107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. R. 5483

To enhance homeland security by encouraging the development of regional comprehensive emergency preparedness and coordination plans.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

September 26, 2002

Mr. Kingston (for himself, Mr. Larson of Connecticut, Mr. Tom Davis of Virginia, and Mr. Lewis of Kentucky) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure

A BILL

- To enhance homeland security by encouraging the development of regional comprehensive emergency preparedness and coordination plans.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Regional Comprehen-
 - 5 sive Emergency Preparedness, Coordination, and Recovery
 - 6 Act of 2002".
 - 7 SEC. 2. FINDINGS; PURPOSE.
- 8 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) Responders to the terrorist attacks at the
 2 World Trade Center, the Pentagon, and the tragedy
 3 in Pennsylvania on September 11, 2001, from nu4 merous jurisdictions assisted the fire and rescue
 5 workers responsible for responding within their ju6 risdictions.
 - (2) Even in the largest municipality, first responders need the support of local elected officials and neighboring jurisdictions, as well as support from numerous regional, State, Federal, and private sector entities.
 - (3) The sheer number of agencies taking part in any emergency response demands coordination, mutual support, and effective communication. Regional planning and coordination of response efforts are essential to ensure the least loss of life and damage to property.
 - (4) Regional councils of governments, regional planning commissions, and development districts have the accountability and experience necessary to coordinate comprehensive regional plans that encompass the needs of the Federal, State, and local governments, the private sector, and all other parties with a stake in providing for the security of their communities. Regional councils of government can

- ensure the development of a coordinated emergency preparedness and recovery plan involving Federal, State, and local governments and the private sector.
- 4 (5) Coordinated, area-wide training, equipment 5 acquisition, and recovery planning is essential for ef-6 fective regional preparedness and mitigation.
- 7 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to encour8 age and facilitate the development and implementation of
 9 regional emergency preparedness and coordination plans
 10 among Federal, State, and local governments and the pri11 vate sector within the region and to facilitate preparedness
 12 and mitigation efforts.

13 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.

14 In this Act:

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- 15 (1) The term "region" means a designated 16 multijurisdictional planning area or a sub-State dis-17 trict with boundaries established by State law or 18 through mutual agreement of local governments.
 - (2) The term "regional council" means a multipurpose association of governments in a planning region, including councils of governments, regional planning commissions, and area development districts.
- 24 (3) The term "local government" means any 25 city, county, or township within the United States.

1	(4) The term "State" means any of the 50
2	States, the District of Columbia, or any territory of
3	the United States.
4	(5) The term "stakeholder" means Federal,
5	State, local, private, and nonprofit entities, includ-
6	ing, but not limited to—
7	(A) local elected officials;
8	(B) local State emergency management
9	agencies;
10	(C) local fire and rescue personnel;
11	(D) health professionals;
12	(E) local school representatives;
13	(F) college and university representatives;
14	(G) the business community;
15	(H) port and airport officials;
16	(I) utilities;
17	(J) State departments of transportation;
18	and
19	(K) other individuals and entities identified
20	by the stakeholders.
21	(6) The term "regional plan" means a regional
22	emergency preparedness, response, mitigation, and
23	recovery plan.

1	SEC. 4. REQUIREMENT TO COORDINATE THE DEVELOP-
2	MENT OF REGIONAL EMERGENCY PREPARED-
3	NESS, COORDINATION, AND RECOVERY
4	PLANS.
5	(a) In General.—The regional councils as defined
6	in section 3(2) shall—
7	(1) convene all local governments, Federal,
8	State, and private sector interests within a region to
9	coordinate the development of emergency prepared-
10	ness, response, mitigation, and recovery plans for
11	the entire region; and
12	(2) convene all stakeholders within the region.
13	(b) Elements of the Regional Plan.—The
14	emergency response plan required to be developed under
15	subsection (a) shall include, at a minimum—
16	(1) an assessment of potential targets for de-
17	struction;
18	(2) an assessment of available equipment and
19	manpower to respond to a disaster;
20	(3) an assessment of equipment needs;
21	(4) establishment of a regional communication
22	system among stakeholders;
23	(5) establishment of a secure information repos-
24	itory that includes information needed, as necessary,
25	to coordinate stakeholder responsibilities within the
26	region; and

1	(6) information on the following:
2	(A) RESPONSE RESOURCES.—
3	(i) Locations, contacts, capabilities,
4	and capacities of emergency medical facili-
5	ties.
6	(ii) Locations, contacts, and equip-
7	ment listings for fire, police, and emer-
8	gency medical technician services.
9	(iii) Locations of, and 24-hour con-
10	tacts for, appropriate medical facilities and
11	personnel and other potential first re-
12	sponders.
13	(iv) Locations and contacts for area
14	stakeholders involved in the operation and
15	maintenance of essential services within
16	the region.
17	(v) Locations and contacts for area
18	key military personnel and facilities.
19	(B) Support facilities.—
20	(i) Locations, capabilities, and capac-
21	ities of existing shelters.
22	(ii) Locations of, and available facili-
23	ties at, schools, colleges, universities,
24	churches, and other public buildings.

