

107TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. R. 755

To prohibit the application of certain restrictive eligibility requirements to foreign nongovernmental organizations with respect to the provision of assistance under part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

FEBRUARY 27, 2001

Mrs. LOWEY (for herself, Mr. GREENWOOD, Ms. PELOSI, Mr. SHAYS, Mrs. MALONEY of New York, Mrs. JOHNSON of Connecticut, Mr. NADLER, Mr. MORAN of Virginia, Mr. WEXLER, Mr. CROWLEY, Mr. KIRK, Mr. OLVER, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. PRICE of North Carolina, Mr. GILMAN, Ms. VELÁZQUEZ, Mr. SANDERS, Mr. ALLEN, Mr. HORN, Ms. ROYBAL-ALLARD, Mr. ABERCROMBIE, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. BLAGOJEVICH, Mr. HINCHHEY, Mr. SMITH of Washington, Mr. GUTIERREZ, Mr. MCGOVERN, Mr. McDERMOTT, Mr. TOWNS, Mr. MEEHAN, Mrs. JONES of Ohio, Mr. ACKERMAN, Ms. ESHOO, Mr. THOMPSON of California, Mr. DEFazio, Mr. BENTSEN, Ms. DELAURO, Mr. FARR of California, Mr. STARK, Mr. BALDACCI, Mr. SERRANO, Mr. TIERNEY, Mr. WAXMAN, Mr. DEUTSCH, Ms. MCCARTHY of Missouri, Mr. MENENDEZ, Mr. CUMMINGS, Ms. NORTON, Mr. LEVIN, Mrs. MINK of Hawaii, Mrs. THURMAN, Mr. BERMAN, Mrs. MCCARTHY of New York, Mr. CONYERS, Ms. SLAUGHTER, Mr. GEORGE MILLER of California, Ms. LEE, Mrs. MORELLA, Ms. RIVERS, Mr. FROST, Ms. LOFGREN, Mr. HOLT, Mr. HONDA, Mr. RODRIGUEZ, Mr. DELAHUNT, Mr. HOEFFEL, Mr. SAWYER, Ms. WOOLSEY, Ms. KILPATRICK, Ms. HARMAN, Mr. BROWN of Ohio, Mrs. MEEK of Florida, and Mr. BONIOR) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

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## A BILL

To prohibit the application of certain restrictive eligibility requirements to foreign nongovernmental organizations

with respect to the provision of assistance under part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of 1961.

1       *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*  
 2       *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3       **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4       This Act may be cited as the “Global Democracy Pro-  
 5       motion Act of 2001”.

6       **SEC. 2. FINDINGS.**

7       The Congress finds the following:

8               (1) It is a fundamental principle of American  
 9       medical ethics and practice that health care pro-  
 10      viders should, at all times, deal honestly and openly  
 11      with patients. Any attempt to subvert the private  
 12      and sensitive physician-patient relationship would be  
 13      intolerable in the United States and is an unjustifi-  
 14      able intrusion into the practices of health care pro-  
 15      viders when attempted in other countries.

16              (2) Freedom of speech is a fundamental Amer-  
 17      ican value. The ability to exercise the right to free  
 18      speech, which includes the “right of the people  
 19      peaceably to assemble, and to petition the govern-  
 20      ment for a redress of grievances” is essential to a  
 21      thriving democracy and is protected under the  
 22      United States Constitution.

23              (3) The promotion of democracy is a principal  
 24      goal of United States foreign policy and critical to

1 achieving sustainable development. It is enhanced  
2 through the encouragement of democratic institu-  
3 tions and the promotion of an independent and po-  
4 litically active civil society in developing countries.

5 (4) Limiting eligibility for United States devel-  
6 opment and humanitarian assistance upon the will-  
7 ingness of a foreign nongovernmental organization  
8 to forgo its right to use its own funds to address,  
9 within the democratic process, a particular issue af-  
10 fecting the citizens of its own country directly under-  
11 mines a key goal of United States foreign policy and  
12 would violate the United States Constitution if ap-  
13 plied to United States-based organizations.

14 (5) Similarly, limiting the eligibility for United  
15 States assistance on a foreign nongovernmental or-  
16 ganization's willingness to forgo its right to provide,  
17 with its own funds, medical services that are legal in  
18 its own country and would be legal if provided in the  
19 United States constitutes unjustifiable interference  
20 with the ability of independent organizations to serve  
21 the critical health needs of their fellow citizens and  
22 demonstrates a disregard and disrespect for the laws  
23 of sovereign nations as well as for the laws of the  
24 United States.

1 **SEC. 3. ASSISTANCE FOR FOREIGN NONGOVERNMENTAL**  
2 **ORGANIZATIONS UNDER PART I OF THE FOR-**  
3 **EIGN ASSISTANCE ACT OF 1961.**

4       Notwithstanding any other provision of law, regula-  
5 tion, or policy, in determining eligibility for assistance au-  
6 thorized under part I of the Foreign Assistance Act of  
7 1961 (22 U.S.C. 2151 et seq.), foreign nongovernmental  
8 organizations—

9           (1) shall not be ineligible for such assistance  
10 solely on the basis of health or medical services in-  
11 cluding counseling and referral services, provided by  
12 such organizations with non-United States Govern-  
13 ment funds if such services do not violate the laws  
14 of the country in which they are being provided and  
15 would not violate United States Federal law if pro-  
16 vided in the United States; and

17           (2) shall not be subject to requirements relating  
18 to the use of non-United States Government funds  
19 for advocacy and lobbying activities other than those  
20 that apply to United States nongovernmental organi-  
21 zations receiving assistance under part I of such  
22 Act.

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