure to provide or make available the information), if the issuer is obligated to provide and make available (or provides and makes available) such information.

"(3) Internal appeals process required to be established under section 103 of such Act, in the case of a group health plan that provides benefits in the form of health insurance coverage through a health insurance issuer, the Secretary shall determine the circumstances under which the plan is not required to provide for such process and system (and is not liable for the issuer's failure to provide for such process and system), if the issuer is obligated to provide for (and provides for) such process and system.

"(4) External appeals.—Pursuant to rules of the Secretary, insofar as a group health plan enters into a contract with a qualified external appeal entity for the conduct of external appeal activities in

1	accordance with section 104 of such Act, the plan
2	shall be treated as meeting the requirement of such
3	section and is not liable for the entity's failure to
4	meet any requirements under such section.
5	"(5) Application to prohibitions.—Pursu-
6	ant to rules of the Secretary, if a health insurance
7	issuer offers health insurance coverage in connection
8	with a group health plan and takes an action in vio-
9	lation of any of the following sections of the Bipar-
10	tisan Patient Protection Act, the group health plan
11	shall not be liable for such violation unless the plan
12	caused such violation:
13	"(A) Section 131 (relating to prohibition of
14	interference with certain medical communica-
15	tions).
16	"(B) Section 132 (relating to prohibition
17	of discrimination against providers based on li-
18	censure).
19	"(C) Section 133 (relating to prohibition
20	against improper incentive arrangements).
21	"(D) Section 135 (relating to protection
22	for patient advocacy).
23	"(6) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-

section shall be construed to affect or modify the re-

sponsibilities of the fiduciaries of a group health plan under part 4 of subtitle B.

> "(7) TREATMENT OF SUBSTANTIALLY EQUIVA-LENT STATE LAWS.—For purposes of applying this subsection, any reference in this subsection to a requirement in a section or other provision in the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act with respect to a health insurance issuer is deemed to include a reference to a requirement under a State law that is substantially equivalent (as determined under section 152(c) of such Act) to the requirement in such section or other provisions.

- "(8) APPLICATION TO CERTAIN PROHIBITIONS
 AGAINST RETALIATION.—With respect to compliance
 with the requirements of section 135(b)(1) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act, for purposes of this
 subtitle the term 'group health plan' is deemed to include a reference to an institutional health care provider.
- 20 "(c) Enforcement of Certain Requirements.—
 - "(1) COMPLAINTS.—Any protected health care professional who believes that the professional has been retaliated or discriminated against in violation of section 135(b)(1) of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act may file with the Secretary a complaint

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- within 180 days of the date of the alleged retaliation or discrimination.
- "(2) Investigation.—The Secretary shall investigate such complaints and shall determine if a violation of such section has occurred and, if so, shall issue an order to ensure that the protected health care professional does not suffer any loss of position, pay, or benefits in relation to the plan, issuer, or provider involved, as a result of the violation found by the Secretary.
- 11 "(d) Conforming Regulations.—The Secretary 12 shall issue regulations to coordinate the requirements on 13 group health plans and health insurance issuers under this 14 section with the requirements imposed under the other 15 provisions of this title. In order to reduce duplication and clarify the rights of participants and beneficiaries with re-16 17 spect to information that is required to be provided, such 18 regulations shall coordinate the information disclosure re-19 quirements under section 121 of the Bipartisan Patient 20 Protection Act with the reporting and disclosure require-21 ments imposed under part 1, so long as such coordination does not result in any reduction in the information that would otherwise be provided to participants and bene-

ficiaries.".

- 1 (b) Satisfaction of ERISA Claims Procedure
- 2 REQUIREMENT.—Section 503 of such Act (29 U.S.C.
- 3 1133) is amended by inserting "(a)" after "Sec. 503."
- 4 and by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- 5 "(b) In the case of a group health plan (as defined
- 6 in section 733) compliance with the requirements of sub-
- 7 title A of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act,
- 8 and compliance with regulations promulgated by the Sec-
- 9 retary, in the case of a claims denial shall be deemed com-
- 10 pliance with subsection (a) with respect to such claims de-
- 11 nial.".
- 12 (c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 732(a)
- 13 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1185(a)) is amended by striking
- 14 "section 711" and inserting "sections 711 and 714".
- 15 (2) The table of contents in section 1 of such Act
- 16 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
- 17 713 the following new item:

"Sec. 714. Patient protection standards.".

- 18 (3) Section 502(b)(3) of such Act (29 U.S.C.
- 19 1132(b)(3)) is amended by inserting "(other than section
- 20 135(b))" after "part 7".
- 21 SEC. 302. AVAILABILITY OF CIVIL REMEDIES.
- 22 (a) AVAILABILITY OF FEDERAL CIVIL REMEDIES IN
- 23 Cases Not Involving Medically Reviewable Deci-
- 24 SIONS.—

1	(1) In General.—Section 502 of the Employee
2	Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C.
3	1132) is amended by adding at the end the following
4	new subsection:
5	"(n) Cause of Action Relating to Provision of
6	HEALTH BENEFITS.—
7	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In any case in which—
8	"(A) a person who is a fiduciary of a
9	group health plan, a health insurance issuer of-
10	fering health insurance coverage in connection
11	with the plan, or an agent of the plan, issuer,
12	or plan sponsor—
13	"(i) upon consideration of a claim for
14	benefits of a participant or beneficiary
15	under section 102 of the Bipartisan Pa-
16	tient Protection Act (relating to procedures
17	for initial claims for benefits and prior au-
18	thorization determinations) or upon review
19	of a denial of such a claim under section
20	103 of such Act (relating to internal ap-
21	peal of a denial of a claim for benefits),
22	fails to exercise ordinary care in making a
23	decision—
24	"(I) regarding whether an item
25	or service is covered under the terms

