### Calendar No. 527

107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# S. 1961

[Report No. 107-228]

To improve the financial and environmental sustainability of the water programs of the United States.

#### IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 15, 2002

Mr. Graham (for himself, Mr. Crapo, Mr. Jeffords, Mr. Warner, Mr. Miller, Mr. Smith of Oregon, and Mr. Allen) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Environment and Public Works

July 29, 2002

Reported by Mr. Jeffords, with an amendment [Strike out all after the enacting clause and insert the part printed in italic]

## A BILL

To improve the financial and environmental sustainability of the water programs of the United States.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Water Investment Act of 2002".

#### 1 (b) Table of Contents of contents of

#### 2 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Purposes.

# TITLE I—FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT MODIFICATIONS

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Funding for Indian programs.
- Sec. 103. Requirements for receipt of funds.

#### TITLE II—SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT MODIFICATIONS

- Sec. 201. Planning, design, and preconstruction costs.
- Sec. 202. State Revolving Loan Fund.
- Sec. 203. Additional subsidization.
- Sec. 204. Private utilities.
- Sec. 205. Competition requirements.
- Sec. 206. Technical assistance for small systems.
- Sec. 207. Authorization of appropriations.

# TITLE III—INNOVATIONS IN FUND AND WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT

- Sec. 301. Transfer of funds.
- Sec. 302. Demonstration program for water quality enhancement and management.
- Sec. 303. Rate study.
- Sec. 304. Effects on policies and rights.

#### TITLE IV—WATER RESOURCE PLANNING

- Sec. 401. Findings.
- Sec. 402. Definition of Secretary.
- Sec. 403. Actions.
- Sec. 404. Report to Congress.
- Sec. 405. Authorization of appropriations.

#### 3 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

- 4 The purposes of this Act are—
- 5 (1) to modernize State water pollution control
- 6 revolving funds and the allocation for those funds to
- 7 ensure that the funds distributed reflect water qual-
- 8 ity needs;

1	(2) to streamline State water pollution control
2	assistance programs and State drinking water treat-
3	ment assistance programs to maximize use of Fed-
4	eral funds and encourage maximum efficiency for
5	States and localities;
6	(3) to provide additional structure to the water
7	supply research conducted in the United States; and
8	(4) to ensure that the Federal Government is
9	performing the appropriate role in analyzing re-
10	gional and national water supply trends.
11	TITLE I—FEDERAL WATER POL-
12	<b>LUTION CONTROL ACT MODI-</b>
12	Letion confide her mobi-
13	FICATIONS
13	FICATIONS
13 14 15	FICATIONS SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
13 14 15 16	FICATIONS  SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.  Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
13 14 15 16	FICATIONS  SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.  Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control  Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end
13 14 15 16 17	FICATIONS  SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.  Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control  Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end the following:
13 14 15 16 17	FICATIONS  SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.  Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control  Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end the following:  "(24) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The
13 14 15 16 17 18	FICATIONS  SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.  Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control  Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end the following:  "(24) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term 'disadvantaged community' means a commu-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20	FICATIONS  SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.  Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control  Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end the following:  "(24) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term 'disadvantaged community' means a community or entity that meets affordability criteria estab-
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	FICATIONS  SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.  Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control  Act (33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end the following:  "(24) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term 'disadvantaged community' means a community or entity that meets affordability criteria established, after public review and comment, by the

1	(as defined in section 212) serving a population of
2	10,000 or less.".
3	SEC. 102. FUNDING FOR INDIAN PROGRAMS.
4	Section 518 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
5	Act (33 U.S.C. 1377) is amended by striking subsection
6	(e) and inserting the following:
7	"(c) Reservation of Funds.—
8	"(1) In General.—For fiscal year 1987 and
9	each fiscal year thereafter, the Administrator shall
10	reserve, before allotments to the States under sec-
11	tion 604(a), not less than 0.5 percent nor more than
12	1.5 percent of the funds made available under sec-
13	tion 207.
14	"(2) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds reserved under
15	this subsection shall be available only for grants for
16	the development of waste treatment management
17	plans and for the construction of sewage treatment
18	works to serve—
19	"(A) Indian tribes;
20	"(B) former Indian reservations in Okla-
21	homa (as determined by the Secretary of the
22	Interior); and
23	"(C) Native villages (as defined in section
24	3 of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act
25	(43 U.S.C. 1602)).".

### 1 SEC. 103. REQUIREMENTS FOR RECEIPT OF FUNDS.

2	(a) Grants to States for Establishment of
3	REVOLVING FUNDS.—Section 601(a) of the Federal
4	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1381(a)) is
5	amended by striking "for providing assistance (1)" and
6	all that follows and inserting the following: "for providing
7	assistance for eligible projects in accordance with section
8	603(e).".
9	(b) Projects Eligible for Assistance.—Section
10	603 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
11	U.S.C. 1383) is amended by striking subsection (c) and
12	inserting the following:
13	"(c) Projects Eligible for Assistance.—
14	"(1) In General.—Funds available to each
15	State water pollution control revolving fund shall be
16	used only for—
17	"(A) providing financial assistance to a
18	municipality, intermunicipal, interstate, or
19	State agency, or private utility, for construction
20	(including costs for planning, design, associated
21	preconstruction, and necessary activities for
22	siting the facility and related elements) of treat-
23	ment works (as defined in section 212);
24	"(B) implementation of a management
25	program established under section 319;

1	"(C) development and implementation of a
2	conservation and management plan under sec-
3	tion 320;
4	"(D) water conservation projects or activi-
5	ties that provide 1 or more water quality bene-
6	fits; or
7	"(E) reuse, reclamation, or recycling
8	projects that provide 1 or more water quality
9	benefits.
10	"(2) MAINTENANCE OF FUND.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The fund shall be es-
12	tablished, maintained, and credited with repay-
13	ments.
14	"(B) AVAILABILITY.—Any balances in the
15	fund shall be available in perpetuity for pro-
16	viding financial assistance described in para-
17	graph (1).
18	"(3) Approaches.—Projects eligible to receive
19	assistance from a State water pollution control re-
20	volving fund under this title may include projects
21	that use 1 or more nontraditional approaches (such
22	as land conservation, low-impact development tech-
23	nologies, redevelopment of waterfront brownfields,
24	watershed management actions, decentralized waste-

1	water treatment innovations, and other nonpoint
2	best management practices).".
3	(e) Extension of Loans; Types of Assistance.
4	Section 603(d) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
5	(33 U.S.C. 1383(d)) is amended—
6	(1) in paragraph (1)—
7	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking ", at
8	terms not to exceed 20 years";
9	(B) by striking subparagraph (B) and in-
10	serting the following:
11	"(B)(i) annual principal and interest pay-
12	ments shall commence not later than 1 year
13	after the date of completion of any project for
14	which the loan was made; and
15	"(ii) except as provided in subparagraph
16	(C), each loan shall be fully amortized not later
17	than 20 years after the date of completion of
18	the project for which the loan is made;";
19	(C) by redesignating subparagraphs (C)
20	and (D) as subparagraphs (D) and (E), respec-
21	tively;
22	(D) by inserting after subparagraph (B)
23	the following:

1	"(C) in the case of a disadvantaged com-
2	munity, a State may provide an extended term
3	for a loan if the extended term—
4	"(i) terminates not later than the date
5	that is 30 years after the date of comple-
6	tion of the project; and
7	"(ii) does not exceed the expected de-
8	sign life of the project.";
9	(E) in subparagraph (D) (as redesignated
10	by subparagraph (C)), by inserting ", or, in the
11	case of a privately owned system, demonstrate
12	that adequate security exists," after "revenue";
13	and
14	(F) in subparagraph (E) (as redesignated
15	by subparagraph (C)), by inserting "State
16	loan" before "fund";
17	(2) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at the
18	end;
19	(3) by redesignating paragraph (7) as para-
20	graph (10);
21	(4) by inserting after paragraph (6) the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(7) subject to subsection (e)(2), by a State to
24	provide additional subsidization (including forgive-
25	ness of principal) to 1 or more treatment works for

use in developing technical, managerial, and financial capacity in accordance with subsection (i);

"(8) by a State to provide additional subsidization (including forgiveness of principal) to 1 or more treatment works for a purpose other than a purpose specified in paragraph (7) or (9), except that—

"(A) for the first fiscal year that begins after the date of enactment of this paragraph and each fiscal year thereafter, the total amount of subsidization provided by a State under this paragraph shall not exceed 15 percent of the amount of all capitalization grants received by the State for the fiscal year;

"(B) notwithstanding section 204(b)(1), the State, as part of an assistance agreement between the State and each applicable treatment works, shall ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that additional subsidization provided under this paragraph is directed through the user charge rate system to disadvantaged users within the residential user class of the community (as defined by the State based on affordability criteria and after an opportunity for public review and comment) in which the treatment works is located; and

1	"(C) a community that receives assistance
2	as a disadvantaged community under paragraph
3	(9) shall not be eligible for assistance under
4	this paragraph;
5	"(9) subject to subsection (e)(2), by the State
6	to provide additional subsidization (including for-
7	giveness of principal) to a disadvantaged community,
8	or to a community or entity that the State expects
9	to become a disadvantaged community as the result
10	of a proposed project, that receives a loan from the
11	State under this title; and"; and
12	(5) in paragraph (10) (as redesignated by para-
13	graph (3)), by striking "that such amounts shall not
14	exceed 4" and inserting "that, beginning in fiscal
15	year 2003, those amounts shall not exceed 5".
16	(d) Limitations.—Section 603(e) of the Federal
17	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1383(e)) is
18	amended—
19	(1) by striking "(e)" and all that follows
20	through "If a State" and inserting the following:
21	"(e) Limitations.—
22	"(1) Prevention of double benefits.—If a
23	State''; and
24	(2) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(2) TOTAL AMOUNT OF SUBSIDIES.—For each
2	fiscal year, the total amount of loan subsidies made
3	by a State under paragraphs (7) and (9) of sub-
4	section (d) may not exceed 30 percent of the amount
5	of all capitalization grants received by the State for
6	the fiscal year.".
7	(e) Consistency With Planning Require-
8	MENTS.—Section 603(f) of the Federal Water Pollution
9	Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1383(f)) is amended—
10	(1) by striking "A State may" and inserting the
11	following:
12	"(1) In General.—A State may";
13	(2) by striking "320 of this Act." and inserting
14	"320."; and
15	(3) by adding at the end the following:
16	"(2) Community Development.—A State
17	that provides financial assistance from the water
18	pollution control revolving fund of the State shall en-
19	sure that applicants for the assistance consult and
20	coordinate with, as appropriate, agencies responsible
21	for developing any—
22	"(A) local land use plans;
23	"(B) regional transportation improvement
24	and long-range transportation plans: and

1	"(C) State, regional, and municipal water-
2	shed plans.".
3	(f) Priority System Requirement.—Section 603
4	of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
5	1383) is amended by striking subsection (g) and inserting
6	the following:
7	"(g) Priority System Requirement.—
8	"(1) DEFINITION OF STATE AGENCY.—In this
9	subsection, the term 'State agency' means the agen-
10	ey of a State having jurisdiction over water quality
11	management (including the establishment of water
12	quality standards).
13	"(2) DEVELOPMENT.
14	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding sec-
15	tion 216, each State agency shall develop and
16	periodically update a project priority system for
17	use in prioritizing projects that are eligible to
18	receive funding from the water pollution control
19	revolving fund of the State in accordance with
20	subsection (c).
21	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In developing the
22	project priority system, a State agency shall—
23	"(i) take into consideration all avail-
24	able water quality data for the State; and

1	"(ii) provide for public notice and op-
2	portunity for comment, including signifi-
3	eant public outreach.
4	"(3) Summary of Projects.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Each State agency,
6	after public notice and opportunity for com-
7	ment, shall biennially publish a summary of
8	projects in the State that are eligible for assist-
9	ance under this title.
10	"(B) Inclusions.—The summary under
11	subparagraph (A) shall include—
12	"(i) the priority assigned to each
13	project under the priority system of the
14	State developed under paragraph (2); and
15	"(ii) the funding schedule for each
16	project, to the extent that such information
17	is available.
18	"(4) STATEMENT OF POLICY.—It is the policy
19	of Congress that projects in a State that are carried
20	out using assistance provided under this title shall
21	be funded, to the maximum extent practicable,
22	through a project priority system of the State that,
23	in the estimation of the State, is designed to achieve
24	optimum water quality management, consistent with

1	the public health and water quality goals and re-
2	quirements of this Act.".
3	(g) Additional Requirements for Water Pol-
4	LUTION CONTROL REVOLVING FUNDS.—Section 603 of
5	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1383)
6	is amended by adding at the end the following:
7	"(i) TECHNICAL, MANAGERIAL, AND FINANCIAL CA-
8	PACITY FOR OPTIMAL PERFORMANCE.—
9	"(1) DEFINITION OF STATE AGENCY.—In this
10	subsection, the term 'State agency' has the meaning
11	given the term in subsection $(g)(1)$ .
12	$\frac{\text{``(2)}}{\text{STRATEGY.}}$
13	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 3 years
14	after the date of enactment of this subsection,
15	each State agency shall implement a strategy to
16	assist treatment works in the State receiving
17	assistance under this title in—
18	"(i) attaining and maintaining tech-
19	nical, managerial, operations, maintenance,
20	and capital investments; and
21	"(ii) meeting and sustaining compli-
22	ance with applicable Federal and State
23	<del>laws.</del>
24	"(B) REQUIREMENTS.—In preparing the
25	strategy described in subparagraph (A), the

1	State shall consider, solicit public comment on,
2	and include in the strategy—
3	"(i) a description of the institutional,
4	regulatory, financial, tax, or legal factors
5	at the Federal, State, and local levels that
6	encourage or impair the development of
7	technical, managerial, and financial capac-
8	ity; and
9	"(ii) a description of the manner in
10	which the State intends to use the authori-
11	ties and resources of the State to assist
12	treatment works in attaining and main-
13	taining technical, managerial, and financial
14	eapacity.
15	"(3) Determination by Administrator.—
16	Except as provided in subsection (k), if the Adminis-
17	trator determines that a State agency has not devel-
18	oped or implemented a strategy in accordance with
19	paragraph (2), the Administrator shall—
20	"(A) withhold 20 percent of each capital-
21	ization grant made to the State under this title
22	after the date of the determination; and
23	"(B) permit the State a 1-year period, be-
24	ginning on the date on which funds are with-
25	held under subparagraph (A), during which the

1	State may implement a strategy in accordance
2	with paragraph (2).
3	"(4) REALLOTMENT OF FUNDS.—
4	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If, after the 1-year
5	period described in paragraph (3)(B), the Ad-
6	ministrator is not satisfied that a State has ear
7	ried out adequate corrective action relating to
8	the development and implementation of a strat
9	egy required under paragraph (2), the Adminis
10	trator shall reallot all funds of the State with
11	held by the Administrator as of that date in ac-
12	cordance with subparagraph (B).
13	"(B) REQUIREMENTS FOR REALLOT-
14	MENT.—The Administrator shall reallot funds
15	under subparagraph $(\Lambda)$ —
16	"(i) only to States that the Adminis-
17	trator determines to be in compliance with
18	this subsection; and
19	"(ii) in the same ratio provided under
20	the most recent formula for the allotment
21	of funds under this title.
22	"(5) Condition for receipt of assist-
23	ANCE.
24	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
25	subparagraph (B) and subsection (k), beginning

1	on the date that is 3 years after the date of en-
2	actment of this subsection, the State shall re-
3	quire each treatment works that receives signifi-
4	cant assistance under this title to demonstrate
5	adequate technical, managerial, and financial
6	capacity, including the establishment and imple-
7	mentation by the treatment works of an asset
8	management plan (for which the Administrator
9	may publish information to assist States in de-
10	termining required content) that—
11	"(i) conforms to generally accepted in-
12	dustry practices; and
13	<del>"(ii) includes—</del>
14	"(I) an inventory of existing as-
15	sets (including an estimate of the use-
16	ful life of those assets); and
17	"(II) an optimal schedule of op-
18	erations, maintenance, and capital in-
19	vestment required to meet and sustain
20	performance objectives for the treat-
21	ment works established in accordance
22	with applicable Federal and State
23	laws over the useful life of the treat-
24	ment works.

