107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 3076

To provide risk sharing and indemnification for government contractors supplying anti-terrorism technology and services, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

OCTOBER 8, 2002

Mr. Warner (for himself and Mr. Allen) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Armed Services

A BILL

To provide risk sharing and indemnification for government contractors supplying anti-terrorism technology and services, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHOR-
- 4 **ITY.**
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—The discretionary authority under
- 6 Public Law 85–804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) includes au-
- 7 thority for the President to provide under such law for
- 8 the indemnification of a contractor or subcontractor in
- 9 connection with procurement of an anti-terrorism tech-
- 10 nology or an anti-terrorism service from the contractor or

- 1 subcontractor for the purpose of preventing, detecting,
- 2 identifying, otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts
- 3 of terrorism.
- 4 (b) Exercise of Authority.—The authority to
- 5 provide under Public Law 85–804 for indemnification of
- 6 contractors and subcontractors in connection with pro-
- 7 curements described in subsection (a) includes authority
- 8 for the President to provide for—
- 9 (1) indemnification for economic damages not
- fully covered by private liability insurance within the
- scope of the losses or damages of the indemnification
- 12 coverage;
- 13 (2) negotiation for inclusion of an indemnifica-
- tion clause in a contract prior to the commencement
- of the performance of the contract;
- 16 (3) coverage of information technology used to
- prevent, detect, identify, otherwise deter, or recover
- 18 from acts of terrorism; and
- 19 (4) applicability of the authority to procure-
- 20 ments by the United States Postal Service.
- 21 SEC. 2. APPLICATION OF INDEMNIFICATION AUTHORITY
- TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT CON-
- 23 TRACTORS.
- 24 (a) AUTHORITY.—Subject to the limitations of sub-
- 25 section (b), the President may exercise the discretionary

1	authority under Public Law 85–804 (50 U.S.C. 1431 et
2	seq.) so as to provide under such law for indemnification
3	of contractors and subcontractors in procurements by
4	States or units of local government of an anti-terrorism
5	technology or an anti-terrorism service for the purpose of
6	preventing, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, or
7	recovering from acts of terrorism.
8	(b) Limitations.—Any authority that is delegated
9	by the President under subsection (a) to the head of a
10	Federal agency to provide for the indemnification of con-
11	tractors and subcontractors under Public Law 85–804 (50 $$
12	U.S.C. 1431 et seq.) for procurements by States or units
13	of local government may be exercised only—
14	(1) in the case of a procurement by a State or
15	unit of local government that—
16	(A) is made under a contract awarded pur-
17	suant to section 3; and
18	(B) is approved, in writing, for the provi-
19	sion of indemnification by the President or the
20	official designated by the President under sec-
21	tion 3(a); and
22	(2) with respect to—
23	(A) amounts of losses or damages not fully
24	covered by private liability insurance and State

1	or local government-provided indemnification;
2	and
3	(B) liabilities of a contractor or subcon-
4	tractor not arising out of willful misconduct or
5	lack of good faith on the part of the contractor
6	or subcontractor, respectively.
7	SEC. 3. PROCUREMENTS OF ANTI-TERRORISM TECH-
8	NOLOGIES AND ANTI-TERRORISM SERVICES
9	BY STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS
10	THROUGH FEDERAL CONTRACTS.
11	(a) In General.—
12	(1) Establishment of Program.—The Presi-
13	dent shall designate an officer or employee of the
14	United States to establish, and the designated offi-
15	cial shall establish, a program under which States
16	and units of local government may procure through
17	contracts entered into by the designated official anti-
18	terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services for
19	the purpose of preventing, detecting, identifying,
20	otherwise deterring, or recovering from acts of ter-
21	rorism.
22	(2) Designated federal procurement of-
23	FICIAL FOR PROGRAM.—In this section, the officer
24	or employee designated by the President under para-

- graph (1) shall be referred to as the "designated Federal procurement official".
- 3 (3) AUTHORITIES.—Under the program, the
 4 designated Federal procurement official may, but
 5 shall not be required to, award contracts using the
 6 same authorities as are provided to the Adminis7 trator of General Services under section 309(b)(3) of
 8 the Federal Property and Administrative Services
 9 Act (41 U.S.C. 259(b)(3)).
 - (4) OFFERS NOT REQUIRED TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS.—A contractor that sells antiterrorism technology or anti-terrorism services to the Federal Government may not be required to offer such technology or services to a State or unit of local government under the program.
- 16 (b) Responsibilities of the Contracting Offi-17 CIAL.—In carrying out the program established under this 18 section, the designated Federal procurement official 19 shall—
- 20 (1) produce and maintain a catalog of anti-ter-21 rorism technologies and anti-terrorism services suit-22 able for procurement by States and units of local 23 government under this program; and
- 24 (2) establish procedures in accordance with sub-25 section (c) to address the procurement of anti-ter-