1	and conditions of the plan or cov-
2	${ m erage},$
3	"(II) regarding whether an indi-
4	vidual is a participant or beneficiary
5	who is enrolled under the terms and
6	conditions of the plan or coverage (in-
7	cluding the applicability of any wait-
8	ing period under the plan or cov-
9	erage), or
10	"(III) as to the application of
11	cost-sharing requirements or the ap-
12	plication of a specific exclusion or ex-
13	press limitation on the amount, dura-
14	tion, or scope of coverage of items or
15	services under the terms and condi-
16	tions of the plan or coverage, or
17	"(ii) otherwise fails to exercise ordi-
18	nary care in the performance of a duty
19	under the terms and conditions of the plan
20	with respect to a participant or beneficiary,
21	and
22	"(B) such failure is a proximate cause of
23	personal injury to, or the death of, the partici-
24	pant or beneficiary,

1	such person shall be liable to the participant or ben-
2	eficiary (or the estate of such participant or bene-
3	ficiary) for economic and noneconomic damages (but
4	not exemplary or punitive damages) in connection
5	with such personal injury or death.
6	"(2) Cause of action must not involve
7	MEDICALLY REVIEWABLE DECISION.—
8	"(A) In general.—A cause of action is
9	established under paragraph (1)(A) only if the
10	decision referred to in clause (i) or the failure
11	described in clause (ii) does not include a medi-
12	cally reviewable decision.
13	"(B) Medically reviewable deci-
14	SION.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the
15	term 'medically reviewable decision' means a de-
16	nial of a claim for benefits under the plan
17	which is described in section $104(d)(2)$ of the
18	Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (relating to
19	medically reviewable decisions).
20	"(3) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
21	section.—
22	"(A) Ordinary care.—The term 'ordi-
23	nary care' means—
24	"(i) with respect to a determination
25	on a claim for benefits, that degree of care,

1	skill, and diligence that a reasonable and
2	prudent individual would exercise in mak-
3	ing a fair determination on a claim for
4	benefits of like kind to the claim involved;
5	and
6	"(ii) with respect to the performance
7	of a duty, that degree of care, skill, and
8	diligence that a reasonable and prudent in-
9	dividual would exercise in performing the
10	duty or a duty of like character.
11	"(B) Personal injury.—The term 'per-
12	sonal injury' means a physical injury and in-
13	cludes an injury arising out of the treatment
14	(or failure to treat) a mental illness or disease.
15	"(C) CLAIM FOR BENEFITS; DENIAL.—The
16	terms 'claim for benefits' and 'denial of a claim
17	for benefits' have the meanings provided such
18	terms in section 102(e) of the Bipartisan Pa-
19	tient Protection Act.
20	"(D) TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—The term
21	'terms and conditions' includes, with respect to
22	a group health plan or health insurance cov-
23	erage, requirements imposed under title I of the
24	Bipartisan Patient Protection Act or under part
25	6 or 7.

1	"(E) GROUP HEALTH PLAN AND OTHER
2	RELATED TERMS.—The provisions of sections
3	732(d) and 733 apply for purposes of this sub-
4	section in the same manner as they apply for
5	purposes of part 7, except that the term 'group
6	health plan' includes a group health plan (as
7	defined in section $607(1)$).
8	"(4) Exclusion of employers and other
9	PLAN SPONSORS.—
10	"(A) Causes of action against em-
11	PLOYERS AND PLAN SPONSORS PRECLUDED.—
12	Subject to subparagraph (B), paragraph (1)(A)
13	does not authorize a cause of action against an
14	employer or other plan sponsor maintaining the
15	plan (or against an employee of such an em-
16	ployer or sponsor acting within the scope of em-
17	ployment).
18	"(B) CERTAIN CAUSES OF ACTION PER-
19	MITTED.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A),
20	a cause of action may arise against an employer
21	or other plan sponsor (or against an employee
22	of such an employer or sponsor acting within
23	the scope of employment)—
24	"(i) under clause (i) of paragraph
25	(1)(A), to the extent there was direct par-

1 ticipation by the employer or other plan 2 sponsor (or employee) in the decision of the plan under section 102 of the Bipar-3 tisan Patient Protection Act upon consideration of a claim for benefits or under 6 section 103 of such Act upon review of a 7 denial of a claim for benefits, or 8 "(ii) under clause (ii) of paragraph 9 (1)(A), to the extent there was direct participation by the employer or other plan 10 11 sponsor (or employee) in the failure de-12 scribed in such clause. "(C) DIRECT PARTICIPATION.— 13 14 "(i) DIRECT PARTICIPATION IN DECI-15 SIONS.—For purposes of subparagraph 16 (B), the term 'direct participation' means, 17 in connection with a decision described in 18 clause (i) of paragraph (1)(A) or a failure 19 described in clause (ii) of such paragraph, 20 the actual making of such decision or the 21 actual exercise of control in making such 22 decision or in the conduct constituting the 23 failure. "(ii) Rules of Construction.—For 24

purposes of clause (i), the employer or plan

1	sponsor (or employee) shall not be con-
2	strued to be engaged in direct participation
3	because of any form of decisionmaking or
4	other conduct that is merely collateral or
5	precedent to the decision described in
6	clause (i) of paragraph (1)(A) on a par-
7	ticular claim for benefits of a participant
8	or beneficiary or that is merely collateral
9	or precedent to the conduct constituting a
10	failure described in clause (ii) of paragraph
11	(1)(A) with respect to a particular partici-
12	pant or beneficiary, including (but not lim-
13	ited to)—
14	"(I) any participation by the em-
15	ployer or other plan sponsor (or em-
16	ployee) in the selection of the group
17	health plan or health insurance cov-
18	erage involved or the third party ad-
19	ministrator or other agent;
20	"(II) any engagement by the em-
21	ployer or other plan sponsor (or em-
22	ployee) in any cost-benefit analysis
23	undertaken in connection with the se-
24	lection of, or continued maintenance
25	of, the plan or coverage involved;

