107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# S. 60

To authorize Department of Energy programs to develop and implement an accelerated research and development program for advanced clean coal technologies for use in coal-based electricity generating facilities and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide financial incentives to encourage the retrofitting, repowering, or replacement of coal-based electricity generating facilities to protect the environment and improve efficiency and encourage the early commercial application of advanced clean coal technologies, so as to allow coal to help meet the growing need of the United States for the generation of reliable and affordable electricity.

### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

January 22, 2001

Mr. Byrd introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

## A BILL

To authorize Department of Energy programs to develop and implement an accelerated research and development program for advanced clean coal technologies for use in coal-based electricity generating facilities and to amend the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 to provide financial incentives to encourage the retrofitting, repowering, or replacement of coal-based electricity generating facilities to protect the environment and improve efficiency and encourage the early commercial application of advanced clean coal technologies, so as to allow coal

to help meet the growing need of the United States for the generation of reliable and affordable electricity.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "National Electricity and Environmental Technology
- 6 Act".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 8 this Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.
  - TITLE I—ACCELERATED TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY FOR COAL-BASED ELECTRICITY GENERATING FACILITIES
  - Sec. 101. Purpose.
  - Sec. 102. Definitions.
  - Subtitle A—National Coal-Based Technology Development and Applications
    Program
  - Sec. 111. Cost and performance goals.
  - Sec. 112. Study.
  - Sec. 113. Technology research and development program.
  - Sec. 114. Authorization of appropriations.

#### Subtitle B—Power Plant Improvement Initiative

- Sec. 121. Power plant improvement initiative program.
- Sec. 122. Financial assistance.
- Sec. 123. Funding.
- TITLE II—CREDIT FOR EMISSION REDUCTIONS AND EFFICIENCY IMPROVEMENTS IN EXISTING COAL-BASED ELECTRICITY GENERATION FACILITIES
- Sec. 201. Credit for investment in qualifying clean coal technology.
- Sec. 202. Credit for production from a qualifying clean coal technology unit.

## TITLE III—INCENTIVES FOR EARLY COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS OF ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGIES

- Sec. 301. Credit for investment in qualifying advanced clean coal technology.
- Sec. 302. Credit for production from qualifying advanced clean coal technology.

Sec. 303. Risk pool for qualifying advanced clean coal technology.

### TITLE IV—TREATMENT OF CERTAIN TAX-EXEMPT ENTITIES

Sec. 401. Offset credits for electric cooperatives or publicly owned electric utili-

Sec. 402. Offset of certain annual payment obligations in lieu of qualifying clean coal technology credits.

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

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- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) reliable, affordable, increasingly clean elec-4 tricity will continue to power the growing United 5 States economy;
  - (2) an increasing use of electrotechnologies, the desire for continuous environmental improvement, a more competitive electricity market, and concerns about rising energy prices add importance to the need for reliable, affordable, increasingly clean electricity;
    - (3) coal, which, as of the date of enactment of this Act, accounts for more than ½ of all electricity generated in the United States, is the most abundant fossil energy resource of the United States;
    - (4) coal comprises more than 85 percent of all fossil resources in the United States and exists in quantities sufficient to supply the United States for 250 years at current usage rates;
- 20 (5) investments in electricity generating facility emissions control technology over the past 30 years 22 have reduced the aggregate emissions of pollutants

- from coal-based generating facilities by 21 percent, even as coal use for electricity generation has nearly tripled;
  - (6) continuous improvement in efficiency and environmental performance from electricity generating facilities would allow continued use of coal and preserve less-abundant energy resources for other energy uses;
  - (7) new technologies for converting coal into electricity can effectively eliminate health-threat-ening emissions and improve efficiency by as much as 50 percent, but initial commercial deployment of new coal generation technologies entails significant risk that generators may be unable to accept in a newly competitive electricity market; and
  - (8) continued environmental improvement in coal-based generation through continued research, development, and demonstration toward an ultimate goal of near-zero emissions is important and desirable.

## (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

(1) to authorize Department of Energy programs to develop and implement an accelerated research and development program for advanced clean

1	coal technologies for use in coal-based electricity
2	generating facilities; and
3	(2) to amend the Internal Revenue Code of
4	1986—
5	(A) to provide financial incentives to en-
6	courage the retrofitting, repowering, or replace-
7	ment of coal-based electricity generating facili-
8	ties to protect the environment and improve ef-
9	ficiency;
10	(B) to encourage the early commercial ap-
11	plication of advanced clean coal technologies;
12	and
13	(C) to develop technologies that provide
14	flexibility in obtaining environmental objectives
15	at the lowest possible cost in order to provide
16	electricity to the consumer at the lowest pos-
17	sible cost;
18	so as to allow coal to help meet the growing need of the
19	United States for the generation of clean, reliable, and af-
20	fordable electricity.

1	TITLE I—ACCELERATED TECH
2	NOLOGY RESEARCH AND DE-
3	VELOPMENT PROGRAM FOR
4	ADVANCED CLEAN COAL
5	TECHNOLOGY FOR COAL
6	BASED ELECTRICITY GENERA
7	ATING FACILITIES
8	SEC. 101. PURPOSE.
9	The purpose of this title is to direct the Secretary—
10	(1) to establish a coal-based technology develop
11	ment program designed to achieve cost and perform
12	ance goals;
13	(2) to carry out a study to identify technologies
14	that may be capable of achieving the cost and per
15	formance goals and for other purposes; and
16	(3) to implement a research, development, and
17	demonstration program to develop and demonstrate
18	in commercial-scale applications advanced clean coa
19	technologies for coal-fired generating units con
20	structed before the date of enactment of this Act.
21	SEC. 102. DEFINITIONS.
22	In this title:
23	(1) Cost and Performance Goals.—The
24	term "cost and performance goals" means the cos

1	and performance goals established under section
2	111.
3	(2) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
4	the Secretary of Energy.
5	Subtitle A-National Coal-Based
6	Technology Development and
7	<b>Applications Program</b>
8	SEC. 111. COST AND PERFORMANCE GOALS.
9	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall perform an
10	assessment that identifies costs and associated perform-
11	ance of technologies that would permit the continued cost-
12	competitive use of coal for electricity generation, as chem-
13	ical feedstocks, and as transportation fuel in 2007, 2015,
14	and the years after 2020.
15	(b) Consultation.—In establishing the cost and
16	performance goals, the Secretary shall consult with rep-
17	resentatives of—
18	(1) the United States coal industry;
19	(2) State coal development agencies;
20	(3) the electric utility industry;
21	(4) railroads and other transportation indus-
22	tries;
23	(5) manufacturers of equipment using advanced
24	coal technologies;
25	(6) organizations representing workers; and