1	"(B) Exception.—Notwithstanding sub-
2	paragraph (A), a treatment works may receive
3	assistance under this title if the State deter-
4	mines that the assistance would enable the
5	treatment works to attain adequate technical,
6	managerial, and financial capacity.
7	"(j) Restructuring.—Notwithstanding section
8	204(b)(1), except as provided in subsection (k), a State
9	may provide assistance from the water pollution control
10	revolving fund of the State for a project only if the recipi-
11	ent of the assistance—
12	"(1) has considered—
13	"(A) consolidating management functions
14	or ownership with another facility;
15	"(B) forming public-private partnerships
16	or other cooperative partnerships; and
17	"(C) using nonstructural alternatives or
18	technologies that may be more environmentally
19	sensitive; and
20	"(2) has in effect a plan to achieve, within a
21	reasonable period of time, a rate structure that, to
22	the maximum extent practicable—
23	"(A) reflects the actual cost of service pro-
24	vided by the recipient; and

1	"(B) addresses capital replacement funds;
2	and
3	"(3) has in effect, or will have in effect on com-
4	pletion of the project, an asset management plan de-
5	seribed in subsection $(i)(5)$ .
6	"(k) Exemption for Assistance Solely for
7	PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION ACTIVI-
8	TIES.—Subsection (j) and paragraphs (3) and (5) of sub-
9	section (i) shall not apply to assistance provided under this
10	title that is to be used by a treatment works solely for
11	planning, design, or preconstruction activities.
12	"(1) Technical Assistance.—
13	"(1) DEFINITION OF QUALIFIED NONPROFIT
14	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROVIDER.—In this sub-
15	section, the term 'qualified nonprofit technical as-
16	sistance provider' means a nonprofit entity that pro-
17	vides technical assistance (such as circuit-rider pro-
18	grams, training, and preliminary engineering evalua-
19	tions) to small treatment works that—
20	"(A) serve not more than 3,300 users; and
21	"(B) are located in a rural area.
22	"(2) Grant Program.—
23	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator
24	may make grants to a qualified nonprofit tech-
25	nical assistance provider for use in assisting

1	small treatment works in planning, developing
2	and obtaining financing for eligible projects de-
3	scribed in subsection (e).
4	"(B) Distribution of grants.—In car-
5	rying out this subsection, the Administrator
6	shall ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
7	ticable, that technical assistance provided using
8	funds from a grant under subparagraph (A) is
9	made available in each State.
10	"(C) Consultation.—As a condition of
11	receiving a grant under this subsection, a quali-
12	fied nonprofit technical assistance provider shal
13	consult with each State in which grant funds
14	are to be expended or otherwise made available
15	before the grant funds are expended or made
16	available in the State.
17	"(3) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
18	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
19	this subsection \$7,000,000 for each of fiscal years
20	2003 through 2007.
21	"(m) Competition Requirements.—
22	"(1) In General.—The requirements described
23	in section 204(a)(6) shall apply to each specification
24	for bids for projects receiving assistance under this

title.

25

1	"(2) SINGLE BIDS.—Nothing in this subsection
2	prohibits a recipient of assistance under this title
3	that receives only 1 bid for a project described in
4	paragraph (1) from accepting the bid and carrying
5	out the project.
6	"(n) No Judicial Review.—A determination by a
7	State to provide financial assistance under this title shall
8	not be subject to judicial review.".
9	(h) Allotment of Funds.—Section 604(a) of the
10	Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1384(a))
11	is amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the
12	following:
13	"(a) FORMULA.—
14	"(1) Allocation.—
15	"(A) In General.—Except as provided in
16	paragraph (2) and subject to subsection (b),
17	funds made available to earry out this title for
18	each of fiscal years 2003 through 2006 shall be
19	allocated by the Administrator as follows:
20	"(i) AMOUNTS OF \$1,350,000,000 OR
21	LESS. \$1,350,000,000 (or, if the total
22	amount made available for the fiscal year
23	is less than that amount, the total amount
24	made available) shall be allocated in ac-
25	cordance with a formula that allocates to

1	each State the proportional share of the
2	State needs identified in the most recent
3	survey conducted under section 516(2), ex-
4	cept that the minimum proportionate share
5	provided to each State shall be 1.1 percent
6	of available funds.
7	"(ii) Amounts between
8	\$1,350,000,000 AND \$1,550,000,000.—Amounts
9	greater than \$1,350,000,000 but less than
10	\$1,550,000,000 made available for the fis-
11	eal year shall be allocated by the Adminis-
12	trator in accordance with a formula that
13	allocates to each State a proportionate
14	share equal to the difference between—
15	"(I) the amount received under
16	clause (i); and
17	"(II) the amount that the State
18	would have received under section
19	205(e);
20	in eases in which an amount received by
21	the State under clause (i) is less than the
22	amount that would have been received by
23	the State under section 205(c).
24	"(iii) Amounts Greater than
25	\$1,550,000,000.—Any amounts equal to or

greater than \$1,550,000,000 that are made available for the fiscal year shall be allocated in accordance with a formula that allocates to each State the proportional share of the State needs identified in the most recent survey conducted under section 516(2), except that the minimum proportionate share provided to each State shall be 1.1 percent of available funds.

"(B) Subsequent fiscal year thereafter, fiscal year 2007 and each fiscal year thereafter, funds shall be allocated in accordance with a formula that allocates to each State the proportional share of the State needs identified in the most recent survey conducted pursuant to section 516(2), except that the minimum proportionate share provided to each State shall be 1 percent of available funds.

"(2) Private utilities.—If a State elects to include the needs of private utilities in the needs survey used to develop the allocation formula described in paragraph (1), the State shall ensure that the private utilities are eligible to receive funds under this title.".

1	(i) Audits, Reports, and Fiscal Controls; In-
2	TENDED USE PLAN.—Section 606 of the Federal Water
3	Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1386) is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (e)—
5	(A) by inserting "(including significant
6	public outreach)" after "review"; and
7	(B) by striking paragraph (1) and insert-
8	ing the following:
9	"(1) a summary of the priority projects devel-
10	oped under section 603(g) for which the State in-
11	tends to provide assistance from the water pollution
12	control revolving fund of the State for the year cov-
13	ered by the plan;"; and
14	(2) in subsection (d)—
15	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
16	"REPORT" and inserting "REPORTS";
17	(B) by striking "Beginning the" and in-
18	serting the following:
19	"(1) In General.—Beginning in the"; and
20	(C) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(2) REPORT ON TECHNICAL, MANAGERIAL,
22	AND FINANCIAL CAPACITY.—Not later than 2 years
23	after the date on which a State first adopts a strat-
24	egy in accordance with section 603(j)(2), and annu-
25	ally thereafter, the State shall submit to the Admin-

- 1 istrator a report on the progress made in improving
- 2 the technical, managerial, and financial capacity of
- 3 treatment works in the State (including the progress
- 4 of the State in complying with the amendments to
- 5 section 603 made by the Water Investment Act of
- $6 \frac{2002}{}$
- 7 "(3) AVAILABILITY.—A State that submits a
- 8 report under this subsection shall make the report
- 9 available to the public.".
- 10 (j) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—The Fed-
- 11 eral Water Pollution Control Act is amended by striking
- 12 section 607 (33 U.S.C. 1387) and inserting the following:
- 13 "SEC. 607. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 14 "(a) In General.—There are authorized to be ap-
- 15 propriated to earry out this title—
- 16 "(1) \$3,200,000 for each of fiscal years 2003
- 17 and 2004;
- 18 "(2) \$3,600,000 for fiscal year 2005;
- 19 "(3) \$4,000,000 for fiscal year 2006; and
- 20 "(4) \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 2007.
- 21 "(b) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts made available under
- 22 this section shall remain available until expended.
- 23 "(e) Reservation for Needs Surveys.—Of the
- 24 amount made available under subsection (a) to earry out
- 25 this title for a fiscal year, the Administrator may reserve

1	not more than \$1,000,000 per year to pay the costs of
2	conducting needs surveys under section 516(2).".
3	(k) Conforming Amendment.—Section 216 of the
4	Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1296) is
5	amended—
6	(1) in the first sentence, by inserting "in ac-
7	cordance with section 603(g)" before "the deter-
8	mination"; and
9	(2) by striking the "Not less than 25 per cen-
10	tum" and all that follows.
11	TITLE II—SAFE DRINKING
	WADED ACT MODIFICATIONS
12	WATER ACT MODIFICATIONS
<ul><li>12</li><li>13</li></ul>	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION
13	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION
13 14 15	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION COSTS.
13 14 15	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION COSTS.  Section 1452(a)(2) of the Safe Drinking Water Act  (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(a)(2)) is amended in the second sen-
13 14 15 16 17	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION COSTS.  Section 1452(a)(2) of the Safe Drinking Water Act  (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(a)(2)) is amended in the second sen-
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION COSTS.  Section 1452(a)(2) of the Safe Drinking Water Act  (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(a)(2)) is amended in the second sentence by striking "(not" and inserting "(including plan-
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION COSTS.  Section 1452(a)(2) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(a)(2)) is amended in the second sentence by striking "(not" and inserting "(including planning, design, and associated preconstruction expenditures)
13 14 15 16 17 18	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION COSTS.  Section 1452(a)(2) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(a)(2)) is amended in the second sentence by striking "(not" and inserting "(including planning, design, and associated preconstruction expenditures but not".
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION COSTS.  Section 1452(a)(2) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(a)(2)) is amended in the second sentence by striking "(not" and inserting "(including planning, design, and associated preconstruction expenditures but not".  SEC. 202. STATE REVOLVING LOAN FUND.
13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	SEC. 201. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION COSTS.  Section 1452(a)(2) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(a)(2)) is amended in the second sentence by striking "(not" and inserting "(including planning, design, and associated preconstruction expenditures but not".  SEC. 202. STATE REVOLVING LOAN FUND.  (a) IN GENERAL.—Section 1452(a)(3)(B)(ii) of the

1	(b) Public Outreach.—Section 1452(b) of the
2	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(b)) is
3	amended in paragraphs (1) and (3)(B) by inserting "(in-
4	eluding significant public outreach)" after "comment"
5	each place it appears.
6	(c) Types of Assistance.—Section 1452(f) of the
7	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(f)) is
8	amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1)—
10	(A) in subparagraph (C), by striking
11	"and" at the end; and
12	(B) by adding at the end the following:
13	"(E) the recipient of the loan funds con-
14	siders, during the planning and engineering
15	phase of each project for which the loan funds
16	are received—
17	"(i) consolidating management func-
18	tions or ownership with another facility;
19	"(ii) forming public-private partner-
20	ships or other cooperative partnerships;
21	<del>and</del>
22	"(iii) using nonstructural alternatives
23	or technologies that may be more environ-
24	mentally sensitive:

1	"(F) the recipient of the loan funds has in
2	effect a plan to achieve, within a reasonable pe-
3	riod of time, a rate structure that, to the max-
4	imum extent practicable—
5	"(i) reflects the actual cost of service
6	provided by the recipient; and
7	<del>"(ii)</del> addresses capital replacement
8	<del>funds;</del> and
9	"(G) the recipient of each loan that re-
10	flects a significant capital investment has in ef-
11	feet, or will have in effect on completion of the
12	project, an asset management plan (for which
13	the Administrator may publish information to
14	assist States in determining required content)
15	<del>that</del> —
16	"(i) conforms to generally accepted in-
17	dustry practices; and
18	<del>"(ii)</del> includes—
19	"(I) an inventory of existing as-
20	sets (including an estimate of the use-
21	ful life of the assets); and
22	"(II) an optimal schedule of op-
23	erations, maintenance, and capital in-
24	vestment required to meet and sustain
25	performance objectives;";

1	(2) in paragraph (4), by striking "and" at the
2	end;
3	(3) in paragraph (5), by striking the period at
4	the end and inserting "; and"; and
5	(4) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(6) to reduce costs incurred by a municipality
7	in issuing bonds.".
8	(d) Consultation and Coordination With
9	STATE AGENCIES; JUDICIAL REVIEW.—Section 1452(g)
10	of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(g))
11	is amended by adding at the end the following:
12	"(5) Consultation and coordination with
13	STATE AGENCIES.—A State that provides financial
14	assistance from the drinking water revolving fund of
15	the State shall ensure that applicants for the assist-
16	ance consult and coordinate with, as appropriate,
17	agencies responsible for developing any—
18	"(A) local land use plans;
19	"(B) regional transportation improvement
20	and long-range transportation plans; and
21	"(C) State, regional, and municipal water-
22	shed plans.
23	"(6) No Judicial Review.—A determination
24	by a State to provide financial assistance under this
25	section shall not be subject to indicial review."

1	(e) OTHER AUTHORIZED ACTIVITIES.—Section
2	1452(k)(1) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
3	300j-12(k)(1)) is amended by striking subparagraph (D)
4	and inserting the following:
5	"(D) Make expenditures for the develop-
6	ment and implementation of source water pro-
7	tection programs.
8	"(E) Provide assistance for consolidation
9	among community water systems for the pur-
10	<del>pose</del> of—
11	"(i) meeting national primary drink-
12	ing water standards; or
13	"(ii) making more efficient use of
14	funds made available under subsection
15	(a)(2).''.
16	SEC. 203. ADDITIONAL SUBSIDIZATION.
17	Section 1452(d)(1) of the Safe Drinking Water Act
18	(42 U.S.C. 300j-12(d)(1)) is amended—
19	(1) by striking "Notwithstanding any other pro-
20	vision" and inserting the following:
21	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
22	other provision"; and
23	(2) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(B) Subsidization for disadvantaged
25	<del>USERS.</del>

1	"(i) In General.—Subject to clause
2	(ii), a State may provide additional sub-
3	sidization under subparagraph (A) for a
4	fiscal year for a community that does not
5	meet the definition of a disadvantaged
6	community if the State, as part of the as-
7	sistance agreement between the State and
8	the recipient of the assistance, ensures
9	that the additional subsidization provided
10	under this paragraph is directed through
11	the user charge rate system to disadvan-
12	taged users within the residential user
13	class of the community (as defined by the
14	State based on affordability criteria).
15	"(ii) Maximum amount.—Assistance
16	provided by a State under clause (i) shall
17	not exceed 15 percent of the amount of the
18	capitalization grant received by the State
19	for the fiscal year.
20	"(iii) Guidance.—The Administrator
21	may publish guidance to assist States in
22	identifying disadvantaged users described
23	in clause (i).".

### 1 SEC. 204. PRIVATE UTILITIES.

2	Section 1452(h) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
3	U.S.C. 300j-12(h)) is amended—
4	(1) by striking "The Administrator" and insert-
5	ing the following:
6	"(1) IN GENERAL.—The Administrator"; and
7	(2) by adding at the end the following:
8	"(2) Private utilities.—If a State elects to
9	include the needs of private utilities in the needs
10	survey under paragraph (1), the State shall ensure
11	that the private utilities are eligible to receive funds
12	under this title.".
13	SEC. 205. COMPETITION REQUIREMENTS.
14	Section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
15	U.S.C. 300j-12) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
16	lowing:
17	"(s) Competition Requirements.—
18	"(1) In General.—Except as provided in para-
19	graph (2), as a condition of receipt of funds under
20	this section, no specification for bids prepared for
21	projects to be carried out using the funds shall be
22	written in such a manner as to contain any propri-
23	etary, exclusionary, or discriminatory requirement,
24	other than requirements based on performance, un-
25	less such requirements are necessary to test or dem-

onstrate a specific thing or to provide for necessary

26

1	interchangeability of parts and equipment. If, in the
2	judgment of a recipient of funds, it is impractical or
3	uneconomical to make a clear and accurate descrip
4	tion of the technical requirements, a 'brand name or
5	equal' description may be used as a means to define
6	the performance or other salient requirements of a
7	procurement, and in doing so the recipient need no
8	establish the existence of any source other than the
9	brand or source so named.
10	"(2) Single Bids.—Nothing in this subsection
11	prohibits a recipient of assistance under this title
12	that receives only 1 bid for a project described in
13	paragraph (1) from accepting the bid and carrying
14	out the project.".
15	SEC. 206. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR SMALL SYSTEMS.
16	(a) Small Public Water Systems Technology
17	Assistance Centers.—Section 1420(f) of the Safe
18	Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300g-9(f)) is amended
19	(1) in paragraph (2), by inserting "technology
20	verification, pilot and field testing of innovative tech
21	nologies, and" after "shall include"; and
22	(2) by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the
23	following:
24	"(6) REVIEW AND EVALUATION.—

1	"(A) In GENERAL.—Not less often than
2	every 2 years, the Administrator shall review
3	and evaluate the program carried out under
4	this subsection.
5	"(B) Disqualification.—If, in carrying
6	out this subsection, the Administrator deter-
7	mines that a small public water system tech-
8	nology assistance center is not carrying out the
9	duties of the center, the Administrator—
10	"(i) shall notify the center of the de-
11	termination of the Administrator; and
12	"(ii) not later than 180 days after the
13	date of the notification, may terminate the
14	provision of funds to the center.
15	"(7) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
16	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
17	this subsection \$5,000,000 for each of fiscal years
18	2003 through 2007, to be distributed to the centers
19	in accordance with this subsection.".
20	(b) Environmental Finance Centers.—Section
21	1420(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300g
22	9(g)) is amended by striking paragraph (4) and inserting
23	the following:
24	"(4) Authorization of appropriations.
25	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out

1	this subsection \$1,500,000 for each of fiscal years
2	<del>2003 through</del> <del>2007.".</del>
3	SEC. 207. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
4	Section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
5	U.S.C. 300j-12) is amended by striking subsection (m)
6	and inserting the following:
7	"(m) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
8	"(1) In General.—There are authorized to be
9	appropriated to carry out this section—
10	"(A) \$1,500,000 for fiscal year 2003;
11	"(B) \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years
12	2004 and 2005;
13	"(C) \$3,500,000 for fiscal year 2006; and
14	"(D) \$6,000,000 for fiscal year 2007.
15	"(2) Available Amounts made available
16	under this subsection shall remain available until ex-
17	<del>pended.</del>
18	"(3) Reservation for needs surveys.—Of
19	the amount made available under paragraph (1) to
20	carry out this section for a fiscal year, the Adminis-
21	trator may reserve not more than \$1,000,000 per
22	year to pay the costs of conducting needs surveys
23	under subsection (h) "

### **III—INNOVATIONS** TITLE $\mathbf{IN}$ 1 AND WATER QUALITY **FUND** 2 MANAGEMENT 3 SEC. 301. TRANSFER OF FUNDS. 5 (a) Water Pollution Control Fund.—Section 603 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33) 7 U.S.C. 1383) is amended by adding at the end the fol-8 lowing: 9 "(i) Transfer of Funds.— 10 "(1) In General.—A Governor of the State 11 may-12 "(A) reserve up to 33 percent of a capital-13 ization grant made under this title and add the 14 funds reserved to any funds provided to the 15 State under section 1452 of the Safe Drinking 16 Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12); and 17 "(B) reserve in any year an amount up to 18 the amount that may be reserved under sub-19 paragraph (A) for that year from capitalization 20 grants made under section 1452 of that Act (42) 21 U.S.C. 300j-12) and add the reserved funds to 22 any funds provided to the State under this title. 23 "(2) STATE MATCH.—Funds reserved under 24 this subsection shall not be considered to be a State 25 contribution for a capitalization grant required

1	under this title or section 1452(b) of the Safe
2	Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12(b)).".
3	(b) SAFE DRINKING WATER FUND.—Section
4	1452(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-
5	12(g)) is amended—
6	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "4" and in-
7	serting "5"; and
8	(2) by adding at the end the following:
9	"(5) Transfer of funds.—
10	"(A) In GENERAL.—A Governor of the
11	State may—
12	"(i) reserve up to 33 percent of a cap-
13	italization grant made under this section
14	and add the funds reserved to any funds
15	provided to the State under section 601 of
16	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
17	(33 U.S.C. 1381); and
18	<del>"(ii)</del> reserve in any year an amount
19	up to the amount that may be reserved
20	under clause (i) for that year from capital-
21	ization grants made under section 601 of
22	that Act (33 U.S.C. 1381) and add the re-
23	served funds to any funds provided to the
24	State under this section.