1	"(III) any participation by the
2	employer or other plan sponsor (or
3	employee) in the process of creating,
4	continuing, modifying, or terminating
5	the plan or any benefit under the
6	plan, if such process was not substan-
7	tially focused solely on the particular
8	situation of the participant or bene-
9	ficiary referred to in paragraph
10	(1)(A); and
11	"(IV) any participation by the
12	employer or other plan sponsor (or
13	employee) in the design of any benefit
14	under the plan, including the amount
15	of copayment and limits connected
16	with such benefit.
17	"(iv) Irrelevance of Certain Col-
18	LATERAL EFFORTS MADE BY EMPLOYER
19	OR PLAN SPONSOR.—For purposes of this
20	subparagraph, an employer or plan sponsor
21	shall not be treated as engaged in direct
22	participation in a decision with respect to
23	any claim for benefits or denial thereof in
24	the case of any particular participant or
25	beneficiary solely by reason of—

1	"(I) any efforts that may have
2	been made by the employer or plan
3	sponsor to advocate for authorization
4	of coverage for that or any other par-
5	ticipant or beneficiary (or any group
6	of participants or beneficiaries), or
7	"(II) any provision that may
8	have been made by the employer or
9	plan sponsor for benefits which are
10	not covered under the terms and con-
11	ditions of the plan for that or any
12	other participant or beneficiary (or
13	any group of participants or bene-
14	ficiaries).
15	"(5) Requirement of exhaustion.—
16	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
17	this paragraph, a cause of action may not be
18	brought under paragraph (1) in connection with
19	any denial of a claim for benefits of any indi-
20	vidual until all administrative processes under
21	sections 102 and 103 of the Bipartisan Patient
22	Protection Act (if applicable) have been ex-
23	hausted.
24	"(B) Late manifestation of injury.—
25	The requirements under subparagraph (A) for a

1 cause of action in connection with any denial of 2 a claim for benefits shall be deemed satisfied, notwithstanding any failure to timely commence 3 4 review under section 103 with respect to the de-5 nial, if the personal injury is first known (or 6 first reasonably should have been known) to the 7 individual (or the death occurs) after the latest 8 date by which the applicable requirements of 9 subparagraph (A) can be met in connection 10 with such denial. 11 "(C) Occurrence of immediate and ir-12 REPARABLE HARM OR DEATH PRIOR TO COM-13 PLETION OF PROCESS.— 14 "(i) IN GENERAL.—The requirements 15 of subparagraph (A) shall not apply if the 16 action involves an allegation that imme-17 diate and irreparable harm or death was, 18 or would be, caused by the denial of a 19 claim for benefits prior to the completion 20 of the administrative processes referred to 21 in subparagraph (A) with respect to such 22 denial. 23 "(ii) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing

clause (i) shall be construed to preclude—

1	"(I) continuation of such proc-
2	esses to their conclusion if so moved
3	by any party, and
4	"(II) consideration in such action
5	of the final decisions issued in such
6	processes.
7	"(iii) Definition.—In clause (i), the
8	term 'irreparable harm', with respect to an
9	individual, means an injury or condition
10	that, regardless of whether the individual
11	receives the treatment that is the subject
12	of the denial, cannot be repaired in a man-
13	ner that would restore the individual to the
14	individual's pre-injured condition.
15	"(D) Receipt of benefits during ap-
16	PEALS PROCESS.—Receipt by the participant or
17	beneficiary of the benefits involved in the claim
18	for benefits during the pendency of any admin-
19	istrative processes referred to in subparagraph
20	(A) or of any action commenced under this
21	subsection—
22	"(i) shall not preclude continuation of
23	all such administrative processes to their
24	conclusion if so moved by any party, and

1 "(ii) shall not preclude any liability 2 under subsection (a)(1)(C) and this sub-3 section in connection with such claim.

The court in any action commenced under this subsection shall take into account any receipt of benefits during such administrative processes or such action in determining the amount of the damages awarded.

"(6) STATUTORY DAMAGES.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—The remedies set forth in this subsection (n) shall be the exclusive remedies for causes of action brought under this subsection.