1	(7) organizations formed to—
2	(A) further the goals of environmental pro-
3	tection;
4	(B) promote the use of coal; or
5	(C) promote the development and use of
6	advanced coal technologies.
7	(c) TIMING.—The Secretary shall—
8	(1) not later than 120 days after the date of
9	enactment of this Act, issue a set of draft cost and
10	performance goals for public comment; and
11	(2) not later than 180 days after the date of
12	enactment of this Act, after taking into consider-
13	ation any public comments received, submit to Con-
14	gress the final cost and performance goals.
15	SEC. 112. STUDY.
16	(a) In General.—Not later than 1 year after the
17	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary, in coopera-
18	tion with the Secretary of the Interior and the Adminis-
19	trator of the Environmental Protection Agency, shall con-
20	duct a study to—
21	(1) identify technologies capable of achieving
22	the cost and performance goals;
23	(2) assess the costs that would be incurred by,
24	and the period of time that would be required for,

1	the development and demonstration of the cost and
2	performance goals; and
3	(3) develop recommendations for technology de-
4	velopment programs, which the Department of En-
5	ergy could carry out in cooperation with industry, to
6	develop and demonstrate the cost and performance
7	goals.
8	(b) Cooperation.—In carrying out this section, the
9	Secretary shall give due weight to the expert advice of rep-
10	resentatives of the entities described in section 111(b).
11	SEC. 113. TECHNOLOGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT
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11 12	PROGRAM.
	PROGRAM.  (a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a
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12 13	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a
12 13 14	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration,
12 13 14 15	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration, and commercial application of coal-based technologies
12 13 14 15 16	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration, and commercial application of coal-based technologies under—
12 13 14 15 16	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration, and commercial application of coal-based technologies under—  (1) this Act;
12 13 14 15 16 17	<ul> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration, and commercial application of coal-based technologies under—</li> <li>(1) this Act;</li> <li>(2) the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research</li> </ul>
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	<ul> <li>(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration, and commercial application of coal-based technologies under— <ul> <li>(1) this Act;</li> <li>(2) the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5901 et</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration, and commercial application of coal-based technologies under—  (1) this Act; (2) the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5901 et seq.);
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a program of research on and development, demonstration, and commercial application of coal-based technologies under—  (1) this Act; (2) the Federal Nonnuclear Energy Research and Development Act of 1974 (42 U.S.C. 5901 et seq.); (3) the Energy Reorganization Act of 1974 (42

1	(b) Conditions.—The research, development, dem-
2	onstration, and commercial application programs identi-
3	fied in section 112(a) shall be designed to achieve the cost
4	and performance goals.
5	(c) Report.—Not later than 18 months after the
6	date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit
7	to the President and Congress a report containing—
8	(1) a description of the programs that, as of the
9	date of the report, are in effect or are to be carried
10	out by the Department of Energy to support tech-
11	nologies that are designed to achieve the cost and
12	performance goals; and
13	(2) recommendations for additional authorities
14	required to achieve the cost and performance goals.
15	SEC. 114. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
16	(a) In General.—There is authorized to be appro-
17	priated to carry out this subtitle \$100,000,000 for each
18	of fiscal years 2002 through 2012, to remain available
19	until expended.
20	(b) Conditions of Authorization.—The author-
21	ization of appropriations under subsection (a)—
22	(1) shall be in addition to authorizations of ap-

propriations in effect on the date of enactment of

this Act; and

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1	(2) shall not be a cap on Department of Energy
2	fossil energy research and development and clean
3	coal technology appropriations.
4	Subtitle B—Power Plant
5	Improvement Initiative
6	SEC. 121. POWER PLANT IMPROVEMENT INITIATIVE PRO-
7	GRAM.
8	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall carry out a
9	power plant improvement initiative program that will dem-
10	onstrate commercial applications of advanced coal-based
11	technologies applicable to new or existing power plants,
12	including co-production plants, which must advance the ef-
13	ficiency, environmental performance, and cost competitive-
14	ness well beyond that which is in operation or has been
15	demonstrated on the date of enactment of this Act.
16	(b) Plan.—Not later than 120 days after the date
17	of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall submit to
18	Congress a plan to carry out subsection (a) that includes
19	a description of—
20	(1) the program elements and management
21	structure to be used;
22	(2) the technical milestones to be achieved with
23	respect to each of the advanced coal-based tech-
24	nologies included in the plan; and

- (3) the demonstration activities proposed to be conducted at new or existing coal-based electric generation units having at least 50 megawatts nameplate rating, including improvements to allow the units to achieve 1 or more of the following:
  - (A) An overall design efficiency improvement of not less than 3 percent as compared with the efficiency of the unit as operated on the date of enactment of this Act and before any retrofit, repowering, replacement, or installation.
  - (B) A significant improvement in the environmental performance related to the control of sulfur dioxide, nitrogen oxide, and mercury in a manner that is different and well below the cost of technologies that are in operation or have been demonstrated on the date of enactment of this Act.
  - (C) A means of recycling or reusing a significant portion of coal combustion wastes produced by coal-based generating units excluding practices that are commercially available at the date of enactment of this Act.

## 1 SEC. 122. FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.

2	(a) In General.—Not later than 180 days after the
3	date on which the Secretary submits to Congress the plan
4	under section 121(b), the Secretary shall solicit proposals
5	for projects at new or existing facilities designed to achieve
6	the levels of performance set forth in section 121(b)(3).
7	(b) Project Criteria.—A solicitation under sub-
8	section (a) may include solicitation of a proposal for a
9	project to demonstrate—
10	(1) the control of emissions of 1 or more pollut-
11	ants; or
12	(2) the production of coal combustion byprod-
13	ucts that are capable of obtaining economic values
14	significantly greater than byproducts produced on
15	the date of enactment of this Act.
16	(c) FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE.—The Secretary shall
17	provide financial assistance to projects that—
18	(1) demonstrate overall cost reductions in the
19	utilization of coal to generate useful forms of energy;
20	(2) improve the competitiveness of coal among
21	various forms of energy in order to maintain a diver-
22	sity of fuel choices in the United States to meet elec-
23	tricity generation requirements;
24	(3) achieve, in a cost-effective manner, 1 or
25	more of the criteria described in the solicitation; and

- 1 (4) demonstrate technologies that are applicable
- 2 to 25 percent of the electricity generating facilities
- 3 that use coal as the primary feedstock on the date
- 4 of enactment of this Act.
- 5 (d) Federal Share.—The Federal share cost of a
- 6 project funded under this subtitle shall not exceed 50 per-
- 7 cent.
- 8 (e) Exemption From New Source Review Provi-
- 9 SIONS.—A project funded under this subtitle shall be ex-
- 10 empt from the new source review provisions of the Clean
- 11 Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).
- 12 **SEC. 123. FUNDING.**
- To carry out this subtitle, the Secretary may use any
- 14 unobligated funds available to the Secretary and any funds
- 15 obligated to any project selected under the clean coal tech-
- 16 nology program that become unobligated.

1	TITLE II—CREDIT FOR EMISSION
2	REDUCTIONS AND EFFI-
3	CIENCY IMPROVEMENTS IN
4	EXISTING COAL-BASED ELEC-
5	TRICITY GENERATION FACILI-
6	TIES
7	SEC. 201. CREDIT FOR INVESTMENT IN QUALIFYING CLEAN
8	COAL TECHNOLOGY.
9	(a) Allowance of Qualifying Clean Coal
10	TECHNOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—Section 46 of the Internal
11	Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to amount of credit) is
12	amended by striking "and" at the end of paragraph (2),
13	by striking the period at the end of paragraph (3) and
14	inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the following:
15	"(4) the qualifying clean coal technology unit
16	credit.".
17	(b) Amount of Qualifying Clean Coal Tech-
18	NOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—Subpart E of part IV of sub-
19	chapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
20	1986 (relating to rules for computing investment credit)
21	is amended by inserting after section 48 the following:
22	"SEC. 48A. QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT
23	CREDIT.
24	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 46, the
25	qualifying clean coal technology unit credit for any taxable

1	year is an amount equal to 10 percent of the qualified
2	investment in a qualifying system of continuous emission
3	control for such taxable year.
4	"(b) Qualifying System of Continuous Emis-
5	SION CONTROL.—
6	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
7	(a), the term 'qualifying system of continuous emis-
8	sion control' means a system of the taxpayer
9	which—
10	"(A) serves, is added to, or retrofits an ex-
11	isting coal-based electricity generation unit, the
12	construction, installation, or retrofitting of
13	which is completed by the taxpayer (but only
14	with respect to that portion of the basis which
15	is properly attributable to such construction, in-
16	stallation, or retrofitting),
17	"(B) removes or reduces 1 or more of the
18	pollutants regulated under title I of the Clean
19	Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.),
20	"(C) is depreciable under section 167,
21	"(D) has a useful life of not less than 4
22	years, and
23	"(E) is located in the United States.

1	"(2) Special rule for sale-leasebacks.—
2	For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1),
3	in the case of a unit which—
4	"(A) is originally placed in service by a
5	person, and
6	"(B) is sold and leased back by such per-
7	son, or is leased to such person, within 3
8	months after the date such unit was originally
9	placed in service, for a period of not less than
10	12 years,
11	such unit shall be treated as originally placed in
12	service not earlier than the date on which such prop-
13	erty is used under the leaseback (or lease) referred
14	to in subparagraph (B). The preceding sentence
15	shall not apply to any property if the lessee and les-
16	sor of such property make an election under this
17	sentence. Such an election, once made, may be re-
18	voked only with the consent of the Secretary.
19	"(c) Existing Coal-Based Electricity Genera-
20	TION UNIT.—For purposes of subsection (a), the term 'ex-
21	isting coal-based electricity generating unit' means, with
22	respect to any taxable year, a steam generator-turbine
23	unit which uses coal to produce 75 percent or more of
24	its output as electricity and was in operation before the
25	effective date of this section.

- 1 "(d) Limit on Qualifying Clean Coal Tech-
- 2 NOLOGY UNIT CREDIT.—For purposes of subsection (a),
- 3 the credit shall be applicable to not more than the first
- 4 \$100,000,000 of qualifying investment in a qualifying sys-
- 5 tem of continuous emission control at any 1 existing coal-
- 6 based electricity generating unit.
- 7 "(e) Qualified Investment.—For purposes of sub-
- 8 section (a), the term 'qualified investment' means, with
- 9 respect to any taxable year, the basis of a qualifying sys-
- 10 tem of continuous emission control placed in service by
- 11 the taxpayer during such taxable year.
- 12 "(f) Qualified Progress Expenditures.—
- 13 "(1) Increase in qualified investment.—
- In the case of a taxpayer who has made an election
- under paragraph (5), the amount of the qualified in-
- vestment of such taxpayer for the taxable year (de-
- termined under subsection (e) without regard to this
- subsection) shall be increased by an amount equal to
- the aggregate of each qualified progress expenditure
- for the taxable year with respect to progress expend-
- 21 iture property.
- 22 "(2) Progress expenditure property de-
- FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
- 24 'progress expenditure property' means any property
- being constructed by or for the taxpayer and which

1	it is reasonable to believe will qualify as a qualifying
2	system of continuous emission control which is being
3	constructed by or for the taxpayer when it is placed
4	in service.
5	"(3) Qualified progress expenditures de-
6	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection—
7	"(A) Self-constructed property.—In
8	the case of any self-constructed property, the
9	term 'qualified progress expenditures' means
10	the amount which, for purposes of this subpart,
11	is properly chargeable (during such taxable
12	year) to capital account with respect to such
13	property.
14	"(B) Nonself-constructed prop-
15	ERTY.—In the case of nonself-constructed prop-
16	erty, the term 'qualified progress expenditures'
17	means the amount paid during the taxable year
18	to another person for the construction of such
19	property.
20	"(4) Other definitions.—For purposes of
21	this subsection—
22	"(A) Self-constructed property.—
23	The term 'self-constructed property' means
24	property for which it is reasonable to believe

1	that more than half of the construction expendi-
2	tures will be made directly by the taxpayer.
3	"(B) Nonself-constructed prop-
4	ERTY.—The term 'nonself-constructed property'
5	means property which is not self-constructed
6	property.
7	"(C) Construction, etc.—The term
8	'construction' includes reconstruction and erec-
9	tion, and the term 'constructed' includes recon-
10	structed and erected.
11	"(D) ONLY CONSTRUCTION OF QUALI-
12	FYING SYSTEM OF CONTINUOUS EMISSION CON-
13	TROL TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Construc-
14	tion shall be taken into account only if, for pur-
15	poses of this subpart, expenditures therefor are
16	properly chargeable to capital account with re-
17	spect to the property.
18	"(5) Election.—An election under this sub-
19	section may be made at such time and in such man-
20	ner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
21	Such an election shall apply to the taxable year for
22	which made and to all subsequent taxable years.

Such an election, once made, may not be revoked ex-

cept with the consent of the Secretary.

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1	"(g) Coordination With Other Credits.—This
2	section shall not apply to any property with respect to
3	which the rehabilitation credit under section 47 or the en-
4	ergy credit under section 48 is allowed unless the taxpayer
5	elects to waive the application of such credit to such prop-
6	erty.
7	"(h) TERMINATION.—This section shall not apply
8	with respect to any qualified investment made more than
9	10 years after the effective date of this section.".
10	(c) Recapture.—Section 50(a) of the Internal Rev-
11	enue Code of 1986 (relating to other special rules) is
12	amended by adding at the end the following:
13	"(6) Special rules relating to qualifying
14	SYSTEM OF CONTINUOUS EMISSION CONTROL.—For
15	purposes of applying this subsection in the case of
16	any credit allowable by reason of section 48A, the
17	following shall apply:
18	"(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the
19	amount of the increase in tax under paragraph
20	(1), the increase in tax shall be an amount
21	equal to the investment tax credit allowed under
22	section 38 for all prior taxable years with re-
23	spect to a qualifying system of continuous emis-
24	sion control (as defined by section 48A(b)(1))
25	multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the

number of years remaining to fully depreciate under this title the qualifying system of continuous emission control disposed of, and whose denominator is the total number of years over which such unit would otherwise have been subject to depreciation. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the year of disposition of the qualifying system of continuous emission control property shall be treated as a year of remaining depreciation.

"(B) PROPERTY CEASES TO QUALIFY FOR PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—Rules similar to the rules of paragraph (2) shall apply in the case of qualified progress expenditures for a qualifying system of continuous emission control under section 48A, except that the amount of the increase in tax under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be substituted in lieu of the amount described in such paragraph (2).