1	"(B) STATE MATCH.—Funds reserved
2	under this paragraph shall not be considered to
3	be a State match of a capitalization grant re-
4	quired under this section or section 602(b) of
5	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33
6	U.S.C. 1382(b)).".
7	SEC. 302. DEMONSTRATION PROGRAM FOR WATER QUAL-
8	ITY ENHANCEMENT AND MANAGEMENT.
9	(a) Establishment.—
10	(1) In General.—As soon as practicable after
11	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
12	of the Environmental Protection Agency (referred to
13	in this section as the "Administrator") shall estab-
14	lish a nationwide demonstration program to—
15	(A) promote innovations in technology and
16	alternative approaches to water quality manage-
17	ment or water supply; and
18	(B) reduce costs to municipalities incurred
19	in complying with—
20	(i) the Federal Water Pollution Con-
21	trol Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.); and
22	(ii) the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
23	U.S.C. 300f et seq.).
24	(2) Scope.—The demonstration program shall
25	consist of 10 projects per year, to be carried out in

1	municipalities selected by the Administrator under
2	subsection (b).
3	(b) Selection of Municipalities.—
4	(1) APPLICATION.—A municipality that seeks
5	to be selected to participate in the demonstration
6	program shall submit to the Administrator a plan
7	<del>that—</del>
8	(A) is developed in coordination with—
9	(i) the agency of the State having ju-
10	risdiction over water quality or water sup-
11	ply matters; and
12	(ii) interested stakeholders;
13	(B) describes water impacts specific to
14	urban and rural areas;
15	(C) includes a strategy under which the
16	municipality, through participation in the dem-
17	onstration program, could effectively—
18	(i) address those problems; and
19	(ii) achieve the same water quality
20	goals as those goals that—
21	(I) could be achieved using more
22	traditional methods; or
23	(II) are mandated under—

1	(aa) the Federal Water Pol-
2	lution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
3	1251 et seq.); and
4	(bb) the Safe Drinking
5	Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et
6	<del>seq.);</del> and
7	(D) includes a schedule for achieving the
8	goals of the municipality.
9	(2) Types of projects. In carrying out the
10	demonstration program, the Administrator may se-
11	lect projects relating to such matters as—
12	(A) excessive nutrient growth;
13	(B) urban or rural pressure;
14	(C) a lack of an alternative water supply;
15	(D) difficulties in water conservation and
16	efficiency;
17	(E) a lack of support tools and tech-
18	nologies to rehabilitate and replace water sup-
19	<del>plies;</del>
20	(F) a lack of monitoring and data analysis
21	for distribution systems;
22	(G) nonpoint source water pollution;
23	(H) sanitary overflows;
24	(I) combined sewer overflows;

1	(J) problems with naturally-occurring con-
2	stituents of concern; or
3	(K) problems with erosion and excess sedi-
4	ment.
5	(3) Responsibilities of administrator.—In
6	selecting municipalities under this subsection, the
7	Administrator shall—
8	(A) ensure, to the maximum extent
9	<del>practicable</del>
10	(i) the inclusion in the demonstration
11	program of a variety of projects with re-
12	spect to—
13	(I) geographic distribution;
14	(II) innovative technologies used
15	for the projects; and
16	(III) nontraditional approaches
17	(including low-impact development
18	technologies) used for the projects;
19	and
20	(ii) that each category of project de-
21	scribed in paragraph (2) is adequately rep-
22	resented;
23	(B) give higher priority to projects that—
24	(i) address multiple problems; and
25	(ii) are regionally applicable;

1	(C) ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
2	ticable, that at least 1 small community having
3	a population of 10,000 or less receives a grant
4	each year; and
5	(D) ensure that, for each fiscal year, no
6	municipality receives more than 25 percent of
7	the total amount of funds made available for
8	the fiscal year to provide grants under this sec-
9	<del>tion.</del>
10	(4) Cost sharing.—
11	(A) In General.—Except as provided in
12	subparagraph (B), the non-Federal share of the
13	cost of a project carried out under this section
14	shall be at least 20 percent.
15	(B) WAIVER.—The Administrator may re-
16	duce or eliminate the non-Federal share of the
17	cost of a project for reasons of affordability.
18	(e) Reports.—
19	(1) REPORTS FROM MUNICIPALITIES.—A mu-
20	nicipality that is selected for participation in the
21	demonstration program shall submit to the Adminis-
22	trator, on the date of completion of a project of the
23	municipality and on each of the dates that is 1, 2,
24	and 3 years after that date, a report that describes

the effectiveness of the project.

25

- 1 (2) REPORTS TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 2 2 vears after the date of enactment of this Act, and 3 every 2 years thereafter, the Administrator shall 4 compile, and submit to the Committee on Environ-5 ment and Public Works of the Senate, and the Com-6 mittee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the 7 Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House 8 of Representatives, a report that describes the status 9 and results of the demonstration program.
- 10 (d) Incorporation of Results and Informa11 Tion.—To the maximum extent practicable, the Adminis12 trator shall incorporate the results of, and information ob13 tained from, successful projects under this section into
  14 programs administered by the Administrator.
- (e) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is authorized to be appropriated to earry out this section \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2007.

  SEC. 303. RATE STUDY.
- (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this Act, the National Academy of Sciences shall complete a study of the public water system and treatment works rate structures for communities in the United States selected by the Academy in accordance with subsection (c).
- 25 (b) Required Elements.—

1	(1) RATES.—The study shall, at a minimum—
2	(A) determine whether public water system
3	and treatment works rates for communities in-
4	cluded in the study adequately address the cost
5	of service, including funds necessary to replace
6	infrastructure;
7	(B) identify the manner in which the pub-
8	lie water system and treatment works rates
9	were determined;
10	(C) determine the manner in which cost of
11	service is measured;
12	(D)(i) survey existing practices for estab-
13	lishing public water system and treatment
14	works rates; and
15	(ii) identify any commonalities in factors
16	and processes used to evaluate rate systems and
17	make related decisions; and
18	(E) recommend a set of best industry prac-
19	tices for public water systems and treatment
20	works for use in establishing a rate structure
21	<del>that</del>
22	(i) adequately addresses the true cost
23	of service: and

1	(ii) takes into consideration the needs
2	of disadvantaged individuals and commu-
3	nities.
4	(2) Affordability.—The study shall, at a
5	minimum—
6	(A) identify existing standards for afford-
7	ability;
8	(B) determine the manner in which those
9	standards are determined and defined;
10	(C) determine the manner in which afford-
11	ability varies with respect to communities of
12	different sizes and in different regions; and
13	(D) determine the extent to which afford-
14	ability affects the decision of a community to
15	increase public water system and treatment
16	works rates (including the decision relating to
17	the percentage by which those rates should be
18	increased).
19	(3) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITIES.—The
20	study shall, at a minimum—
21	(A) survey a cross-section of States rep-
22	resenting different sizes, demographics, and
23	geographical regions;
24	(B) describe, for each State described in
25	subparagraph (A), the definition of "disadvan-

1	taged community" used in the State in carrying
2	out projects and activities under the Safe
3	Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.)
4	(C) review other means of identifying the
5	meaning of the term "disadvantaged", as tha
6	term applies to communities;
7	(D) determine which factors and character
8	istics are required for a community to be con
9	sidered "disadvantaged"; and
10	(E) evaluate the degree to which factors
11	such as a reduction in the tax base over a pe
12	riod of time, a reduction in population, the loss
13	of an industrial base, and the existence of areas
14	of concentrated poverty are taken into accoun-
15	in determining whether a community is a dis
16	advantaged community.
17	(c) Selection of Communities.—The National
18	Academy of Sciences shall select communities, the public
19	water system and treatment works rate structures of
20	which are to be studied under this section, that include
21	a cross section of communities representing various popu
22	lations, income levels, demographics, and geographical re
23	<del>gions.</del>
24	(d) REPORT TO CONGRESS. On completion of the

25 study under this section, the National Academy of

1	Sciences shall submit to Congress a report that describes
2	the results of the study.
3	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
4	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
5	\$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 and 2004.
6	SEC. 304. EFFECTS ON POLICIES AND RIGHTS.
7	(a) In General.—Nothing in this Act—
8	(1) impairs or otherwise affects in any way, any
9	right or jurisdiction of any State with respect to the
10	water (including boundary water) of the State;
11	(2) supersedes, abrogates, or otherwise impairs
12	the authority of any State to allocate quantities of
13	water within areas under the jurisdiction of the
14	State; or
15	(3) supersedes or abrogates any right to any
16	quantity or use of water that has been established
17	by any State.
18	(b) STATE WATER RIGHTS.—Notwithstanding any
19	other provision of law, with respect to the implementation
20	of this Act and amendments made by this Act—
21	(1) the management of and control over water
22	in a State shall be subject to and in accordance with
23	the laws of the State in which the water is located;
24	(2) Congress delegates to each State the au-
25	thority to regulate water of the State, including the

1	authority to regulate water in interstate commerce
2	(including regulation of usufructuary rights, trade,
3	and transportation); and
4	(3) the United States, and any agency or officer
5	on behalf of the United States, may exercise man-
6	agement and control over water in a State only in
7	compliance with the laws of the State in which the
8	water is located.
9	TITLE IV—WATER RESOURCE
10	<b>PLANNING</b>
11	SEC. 401. FINDINGS.
12	Congress finds that—
13	(1) there is ever-growing demand and competi-
14	tion for water from many segments of society, in-
15	eluding municipal users, agriculture, and critical eco-
16	<del>systems;</del>
17	(2) population growth in the United States will
18	continue to place increasing pressure on the water
19	supply of the United States;
20	(3) because sources of water do not follow polit-
21	<del>ical boundaries</del>
22	(A) the availability of water is increasingly
23	becoming a regional issue; and
24	(B) it is more difficult to take action—

1	(i) to monitor the state of water re-
2	sources;
3	(ii) to prepare for water shortages or
4	surpluses;
5	(iii) to prevent the occurrence of
6	water shortages or surpluses; or
7	(iv) to respond to emergency situa-
8	tions;
9	(4)(A) water shortages or surpluses can—
10	(i) impact public health;
11	(ii) limit economic and agricultural devel-
12	opment; and
13	(iii) damage ecosystems; and
14	(B) the United States often suffers serious eco-
15	nomic and environmental losses from water short-
16	ages or surpluses;
17	(5) there is no national policy to ensure an inte-
18	grated and coordinated Federal strategy to monitor
19	the state of the water resources of the United
20	States;
21	(6) periodic assessments of the water resources
22	of the United States are necessary; and
23	(7)(A) Congress has recognized and deferred to
24	the States the authority to allocate and administer
25	water within the borders of the States;

1	(B) the courts have confirmed that this is an
2	appropriate role for the States; and
3	(C) Congress should continue to defer to States
4	on laws and regulations governing the appropriation,
5	distribution, and control or use of water.
6	SEC. 402. DEFINITION OF SECRETARY.
7	In this title, the term "Secretary" means the Sec-
8	retary of the Interior, acting through the Director of the
9	United States Geological Survey.
10	SEC. 403. ACTIONS.
11	(a) Assessment.—
12	(1) In General.—Not later than 2 years after
13	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary
14	shall conduct an assessment of the state of water re-
15	sources in the United States.
16	(2) Components.—The assessment shall, at a
17	minimum—
18	(A) identify areas in the United States
19	that are at significant risk for water shortages
20	or water surpluses, as those shortages or sur-
21	pluses pertain to support of human or eco-
22	system needs, in—
23	(i) the short term (1 through 10
24	<del>years);</del>

1	(ii) the middle term (11 through 20
2	<del>years);</del> and
3	(iii) the long term (21 through 50
4	<del>years);</del> and
5	(B) identify areas in each category de-
6	scribed in subparagraph (A) in which water re-
7	source issues cross political boundaries.
8	(3) Report.—On completion of the assess-
9	ment, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a re-
10	port that describes the results of the assessment.
11	(b) Water Resource Research Priorities.—
12	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall coordi-
13	nate a process among Federal agencies (including
14	the Environmental Protection Agency) to develop
15	and publish, not later than 1 year after the date of
16	enactment of this Act, a list of water resource re-
17	search priorities that focuses on—
18	(A) monitoring; and
19	(B) improving the quality of the informa-
20	tion available to State, tribal, and local water
21	resource managers.
22	(2) USE OF LIST.—The list published under
23	paragraph (1) shall be used by Federal agencies as
24	a guide in making decisions on the allocation of
25	water research funding.

1	(c) Information Delivery System.—
2	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall coordi
3	nate a process to develop an effective information
4	delivery system to communicate information de-
5	scribed in paragraph (2) to—
6	(A) decisionmakers at the Federal, re-
7	gional, State, tribal, and local levels;
8	(B) the private sector; and
9	(C) the general public.
10	(2) Types of information.—The information
11	referred to in paragraph (1) may include—
12	(A) the results of the national water re-
13	source assessment;
14	(B) a summary of the Federal water re-
15	search priorities developed under subsection (b)
16	(C) near real-time data and other informa-
17	tion on water shortages and surpluses;
18	(D) planning models for water shortages or
19	surpluses (at various levels, such as State, river
20	basin, and watershed levels);
21	(E) streamlined procedures for States and
22	localities to interact with and obtain assistance
23	from Federal agencies that perform water re-
24	source functions; and

- 1 (F) other materials, as determined by the
- 2 Secretary.
- 3 SEC. 404. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
- 4 Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment
- 5 of this Act, and every 2 years thereafter through fiscal
- 6 year 2007, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report
- 7 on the implementation of this title.
- 8 SEC. 405. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 9 There is authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 10 retary to carry out this title \$3,000,000 for each of fiscal
- 11 years 2003 through 2007, to remain available until ex-
- 12 <del>pended.</del>
- 13 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 14 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 15 "Water Investment Act of 2002".
- 16 (b) Table of Contents of this
- 17 Act is as follows:
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Purposes.

### 

- Sec. 101. Definitions.
- Sec. 102. Funding for Indian programs.
- Sec. 103. Requirements for receipt of funds.
- Sec. 104. Sewer overflow control grants.

### TITLE II—SAFE DRINKING WATER ACT MODIFICATIONS

## Subtitle A—State Revolving Loan Fund Projects and Activities

- Sec. 201. New York City watershed protection program.
- Sec. 202. Labor standards.
- Sec. 203. Planning, design, and preconstruction costs.
- Sec. 204. State Revolving Loan Fund.

- Sec. 205. Additional subsidization.
- Sec. 206. Private utilities.
- Sec. 207. Technical assistance for small systems.
- Sec. 208. Authorization of appropriations.

### Subtitle B—Small Public Water System Assistance

- Sec. 211. Short title.
- Sec. 212. Findings and purpose.
- Sec. 213. Small public water system assistance program.

# TITLE III—INNOVATIONS IN FUND AND WATER QUALITY MANAGEMENT

- Sec. 301. Definitions.
- Sec. 302. Demonstration grant program for water quality enhancement and management.
- Sec. 303. Rate study.
- Sec. 304. State revolving fund review process.
- Sec. 305. Transfer of funds.

### TITLE IV—WATER RESOURCE PLANNING

- Sec. 401. Findings.
- Sec. 402. Definition of Secretary.
- Sec. 403. Actions.
- Sec. 404. Report to Congress.
- Sec. 405. Authorization of appropriations.

### TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS

- Sec. 501. Nutrient control technology grant program.
- Sec. 502. Effects on policies and rights.
- Sec. 503. Effective date.

#### 1 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are—
- 3 (1) to improve the quality of the water, and the
- 4 safety of the drinking water, in the United States
- 5 through the repair and improvement of critical water
- 6 infrastructure;
- 7 (2) to modernize State water pollution control
- 8 revolving funds and the allocation for those funds to
- 9 ensure that the funds distributed reflect water quality
- 10 needs;

1	(3) to maximize use of Federal funds and en-
2	courage maximum efficiency for States and localities;
3	(4) to provide additional structure to the water
4	supply research conducted in the United States;
5	(5) to ensure that the Federal Government is
6	performing an appropriate role in analyzing regional
7	and national water supply trends; and
8	(6) to facilitate nontraditional projects (such as
9	projects relating to land conservation, low-impact de-
10	velopment technologies, beneficial reuse of brownfields,
11	watershed management actions, decentralized waste-
12	water treatment innovations, and other nonpoint best
13	management practices) the primary purpose of which
14	is the protection, preservation, or enhancement of
15	water quality.
16	TITLE I—FEDERAL WATER POL-
17	LUTION CONTROL ACT MODI-
18	FICATIONS
19	SEC. 101. DEFINITIONS.
20	Section 502 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
21	(33 U.S.C. 1362) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(24) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The term
24	'disadvantaged community' means a community or
25	entity that meets affordability criteria established,

1 after public review and comment, by the State in 2 which the community or entity is located. 3 "(25) DISADVANTAGED USER.—The term 'dis-4 advantaged user' means a person that meets afford-5 ability criteria established, after public review and 6 comment, by the State in which the person resides. 7 "(26) Small treatment works.—The term 8 'small treatment works' means a treatment works (as 9 defined in section 212) serving a population of 10,000 10 or fewer individuals.". SEC. 102. FUNDING FOR INDIAN PROGRAMS. 12 Section 518 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1377) is amended by striking subsection (c) and 13 14 inserting the following: 15 "(c) Reservation of Funds.— 16 "(1) In GENERAL.—For fiscal year 1987 and 17 each fiscal year thereafter, the Administrator shall re-18 serve, before allotments to the States under section 19 604(a), not less than 0.5 percent nor more than 1.5 20 percent of the funds made available under section 21 607. 22 "(2) USE OF FUNDS.—Funds reserved under this 23 subsection shall be available only for grants for the

development of waste treatment management plans,

24

1	and for the construction of sewage treatment works,
2	to serve—
3	"(A) Indian tribes;
4	"(B) former Indian reservations in Okla-
5	homa (as determined by the Secretary of the In-
6	terior); and
7	"(C) Native villages (as defined in section 3
8	of the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43
9	U.S.C. 1602)).".
10	SEC. 103. REQUIREMENTS FOR RECEIPT OF FUNDS.
11	(a) Grants to States for Establishment of Re-
12	VOLVING FUNDS.—Section 601(a) of the Federal Water Pol-
13	lution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1381(a)) is amended by strik-
14	ing "for providing assistance (1)" and all that follows and
15	inserting the following: "for providing assistance for eligible
16	projects in accordance with section 603(c).".
17	(b) Requirements for Construction of Treat-
18	MENT WORKS.—
19	(1) In General.—Section 602(b) of the Federal
20	Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1382(b)) is
21	amended by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the
22	following:
23	"(6) treatment works eligible under section
24	603(c)(1) that are constructed, in whole or in part,
25	using funds made available by a State water pollu-

1	tion control revolving loan fund under this title and
2	section 205(m) will meet the requirements of sections
3	211, $511(c)(1)$ , and $513$ in the same manner as treat-
4	ment works constructed using assistance provided
5	under title II;".
6	(2) Conforming amendments.—Section 211 of
7	the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
8	1291) is amended—
9	(A) by striking the section heading and all
10	that follows through subsection (a) and inserting
11	$the\ following:$
12	"SEC. 211. SEWAGE COLLECTION SYSTEMS.
13	"(a) In General.—No grant shall be made for a sew-
14	age collection system under this title unless the grant—
15	"(1) is for replacement or major rehabilitation of
16	a sewage collection system that is—
17	"(A) in existence as of February 15, 2002;
18	and
19	"(B) necessary to the total integrity and
20	performance of the waste treatment works serv-
21	ing the community served by the collection sys-
22	tem; or
23	"(2) is for a new sewage collection system for a
24	community that—

1	"(A) is in existence as of February 15,
2	2002; and
3	"(B) has sufficient existing or planned ca-
4	pacity to treat collected sewage.";
5	(B) in subsection (b), by striking "(b) If"
6	and inserting the following:
7	"(b) Population Density.—If"; and
8	(C) in subsection (c), by striking "(c) No"
9	and inserting the following:
10	"(c) Prohibition on Grants.—No".
11	(c) Projects Eligible for Assistance.—Section
12	603 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
13	1383) is amended by striking subsection (c) and inserting
14	the following:
15	"(c) Projects Eligible for Assistance.—
16	"(1) In General.—Funds in each State water
17	pollution control revolving fund shall be used only
18	for—
19	"(A) providing financial assistance to a
20	municipality, intermunicipal, interstate, or
21	State agency, or private utility that principally
22	treats municipal wastewater or domestic sewage,
23	for construction (including costs for planning,
24	design, associated preconstruction, and necessary
25	activities for siting the facility and related ele-

1	ments) of treatment works (as defined in section
2	212);
3	"(B) implementation of a management pro-
4	$gram\ established\ under\ section\ 319;$
5	"(C) development and implementation of a
6	conservation and management plan under sec-
7	tion 320;
8	"(D) water conservation projects or activi-
9	ties the primary purpose of which is the protec-
10	tion, preservation, or enhancement of water qual-
11	ity;
12	``(E) reuse, reclamation, or recycling
13	projects the primary purpose of which is the pro-
14	tection, preservation, or enhancement of water
15	quality;
16	``(F) water conservation improvement
17	projects the primary purpose of which (as deter-
18	mined by the State) is the protection, preserva-
19	tion, or enhancement of water quality, including
20	through—
21	"(i) piping or lining of an irrigation
22	canal;
23	"(ii) recovery or recycling of waste-
24	water or tailwater;
25	"(iii) irrigation scheduling;

1	"(iv) measurement or metering of
2	water use; or
3	"(v) improvement of on-field irrigation
4	efficiency;
5	"(G) projects to increase the security of
6	wastewater treatment works (excluding any ex-
7	penditure for operations or maintenance); or
8	"(H) measures to control municipal
9	stormwater, the primary purpose of which is the
10	preservation, protection, or enhancement of
11	water quality.
12	"(2) Maintenance of fund.—
13	"(A) In general.—Each fund shall be es-
14	tablished, maintained, and credited with repay-
15	ments.
16	"(B) AVAILABILITY.—Any balances in a
17	fund shall be available in perpetuity for pro-
18	viding financial assistance described in para-
19	graph (1).
20	"(3) Approaches.—A project eligible under
21	paragraph (1) to receive assistance from a State
22	water pollution control revolving fund under this title
23	may include a project that uses 1 or more nontradi-
24	tional approaches (such as land conservation, low-im-
25	pact development technologies, beneficial reuse of

1	brownfields, watershed management actions, decen-
2	tralized wastewater treatment innovations, and other
3	nonpoint best management practices), if the primary
4	purpose of the project is the preservation, protection,
5	or enhancement of water quality.".
6	(d) Extension of Loans; Types of Assistance.—
7	Section 603(d) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
8	(33 U.S.C. 1383(d)) is amended—
9	(1) in paragraph (1)—
10	(A) in subparagraph (A), by striking ", at
11	terms not to exceed 20 years";
12	(B) by striking subparagraph (B) and in-
13	serting the following:
14	"(B)(i)(I) annual principal and interest
15	payments will commence not later than 1 year
16	after the date of completion of any project for
17	which the loan was provided;
18	"(II) each loan will be fully amortized not
19	later than 30 years after the date of completion
20	of the project for which the loan is provided; and
21	"(III) the term of each loan will not exceed
22	the expected design life of the project for which
23	the loan was provided: and

1	"(ii) in the case of a loan provided to a dis-
2	advantaged community, a State may provide an
3	extended term for the loan if the extended term—
4	"(I) terminates not later than the date
5	that is 40 years after the date of completion
6	of the project for which the loan was pro-
7	vided; and
8	"(II) does not exceed the expected de-
9	sign life of the project;";
10	(C) in subparagraph (C), by inserting ", or,
11	in the case of a privately owned treatment works,
12	demonstrate that adequate security for the loan
13	exists," after "revenue"; and
14	(D) in subparagraph (D), by inserting
15	"State water pollution control revolving loan"
16	before "fund";
17	(2) in paragraph (6), by striking "and" at the
18	end;
19	(3) by redesignating paragraph (7) as para-
20	graph (11);
21	(4) by inserting after paragraph (6) the fol-
22	lowing:
23	"(7) subject to subsection (e)(2), by a State to
24	provide additional subsidization (including forgive-
25	ness of principal)—

1	"(A) to 1 or more treatment works, for use
2	in developing capacity described in subsection
3	(i)(2)(A) in accordance with subsection $(i)$ ; or
4	"(B) for a project described in subsection
5	(c)(3);
6	"(8) subject to subsection (e)(2), by a State to
7	provide additional subsidization (including forgive-
8	ness of principal) to 1 or more treatment works for
9	a purpose other than a purpose specified in para-
10	graph (7) or (9), except that—
11	"(A) for the first fiscal year that begins
12	after the date of enactment of this paragraph
13	and each fiscal year thereafter, the total amount
14	of subsidization provided by a State under this
15	paragraph shall not exceed 15 percent of the
16	amount of all capitalization grants received by
17	the State for the fiscal year under this title;
18	"(B) notwithstanding section $204(b)(1)$ —
19	"(i) as a condition of receiving addi-
20	tional subsidization under this paragraph,
21	each recipient of assistance shall dem-
22	onstrate and document to the State that ad-
23	ditional subsidization provided under this
24	paragraph will be directed, to the maximum
25	extent practicable, through the user charge

1	rate system or a similar program, to dis-
2	advantaged users within the residential user
3	class of the community in which the treat-
4	ment works is located; and
5	"(ii) the Administrator may provide
6	information to assist States in identifying
7	disadvantaged users described in clause (i);
8	and
9	"(C) a disadvantaged user located within a
10	community that receives assistance as a dis-
11	advantaged community under paragraph (9)
12	shall not be eligible for assistance under this
13	paragraph;
14	"(9) subject to subsection (e)(2), by the State to
15	provide additional subsidization (including forgive-
16	ness of principal) to a disadvantaged community, or
17	to a community or entity that the State expects to be-
18	come a disadvantaged community as the result of a
19	proposed project, that receives a loan from the State
20	under this title;
21	"(10) to provide to small treatment works (in an
22	amount not to exceed, in the aggregate, 2 percent of
23	the amount of all capitalization grants received by
24	the State for the fiscal year under this title)—
25	"(A) technical and planning assistance; and

1	"(B) assistance in—
2	$"(i)\ financial\ management;$
3	"(ii) user fee analysis;
4	$"(iii)\ budgeting;$
5	"(iv) capital improvement planning;
6	"(v) repair scheduling; and
7	"(vi) other similar activities relating
8	to water quality improvement; and"; and
9	(5) in paragraph (11) (as redesignated by para-
10	graph (3)), by striking "that such amounts shall not
11	exceed 4" and inserting "that, beginning in fiscal
12	year 2003, those amounts shall not exceed 6".
13	(e) Limitations.—Section 603(e) of the Federal Water
14	Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1383(e)) is amended—
15	(1) by striking "(e)" and all that follows through
16	"If a State" and inserting the following:
17	"(e) Limitations.—
18	"(1) Prevention of double benefits.—If a
19	State"; and
20	(2) by adding at the end the following:
21	"(2) Total amount of subsidies.—For each
22	fiscal year, the total amount used by a State under
23	paragraphs (7), (8), and (9) of subsection (d) may
24	not exceed 30 percent of the amount of all capitaliza-
25	tion grants received by the State for the fiscal year.".

```
(f) Consistency With Planning Requirements.—
 1
 2
    Section 603(f) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act
    (33 U.S.C. 1383(f)) is amended—
 3
 4
             (1) by striking "A State may" and inserting the
 5
        following:
 6
             "(1) In general.—A State may";
 7
             (2) by striking "320 of this Act." and inserting
         "320."; and
 8
 9
             (3) by adding at the end the following:
10
             "(2) Community Development.—As a condi-
11
        tion of receiving assistance under this section, a re-
12
        cipient shall demonstrate and document to the State
13
        that the recipient, in using the assistance, will consult
14
        and coordinate with, as appropriate, agencies with
15
        authority to develop—
                  "(A) local land use plans;
16
17
                  "(B) regional transportation improvement
18
             and long-range transportation plans; and
19
                  "(C) State, regional, and municipal water-
20
             shed plans.".
21
        (q) Priority System Requirement.—Section 603 of
    the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1383)
    is amended by striking subsection (g) and inserting the fol-
   lowing:
24
25
        "(q) Priority System Requirement.—
```

1	"(1) Definition of State agency.—In this
2	subsection, the term 'State agency' means the agency
3	of a State having jurisdiction over water quality
4	management (including the establishment of water
5	quality standards).
6	"(2) Development.—
7	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding sec-
8	tion 216, each State agency shall develop and pe-
9	riodically update a project priority system for
10	use in prioritizing projects that are eligible to re-
11	ceive funding from the water pollution control
12	revolving fund of the State in accordance with
13	subsection (c).
14	"(B) Requirements.—In developing the
15	project priority system, a State agency shall—
16	"(i) take into consideration all chem-
17	ical, physical, and biological data (includ-
18	ing data relating to subsections (d) and (e)
19	of section 303 and section 305(b)) that
20	are—
21	"(I) reasonably available to the
22	State from public and private sources;
23	and
24	"(II) determined by the State to
25	be of sufficient quality; and

1	"(ii) provide for public notice and op-
2	portunity for comment.
3	"(3) Summary of Projects.—
4	"(A) In General.—Each State agency,
5	after public notice and opportunity for comment,
6	shall biennially publish a description, in sum-
7	mary form, of projects in the State that are eligi-
8	ble for assistance under this title.
9	"(B) Inclusions.—The summary under
10	subparagraph (A) shall include—
11	"(i) the priority assigned to each
12	project under the priority system of the
13	State developed under paragraph (2); and
14	"(ii) the funding schedule for each
15	project, to the extent that such information
16	is available.
17	"(4) Statement of policy.—It is the policy of
18	the United States that projects in a State that are
19	carried out using assistance provided under this title
20	shall be funded, to the maximum extent practicable,
21	through a project priority system of the State that, as
22	determined by the State, is designed to achieve opti-
23	mum water quality management, consistent with the
24	public health and water quality goals and require-
25	ments of this Act.".

1	(h) Additional Requirements for Water Pollu-
2	TION CONTROL REVOLVING FUNDS.—Section 603 of the
3	Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1383) is
4	amended by adding at the end the following:
5	"(i) Technical, Managerial, and Financial Ca-
6	PACITY FOR OPTIMAL PERFORMANCE.—
7	"(1) Definition of State agency.—In this
8	section, the term 'State agency' has the meaning given
9	the term in subsection $(g)(1)$ .
10	"(2) Strategy.—
11	"(A) In General.—Not later than 3 years
12	after the date of enactment of this subsection,
13	each State agency shall develop and implement
14	a strategy to assist treatment works in the State
15	receiving assistance under this title in—
16	"(i) attaining and maintaining tech-
17	nical, managerial, operations, maintenance,
18	and financial capacity; and
19	"(ii) meeting and sustaining compli-
20	ance with applicable Federal and State
21	laws.
22	"(B) Requirements.—In developing the
23	strategy under this paragraph, the State shall
24	consider, solicit public comment on, and include
25	in the strategy a description of the manner in

1	which the State intends to use the authorities
2	and resources of the State to assist treatment
3	works in attaining and maintaining the capac-
4	$ity\ described\ in\ subparagraph\ (A)(i).$
5	"(3) Condition for receipt of assistance.—
6	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
7	subparagraph (B) and subsection (k), beginning
8	on the date that is 4 years after the date of en-
9	actment of this subsection, each treatment works
10	shall, as a condition of receiving assistance
11	under this title, demonstrate and document to
12	the State that provides the assistance adequate
13	capacity described in paragraph (2)(A)(i), in-
14	cluding, for each treatment works that receives,
15	in the aggregate, more than \$500,000 under this
16	title for any fiscal year, the establishment and
17	implementation by the treatment works of an
18	asset management plan (for which the Adminis-
19	trator may publish information to assist States
20	in determining required content) that—
21	"(i) conforms to generally accepted in-
22	dustry practices; and
23	"(ii) includes—

1	"(I) an inventory of existing as-
2	sets (including an estimate of the use-
3	ful life of those assets); and
4	"(II) an optimal schedule of oper-
5	ations, maintenance, and capital in-
6	vestment required to meet and sustain
7	performance objectives for the treat-
8	ment works established in accordance
9	with this Act and other applicable Fed-
10	eral and State laws over the useful life
11	of the treatment works.
12	"(B) Exception.—Notwithstanding sub-
13	paragraph (A), a treatment works may receive
14	assistance under this title if the State determines
15	that the assistance would enable the treatment
16	works to attain adequate capacity described in
17	paragraph (2)(A)(i).
18	"(C) Noncompliance.—
19	"(i) In general.—Except as provided
20	in clause (ii), no assistance, except for as-
21	sistance that is to be used by a treatment
22	works solely for planning, design, or secu-
23	rity purposes, shall be provided under this
24	title to a treatment works that is in signifi-
25	cant noncompliance with any requirement

1	of this Act, unless the treatment works is in
2	compliance with, or has entered into, an en-
3	forceable administrative or judicial order to
4	effect compliance with those requirements.
5	"(ii) Exception.—A treatment works
6	that is determined under clause (i) to be in
7	significant noncompliance with the require-
8	ments described in clause (i) may receive
9	assistance under this title if the State pro-
10	viding the assistance determines that the use
11	of assistance would enable the treatment
12	works to take corrective action sufficient to
13	remedy the violations on which the deter-
14	mination of significant noncompliance was
15	based.
16	``(j)  RESTRUCTURING.—Notwithstanding  section
17	204(b)(1), except as provided in subsection (k), as a condi-
18	tion of receiving assistance under this section, a treatment
19	works shall demonstrate and document to the State that the
20	treatment works—
21	"(1) has considered—
22	"(A) consolidating management functions
23	or ownership with another facility;
24	"(B) forming cooperative partnerships; and

1	"(C) using methodologies or technologies
2	that may be more environmentally sensitive; and
3	"(2) if the treatment works receives, in the aggre-
4	gate, more than \$500,000 under this title for any fis-
5	cal year, has in effect a plan to achieve, within a rea-
6	sonable period of time, a rate structure that, to the
7	maximum extent practicable—
8	"(A) reflects the actual cost of service pro-
9	vided by the treatment works; and
10	"(B) addresses capital replacement funds;
11	and
12	"(3) has in effect, or will have in effect on com-
13	pletion of the project, an asset management plan de-
14	scribed in subsection $(i)(3)(A)$ .
15	"(k) Exemptions for Assistance.—Subsections
16	(i)(3) and (j) shall not apply to assistance provided under
17	this title that is to be used by a treatment works solely for—
18	"(1) planning;
19	"(2) design;
20	"(3) security measures that do not result in sig-
21	nificant capital expenditures (as defined by a State
22	in accordance with guidance provided by the Admin-
23	istrator); or
24	"(4) preconstruction activities.
25	"(l) Technical Assistance.—

1	"(1) Definition of qualified nonprofit
2	TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE PROVIDER.—In this sub-
3	section, the term 'qualified nonprofit technical assist-
4	ance provider' means a nonprofit entity that provides
5	technical assistance (such as circuit-rider programs,
6	training, and preliminary engineering evaluations) to
7	treatment works that—
8	"(A) serve not more than 3,300 users; and
9	"(B) are located in a rural area.
10	"(2) Grant Program.—
11	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
12	may make grants to a qualified nonprofit tech-
13	nical assistance provider that is qualified to pro-
14	vide technical assistance on a broad range of ap-
15	proaches described in subsection (c) for use in as-
16	sisting small treatment works in planning, devel-
17	oping, and obtaining financing for eligible
18	projects described in subsection (c).
19	"(B) Distribution of grants.—In car-
20	rying out this subsection, the Administrator shall
21	ensure, to the maximum extent practicable, that
22	technical assistance provided using funds from a
23	grant under subparagraph (A) is made available

in each State.

23

24

1	"(C) Consultation.—As a condition of re-
2	ceiving a grant under this subsection, a qualified
3	nonprofit technical assistance provider shall con-
4	sult with each State in which grant funds are to
5	be expended or otherwise made available before
6	the grant funds are expended or made available
7	in the State.
8	"(3) Authorization of Appropriations.—
9	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
10	this subsection \$7,000,000 for each of fiscal years
11	2003 through 2007.".
12	(i) Allotment of Funds.—Section 604 of the Fed-
13	eral Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1384) is
14	amended by striking subsection (a) and inserting the fol-
15	lowing:
16	"(a) Allocation Formula.—
17	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
18	"(A) Existing formula.—The term 'exist-
19	ing formula' means a formula for the allotment
20	of funds made available to carry out this section
21	for a fiscal year to States in accordance with
22	section $205(c)(3)$ .
23	"(B) NEEDS FORMULA.—The term 'needs
24	formula' means a formula for the allotment of

1	funds made available to carry out this section
2	for a fiscal year to States—
3	"(i) in amounts determined by the Ad-
4	ministrator based on the ratio that—
5	"(I) the needs of a State described
6	in categories I through VI of the most
7	recent needs survey conducted under
8	section 516(2); bears to
9	"(II) the needs of all States de-
10	scribed in categories I through VI of
11	the most recent needs survey conducted
12	under section 516(2); but
13	"(ii) under which the minimum pro-
14	portionate share of each State is 0.7 per-
15	cent.
16	"(2) Allocation.—
17	"(A) Amounts less than or equal to
18	\$1,350,000,000.—Except as provided in subpara-
19	graph (B) and subject to paragraph (4), funds
20	made available to carry out this section for a fis-
21	cal year, not to exceed \$1,350,000,000, shall be
22	allocated by the Administrator as follows:
23	"(i) FISCAL YEAR 2003.—For fiscal
24	year 2003—

1	"(I) 50 percent shall be allocated
2	in accordance with the existing for-
3	mula; and
4	"(II) 50 percent shall be allocated
5	in accordance with the needs formula.
6	"(ii) FISCAL YEAR 2004.—For fiscal
7	year 2004—
8	"(I) 37.5 percent shall be allocated
9	in accordance with the existing for-
10	mula; and
11	"(II) 62.5 percent shall be allo-
12	cated in accordance with the needs for-
13	mula.
14	"(iii) Fiscal year 2005.—For fiscal
15	year 2005—
16	"(I) 25 percent shall be allocated
17	in accordance with the existing for-
18	mula; and
19	"(II) 75 percent shall be allocated
20	in accordance with the needs formula.
21	"(iv) Fiscal year 2006.—For fiscal
22	year 2006—
23	"(I) 12.5 percent shall be allocated
24	in accordance with the existing for-
25	mula; and

1	"(II) 87.5 percent shall be allo-
2	cated in accordance with the needs for-
3	mula.
4	"(v) Fiscal year 2007.—For fiscal
5	year 2007 and each fiscal year thereafter,
6	100 percent shall be allocated in accordance
7	with the needs formula.
8	"(B) Transition exception.—If, for any
9	fiscal year, the allocation of funds under sub-
10	paragraph (A) would result in any other State's
11	receiving, for the fiscal year, an amount of funds
12	under this section that is less than 80 percent or
13	more than 120 percent of the amount of funds re-
14	ceived by the State under this section for the pre-
15	ceding fiscal year, all funds made available to
16	carry out this section for the applicable year
17	through fiscal year 2007 shall be allocated in ac-
18	cordance with the formula described in subpara-
19	graph(C).
20	"(C) Transition formula.—The formula
21	described in this subparagraph is a formula for
22	the allotment of funds made available to carry
23	out this section for a fiscal year to each State in
24	an amount that, subject to section 518(c)(1) and

paragraphs (3) and (4), is equal to the product

25

1	obtained by multiplying the amount of funds
2	made available to carry out this section for the
3	fiscal year and the sum of—
4	"(i) the product obtained by
5	multiplying—
6	"(I) the percentage of funds made
7	available to carry out this section that
8	the State would receive under the needs
9	formula for the fiscal year; by
10	"(II) the greatest percentage of
11	funds that—
12	"(aa) could be received by the
13	State under the needs formula for
14	the fiscal year; but
15	"(bb) would not result in any
16	State's receiving, for the fiscal
17	year, an amount of funds under
18	this section that is less than 80
19	percent or more than 120 percent
20	of the amount of funds received by
21	the State under this section in the
22	preceding fiscal year; and
23	"(ii) the product obtained by
24	multiplying—

1	"(I) the percentage of funds made
2	available to carry out this section that
3	the State would receive under the exist-
4	ing formula for the fiscal year; by
5	"(II) the percentage of funds that
6	the State would receive under the exist-
7	ing formula, which is equal to the dif-
8	ference between—
9	"(aa) 100 percent; and
10	"(bb) the percentage de-
11	$scribed\ in\ clause\ (i)(II).$
12	"(D) Amounts greater than
13	\$1,350,000,000.—Any amount in excess of
14	\$1,350,000,000 that is made available to carry
15	out this section for any fiscal year shall be allo-
16	cated in accordance with the needs formula.
17	"(3) Small state protection.—
18	"(A) In general.—Notwithstanding any
19	other provision of this subsection, the minimum
20	proportionate share of a State described in sub-
21	paragraph (B) shall be 1 percent.
22	"(B) Description of State.—A State de-
23	scribed in this subparagraph is a State that—
24	"(i) for fiscal year 2002, would receive
25	under the existing formula more than 1 per-

1	cent of the amounts made available to carry
2	out this section; and
3	"(ii) but for the minimum propor-
4	tionate share required under the needs for-
5	mula, would receive for any fiscal year
6	under paragraph (2) an allotment in an
7	amount that is less than 0.7 percent of the
8	total amount of funds made available to
9	carry out this section for that fiscal year.
10	"(4) Territories and possessions.—Of the
11	funds made available to carry out this section for a
12	fiscal year, a total of 0.25 percent shall be allocated
13	to Guam, the United States Virgin Islands, American
14	Samoa, and the Commonwealth of the Northern Mar-
15	iana Islands, to be allocated among those territories
16	and possessions as determined by the Administrator.
17	"(5) Private utilities.—If a State (or a terri-
18	tory or possession described in paragraph (4)) elects
19	to include the needs of private utilities in the needs
20	survey used to develop the needs formula, the private
21	utilities shall be eligible to receive funds under this
22	title.".
23	(j) Reservation of Funds for Planning.—Section
24	604(h) of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (35

1	U.S.C. 1384(b)) is amended by striking "1 percent" and
2	inserting "2 percent".
3	(k) Audits, Reports, and Fiscal Controls; In-
4	TENDED USE PLAN.—Section 606 of the Federal Water Pol-
5	lution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1386) is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (c)—
7	(A) in the first sentence, by inserting "(in-
8	cluding public outreach)" after "review"; and
9	(B) in the second sentence, by striking
10	paragraph (1) and inserting the following:
11	"(1) a description, in summary form, of the pri-
12	ority projects developed under section 603(g) for
13	which the State intends to provide assistance from the
14	water pollution control revolving fund of the State for
15	the year covered by the plan;"; and
16	(2) in subsection (d)—
17	(A) in the subsection heading, by striking
18	"Report" and inserting "Reports";
19	(B) by striking "Beginning the" and insert-
20	ing the following:
21	"(1) In general.—Beginning in the"; and
22	(C) by adding at the end the following:
23	"(2) Report on technical, managerial, and
24	FINANCIAL CAPACITY.—Not later than 2 years after
25	the date on which a State first adopts a strategy in

- 1 accordance with section 603(i)(2), and annually
- 2 thereafter, the State shall submit to the Administrator
- 3 a report on the progress made in improving the ca-
- 4 pacity described in section 603(i)(2)(A)(i) of treat-
- 5 ment works in the State (including the progress of the
- 6 State in complying with the amendments to section
- 7 603 made by the Water Investment Act of 2002).
- 8 "(3) Availability.—A State that submits a re-
- 9 port under this subsection shall make the report avail-
- 10 able to the public.".
- 11 (1) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—Section
- 12 607 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
- 13 1387) is amended to read as follows:
- 14 "SEC. 607. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
- 15 "(a) In General.—There are authorized to be appro-
- 16 priated to carry out this title—
- 17 "(1) \$3,200,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003
- 18 and 2004;
- 19 "(2) \$3,600,000,000 for fiscal year 2005;
- 20 "(3) \$4,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2006; and
- 21 "(4) \$6,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2007.
- 22 "(b) Available inder
- 23 this section shall remain available until expended.
- 24 "(c) NEEDS SURVEYS.—Of the amount made available
- 25 under subsection (a) to carry out this title for a fiscal year,

- 1 the Administrator may use not more than \$1,000,000 for
- 2 the fiscal year to pay the costs of conducting needs surveys
- 3 *under section 516(2).*".
- 4 (m) Conforming Amendment.—Section 216 of the
- 5 Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1296) is
- 6 amended—
- 7 (1) in the first sentence, by inserting "in accord-
- 8 ance with section 603(g)," before "the determination";
- 9 *and*
- 10 (2) by striking the "Not less than 25 per cen-
- 11 tum" and all that follows.
- 12 SEC. 104. SEWER OVERFLOW CONTROL GRANTS.
- 13 (a) In General.—Section 221(f) of the Federal Water
- 14 Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1301(f)) is amended by
- 15 striking "section \$750,000,000" and all that follows and in-
- 16 serting "section, to remain available until expended—
- 17 "(1) \$750,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2002
- 18 and 2003; and
- 19 "(2) \$250,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2004
- 20 through 2007.".
- 21 (b) Technical Correction.—Title I of the Federal
- 22 Water Pollution Control Act is amended by redesignating
- 23 the second section 121 (33 U.S.C. 1274) as section 122.

1	TITLE II—SAFE DRINKING
2	WATER ACT MODIFICATIONS
3	Subtitle A—State Revolving Loan
4	Fund Projects and Activities
5	SEC. 201. NEW YORK CITY WATERSHED PROTECTION PRO-
6	GRAM.
7	Section 1443(d)(4) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
8	$U.S.C.\ 300j–2(d)(4))$ is amended by striking "1997 through
9	2003, \$15,000,000" and inserting "2003 through 2010,
10	\$25,000,000".
11	SEC. 202. LABOR STANDARDS.
12	Section 1450(e) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
13	U.S.C. 300j-9(e)) is amended by striking "(e) The Adminis-
14	trator" and all that follows through "The Secretary of
15	Labor" in the second sentence and inserting the following:
16	"(e) Labor Standards.—
17	"(1) In General.—The Administrator shall take
18	such action as is necessary to ensure that all laborers
19	and mechanics employed by contractors and sub-
20	contractors on construction projects financed, in
21	whole or in part, by a grant, loan, loan guarantee,
22	refinancing, or any other form of assistance provided
23	under this title (including assistance provided from
24	the State drinking water revolving fund under section
25	1452) are paid wages at rates that are not less than

- the rates prevailing for the same type of work for
  similar construction in the immediate locality, as de-
- 3 termined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance
- 4 with the Act of March 3, 1931 (40 U.S.C. 276a et
- 5 seq.).
- 6 "(2) AUTHORITY AND FUNCTIONS.—The Sec-
- 7 retary of Labor".
- 8 SEC. 203. PLANNING, DESIGN, AND PRECONSTRUCTION
- 9 costs.
- 10 Section 1452(a)(2) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42)
- 11 U.S.C. 300j-12(a)(2)) is amended—
- 12 (1) in the second sentence, by inserting before the
- 13 period at the end the following: ", including plan-
- 14 ning, design, and associated preconstruction expendi-
- 15 tures and projects for consolidation among commu-
- 16 nity water systems"; and
- 17 (2) in the third sentence, by inserting before the
- 18 period at the end the following: "or carrying out any
- 19 project or activity to increase the security of a public
- 20 water system".
- 21 SEC. 204. STATE REVOLVING LOAN FUND.
- 22 (a) In General.—Section 1452(a)(3)(B)(ii) of the
- 23 Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12(a)(3)(B)(ii))
- 24 is amended by inserting "and the formation of regional
- 25 partnerships" after "procedures".

1	(b) Public Outreach.—Section 1452(b) of the Safe
2	Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12(b)) is amended in
3	paragraphs (1) and (3)(B) by inserting "(including signifi-
4	cant public outreach)" after "comment" each place it ap-
5	pears.
6	(c) Types of Assistance.—Section 1452 of the Safe
7	Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12) is amended by
8	striking subsection (f) and inserting the following:
9	"(f) Types of Assistance.—
10	"(1) In general.—Except as otherwise limited
11	by State law, the amounts deposited into a State loan
12	fund under this section may be used only—
13	"(A) to make loans, on the condition that—
14	"(i) the interest rate for each loan is
15	less than or equal to the market interest rate
16	(including an interest-free loan);
17	" $(ii)(I)$ principal and interest pay-
18	ments on each loan will commence not later
19	than 1 year after completion of the project
20	for which the loan was made, and each loan
21	will be fully amortized not later than 30
22	years after the completion of the project, ex-
23	cept that in the case of a disadvantaged
24	community (as defined in subsection
25	(d)(3)), a State may provide an extended

1	term of not more than 40 years for a loan;
2	and
3	"(II) the term of any loan described in
4	subclause (I) will not exceed the expected de-
5	sign life of the project;
6	"(iii) the recipient of each loan will es-
7	tablish a dedicated source of revenue (or, in
8	the case of a privately owned system, dem-
9	onstrate that there is adequate security) for
10	the repayment of the loan;
11	"(iv) the State loan fund will be cred-
12	ited with all payments of principal and in-
13	terest on each loan;
14	"(v) the recipient of the loan funds
15	demonstrates and documents to the State
16	that the recipient has considered, during the
17	planning and engineering phase of each
18	project for which the loan funds are
19	received—
20	$``(I) \ \ consolidating \ \ management$
21	functions or ownership with another
22	facility;
23	"(II) forming cooperative partner-
24	ships; and

1	"(III) using methodologies or tech-
2	nologies that may be more environ-
3	$mentally\ sensitive;$
4	"(vi) if the recipient of the loan funds
5	receives, in the aggregate, more than
6	\$500,000 under this section for any fiscal
7	year, the recipient demonstrates and docu-
8	ments to the State that the recipient has in
9	effect a plan to achieve, within a reasonable
10	period of time, a rate structure that, to the
11	maximum extent practicable—
12	"(I) reflects the actual cost of serv-
13	ice provided by the recipient; and
14	"(II) addresses capital replace-
15	ment funds; and
16	"(vii) the recipient of each loan that
17	receives, in the aggregate, more than
18	\$500,000 under this section for any fiscal
19	year, demonstrates and documents to the
20	State that the recipient has in effect, or will
21	have in effect on completion of the project,
22	an asset management plan (for which the
23	Administrator may publish information to
24	assist States in determining required con-
25	tent) that—

1	"(I) conforms to generally accept-
2	ed industry practices; and
3	"(II) includes—
4	"(aa) an inventory of exist-
5	ing assets (including an estimate
6	of the useful life of the assets); and
7	"(bb) an optimal schedule of
8	operations, maintenance, and
9	capital investment required to
10	meet and sustain performance ob-
11	jectives;
12	"(B) to buy or refinance the debt obligation
13	of a municipality or an intermunicipal or inter-
14	state agency within the State at an interest rate
15	that is less than or equal to the market interest
16	rate in any case in which a debt obligation is
17	incurred after July 1, 1993;
18	"(C) to guarantee, or purchase insurance
19	for, a local obligation (all of the proceeds of
20	which finance a project eligible for assistance
21	under this section) if the guarantee or purchase
22	would improve credit market access or reduce the
23	interest rate applicable to the obligation;
24	"(D) as a source of revenue or security for
25	the payment of principal and interest on revenue

1	or general obligation bonds issued by the State
2	if the proceeds of the sale of the bonds will be de-
3	posited into the State loan fund; and
4	"(E) to earn interest on the amounts depos-
5	ited into the State loan fund.
6	"(2) Exemption.—Clauses (v), (vi), and (vii) of
7	paragraph (1)(A) shall not apply to assistance pro-
8	vided under this title that is to be used solely for—
9	"(A) planning;
10	"(B) design; or
11	"(C) security measures that do not result in
12	significant capital expenditures (as defined by a
13	State in accordance with guidance provided by
14	$the\ Administrator).".$
15	(d) Consultation and Coordination With State
16	AGENCIES.—Section 1452(g) of the Safe Drinking Water
17	Act (42 U.S.C. $300j-12(g)$ ) is amended by adding at the
18	end the following:
19	"(5) Consultation and coordination with
20	STATE AGENCIES.—As a condition of receiving assist-
21	ance under this section, a recipient shall demonstrate
22	and document to the State that the recipient, in using
23	the assistance, will consult and coordinate with, as
24	appropriate, agencies with authority to develop—
25	"(A) local land use plans;

1	"(B) regional transportation improvement
2	and long-range transportation plans; and
3	"(C) State, regional, and municipal water-
4	shed plans.".
5	(e) Other Authorized Activities.—Section
6	1452(k) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-
7	12(k)) is amended—
8	(1) in paragraph (1), by striking subparagraph
9	(D) and inserting the following:
10	"(D) Subject to paragraph (2)(E), make ex-
11	penditures for the development and implementa-
12	tion of source water protection programs (includ-
13	ing wellhead protection programs under section
14	1428)."; and
15	(2) in paragraph (2), by striking subparagraph
16	(E) and inserting the following:
17	"(E) To make expenditures to develop and
18	implement source water protection programs (in-
19	cluding wellhead protection programs under sec-
20	tion 1428) under paragraph (1)(D).".
21	SEC. 205. ADDITIONAL SUBSIDIZATION.
22	(a) In General.—Section 1452(d) of the Safe Drink-
23	ing Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12(d)) is amended—
24	(1) by redesignating paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
25	as paragraphs (2), (3), and (1), respectively, and

1	moving the paragraphs so as to appear in numerical
2	order;
3	(2) in paragraph (1) (as redesignated by para-
4	graph (1))—
5	(A) by striking "(1) Definition of dis-
6	ADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—In this subsection,
7	the term" and inserting the following:
8	"(1) Definitions.—In this subsection:
9	"(A) DISADVANTAGED COMMUNITY.—The
10	term"; and
11	(B) by adding at the end the following:
12	"(B) DISADVANTAGED USER.—The term
13	'disadvantaged user' means a person that meets
14	affordability criteria established, after public re-
15	view and comment, by the State in which the
16	person resides.";
17	(3) in paragraph (2) (as redesignated by para-
18	graph (1))—
19	(A) by striking "Notwithstanding any other
20	provision" and inserting the following:
21	"(A) In General.—Notwithstanding any
22	other provision"; and
23	(B) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(B) Subsidization for disadvantaged
25	USFRS —

1	"(i) In general.—Subject to clause
2	(ii), a State may provide additional sub-
3	sidization under subparagraph (A) for a
4	fiscal year for a community that does not
5	meet the definition of a disadvantaged com-
6	munity if the recipient of the assistance
7	demonstrates and documents to the State
8	that the recipient, in using the assistance,
9	directed the additional subsidization, to the
10	maximum extent practicable, through the
11	user charge rate system or a similar pro-
12	gram to disadvantaged users within the res-
13	idential user class of the community.
14	"(ii) Maximum amount.—Assistance
15	provided by a State under clause (i) shall
16	not exceed 15 percent of the amount of the
17	capitalization grant received by the State
18	for the fiscal year under this section.
19	"(iii) Information.—The Adminis-
20	trator may provide information to assist
21	States in identifying disadvantaged users
22	described in clause (i).
23	"(iv) No duplicate assistance.—A
24	disadvantaged user within a community
25	that receives assistance as a disadvantaged

1	community under this subsection shall not
2	be eligible for assistance under this para-
3	graph."; and
4	(4) in paragraph (3) (as redesignated by para-
5	graph (1)), by striking "paragraph (1)" and inserting
6	"paragraph (2)".
7	(b) Conforming Amendments.—Section
8	1452(f)(1)(B) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
9	300j-12(f)(1)(B)) is amended by striking " $(d)(3)$ " and in-
10	serting " $(d)(1)$ ".
11	SEC. 206. PRIVATE UTILITIES.
12	Section 1452(h) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
13	U.S.C. 300j–12(h)) is amended—
14	(1) by striking "The Administrator" and insert-
15	ing the following:
16	"(1) In general.—The Administrator"; and
17	(2) by adding at the end the following:
18	"(2) Private utilities.—If a State elects to in-
19	clude the needs of private utilities in the needs survey
20	under paragraph (1), the private utilities shall be eli-
21	gible to receive funds under this title.".
22	SEC. 207. TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE FOR SMALL SYSTEMS.
23	(a) Small Public Water Systems Technology As-
24	SISTANCE CENTERS.—Section 1420(f) of the Safe Drinking
25	Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300g-9(f)) is amended—

1	(1) in paragraph (2), by inserting "technology
2	verification, pilot and field testing of innovative tech-
3	nologies, and" after "shall include"; and
4	(2) by striking paragraph (6) and inserting the
5	following:
6	"(6) Review and evaluation.—
7	"(A) In general.—Not less often than
8	every 2 years, the Administrator shall review
9	and evaluate the program carried out under this
10	subsection.
11	"(B) DISQUALIFICATION.—If, in carrying
12	out this subsection, the Administrator determines
13	that a small public water system technology as-
14	sistance center is not carrying out the duties of
15	the center, the Administrator—
16	"(i) shall notify the center of the deter-
17	mination of the Administrator; and
18	"(ii) not later than 180 days after the
19	date of the notification, may terminate the
20	provision of funds to the center.
21	"(7) Authorization of Appropriations.—
22	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
23	this subsection \$6,000,000 for each of fiscal years
24	2003 through 2007, to be distributed to the centers in
25	accordance with this subsection.".

1	(b) Environmental Finance Centers.—Section
2	1420(g) of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300g-
3	9(g)) is amended by striking paragraph (4) and inserting
4	the following:
5	"(4) Authorization of Appropriations.—
6	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
7	this subsection \$2,000,000 for each of fiscal years
8	2003 through 2007.".
9	SEC. 208. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
10	Section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
11	U.S.C. 300j-12) is amended by striking subsection (m) and
12	inserting the following:
13	"(m) Authorization of Appropriations.—
14	"(1) In general.—There are authorized to be
15	appropriated to carry out this section—
16	"(A) \$1,500,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
17	"(B) \$2,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years
18	2004 and 2005;
19	"(C) \$3,500,000,000 for fiscal year 2006;
20	and
21	"(D) \$6,000,000,000 for fiscal year 2007.
22	"(2) AVAILABILITY.—Amounts made available
23	under this subsection shall remain available until ex-
24	pended.

1	"(3) Needs surveys.—Of the amount made
2	available under paragraph (1) to carry out this sec-
3	tion for a fiscal year, the Administrator may use not
4	more than \$1,000,000 for the fiscal year to pay the
5	costs of conducting needs surveys under subsections
6	(h) and (i).".
7	Subtitle B—Small Public Water
8	System Assistance
9	SEC. 211. SHORT TITLE.
10	This subtitle may be cited as the "Small Community
11	Drinking Water Funding Act".
12	SEC. 212. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
13	(a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds that—
14	(1) in some cases, existing and proposed drink-
15	ing water standards as of the date of enactment of
16	this Act can place large financial burdens on public
17	water systems, especially systems that serve fewer
18	than a few thousand people;
19	(2) some small public water systems have experi-
20	enced water contamination problems that may pose a
21	significant risk to the health of water consumers;
22	(3) small communities are concerned about im-
23	proving drinking water quality;
24	(4) the limited scientific, technical, and profes-
25	sional resources of many small communities make un-

1	derstanding and implementing regulatory require-
2	ments very difficult;
3	(5) small communities often struggle to meet
4	water quality standards because of difficulty in secur-
5	ing funding;
6	(6) small communities often lack a tax base or
7	opportunities to benefit from economics of scale and
8	therefore face very high per capita costs in improving
9	drinking water quality;
10	(7) the smallest public water systems, which
11	serve fewer than 3,300 people, represent 85 percent of
12	all public water systems;
13	(8) small public water systems serving fewer
14	than 10,000 people represent 94 percent of all public
15	water systems;
16	(9) small communities would benefit from a
17	grant program designed to provide funding for water
18	quality projects without a substantial matching re-
19	quirement; and
20	(10) Federal programs in effect as of the date of
21	enactment of this Act do not adequately meet the
22	needs of small communities with respect to public
23	water systems.

1	(b) Purpose.—The purpose of this subtitle is to estab-
2	lish a program to provide grants for public water systems
3	to—
4	(1) meet applicable national primary drinking
5	water regulations under the Safe Drinking Water Act
6	(42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.);
7	(2) maintain water costs at a reasonable level for
8	communities served by small public water systems;
9	and
10	(3) obtain technical assistance to develop the ca-
11	pacity to sustain operations over the long term.
12	SEC. 213. SMALL PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM ASSISTANCE PRO-
13	GRAM.
14	(a) Establishment of Program.—The Safe Drink-
15	ing Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.) is amended by add-
16	ing at the end the following:
17	"PART G—SMALL PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM
18	ASSISTANCE
19	"SEC. 1471. DEFINITIONS.
20	"In this part:
21	"(1) Eligible activity.—
22	"(A) In general.—The term 'eligible activ-
23	ity' means an activity that is carried out by an
24	eligible entity for a purpose consistent with sec-
25	$tion \ 1473(c)(1).$

1	"(B) Exclusion.—The term 'eligible activ-
2	ity' does not include any activity to increase the
3	population served by a public water system, ex-
4	cept to the extent that the Administrator under
5	section 1473(b)(1) determines an activity to be
6	necessary to—
7	"(i) achieve compliance with a na-
8	tional primary drinking water regulation;
9	and
10	"(ii) provide a water supply to a pop-
11	ulation that, as of the date of enactment of
12	this part, is not served by a safe public
13	water system.
14	"(2) Eligible enti-
15	ty' means—
16	"(A) a small public water system that—
17	"(i) is located in—
18	"(I) a State; or
19	"(II) an area governed by an In-
20	$dian \ Tribe;$
21	"(ii) if located in a State, serves a
22	community that, under affordability cri-
23	teria established by the State under section
24	1452(d), is determined by the State to be—

1	``(I) a disadvantaged community;
2	or
3	"(II) a community that would
4	otherwise become a disadvantaged com-
5	munity as a result of carrying out an
6	eligible activity, as determined by the
7	State; or
8	"(iii) if located in an area governed by
9	an Indian Tribe, serves a community that
10	is determined by the Administrator, under
11	criteria published by the Administrator
12	under section 1452(d) and in consultation
13	with the Secretary, to be—
14	"(I) a disadvantaged community;
15	or
16	"(II) a community that would
17	otherwise become a disadvantaged com-
18	munity as a result of carrying out an
19	eligible activity, as determined by the
20	State;
21	"(B) a public water system that—
22	"(i) would incur a significant increase
23	of \$3,000,000 or more in costs in complying
24	with national primary drinking water reg-
25	ulations promulaated under this Act: and

1	"(ii) is a disadvantaged community or
2	a community may otherwise become dis-
3	advantaged as a result of carrying out an
4	eligible activity, as determined by the State;
5	or
6	"(C) a public water system located in
7	Bernalillo or Sandoval County, New Mexico,
8	Scottsdale, Arizona, or Mesquite or Washoe
9	County, Nevada, that would incur a significant
10	increase in costs in complying with national pri-
11	mary drinking water regulations promulgated
12	under this Act.
13	"(3) Program.—The term 'program' means the
14	small public water system assistance program estab-
15	lished under section 1472(a).
16	"(4) Secretary.—The term 'Secretary' means
17	the Secretary of Health and Human Services, acting
18	through the Director of the Indian Health Service.
19	"(5) Small public water system.—The term
20	'small public water system' means a public water sys-
21	tem (including a community water system and a
22	noncommunity water system) that serves a popu-
23	lation of 15,000 or fewer individuals.

1	"SEC. 1472. SMALL PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM ASSISTANCE
2	PROGRAM.
3	"(a) Establishment.—Not later than July 1, 2003,
4	$the \ Administrator \ shall \ establish \ within \ the \ Environmental$
5	Protection Agency a small public water system assistance
6	program.
7	"(b) Duties.—Under the program, the Administrator
8	shall—
9	"(1) in accordance with section 1473, establish
10	and administer a small public water system assist-
11	ance program for, and provide grants to, eligible enti-
12	ties for use in carrying out eligible activities; and
13	"(2) identify, and prepare annual prioritized
14	lists of, activities for eligible entities located in areas
15	governed by Indian Tribes that are eligible for grants
16	under section 1473.
17	"(c) Priority.—
18	"(1) In general.—The Administrator shall pro-
19	vide grants to eligible entities for eligible activities
20	that—
21	"(A) address the most serious risks to
22	human health from lack of compliance with the
23	regulations specified in subparagraph (B);
24	"(B) are necessary to ensure compliance
25	with national primary drinking water regula-

1	tions applicable to eligible entities under section
2	1412; and
3	"(C) assist systems serving communities
4	that are most in need, as calculated on the basis
5	of median household income, under affordability
6	criteria established by the State under section
7	1452(d).
8	"(2) Management cooperatives.—The Admin-
9	istrator shall consider giving priority for grants
10	under this section to eligible activities that are car-
11	ried out by communities that form management co-
12	operatives.
13	"(d) Technical Assistance.—In providing grants
14	under this section, the Administrator shall—
15	"(1) use not less than 1.5 percent of funds made
16	available to carry out this section to provide grants
17	to nonprofit technical assistance organizations to be
18	used to assist eligible entities in—
19	"(A) assessing needs relating to eligible ac-
20	tivities;
21	$\lq\lq(B)$ $identifying$ $additional$ $available$
22	sources of funding to meet the cost-sharing re-
23	quirements under the program;

1	"(C) planning, implementing, and main-
2	taining any eligible activities of the eligible enti-
3	ties that receive funding under this section;
4	"(2) require that none of the funds provided
5	under paragraph (1) be used to pay for lobbying ex-
6	penses; and
7	"(3) require that for each fiscal year, not more
8	than 5 percent of the funds received by an eligible en-
9	tity under this section may be used to obtain tech-
10	nical assistance in planning, implementing, and
11	maintaining eligible activities for which funding is
12	provided under this section.
13	"(e) Indian Tribes.—In providing grants under this
14	section, the Administrator shall use not less than 3 percent
15	of funds made available to carry out this section for each
16	fiscal year to provide grants to eligible entities that are lo-
17	cated in areas governed by Indian Tribes.
18	"(f) Limitation on Receipt of Funds.—
19	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
20	graph (2), a grant under this section shall not be pro-
21	vided to an eligible entity that, as determined by the
22	Administrator—
23	"(A) does not have the technical, manage-
24	rial, operations, maintenance, or financial ca-
25	pacity to ensure compliance with national pri-

1	mary drinking water regulations applicable to
2	the eligible entity under section 1412; or
3	"(B) is in significant noncompliance with
4	any applicable national primary drinking water
5	regulation.
6	"(2) Exception for receipt of grant.—An
7	eligible entity described in paragraph (1) may receive
8	a grant under this section only—
9	"(A) if the Administrator determines that
10	use of the grant will ensure compliance with na-
11	tional primary drinking water regulations ap-
12	plicable to the eligible entity under section 1412;
13	" $(B)(i)$ to restructure or consolidate the fa-
14	cility to achieve compliance with applicable na-
15	tional primary drinking water regulations; or
16	"(ii) in a case in which restructuring or
17	consolidation of the facility is not practicable, if
18	the Administrator determines that—
19	"(I) the eligible entity has made a good
20	faith effort to achieve compliance with ap-
21	plicable national primary drinking water
22	regulations; and
23	"(II) the eligible entity is adhering to
24	an enforceable schedule for complying with
25	those regulations; and

"(C) in a case in which paragraph (1)(A) applies to an eligible entity, and the eligible entity agrees to undertake feasible and appropriate changes in operations (including changes in ownership, management, accounting, rates, maintenance, consolidation, provision of an alternative water supply, or other procedures), if the Administrator determines that the measures are necessary to ensure that the eligible entity has the capacity described in (1)(A) to comply with applicable national primary drinking water regulations over the long term.