"(B) Assessment of civil penalties.—
In addition to the remedies provided for in paragraph (1) (relating to the failure to provide contract benefits in accordance with the plan), a civil assessment, in an amount not to exceed \$5,000,000, payable to the claimant may be awarded in any action under such paragraph if the claimant establishes by clear and convincing evidence that the alleged conduct carried out by the defendant demonstrated bad faith and flagrant disregard for the rights of the participant or beneficiary under the plan and was a proxi-

1	mate cause of the personal injury or death that
2	is the subject of the claim.
3	"(7) Limitation of action.—Paragraph (1)
4	shall not apply in connection with any action com-
5	menced after 3 years after the later of—
6	"(A) the date on which the plaintiff first
7	knew, or reasonably should have known, of the
8	personal injury or death resulting from the fail-
9	ure described in paragraph (1), or
10	"(B) the date as of which the requirements
11	of paragraph (5) are first met.
12	"(8) Tolling Provision.—The statute of limi-
13	tations for any cause of action arising under State
14	law relating to a denial of a claim for benefits that
15	is the subject of an action brought in Federal court
16	under this subsection shall be tolled until such time
17	as the Federal court makes a final disposition, in-
18	cluding all appeals, of whether such claim should
19	properly be within the jurisdiction of the Federal
20	court. The tolling period shall be determined by the
21	applicable Federal or State law, whichever period is
22	greater.
23	"(9) Purchase of insurance to cover li-
24	ABILITY.—Nothing in section 410 shall be construed
25	to preclude the purchase by a group health plan of

1	insurance to cover any liability or losses arising
2	under a cause of action under subsection (a)(1)(C)
3	and this subsection.
4	"(10) Exclusion of directed record-
5	KEEPERS.—
6	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
7	graph (C), paragraph (1) shall not apply with
8	respect to a directed recordkeeper in connection
9	with a group health plan.
10	"(B) DIRECTED RECORDKEEPER.—For
11	purposes of this paragraph, the term 'directed
12	recordkeeper' means, in connection with a
13	group health plan, a person engaged in directed
14	recordkeeping activities pursuant to the specific
15	instructions of the plan or the employer or
16	other plan sponsor, including the distribution of
17	enrollment information and distribution of dis-
18	closure materials under this Act or title I of the
19	Bipartisan Patient Protection Act and whose
20	duties do not include making decisions on
21	claims for benefits.
22	"(C) LIMITATION.—Subparagraph (A)
23	does not apply in connection with any directed
24	recordkeeper to the extent that the directed rec-

ordkeeper fails to follow the specific instruction

1	of the plan or the employer or other plan spon-
2	sor.
3	"(11) No effect on state law.—No provi-
4	sion of State law (as defined in section $514(c)(1)$)
5	shall be treated as superseded or otherwise altered,
6	amended, modified, invalidated, or impaired by rea-
7	son of the provisions of subsection (a)(1)(C) and this
8	subsection.".
9	(2) Conforming Amendment.—Section
10	502(a)(1) of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1132(a)(1)) is
11	amended—
12	(A) by striking "or" at the end of subpara-
13	graph (A);
14	(B) in subparagraph (B), by striking
15	"plan;" and inserting "plan, or"; and
16	(C) by adding at the end the following new
17	subparagraph:
18	"(C) for the relief provided for in sub-
19	section (n) of this section.".
20	(b) Rules Relating to ERISA Preemption.—
21	Section 514 of the Employee Retirement Income Security
22	Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1144) is amended—
23	(1) by redesignating subsection (d) as sub-
24	section (f); and

1	(2) by inserting after subsection (c) the fol-
2	lowing new subsections:
3	"(d) Preemption Not To Apply to Causes of
4	ACTION UNDER STATE LAW INVOLVING MEDICALLY RE-
5	VIEWABLE DECISION.—
6	"(1) Non-preemption of certain causes of
7	ACTION.—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
9	this subsection, nothing in this title (including
10	section 502) shall be construed to supersede or
11	otherwise alter, amend, modify, invalidate, or
12	impair any cause of action under State law of
13	a participant or beneficiary under a group
14	health plan (or the estate of such a participant
15	or beneficiary) to recover damages resulting
16	from personal injury or for wrongful death
17	against any person if such cause of action
18	arises by reason of a medically reviewable deci-
19	sion.
20	"(B) Medically reviewable deci-
21	SION.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the
22	term 'medically reviewable decision' means a de-
23	nial of a claim for benefits under the plan
24	which is described in section 104(d)(2) of the

1	Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (relating to
2	medically reviewable decisions).
3	"(C) Limitation on punitive dam-
4	AGES.—
5	"(i) In general.—Except as pro-
6	vided in clauses (ii) and (iii), with respect
7	to a cause of action described in subpara-
8	graph (A) brought with respect to a partic-
9	ipant or beneficiary, State law is super-
10	seded insofar as it provides any punitive,
11	exemplary, or similar damages if, as of the
12	time of the personal injury or death, all
13	the requirements of the following sections
14	of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act
15	were satisfied with respect to the partici-
16	pant or beneficiary:
17	"(I) Section 102 (relating to pro-
18	cedures for initial claims for benefits
19	and prior authorization determina-
20	tions).
21	"(II) Section 103 of such Act
22	(relating to internal appeals of claims
23	denials).

1	"(III) Section 104 of such Act
2	(relating to independent external ap-
3	peals procedures).
4	"(ii) Exception for certain ac-
5	TIONS FOR WRONGFUL DEATH.—Clause (i)
6	shall not apply with respect to an action
7	for wrongful death if the applicable State
8	law provides (or has been construed to pro-
9	vide) for damages in such an action which
10	are only punitive or exemplary in nature.
11	"(iii) Exception for willful or
12	WANTON DISREGARD FOR THE RIGHTS OR
13	SAFETY OF OTHERS.—Clause (i) shall not
14	apply with respect to any cause of action
15	described in subparagraph (A) if, in such
16	action, the plaintiff establishes by clear
17	and convincing evidence that conduct car-
18	ried out by the defendant with willful or
19	wanton disregard for the rights or safety
20	of others was a proximate cause of the per-
21	sonal injury or wrongful death that is the
22	subject of the action.
23	"(2) Definitions.—For purposes of this sub-
24	section and subsection (e)—

1	"(A) GROUP HEALTH PLAN AND OTHER
2	RELATED TERMS.—The provisions of sections
3	732(d) and 733 apply for purposes of this sub-
4	section in the same manner as they apply for
5	purposes of part 7, except that the term 'group
6	health plan' includes a group health plan (as
7	defined in section $607(1)$).
8	"(B) Personal injury.—The term 'per-
9	sonal injury' means a physical injury and in-
10	cludes an injury arising out of the treatment
11	(or failure to treat) a mental illness or disease.
12	"(C) CLAIM FOR BENEFIT; DENIAL.—The
13	terms 'claim for benefits' and 'denial of a claim
14	for benefits' shall have the meaning provided
15	such terms under section 102(e) of the Bipar-
16	tisan Patient Protection Act.
17	"(3) Exclusion of employers and other
18	PLAN SPONSORS.—
19	"(A) Causes of action against em-
20	PLOYERS AND PLAN SPONSORS PRECLUDED.—
21	Subject to subparagraph (B), paragraph (1)
22	does not apply with respect to—
23	"(i) any cause of action against an
24	employer or other plan sponsor maintain-
25	ing the plan (or against an employee of

1	such an employer or sponsor acting within
2	the scope of employment), or
3	"(ii) a right of recovery, indemnity, or
4	contribution by a person against an em-
5	ployer or other plan sponsor (or such an
6	employee) for damages assessed against
7	the person pursuant to a cause of action to
8	which paragraph (1) applies.
9	"(B) CERTAIN CAUSES OF ACTION PER-
10	MITTED.—Notwithstanding subparagraph (A),
11	paragraph (1) applies with respect to any cause
12	of action described in paragraph (1) maintained
13	by a participant or beneficiary against an em-
14	ployer or other plan sponsor (or against an em-
15	ployee of such an employer or sponsor acting
16	within the scope of employment)—
17	"(i) in the case of any cause of action
18	based on a decision of the plan under sec-
19	tion 102 of the Bipartisan Patient Protec-
20	tion Act upon consideration of a claim for
21	benefits or under section 103 of such Act
22	upon review of a denial of a claim for ben-
23	efits, to the extent there was direct partici-
24	pation by the employer or other plan spon-
25	sor (or employee) in the decision, or

1 "(ii) in the case of any cause of action
2 based on a failure to otherwise perform a
3 duty under the terms and conditions of the
4 plan with respect to a claim for benefits of
5 a participant or beneficiary, to the extent
6 there was direct participation by the em7 ployer or other plan sponsor (or employee)
8 in the failure.

"(C) DIRECT PARTICIPATION.—

"(i) DIRECT PARTICIPATION IN DECI-SIONS.—For purposes of subparagraph (B), the term 'direct participation' means, in connection with a decision described in subparagraph (B)(i) or a failure described in subparagraph (B)(ii), the actual making of such decision or the actual exercise of control in making such decision or in the conduct constituting the failure.

"(ii) Rules of construction.—For purposes of clause (i), the employer or plan sponsor (or employee) shall not be construed to be engaged in direct participation because of any form of decisionmaking or other conduct that is merely collateral or precedent to the decision described in sub-

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1	paragraph (B)(i) on a particular claim for
2	benefits of a particular participant or bene-
3	ficiary or that is merely collateral or prece-
4	dent to the conduct constituting a failure
5	described in subparagraph (B)(ii) with re-
6	spect to a particular participant or bene-
7	ficiary, including (but not limited to)—
8	"(I) any participation by the em-
9	ployer or other plan sponsor (or em-
10	ployee) in the selection of the group
11	health plan or health insurance cov-
12	erage involved or the third party ad-
13	ministrator or other agent;
14	"(II) any engagement by the em-
15	ployer or other plan sponsor (or em-
16	ployee) in any cost-benefit analysis
17	undertaken in connection with the se-
18	lection of, or continued maintenance
19	of, the plan or coverage involved;
20	"(III) any participation by the
21	employer or other plan sponsor (or
22	employee) in the process of creating,
23	continuing, modifying, or terminating
24	the plan or any benefit under the
25	plan, if such process was not substan-

1	tially focused solely on the particular
2	situation of the participant or bene-
3	ficiary referred to in paragraph
4	(1)(A); and
5	"(IV) any participation by the
6	employer or other plan sponsor (or
7	employee) in the design of any benefit
8	under the plan, including the amount
9	of copayment and limits connected
10	with such benefit.
11	"(iii) Irrelevance of Certain Col-
12	LATERAL EFFORTS MADE BY EMPLOYER
13	OR PLAN SPONSOR.—For purposes of this
14	subparagraph, an employer or plan sponsor
15	shall not be treated as engaged in direct
16	participation in a decision with respect to
17	any claim for benefits or denial thereof in
18	the case of any particular participant or
19	beneficiary solely by reason of—
20	"(I) any efforts that may have
21	been made by the employer or plan
22	sponsor to advocate for authorization
23	of coverage for that or any other par-
24	ticipant or beneficiary (or any group
25	of participants or beneficiaries), or

1 "(II) any provision that may
2 have been made by the employer or
3 plan sponsor for benefits which are
4 not covered under the terms and con5 ditions of the plan for that or any
6 other participant or beneficiary (or
7 any group of participants or bene8 ficiaries).

"(4) REQUIREMENT OF EXHAUSTION.—

"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in this paragraph, paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to a cause of action described in such paragraph in connection with any denial of a claim for benefits of any individual until all administrative processes under sections 102, 103, and 104 of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (if applicable) have been exhausted.

"(B) Late manifestation of injury.—
The requirements under subparagraph (A) for a cause of action in connection with any denial of a claim for benefits shall be deemed satisfied, notwithstanding any failure to timely commence review under section 103 or 104 with respect to the denial, if the personal injury is first known (or first should have been known) to the indi-

1	vidual (or the death occurs) after the latest
2	date by which the applicable requirements of
3	subparagraph (A) can be met in connection
4	with such denial.
5	"(C) Occurrence of immediate an ir-
6	REPARABLE HARM OR DEATH PRIOR TO COM-
7	PLETION OF PROCESS.—
8	"(i) In general.—The requirements
9	of subparagraph (A) shall not apply if the
10	action involves an allegation that imme-
11	diate and irreparable harm or death was,
12	or would be, caused by the denial of a
13	claim for benefits prior to the completion
14	of the administrative processes referred to
15	in subparagraph (A) with respect to such
16	denial.
17	"(ii) Construction.—Nothing in
18	clause (i) shall be construed to preclude—
19	"(I) continuation of such proc-
20	esses to their conclusion if so moved
21	by any party, and
22	"(II) consideration in such action
23	of the final decisions issued in such
24	processes.

1	"(iii) Definition.—In clause (i), the
2	term 'irreparable harm', with respect to an
3	individual, means an injury or condition
4	that, regardless of whether the individual
5	receives the treatment that is the subject
6	of the denial, cannot be repaired in a man-
7	ner that would restore the individual to the
8	individual's pre-injured condition.
9	"(D) Receipt of benefits during ap-
10	PEALS PROCESS.—Receipt by the participant or
11	beneficiary of the benefits involved in the claim
12	for benefits during the pendency of any admin-
13	istrative processes referred to in subparagraph
14	(A) or of any action commenced under this
15	subsection—
16	"(i) shall not preclude continuation of
17	all such administrative processes to their
18	conclusion if so moved by any party, and
19	"(ii) shall not preclude any liability
20	under subsection (a)(1)(C) and this sub-
21	section in connection with such claim.
22	"(5) Tolling Provision.—The statute of limi-
23	tations for any cause of action arising under section
24	502(n) relating to a denial of a claim for benefits
25	that is the subject of an action brought in State

court shall be tolled until such time as the State court makes a final disposition, including all appeals, of whether such claim should properly be within the jurisdiction of the State court. The tolling period shall be determined by the applicable Federal or State law, whichever period is greater.

- "(6) Exclusion of directed recordkeepers.—
 - "(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subparagraph (C), paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to a directed recordkeeper in connection with a group health plan.
 - "(B) DIRECTED RECORDKEEPER.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term 'directed recordkeeper' means, in connection with a group health plan, a person engaged in directed recordkeeping activities pursuant to the specific instructions of the plan or the employer or other plan sponsor, including the distribution of enrollment information and distribution of disclosure materials under this Act or title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act and whose duties do not include making decisions on claims for benefits.

1	"(C) Limitation.—Subparagraph (A)
2	does not apply in connection with any directed
3	recordkeeper to the extent that the directed rec-
4	ordkeeper fails to follow the specific instruction
5	of the plan or the employer or other plan spon-
6	sor.
7	"(7) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
8	section shall be construed as—
9	"(A) saving from preemption a cause of
10	action under State law for the failure to provide
11	a benefit for an item or service which is specifi-
12	cally excluded under the group health plan in-
13	volved, except to the extent that—
14	"(i) the application or interpretation
15	of the exclusion involves a determination
16	described in section 104(d)(2) of the Bi-
17	partisan Patient Protection Act, or
18	"(ii) the provision of the benefit for
19	the item or service is required under Fed-
20	eral law or under applicable State law con-
21	sistent with subsection (b)(2)(B);
22	"(B) preempting a State law which re-
23	quires an affidavit or certificate of merit in a
24	civil action;

1	"(C) affecting a cause of action or remedy
2	under State law in connection with the provi-
3	sion or arrangement of excepted benefits (as de-
4	fined in section 733(c)), other than those de-
5	scribed in section 733(c)(2)(A); or
6	"(D) affecting a cause of action under
7	State law other than a cause of action described
8	in paragraph (1)(A).
9	"(8) Purchase of insurance to cover li-
10	ABILITY.—Nothing in section 410 shall be construed
11	to preclude the purchase by a group health plan of
12	insurance to cover any liability or losses arising
13	under a cause of action described in paragraph
14	(1)(A).
15	"(e) Rules of Construction Relating to
16	HEALTH CARE.—Nothing in this title shall be construed
17	as—
18	"(1) affecting any State law relating to the
19	practice of medicine or the provision of medical care,
20	or affecting any action based upon such a State law,
21	"(2) superseding any State law permitted under
22	section 152(b)(1)(A) of the Bipartisan Patient Pro-
23	tection Act, or
24	"(3) affecting any applicable State law with re-
25	spect to limitations on monetary damages.".