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rorism technologies and anti-terrorism services by
States and units of local government under contracts
awarded by the designated official.
(c) REQUIRED PROCEDURES.—The procedures re-
quired by subsection (b)(2) shall implement the following
requirements and authorities:
(1) Submissions by states.—
(A) REQUESTS AND PAYMENTS.—Except
as provided in subparagraph (B), each State
desiring to participate in a procurement of anti-
terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services
through a contract entered into by the des-
ignated Federal procurement official under this
section shall submit to that official in such form
and manner and at such times as such official
prescribes, the following:
(i) Request.—A request consisting of
an enumeration of the technologies or serv-
ices, respectively, that are desired by the
State and units of local government within
the State.
(ii) Payment.—Advance payment for
each requested technology or service in an
amount determined by the designated offi-

cial based on estimated or actual costs of

the technology or service and administrative costs incurred by such official.

- (B) OTHER CONTRACTS.—The designated Federal procurement official may award and designate contracts under which States and units of local government may procure anti-terrorism technologies and anti-terrorism services directly from the contractors. No indemnification may be provided under Public Law 85–804 pursuant to an exercise of authority under section 2 for procurements that are made directly between contractors and States or units of local government.
- (2) PERMITTED CATALOG TECHNOLOGIES AND SERVICES.—A State may include in a request submitted under paragraph (1) only a technology or service listed in the catalog produced under subsection (b)(1).
- (3) COORDINATION OF LOCAL REQUESTS WITH-IN STATE.—The Governor of a State may establish such procedures as the Governor considers appropriate for administering and coordinating requests for anti-terrorism technologies or anti-terrorism services from units of local government within the State.

- 1 (4) Shipment and transportation costs.—
- 2 A State requesting anti-terrorism technologies or
- 3 anti-terrorism services shall be responsible for ar-
- 4 ranging and paying for any shipment or transpor-
- 5 tation of the technologies or services, respectively, to
- 6 the State and localities within the State.
- 7 (d) Reimbursement of Actual Costs.—In the
- 8 case of a procurement made by or for a State or unit of
- 9 local government under the procedures established under
- 10 this section, the designated Federal procurement official
- 11 shall require the State or unit of local government to reim-
- 12 burse the Department for the actual costs it has incurred
- 13 for such procurement.
- (e) Time for Implementation.—The catalog and
- 15 procedures required by subsection (b) of this section shall
- 16 be completed as soon as practicable and no later than 210
- 17 days after the enactment of this Act.
- 18 SEC. 4. CONGRESSIONAL NOTIFICATION.
- 19 (a) IN GENERAL.—The President shall ensure that
- 20 an appropriate officer of the United States submits to the
- 21 appropriate committees of Congress a written notification
- 22 of each contract for a procurement described in this Act
- 23 for which indemnification is provided under Public Law
- 24 85–804 within 30 days after the contract is entered into.

- (b) Congressional Committees.—In this section,
 the term "appropriate committees of Congress" means the
 following:
- 4 (1) The Committee on Appropriations, Committee of Armed Services, and Committee on Governmental Affairs of the Senate.
- 7 (2) The Committee on Appropriations, Com-8 mittee of Armed Services, and Committee on Gov-9 ernment Reform of the House of Representatives.

10 SEC. 5. DEFINITIONS.

- 11 In this Act:
- 12 (1) Anti-terrorism technology and serv-ICE.—The terms "anti-terrorism technology" and 13 "anti-terrorism service" mean any product, equip-14 15 ment, or device, including information technology, and any service, system integration, or other kind of 16 17 service (including a support service), respectively, 18 that is related to technology and is designed, devel-19 oped, modified, or procured for the purpose of pre-20 venting, detecting, identifying, otherwise deterring, 21 or recovering from acts of terrorism.
 - (2) ACT OF TERRORISM.—The term "act of terrorism" means a calculated attack or threat of attack against any person, property, or infrastructure to inculcate fear, or to intimidate or coerce a govern-

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- 1 ment, the civilian population, or any segment there-2 of, in the pursuit of political, religious, or ideological 3 objectives.
 - (3) Information technology.—The term "information technology" has the meaning such term in section 11101(6) of title 40, United States Code.
 - (4) STATE.—The term "State" includes the District of Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and any territory or possession of the United States.
 - (5) Unit of local government" means any city, county, township, town, borough, parish, village, or other general purpose political subdivision of a State; an Indian tribe which performs law enforcement functions as determined by the Secretary of the Interior; or any agency of the District of Columbia Government or the United States Government performing law enforcement functions in and for the District of Columbia or the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands.