

107TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. 1781

To direct the Secretary of Commerce to establish a voluntary national registry system for greenhouse gases trading among industry, to make changes to United States Global Change Research Program, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

DECEMBER 6, 2001

Mr. McCAIN (for himself and Mr. BROWNBACK) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transportation

A BILL

To direct the Secretary of Commerce to establish a voluntary national registry system for greenhouse gases trading among industry, to make changes to United States Global Change Research Program, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

4 This Act may be cited as the “Emission Reductions
5 Incentive Act of 2001”.

6 SEC. 2. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

7 The table of contents of this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title.

Sec. 2. Table of contents.

Sec. 3. Findings.

TITLE I—MARKET-BASED INITIATIVES.

Sec. 101. Market-based initiatives.

Sec. 102. Implementing panel.

Sec. 103. Definitions.

TITLE II—FEDERAL INITIATIVES

Sec. 201. United States global change research program.

Sec. 202. Federal initiatives.

1 SEC. 3. FINDINGS.

2 The Congress finds the following:

3 (1) Based upon recent scientific assessments,
4 the global average surface temperature has increased
5 over the 20th century by about 0.6 degree Celsius.

6 (2) Based upon recent scientific assessments,
7 emissions of greenhouse gases and aerosols due to
8 human activities continue to alter the atmosphere in
9 ways that are expected to affect the climate.

10 (3) Climate change is a problem with unique
11 characteristics. It is a global, long term and involves
12 complex interactions between climatic, environ-
13 mental, economic, political, institutional, social, and
14 technological processes.

15 (4) There is no single path to a low emission
16 future and countries and regions will have to choose
17 their own path.

18 (5) The effectiveness of climate change mitiga-
19 tion can be enhanced when climate policies are inte-

1 grated with the non-climate objectives of national
2 and sectoral policy development and be turned into
3 broad transition strategies to achieve the long-term
4 social and technological changes required by both
5 sustainable development and climate change mitigation.
6

7 (6) Co-coordinated actions among countries and
8 sectors may help to reduce mitigation cost, address
9 comprehensiveness concerns, potential conflicts with
10 international trade rules, and carbon leakage.

11 (7) Further research is required to strengthen
12 future assessments and to reduce uncertainties as
13 far as possible in order that sufficient information is
14 available for policy making about responses to cli-
15 mate change, including research in developing coun-
16 tries.

17 (8) The ability of humans to adapt to and cope
18 with climate change depends on such factors as
19 wealth, technology, education, information, skills, in-
20 frastructure, access to resources, and management
21 capabilities.

22 (9) The effects of climate change are expected
23 to be greatest in developing countries in terms of
24 loss of life and relative effects on investment and
25 economy. Most less developed regions are especially

1 vulnerable because a larger share of their economies
2 are in climate-sensitive sectors and their adaptive ca-
3 pability is low due to low levels of human, financial,
4 and natural resources, as well as limited institutional
5 and technological capability.

6 (10) Improvements of systems and methods for
7 long-term monitoring and understanding the con-
8 sequences of climate change and other stresses on
9 human and natural systems are important elements
10 in the Nation's ability to resolve climate change
11 problems.

12 **TITLE I—MARKET-BASED 13 INITIATIVES**

14 **SEC. 101. MARKET-BASED INITIATIVES.**

15 (a) ESTABLISHMENT OF REGISTRY FOR VOLUNTARY
16 TRADING SYSTEMS.—The Secretary of Commerce,
17 through the Undersecretary for Technology, shall establish
18 a national voluntary registry system for greenhouse gas
19 trading among industry under which emission reductions
20 are assigned unique identifying numerical codes by the
21 registry. Participation in the registry shall be voluntary.
22 Any entity conducting business in the United States may
23 register its emission results, including emissions generated
24 outside of the United States, on an entity wide basis with
25 the registry, and may utilize the services of the registry.

1 (b) PURPOSES.—The purposes of the national reg-
2 istry are—

3 (1) to encourage voluntary actions to reduce
4 greenhouse gas emissions and increase energy effi-
5 ciency;

6 (2) to enable participating entities to record vol-
7 untary greenhouse gas emissions reductions; in a
8 consistent format that is supported by a third party
9 verification;

10 (3) to encourage participants involved in exist-
11 ing partnerships to be able to trade emissions reduc-
12 tions among partnerships;

13 (4) to further recognize, publicize, and promote
14 registrants making voluntary reductions;

15 (5) to recruit more participants in the program;
16 and

17 (6) to help various entities in the nation estab-
18 lish emissions baselines.

19 (c) FUNCTIONS.—The national registry shall carry
20 out the following functions:

21 (1) REFERRALS.—Provide referrals to approved
22 providers for advice on—

23 (A) designing programs to establish emis-
24 sions baselines and to monitor and track green-
25 house gas emissions; and

(B) establishing emissions reduction goals based on international best practices for specific industries and economic sectors.

11 (4) ENCOURAGE PARTICIPATION.—Encourage
12 organizations from various sectors to monitor emis-
13 sions, establish baselines and reduction targets, and
14 implement efficiency improvement and renewable en-
15 ergy programs to achieve those targets.

16 (5) PUBLIC AWARENESS.—Recognize, publicize,
17 and promote participants that—

18 (A) commit to monitor their emissions and
19 set reduction targets:

(B) establish emission baselines; and

21 (C) report on the amount of progress made
22 on their annual emissions

23 (d) TRANSFER OF REDUCTIONS.—The registry shall
24 allow for the transfer of ownership of any reductions real-
25 ized in accordance with the program.

1 (e) FUTURE CONSIDERATIONS.—Any reductions
2 achieved under this program shall be credited against any
3 future mandatory greenhouse gas reductions required by
4 the government. Final approval of the amount and value
5 of credits shall be determined by the agency responsible
6 for the implementation of the mandatory greenhouse gas
7 reduction program. The Secretary of Commerce shall by
8 rule establish an appeals process, that may incorporate an
9 arbitration option, for resolving any dispute arising out
10 of such a determination made by that agency.

11 **SEC. 102. IMPLEMENTING PANEL.**

12 (a) ESTABLISHMENT.—There is established within
13 the Department of Commerce an implementing panel.

14 (b) COMPOSITION.—The panel shall consist of—

15 (1) the Secretary of Commerce or the Sec-
16 retary's designee, who shall serve as Chairperson;
17 and

18 (2) 1 expert in the field of greenhouse gas emis-
19 sions reduction, certification, or trading from each of
20 the following agencies—

21 (A) the Department of Energy;

22 (B) the Environmental Protection Agency;

23 (C) the Department of Agriculture;

24 (D) the National Aeronautics and Space

25 Administration; and

1 (E) the Department of Commerce.

2 (c) EXPERTS AND CONSULTANTS.—Any member of
3 the panel may secure the services of experts and consult-
4 ants in accordance with the provisions of section 3109 of
5 title 5, United States Code, for greenhouse gas reduction,
6 certification, and trading experts in the private and non-
7 profit sectors and may also utilize any grant, contract, co-
8 operative agreement, or other arrangement authorized by
9 law to carry out its activities under this subsection.

10 (d) DUTIES.—The panel shall—

13 (2) promulgate—

14 (A) standards for certification of registries
15 and operation of certified registries; and

16 (B) standards for measurement,
17 verification, and recording of greenhouse gas
18 emissions and greenhouse gas emission reduc-
19 tions by certified registries;

20 (3) maintain, and make available to the public,
21 a list of certified registries; and

22 (4) issue rulemakings on standards for meas-
23 uring, verifying, and recording greenhouse gas emis-
24 sions and greenhouse gas emission reductions pro-
25 posed to the panel by certified registries, through a

1 standard process of issuing a proposed rule, taking
2 public comment for no less than 30 days, then final-
3 izing regulations to implement this act, which will
4 provide for recognizing new forms of acceptable
5 greenhouse gas reduction certification procedures.

6 (e) CERTIFICATION AND OPERATION STANDARDS.—

7 The standards promulgated by the panel shall include—

8 (1) standards for ensuring that certified reg-
9 istries do not have any conflicts of interest, including
10 standards that prohibit a certified registry from—

11 (A) owning greenhouse gas emission reduc-
12 tions recorded in any certified registry; or

13 (B) receiving compensation in the form of
14 a commission where sources receive money for
15 the total number of tons certified;

16 (2) standards for authorizing certified registries
17 to enter into agreements with for-profit persons en-
18 gaged in trading of greenhouse gas emission reduc-
19 tions, subject to paragraph (1); and

20 (3) such other standards for certification of
21 registries and operation of certified registries as the
22 panel determines to be appropriate.

23 (f) MEASUREMENT, VERIFICATION, AND RECORDING
24 STANDARDS.—The standards promulgated by the panel
25 shall provide for, in the case of certified registries—

5 (A) boundary issues such as leakage and
6 shifted utilization; and

9 (2) ensuring that—

10 (A) certified registries do not double-count
11 greenhouse gas emission reductions; and

12 (B) if greenhouse gas emission reductions
13 are recorded in more than 1 certified registry,
14 such double-recording is clearly indicated;

20 (4) measuring the results of the use of carbon
21 sequestration and carbon recapture technologies;

22 (5) measuring greenhouse gas emission reduc-
23 tions resulting from improvements in—

24 (A) power plants:

1 (B) automobiles (including types of pas-
2 senger cards and light duty trucks produced in
3 the same model year);

(C) carbon re-capture, storage and sequestration, including organic sequestration and manufactured emissions injection, and or storage.

8 (D) other sources;

(A) organic soil carbon sequestration practices;

16 (B) forest preservation and re-forestation
17 activities which adequately address the issues of
18 permanence, leakage and verification; and

22 (g) CERTIFICATION OF REGISTRIES.—A registrant
23 that desires to be a certified registry shall submit to the
24 panel an application that—

1 (1) demonstrates that the registrant meets each
2 of the certification standards established by the
3 panel under subsections (d) and (e); and

6 (h) ANNUAL REPORT.—Within 1 year after the date
7 of enactment of this Act and biennially thereafter, the
8 panel shall report to the Congress on the status of the
9 program established under this section. The report shall
10 include an assessment of the level of participation in the
11 program and amount of progress being made on emission
12 reduction targets.

13 SEC. 103. DEFINITIONS.

14 In this title:

15 (1) GREENHOUSE GAS.—The term “greenhouse
16 gas” includes—

17 (A) carbon dioxide:

18 (B) methane:

19 (C) hydro fluorocarbons:

20 (D) perfluorocarbons:

21 (E) nitrous oxide; and

22 (F) sulfur hexafluoride

23 (2) BASELINE.—The term

24 (A) the greenhouse gas emissions, deter-
25 mined on an entity-wide basis for the partici-

4 (B) if data is unavailable for that 3-year
5 period, the greenhouse gas emissions as of Sep-
6 tember 30, 2002, (or as close to that date as
7 such emission levels can reasonably be deter-
8 mined). In promulgating regulations under this
9 title, the panel shall take into account green-
10 house gas emission reductions or off-setting ac-
11 tions taken by any entity before the date on
12 which the registry is established.

21 (5) GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSION REDUCTION.—
22 The term “greenhouse gas emission reduction”
23 means a quantity equal to the difference between—

24 (A) the greenhouse gas emissions of a
25 source during a period; and

1 (B) the greenhouse gas emissions of the
2 source during a baseline period of the same du-
3 ration as determined by registries and entities
4 defined as owners of emission sources.

10 (7) PANEL.—The term “panel” means the im-
11 plementing panel established by section 202(a).

12 (8) REGISTRANT.—The term “registrant”
13 means a private person that operates a database re-
14 cording quantified and verified greenhouse gas emis-
15 sions and emissions reductions of sources owned by
16 other entities.

17 (9) SOURCE.—The term “source” means a
18 source of greenhouse gas emissions.

19 TITLE II—FEDERAL INITIATIVES

20 SEC. 201. UNITED STATES GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH
21 PROGRAM.

22 (a) SUPPORT PERSONNEL.—Section 102(d) of that
23 Act (15 U.S.C. 2932(d)) is amended to read as follows:

24 "(d) GLOBAL CHANGE RESEARCH PROGRAM SUP-
25 PORT OFFICE.—

1 “(1) IN GENERAL.—There is within the Office
2 of Science and Technology Policy a Global Change
3 Research Program Support Office.

4 “(2) DIRECTOR.—The Office shall be headed by
5 a Director who reports to the Director of the Office
6 of Science and Technology Policy.

7 “(3) FUNCTIONS.—The Director shall—

8 “(A) report to the Director of the Office of
9 Science and Technology Policy;

10 “(B) provide administrative and technical
11 support to the Chairperson of the Committee;
12 and

13 “(C) review the innovation process and
14 identify barriers to the transfer of climate
15 change technologies.”.

16 (b) FUNCTIONS.—Section 102(e) of that Act (15
17 U.S.C. 2932(e)) is amended—

18 (1) by striking “and” at the end of paragraph
19 (6);

20 (2) by striking “programs.” in paragraph (7)
21 and inserting “programs;”;

22 (3) by adding at the end the following new
23 paragraphs:

1 “(8) coordinate with the Secretary of State to
2 reach international agreements on climate change
3 research; and

4 “(9) develop a plan for an experimental pro-
5 gram for climate change research in a controlled en-
6 vironment.”.

7 (c) STRATEGIC PLAN.—Section 104 of that Act (15
8 U.S.C. 2934) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
9 lowing:

10 “(g) STRATEGIC PLAN; REVISED IMPLEMENTATION
11 PLAN.—The Chairman of the Council, through the Com-
12 mittee, shall develop a strategic plan for the United States
13 Global Change Research Program for the 10-year period
14 beginning in 2002 and submit the plan to the Congress
15 within 180 days after the date of enactment of the Emis-
16 sion Reductions Incentive Act of 2001. The Chairman,
17 through the Committee, shall also submit a revised imple-
18 mentation plan under subsection (a).”.