"(C) APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH.—This paragraph shall be applied separately with respect to the credit allowed under section 38 regarding a qualifying system of continuous emission control.".

1	(d) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) of the In-
2	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to transitional
3	rules) is amended by adding at the end the following:
4	"(9) No carryback of section 48A credit
5	BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-
6	used business credit for any taxable year which is
7	attributable to the qualifying clean coal technology
8	unit credit determined under section 48A may be
9	carried back to a taxable year ending before the date
10	of enactment of section 48A.".
11	(e) TECHNICAL AMENDMENTS.—
12	(1) Section 49(a)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue
13	Code of 1986 is amended by striking "and" at the
14	end of clause (ii), by striking the period at the end
15	of clause (iii) and inserting ", and", and by adding
16	at the end the following:
17	"(iv) the portion of the basis of any
18	qualifying system of continuous emission
19	control attributable to any qualified invest-
20	ment (as defined by section 48A(e)).".
21	(2) Section 50(a)(4) of such Code is amended
22	by striking "and (2)" and inserting ", (2), and (6)".
23	(3) Section 50(c) of such Code is amended by
24	adding at the end the following:

1	"(6) Nonapplication.—Paragraphs (1) and
2	(2) shall not apply to any qualifying clean coal tech-
3	nology unit credit under section 48A.".

4 (4) The table of sections for subpart E of part
5 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of such Code is
6 amended by inserting after the item relating to sec7 tion 48 the following:

"Sec. 48A. Qualifying clean coal technology unit credit.".

- 8 (f) Installations Not Subject to New Source 9 Review, Etc.—
- 10 (1) EXEMPTION FROM NEW SOURCE REVIEW.—
  11 The installation of a qualifying system of continuous
  12 emission control (as defined in section 48A(b)(1) of
  13 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by
  14 subsection (b)), shall be exempt from the new source
  15 review provisions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C.
  16 7401 et seq.).
  - (2) Exemption from emission control re-Quirements.—The installation of a qualifying system of continuous emission control (as so defined) on an existing coal-based electricity generating unit, which meets or exceeds, for the applicable source category and pollutant being controlled by such qualified system, the standard of performance for new stationary sources, shall exempt the existing unit from any new or increased emission control re-

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- 1 quirements for the pollutant being controlled by such
- 2 qualified system under title I of the Clean Air Act
- 3 (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) for a period of 10 years
- 4 after the date such qualified system is originally
- 5 placed in service.
- 6 (g) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 7 this section shall apply to periods after December 31,
- 8 2000, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m)
- 9 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the
- 10 day before the date of enactment of the Revenue Reconcili-
- 11 ation Act of 1990).
- 12 SEC. 202. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING
- 13 CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.
- (a) Credit for Production From a Qualifying
- 15 CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.—Subpart D of part IV
- 16 of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code
- 17 of 1986 (relating to business related credits) is amended
- 18 by adding at the end the following:
- 19 "SEC. 45E. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM A QUALIFYING
- 20 CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY UNIT.
- 21 "(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38,
- 22 the qualifying clean coal technology production credit of
- 23 any taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to the product
- 24 of—

1	"(1) the applicable amount of clean coal tech-
2	nology production credit, multiplied by
3	"(2) the kilowatt hours of electricity produced
4	by the taxpayer during such taxable year at a quali-
5	fying clean coal technology unit during the 10-year
6	period beginning on the date the unit was returned
7	to service after retrofit, repowering, or replacement.
8	"(b) APPLICABLE AMOUNT.—
9	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this sec-
10	tion, the applicable amount of clean coal technology
11	production credit is equal to \$0.0034.
12	"(2) Inflation adjustment factor.—For
13	calendar years after 2001, the applicable amount of
14	clean coal technology production credit shall be ad-
15	justed by multiplying such amount by the inflation
16	adjustment factor for the calendar year in which the
17	amount is applied. If any amount as increased under
18	the preceding sentence is not a multiple of 0.01 cent,
19	such amount shall be rounded to the nearest mul-
20	tiple of 0.01 cent.
21	"(c) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-
22	poses of this section—
23	"(1) QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY
24	UNIT.—The term 'qualifying clean coal technology
25	unit' means a unit of the taxpayer which—

1	"(A) is an existing coal-based electricity
2	generating steam generator-turbine unit,
3	"(B) has a nameplate capacity rating of
4	not more than 300,000 kilowatts, and
5	"(C) has been retrofitted, repowered, or re-
6	placed with a clean coal technology within 10
7	years of the effective date of this section.
8	"(2) CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—The term
9	'clean coal technology' means technology which—
10	"(A) uses coal to produce 50 percent or
11	more of its thermal output as electricity, includ-
12	ing advanced pulverized coal or atmospheric flu-
13	idized bed combustion, pressurized fluidized bed
14	combustion, integrated gasification combined
15	cycle, or any other technology for the produc-
16	tion of electricity,
17	"(B) has a design heat rate not less than
18	500 Btu/kWh below that of the existing unit be-
19	fore it is retrofit, repowered, or replaced with
20	the qualifying clean coal technology,
21	"(C) has a maximum design heat rate of
22	not more than 9,000 Btu/kWh when the design
23	coal has a heat content of more than 8,000 Btu
24	per pound, and

- 1 "(D) has a maximum design heat rate of 2 not more than 10,500 Btu/kWh when the de-3 sign coal has a heat content of 8,000 Btu per 4 pound or less.
- 5 "(3) APPLICATION OF CERTAIN RULES.—The 6 rules of paragraphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45 7 shall apply.
- 6 "(4) Inflation adjustment factor' means, with re-9 term 'inflation adjustment factor' means, with re-10 spect to a calendar year, a fraction the numerator 11 of which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the 12 preceding calendar year and the denominator of 13 which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the cal-14 endar year 2000.
- 15 "(5) GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR.—The
  16 term 'GDP implicit price deflator' means the most
  17 recent revision of the implicit price deflator for the
  18 gross domestic product as computed by the Depart19 ment of Commerce before March 15 of the calendar
  20 year.
- "(d) Coordination With Other Credits.—This section shall not apply to any property with respect to which the qualifying clean coal technology unit credit under section 48A is allowed unless the taxpayer elects to waive the application of such credit to such property.".

- 1 (b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Sec-
- 2 tion 38(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amend-
- 3 ed by striking "plus" at the end of paragraph (11), by
- 4 striking the period at the end of paragraph (12) and in-
- 5 serting ", plus", and by adding at the end the following:
- 6 "(13) the qualifying clean coal technology pro-
- 7 duction credit determined under section 45E(a).".
- 8 (c) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) of the In-
- 9 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to transitional
- 10 rules), as amended by section 201(d), is amended by add-
- 11 ing at the end the following:
- 12 "(10) NO CARRYBACK OF SECTION 45E CREDIT
- 13 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-
- used business credit for any taxable year which is
- attributable to the qualifying clean coal technology
- production credit determined under section 45E may
- be carried back to a taxable year ending before the
- date of enactment of section 45E.".
- 19 (d) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 20 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
- 21 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by add-
- 22 ing at the end the following:
  - "Sec. 45E. Credit for production from a qualifying clean coal technology unit.".
- (e) Modifications and Installations Not Sub-
- 24 JECT TO NEW SOURCE REVIEW, ETC.—

- (1) Exemption from New Source Review.— Modifications made to an existing coal-based genera-tion unit because of, or as part of a qualifying clean coal technology unit (as defined in section 45E(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (a)), shall be exempt from the new source review provisions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).
  - (2) Exemption from emission control requirements.—The installation of a qualifying clean coal technology unit (as so defined) on an existing coal-based electricity generating unit, which meets or exceeds, for the applicable source category, the standard of performance for new stationary sources under section 111 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411), shall exempt the existing unit from any new or increased emission control requirements under title I of such Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) for a period of 10 years after the date the qualifying clean coal technology is originally placed in service.
- 21 (f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 22 this section shall apply to production after the date of en-23 actment of this Act.

1	TITLE III—INCENTIVES FOR
2	EARLY COMMERCIAL APPLI-
3	CATIONS OF ADVANCED
4	CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGIES
5	SEC. 301. CREDIT FOR INVESTMENT IN QUALIFYING AD-
6	VANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.
7	(a) Allowance of Qualifying Advanced Clean
8	COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.—Section 46 of
9	the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to amount
10	of credit), as amended by section 201(a), is amended by
11	striking "and" at the end of paragraph (3), by striking
12	the period at the end of paragraph (4) and inserting ",
13	and", and by adding at the end the following:
14	"(5) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
15	nology facility credit.".
16	(b) Amount of Qualifying Advanced Clean
17	COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.—Subpart E of
18	part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Rev-
19	enue Code of 1986 (relating to rules for computing invest-
20	ment credit), as amended by section 201(b), is amended
21	by inserting after section 48A the following:
22	"SEC. 48B. QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECH-
23	NOLOGY FACILITY CREDIT.
24	"(a) In General.—For purposes of section 46, the
25	qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit

1	for any taxable year is an amount equal to 10 percent
2	of the qualified investment in a qualifying advanced clean
3	coal technology facility for such taxable year.
4	"(b) QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECH-
5	NOLOGY FACILITY.—
6	"(1) In general.—For purposes of subsection
7	(a), the term 'qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
8	nology facility' means a facility of the taxpayer
9	which—
10	"(A)(i)(I) replaces a conventional tech-
11	nology facility of the taxpayer and the original
12	use of which commences with the taxpayer, or
13	"(II) is a retrofitted or repowered conven-
14	tional technology facility, the retrofitting or
15	repowering of which is completed by the tax-
16	payer (but only with respect to that portion of
17	the basis which is properly attributable to such
18	retrofitting or repowering), or
19	"(ii) is acquired through purchase (as de-
20	fined by section $179(d)(2)$ ,
21	"(B) is depreciable under section 167,
22	"(C) has a useful life of not less than 4
23	years,
24	"(D) is located in the United States, and

1	"(E) uses qualifying advanced clean coal
2	technology.
3	"(2) Special rule for sale-leasebacks.—
4	For purposes of subparagraph (A) of paragraph (1),
5	in the case of a facility which—
6	"(A) is originally placed in service by a
7	person, and
8	"(B) is sold and leased back by such per-
9	son, or is leased to such person, within 3
10	months after the date such facility was origi-
11	nally placed in service, for a period of not less
12	than 12 years,
13	such facility shall be treated as originally placed in
14	service not earlier than the date on which such prop-
15	erty is used under the leaseback (or lease) referred
16	to in subparagraph (B). The preceding sentence
17	shall not apply to any property if the lessee and les-
18	sor of such property make an election under this
19	sentence. Such an election, once made, may be re-
20	voked only with the consent of the Secretary.
21	"(3) Qualifying advanced clean coal
22	TECHNOLOGY.—For purposes of paragraph (1)—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'qualifying
24	advanced clean coal technology' means, with re-
25	spect to clean coal technology—

1	"(i) multiple applications, with a com-
2	bined capacity of not more than 5,000
3	megawatts, of advanced pulverized coal or
4	atmospheric fluidized bed combustion
5	technology—
6	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
7	or repowering application,
8	"(II) operated between 2000 and
9	2011, and
10	"(III) with a design net heat rate
11	of not more than 9,500 Btu per kilo-
12	watt hour when the design coal has a
13	heat content of more than 8,000 Btu
14	per pound, or a design net heat rate
15	of not more than 9,900 Btu per kilo-
16	watt hour when the design coal has a
17	heat content of 8,000 Btu per pound
18	or less,
19	"(ii) multiple applications, with a
20	combined capacity of not more than 1,000
21	megawatts, of pressurized fluidized bed
22	combustion technology—
23	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
24	or repowering application,

1	"(II) operated between 2000 and
2	2015, and
3	"(III) with a design net heat rate
4	of not more than 8,400 Btu per kilo-
5	watt hour when the design coal has a
6	heat content of more than 8,000 Btu
7	per pound, or a design net heat rate
8	of not more than 9,900 Btu's per kilo-
9	watt hour when the design coal has a
10	heat content of 8,000 Btu per pound
11	or less,
12	"(iii) multiple applications, with a
13	combined capacity of not more than 2,000
14	megawatts, of integrated gasification com-
15	bined cycle technology, with or without fuel
16	or chemical co-production—
17	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
18	or repowering application,
19	"(II) operated between 2000 and
20	2015,
21	"(III) with a design net heat rate
22	of not more than 8,550 Btu per kilo-
23	watt hour when the design coal has a
24	heat content of more than 8,000 Btu
25	per pound, or a design net heat rate

1	of not more than 9,900 Btu per kilo-
2	watt hour when the design coal has a
3	heat content of 8,000 Btu per pound
4	or less, and
5	"(IV) with a net thermal effi-
6	ciency on any fuel or chemical co-pro-
7	duction of not less than 39 percent
8	(higher heating value), and
9	"(iv) multiple applications, with a
10	combined capacity of not more than 2,000
11	megawatts of technology for the production
12	of electricity—
13	"(I) installed as a new, retrofit,
14	or repowering application,
15	"(II) operated between 2000 and
16	2015, and
17	"(III) with a carbon emission
18	rate which is not more than 85 per-
19	cent of conventional technology.
20	"(B) Exceptions.—Such term shall not
21	include clean coal technology projects receiving
22	or scheduled to receive funding under the Clean
23	Coal Technology Program of the Department of
24	Energy.

"(C) 1 CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—The 2 term 'clean coal technology' means advanced technology which uses coal to produce 75 per-3 4 cent or more of its thermal output as electricity 5 including advanced pulverized coal or atmos-6 pheric fluidized bed combustion, pressurized flu-7 idized bed combustion, integrated gasification 8 combined cycle with or without fuel or chemical 9 co-production, and any other technology for the 10 production of electricity which exceeds the performance of conventional technology. "(D) CONVENTIONAL TECHNOLOGY.—The 12

## term 'conventional technology' means—

"(i) coal-fired combustion technology with a design net heat rate of not less than 9,500 Btu per kilowatt hour (HHV) and a carbon equivalents emission rate of not more than 0.54 pounds of carbon per kilowatt hour when the design coal has a heat content of more than 8,000 Btu per pound,

"(ii) coal-fired combustion technology with a design net heat rate of not less than 10,500 Btu per kilowatt hour (HHV) and a carbon equivalents emission rate of not

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1	more than 0.60 pounds of carbon per kilo-
2	watt hour when the design coal has a heat
3	content of 8,000 Btu per pound or less, or
4	"(iii) natural gas-fired combustion
5	technology with a design net heat rate of
6	not less than 7,500 Btu per kilowatt hour
7	(HHV) and a carbon equivalents emission
8	rate of not more than 0.24 pounds of car-
9	bon per kilowatt hour.
10	"(E) Design Net Heat Rate.—The de-
11	sign net heat rate shall be based on the design
12	annual heat input to and the design annual net
13	electrical output from the qualifying advanced
14	clean coal technology (determined without re-
15	gard to such technology's co-generation of
16	steam).
17	"(F) Selection Criteria.—Selection cri-
18	teria for clean coal technology facilities—
19	"(i) shall be established by the Sec-
20	retary of Energy as part of a competitive
21	solicitation,
22	"(ii) shall include primary criteria of
23	minimum design net heat rate, maximum
24	design thermal efficiency, and lowest cost
25	to the government, and

1	"(iii) shall include supplemental cri-
2	teria as determined appropriate by the
3	Secretary of Energy.
4	"(c) Qualified Investment.—For purposes of sub-
5	section (a), the term 'qualified investment' means, with
6	respect to any taxable year, the basis of a qualifying ad-
7	vanced clean coal technology facility placed in service by
8	the taxpayer during such taxable year.
9	"(d) Qualified Progress Expenditures.—
10	"(1) Increase in qualified investment.—
11	In the case of a taxpayer who has made an election
12	under paragraph (5), the amount of the qualified in-
13	vestment of such taxpayer for the taxable year (de-
14	termined under subsection (c) without regard to this
15	section) shall be increased by an amount equal to
16	the aggregate of each qualified progress expenditure
17	for the taxable year with respect to progress expend-
18	iture property.
19	"(2) Progress expenditure property de-
20	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the term
21	'progress expenditure property' means any property
22	being constructed by or for the taxpayer and which
23	it is reasonable to believe will qualify as a qualifying

advanced clean coal technology facility which is

1	being constructed by or for the taxpayer when it is
2	placed in service.
3	"(3) Qualified progress expenditures de-
4	FINED.—For purposes of this subsection—
5	"(A) Self-constructed property.—In
6	the case of any self-constructed property, the
7	term 'qualified progress expenditures' means
8	the amount which, for purposes of this subpart,
9	is properly chargeable (during such taxable
10	year) to capital account with respect to such
11	property.
12	"(B) Nonself-constructed prop-
13	ERTY.—In the case of nonself-constructed prop-
14	erty, the term 'qualified progress expenditures'
15	means the amount paid during the taxable year
16	to another person for the construction of such
17	property.
18	"(4) Other definitions.—For purposes of
19	this subsection—
20	"(A) Self-constructed property.—
21	The term 'self-constructed property' means
22	property for which it is reasonable to believe
23	that more than half of the construction expendi-
24	tures will be made directly by the taxpayer.

1	"(B) Nonself-constructed prop-
2	ERTY.—The term 'nonself-constructed property'
3	means property which is not self-constructed
4	property.
5	"(C) Construction, etc.—The term
6	'construction' includes reconstruction and erec-
7	tion, and the term 'constructed' includes recon-
8	structed and erected.
9	"(D) ONLY CONSTRUCTION OF QUALI-
10	FYING ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY
11	FACILITY TO BE TAKEN INTO ACCOUNT.—Con-
12	struction shall be taken into account only if, for
13	purposes of this subpart, expenditures therefor
14	are properly chargeable to capital account with
15	respect to the property.
16	"(5) Election.—An election under this sub-
17	section may be made at such time and in such man-
18	ner as the Secretary may by regulations prescribe.
19	Such an election shall apply to the taxable year for
20	which made and to all subsequent taxable years.
21	Such an election, once made, may not be revoked ex-
22	cept with the consent of the Secretary.
23	"(e) Coordination With Other Credits.—This
24	section shall not apply to any property with respect to

25 which the rehabilitation credit under section 47 or the en-

- 1 ergy credit under section 48 is allowed unless the taxpayer
- 2 elects to waive the application of such credit to such prop-
- 3 erty.
- 4 "(f) Termination.—This section shall not apply
- 5 with respect to any qualified investment made more than
- 6 10 years after the effective date of this section.".
- 7 (c) Recapture.—Section 50(a) of the Internal Rev-
- 8 enue Code of 1986 (relating to other special rules), as
- 9 amended by section 201(c), is amended by adding at the
- 10 end the following:
- 11 "(7) Special rules relating to qualifying
- 12 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY FACILITY.—
- For purposes of applying this subsection in the case
- of any credit allowable by reason of section 48B, the
- 15 following shall apply:
- 16 "(A) GENERAL RULE.—In lieu of the
- amount of the increase in tax under paragraph
- (1), the increase in tax shall be an amount
- 19 equal to the investment tax credit allowed under
- section 38 for all prior taxable years with re-
- spect to a qualifying advanced clean coal tech-
- 22 nology facility (as defined by section 48B(b)(1))
- 23 multiplied by a fraction whose numerator is the
- 24 number of years remaining to fully depreciate
- under this title the qualifying advanced clean

coal technology facility disposed of, and whose denominator is the total number of years over which such facility would otherwise have been subject to depreciation. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the year of disposition of the qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility property shall be treated as a year of remaining depreciation.

- "(B) PROPERTY CEASES TO QUALIFY FOR PROGRESS EXPENDITURES.—Rules similar to the rules of paragraph (2) shall apply in the case of qualified progress expenditures for a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility under section 48B, except that the amount of the increase in tax under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph shall be substituted in lieu of the amount described in such paragraph (2).
- "(C) APPLICATION OF PARAGRAPH.—This paragraph shall be applied separately with respect to the credit allowed under section 38 regarding a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility.".
- 23 (d) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) of the In-24 ternal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to transitional

1	rules), as amended by section 202(c), is amended by add-
2	ing at the end the following:
3	"(11) No carryback of section 48B credit
4	BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-
5	used business credit for any taxable year which is
6	attributable to the qualifying advanced clean coal
7	technology facility credit determined under section
8	48B may be carried back to a taxable year ending
9	before the date of enactment of section 48B.".
10	(e) Technical Amendments.—
11	(1) Section 49(a)(1)(C) of the Internal Revenue
12	Code of 1986, as amended by section 201(e)(1), is
13	amended by striking "and" at the end of clause (iii),
14	by striking the period at the end of clause (iv) and
15	inserting ", and", and by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(v) the portion of the basis of any
18	qualifying advanced clean coal technology
19	facility attributable to any qualified invest-
20	ment (as defined by section 48B(c)).".
21	(2) Section 50(a)(4) of such Code, as amended
22	by section 201(e)(2), is amended by striking "and
23	(6)" and inserting "(6), and (7)".
24	(3) Section 50(c)(6) of such Code, as added by
25	section 201(e)(3), is amended by inserting "or any

- 1 advanced clean coal technology facility credit under
- 2 section 48B" after "section 48A".
- 3 (4) The table of sections for subpart E of part
- 4 IV of subchapter A of chapter 1, as amended by sec-
- 5 tion 201(e)(4), is amended by inserting after the
- 6 item relating to section 48A the following:

"Sec. 48B. Qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility credit.".