"(3) REVIEW.—Before providing assistance under this section to an eligible entity that is in significant noncompliance with any national primary drinking water regulation applicable to the eligible entity under section 1412, the Administrator shall conduct a review to determine whether paragraph (1)(A) applies to the entity.

## "(g) Cost Sharing.—

"(1) In GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), the share of the total cost of an eligible activity funded by a grant under this section shall not exceed 80 percent.

1	"(2) Waiver of cost-sharing require-
2	MENT.—The Administrator may waive the require-
3	ment of an eligible entity to pay all or a portion of
4	the share of an eligible activity that may not be fund-
5	ed by a grant under this section, based on a deter-
6	mination by the State that the eligible entity is un-
7	able to pay any or all of the share.
8	"SEC. 1473. SMALL PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM ASSISTANCE
9	PROGRAM FOR INDIAN TRIBES.
10	"(a) Establishment.—Not later than July 1, 2003,
11	the Administrator shall establish a small public water sys-
12	tem assistance program for Indian Tribes, through which
13	eligible entities located in areas governed by the Indian
14	Tribe may receive grants for eligible activities under this
15	part.
16	"(b) Program Priority Requirement.—
17	"(1) List of eligible activities.—
18	"(A) In General.—The Administrator, in
19	consultation with the Secretary, shall, for each
20	fiscal year, identify, and, using the priority cri-
21	teria described in paragraph (2) and considering
22	the additional criteria described in paragraph
23	(3), list in descending order of priority, eligible
24	activities for eligible entities located in areas

1	governed by Indian Tribes for which funds pro-
2	vided from a grant under this part may be used.
3	"(B) Coordination.—
4	"(i) In general.—To the maximum
5	extent practicable, the Administrator shall
6	ensure that the preparation of the list under
7	subparagraph (A) is coordinated with any
8	needs assessment conducted under section
9	1452(i)(4).
10	"(ii) Additional consideration.—
11	Any additional financial needs of small
12	public water systems located in areas gov-
13	erned by Indian Tribes that are associated
14	with the cost of complying with a national
15	primary drinking water regulation (includ-
16	ing a regulation concerning arsenic) that is
17	promulgated after the then most recent
18	needs survey conducted under section
19	1452(i)(4) shall be factored into the deter-
20	mination of financial need for, and
21	prioritization of, eligible activities under
22	this section.
23	"(2) Priority criteria.—In preparing the list
24	under paragraph (1), the Administrator shall give

1	priority for the use of grants to eligible activities
2	that—
3	"(A) address the most serious risk to human
4	health;
5	"(B) are necessary to ensure compliance
6	with national primary water regulations appli-
7	cable to eligible entities under section 1412; and
8	"(C) assist systems most in need, as cal-
9	culated on the basis of median household income,
10	under affordability criteria published by the Ad-
11	$ministrator\ under\ section\ 1452(d).$
12	"(3) Additional Criteria.—In addition to the
13	priority criteria described in paragraph (2), the Ad-
14	ministrator shall, in preparing a list under para-
15	graph (1), consider giving additional priority to any
16	listed eligible activities that are to be carried out by
17	communities that form management cooperatives (in-
18	cluding management cooperatives between systems
19	that do not have public water system connections).
20	"(c) Use of Funds.—
21	"(1) In general.—Using funds made available
22	to carry out section 1472, the Administrator shall
23	provide to an eligible entity located in an area gov-
24	erned by an Indian Tribe, on a cost-shared basis (in
25	accordance with subsection (f)), a grant to be used for

1	an eligible activity (including source water protec-
2	tion) the purpose of which is to ensure compliance
3	with national primary drinking water regulations
4	applicable to the eligible entity under section 1412.
5	"(2) Allocation of grant funding.—For each
6	fiscal year, the Administrator, in consultation with
7	the Secretary, shall provide grants under paragraph
8	(1) for the maximum number of eligible activities for
9	which the funding allocation makes assistance avail-
10	able, based on the priority assigned by the Adminis-
11	trator to eligible activities under subsection (b).
12	"(d) Limitation on Use of Funds.—For each fiscal
13	year, not more than 5 percent of the funds received by an
14	eligible entity under this section may be used to obtain tech-
15	nical assistance in planning, implementing, and maintain-
16	ing eligible activities that are funded under this section.
17	"(e) Limitation on Receipt of Funds.—
18	"(1) In general.—Except as provided in para-
19	graph (2), a grant under this section shall not be pro-
20	vided to an eligible entity that, as determined by the
21	Administrator—
22	"(A) does not have the technical, manage-
23	rial, operations, maintenance, or financial ca-
24	pacity to ensure compliance with national pri-

1	mary drinking water regulations applicable to	
2	the eligible entity under section 1412; or	
3	"(B) is in significant noncompliance with	
4	any applicable national primary drinking water	
5	regulation.	
6	"(2) Exception for receipt of grant.—An	
7	eligible entity described in paragraph (1) may receive	
8	a grant under this section only—	
9	"(A) if the Administrator determines that	
10	use of the grant will ensure compliance with na-	
11	tional primary drinking water regulations ap-	
12	plicable to the eligible entity under section 1412;	
13	" $(B)(i)$ to restructure or consolidate the fa-	
14	cility to achieve compliance with applicable na-	
15	tional primary drinking water regulations; or	
16	"(ii) in a case in which restructuring or	
17	consolidation of the facility is not practicable, if	
18	the Administrator determines that—	
19	"(I) the eligible entity has made a good	
20	faith effort to achieve compliance with ap-	
21	plicable national primary drinking water	
22	regulations; and	
23	"(II) the eligible entity is adhering to	
24	an enforceable schedule for complying with	
25	those regulations; and	

1	"(C) in a case in which paragraph $(1)(A)$
2	applies to an eligible entity, and the eligible en-
3	tity agrees to undertake feasible and appropriate
4	changes in operations (including changes in
5	ownership, management, accounting, rates,
6	maintenance, consolidation, provision of an al-
7	ternative water supply, or other procedures), if
8	the Administrator determines that the measures
9	are necessary to ensure that the eligible entity
10	has the technical, managerial, operations, main-
11	tenance, or financial capacity to comply with
12	applicable national primary drinking water reg-
13	ulations over the long term.
14	"(3) Review.—Before providing assistance
15	under this section to an eligible entity that is in sig-
16	nificant noncompliance with any national primary
17	drinking water regulation applicable to the eligible
18	entity under section 1412, the Administrator shall
19	conduct a review to determine whether paragraph
20	(1)(A) applies to the entity.
21	"(f) Cost Sharing.—
22	"(1) In general.—
23	"(A) Limit.—Except as provided in para-
24	graph (2), the share of the total cost of an eligi-

1	ble activity funded by a grant under this section
2	shall not exceed 80 percent.
3	"(B) Use of other federal funds.—To
4	pay the portion of an eligible activity that may
5	not be funded by a grant under this section, an
6	eligible entity may use Federal financial assist-
7	ance other than assistance received under this
8	section.
9	"(2) Waiver of cost-sharing require-
10	MENT.—
11	"(A) In General.—The Administrator
12	may waive the requirement of an eligible entity
13	to pay all or a portion of the share of eligible ac-
14	tivity that may not be funded by a grant under
15	this section based on a determination by the Ad-
16	ministrator that the eligible entity is unable to
17	pay any or all of the share.
18	"(B) Limitation.—For each fiscal year, the
19	total amount of cost-share waivers provided by
20	the Administrator under subparagraph (A) shall
21	not exceed 30 percent of the amount of funding
22	used to provide grants to Indian Tribes under
23	this part.
24	"(g) Unobligated Funds.—Any funds not obligated
25	by the small public water system assistance program estab-

1	lished under subsection (a) for a purpose consistent with
2	the purposes described in section 1472 and subsection (c)
3	within 1 year after the date on which funds are made avail-
4	able to carry out this part shall be returned to the Adminis-
5	trator for use in providing new grants under this part.
6	"SEC. 1474. REPORTS.
7	"(a) Administrator.—Not later than January 1,
8	2003, and annually thereafter through January 1, 2007, the
9	$Administrator\ shall-\!\!\!\!-$
10	"(1) submit, to the Committee on Environment
11	and Public Works of the Senate and the Committee on
12	Energy and Commerce of the House of Representa-
13	tives, a report that, for the preceding fiscal year—
14	"(A) lists the eligible activities for eligible
15	entities, as prepared under section 1473(b)(1),
16	located in areas governed by Indian Tribes, and
17	in each State, receiving funds under this part;
18	"(B) identifies the number of grants award-
19	ed under this part by the Administrator to eligi-
20	ble entities located in areas governed by Indian
21	Tribes, and in each State, receiving funds under
22	this part;
23	"(C) identifies each eligible entity that re-
24	ceives a grant to carry out an eligible activity;

1	"(D) identifies the amount of each grant	
2	provided to an eligible entity to carry out an eli-	
3	gible activity; and	
4	"(E) describes each eligible activity funded	
5	by such a grant (including the status of the eligi-	
6	ble activity); and	
7	"(2) make the report under paragraph (1) avail-	
8	able to the public.	
9	"(b) Indian Tribes.—Not later than November 1 fol-	
10	lowing each fiscal year in which an Indian Tribe receives	
11	funding under section 1473, the Indian Tribe shall submit	
12	to the Administrator a report that, for the preceding fisca	
13	year—	
14	"(1) identifies the number of grants awarded to	
15	eligible entities located in areas governed by the In-	
16	dian Tribe;	
17	"(2) identifies each such eligible entity that re-	
18	ceived a grant to carry out an eligible activity;	
19	"(3) identifies the amount of each grant provided	
20	to such an eligible entity to carry out an eligible ac-	
21	tivity; and	
22	"(4) describes each eligible activity funded by	
23	such grants (including the status of the eligible activ-	
24	ity).	

1	"SEC. 1475. AUT	HORIZATION OF	APPROPRIATIONS.
---	-----------------	---------------	-----------------

- 2 "There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out
- 3 this part \$1,000,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003
- 4 through 2007.".
- 5 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1401(14) of
- 6 the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f(14)) is
- 7 amended in the second sentence by striking "1452," and
- 8 inserting "1452 and part G,".

## 9 TITLE III—INNOVATIONS IN

## 10 FUND AND WATER QUALITY

### 11 **MANAGEMENT**

- 12 SEC. 301. DEFINITIONS.
- 13 In this title:
- 14 (1) Administrator.—The term "Adminis-
- 15 trator" means the Administrator of the Environ-
- 16 mental Protection Agency.
- 17 (2) Municipality.—The term "municipality"
- 18 has the meaning given the term in section 502 of the
- 19 Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
- 20 1362).
- 21 (3) Public water system.—The term "public
- 22 water system" has the meaning given the term in sec-
- tion 1401 of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C.
- 24 *300f*).

1	(4) State.—The term "State" has the meaning
2	given the term in section 502 of the Federal Water
3	Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1362).
4	(5) Treatment works.—The term "treatment
5	works" has the meaning given the term in section 212
6	of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
7	1292).
8	SEC. 302. DEMONSTRATION GRANT PROGRAM FOR WATER
9	QUALITY ENHANCEMENT AND MANAGEMENT.
10	(a) Establishment.—
11	(1) In General.—As soon as practicable after
12	the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
13	shall establish a nationwide demonstration grant pro-
14	gram to—
15	(A) promote innovations in technology and
16	alternative approaches to water quality manage-
17	ment or water supply; and
18	(B) reduce costs to municipalities incurred
19	in complying with—
20	(i) the Federal Water Pollution Control
21	Act (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq.); and
22	(ii) the Safe Drinking Water Act (42
23	$U.S.C.\ 300f\ et\ seq.).$
24	(2) Scope.—The demonstration grant program
25	shall consist of 10 projects per year, to be carried out

1	in municipalities selected by the Administrator under	
2	subsection (b).	
3	(b) Selection of Municipalities.—	
4	(1) Application.—A municipality that seeks to	
5	be selected to participate in the demonstration grant	
6	program shall submit to the Administrator a plan	
7	that—	
8	(A) is developed in coordination with—	
9	(i) the agency of the State having ju-	
10	risdiction over water quality or water sup-	
11	ply matters; and	
12	$(ii)\ interested\ stakeholders;$	
13	(B) describes water impacts specific to	
14	urban or rural areas;	
15	(C) includes a strategy under which the mu-	
16	nicipality, through participation in the dem-	
17	onstration grant program, could effectively—	
18	(i) address those problems; and	
19	(ii) achieve the same water quality	
20	goals as those goals that—	
21	(I) could be achieved using more	
22	traditional methods; or	
23	(II) are mandated under—	

1	(aa) the Federal Water Pol-
2	lution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
3	1251 et seq.); and
4	(bb) the Safe Drinking Water
5	Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.); and
6	(D) includes a schedule for achieving the
7	goals of the municipality.
8	(2) Types of projects.—In carrying out the
9	demonstration grant program, the Administrator
10	shall provide grants for projects relating to water sup-
11	ply or water quality matters such as—
12	(A) excessive nutrient growth;
13	(B) urban or rural population pressure;
14	(C) a lack of an alternative water supply;
15	(D) difficulties in water conservation and
16	$\it efficiency;$
17	(E) a lack of support tools and technologies
18	to rehabilitate and replace water supplies;
19	(F) a lack of monitoring and data analysis
20	for water distribution systems;
21	(G) nonpoint source water pollution;
22	(H) sanitary overflows;
23	(I) combined sewer overflows;
24	(J) problems with naturally-occurring con-
25	stituents of concern; or

1	(K) problems with erosion and excess sedi-
2	ment.
3	(3) Responsibilities of administrator.—In
4	providing grants for projects under this subsection,
5	$the \ Administrator \ shall —$
6	(A) ensure, to the maximum extent
7	practicable—
8	(i) the inclusion in the demonstration
9	program of a variety of projects with re-
10	spect to—
11	$(I)\ geographic\ distribution;$
12	(II) innovative technologies used
13	for the projects; and
14	(III) $nontraditional$ $approaches$
15	(including low-impact development
16	technologies) used for the projects; and
17	(ii) that each category of project de-
18	scribed in paragraph (2) is adequately rep-
19	resented;
20	(B) give higher priority to projects that—
21	(i) address multiple problems; and
22	(ii) are regionally applicable;
23	(C) ensure, to the maximum extent prac-
24	ticable, that at least 1 community having a pop-

1	ulation of 10,000 or fewer individuals receives a
2	grant each fiscal year; and
3	(D) ensure that, for each fiscal year, no mu-
4	nicipality receives more than 25 percent of the
5	total amount of funds made available for the fis-
6	cal year to provide grants under this section.
7	(4) Cost sharing.—
8	(A) In general.—Except as provided in
9	subparagraph (B), the non-Federal share of the
10	total cost of an eligible activity funded by a
11	grant under this section shall be at least 20 per-
12	cent.
13	(B) Waiver.—The Administrator may re-
14	duce or eliminate the non-Federal share of the
15	cost of a project for reasons of affordability.
16	(c) Reports.—
17	(1) Reports from grant recipients.—A re-
18	cipient of a grant under this section shall submit to
19	the Administrator, on the date of completion of a
20	project of the recipient and on each of the dates that
21	is 1, 2, and 3 years after that date, a report that de-
22	scribes the effectiveness of the project.
23	(2) Reports to congress.—Not later than 2
24	years after the date of enactment of this Act, and
25	every 2 years thereafter, the Administrator shall com-

- pile, and submit to the Committee on Environment and Public Works of the Senate, and the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives, a report that describes the status and results of the demonstration program.
- 7 (d) Incorporation of Results and Informa-8 Tion.—To the maximum extent practicable, the Adminis-9 trator shall incorporate the results of, and information ob-10 tained from, successful projects under this section into pro-11 grams administered by the Administrator.

