107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3103

To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to clarify and reaffirm State and local authority to regulate the placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless services facilities, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 10, 2002

Mr. Leahy (for himself, Mr. Jeffords, and Mrs. Murray) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

- To amend the Communications Act of 1934 to clarify and reaffirm State and local authority to regulate the placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless services facilities, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Local Control of Cel-
 - 5 lular Towers Act".
 - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.
 - 7 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
 - 8 ings:

- (1) The placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless services facilities (also known as wireless facilities) near residential communities and facilities such as schools can greatly reduce the value of residential properties, destroy the views from properties, produce radio frequency interference, raise concerns about potential long-term health effects of such facilities, and reduce substantially the desire to live in the areas of such facilities.
 - (2) States and local governments have traditionally regulated development and should be able to exercise control over the placement, construction, and modification of wireless facilities through the use of zoning and other land use regulations relating to the protection of the environment, public health and safety, and the general welfare of the community and the public.
 - (3) The Federal Communications Commission establishes policies to govern interstate and international communications by television, radio, wire, satellite, and cable. The Commission ensures the compliance of such activities with a variety of Federal laws, including the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 and the National Historic Preservation Act, in its decision-making on such activities.

- 1 (4) Under section 332(c)(7)(A) of the Commu2 nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 332(c)(7)(A)), the
 3 Commission defers to State and local authorities
 4 that regulate the placement, construction, and modi5 fication of wireless facilities through the use of zon6 ing and other land use regulations.
 - (5) Alternative technologies for the placement, construction, and modification of wireless facilities may meet the needs of a wireless services provider in a less intrusive manner than the technologies proposed by the wireless services provider, including the use of small towers that do not require blinking aircraft safety lights, break skylines, or protrude above tree canopies.
 - (6) It is in the interest of the Nation that the requirements of the Commission with respect to the application of State and local ordinances to the placement, construction and modification of wireless facilities (for example WT Docket No. 97–192, ET Docket No. 93–62, RM–8577, and FCC 97–303, 62 FR 47960) be modified so as—
 - (A) to permit State and local governments to exercise their zoning and other land use authorities to regulate the placement, construction, and modification of such facilities; and

- 1 (B) to place the burden of proof in civil ac2 tions, and in actions before the Commission and
 3 State and local authorities relating to the place4 ment, construction, and modification of such fa5 cilities, on the person that seeks to place, con6 struct, or modify such facilities.
 - (7) PCS-Over-Cable, PCS-Over-Fiber Optic, and satellite telecommunications systems, including Low-Earth Orbit satellites, offer a significant opportunity to provide so-called "911" emergency telephone service throughout much of the United States without unduly intruding into or effecting the environment, public health and safety, and the general welfare of the community and the public.
 - (8) The Federal Aviation Administration must rely upon State and local governments to regulate the placement, construction, and modification of telecommunications facilities near airports or high-volume air traffic areas such as corridors of airspace or commonly used flyways. The proposed rules of the Commission to preempt State and local zoning and other land-use regulations for the siting of such facilities will have a serious negative impact on aviation safety, airport capacity and investment, the efficient use of navigable airspace, public health and

- safety, and the general welfare of the communityand the public.
- 9) The telecommunications industry and its experts should be expected to have access to the best and most recent technical information and should therefore be held to the highest standards in terms of their representations, assertions, and promises to governmental authorities.
- 9 (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are as follows:
 - (1) To repeal certain limitations on State and local authority regarding the placement, construction, and modification of personal wireless services facilities under section 332(c)(7) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 332(c)(7)).
 - (2) To permit State and local governments—
 - (A) to regulate the placement, construction, or modification of personal wireless services facilities with respect to their impacts on land use, including radio frequency interference and radio frequency radiation, in order to protect the environment, public health and safety, and the general welfare of the community and the public;

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1	(B) to regulate the placement, construc-
2	tion, and modification of personal wireless serv-
3	ices facilities so that they will not interfere with
4	the safe and efficient use of public airspace or
5	otherwise compromise or endanger the public
6	health and safety and the general welfare of the
7	community and the public; and
8	(C) to hold accountable applicants for per-
9	mits for the placement, construction, or modi-
10	fication of personal wireless services facilities
11	and providers of services using such facilities
12	for the truthfulness and accuracy of representa-
13	tions and statements placed in the record of
14	hearings for permits, licenses, or approvals for
15	such facilities.
16	SEC. 3. STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITY OVER PLACEMENT
17	CONSTRUCTION, AND MODIFICATION OF PER
18	SONAL WIRELESS SERVICES FACILITIES.
19	(a) Limitations on State and Local Regula-
20	TION OF FACILITIES.—Subparagraph (B) of section
21	332(e)(7) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C
22	332(e)(7)) is amended—
23	(1) by striking clause (iv);
24	(2) by redesignating clause (v) as clause (iv)
25	and