19 (d) COMMITTEE GUIDANCE.—Section 105(a) of that
20 Act (15 U.S.C. 2935(a) is amended by adding at the end
21 “The Committee shall also provide, as part of the annual
22 request for appropriations of the Science and Technology
23 Policy Institute at the National Science Foundation, an
24 annual request for appropriations to cover any other fund-
25 ing deemed necessary by the Committee to ensure a com-

1 prehensive research and development program is being ad-
2 ministered by the government or to cover any research and
3 development areas not being covered by any of the Federal
4 agencies. For any research and development area not
5 being covered by any of the agencies, the support office,
6 through the Committee, shall determine the best means
7 of conducting the research.”.

8 **SEC. 202. FEDERAL INITIATIVES.**

9 (a) SCHOLARSHIPS.—The Director of the National
10 Science Foundation shall establish a scholarship program
11 for post-secondary students studying global climate
12 change, including capability in observation, analysis, mod-
13 eling, paleoclimatology, consequences, and adaptation.

14 (b) VEHICLE PLAN.—The Assistant Secretary of
15 Technology Policy at Department of Commerce shall de-
16 velop a plan to accelerate the introduction of highly effi-
17 cient, low-emission vehicles through government incentives
18 and government purchasing power. The plan shall be co-
19 ordinated through the Department’s Partnership for a
20 New Generation of Vehicles. The plan shall be submitted
21 to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and
22 Transportation and the House of Representatives Com-
23 mittee on Science within 6 months after enactment of this
24 Act.

1 (c) PARTNERSHIP FOR A NEW GENERATION VEHIC-
2 CLE (PNGV).—The Assistant Secretary for Technology
3 shall work within the resources available to the Partner-
4 ship for a New Generation of Vehicles to—

5 (1) refine the charter and goals of the Partner-
6 ship for a New Generation of Vehicles to better re-
7 flect the current societal needs and the ability of a
8 cooperative, pre-competitive government-industry re-
9 search and development program to address these
10 needs successfully; and

11 (2) develop a detailed systems-modeling effort
12 to quantify the fuel economy penalty associated with
13 using different technologies to meet the emission re-
14 quirements.

15 (d) TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER.—

16 (1) STUDY.—The Assistant Secretary of Tech-
17 nology Policy at Department of Commerce shall con-
18 duct a study of technology transfer barriers, best
19 practices, and outcomes of technology transfer ac-
20 tivities at Federal laboratories related to the licens-
21 ing and commercialization of energy efficient tech-
22 nologies. The study shall be submitted to the Senate
23 Committee on Commerce, Science, and Transpor-
24 tation and House Science Committee within 6
25 months after the date of enactment of this Act. The

1 Assistant Secretary shall work with the existing
2 interagency working group to address identified bar-
3 riers.

4 (2) AGENCY REPORT TO INCLUDE INFORMA-
5 TION ON TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER INCOME AND ROY-
6 ALTIES.—Paragraph (2)(B) of section 11(f) of the
7 Stevenson-Wydler Technology Innovation Act of
8 1980 (15 U.S.C. 3710(f)) is amended—

9 (A) by striking “and” after the semicolon
10 in clause (vi);
11 (B) by redesignating clause (vii) as clause
12 (ix); and
13 (C) by inserting after clause (vi) the fol-
14 lowing:

15 “(vii) the number of fully-executed li-
16 censes which received royalty income in the
17 preceding fiscal year for climate-change or
18 energy-efficient technology;

19 “(viii) the total earned royalty income
20 for climate-change or energy-efficient tech-
21 nology; and”.

22 (3) INCREASED INCENTIVES FOR DEVELOP-
23 MENT OF CLIMATE-CHANGE OR ENERGY-EFFICIENT
24 TECHNOLOGY.—Section 14(a) of the Stevenson-

1 Wydler Technology Innovation Act of 1980 (15
2 U.S.C. 3710c(a)) is amended—

3 (A) by striking “15 percent,” in paragraph
4 (1)(A) and inserting “15 percent (25 percent
5 for climate change-related technologies);” and

6 (B) by inserting after “\$150,000” each
7 place it appears in paragraph (3) “(\$250,000
8 for climate change-related technologies).”

9 (e) REPORT ON UNITED STATES IMPACT OF KYOTO
10 PROTOCOL.—Within 6 months after the date of enactment
11 of this Act, the Secretary of Commerce shall submit a re-
12 port to the Senate Committee on Commerce, Science, and
13 Transportation and the House Committee on Science on
14 the effects that the Kyoto Protocol will have on—

15 (1) United States industry and its ability to
16 compete globally;

17 (2) international cooperation on scientific re-
18 search and development; and

19 (3) United States participation in international
20 environmental climate change mitigation efforts and
21 technology deployment.

○