107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

## S. 2922

To facilitate the deployment of wireless telecommunications networks in order to further the availability of the Emergency Alert System, and for other purposes.

## IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

September 10, 2002

Ms. Landrieu (for herself, Mr. Burns, Mr. Lott, Mr. Gregg, Ms. Mikulski, Mr. Leahy Mr. Baucus, Mr. Kerry, and Mr. Dodd) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

## A BILL

- To facilitate the deployment of wireless telecommunications networks in order to further the availability of the Emergency Alert System, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Emergency Commu-
  - 5 nications and Competition Act of 2002".
  - 6 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.
  - 7 The purposes of this Act are as follows:

- 1 (1) To facilitate the deployment of new wireless
  2 telecommunications networks in order to extend the
  3 reach of the Emergency Alert System (EAS) to
  4 viewers of multichannel video programming who may
  5 not receive Emergency Alert System warnings from
  6 other communications technologies.
  - (2) To ensure that emergency personnel have priority access to communications facilities in times of emergency.
  - (3) To promote the rapid deployment of low cost multi-channel video programming and broadband Internet services to the public, without causing harmful interference to existing telecommunications services.
  - (4) To ensure the universal carriage of local television stations, including any Emergency Alert System warnings, by multichannel video programming distributors in all markets, regardless of population.
  - (5) To advance the public interest by making available new high speed data and video services to unserved and underserved populations, including schools, libraries, tribal lands, community centers, senior centers, and low-income housing.
  - (6) To ensure that new technologies capable of fulfilling the purposes set forth in paragraphs (1)

1 through (5) are licensed and deployed promptly after

2 such technologies have been determined to be tech-

3 nologically feasible.

## 4 SEC. 3. LICENSING.

5

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

- (a) Grant of Certain Licenses.—
- 6 (1) In General.—The Federal Communica-7 tions Commission shall assign licenses in the 12.2– 8 12.7 GHz band for the provision of fixed terrestrial 9 services using the rules, policies, and procedures 10 used by the Commission to assign licenses in the 11 12.2–12.7 GHz band for the provision of inter-12 national or global satellite communications services 13 in accordance with section 647 of the Open-market 14 Reorganization for the Betterment of International 15 Telecommunications Act (47 U.S.C. 765f).
  - (2) DEADLINE.—The Commission shall accept for filing and grant licenses under paragraph (1) to any applicant that is qualified pursuant to subsection (b) not later than six months after the date of the enactment of this Act. The preceding sentence shall not be construed to preclude the Commission from granting licenses under paragraph (1) after the deadline specified in that sentence to applicants that qualify after that deadline.
- (b) Qualifications.—

1	(1) Non-interference with direct broad-
2	CAST SATELLITE SERVICE.—A license may be grant-
3	ed under this section only if operations under the li-
4	cense will not cause harmful interference to direct
5	broadcast satellite service.
6	(2) Acceptance of applications.—The
7	Commission shall accept an application for a license
8	to operate a fixed terrestrial service in the 12.2–12.7
9	GHz band if the applicant—
10	(A) successfully demonstrates the terres-
11	trial technology it will employ under the license
12	with operational equipment that it furnishes, or
13	has furnished, for independent testing pursuant
14	to section 1012 of the Launching Our Commu-
15	nities' Access to Local Television Act of 2000
16	(47 U.S.C. 1110); and
17	(B) certifies in its application that it has
18	authority to use such terrestrial service tech-
19	nology under the license.
20	(3) Clarification.—Section 1012(a) of the
21	Launching Our Communities' Access to Local Tele-
22	vision Act of 2000 (47 U.S.C. 1110(a); 114 State

2762A-141) is amended by inserting ", or files,"

after "has filed".

23

24

1	(4) PCS or cellular services.—A license
2	granted under this section may not be used for the
3	provision of Personal Communications Service or
4	terrestrial cellular telephony service.
5	(c) Prompt Commencement of Service.—In
6	order to facilitate and ensure the prompt deployment of
7	service to unserved and underserved areas and to prevent
8	stockpiling or warehousing of spectrum by licensees, the
9	Commission shall require that any licensee under this sec-
10	tion commence service to consumers within five years of
11	the grant of the license under this section.
12	(d) Expansion of Emergency Alert System.—
13	Each licensee under this section shall disseminate Federal
14	State, and local Emergency Alert System warnings to all
15	subscribers of the licensee under the license under this sec-
16	tion.
17	(e) Access for Emergency Personnel.—
18	(1) REQUIREMENT.—Each licensee under this
19	section shall provide immediate access for national
20	security and emergency preparedness personnel to
21	the terrestrial services covered by the license under
22	this section as follows:
23	(A) Whenever the Emergency Alert System
24	is activated.

1	(B) Otherwise at the request of the Sec-
2	retary of Homeland Security.
3	(2) Nature of access.—Access under para-
4	graph (1) shall ensure that emergency data is trans-
5	mitted to the public, or between emergency per-
6	sonnel, at a higher priority than any other data
7	transmitted by the service concerned.
8	(f) Additional Public Interest Obligations.—
9	(1) Additional obligations.—Each licensee
10	under this section shall—
11	(A) adhere to rules governing carriage of
12	local television station signals and rules con-
13	cerning obscenity and indecency consistent with
14	sections $614$ , $615$ , $616$ , $624(d)(2)$ , $639$ , $640$ ,
15	and 641 of the Communications Act of 1934
16	$(47 \text{ U.S.C. } 534,\ 535,\ 536,\ 544(d)(2),\ 559,\ 560,$
17	and 561);
18	(B) make its facilities available for can-
19	didates for public office consistent with sections
20	312(a)(7) and 315 of the Communications Act
21	of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 312(a)(7) and 315); and
22	(C) allocate 4 percent of its capacity for
23	services that promote the public interest, in ad-
24	dition to the capacity utilized to fulfill the obli-

1	gations required of subparagraphs (A) and (B),
2	such as—
3	(i) telemedicine;
4	(ii) educational programming, includ-
5	ing distance learning;
6	(iii) high speed Internet access to
7	unserved and underserved populations; and
8	(iv) specialized local data and video
9	services intended to facilitate public par-
10	ticipation in local government and commu-
11	nity life.
12	(2) License Boundaries.—In order to ensure
13	compliance with paragraph (1), the Commission
14	shall establish boundaries for licenses under this sec-
15	tion that conform to existing television markets, as
16	determined by the Commission for purposes of sec-
17	tion 652(h)(1)(C)(i) of the Communications Act of
18	1934 (47 U.S.C. 534(h)(1)(C)(i)).
19	(g) Redesignation of Multichannel Video Dis-
20	TRIBUTION AND DATA SERVICE.—The Commission shall
21	redesignate the Multichannel Video Distribution and Data
22	Service (MVDDS) as the Terrestrial Direct Broadcast
23	Service (TDBS).