- 1 (3) in clause (iv), as so redesignated—
- 2 (A) in the first sentence, by striking "may, within 30 days" and all that follows through 3 4 the end of the sentence and inserting "may 5 commence an action in any court of competent 6 jurisdiction. Such action shall be commenced 7 within 30 days after such action or failure to 8 act unless the State concerned has established 9 a different period for the commencement of 10 such action."; and
 - (B) by striking the third sentence and inserting the following: "In any such action in which a person seeking to place, construct, or modify a personal wireless services facility is a party, such person shall bear the burden of proof, regardless of who commences such action.".
- 18 (b) Prohibition on Adoption of Rule Regard19 Ing Relief From State and Local Regulation of
 20 Facilities.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law,
 21 the Federal Communications Commission shall not adopt
 22 as a final rule or otherwise directly or indirectly implement
 23 any portion of the proposed rule set forth in "Procedures
 24 for Reviewing Requests for Relief From State and Local
 25 Regulation Pursuant to Section 332(c)(7)(B)(v) of the

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1	Communications Act of 1934", WT Docket No. 97–192,
2	released August 25, 1997.
3	(c) Authority Over Placement, Construction,
4	AND MODIFICATION OF FACILITIES.—Such section
5	332(c)(7) is further amended—
6	(1) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as sub-
7	paragraph (D); and
8	(2) by inserting after subparagraph (B) the fol-
9	lowing new subparagraph (C):
10	"(C) Additional limitations.—
11	"(i) Authority to require least
12	INTRUSIVE FACILITIES.—
13	"(I) In general.—A State or
14	local government may deny an appli-
15	cation to place, construct, or modify
16	personal wireless services facilities on
17	the basis that alternative technologies,
18	delivery systems, or structures are ca-
19	pable of delivering a personal wireless
20	services signal comparable to that pro-
21	posed to be delivered by such facilities
22	in a manner that is less intrusive to
23	the community concerned than such
24	facilities.

1	"(II) Considerations.—In de-
2	termining under subclause (I) the in-
3	trusiveness of technologies, delivery
4	systems, or structures for personal
5	wireless services facilities, a State or
6	local government may consider the
7	aesthetics of such technologies, sys-
8	tems, or structures, the environmental
9	impact of such technologies, systems,
10	or structures, and the radio frequency
11	interference or radiation emitted by
12	such technologies, systems, or struc-
13	tures.
14	"(III) Burden of proof.—In
15	any hearing for purposes of the exer-
16	cise of the authority in subclause (I),
17	the burden shall be on the applicant.
18	"(ii) Radio interference.—A State
19	or local government may regulate the loca-
20	tion, height, or modification of personal
21	wireless services facilities in order to ad-
22	dress the effects of radio frequency inter-
23	ference caused by such facilities on local
24	communities and the public.

1	"(iii) Authority to require stud-
2	IES AND DOCUMENTATION.—No provision
3	of this Act may be interpreted to prohibit
4	a State or local government from—
5	"(I) requiring a person seeking
6	authority to place, construct, or mod-
7	ify personal wireless services facilities
8	to produce—
9	"(aa) environmental, biologi-
10	cal, and health studies, engineer-
11	ing reports, or other documenta-
12	tion of the compliance of such fa-
13	cilities with radio frequency expo-
14	sure limits, radio frequency inter-
15	ference impacts, and compliance
16	with applicable laws, rules, and
17	regulations governing the effects
18	of such facilities on the environ-
19	ment, public health and safety,
20	and the general welfare of the
21	community and the public; and
22	"(bb) documentation of the
23	compliance of such facilities with
24	applicable Federal, State, and
25	local aviation safety standards or

1	aviation obstruction standards re-
2	garding objects effecting navi-
3	gable airspace; or
4	"(II) refusing to grant authority
5	to such person to place, construct, or
6	modify such facilities within the juris-
7	diction of such government if such
8	person fails to produce studies, re-
9	ports, or documentation required
10	under subclause (I).
11	"(iv) Construction.—Nothing in
12	this subparagraph may be construed to
13	prohibit or otherwise limit the authority of
14	a State or local government to ensure com-
15	pliance with or otherwise enforce any state-
16	ments, assertions, or representations filed
17	or submitted by or on behalf of an appli-
18	cant with the State or local government for
19	authority to place, construct, or modify
20	personal wireless services facilities within
21	the jurisdiction of the State or local gov-
22	ernment.".

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