#### 12 (e) Research and Development.—

- 13 (1) In GENERAL.—As soon as practicable after
  14 the date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator
  15 shall, through a competitive process, award grants
  16 and enter into contracts and cooperative agreements
  17 for research and development on the use of innovative
  18 and alternative technologies to improve water quality
  19 or drinking water supply.
  - (2) Types of projects.—In carrying out this subsection, the Administrator may select projects relating to such matters as innovative or alternative technologies, approaches, practices, or methods—

20

21

22

23

1	(A) to increase the effectiveness and effi-
2	ciency of public water supply systems,
3	including—
4	(i) source water protection;
5	(ii) water use reduction;
6	(iii) water reuse;
7	(iv) water treatment;
8	(v) water distribution systems; and
9	(vi) water security;
10	(B) to encourage the use of innovative or al-
11	ternative technologies or approaches relating to
12	water supply or availability; or
13	(C) to increase the effectiveness and effi-
14	ciency of treatment works, including—
15	(i) methods of collecting, treating, dis-
16	persing, reusing, reclaiming, and recycling
17	wastewater;
18	(ii) system design;
19	$(iii)\ nonstructural\ alternatives;$
20	(iv) assessment;
21	(v) water efficiency; and
22	(vi) water security.
23	(3) Authorization of appropriations.—
24	There is authorized to be appropriated to carry out

1	this subsection \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal years
2	2003 through 2007.
3	(f) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
4	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
5	(other than subsection (e)) \$20,000,000 for each of fiscal
6	years 2003 through 2007.
7	SEC. 303. RATE STUDY.
8	(a) In General.—Not later than 2 years after the
9	date of enactment of this Act, the Administrator of the En-
10	vironmental Protection Agency shall enter into a contract
11	with the National Academy of Sciences for, and the Na-
12	tional Academy of Sciences shall complete, a study of the
13	public water system and treatment works rate structures
14	for communities in the United States selected by the Acad-
15	emy in accordance with subsection (c).
16	(b) Required Elements.—
17	(1) Rates.—The study shall, at a minimum—
18	(A) determine whether public water system
19	and treatment works rates for communities in-
20	cluded in the study adequately address the cost
21	of service, including funds necessary to replace
22	in frastructure;
23	(B) identify the manner in which the public
24	water system and treatment works rates were de-
25	termined;

1	(C) determine the manner of measuring the
2	cost to consumers of services provided by public
3	water systems and treatment works;
4	(D)(i) survey existing practices for estab-
5	lishing public water system and treatment works
6	rates; and
7	(ii) identify any commonalities in factors
8	and processes used to evaluate rate systems and
9	make related decisions;
10	(E) identify any incentive rate systems that
11	have been successful in significantly reducing—
12	(i) per capita water demand;
13	(ii) the volume of wastewater flows;
14	(iii) the volume of stormwater runoff;
15	or
16	(iv) the quantity of pollution generated
17	by stormwater; and
18	(F) recommend a set of best industry prac-
19	tices for public water systems and treatment
20	works for use in establishing a rate structure
21	that—
22	(i) adequately addresses the true cost of
23	services provided to consumers by public
24	water systems and treatment works; and

1	(ii) takes into consideration the needs
2	of disadvantaged individuals and commu-
3	nities, as identified by the Administrator.
4	(2) Affordability.—With respect to consumer
5	affordability of services provided by public water sys-
6	tems and treatment works, the study shall—
7	(A) identify existing standards for afford-
8	ability;
9	(B) determine the manner in which those
10	standards are determined and defined;
11	(C) determine the manner in which afford-
12	ability varies with respect to communities of dif-
13	ferent sizes and in different regions; and
14	(D) determine the extent to which afford-
15	ability affects the decision of a community to in-
16	crease public water system and treatment works
17	rates (including the decision relating to the per-
18	centage by which those rates should be in-
19	creased).
20	(3) Disadvantaged communities.—The study
21	shall—
22	(A) survey a cross-section of States rep-
23	resenting various populations, income levels, de-
24	mographics, and geographical regions;

1	(B) describe, for each State described in
2	subparagraph (A), the definition of "disadvan-
3	taged community" used in the State in carrying
4	out projects and activities under the Safe Drink-
5	ing Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300f et seq.);
6	(C) review other means of identifying the
7	meaning of the term "disadvantaged", as that
8	term applies to communities;
9	(D) determine which factors and character-
10	istics are required for a community to be consid-
11	ered "disadvantaged"; and
12	(E) evaluate the degree to which factors
13	such as a reduction in the tax base over a period
14	of time, a reduction in population, the loss of an
15	industrial base, and the existence of areas of con-
16	centrated poverty are taken into account in de-
17	termining whether a community is a disadvan-
18	$taged\ community.$
19	(c) Selection of Communities.—The National
20	Academy of Sciences shall select communities, the public
21	water system and treatment works rate structures of which
22	are to be studied under this section, that include a cross
23	section of communities representing the characteristics de-
24	scribed in subsection $(b)(3)(A)$ .

1	(d) Report to Congress.—On completion of the
2	study under this section, the National Academy of Sciences
3	shall submit to Congress a report that describes the results
4	of the study.
5	(e) Authorization of Appropriations.—There is
6	authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
7	\$1,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2003 and 2004.
8	SEC. 304. STATE REVOLVING FUND REVIEW PROCESS.
9	As soon as practicable after the date of enactment of
10	$this\ Act,\ the\ Administrator\ of\ the\ Environmental\ Protection$
11	Agency shall—
12	(1) consult with States, treatment works, and
13	public water systems to identify ways to streamline
14	and improve the application and review process for
15	the provision of assistance from—
16	(A) the State water pollution revolving fund
17	under title VI of the Federal Water Pollution
18	Control Act (33 U.S.C. 1381 et seq.); and
19	(B) the State drinking water revolving fund
20	under section 1452 of the Safe Drinking Water
21	Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12); and
22	(2) submit to Congress a report, based on the in-
23	formation identified under paragraph (1), that con-
24	tains recommendations for streamlining and improv-

1	ing the application and review process described in
2	that paragraph.
3	SEC. 305. TRANSFER OF FUNDS.
4	(a) Water Pollution Control Fund.—Section 603
5	of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
6	1383) (as amended by section 103(h)) is amended by adding
7	at the end the following:
8	"(m) Transfer of Funds.—
9	"(1) In general.—A Governor of the State
10	may—
11	"(A)(i) reserve up to 33 percent of a cap-
12	italization grant made under this title for a fis-
13	cal year;
14	"(ii) add the funds reserved to any funds
15	provided to the State under section 1452 of the
16	Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j-12);
17	and
18	"(iii) use the funds to carry out that sec-
19	tion; and
20	``(B)(i) reserve in any fiscal year an
21	amount up to the amount that may be reserved
22	under subparagraph (A) for that fiscal year from
23	capitalization grants made under section 1452 of
24	that Act (42 U.S.C. 300i–12):

1	"(ii) add the reserved funds to any funds
2	provided to the State under this title; and
3	"(iii) use the funds to carry out this title.
4	"(2) State match.—Funds reserved under this
5	subsection shall not be considered to be a State con-
6	tribution for a capitalization grant required under
7	this title or section 1452(b) of the Safe Drinking
8	Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12(b)).".
9	(b) Safe Drinking Water Fund.—Section 1452(g)
10	of the Safe Drinking Water Act (42 U.S.C. 300j–12(g)) (as
11	amended by section 204(d)) is amended—
12	(1) in paragraph (2), by striking "4" and insert-
13	ing "6"; and
14	(2) by adding at the end the following:
15	"(6) Transfer of funds.—
16	"(A) In General.—A Governor of the State
17	may—
18	" $(i)(I)$ reserve up to 33 percent of a
19	capitalization grant made under this sec-
20	tion for a fiscal year;
21	"(II) add the funds reserved to any
22	funds provided to the State under section
23	601 of the Federal Water Pollution Control
24	Act (33 U.S.C. 1381); and

1	"(III) use the funds to carry out that
2	section; and
3	" $(ii)(I)$ reserve in any fiscal year an
4	amount up to the amount that may be re-
5	served under clause (i) for that fiscal year
6	from capitalization grants made under sec-
7	tion 601 of that Act (33 U.S.C. 1381);
8	"(II) add the reserved funds to any
9	funds provided to the State under this sec-
10	$tion; \ and$
11	"(III) use the funds to carry out this
12	section.
13	"(B) State match.—Funds reserved under
14	this paragraph shall not be considered to be a
15	State match of a capitalization grant required
16	under this section or section 602(b) of the Fed-
17	eral Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
18	1382(b)).".
19	TITLE IV—WATER RESOURCE
20	<b>PLANNING</b>
21	SEC. 401. FINDINGS.
22	Congress finds that—
23	(1) there is ever-growing demand and competi-
24	tion for water from many segments of society, includ-

1	ing municipal users, agriculture, and critical eco-
2	systems;
3	(2) population growth in the United States will
4	continue to place increasing pressure on the water
5	supply of the United States;
6	(3) because sources of water do not follow polit-
7	ical boundaries—
8	(A) the availability of water is increasingly
9	becoming a regional issue; and
10	(B) it is more difficult to take action—
11	(i) to monitor the state of water re-
12	sources;
13	(ii) to prepare for water shortages or
14	surpluses;
15	(iii) to prevent the occurrence of water
16	shortages or surpluses; or
17	(iv) to respond to emergency situa-
18	tions;
19	(4)(A) water shortages or surpluses can—
20	(i) impact public health;
21	(ii) limit economic and agricultural devel-
22	opment; and
23	(iii) damage ecosystems; and

1	(B) the United States often suffers serious eco-
2	nomic and environmental losses from water shortages
3	or surpluses;
4	(5) there is no national policy to ensure an inte-
5	grated and coordinated Federal strategy to monitor
6	the state of the water resources of the United States;
7	(6) periodic assessments of the water resources of
8	the United States are necessary; and
9	(7)(A) Congress has recognized and deferred to
10	the States the authority to allocate and administer
11	water within the borders of the States;
12	(B) the courts have confirmed that this is an ap-
13	propriate role for the States; and
14	(C) Congress should continue to defer to States
15	on laws (including regulations) governing the appro-
16	priation, distribution, and control or use of water.
17	SEC. 402. DEFINITION OF SECRETARY.
18	In this title, the term "Secretary" means the Secretary
19	of the Interior, acting through the Director of the United
20	States Geological Survey.
21	SEC. 403. ACTIONS.
22	(a) Assessment.—
23	(1) In General.—Not later than 2 years after
24	the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall

1	conduct an assessment of the state of water resources
2	in the United States.
3	(2) Components.—The assessment shall, at a
4	minimum—
5	(A) provide indicators of the status and
6	trends of—
7	(i) fresh water in rivers and reservoirs;
8	(ii) groundwater levels and volume of
9	fresh water stored in aquifers; and
10	(iii) fresh water withdrawn from
11	streams and aquifers in the United States;
12	and
13	(B) provide those indicators for—
14	(i) watersheds defined by the 352 hy-
15	drologic accounting units of the United
16	States; and
17	(ii) major aquifers of the United
18	States, as identified by the Secretary.
19	(3) Report.—Not later than 1 year after the
20	date of completion of the assessment, and every 2
21	years thereafter, the Secretary shall submit to Con-
22	gress a report on the status of implementation of any
23	policies or procedures relating to the results of the as-
24	sessment.
25	(b) Water Resource Research Priorities.—

1	(1) In General.—The Secretary shall coordi-
2	nate a process among Federal agencies (including the
3	Environmental Protection Agency) to develop and
4	publish, not later than 1 year after the date of enact-
5	ment of this Act, a list of water resource research pri-
6	orities that focuses on—
7	(A) monitoring; and
8	(B) improving the quality of the informa-
9	tion available to State, tribal, and local water
10	resource managers.
11	(2) USE OF LIST.—The list published under
12	paragraph (1) shall be used by Federal agencies as a
13	guide in making decisions on the allocation of water
14	research funding.
15	(c) Information Delivery System.—
16	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall coordi-
17	nate a process to develop an effective information de-
18	livery system to communicate information described
19	in paragraph (2) to—
20	(A) decisionmakers at the Federal, regional,
21	State, tribal, and local levels;
22	(B) the private sector; and
23	(C) the general public.
24	(2) Types of information.—The information
25	referred to in paragraph (1) may include—

1	(A) the results of the national water re-
2	$source\ assessment;$
3	(B) a summary of the Federal water re-
4	search priorities developed under subsection (b);
5	(C) near real-time data and other informa-
6	tion on water shortages and surpluses;
7	(D) planning models for water shortages or
8	surpluses (at various levels, such as State, river
9	basin, and watershed levels);
10	(E) streamlined procedures for States and
11	localities to interact with and obtain assistance
12	from Federal agencies that perform water re-
13	source functions; and
14	(F) other materials, as determined by the
15	Secretary.
16	SEC. 404. REPORT TO CONGRESS.
17	Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of
18	this Act, and every 2 years thereafter through fiscal year
19	2007, the Secretary shall submit to Congress a report on
20	the implementation of this title.
21	SEC. 405. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.
22	There is authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
23	to carry out this title \$3,000,000 for each of fiscal years
24	2003 through 2007, to remain available until expended.

1	TITLE V—MISCELLANEOUS
2	SEC. 501. NUTRIENT CONTROL TECHNOLOGY GRANT PRO-
3	GRAM.
4	The Federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 U.S.C.
5	1251 et seq.) is amended by adding at the end the following:
6	"TITLE VII—MISCELLANEOUS
7	"SEC. 701. NUTRIENT CONTROL TECHNOLOGY GRANT PRO-
8	GRAM.
9	"(a) Definition of Eligible Facility.—In this sec-
10	tion, the term 'eligible facility' means a municipal waste-
11	water treatment works that, as of the date of enactment of
12	this title, has a permitted design capacity to treat an an-
13	nual average of 500,000 gallons or more of wastewater per
14	day.
15	"(b) Grant Program.—
16	"(1) Establishment.—Subject to subsections
17	(c) and (d), not later than 1 year after the date of
18	enactment of this title, the Administrator shall estab-
19	lish within the Environmental Protection Agency a
20	program to provide grants to States and municipali-
21	ties to upgrade the nutrient removal technologies of el-
22	$igible\ facilities.$
23	"(2) Priority.—In providing grants under
24	paragraph (1), the Administrator shall give priority
25	to eligible facilities at which nutrient removal tech-

nology upgrades would result in the greatest environ mental benefits.

#### "(3) APPLICATION.—

- "(A) IN GENERAL.—A State or municipality that seeks to receive a grant under this section shall submit to the Administrator an application that is in such form, and that includes such information, as the Administrator may require.
- "(B) Provision of Assistance.—Subject to subsections (c) and (d), on receipt and approval of an application submitted under subparagraph (A), the Administrator shall provide to the State or municipality that submits the application a grant in an amount that does not exceed the amount requested in the application.
- "(4) USE OF FUNDS.—A State or municipality that receives a grant under this section shall use the funds from the grant to upgrade the nutrient removal technologies of eligible facilities in the State or municipality to nutrient removal technologies that are designed to reduce total nitrogen in discharged wastewater to an average annual concentration of not more than 4 milligrams per liter or the limit of nutrient

1	removal technologies in a particular geographical
2	area, whichever is less.
3	"(5) Cost sharing.—The share of the total cost
4	of upgrading any eligible facility as described in
5	paragraph (1) using funds provided under this sec-
6	tion shall not exceed 55 percent.
7	"(c) Available Funds.—The Administrator shall
8	carry out the program established under subsection (b)(1)
9	for a fiscal year only if the amount of funds made available
10	for capitalization grants under title VI for the fiscal year
11	exceeds \$1,350,000,000.
12	"(d) Authorization of Appropriations.—
13	"(1) In general.—There is authorized to be ap-
14	propriated to carry out this section \$100,000,000 for
15	each of fiscal years 2003 through 2007, to remain
16	available until expended.
17	"(2) Administrative costs.—The Adminis-
18	trator may use not to exceed 4 percent of any amount
19	made available under paragraph (1) to pay adminis-
20	trative costs incurred in carrying out this section.".
21	SEC. 502. EFFECTS ON POLICIES AND RIGHTS.
22	Nothing in this Act—
23	(1) impairs or otherwise affects in any way, any
24	right or jurisdiction of any State with respect to the
25	water (including boundary water) of the State:

1	(2) supersedes, abrogates, or otherwise impairs
2	the authority of any State to allocate quantities of
3	water within areas under the jurisdiction of the State;
4	or
5	(3) supersedes or abrogates any right to any
6	quantity or use of water that has been established by
7	any State.
8	SEC. 503. EFFECTIVE DATE.
9	Except as otherwise specifically provided in this Act,
10	this Act and the amendments made by this Act take effect
11	on October 1, 2002.

#### Calendar No. 527

 $^{\rm 107TH~CONGRESS}_{\rm 2D~SESSION}~\textbf{S.}~\textbf{1961}$ 

[Report No. 107-228]

# A BILL

To improve the financial and environmental sustainability of the water programs of the United States.

July 29, 2002

Reported with an amendment