- 7 (f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 8 this section shall apply to periods after December 31,
- 9 2000, under rules similar to the rules of section 48(m)
- 10 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as in effect on the
- 11 day before the date of enactment of the Revenue Reconcili-
- 12 ation Act of 1990).
- 13 SEC. 302. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING
- 14 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.
- 15 (a) Credit for Production From Qualifying
- 16 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.—Subpart D of
- 17 part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1 of the Internal Rev-
- 18 enue Code of 1986 (relating to business related credits),
- 19 as amended by section 202(a), is amended by adding at
- 20 the end the following:
- 21 "SEC. 45F. CREDIT FOR PRODUCTION FROM QUALIFYING
- 22 ADVANCED CLEAN COAL TECHNOLOGY.
- "(a) General Rule.—For purposes of section 38,
- 24 the qualifying advanced clean coal technology production
- 25 credit of any taxpayer for any taxable year is equal to—

1	"(1) the applicable amount of advanced clean
2	coal technology production credit, multiplied by
3	"(2) the sum of—
4	"(A) the kilowatt hours of electricity, plus
5	"(B) each 3,413 Btu of fuels or chemicals
6	produced by the taxpayer during such taxable year
7	at a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facil-
8	ity during the 10-year period beginning on the date
9	the facility was originally placed in service.
10	"(b) Applicable Amount.—For purposes of this
11	section, the applicable amount of advanced clean coal tech-
12	nology production credit with respect to production from
13	a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility shall
14	be determined as follows:
15	"(1) Where the design coal has a heat content
16	of more than 8,000 Btu per pound:
17	"(A) In the case of a facility originally
18	placed in service before 2008, if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,400	\$.0050 \$.0010 \$.0005	\$.0030 \$.0010 \$.0005.

19 "(B) In the case of a facility originally 20 placed in service after 2007 and before 2012, 21 if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 7,770	\$.0090 \$.0070 \$.0060	\$.0075 \$.0050 \$.0040.

1 "(C) In the case of a facility originally 2 placed in service after 2011 and before 2015, 3 if—

	The applicable amount is:	
1st 5 years uch service	For 2d 5 years of such service	
\$.0120	\$.0090 \$.0070.	
	ich service	

4 "(2) Where the design coal has a heat content 5 of not more than 8,000 Btu per pound:

"(A) In the case of a facility originally placed in service before 2008, if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,500	\$.0050 \$.0010 \$.0005	\$.0030 \$.0010 \$.0005.

8 "(B) In the case of a facility originally 9 placed in service after 2007 and before 2012, 10 if—

"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 8,000	\$.0090 \$.0070	\$.0075 \$.0050
More than 8,250 but not more than 8,400	\$.0060	\$.0040.

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1	"(C) In the case of a facility originally
2	placed in service after 2011 and before 2015,
3	if

Will a Control of Lord and Dr. (LVIII)	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net heat rate, Btu/kWh (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not more than 7,800	\$.0120 \$.0095	\$.0090 \$.0070.

- 4 "(3) Where the clean coal technology facility is 5 producing fuel or chemicals:
- 6 "(A) In the case of a facility originally
  7 placed in service before 2008, if—

((III) - (° - ')' - 1 - ' (IIIIV) ' 1	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not less than 40.6 percent	\$.0050 \$.0010	\$.0030 \$.0010
Less than 40 but not less than 39 percent	\$.0005	\$.0005.

8 "(B) In the case of a facility originally 9 placed in service after 2007 and before 2012,

10 if—

Willia facility design not the annul officiency (IIIIV) is asset	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not less than 43.9 percent	\$.0090 \$.0070 \$.0060	\$.0075 \$.0050 \$.0040.

11 "(C) In the case of a facility originally 12 placed in service after 2011 and before 2015,

13 if—

"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	The applicable amount is:	
	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Not less than 44.2 percent	\$ 0120	\$ 0090

"The facility decime not thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal	The applicable amount is:	
"The facility design net thermal efficiency (HHV) is equal to:	For 1st 5 years of such service	For 2d 5 years of such service
Less than 44.2 but not less than 43.6 percent	\$.0095	\$.0070.

- "(c) Inflation Adjustment Factor.—For cal-1 endar years after 2001, each amount in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) shall be adjusted by multiplying such amount by the inflation adjustment factor for the calendar year in which the amount is applied. If any amount as increased under the preceding sentence is not a multiple of 6 7 0.01 cent, such amount shall be rounded to the nearest 8 multiple of 0.01 cent. "(d) Definitions and Special Rules.—For pur-9 10 poses of this section— "(1) IN GENERAL.—Any term used in this sec-11 12
- tion which is also used in section 48B shall have the 13 meaning given such term in section 48B.
- "(2) APPLICABLE RULES.—The rules of para-14 15 graphs (3), (4), and (5) of section 45 shall apply.
  - "(3) Inflation adjustment factor.—The term 'inflation adjustment factor' means, with respect to a calendar year, a fraction the numerator of which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the preceding calendar year and the denominator of which is the GDP implicit price deflator for the calendar year 2000.

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1 "(4) GDP IMPLICIT PRICE DEFLATOR.—The 2 term 'GDP implicit price deflator' means the most 3 recent revision of the implicit price deflator for the 4 gross domestic product as computed by the Depart-5 ment of Commerce before March 15 of the calendar 6 year.". 7 (b) Credit Treated as Business Credit.—Sec-8 tion 38(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by section 202(b), is amended by striking "plus" 10 at the end of paragraph (12), by striking the period at 11 the end of paragraph (13) and inserting ", plus", and by 12 adding at the end the following: 13 "(14) the qualifying advanced clean coal tech-14 nology production credit determined under section 15 45F(a).". 16 (c) Transitional Rule.—Section 39(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to transitional 18 rules), as amended by section 301(d), is amended by adding at the end the following: 19 20 "(12) No carryback of section 45F credit 21 BEFORE EFFECTIVE DATE.—No portion of the un-22 used business credit for any taxable year which is

attributable to the qualifying advanced clean coal

technology production credit determined under sec-

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- 1 tion 45F may be carried back to a taxable year end-
- 2 ing before the date of enactment of section 45F.".
- 3 (d) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
- 4 for subpart D of part IV of subchapter A of chapter 1
- 5 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended by sec-
- 6 tion 202(d), is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 7 lowing:

"Sec. 45F. Credit for production from qualifying advanced clean coal technology.".

