107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 333

To provide tax and regulatory relief for farmers and to improve the competitiveness of American agricultural commodities and products in global markets.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 14, 2001

Mr. Lugar (for himself, Mr. Roberts, Mr. McConnell, and Mr. Burns) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance

A BILL

- To provide tax and regulatory relief for farmers and to improve the competitiveness of American agricultural commodities and products in global markets.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Rural America Prosperity Act of 2001".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

Subtitle A—General Tax Provisions

- Sec. 101. Deduction for 100 percent of health insurance costs of self-employed individuals.
- Sec. 102. Exclusion of gain from sale of farmland.
- Sec. 103. Income averaging for farmers not to increase alternative minimum tax liability.
- Sec. 104. Farm and ranch risk management accounts.

Subtitle B—Estate and Gift Tax Relief

- Sec. 111. Repeal of estate, gift, and generation-skipping taxes.
- Sec. 112. Termination of step up in basis at death.
- Sec. 113. Carryover basis at death.
- Sec. 114. Additional reductions of estate and gift tax rates.
- Sec. 115. Unified credit against estate and gift taxes replaced with unified exemption amount.
- Sec. 116. Deemed allocation of GST exemption to lifetime transfers to trusts; retroactive allocations.
- Sec. 117. Severing of trusts.
- Sec. 118. Modification of certain valuation rules.
- Sec. 119. Relief provisions.
- Sec. 120. Expansion of estate tax rule for conservation easements.

TITLE II—STUDY OF COSTS OF REGULATIONS ON FARMERS, RANCHERS, AND FORESTERS

- Sec. 201. Comptroller General study of regulations.
- Sec. 202. Response of Secretary of Agriculture.

TITLE III—EXTENSION OF TRADE AUTHORITIES PROCEDURES FOR RECIPROCAL TRADE AGREEMENTS

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. Trade negotiating objectives.
- Sec. 303. Trade agreements authority.
- Sec. 304. Consultations.
- Sec. 305. Implementation of trade agreements.
- Sec. 306. Treatment of certain trade agreements.
- Sec. 307. Conforming amendments.
- Sec. 308. Definitions.

TITLE IV—AGRICULTURAL TRADE FREEDOM

- Sec. 401. Short title.
- Sec. 402. Definitions.
- Sec. 403. Agricultural commodities, livestock, and products exempt from unilateral agricultural sanctions.
- Sec. 404. Sale or barter of food assistance.

1	TITLE I—TAX RELIEF FOR
2	FARMERS
3	Subtitle A—General Tax Provisions
4	SEC. 101. DEDUCTION FOR 100 PERCENT OF HEALTH IN-
5	SURANCE COSTS OF SELF-EMPLOYED INDI-
6	VIDUALS.
7	(a) In General.—Paragraph (1) of section 162(l)
8	of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to special
9	rules for health insurance costs of self-employed individ-
10	uals) is amended to read as follows:
11	"(1) ALLOWANCE OF DEDUCTION.—In the case
12	of an individual who is an employee within the
13	meaning of section 401(c)(1), there shall be allowed
14	as a deduction under this section an amount equal
15	to 100 percent of the amount paid during the tax-
16	able year for insurance which constitutes medical
17	care for the taxpayer, his spouse, and dependents.".
18	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
19	this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
20	December 31, 2001.
21	SEC. 102. EXCLUSION OF GAIN FROM SALE OF FARMLAND.
22	(a) In General.—Part III of subchapter B of chap-
23	ter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to
24	items specifically excluded from gross income) is amended
25	by inserting after section 121 the following:

1	"SEC. 121A. EXCLUSION OF GAIN FROM SALE OF QUALIFIED
2	FARM PROPERTY.
3	"(a) Exclusion.—In the case of a natural person,
4	gross income shall not include gain from the sale or ex-
5	change of qualified farm property.
6	"(b) Limitation.—
7	"(1) In general.—The amount of gain ex-
8	cluded from gross income under subsection (a) with
9	respect to any taxable year shall not exceed
10	\$500,000 ($$250,000$ in the case of a married indi-
11	vidual filing a separate return), reduced by the ag-
12	gregate amount of gain excluded under subsection
13	(a) for all preceding taxable years.
14	"(2) Special rule for joint returns.—The
15	amount of the exclusion under subsection (a) on a
16	joint return for any taxable year shall be allocated
17	equally between the spouses for purposes of applying
18	the limitation under paragraph (1) for any suc-
19	ceeding taxable year.
20	"(c) Qualified Farm Property.—For purposes of
21	this section—
22	"(1) In General.—The term 'qualified farm
23	property' means real property located in the United
24	States if, during periods aggregating 3 years or
25	more of the 5-year period ending on the date of the

sale or exchange of such real property—

1	"(A) such real property was used by the
2	taxpayer or a member of the family of the tax-
3	payer as a farm for farming purposes, and
4	"(B) there was material participation by
5	the taxpayer (or such a member) in the oper-
6	ation of the farm.
7	"(2) Other definitions.—The terms 'mem-
8	ber of the family', 'farm', and 'farming purposes'
9	have the respective meanings given such terms by
10	paragraphs (2), (4), and (5) of section 2032A(e).
11	"(3) Special rules.—Rules similar to the
12	rules of paragraphs (4) and (5) of section 2032A(b)
13	and paragraphs (3) and (6) of section 2032A(e)
14	shall apply.
15	"(d) Other Rules.—For purposes of this section,
16	rules similar to the rules of subsection (e) and subsection
17	(f) of section 121 shall apply.".
18	(b) Conforming Amendment.—The table of sec-
19	tions for part III of subchapter B of chapter 1 of the In-
20	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by inserting
21	after the item relating to section 121 the following:
	"Sec. 121A. Exclusion of gain from sale of qualified farm property.".

(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made bythis section shall apply to any sale or exchange after the

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- 1 date of enactment of this Act in taxable years ending after
- 2 such date.
- 3 SEC. 103. INCOME AVERAGING FOR FARMERS NOT TO IN-
- 4 CREASE ALTERNATIVE MINIMUM TAX LIABIL-
- 5 **ITY.**
- 6 (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 55(c) of the Internal Rev-
- 7 enue Code of 1986 (defining regular tax) is amended by
- 8 redesignating paragraph (2) as paragraph (3) and by in-
- 9 serting after paragraph (1) the following:
- 10 "(2) Coordination with income averaging
- 11 FOR FARMERS.—Solely for purposes of this section,
- section 1301 (relating to averaging of farm income)
- shall not apply in computing the regular tax.".
- 14 (b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
- 15 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 16 December 31, 1997.
- 17 SEC. 104. FARM AND RANCH RISK MANAGEMENT AC-
- 18 counts.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart C of part II of sub-
- 20 chapter E of chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 21 1986 (relating to taxable year for which deductions taken)
- 22 is amended by inserting after section 468B the following:

1	"SEC. 468C. FARM AND RANCH RISK MANAGEMENT AC-
2	COUNTS.
3	"(a) DEDUCTION ALLOWED.—In the case of an indi-
4	vidual engaged in an eligible farming business, there shall
5	be allowed as a deduction for any taxable year the amount
6	paid in cash by the taxpayer during the taxable year to
7	a Farm and Ranch Risk Management Account (herein-
8	after referred to as the 'FARRM Account').
9	"(b) Limitation.—The amount which a taxpayer
10	may pay into the FARRM Account for any taxable year
11	shall not exceed 20 percent of so much of the taxable in-
12	come of the taxpayer (determined without regard to this
13	section) which is attributable (determined in the manner
14	applicable under section 1301) to any eligible farming
15	business.
16	"(c) Eligible Farming Business.—For purposes
17	of this section, the term 'eligible farming business' means
18	any farming business (as defined in section 263A(e)(4))
19	which is not a passive activity (within the meaning of sec-
20	tion 469(e)) of the taxpayer.
21	"(d) FARRM ACCOUNT.—For purposes of this
22	section—
23	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The term 'FARRM Ac-
24	count' means a trust created or organized in the

United States for the exclusive benefit of the tax-

1	payer, but only if the written governing instrument
2	creating the trust meets the following requirements:
3	"(A) No contribution will be accepted for
4	any taxable year in excess of the amount al-
5	lowed as a deduction under subsection (a) for
6	such year.
7	"(B) The trustee is a bank (as defined in
8	section 408(n)) or another person who dem-
9	onstrates to the satisfaction of the Secretary
10	that the manner in which such person will ad-
11	minister the trust will be consistent with the re-
12	quirements of this section.
13	"(C) The assets of the trust consist en-
14	tirely of cash or of obligations which have ade-
15	quate stated interest (as defined in section
16	1274(c)(2)) and which pay such interest not
17	less often than annually.
18	"(D) All income of the trust is distributed
19	currently to the grantor.
20	"(E) The assets of the trust will not be
21	commingled with other property except in a
22	common trust fund or common investment
23	fund.
24	"(2) Account taxed as grantor trust.—
25	The grantor of a FARRM Account shall be treated

1	for purposes of this title as the owner of such Ac-
2	count and shall be subject to tax thereon in accord-
3	ance with subpart E of part I of subchapter J of
4	this chapter (relating to grantors and others treated
5	as substantial owners).
6	"(e) Inclusion of Amounts Distributed.—
7	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
8	graph (2), there shall be includible in the gross in-
9	come of the taxpayer for any taxable year—
10	"(A) any amount distributed from a
11	FARRM Account of the taxpayer during such
12	taxable year, and
13	"(B) any deemed distribution under—
14	"(i) subsection (f)(1) (relating to de-
15	posits not distributed within 5 years),
16	"(ii) subsection (f)(2) (relating to ces-
17	sation in eligible farming business), and
18	"(iii) subparagraph (A) or (B) of sub-
19	section (f)(3) (relating to prohibited trans-
20	actions and pledging account as security).
21	"(2) Exceptions.—Paragraph (1)(A) shall not
22	apply to—
23	"(A) any distribution to the extent attrib-
24	utable to income of the Account, and

1	"(B) the distribution of any contribution
2	paid during a taxable year to a FARRM Ac-
3	count to the extent that such contribution ex-
4	ceeds the limitation applicable under subsection
5	(b) if requirements similar to the requirements
6	of section 408(d)(4) are met.
7	For purposes of subparagraph (A), distributions
8	shall be treated as first attributable to income and
9	then to other amounts.
10	"(f) Special Rules.—
11	"(1) Tax on deposits in account which
12	ARE NOT DISTRIBUTED WITHIN 5 YEARS.—
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If, at the close of any
14	taxable year, there is a nonqualified balance in
15	any FARRM Account—
16	"(i) there shall be deemed distributed
17	from such Account during such taxable
18	year an amount equal to such balance, and
19	"(ii) the taxpayer's tax imposed by
20	this chapter for such taxable year shall be
21	increased by 10 percent of such deemed
22	distribution.
23	The preceding sentence shall not apply if an
24	amount equal to such nonqualified balance is
25	distributed from such Account to the taxpaver

before the due date (including extensions) for filing the return of tax imposed by this chapter for such year (or, if earlier, the date the taxpayer files such return for such year).

- "(B) Nonqualified balance.—For purposes of subparagraph (A), the term 'nonqualified balance' means any balance in the Account on the last day of the taxable year which is attributable to amounts deposited in such Account before the 4th preceding taxable year.
- "(C) ORDERING RULE.—For purposes of this paragraph, distributions from a FARRM Account (other than distributions of current income) shall be treated as made from deposits in the order in which such deposits were made, beginning with the earliest deposits.
- "(2) CESSATION IN ELIGIBLE BUSINESS.—At the close of the first disqualification period after a period for which the taxpayer was engaged in an eligible farming business, there shall be deemed distributed from the FARRM Account of the taxpayer an amount equal to the balance in such Account (if any) at the close of such disqualification period. For purposes of the preceding sentence, the term 'disqualification period' means any period of 2 consecu-

1	tive taxable years for which the taxpayer is not en-
2	gaged in an eligible farming business.
3	"(3) Certain rules to apply.—Rules similar
4	to the following rules shall apply for purposes of this
5	section:
6	"(A) Section 220(f)(8) (relating to treat-
7	ment on death).
8	"(B) Section 408(e)(2) (relating to loss of
9	exemption of account where individual engages
10	in prohibited transaction).
11	"(C) Section 408(e)(4) (relating to effect
12	of pledging account as security).
13	"(D) Section 408(g) (relating to commu-
14	nity property laws).
15	"(E) Section 408(h) (relating to custodial
16	accounts).
17	"(4) Time when payments deemed made.—
18	For purposes of this section, a taxpayer shall be
19	deemed to have made a payment to a FARRM Ac-
20	count on the last day of a taxable year if such pay-
21	ment is made on account of such taxable year and
22	is made on or before the due date (without regard
23	to extensions) for filing the return of tax for such
24	taxable vear.

- 1 "(5) Individual.—For purposes of this sec-2 tion, the term 'individual' shall not include an estate 3 or trust.
- "(6) DEDUCTION NOT ALLOWED FOR SELF-EM-PLOYMENT TAX.—The deduction allowable by reason of subsection (a) shall not be taken into account in determining an individual's net earnings from selfemployment (within the meaning of section 1402(a)) for purposes of chapter 2.
- 10 "(g) Reports.—The trustee of a FARRM Account 11 shall make such reports regarding such Account to the 12 Secretary and to the person for whose benefit the Account is maintained with respect to contributions, distributions, 14 and such other matters as the Secretary may require 15 under regulations. The reports required by this subsection shall be filed at such time and in such manner and fur-16 nished to such persons at such time and in such manner 17 18 as may be required by such regulations.".

19 (b) Tax on Excess Contributions.—

20 (1) Subsection (a) of section 4973 of the Inter-21 nal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to tax on excess 22 contributions to certain tax-favored accounts and an-23 nuities) is amended by striking "or" at the end of 24 paragraph (3), by redesignating paragraph (4) as

1	paragraph (5), and by inserting after paragraph (3)
2	the following:
3	"(4) a FARRM Account (within the meaning of
4	section 468C(d)), or".
5	(2) Section 4973 of such Code, is amended by
6	adding at the end the following:
7	"(g) Excess Contributions to FARRM Ac-
8	COUNTS.—For purposes of this section, in the case of a
9	FARRM Account (within the meaning of section
10	468C(d)), the term 'excess contributions' means the
11	amount by which the amount contributed for the taxable
12	year to the Account exceeds the amount which may be con-
13	tributed to the Account under section 468C(b) for such
14	taxable year. For purposes of this subsection, any con-
15	tribution which is distributed out of the FARRM Account
16	in a distribution to which section 468C(e)(2)(B) applies
17	shall be treated as an amount not contributed.".
18	(3) The section heading for section 4973 of
19	such Code is amended to read as follows:
20	"SEC. 4973. EXCESS CONTRIBUTIONS TO CERTAIN AC-
21	COUNTS, ANNUITIES, ETC.".
22	(4) The table of sections for chapter 43 of such
23	Code is amended by striking the item relating to sec-
24	tion 4973 and inserting the following:
	"Sec. 4973. Excess contributions to certain accounts, annuities,

etc.".

1	(c) Tax on Prohibited Transactions.—
2	(1) Subsection (c) of section 4975 of the Inter-
3	nal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to tax on pro-
4	hibited transactions) is amended by adding at the
5	end the following:
6	"(6) Special rule for farrm accounts.—
7	A person for whose benefit a FARRM Account
8	(within the meaning of section 468C(d)) is estab-
9	lished shall be exempt from the tax imposed by this
10	section with respect to any transaction concerning
11	such account (which would otherwise be taxable
12	under this section) if, with respect to such trans-
13	action, the account ceases to be a FARRM Account
14	by reason of the application of section $468C(f)(3)(A)$
15	to such account.".
16	(2) Paragraph (1) of section 4975(e) of such
17	Code is amended by redesignating subparagraphs
18	(E) and (F) as subparagraphs (F) and (G), respec-
19	tively, and by inserting after subparagraph (D) the
20	following:
21	"(E) a FARRM Account described in sec-
22	tion 468C(d),".
23	(d) FAILURE TO PROVIDE REPORTS ON FARRM AC-
24	COUNTS.—Paragraph (2) of section 6693(a) of the Inter-
25	nal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to failure to provide

- 1 reports on certain tax-favored accounts or annuities) is
- 2 amended by redesignating subparagraphs (C) and (D) as
- 3 subparagraphs (D) and (E), respectively, and by inserting
- 4 after subparagraph (B) the following:
- 5 "(C) section 468C(g) (relating to FARRM
- 6 Accounts),".
- 7 (e) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
- 8 for subpart C of part II of subchapter E of chapter 1 of
- 9 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by insert-
- 10 ing after the item relating to section 468B the following: "Sec. 468C. Farm and Ranch Risk Management Accounts.".
- 11 (f) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
- 12 this section shall apply to taxable years beginning after
- 13 December 31, 2001.

14 Subtitle B—Estate and Gift Tax

- 15 **Relief**
- 16 SEC. 111. REPEAL OF ESTATE, GIFT, AND GENERATION-
- 17 SKIPPING TAXES.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subtitle B of the Internal Rev-
- 19 enue Code of 1986 is hereby repealed.
- 20 (b) Effective Date.—The repeal made by sub-
- 21 section (a) shall apply to the estates of decedents dying,
- 22 and gifts and generation-skipping transfers made, after
- 23 December 31, 2010.

1 SEC. 112. TERMINATION OF STEP UP IN BASIS AT DEATH.

- 2 (a) Termination of Application of Section
- 3 1014.—Section 1014 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 4 1986 (relating to basis of property acquired from a dece-
- 5 dent) is amended by adding at the end the following:
- 6 "(f) TERMINATION.—In the case of a decedent dying
- 7 after December 31, 2010, this section shall not apply to
- 8 property for which basis is provided by section 1022.".
- 9 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Subsection (a) of
- 10 section 1016 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relat-
- 11 ing to adjustments to basis) is amended by striking "and"
- 12 at the end of paragraph (26), by striking the period at
- 13 the end of paragraph (27) and inserting ", and", and by
- 14 adding at the end the following:
- 15 "(28) to the extent provided in section 1022
- 16 (relating to basis for certain property acquired from
- a decedent dying after December 31, 2010).".
- 18 SEC. 113. CARRYOVER BASIS AT DEATH.
- 19 (a) GENERAL RULE.—Part II of subchapter O of
- 20 chapter 1 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating
- 21 to basis rules of general application) is amended by insert-
- 22 ing after section 1021 the following new section:

1	"SEC. 1022. CARRYOVER BASIS FOR CERTAIN PROPERTY
2	ACQUIRED FROM A DECEDENT DYING AFTER
3	DECEMBER 31, 2010.
4	"(a) Carryover Basis.—Except as otherwise pro-
5	vided in this section, the basis of carryover basis property
6	in the hands of a person acquiring such property from a
7	decedent shall be determined under section 1015.
8	"(b) Carryover Basis Property Defined.—
9	"(1) In general.—For purposes of this sec-
10	tion, the term 'carryover basis property' means any
11	property—
12	"(A) which is acquired from or passed
13	from a decedent who died after December 31,
14	2010, and
15	"(B) which is not excluded pursuant to
16	paragraph (2).
17	The property taken into account under subpara-
18	graph (A) shall be determined under section 1014(b)
19	without regard to subparagraph (A) of the last sen-
20	tence of paragraph (9) thereof.
21	"(2) CERTAIN PROPERTY NOT CARRYOVER
22	BASIS PROPERTY.—The term 'carryover basis prop-
23	erty' does not include—
24	"(A) any item of gross income in respect
25	of a decedent described in section 691

1	"(B) property of the decedent to the extent
2	that the aggregate adjusted fair market value
3	of such property does not exceed \$1,300,000,
4	and

- "(C) property which was acquired from the decedent by the surviving spouse of the decedent (and which would be carryover basis property without regard to this subparagraph) but only if the value of such property would have been deductible from the value of the taxable estate of the decedent under section 2056, as in effect on the day before the date of enactment of the Rural America Prosperity Act of 2001. For purposes of this subsection, the term 'adjusted fair market value' means, with respect to any property, fair market value reduced by any indebtedness
- "(3) LIMITATION ON EXCEPTION FOR PROP-ERTY ACQUIRED BY SURVIVING SPOUSE.—The adjusted fair market value of property which is not carryover basis property by reason of paragraph (2)(C) shall not exceed \$3,000,000.

secured by such property.

"(4) ALLOCATION OF EXCEPTED AMOUNTS.— The executor shall allocate the limitations under paragraphs (2)(B) and (3).

1	"(5) Inflation adjustment of excepted
2	AMOUNTS.—In the case of decedents dying in a cal-
3	endar year after 2011, the dollar amounts in para-
4	graphs (2)(B) and (3) shall each be increased by an
5	amount equal to the product of—
6	"(A) such dollar amount, and
7	"(B) the cost-of-living adjustment deter-
8	mined under section $1(f)(3)$ for such calendar
9	year, determined by substituting '2010' for
10	'1992' in subparagraph (B) thereof.
11	If any increase determined under the preceding sen-
12	tence is not a multiple of \$10,000, such increase
13	shall be rounded to the nearest multiple of \$10,000.
14	"(c) Regulations.—The Secretary shall prescribe
15	such regulations as may be necessary to carry out the pur-
16	poses of this section.".
17	(b) Miscellaneous Amendments Related To
18	Carryover Basis.—
19	(1) Capital gain treatment for inherited
20	ART WORK OR SIMILAR PROPERTY.—
21	(A) IN GENERAL.—Subparagraph (C) of
22	section 1221(a)(3) of the Internal Revenue
23	Code of 1986 (defining capital asset) is amend-
24	ed by inserting "(other than by reason of sec-
25	tion 1022)" after "is determined".

- (B) Coordination with Section 170.— Paragraph (1) of section 170(e) of such Code (relating to certain contributions of ordinary in-come and capital gain property) is amended by adding at the end the following: "For purposes of this paragraph, the determination of whether property is a capital asset shall be made with-out regard to the exception contained in section 1221(a)(3)(C) for basis determined under sec-tion 1022.".
 - (2) DEFINITION OF EXECUTOR.—Section 7701(a) of such Code (relating to definitions) is amended by adding at the end the following:
 - "(47) EXECUTOR.—The term 'executor' means the executor or administrator of the decedent, or, if there is no executor or administrator appointed, qualified, and acting within the United States, then any person in actual or constructive possession of any property of the decedent.".
 - (3) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections for part II of subchapter O of chapter 1 of such Code is amended by adding at the end the following new item:

"Sec. 1022. Carryover basis for certain property acquired from a decedent dying after December 31, 2010.".

1 (c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by 2 this section shall apply to estates of decedents dying after 3 December 31, 2010. SEC. 114. ADDITIONAL REDUCTIONS OF ESTATE AND GIFT 5 TAX RATES. 6 (a) Maximum Rate of Tax Reduced to 50 Per-7 CENT.— 8 (1) IN GENERAL.—The table contained in sec-9 tion 2001(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 10 1986 is amended by striking the two highest brack-11 ets and inserting the following: "Over \$2,500,000 \$1,025,800, plus 50% of the excess over \$2,500,000.". 12 (2) Phase-in of Reduced Rate.—Subsection 13 (c) of section 2001 of such Code is amended by add-14 ing at the end the following new paragraph: 15 "(3) Phase-in of reduced rate.—In the 16 case of decedents dying, and gifts made, during 17 2002, the last item in the table contained in para-18 graph (1) shall be applied by substituting '53%' for 19 '50%'.". 20 (b) PHASEOUT GRADUATED Repeal OF OF Rates.—Subsection (c) of section 2001 of the Internal 22 Revenue Code of 1986 is amended by striking paragraph 23 (2) and redesignating paragraph (3), as added by subsection (a), as paragraph (2).

1	(c) Additional Reductions of Rates of Tax.—
2	Subsection (c) of section 2001 of the Internal Revenue
3	Code of 1986, as so amended, is amended by adding at
4	the end the following new paragraph:
5	"(3) Phasedown of Tax.—In the case of es-
6	tates of decedents dying, and gifts made, during any
7	calendar year after 2003 and before 2011—
8	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
9	subparagraph (C), the tentative tax under this
10	subsection shall be determined by using a table
11	prescribed by the Secretary (in lieu of using the
12	table contained in paragraph (1)) which is the
13	same as such table; except that—
14	"(i) each of the rates of tax shall be
15	reduced by the number of percentage
16	points determined under subparagraph
17	(B), and
18	"(ii) the amounts setting forth the tax
19	shall be adjusted to the extent necessary to
20	reflect the adjustments under clause (i).
21	"(B) Percentage points of reduc-
22	TION.—
	The number of "For calendar year: percentage points is:
	"For calendar year: percentage points is: 2004
	2005
	2006
	2007
	2008 5.5

	2009 7.5 2010 9.5
1	"(C) COORDINATION WITH INCOME TAX
2	RATES.—The reductions under subparagraph
3	(A)—
4	"(i) shall not reduce any rate under
5	paragraph (1) below the lowest rate in sec-
6	tion 1(e), and
7	"(ii) shall not reduce the highest rate
8	under paragraph (1) below the highest rate
9	in section 1(c).
10	"(D) COORDINATION WITH CREDIT FOR
11	STATE DEATH TAXES.—Rules similar to the
12	rules of subparagraph (A) shall apply to the
13	table contained in section 2011(b) except that
14	the Secretary shall prescribe percentage point
15	reductions which maintain the proportionate re-
16	lationship (as in effect before any reduction
17	under this paragraph) between the credit under
18	section 2011 and the tax rates under subsection
19	(e).".
20	(d) Effective Dates.—
21	(1) Subsections (a) and (b).—The amend-
22	ments made by subsections (a) and (b) shall apply
23	to estates of decedents dying, and gifts made, after
24	December 31 2001

1	(2) Subsection (c).—The amendment made by
2	subsection (c) shall apply to estates of decedents
3	dying, and gifts made, after December 31, 2003.
4	SEC. 115. UNIFIED CREDIT AGAINST ESTATE AND GIFT
5	TAXES REPLACED WITH UNIFIED EXEMPTION
6	AMOUNT.
7	(a) In General.—
8	(1) Estate Tax.—Subsection (b) of section
9	2001 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating
10	to computation of tax) is amended to read as fol-
11	lows:
12	"(b) Computation of Tax.—
13	"(1) In general.—The tax imposed by this
14	section shall be the amount equal to the excess (if
15	any) of—
16	"(A) the tentative tax determined under
17	paragraph (2), over
18	"(B) the aggregate amount of tax which
19	would have been payable under chapter 12 with
20	respect to gifts made by the decedent after De-
21	cember 31, 1976, if the provisions of subsection
22	(c) (as in effect at the decedent's death) had
23	been applicable at the time of such gifts.
24	"(2) Tentative tax.—For purposes of para-
25	graph (1), the tentative tax determined under this

1	paragraph is a tax computed under subsection (e)
2	on the excess of—
3	"(A) the sum of—
4	"(i) the amount of the taxable estate
5	and
6	"(ii) the amount of the adjusted tax-
7	able gifts, over
8	"(B) the exemption amount for the cal-
9	endar year in which the decedent died.
10	"(3) Exemption amount.—For purposes of
11	paragraph (2), the term 'exemption amount' means
12	the amount determined in accordance with the fol-
13	lowing table:
	"In the case of calendar year: The exemption amount is: 2001 \$675,000 2002 and 2003 \$700,000 2003 \$850,000 2005 \$950,000 2006 or thereafter \$1,000,000
	2000 of thereafter
14	"(4) Adjusted taxable gifts.—For pur-
1415	
	"(4) Adjusted taxable gifts.—For pur-
15	"(4) Adjusted taxable gifts.—For purposes of paragraph (2), the term 'adjusted taxable
15 16	"(4) Adjusted taxable gifts' means the total amount of the taxable gifts
15 16 17	"(4) Adjusted taxable gifts' means the total amount of the taxable gifts' meaning of section 2503) made by the

1	(2) Gift Tax.—Subsection (a) of section 2502
2	of such Code (relating to computation of tax) is
3	amended to read as follows:
4	"(a) Computation of Tax.—
5	"(1) In general.—The tax imposed by section
6	2501 for each calendar year shall be the amount
7	equal to the excess (if any) of—
8	"(A) the tentative tax determined under
9	paragraph (2), over
10	"(B) the tax paid under this section for all
11	prior calendar periods.
12	"(2) Tentative tax.—For purposes of para-
13	graph (1), the tentative tax determined under this
14	paragraph for a calendar year is a tax computed
15	under section 2001(c) on the excess of—
16	"(A) the aggregate sum of the taxable gifts
17	for such calendar year and for each of the pre-
18	ceding calendar periods, over
19	"(B) the exemption amount under section
20	2001(b)(3) for such calendar year.".
21	(b) Repeal of Unified Credits.—
22	(1) Section 2010 of the Internal Revenue Code
23	of 1986 (relating to unified credit against estate
24	tax) is hereby repealed.

1	(2) Section 2505 of such Code (relating to uni-
2	fied credit against gift tax) is hereby repealed.
3	(c) Conforming Amendments.—
4	(1)(A) Subsection (b) of section 2011 of the In-
5	ternal Revenue Code of 1986 is amended—
6	(i) by striking "adjusted" in the table; and
7	(ii) by striking the last sentence.
8	(B) Subsection (f) of section 2011 of such Code
9	is amended by striking ", reduced by the amount of
10	the unified credit provided by section 2010".
11	(2) Subsection (a) of section 2012 of such Code
12	is amended by striking "and the unified credit pro-
13	vided by section 2010".
14	(3) Subparagraph (A) of section $2013(c)(1)$ of
15	such Code is amended by striking "2010,".
16	(4) Paragraph (2) of section 2014(b) of such
17	Code is amended by striking "2010, 2011," and in-
18	serting "2011".
19	(5) Clause (ii) of section $2056A(b)(12)(C)$ of
20	such Code is amended to read as follows:
21	"(ii) to treat any reduction in the tax
22	imposed by paragraph (1)(A) by reason of
23	the credit allowable under section 2010 (as
24	in effect on the day before the date of en-
25	actment of the Rural America Prosperity

1	Act of 2001) or the exemption amount al-
2	lowable under section 2001(b) with respect
3	to the decedent as a credit under section
4	2505 (as so in effect) or exemption under
5	section 2521 (as the case may be) allow-
6	able to such surviving spouse for purposes
7	of determining the amount of the exemp-
8	tion allowable under section 2521 with re-
9	spect to taxable gifts made by the sur-
10	viving spouse during the year in which the
11	spouse becomes a citizen or any subse-
12	quent year,".
13	(6) Subsection (a) of section 2057 of such Code

- (6) Subsection (a) of section 2057 of such Code is amended by striking paragraphs (2) and (3) and inserting the following new paragraph:
- "(2) MAXIMUM DEDUCTION.—The deduction allowed by this section shall not exceed the excess of \$1,300,000 over the exemption amount (as defined in section 2001(b)(3).".
- 20 (7)(A) Subsection (b) of section 2101 of such 21 Code is amended to read as follows:
- "(b) Computation of Tax.— 22
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—The tax imposed by this 23 section shall be the amount equal to the excess (if 24 25 any) of—

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1	"(A) the tentative tax determined under
2	paragraph (2), over
3	"(B) a tentative tax computed under sec-
4	tion 2001(c) on the amount of the adjusted tax-
5	able gifts.
6	"(2) Tentative Tax.—For purposes of para-
7	graph (1), the tentative tax determined under this
8	paragraph is a tax computed under section 2001(c)
9	on the excess of—
10	"(A) the sum of—
11	"(i) the amount of the taxable estate,
12	and
13	"(ii) the amount of the adjusted tax-
14	able gifts, over
15	"(B) the exemption amount for the cal-
16	endar year in which the decedent died.
17	"(3) Exemption amount.—
18	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The term 'exemption
19	amount' means \$60,000.
20	"(B) Residents of Possessions of the
21	UNITED STATES.—In the case of a decedent
22	who is considered to be a nonresident not a cit-
23	izen of the United States under section 2209,
24	the exemption amount under this paragraph
25	shall be the greater of—

"(i) \$60,000, or

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"(ii) that proportion of \$175,000 which the value of that part of the decedent's gross estate which at the time of his death is situated in the United States bears to the value of his entire gross estate wherever situated.

"(C) Special rules.—

"(i) COORDINATION WITH TREA-TIES.—To the extent required under any treaty obligation of the United States, the exemption amount allowed under this paragraph shall be equal to the amount which bears the same ratio to the exemption amount under section 2001(b)(3) (for the calendar year in which the decedent died) as the value of the part of the decedent's gross estate which at the time of his death is situated in the United States bears to the value of his entire gross estate wherever situated. For purposes of the preceding sentence, property shall not be treated as situated in the United States if such property is exempt from the tax im-

1	posed by this subchapter under any treaty
2	obligation of the United States.
3	"(ii) Coordination with gift tax
4	EXEMPTION AND UNIFIED CREDIT.—If an
5	exemption has been allowed under section
6	2521 (or a credit has been allowed under
7	section 2505 as in effect on the day before
8	the date of enactment of the Rural Amer-
9	ica Prosperity Act of 2001) with respect to
10	any gift made by the decedent, each dollar
11	amount contained in subparagraph (A) or
12	(B) or the exemption amount applicable
13	under clause (i) of this subparagraph
14	(whichever applies) shall be reduced by the
15	exemption so allowed under section 2521
16	(or, in the case of such a credit, by the
17	amount of the gift for which the credit was
18	so allowed).".
19	(8) Section 2102 of such Code is amended by
20	striking subsection (c).
21	(9)(A) Subsection (a) of section 2107 of such
22	Code is amended by adding at the end the following
23	new paragraph:
24	"(3) Limitation on exemption amount.—
25	Subparagraphs (B) and (C) of section 2101(b)(3)

1	shall not apply in applying section 2101 for purposes
2	of this section.".
3	(B) Subsection (c) of section 2107 of such Code
4	is amended—
5	(i) by striking paragraph (1) and by redes-
6	ignating paragraphs (2) and (3) as paragraphs
7	(1) and (2), respectively, and
8	(ii) by striking the second sentence of
9	paragraph (2) (as so redesignated).
10	(10) Paragraph (1) of section 6018(a) of such
11	Code is amended by striking "the applicable exclu-
12	sion amount in effect under section 2010(c)" and in-
13	serting "the exemption amount under section
14	2001(b)(3)".
15	(11) Subparagraph (A) of section 6601(j)(2) of
16	such Code is amended to read as follows:
17	"(A) the amount of the tentative tax which
18	would be determined under the rate schedule
19	set forth in section 2001(c) if the amount with
20	respect to which such tentative tax is to be
21	computed were \$1,000,000, or".
22	(12) The table of sections for part II of sub-
23	chapter A of chapter 11 of such Code is amended by
24	striking the item relating to section 2010.

1	(13) The table of sections for subchapter A of
2	chapter 12 of such Code is amended by striking the
3	item relating to section 2505.
4	(d) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
5	this section—
6	(1) insofar as they relate to the tax imposed by
7	chapter 11 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986,
8	shall apply to estates of decedents dying after De-
9	cember 31, 2001, and
10	(2) insofar as they relate to the tax imposed by
11	chapter 12 of such Code, shall apply to gifts made
12	after December 31, 2001.
13	SEC. 116. DEEMED ALLOCATION OF GST EXEMPTION TO
13 14	SEC. 116. DEEMED ALLOCATION OF GST EXEMPTION TO LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO-
14	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO-
14 15	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO- ACTIVE ALLOCATIONS.
14 15 16 17	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO- ACTIVE ALLOCATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2632 of the Internal Rev-
14 15 16 17	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO-ACTIVE ALLOCATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to special rules for allocation
14 15 16 17	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO-ACTIVE ALLOCATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to special rules for allocation of GST exemption) is amended by redesignating sub-
14 15 16 17 18	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO-ACTIVE ALLOCATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to special rules for allocation of GST exemption) is amended by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e) and by inserting after sub-
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO- ACTIVE ALLOCATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to special rules for allocation of GST exemption) is amended by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e) and by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsections:
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO-ACTIVE ALLOCATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to special rules for allocation of GST exemption) is amended by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e) and by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsections: "(c) DEEMED ALLOCATION TO CERTAIN LIFETIME
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO TRUSTS; RETRO-ACTIVE ALLOCATIONS. (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 2632 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to special rules for allocation of GST exemption) is amended by redesignating subsection (c) as subsection (e) and by inserting after subsection (b) the following new subsections: "(e) DEEMED ALLOCATION TO CERTAIN LIFETIME TRANSFERS TO GST TRUSTS.—

1	shall be allocated to the property transferred to the
2	extent necessary to make the inclusion ratio for such
3	property zero. If the amount of the indirect skip ex-
4	ceeds such unused portion, the entire unused portion
5	shall be allocated to the property transferred.
6	"(2) Unused Portion.—For purposes of para-
7	graph (1), the unused portion of an individual's
8	GST exemption is that portion of such exemption
9	which has not previously been—
10	"(A) allocated by such individual,
11	"(B) treated as allocated under subsection
12	(b) with respect to a direct skip occurring dur-
13	ing or before the calendar year in which the in-
14	direct skip is made, or
15	"(C) treated as allocated under paragraph
16	(1) with respect to a prior indirect skip.
17	"(3) Definitions.—
18	"(A) Indirect skip.—For purposes of
19	this subsection, the term 'indirect skip' means
20	any transfer of property (other than a direct
21	skip) subject to the tax imposed by chapter 12
22	made to a GST trust.
23	"(B) GST TRUST.—The term 'GST trust'
24	means a trust that could have a generation-

1	skipping transfer with respect to the transferor
2	unless—
3	"(i) the trust instrument provides that
4	more than 25 percent of the trust corpus
5	must be distributed to or may be with-
6	drawn by one or more individuals who are
7	non-skip persons—
8	"(I) before the date that the indi-
9	vidual attains age 46,
10	"(II) on or before one or more
11	dates specified in the trust instrument
12	that will occur before the date that
13	such individual attains age 46, or
14	"(III) upon the occurrence of an
15	event that, in accordance with regula-
16	tions prescribed by the Secretary, may
17	reasonably be expected to occur before
18	the date that such individual attains
19	age 46;
20	"(ii) the trust instrument provides
21	that more than 25 percent of the trust cor-
22	pus must be distributed to or may be with-
23	drawn by one or more individuals who are
24	non-skip persons and who are living on the
25	date of death of another person identified

1	in the instrument (by name or by class)
2	who is more than 10 years older than such
3	individuals;
4	"(iii) the trust instrument provides
5	that, if one or more individuals who are
6	non-skip persons die on or before a date or
7	event described in clause (i) or (ii), more
8	than 25 percent of the trust corpus either
9	must be distributed to the estate or estates
10	of one or more of such individuals or is
11	subject to a general power of appointment
12	exercisable by one or more of such individ-
13	uals;
14	"(iv) the trust is a trust any portion
15	of which would be included in the gross es-
16	tate of a non-skip person (other than the
17	transferor) if such person died immediately
18	after the transfer;
19	"(v) the trust is a charitable lead an-
20	nuity trust (within the meaning of section
21	2642(e)(3)(A)) or a charitable remainder
22	annuity trust or a charitable remainder
23	unitrust (within the meaning of section
24	664(d)); or

"(vi) the trust is a trust with respect to which a deduction was allowed under section 2522 for the amount of an interest in the form of the right to receive annual payments of a fixed percentage of the net fair market value of the trust property (determined yearly) and which is required to pay principal to a non-skip person if such person is alive when the yearly payments for which the deduction was allowed terminate.

For purposes of this subparagraph, the value of transferred property shall not be considered to be includible in the gross estate of a non-skip person or subject to a right of withdrawal by reason of such person holding a right to withdraw so much of such property as does not exceed the amount referred to in section 2503(b) with respect to any transferor, and it shall be assumed that powers of appointment held by non-skip persons will not be exercised.

"(4) AUTOMATIC ALLOCATIONS TO CERTAIN GST TRUSTS.—For purposes of this subsection, an indirect skip to which section 2642(f) applies shall be deemed to have been made only at the close of

1	the estate tax inclusion period. The fair market
2	value of such transfer shall be the fair market value
3	of the trust property at the close of the estate tax
4	inclusion period.
5	"(5) Applicability and effect.—
6	"(A) IN GENERAL.—An individual—
7	"(i) may elect to have this subsection
8	not apply to—
9	"(I) an indirect skip, or
10	"(II) any or all transfers made
11	by such individual to a particular
12	trust, and
13	"(ii) may elect to treat any trust as a
14	GST trust for purposes of this subsection
15	with respect to any or all transfers made
16	by such individual to such trust.
17	"(B) Elections.—
18	"(i) Elections with respect to
19	INDIRECT SKIPS.—An election under sub-
20	paragraph (A)(i)(I) shall be deemed to be
21	timely if filed on a timely filed gift tax re-
22	turn for the calendar year in which the
23	transfer was made or deemed to have been
24	made pursuant to paragraph (4) or on

1	such later date or dates as may be pre-
2	scribed by the Secretary.
3	"(ii) OTHER ELECTIONS.—An election
4	under clause (i)(II) or (ii) of subparagraph
5	(A) may be made on a timely filed gift tax
6	return for the calendar year for which the
7	election is to become effective.
8	"(d) Retroactive Allocations.—
9	"(1) In general.—If—
10	"(A) a non-skip person has an interest or
11	a future interest in a trust to which any trans-
12	fer has been made,
13	"(B) such person—
14	"(i) is a lineal descendant of a grand-
15	parent of the transferor or of a grand-
16	parent of the transferor's spouse or former
17	spouse, and
18	"(ii) is assigned to a generation below
19	the generation assignment of the trans-
20	feror, and
21	"(C) such person predeceases the trans-
22	feror,
23	then the transferor may make an allocation of any
24	of such transferor's unused GST exemption to any

1	previous transfer or transfers to the trust on a
2	chronological basis.
3	"(2) Special rules.—If the allocation under
4	paragraph (1) by the transferor is made on a gift
5	tax return filed on or before the date prescribed by
6	section 6075(b) for gifts made within the calendar
7	year within which the non-skip person's death
8	occurred—
9	"(A) the value of such transfer or trans-
10	fers for purposes of section 2642(a) shall be de-
11	termined as if such allocation had been made
12	on a timely filed gift tax return for each cal-
13	endar year within which each transfer was
14	made,
15	"(B) such allocation shall be effective im-
16	mediately before such death, and
17	"(C) the amount of the transferor's unused
18	GST exemption available to be allocated shall
19	be determined immediately before such death.
20	"(3) Future interest.—For purposes of this
21	subsection, a person has a future interest in a trust
22	if the trust may permit income or corpus to be paid
23	to such person on a date or dates in the future.".
24	(b) Conforming Amendment.—Paragraph (2) of
25	section 2632(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 is

amended by striking "with respect to a direct skip" and

inserting "or subsection (c)(1)". 3 (c) Effective Dates.— 4 (1) DEEMED ALLOCATION.—Section 2632(c) of 5 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by 6 subsection (a)), and the amendment made by sub-7 section (b), shall apply to transfers subject to chap-8 ter 11 or 12 made after December 31, 2000, and to 9 estate tax inclusion periods ending after December 31, 2000. 10 11 (2)ALLOCATIONS.—Section Retroactive 12 2632(d) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (as added by subsection (a)) shall apply to deaths of 13 14 non-skip persons occurring after December 31, 15 2000. 16 SEC. 117. SEVERING OF TRUSTS. 17 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subsection (a) of section 2642 of 18 the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating to inclusion ratio) is amended by adding at the end the following new 19 20 paragraph: 21 "(3) SEVERING OF TRUSTS.— 22 "(A) IN GENERAL.—If a trust is severed in 23 a qualified severance, the trusts resulting from 24 such severance shall be treated as separate 25 trusts thereafter for purposes of this chapter.

1	"(B) Qualified severance.—For pur-
2	poses of subparagraph (A)—
3	"(i) In general.—The term 'quali-
4	fied severance' means the division of a sin-
5	gle trust and the creation (by any means
6	available under the governing instrument
7	or under local law) of two or more trusts
8	if—
9	"(I) the single trust was divided
10	on a fractional basis, and
11	"(II) the terms of the new trusts,
12	in the aggregate, provide for the same
13	succession of interests of beneficiaries
14	as are provided in the original trust.
15	"(ii) Trusts with inclusion ratio
16	GREATER THAN ZERO.—If a trust has an
17	inclusion ratio of greater than zero and
18	less than 1, a severance is a qualified sev-
19	erance only if the single trust is divided
20	into two trusts, one of which receives a
21	fractional share of the total value of all
22	trust assets equal to the applicable fraction
23	of the single trust immediately before the
24	severance. In such case, the trust receiving
25	such fractional share shall have an inclu-

1	sion ratio of zero and the other trust shall
2	have an inclusion ratio of 1.
3	"(iii) Regulations.—The term
4	'qualified severance' includes any other
5	severance permitted under regulations pre-
6	scribed by the Secretary.
7	"(C) TIMING AND MANNER OF
8	SEVERANCES.—A severance pursuant to this
9	paragraph may be made at any time. The Sec-
10	retary shall prescribe by forms or regulations
11	the manner in which the qualified severance
12	shall be reported to the Secretary.".
13	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
14	this section shall apply to severances after December 31,
15	2000.
16	SEC. 118. MODIFICATION OF CERTAIN VALUATION RULES.
17	(a) Gifts for Which Gift Tax Return Filed or
18	DEEMED ALLOCATION MADE.—Paragraph (1) of section
19	2642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (relating
20	to valuation rules, etc.) is amended to read as follows:
21	"(1) GIFTS FOR WHICH GIFT TAX RETURN
22	FILED OR DEEMED ALLOCATION MADE.—If the allo-
23	cation of the GST exemption to any transfers of
24	property is made on a gift tax return filed on or be-
25	fore the date prescribed by section 6075(b) for such

1	transfer or is deemed to be made under section 2632
2	(b)(1) or (c)(1)—
3	"(A) the value of such property for pur-
4	poses of subsection (a) shall be its value as fi-
5	nally determined for purposes of chapter 12
6	(within the meaning of section 2001(f)(2)), or,
7	in the case of an allocation deemed to have been
8	made at the close of an estate tax inclusion pe-
9	riod, its value at the time of the close of the es-
10	tate tax inclusion period, and
11	"(B) such allocation shall be effective on
12	and after the date of such transfer, or, in the
13	case of an allocation deemed to have been made
14	at the close of an estate tax inclusion period, on
15	and after the close of such estate tax inclusion
16	period.".
17	(b) Transfers at Death.—Subparagraph (A) of
18	section $2642(b)(2)$ of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
19	is amended to read as follows:
20	"(A) Transfers at Death.—If property
21	is transferred as a result of the death of the
22	transferor, the value of such property for pur-
23	poses of subsection (a) shall be its value as fi-
24	nally determined for purposes of chapter 11; ex-
25	cept that, if the requirements prescribed by the

1	Secretary respecting allocation of post-death
2	changes in value are not met, the value of such
3	property shall be determined as of the time of
4	the distribution concerned.".
5	(c) Effective Date.—The amendments made by
6	this section shall apply to transfers subject to chapter 11
7	or 12 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 made after
8	December 31, 2000.
9	SEC. 119. RELIEF PROVISIONS.
10	(a) In General.—Section 2642 of the Internal Rev-
11	enue Code of 1986 is amended by adding at the end the
12	following new subsection:
13	"(g) Relief Provisions.—
14	"(1) Relief from late elections.—
15	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall by
16	regulation prescribe such circumstances and
17	procedures under which extensions of time will
18	be granted to make—
19	"(i) an allocation of GST exemption
20	described in paragraph (1) or (2) of sub-
21	section (b), and
22	"(ii) an election under subsection
23	(b)(3) or $(c)(5)$ of section 2632.
24	Such regulations shall include procedures for
25	requesting comparable relief with respect to

transfers made before the date of enactment of this paragraph.

"(B) Basis for determinations.—In determining whether to grant relief under this paragraph, the Secretary shall take into account all relevant circumstances, including evidence of intent contained in the trust instrument or instrument of transfer and such other factors as the Secretary deems relevant. For purposes of determining whether to grant relief under this paragraph, the time for making the allocation (or election) shall be treated as if not expressly prescribed by statute.

tion of GST exemption under section 2632 that demonstrates an intent to have the lowest possible inclusion ratio with respect to a transfer or a trust shall be deemed to be an allocation of so much of the transferor's unused GST exemption as produces the lowest possible inclusion ratio. In determining whether there has been substantial compliance, all relevant circumstances shall be taken into account, including evidence of intent contained in the trust instrument or instrument of transfer and such other factors as the Secretary deems relevant.".

1	(b) EFFECTIVE DATES.—
2	(1) Relief from late elections.—Section
3	2642(g)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
4	(as added by subsection (a)) shall apply to requests
5	pending on, or filed after, December 31, 2000.
6	(2) Substantial compliance.—Section
7	2642(g)(2) of such Code (as so added) shall apply
8	to transfers subject to chapter 11 or 12 of the Inter-
9	nal Revenue Code of 1986 made after December 31,
10	2000. No implication is intended with respect to the
11	availability of relief from late elections or the appli-
12	cation of a rule of substantial compliance on or be-
13	fore such date.
	fore such date. SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CON-
13 14 15	
14	SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CON-
14 15	SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CON- SERVATION EASEMENTS.
14 15 16	SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS. (a) Where Land Is Located.—
14 15 16 17	SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS. (a) WHERE LAND IS LOCATED.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Clause (i) of section
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS. (a) WHERE LAND IS LOCATED.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Clause (i) of section 2031(c)(8)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS. (a) WHERE LAND IS LOCATED.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Clause (i) of section 2031(c)(8)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (defining land subject to a conservation easement) is
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS. (a) WHERE LAND IS LOCATED.— (1) IN GENERAL.—Clause (i) of section 2031(c)(8)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (defining land subject to a conservation easement) is amended—
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 120. EXPANSION OF ESTATE TAX RULE FOR CONSERVATION EASEMENTS. (a) Where Land Is Located.— (1) In General.—Clause (i) of section 2031(c)(8)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (defining land subject to a conservation easement) is amended— (A) by striking "25 miles" both places it

1	(2) Effective date.—The amendments made
2	by this subsection shall apply to estates of decedents
3	dying after December 31, 2000.
4	(b) Clarification of Date for Determining
5	VALUE OF LAND AND EASEMENT.—
6	(1) In General.—Section 2031(c)(2) of the
7	Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (defining applicable
8	percentage) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
9	lowing new sentence: "The values taken into account
10	under the preceding sentence shall be such values as
11	of the date of the contribution referred to in para-
12	graph (8)(B).".
13	(2) Effective date.—The amendment made
14	by this subsection shall apply to estates of decedents
15	dying after December 31, 1997.
16	TITLE II—STUDY OF COSTS OF
17	REGULATIONS ON FARMERS,
18	RANCHERS, AND FORESTERS
19	SEC. 201. COMPTROLLER GENERAL STUDY OF REGULA-
20	TIONS.
21	(a) Data Review and Collection.—The Comp-
22	troller General of the United States shall—
23	(1) conduct a review of existing Federal and
24	non-Federal studies and data regarding the cost to
25	farmers, ranchers, and foresters of complying with

- existing or proposed Federal regulations directly af-1 2 fecting farmers, ranchers, and foresters; and
- 3 (2) as necessary, obtain and analyze new data concerning the costs to farmers, ranchers, and for-5 esters of complying with Federal regulations pro-6 posed as of February 1, 2001, directly affecting 7
- 8 (b) USE OF DATA.—Using the studies and data reviewed and collected under subsection (a), the Comptroller

farmers, ranchers, and foresters.

- 10 General shall—
- 11 (1) assess the overall costs to farmers, ranch-12 ers, and foresters of complying with existing and 13 proposed Federal regulations directly affecting farmers, ranchers, and foresters; and 14
- 15 (2) identify and recommend reasonable alter-16 natives to those regulations that will achieve the ob-17 jectives of the regulations at less cost to farmers, 18 ranchers, and foresters.
- 19 (c) Submission of Results.—Not later than February 1, 2002, the Comptroller General shall submit to
- 21 the Secretary of Agriculture, the Committee on Agri-
- 22 culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate, and the
- 23 Committee on Agriculture of the House of Representatives
- the results of the assessment conducted under subsection

- 1 (b)(1) and the recommendations prepared under sub-
- 2 section (b)(2).
- 3 SEC. 202. RESPONSE OF SECRETARY OF AGRICULTURE.
- 4 Not later than April 1, 2002, the Secretary of Agri-
- 5 culture shall submit to the Committee on Agriculture, Nu-
- 6 trition, and Forestry of the Senate, and the Committee
- 7 on Agriculture of the House of Representatives a report
- 8 responding to the recommendations of the Comptroller
- 9 General under section 202 regarding reasonable alter-
- 10 natives that could achieve the objectives of Federal regula-
- 11 tions at less cost to farmers, ranchers, and foresters.
- 12 TITLE III—EXTENSION OF
- 13 TRADE AUTHORITIES PROCE-
- 14 **DURES FOR RECIPROCAL**
- 15 TRADE AGREEMENTS
- 16 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
- 17 This title may be cited as the "Reciprocal Trade
- 18 Agreement Authorities Act of 2001".
- 19 SEC. 302. TRADE NEGOTIATING OBJECTIVES.
- 20 (a) Overall Trade Negotiating Objectives.—
- 21 The overall trade negotiating objectives of the United
- 22 States for agreements subject to the provisions of section
- 23 303 are—
- 24 (1) to obtain more open, equitable, and recip-
- 25 rocal market access;

- 1 (2) to obtain the reduction or elimination of 2 barriers and distortions that are directly related to 3 trade and that decrease market opportunities for 4 United States exports or otherwise distort United 5 States trade;
 - (3) to further strengthen the system of international trading disciplines and procedures, including dispute settlement; and
 - (4) to foster economic growth, raise living standards, and promote full employment in the United States and to enhance the global economy.
 - (b) Principal Trade Negotiating Objectives.—
 - (1) Trade barriers and distortions.—The principal negotiating objectives of the United States regarding trade barriers and other trade distortions are—
 - (A) to expand competitive market opportunities for United States exports and to obtain fairer and more open conditions of trade by reducing or eliminating tariff and nontariff barriers and policies and practices of foreign governments directly related to trade that decrease market opportunities for United States exports or otherwise distort United States trade; and

	90
1	(B) to obtain reciprocal tariff and non-
2	tariff barrier elimination agreements, with par-
3	ticular attention to those tariff categories cov-
4	ered in section 111(b) of the Uruguay Round
5	Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3521(b)).
6	(2) TRADE IN SERVICES.—The principal negoti-
7	ating objective of the United States regarding trade
8	in services is to reduce or eliminate barriers to inter-
9	national trade in services, including regulatory and
10	other barriers that deny national treatment or un-
11	reasonably restrict the establishment or operations
12	of service suppliers.
13	(3) Foreign investment.—The principal ne-
14	gotiating objective of the United States regarding
15	foreign investment is to reduce or eliminate artificial
16	or trade-distorting barriers to trade related foreign
17	investment by—
18	(A) reducing or eliminating exceptions to
19	the principle of national treatment;
20	(B) freeing the transfer of funds relating
21	to investments;
22	(C) reducing or eliminating performance
23	requirements and other unreasonable barriers
24	to the establishment and operation of invest-

ments;

1	(D) seeking to establish standards for ex-
2	propriation and compensation for expropriation,
3	consistent with United States legal principles
4	and practice; and
5	(E) providing meaningful procedures for
6	resolving investment disputes.
7	(4) Intellectual property.—The principal
8	negotiating objectives of the United States regarding
9	trade-related intellectual property are—
10	(A) to further promote adequate and effec-
11	tive protection of intellectual property rights,
12	including through—
13	(i)(I) ensuring accelerated and full
14	implementation of the Agreement on
15	Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual
16	Property Rights referred to in section
17	101(d)(15) of the Uruguay Round Agree-
18	ments Act (19 U.S.C. 3511(d)(15)), par-
19	ticularly with respect to United States in-
20	dustries whose products are subject to the
21	lengthiest transition periods for full com-
22	pliance by developing countries with that
23	Agreement, and
24	(II) ensuring that the provisions of
25	any multilateral or bilateral trade agree-

1	ment entered into by the United States
2	provide protection at least as strong as the
3	protection afforded by chapter 17 of the
4	North American Free Trade Agreement
5	and the annexes thereto;
6	(ii) providing strong protection for
7	new and emerging technologies and new
8	methods of transmitting and distributing
9	products embodying intellectual property;
10	(iii) preventing or eliminating dis-
11	crimination with respect to matters affect-
12	ing the availability, acquisition, scope,
13	maintenance, use, and enforcement of in-
14	tellectual property rights; and
15	(iv) providing strong enforcement of
16	intellectual property rights, including
17	through accessible, expeditious, and effec-
18	tive civil, administrative, and criminal en-
19	forcement mechanisms; and
20	(B) to secure fair, equitable, and non-
21	discriminatory market access opportunities for
22	United States persons that rely upon intellec-
23	tual property protection.
24	(5) Transparency.—The principal negotiating
25	objective of the United States with respect to trans-

1	parency is to obtain broader application of the prin-
2	ciple of transparency through—
3	(A) increased and more timely public ac-
4	cess to information regarding trade issues and
5	the activities of international trade institutions;
6	and
7	(B) increased openness of dispute settle-
8	ment proceedings, including under the World
9	Trade Organization.
10	(6) RECIPROCAL TRADE IN AGRICULTURE.—
11	The principal negotiating objective of the United
12	States with respect to agriculture is to obtain com-
13	petitive opportunities for United States exports in
14	foreign markets substantially equivalent to the com-
15	petitive opportunities afforded foreign exports in
16	United States markets and to achieve fairer and
17	more open conditions of trade in bulk and value-
18	added commodities by—
19	(A) reducing or eliminating, by a date cer-
20	tain, tariffs or other charges that decrease mar-
21	ket opportunities for United States exports—
22	(i) giving priority to those products
23	that are subject to significantly higher tar-
24	iffs or subsidy regimes of major producing
25	countries; and

1	(ii) providing reasonable adjustment
2	periods for United States import-sensitive
3	products, in close consultation with the
4	Congress on such products before initiating
5	tariff reduction negotiations;
6	(B) reducing or eliminating subsidies that
7	decrease market opportunities for United States
8	exports or unfairly distort agriculture markets
9	to the detriment of the United States;
10	(C) developing, strengthening, and clari-
11	fying rules and effective dispute settlement
12	mechanisms to eliminate practices that unfairly
13	decrease United States market access opportu-
14	nities or distort agricultural markets to the det-
15	riment of the United States, including—
16	(i) unfair or trade-distorting activities
17	of export state trading enterprises and
18	other administrative mechanisms, with em-
19	phasis on requiring price transparency in
20	the operation of export state trading enter-
21	prises and such other mechanisms;
22	(ii) unjustified trade restrictions or
23	commercial requirements affecting new
24	technologies, including biotechnology;

1	(iii) unjustified sanitary or
2	phytosanitary restrictions, including those
3	not based on scientific principles in con-
4	travention of the Uruguay Round Agree-
5	ments;
6	(iv) other unjustified technical bar-
7	riers to trade; and
8	(v) restrictive rules in the administra-
9	tion of tariff-rate quotas;
10	(D) improving import relief mechanisms to
11	recognize the unique characteristics of perish-
12	able agriculture;
13	(E) taking into account whether a party to
14	the negotiations has failed to adhere to the pro-
15	visions of already existing trade agreements
16	with the United States or has circumvented ob-
17	ligations under those agreements;
18	(F) taking into account whether a product
19	is subject to market distortions by reason of a
20	failure of a major producing country to adhere
21	to the provisions of already existing trade
22	agreements with the United States or by the
23	circumvention by that country of its obligations
24	under those agreements: and

- 1 (G) otherwise ensuring that countries that
 2 accede to the World Trade Organization have
 3 made meaningful market liberalization commit4 ments in agriculture.
 - (7) Labor, environment, and other matters is to address the following aspects of foreign government, and other matters is address the following aspects of foreign government, and other matters that are directly related to trade:
 - (A) To ensure that foreign labor, environmental, health, or safety policies and practices do not arbitrarily or unjustifiably discriminate or serve as disguised barriers to trade.
 - (B) To ensure that foreign governments do not derogate from or waive existing domestic environmental, health, safety, or labor measures, including measures that deter exploitative child labor, as an encouragement to gain competitive advantage in international trade or investment. Nothing in this subparagraph is intended to address changes to a country's laws that are consistent with sound macroeconomic development.

1	(8) WTO EXTENDED NEGOTIATIONS.—The
2	principal negotiating objectives of the United States
3	regarding trade in financial services are those set
4	forth in section 135(a) of the Uruguay Round
5	Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3555(a)), regarding
6	trade in civil aircraft are those set forth in section
7	135(c) of that Act, and regarding rules of origin are
8	the conclusion of an agreement described in section
9	132 of that Act (19 U.S.C. 3552).
10	(c) International Economic Policy Objec-
11	TIVES.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The President should take
13	into account the relationship between trade agree-
14	ments and other important priorities of the United
15	States and seek to ensure that the trade agreements
16	entered into by the United States complement and
17	reinforce other policy goals. The United States prior-
18	ities in this area include—
19	(A) seeking to ensure that trade and envi-
20	ronmental policies are mutually supportive;
21	(B) seeking to protect and preserve the en-
22	vironment and enhance the international means
23	for doing so, while optimizing the use of the
24	world's resources;

- (C) promoting respect for worker rights and the rights of children and an understanding of the relationship between trade and worker rights, particularly by working with the International Labor Organization to encourage the observance and enforcement of core labor standards, including the prohibition on exploitative child labor; and
 - (D) supplementing and strengthening standards for protection of intellectual property under conventions administered by international organizations other than the World Trade Organization, expanding these conventions to cover new and emerging technologies, and eliminating discrimination and unreasonable exceptions or preconditions to such protection.
 - (2) APPLICABILITY OF TRADE AUTHORITIES PROCEDURES.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the use of the trade authorities procedures described in section 303 to modify United States law.

(d) Guidance for Negotiators.—

(1) Domestic objectives.—In pursuing the negotiating objectives described in subsection (b), the negotiators on behalf of the United States shall

- take into account United States domestic objectives, including the protection of health and safety, essential security, environmental, consumer, and employment opportunity interests, and the law and regulations related thereto.
 - (2) Consultations with congressional advisers and enforcement of the trade laws.—
 In the course of negotiations conducted under this title, the United States Trade Representative shall—
 - (A) consult closely and on a timely basis with, and keep fully apprised of the negotiations, the congressional advisers on trade policy and negotiations appointed under section 161 of the Trade Act of 1974; and
 - (B) preserve the ability of the United States to enforce rigorously its trade laws, including the antidumping and countervailing duty laws, and avoid agreements which lessen the effectiveness of domestic and international disciplines on unfair trade, especially dumping and subsidies, in order to ensure that United States workers, agricultural producers, and firms can compete fully on fair terms and enjoy the benefits of reciprocal trade concessions.

1	(e) Adherence to Obligations Under Uruguay
2	ROUND AGREEMENTS.—In determining whether to enter
3	into negotiations with a particular country, the President
4	shall take into account the extent to which that country
5	has implemented, or has accelerated the implementation
6	of, its obligations under the Uruguay Round Agreements.
7	SEC. 303. TRADE AGREEMENTS AUTHORITY.
8	(a) Agreements Regarding Tariff Barriers.—
9	(1) In General.—Whenever the President de-
10	termines that one or more existing duties or other
11	import restrictions of any foreign country or the
12	United States are unduly burdening and restricting
13	the foreign trade of the United States and that the
14	purposes, policies, and objectives of this title will be
15	promoted thereby, the President—
16	(A) may enter into trade agreements with
17	foreign countries before—
18	(i) October 1, 2003, or
19	(ii) October 1, 2007, if trade authori-
20	ties procedures are extended under sub-
21	section (c), and
22	(B) may, subject to paragraphs (2) and
23	(3), proclaim—
24	(i) such modification or continuance
25	of any existing duty,

1	(ii) such continuance of existing duty-
2	free or excise treatment, or
3	(iii) such additional duties,
4	as the President determines to be required or
5	appropriate to carry out any such trade agree-
6	ment. The President shall notify the Congress
7	of the President's intention to enter into an
8	agreement under this subsection.
9	(2) Limitations.—No proclamation may be
10	made under paragraph (1) that—
11	(A) reduces any rate of duty (other than a
12	rate of duty that does not exceed 5 percent ad
13	valorem on the date of enactment of this Act)
14	to a rate of duty that is less than 50 percent
15	of the rate of the duty that applies on such date
16	of enactment;
17	(B) reduces the rate of duty on an article
18	to take effect on a date that is more than 10
19	years after the first reduction that is pro-
20	claimed to carry out a trade agreement with re-
21	spect to such article; or
22	(C) increases any rate of duty above the
23	rate that applied on January 1, 2001.
24	(3) Aggregate reduction; exemption from
25	STAGING.—

1	(A) AGGREGATE REDUCTION.—Except as
2	provided in subparagraph (B), the aggregate re-
3	duction in the rate of duty on any article which
4	is in effect on any day pursuant to a trade
5	agreement entered into under paragraph (1)
6	shall not exceed the aggregate reduction which
7	would have been in effect on such day if—
8	(i) a reduction of 3 percent ad valo-
9	rem or a reduction of one-tenth of the total
10	reduction, whichever is greater, had taken
11	effect on the effective date of the first re-
12	duction proclaimed under paragraph (1) to
13	carry out such agreement with respect to
14	such article; and
15	(ii) a reduction equal to the amount
16	applicable under clause (i) had taken effect
17	at 1-year intervals after the effective date
18	of such first reduction.
19	(B) Exemption from staging.—No
20	staging is required under subparagraph (A)
21	with respect to a duty reduction that is pro-
22	claimed under paragraph (1) for an article of a
23	kind that is not produced in the United States.

The United States International Trade Com-

mission shall advise the President of the iden-

24

- tity of articles that may be exempted from staging under this subparagraph.
 - (4) ROUNDING.—If the President determines that such action will simplify the computation of reductions under paragraph (3), the President may round an annual reduction by an amount equal to the lesser of—
 - (A) the difference between the reduction without regard to this paragraph and the next lower whole number; or
 - (B) one-half of 1 percent ad valorem.
 - (5) OTHER LIMITATIONS.—A rate of duty reduction that may not be proclaimed by reason of paragraph (2) may take effect only if a provision authorizing such reduction is included within an implementing bill provided for under section 305 and that bill is enacted into law.
 - (6) OTHER TARIFF MODIFICATIONS.—Notwithstanding paragraphs (1)(B) and (2) through (5), and subject to the consultation and layover requirements of section 115 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act, the President may proclaim the modification of any duty or staged rate reduction of any duty set forth in Schedule XX, as defined in section 2(5) of that Act, if the United States agrees to such

1	modification or staged rate reduction in a negotia-
2	tion for the reciprocal elimination or harmonization
3	of duties under the auspices of the World Trade Or-
4	ganization or as part of an interim agreement lead-
5	ing to the formation of a regional free-trade area.
6	(7) Authority under uruguay round
7	AGREEMENTS ACT NOT AFFECTED.—Nothing in this
8	subsection shall limit the authority provided to the
9	President under section 111(b) of the Uruguay
10	Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3521(b)).
11	(b) Agreements Regarding Tariff and Non-
12	TARIFF BARRIERS.—
13	(1) In General.—(A) Whenever the President
14	determines that—
15	(i) one or more existing duties or any other
16	import restriction of any foreign country or the
17	United States or any other barrier to, or other
18	distortion of, international trade unduly bur-
19	dens or restricts the foreign trade of the United
20	States or adversely affects the United States
21	economy, or
22	(ii) the imposition of any such barrier or
23	distortion is likely to result in such a burden
24	restriction, or effect,

1	and that the purposes, policies, and objectives of this
2	title will be promoted thereby, the President may
3	enter into a trade agreement described in subpara-
4	graph (B) during the period described in subpara-
5	graph (C).
6	(B) The President may enter into a trade
7	agreement under subparagraph (A) with foreign
8	countries providing for—
9	(i) the reduction or elimination of a duty,
10	restriction, barrier, or other distortion described
11	in subparagraph (A), or
12	(ii) the prohibition of, or limitation on the
13	imposition of, such barrier or other distortion.
14	(C) The President may enter into a trade
15	agreement under this paragraph before—
16	(i) October 1, 2003, or
17	(ii) October 1, 2007, if trade authorities
18	procedures are extended under subsection (c).
19	(2) Conditions.—A trade agreement may be
20	entered into under this subsection only if such
21	agreement makes progress in meeting the applicable
22	objectives described in section 302 and the President
23	satisfies the conditions set forth in section 304.
24	(3) Bills qualifying for trade authori-

Ties procedures.—The provisions of section 151

1	of the Trade Act of 1974 (in this title referred to
2	as "trade authorities procedures") apply to a bill of
3	either House of Congress consisting only of—
4	(A) a provision approving a trade agree-
5	ment entered into under this subsection and ap-
6	proving the statement of administrative action
7	if any, proposed to implement such trade agree-
8	ment,
9	(B) provisions directly related to the prin-
10	cipal trade negotiating objectives set forth in
11	section 302(b) achieved in such trade agree-
12	ment, if those provisions are necessary for the
13	operation or implementation of United States
14	rights or obligations under such trade agree-
15	ment,
16	(C) provisions that define and clarify, or
17	provisions that are related to, the operation or
18	effect of the provisions of the trade agreement
19	(D) provisions to provide adjustment as-
20	sistance to workers and firms adversely affected
21	by trade, and
22	(E) provisions necessary for purposes of
23	complying with section 252 of the Balanced
24	Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of

1985 in implementing the trade agreement,

1	to the same extent as such section 151 applies to
2	implementing bills under that section. A bill to
3	which this subparagraph applies shall hereafter in
4	this title be referred to as an "implementing bill".
5	(c) Extension Disapproval Process for Con-
6	GRESSIONAL TRADE AUTHORITIES PROCEDURES.—
7	(1) In general.—Except as provided in sec-
8	tion 305(b)—
9	(A) the trade authorities procedures apply
10	to implementing bills submitted with respect to
11	trade agreements entered into under subsection
12	(b) before October 1, 2003; and
13	(B) the trade authorities procedures shall
14	be extended to implementing bills submitted
15	with respect to trade agreements entered into
16	under subsection (b) after September 30, 2003
17	and before October 1, 2007, if (and only if)—
18	(i) the President requests such exten-
19	sion under paragraph (2); and
20	(ii) neither House of the Congress
21	adopts an extension disapproval resolution
22	under paragraph (5) before October 1
23	2003.
24	(2) Report to congress by the presi-
25	DENT.—If the President is of the opinion that the

- trade authorities procedures should be extended to implementing bills described in paragraph (1)(B), the President shall submit to the Congress, not later than July 1, 2003, a written report that contains a request for such extension, together with—
 - (A) a description of all trade agreements that have been negotiated under subsection (b) and the anticipated schedule for submitting such agreements to the Congress for approval;
 - (B) a description of the progress that has been made in negotiations to achieve the purposes, policies, and objectives of this title, and a statement that such progress justifies the continuation of negotiations; and
 - (C) a statement of the reasons why the extension is needed to complete the negotiations.
 - (3) Report to congress by the advisory Committee.—The President shall promptly inform the Advisory Committee for Trade Policy and Negotiations established under section 135 of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2155) of the President's decision to submit a report to the Congress under paragraph (2). The Advisory Committee shall submit to the Congress as soon as practicable, but not later

1	than August 1, 2003, a written report that
2	contains—
3	(A) its views regarding the progress that
4	has been made in negotiations to achieve the
5	purposes, policies, and objectives of this title;
6	and
7	(B) a statement of its views, and the rea-
8	sons therefor, regarding whether the extension
9	requested under paragraph (2) should be ap-
10	proved or disapproved.
11	(4) Reports may be classified.—The re-
12	ports submitted to the Congress under paragraphs
13	(2) and (3), or any portion of such reports, may be
14	classified to the extent the President determines ap-
15	propriate.
16	(5) Extension disapproval resolution.—
17	(A) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term "exten-
18	sion disapproval resolution" means a resolution of
19	either House of the Congress, the sole matter after
20	the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the
21	disapproves the request of the President for

the extension, under section 303(c)(1)(B)(i) of the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Authorities Act of 2001, of the provisions of section 151 of the Trade Act of 1974 to any implementing bill submitted with

1	respect to any trade agreement entered into under
2	section 303(b) of the Reciprocal Trade Agreement
3	Authorities Act of 2001 after September 30, 2003.",
4	with the blank space being filled with the name of
5	the resolving House of the Congress.
6	(B) An extension disapproval resolution—
7	(i) may be introduced in either House of
8	the Congress by any member of such House;
9	and
10	(ii) shall be referred, in the House of Rep-
11	resentatives, to the Committee on Ways and
12	Means and to the Committee on Rules.
13	(C) The provisions of sections 152(d) and (e) of
14	the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2192(d) and (e))
15	(relating to the floor consideration of certain resolu-
16	tions in the House and Senate) apply to an exten-
17	sion disapproval resolution.
18	(D) It is not in order for—
19	(i) the Senate to consider any extension
20	disapproval resolution not reported by the Com-
21	mittee on Finance;
22	(ii) the House of Representatives to con-
23	sider any extension disapproval resolution not
24	reported by the Committee on Ways and Means
25	and by the Committee on Rules; or

1	(iii) either House of the Congress to con-
2	sider an extension disapproval resolution after
3	September 30, 2003.
4	SEC. 304. CONSULTATIONS.
5	(a) Notice and Consultation Before Negotia-
6	TION.—
7	(1) In general.—The President, with respect
8	to any agreement that is subject to the provisions of
9	section 303(b), shall—
10	(A) provide, at least 90 calendar days be-
11	fore initiating negotiations, written notice to the
12	Congress of the President's intention to enter
13	into the negotiations and set forth therein the
14	date the President intends to initiate such nego-
15	tiations, the specific United States objectives
16	for the negotiations, and whether the President
17	intends to seek an agreement, or changes to an
18	existing agreement; and
19	(B) before and after submission of the no-
20	tice, consult regarding the negotiations with the
21	Committee on Finance of the Senate and the
22	Committee on Ways and Means of the House of
23	Representatives and such other committees of
24	the House and Senate as the President deems
25	appropriate.

(2)	Consultations	REGARDING	NEGOTIA-
TIONS OF	N CERTAIN OBJECTI	VES.—	

(A) Consultation.—In addition to the requirements set forth in paragraph (1), before initiating negotiations with respect to a trade agreement subject to section 303(b) where the subject matter of such negotiations is directly related to the principal trade negotiating objectives set forth in section 302(b)(1) or section 302(b)(7), the President shall consult with the Committee on Ways and Means of the House of Representatives and the Committee on Finance of the Senate and with the appropriate advisory groups established under section 135 of the Trade Act of 1974 with respect to such negotiations.

(B) Scope.—The consultations described in subparagraph (A) shall concern the manner in which the negotiation will address the objective of reducing or eliminating a specific tariff or nontariff barrier or foreign government policy or practice directly related to trade that decreases market opportunities for United States exports or otherwise distorts United States trade.

1 (3)NEGOTIATIONS REGARDING AGRI-2 CULTURE.—Before initiating negotiations the sub-3 ject matter of which is directly related to the subject matter under section 302(b)(6)(A) with any country, the President shall assess whether United States 5 6 tariffs on agriculture products that were bound 7 under the Uruguay Round Agreements are lower 8 than the tariffs bound by that country. In addition, 9 the President shall consider whether the tariff levels 10 bound and applied throughout the world with respect 11 to imports from the United States are higher than 12 United States tariffs and whether the negotiation 13 provides an opportunity to address any such dis-14 parity. The President shall consult with the Com-15 mittee on Ways and Means and the Committee on 16 Agriculture of the House of Representatives and the 17 Committee on Finance and the Committee on Agri-18 culture, Nutrition, and Forestry of the Senate con-19 cerning the results of the assessment, whether it is 20 appropriate for the United States to agree to further 21 tariff reductions based on the conclusions reached in 22 the assessment, and how all applicable negotiating 23 objectives will be met.

24 (b) Consultation With Congress Before

25 AGREEMENTS ENTERED INTO.—

1	(1) Consultation.—Before entering into any
2	trade agreement under section 303(b), the President
3	shall consult with—
4	(A) the Committee on Ways and Means of
5	the House of Representatives and the Com-
6	mittee on Finance of the Senate; and
7	(B) each other committee of the House
8	and the Senate, and each joint committee of the
9	Congress, which has jurisdiction over legislation
10	involving subject matters which would be af-
11	fected by the trade agreement.
12	(2) Scope.—The consultation described in
13	paragraph (1) shall include consultation with respect
14	to—
15	(A) the nature of the agreement;
16	(B) how and to what extent the agreement
17	will achieve the applicable purposes, policies,
18	and objectives of this title; and
19	(C) the implementation of the agreement
20	under section 305, including the general effect
21	of the agreement on existing laws.
22	(c) Advisory Committee Reports.—The report
23	required under section 135(e)(1) of the Trade Act of 1974
24	regarding any trade agreement entered into under section
25	303(a) or (b) of this Act shall be provided to the Presi-

dent, the Congress, and the United States Trade Representative not later than 30 days after the date on which President notifies the Congress under section 3 the 4 303(a)(1) or 305(a)(1)(A) of the President's intention to 5 enter into the agreement. 6 SEC. 305. IMPLEMENTATION OF TRADE AGREEMENTS. 7 (a) In General.— 8 NOTIFICATION AND SUBMISSION.—Any 9 agreement entered into under section 303(b) shall 10 enter into force with respect to the United States if 11 (and only if)— 12 (A) the President, at least 90 calendar 13 days before the day on which the President en-14 ters into the trade agreement, notifies the 15 House of Representatives and the Senate of the 16 President's intention to enter into the agree-17 ment, and promptly thereafter publishes notice 18 of such intention in the Federal Register; 19 (B) within 60 days after entering into the 20 agreement, the President submits to the Con-21 gress a description of those changes to existing 22 laws that the President considers would be re-

quired in order to bring the United States into

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compliance with the agreement;

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1	(C) after entering into the agreement, the
2	President submits a copy of the final legal text
3	of the agreement, together with—
4	(i) a draft of an implementing bill de-
5	scribed in section 303(b)(3);
6	(ii) a statement of any administrative
7	action proposed to implement the trade
8	agreement; and
9	(iii) the supporting information de-
10	scribed in paragraph (2); and
11	(D) the implementing bill is enacted into
12	law.
13	(2) Supporting information.—The sup-
14	porting information required under paragraph
15	(1)(C)(iii) consists of—
16	(A) an explanation as to how the imple-
17	menting bill and proposed administrative action
18	will change or affect existing law; and
19	(B) a statement—
20	(i) asserting that the agreement
21	makes progress in achieving the applicable
22	purposes, policies, and objectives of this
23	title;
24	(ii) setting forth the reasons of the
25	President regarding—

1	(I) how and to what extent the
2	agreement makes progress in achiev-
3	ing the applicable purposes, policies,
4	and objectives referred to in clause (i);
5	(II) whether and how the agree-
6	ment changes provisions of an agree-
7	ment previously negotiated;
8	(III) how the agreement serves
9	the interests of United States com-
10	merce; and
11	(IV) how the implementing bill
12	meets the standards set forth in sec-
13	tion $303(b)(3)$.
14	(3) RECIPROCAL BENEFITS.—In order to en-
15	sure that a foreign country that is not a party to a
16	trade agreement entered into under section 303(b)
17	does not receive benefits under the agreement unless
18	the country is also subject to the obligations under
19	the agreement, the implementing bill submitted with
20	respect to the agreement shall provide that the bene-
21	fits and obligations under the agreement apply only
22	to the parties to the agreement, if such application

is consistent with the terms of the agreement. The

implementing bill may also provide that the benefits

and obligations under the agreement do not apply

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- uniformly to all parties to the agreement, if such application is consistent with the terms of the agreement.

 ment.
- 4 (b) Limitations on Trade Authorities Proce-5 dures.—

(1) For lack of consultations.—

- (A) In General.—The trade authorities procedures shall not apply to any implementing bill submitted with respect to a trade agreement entered into under section 303(b) if during the 60-day period beginning on the date that one House of Congress agrees to a procedural disapproval resolution for lack of notice or consultations with respect to that trade agreement, the other House separately agrees to a procedural disapproval resolution with respect to that agreement.
- (B) PROCEDURAL DISAPPROVAL RESOLU-TION.—For purposes of this paragraph, the term "procedural disapproval resolution" means a resolution of either House of Congress, the sole matter after the resolving clause of which is as follows: "That the President has failed or refused to notify or consult (as the case may be) with Congress in accordance with section

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1	304 or 305 of the Reciprocal Trade Agreement
2	Authorities Act of 2001 on negotiations with re-
3	spect to, or entering into, a trade agreement to
4	which section 303(b) of that Act applies and,
5	therefore, the provisions of section 151 of the
6	Trade Act of 1974 shall not apply to any imple-
7	menting bill submitted with respect to that
8	trade agreement.".
9	(2) Procedures for considering resolu-
10	TION.—(A) A procedural disapproval resolution—
11	(i) in the House of Representatives—
12	(I) shall be introduced by the chair-
13	man or ranking minority member of the
14	Committee on Ways and Means or the
15	chairman or ranking minority member of
16	the Committee on Rules;
17	(II) shall be referred to the Com-
18	mittee on Ways and Means and to the
19	Committee on Rules; and
20	(III) may not be amended by either
21	Committee; and
22	(ii) in the Senate shall be an original reso-
23	lution of the Committee on Finance.
24	(B) The provisions of section 152(d) and (e) of
25	the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2192(d) and (e))

- 1 (relating to the floor consideration of certain resolu-
- 2 tions in the House and Senate) apply to a proce-
- dural disapproval resolution.
- 4 (C) It is not in order for the House of Rep-
- 5 resentatives to consider any procedural disapproval
- 6 resolution not reported by the Committee on Ways
- 7 and Means and by the Committee on Rules.
- 8 (c) Rules of House of Representatives and
- 9 Senate.—Subsection (b) of this section and section
- 10 303(c) are enacted by the Congress—
- 11 (1) as an exercise of the rulemaking power of
- the House of Representatives and the Senate, re-
- spectively, and as such are deemed a part of the
- rules of each House, respectively, and such proce-
- dures supersede other rules only to the extent that
- they are inconsistent with such other rules; and
- 17 (2) with the full recognition of the constitu-
- tional right of either House to change the rules (so
- far as relating to the procedures of that House) at
- any time, in the same manner, and to the same ex-
- 21 tent as any other rule of that House.
- 22 SEC. 306. TREATMENT OF CERTAIN TRADE AGREEMENTS.
- 23 (a) Certain Agreements.—Notwithstanding sec-
- 24 tion 303(b)(2), if an agreement to which section 303(b)
- 25 applies—

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1	(1) is entered into under the auspices of the
2	World Trade Organization regarding trade in infor-
3	mation technology products,
4	(2) is entered into under the auspices of the
5	World Trade Organization regarding extended nego-
6	tiations on financial services as described in section
7	135(a) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act (19
8	U.S.C. $3555(a)$),
9	(3) is entered into under the auspices of the
10	World Trade Organization regarding the rules of ori-
11	gin work program described in Article 9 of the
12	Agreement on Rules of Origin referred to in section
13	101(d)(10) of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act
14	(19 U.S.C. 3511(d)(10)), or
15	(4) is entered into with Chile,
16	and results from negotiations that were commenced before
17	the date of enactment of this Act, subsection (b) shall
18	apply.
19	(b) Treatment of Agreements.—In the case of
20	any agreement to which subsection (a) applies—
21	(1) the applicability of the trade authorities
22	procedures to implementing bills shall be determined
23	without regard to the requirements of section

304(a), and any procedural disapproval resolution

under section 305(b)(1)(B) shall not be in order on

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1 the basis of a failure or refusal to comply with the 2 provisions of section 304(a); and 3 (2) the President shall consult regarding the 4 negotiations described in subsection (a) with the 5 committees described in section 304(a)(1)(B) as 6 soon as feasible after the enactment of this Act. 7 SEC. 307. CONFORMING AMENDMENTS. 8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Title I of the Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2111 et seq.) is amended as follows: 10 (1) Implementing bill.— 11 (A) Section 151(b)(1)(19)U.S.C. 12 2191(b)(1)) is amended by striking "section 13 1103(a)(1) of the Omnibus Trade and Competi-14 tiveness Act of 1988, or section 282 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act" and inserting 15 "section 282 of the Uruguay Round Agree-16 17 ments Act, or section 305(a)(1) of the Recip-18 rocal Trade Agreement Authorities Act of 19 2001". 20 (B) (19)U.S.C. Section 151(c)(1)21 2191(c)(1)) is amended by striking "or section 22 282 of the Uruguay Round Agreements Act" and inserting ", section 282 of the Uruguay 23

Round Agreements Act, or section 305(a)(1) of

1	the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Authorities
2	Act of 2001".
3	(2) Advice from international trade com-
4	MISSION.—Section 131 (19 U.S.C. 2151) is
5	amended—
6	(A) in subsection (a)—
7	(i) in paragraph (1), by striking "sec-
8	tion 123 of this Act or section 1102 (a) or
9	(c) of the Omnibus Trade and Competitive-
10	ness Act of 1988," and inserting "section
11	123 of this Act or section 303(a) or (b) of
12	the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Authori-
13	ties Act of 2001,"; and
14	(ii) in paragraph (2), by striking "sec-
15	tion 1102 (b) or (c) of the Omnibus Trade
16	and Competitiveness Act of 1988" and in-
17	serting "section 303(b) of the Reciprocal
18	Trade Agreement Authorities Act of
19	2001";
20	(B) in subsection (b), by striking "section
21	1102(a)(3)(A)" and inserting "section
22	303(a)(3)(A) of the Reciprocal Trade Agree-
23	ment Authorities Act of 2001" before the end
24	period; and

1	(C) in subsection (c), by striking "section
2	1102 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitive-
3	ness Act of 1988," and inserting "section 303
4	of the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Authorities
5	Act of 2001,".
6	(3) Hearings and Advice.—Sections 132,
7	133(a), and 134(a) (19 U.S.C. 2152, 2153(a), and
8	2154(a)) are each amended by striking "section
9	1102 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness
10	Act of 1988," each place it appears and inserting
11	"section 303 of the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Au-
12	thorities Act of 2001,".
13	(4) Prerequisites for offers.—Section
14	134(b) (19 U.S.C. 2154(b)) is amended by striking
15	"section 1102 of the Omnibus Trade and Competi-
16	tiveness Act of 1988" and inserting "section 303 of
17	the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Authorities Act of
18	2001".
19	(5) ADVICE FROM PRIVATE AND PUBLIC SEC-
20	TORS.—Section 135 (19 U.S.C. 2155) is amended—
21	(A) in subsection $(a)(1)(A)$, by striking

(A) in subsection (a)(1)(A), by striking "section 1102 of the Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988" and inserting "section 303 of the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Authorities Act of 2001";

1	(B) in subsection (e)(1)—
2	(i) by striking "section 1102 of the
3	Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act
4	of 1988" each place it appears and insert-
5	ing "section 303 of the Reciprocal Trade
6	Agreement Authorities Act of 2001"; and
7	(ii) by striking "section 1103(a)(1)(A)
8	of such Act of 1988" and inserting "sec-
9	tion 305(a)(1)(A) of the Reciprocal Trade
10	Agreement Authorities Act of 2001"; and
11	(C) in subsection (e)(2), by striking "sec-
12	tion 1101 of the Omnibus Trade and Competi-
13	tiveness Act of 1988" and inserting "section
14	302 of the Reciprocal Trade Agreement Au-
15	thorities Act of 2001".
16	(6) Transmission of agreements to con-
17	GRESS.—Section 162(a) (19 U.S.C. 2212(a)) is
18	amended by striking "or under section 1102 of the
19	Omnibus Trade and Competitiveness Act of 1988"
20	and inserting "or under section 303 of the Recip-
21	rocal Trade Agreement Authorities Act of 2001".
22	(b) Application of Certain Provisions.—For
23	purposes of applying sections 125, 126, and 127 of the
24	Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2135, 2136(a), and
25	2137)—

1	(1) any trade agreement entered into under sec-
2	tion 303 shall be treated as an agreement entered
3	into under section 101 or 102, as appropriate, of the
4	Trade Act of 1974 (19 U.S.C. 2111 or 2112); and
5	(2) any proclamation or Executive order issued
6	pursuant to a trade agreement entered into under
7	section 303 shall be treated as a proclamation or
8	Executive order issued pursuant to a trade agree-
9	ment entered into under section 102 of the Trade
10	Act of 1974.
11	SEC. 308. DEFINITIONS.
12	In this title:
13	(1) United states person.—The term
14	"United States person" means—
15	(A) a United States citizen;
16	(B) a partnership, corporation, or other
17	legal entity organized under the laws of the
18	United States; and
19	(C) a partnership, corporation, or other
20	legal entity that is organized under the laws or
21	a foreign country and is controlled by entities
22	described in subparagraph (B) or United States
23	citizens, or both.
24	(2) Uruguay round agreements.—The term
25	"Uruguay Round Agreements" has the meaning

1	given that term in section 2(7) of the Uruguay
2	Round Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. 3501(7)).
3	(3) WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION.—The term
4	"World Trade Organization" means the organization
5	established pursuant to the WTO Agreement.
6	(4) WTO AGREEMENT.—The term "WTO
7	Agreement" means the Agreement Establishing the
8	World Trade Organization entered into on April 15,
9	1994.
10	TITLE IV—AGRICULTURAL
11	TRADE FREEDOM
12	SEC. 401. SHORT TITLE.
13	This title may be cited as the "Agricultural Trade
14	Freedom Act".
15	SEC. 402. DEFINITIONS.
16	In this title, the terms "agricultural commodity" and
17	"United States agricultural commodity" have the mean-
18	ings given the terms in section 102 of the Agricultural
19	Trade Act of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5602).
20	SEC. 403. AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES, LIVESTOCK, AND
21	PRODUCTS EXEMPT FROM UNILATERAL AG-
22	RICULTURAL SANCTIONS.
23	Subtitle B of title IV of the Agricultural Trade Act
24	of 1978 (7 U.S.C. 5661 et seq.) is amended by adding
25	at the end the following:

1	"SEC. 418. AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES, LIVESTOCK, AND
2	PRODUCTS EXEMPT FROM UNILATERAL AG-
3	RICULTURAL SANCTIONS.
4	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
5	"(1) Current sanction.—The term 'current
6	sanction' means a unilateral agricultural sanction
7	that is in effect on the date of enactment of the Ag-
8	ricultural Trade Freedom Act.
9	"(2) New Sanction.—The term 'new sanction'
10	means a unilateral agricultural sanction that be-
11	comes effective after the date of enactment of that
12	Act.
13	"(3) Unilateral agricultural sanction.—
14	The term 'unilateral agricultural sanction' means
15	any prohibition, restriction, or condition that is im-
16	posed on the export of an agricultural commodity to
17	a foreign country or foreign entity and that is im-
18	posed by the United States for reasons of the na-
19	tional interest, except in a case in which the United
20	States imposes the measure pursuant to a multilat-
21	eral regime and the other members of that regime
22	have agreed to impose substantially equivalent meas-
23	ures.
24	"(b) Exemption.—
25	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraphs (2)
26	and (3) and notwithstanding any other provision of

1	law, agricultural commodities made available as a re-
2	sult of commercial sales shall be exempt from a uni-
3	lateral agricultural sanction imposed by the United
4	States on another country.
5	"(2) Exclusions.—Paragraph (1) shall not
6	apply to agricultural commodities made available as
7	a result of programs carried out under—
8	"(A) the Agricultural Trade Development
9	and Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1691 et
10	seq.);
11	"(B) section 416 of the Agricultural Act of
12	1949 (7 U.S.C. 1431);
13	"(C) the Food for Progress Act of 1985 (7
14	U.S.C. 1736o);
15	"(D) the Agricultural Trade Act of 1978
16	(7 U.S.C. 5601 et seq.); or
17	"(E) section 153 of the Food Security Act
18	of 1985 (15 U.S.C. 713a–14).
19	"(3) Determination by President.—The
20	President may include agricultural commodities
21	made available as a result of the activities described
22	in paragraph (1) in the unilateral agricultural sanc-
23	tion imposed on a foreign country or foreign entity
24	if—

1	"(A) a declaration of war by Congress is in
2	effect with respect to the foreign country or for-
3	eign entity; or
4	"(B)(i) the President determines that in-
5	clusion of the agricultural commodities is in the
6	national interest;
7	"(ii) the President submits the report re-
8	quired under subsection (d); and
9	"(iii) Congress has not approved a joint
10	resolution stating the disapproval of Congress
11	of the report submitted under subsection (d).
12	"(4) Effect on agricultural trade.—
13	Nothing in this subsection requires the imposition of
14	a unilateral agricultural sanction with respect to an
15	agricultural commodity, whether exported in connec-
16	tion with a commercial sale or a program described
17	in paragraph (2).
18	"(c) Current Sanctions.—
19	"(1) In general.—Subject to paragraph (2),
20	the exemption under subsection (b)(1) shall apply to
21	a current sanction.
22	"(2) Presidential review.—Not later than
23	90 days after the date of enactment of the Agricul-
24	tural Trade Freedom Act, the President shall review
25	each current sanction to determine whether the ex-

1	emption under subsection (b)(1) should apply to the
2	current sanction.
3	"(3) Application.—The exemption under sub-
4	section (b)(1) shall apply to a current sanction be-
5	ginning on the date that is 180 days after the date
6	of enactment of the Agricultural Trade Freedom Act
7	unless the President determines that the exemption
8	should not apply to the current sanction for reasons
9	of the national interest.
10	"(d) Report.—
11	"(1) In general.—If the President determines
12	under subsection (b)(3)(B)(i) or (c)(3) that the ex-
13	emption should not apply to a unilateral agricultural
14	sanction, the President shall submit a report to Con-
15	gress not later than 15 days after the date of the
16	determination.
17	"(2) Contents of Report.—The report shall
18	contain—
19	"(A) an explanation of—
20	"(i) the economic activity that is pro-
21	posed to be prohibited, restricted, or condi-
22	tioned by the unilateral agricultural sanc-
23	tion; and

1	"(ii) the national interest for which
2	the exemption should not apply to the uni-
3	lateral agricultural sanction; and
4	"(B) an assessment by the Secretary—
5	"(i) regarding export sales—
6	"(I) in the case of a current
7	sanction, whether markets in the
8	sanctioned country or countries
9	present a substantial trade oppor-
10	tunity for export sales of a United
11	States agricultural commodity; or
12	"(II) in the case of a new sanc-
13	tion, the extent to which any country
14	or countries to be sanctioned or likely
15	to be sanctioned are markets that ac-
16	counted for, during the preceding cal-
17	endar year, more than 3 percent of
18	export sales of a United States agri-
19	cultural commodity;
20	"(ii) regarding the effect on United
21	States agricultural commodities—
22	"(I) in the case of a current
23	sanction, the potential for export sales
24	of United States agricultural commod-

1	ities in the sanctioned country or
2	countries; and
3	"(II) in the case of a new sanc-
4	tion, the likelihood that exports of
5	United States agricultural commod-
6	ities will be affected by the new sanc-
7	tion or by retaliation by any country
8	to be sanctioned or likely to be sanc-
9	tioned, including a description of spe-
10	cific United States agricultural com-
11	modities that are most likely to be af-
12	fected;
13	"(iii) regarding the income of agricul-
14	tural producers—
15	"(I) in the case of a current
16	sanction, the potential for increasing
17	the income of producers of the United
18	States agricultural commodities in-
19	volved; and
20	"(II) in the case of a new sanc-
21	tion, the likely effect on incomes of
22	producers of the agricultural commod-
23	ities involved;
24	"(iv) regarding displacement of
25	United States suppliers—

1	"(I) in the case of a current
2	sanction, the potential for increased
3	competition for United States sup-
4	pliers of the agricultural commodity in
5	countries that are not subject to the
6	current sanction because of uncer-
7	tainty about the reliability of the
8	United States suppliers; and
9	"(II) in the case of a new sanc-
10	tion, the extent to which the new
11	sanction would permit foreign sup-
12	pliers to replace United States sup-
13	pliers; and
14	"(v) regarding the reputation of
15	United States agricultural producers as re-
16	liable suppliers—
17	"(I) in the case of a current
18	sanction, whether removing the sanc-
19	tion would improve the reputation of
20	United States producers as reliable
21	suppliers of agricultural commodities
22	in general, and of specific agricultural
23	commodities identified by the Sec-
24	retary; and

1	"(II) in the case of a new sanc-
2	tion, the likely effect of the proposed
3	sanction on the reputation of United
4	States producers as reliable suppliers
5	of agricultural commodities in general,
6	and of specific agricultural commod-
7	ities identified by the Secretary.
8	"(e) Congressional Priority Procedures.—
9	"(1) Joint Resolution.—In this subsection,
10	the term 'joint resolution' means only a joint resolu-
11	tion introduced within 10 session days of Congress
12	after the date on which the report of the President
13	under subsection (d) is received by Congress, the
14	matter after the resolving clause of which is as fol-
15	lows: 'That Congress disapproves the report of the
16	President pursuant to section 418(d) of the Agricul-
17	tural Trade Act of 1978, transmitted on
18	', with the blank completed with
19	the appropriate date.
20	"(2) Referral of Report.—The report de-
21	scribed in subsection (d) shall be referred to the ap-
22	propriate committee or committees of the House of
23	Representatives and to the appropriate committee or
24	committees of the Senate.
25	"(3) Referral of joint resolution.—

1	"(A) IN GENERAL.—A joint resolution
2	shall be referred to the committees in each
3	House of Congress with jurisdiction.
4	"(B) Reporting date.—A joint resolu-
5	tion referred to in subparagraph (A) may not
6	be reported before the eighth session day of
7	Congress after the introduction of the joint res-
8	olution.
9	"(4) DISCHARGE OF COMMITTEE.—If the com-
10	mittee to which is referred a joint resolution has not
11	reported the joint resolution (or an identical joint
12	resolution) at the end of 30 session days of Congress
13	after the date of introduction of the joint
14	resolution—
15	"(A) the committee shall be discharged
16	from further consideration of the joint resolu-
17	tion; and
18	"(B) the joint resolution shall be placed on
19	the appropriate calendar of the House con-
20	cerned.
21	"(5) Floor consideration.—
22	"(A) MOTION TO PROCEED.—
23	"(i) In General.—When the com-
24	mittee to which a joint resolution is re-
25	ferred has reported, or when a committee

1	is discharged under paragraph (4) from
2	further consideration of, a joint
3	resolution—
4	"(I) it shall be at any time there-
5	after in order (even though a previous
6	motion to the same effect has been
7	disagreed to) for any member of the
8	House concerned to move to proceed
9	to the consideration of the joint reso-
10	lution; and
11	"(II) all points of order against
12	the joint resolution (and against con-
13	sideration of the joint resolution) are
14	waived.
15	"(ii) Privilege.—The motion to pro-
16	ceed to the consideration of the joint
17	resolution—
18	"(I) shall be highly privileged in
19	the House of Representatives and
20	privileged in the Senate; and
21	"(II) shall not be debatable.
22	"(iii) Amendments and motions
23	NOT IN ORDER.—The motion to proceed to
24	the consideration of the joint resolution
25	shall not be subject to—

1	"(I) amendment;
2	"(II) a motion to postpone; or
3	"(III) a motion to proceed to the
4	consideration of other business.
5	"(iv) Motion to reconsider not in
6	ORDER.—A motion to reconsider the vote
7	by which the motion is agreed to or dis-
8	agreed to shall not be in order.
9	"(v) Business until disposition.—
10	If a motion to proceed to the consideration
11	of the joint resolution is agreed to, the
12	joint resolution shall remain the unfinished
13	business of the House concerned until dis-
14	posed of.
15	"(B) Limitations on Debate.—
16	"(i) IN GENERAL.—Debate on the
17	joint resolution, and on all debatable mo-
18	tions and appeals in connection with the
19	joint resolution, shall be limited to not
20	more than 10 hours, which shall be divided
21	equally between those favoring and those
22	opposing the joint resolution.
23	"(ii) Further debate limita-
24	TIONS.—A motion to limit debate shall be
25	in order and shall not be debatable.

1	"(iii) Amendments and motions
2	NOT IN ORDER.—An amendment to, a mo-
3	tion to postpone, a motion to proceed to
4	the consideration of other business, a mo-
5	tion to recommit the joint resolution, or a
6	motion to reconsider the vote by which the
7	joint resolution is agreed to or disagreed to
8	shall not be in order.
9	"(C) Vote on final passage.—Imme-
10	diately following the conclusion of the debate or
11	a joint resolution, and a single quorum call at
12	the conclusion of the debate if requested in ac-
13	cordance with the rules of the House concerned
14	the vote on final passage of the joint resolution
15	shall occur.
16	"(D) Rulings of the chair on proce-
17	DURE.—An appeal from a decision of the Chair
18	relating to the application of the rules of the
19	Senate or House of Representatives, as the case
20	may be, to the procedure relating to a joint res-
21	olution shall be decided without debate.
22	"(6) Coordination with action by other
23	HOUSE.—If, before the passage by one House of a

joint resolution of that House, that House receives

1	from the other House a joint resolution, the fol-
2	lowing procedures shall apply:
3	"(A) No committee referral.—The
4	joint resolution of the other House shall not be
5	referred to a committee.
6	"(B) Floor procedure.—With respect
7	to a joint resolution of the House receiving the
8	joint resolution—
9	"(i) the procedure in that House shall
10	be the same as if no joint resolution had
11	been received from the other House; but
12	"(ii) the vote on final passage shall be
13	on the joint resolution of the other House.
14	"(C) Disposition of joint resolutions
15	OF RECEIVING HOUSE.—On disposition of the
16	joint resolution received from the other House,
17	it shall no longer be in order to consider the
18	joint resolution originated in the receiving
19	House.
20	"(7) Procedures after action by both
21	THE HOUSE AND SENATE.—If a House receives a
22	joint resolution from the other House after the re-
23	ceiving House has disposed of a joint resolution
24	originated in that House, the action of the receiving
25	House with regard to the disposition of the joint res-

1	olution originated in that House shall be deemed to
2	be the action of the receiving House with regard to
3	the joint resolution originated in the other House.
4	"(8) Rulemaking power.—This subsection is
5	enacted by Congress—
6	"(A) as an exercise of the rulemaking
7	power of the Senate and House of Representa-
8	tives, respectively, and as such this
9	subsection—
10	"(i) is deemed to be a part of the
11	rules of each House, respectively, but ap-
12	plicable only with respect to the procedure
13	to be followed in that House in the case of
14	a joint resolution; and
15	"(ii) supersedes other rules only to
16	the extent that this subsection is incon-
17	sistent with those rules; and
18	"(B) with full recognition of the constitu-
19	tional right of either House to change the rules
20	(so far as the rules relate to the procedure of
21	that House) at any time, in the same manner
22	and to the same extent as in the case of any
23	other rule of that House.".

1 SEC. 404. SALE OR BARTER OF FOOD ASSISTANCE.

2	It is the sense of Congress that the amendments to
3	section 203 of the Agricultural Trade Development and
4	Assistance Act of 1954 (7 U.S.C. 1723) made by section
5	208 of the Federal Agriculture Improvement and Reform
6	Act of 1996 (Public Law 104–127; 110 Stat. 954) were
7	intended to allow the sale or barter of United States agri-
8	cultural commodities in connection with United States
9	food assistance only within the recipient country or coun-
10	tries adjacent to the recipient country, unless—
11	(1) the sale or barter within the recipient coun-
12	try or adjacent countries is not practicable; and
13	(2) the sale or barter within countries other
14	than the recipient country or adjacent countries will
15	not disrupt commercial markets for the agricultural
16	commodity involved.

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