- 1 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 2 this section shall apply to acts and omissions (from which
- 3 a cause of action arises) occurring after October 1, 2002.
- 4 SEC. 303. LIMITATIONS ON ACTIONS.
- 5 Section 502 of the Employee Retirement Income Se-
- 6 curity Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1132) (as amended by sec-
- 7 tion 302(a)) is amended further by adding at the end the
- 8 following new subsection:
- 9 "(o) Limitations on Actions Relating to Group
- 10 Health Plans.—
- 11 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
- graph (2), no action may be brought under sub-
- section (a)(1)(B), (a)(2), or (a)(3) by a participant
- or beneficiary seeking relief based on the application
- of any provision in section 101, subtitle B, or sub-
- title D of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection
- 17 Act (as incorporated under section 714).
- 18 "(2) CERTAIN ACTIONS ALLOWABLE.—An ac-
- tion may be brought under subsection (a)(1)(B),
- 20 (a)(2), or (a)(3) by a participant or beneficiary seek-
- 21 ing relief based on the application of section 101,
- 22 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118(a)(3), 119, or 120 of
- the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act (as incor-
- porated under section 714) to the individual cir-

1	cumstances of that participant or beneficiary, except
2	that—
3	"(A) such an action may not be brought or
4	maintained as a class action; and
5	"(B) in such an action, relief may only
6	provide for the provision of (or payment of)
7	benefits, items, or services denied to the indi-
8	vidual participant or beneficiary involved (and
9	for attorney's fees and the costs of the action,
10	at the discretion of the court) and shall not pro-
11	vide for any other relief to the participant or
12	beneficiary or for any relief to any other person.
13	"(3) OTHER PROVISIONS UNAFFECTED.—Noth-
14	ing in this subsection shall be construed as affecting
15	subsections $(a)(1)(C)$ and (n) or section $514(d)$.
16	"(4) Enforcement by secretary unaf-
17	FECTED.—Nothing in this subsection shall be con-
18	strued as affecting any action brought by the Sec-
19	retary.".

TITLE IV—AMENDMENTS TO THE **REVENUE** INTERNAL CODE 2 **OF 1986** 3 4 SEC. 401. APPLICATION TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS UNDER 5 THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1986. 6 Subchapter B of chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue 7 Code of 1986 is amended— 8 (1) in the table of sections, by inserting after 9 the item relating to section 9812 the following new 10 item: "Sec. 9813. Standard relating to patients' bill of rights."; 11 and (2) by inserting after section 9812 the fol-12 13 lowing: 14 "SEC. 9813. STANDARD RELATING TO PATIENTS' BILL OF 15 RIGHTS. 16 "A group health plan shall comply with the requirements of title I of the Bipartisan Patient Protection Act 17 18 (as in effect as of the date of the enactment of such Act), 19 and such requirements shall be deemed to be incorporated 20 into this section.".

1	SEC. 402. CONFORMING ENFORCEMENT FOR WOMEN'S					
2	HEALTH AND CANCER RIGHTS.					
3	Subchapter B of chapter 100 of the Internal Revenue					
4	Code of 1986, as amended by section 401, is further					
5	amended—					
6	(1) in the table of sections, by inserting after					
7	the item relating to section 9813 the following new					
8	item:					
	"Sec. 9814. Standard relating to women's health and cancer rights.";					
9	and					
10	(2) by inserting after section 9813 the fol-					
11	lowing:					
12	"SEC. 9814. STANDARD RELATING TO WOMEN'S HEALTH					
13	AND CANCER RIGHTS.					
14	"The provisions of section 713 of the Employee Re-					
15	tirement Income Security Act of 1974 (as in effect as of					
16	the date of the enactment of this section) shall apply to					
17	group health plans as if included in this subchapter.".					
18	TITLE V—EFFECTIVE DATES; CO-					
19	ORDINATION IN IMPLEMEN-					
20	TATION					
21	SEC. 501. EFFECTIVE DATES.					
22	(a) Group Health Coverage.—					
23	(1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2)					
24	and subsection (d), the amendments made by sec-					

- tions 201(a), 301, 303, and 401 and 402 (and title
 I insofar as it relates to such sections) shall apply
 with respect to group health plans, and health insurance coverage offered in connection with group
 health plans, for plan years beginning on or after
 October 1, 2002 (in this section referred to as the
 "general effective date").
 - (2) Treatment of collective bargaining.—In the case of a group health plan maintained pursuant to one or more collective bargaining agreements between employee representatives and one or more employers ratified before the date of the enactment of this Act, the amendments made by sections 201(a), 301, 303, and 401 and 402 (and title I insofar as it relates to such sections) shall not apply to plan years beginning before the later of—
 - (A) the date on which the last collective bargaining agreements relating to the plan terminates (determined without regard to any extension thereof agreed to after the date of the enactment of this Act); or
- (B) the general effective date.
- For purposes of subparagraph (A), any plan amendment made pursuant to a collective bargaining

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1	agreement relating to the plan which amends the
2	plan solely to conform to any requirement added by
3	this Act shall not be treated as a termination of
4	such collective bargaining agreement.
5	(b) Individual Health Insurance Coverage.—
6	Subject to subsection (d), the amendments made by sec-
7	tion 202 shall apply with respect to individual health in-
8	surance coverage offered, sold, issued, renewed, in effect
9	or operated in the individual market on or after the gen-
10	eral effective date.
11	(c) Treatment of Religious Nonmedical Pro-
12	VIDERS.—
13	(1) In general.—Nothing in this Act (or the
14	amendments made thereby) shall be construed to—
15	(A) restrict or limit the right of group
16	health plans, and of health insurance issuers of
17	fering health insurance coverage, to include as
18	providers religious nonmedical providers;
19	(B) require such plans or issuers to—
20	(i) utilize medically based eligibility
21	standards or criteria in deciding provider
22	status of religious nonmedical providers;
23	(ii) use medical professionals or cri-
24	teria to decide patient access to religious
25	nonmedical providers:

1	(iii) utilize medical professionals or
2	criteria in making decisions in internal or
3	external appeals regarding coverage for
4	care by religious nonmedical providers; or
5	(iv) compel a participant or bene-
6	ficiary to undergo a medical examination
7	or test as a condition of receiving health
8	insurance coverage for treatment by a reli-
9	gious nonmedical provider; or
10	(C) require such plans or issuers to ex-
11	clude religious nonmedical providers because
12	they do not provide medical or other required
13	data, if such data is inconsistent with the reli-
14	gious nonmedical treatment or nursing care
15	provided by the provider.
16	(2) Religious nonmedical provider.—For
17	purposes of this subsection, the term "religious non-
18	medical provider" means a provider who provides no
19	medical care but who provides only religious non-
20	medical treatment or religious nonmedical nursing
21	care.
22	(d) Transition for Notice Requirement.—The
23	disclosure of information required under section 121 of
24	this Act shall first be provided pursuant to—

- 1 (1) subsection (a) with respect to a group
 2 health plan that is maintained as of the general ef3 fective date, not later than 30 days before the begin4 ning of the first plan year to which title I applies
 5 in connection with the plan under such subsection;
 6 or
- 7 (2) subsection (b) with respect to a individual 8 health insurance coverage that is in effect as of the 9 general effective date, not later than 30 days before 10 the first date as of which title I applies to the cov-11 erage under such subsection.

12 SEC. 502. COORDINATION IN IMPLEMENTATION.

- The Secretary of Labor, the Secretary of Health and
- 14 Human Services, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall
- 15 ensure, through the execution of an interagency memo-
- 16 randum of understanding among such Secretaries, that—
- 17 (1) regulations, rulings, and interpretations
- issued by such Secretaries relating to the same mat-
- ter over which such Secretaries have responsibility
- under the provisions of this Act (and the amend-
- 21 ments made thereby) are administered so as to have
- the same effect at all times; and
- 23 (2) coordination of policies relating to enforcing
- the same requirements through such Secretaries in
- order to have a coordinated enforcement strategy

1	that avoids duplication of enforcement efforts and
2	assigns priorities in enforcement.
3	SEC. 503. SEVERABILITY.
4	If any provision of this Act, an amendment made by
5	this Act, or the application of such provision or amend-
6	ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-
7	tutional, the remainder of this Act, the amendments made
8	by this Act, and the application of the provisions of such
9	to any person or circumstance shall not be affected there-
10	by.
11	TITLE VI—MISCELLANEOUS
12	PROVISIONS
13	SEC. 601. NO IMPACT ON SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUND.
13 14	SEC. 601. NO IMPACT ON SOCIAL SECURITY TRUST FUND. (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act (or an amend-
14	(a) In General.—Nothing in this Act (or an amend-
14 15	(a) In General.—Nothing in this Act (or an amend- ment made by this Act) shall be construed to alter or
14151617	(a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act (or an amend- ment made by this Act) shall be construed to alter or amend the Social Security Act (or any regulation promul-
14151617	(a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act (or an amend- ment made by this Act) shall be construed to alter or amend the Social Security Act (or any regulation promul- gated under that Act).
1415161718	 (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act (or an amendment made by this Act) shall be construed to alter or amend the Social Security Act (or any regulation promulgated under that Act). (b) TRANSFERS.—
141516171819	 (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act (or an amendment made by this Act) shall be construed to alter or amend the Social Security Act (or any regulation promulgated under that Act). (b) Transfers.— (1) Estimate of Secretary.—The Secretary
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	 (a) IN GENERAL.—Nothing in this Act (or an amendment made by this Act) shall be construed to alter or amend the Social Security Act (or any regulation promulgated under that Act). (b) TRANSFERS.— (1) ESTIMATE OF SECRETARY.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall annually estimate the impact
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	 (a) In General.—Nothing in this Act (or an amendment made by this Act) shall be construed to alter or amend the Social Security Act (or any regulation promulgated under that Act). (b) Transfers.— (1) Estimate of secretary.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall annually estimate the impact that the enactment of this Act has on the income

- 1 (2) Transfer of funds.—If, under para-2 graph (1), the Secretary of the Treasury estimates 3 that the enactment of this Act has a negative impact on the income and balances of the trust funds estab-5 lished under section 201 of the Social Security Act 6 (42 U.S.C. 401), the Secretary shall transfer, not 7 less frequently than quarterly, from the general reve-8 nues of the Federal Government an amount suffi-9 cient so as to ensure that the income and balances 10 of such trust funds are not reduced as a result of 11 the enactment of such Act.
- 12 SEC. 602. CUSTOMS USER FEES.
- Section 13031(j)(3) of the Consolidated Omnibus
- 14 Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (19 U.S.C. 58c(j)(3))
- 15 is amended by striking "2003" and inserting "2011".
- 16 SEC. 603. FISCAL YEAR 2002 MEDICARE PAYMENTS.
- 17 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any pay-
- 18 ment under part B of title XVIII of the Social Security
- 19 Act (42 U.S.C. 1395j et seq.) that would otherwise be dis-
- 20 bursed on September 30, 2002, by a carrier with a con-
- 21 tract under section 1842 of that Act (42 U.S.C. 1395u)
- 22 to a provider of services or other person who furnished
- 23 services for which payment may be made under that part
- 24 shall be made on October 1, 2002.

Calendar No. 42

107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 872

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, and the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage.

May 15, 2001

Read the second time and placed on the calendar