- 8 (e) Installations Not Subject to New Source
- 9 Review, Etc.—
- 10 (1) Exemption from New Source Review.—
- 11 The installation of a qualifying advanced clean coal
- technology facility which has qualified for a quali-
- 13 fying advanced clean coal technology production
- 14 credit determined under section 45F of the Internal
- Revenue Code of 1986, as added by subsection (a),
- shall be exempt from the new source review provi-
- sions of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.).
- 18 (2) Exemption from Emission Control Re-
- 19 QUIREMENTS.—The installation of a qualifying ad-
- vanced clean coal technology facility which has quali-
- 21 fied for a qualifying advanced clean coal technology
- 22 production credit determined under such section
- 45F and which meets or exceeds, for the applicable
- source category, the standard of performance for

- 1 new stationary sources established under section 111
- of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7411), shall exempt
- 3 that facility from any new or increased emission con-
- 4 trol requirements under title I of such Act (42
- 5 U.S.C. 7401 et seq.) for a period of 10 years after
- 6 the date the qualifying clean coal technology facility
- 7 is originally placed in service.
- 8 (f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 9 this section shall apply to production after the date of en-
- 10 actment of this Act.
- 11 SEC. 303. RISK POOL FOR QUALIFYING ADVANCED CLEAN
- 12 COAL TECHNOLOGY.
- 13 (a) Establishment.—The Secretary of the Treas-
- 14 ury shall establish a financial risk pool which shall be
- 15 available to any United States owner of a qualifying ad-
- 16 vanced clean coal technology which has qualified for an
- 17 advanced clean coal technology production credit (as de-
- 18 fined in section 45F of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 19 1986, as added by section 302) to offset for the first 3
- 20 years of the operation of such technology the costs (not
- 21 to exceed 5 percent of the total cost of installation) for
- 22 modifications resulting from the technology's failure to
- 23 achieve its design performance.

1	(b) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
2	authorized to be appropriated such sums as are necessary
3	to carry out the purposes of this section.
4	TITLE IV—TREATMENT OF
5	<b>CERTAIN TAX-EXEMPT ENTITIES</b>
6	SEC. 401. OFFSET CREDITS FOR ELECTRIC COOPERATIVES
7	OR PUBLICLY OWNED ELECTRIC UTILITIES.
8	(a) Offset Credits.—Section 6401(b) of the Inter-
9	nal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to excessive credits)
10	is amended by adding at the end the following:
11	"(3) Special rule for credits under sec-
12	TIONS 45E, 45F, 48A, AND 48B.—
13	"(A) In general.—For purposes of para-
14	graph (1), the credits allowed under sections
15	45E, 45F, 48A, and 48B (relating to credits
16	for emission reductions and efficiency improve-
17	ments in existing coal-based generating facili-
18	ties) shall be treated for the taxable year as
19	credits allowable under subpart C of part IV of
20	subchapter A of chapter 1 (relating to refund-
21	able credits) only if with respect to such taxable
22	year—
23	"(i) the taxpayer is an electric cooper-
24	ative which is—

1	"(I) an organization engaged in
2	marketing, generating, purchasing,
3	transmitting, or distributing electric
4	energy,
5	"(II) recognized for purposes of
6	this title as operating on a cooperative
7	basis, and
8	"(III) the owner of a qualifying
9	system of continuous emission control
10	or a qualifying clean coal technology
11	unit or both or a qualifying advanced
12	clean coal technology facility from
13	which such credits are derived, or
14	"(ii) the taxpayer is a public utility
15	which is—
16	"(I) organized by an Act of Con-
17	gress or whose income would qualify
18	under section 115 as income derived
19	from a State or any subdivision there-
20	of, and
21	"(II) the owner of the existing
22	coal-based generating facility which is
23	retrofitted, repowered, or replaced
24	with a qualifying clean coal technology
25	for purposes of the credit under sec-

1	tion 45E or served by, added to by, or
2	retrofitted with a qualifying system of
3	continuous emission control for pur-
4	poses of the credit under section 48A,
5	or the owner of qualifying advanced
6	clean coal technology for purposes of
7	the credits under sections 45F and
8	48B.
9	"(B) Treatment of cooperative tax-
10	PAYER.—For purposes of this paragraph—
11	"(i) In general.—An electric cooper-
12	ative shall be deemed a taxpayer thereby
13	qualifying for the credits described in sec-
14	tions 45E, 45F, 48A, and 48B notwith-
15	standing any other provision to the con-
16	trary.
17	"(ii) Use of offset credits.—Not-
18	withstanding any other provision of law, in
19	the case of a cooperative taxpayer, the
20	credits described in sections 45E, 45F,
21	48A, and 48B shall be applied, without
22	penalty, as a prepayment of any debt or
23	obligation the cooperative has incurred
24	under subchapter I of chapter 31 of title 7
25	of the Rural Electrification Act of 1936 (7

1	U.S.C. 901 et seq.). Such credits shall be
2	applied to loans as selected by the coopera-
3	tive.
4	"(C) Public utility defined.—For pur-
5	poses of this paragraph only, the term 'public
6	utility' means a utility providing electricity
7	which is owned by the Federal Government, a
8	State or local government, or any political sub-
9	division thereof.
10	"(D) TREATMENT OF CREDIT.—Neither
11	the amount of credit produced nor the amount
12	of credit refunded pursuant to this paragraph
13	shall result in income for purposes of section
14	501(e)(12).
15	"(E) Treatment of unrelated per-
16	sons.—For purpose of this paragraph, the
17	rules of section 45(d)(4) shall apply.
18	"(F) Treatment of tva.—This para-
19	graph shall not apply with respect to the Ten-
20	nessee Valley Authority.".
21	SEC. 402. OFFSET OF CERTAIN ANNUAL PAYMENT OBLIGA-
22	TIONS IN LIEU OF QUALIFYING CLEAN COAL
23	TECHNOLOGY CREDITS.
24	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
25	sion of law, the Tennessee Valley Authority shall be enti-

- 1 tled, with respect to its being an owner of a qualifying
- 2 system of continuous emission control for purposes of the
- 3 credit under section 45E of the Internal Revenue Code
- 4 of 1986, a qualifying clean coal technology unit for pur-
- 5 poses of the credit under section 48A of such Code, or
- 6 a qualifying advanced clean coal technology facility for
- 7 purposes of the credit under section 45F or 48B of such
- 8 Code, to have an amount, equal to the aggregate amount
- 9 of such credits for any fiscal year, applied as a credit
- 10 against the payments required to be made in such fiscal
- 11 year under section 15d(e) of the Tennessee Valley Author-
- 12 ity Act of 1933 (16 U.S.C. 831n-4(e)) as an annual re-
- 13 turn on the appropriations investment and an annual re-
- 14 payment sum.
- 15 (b) Treatment of Credits.—The aggregate
- 16 amount of credits described in subsection (a) shall be
- 17 treated in the same manner and to the same extent as
- 18 if such credits were a payment in cash and shall be applied
- 19 first against the annual return on the appropriations in-
- 20 vestment.
- 21 (c) Credit Carryover.—With respect to any fiscal
- 22 year, if the aggregate amount of credits described in sub-
- 23 section (a) exceeds the aggregate amount of payment obli-
- 24 gations described in subsection (a), the excess amount
- 25 shall remain available to the Tennessee Valley Authority

- 1 for application as credits against the amounts of such pay-
- 2 ment obligations in succeeding fiscal years in the same

3 manner as described in this section.

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