1	(iii) Locations of major water and
2	food supplies.
3	(C) Infrastructure.—
4	(i) Locations of water treatment and
5	storage facilities and distribution mains.
6	(ii) Locations of utilities lines, pipe-
7	lines, and generating facilities.
8	(iii) Locations of sewer mains and
9	treatment plants.
10	(iv) Locations of voice, data, video,
11	microwave, and satellite uplink commu-
12	nication facilities.
13	(v) Locations of radio and television
14	studios and transmission sites.
15	(vi) Locations and capacities of short-
16	wave radio facilities and volunteers.
17	(vii) Locations of major bridges and
18	dams.
19	(viii) Locations of major educational
20	facilities.
21	(D) Transportation facilities.—
22	(i) Locations and capacities of major
23	transportation facilities, lines, and termi-
24	nals, including ports and airports.

1	(ii) Locations and capacities of local
2	and regional transportation routes.
3	(E) AT-RISK POPULATIONS.—
4	(i) Locations of large population con-
5	centrations and the times of those con-
6	centrations.
7	(ii) Schedules of major public events
8	and capacities of venues.
9	(iii) Population statistics, including
10	block level population data.
11	(iv) School enrollment numbers.
12	(v) Locations of elderly, infirm, and
13	disabled persons who need special assist-
14	ance.
15	(F) POTENTIAL TARGETS.—
16	(i) Locations of major concentrations
17	of hazardous and biohazard chemicals.
18	(ii) Locations of fuel depots and dis-
19	pensing facilities which meet certain Envi-
20	ronmental Protection Agency thresholds.
21	(iii) Locations of major concentrations
22	of munitions and explosives.
23	(iv) Locations of other potential tar-
24	gets, such as nuclear power plants, in the
25	region.

1	(G) Debris disposal.—
2	(i) Identification of locations for de-
3	bris disposal.
4	(ii) Identification of potential health
5	hazards to personnel involved in debris dis-
6	posal.
7	(c) Planning Activities.—Planning activities pur-
8	suant to this section shall include analyzing and docu-
9	menting the possibility of a disaster and the potential con-
10	sequences or impacts upon life, property, and the environ-
11	ment and planning for utilization of Geographic Informa-
12	tion Systems, to assess hazards and evaluate the con-
13	sequences of potential emergencies or disasters.
14	(d) APPROVAL OF REGIONAL PLAN.—The plan shall
15	be approved by the designated regional planning agency's
16	governing body and Governor or Governors not later than
17	the date that is 12 months after the designated agency
18	has received an initial planning grant under this Act.
19	(e) UPDATE OF REGIONAL PLAN.—The regional plan
20	shall be reviewed annually and updated as needed, based
21	on revised threat assessments, trainings, and drills.
22	(f) Security of Mapping and Infrastructure
23	Information Contained Within Regional Plan.—
24	(1) For security purposes, the information contained in
25	the regional plan required under subsection (b)(5) shall

- 1 be available only to those public and private officials and
- 2 agencies that have responsibility under such plan.
- 3 (2) Computer and software technology shall be re-
- 4 quired for securing the key resources and critical infra-
- 5 structure that may be outlined within the regional plan.
- 6 (3) It shall be necessary to seek the appropriate
- 7 measures to protect the key resources and critical infra-
- 8 structure within each region in coordination with other
- 9 agencies and representatives from within the region in-
- 10 cluding Federal, State, and local government personnel,
- 11 agencies and authorities, the private sector, and other en-
- 12 tities.
- 13 (4) It shall be necessary to continue to review and
- 14 analyze and make recommendations for improvements in
- 15 the policies and procedures governing the security of this
- 16 information and sharing it with law enforcement, intel-
- 17 ligence, emergency management, and other entities related
- 18 to homeland security within the Federal Government and
- 19 between such representatives within the region, including
- 20 Federal, State, and local government personnel agencies,
- 21 authorities, and the private sector.
- 22 SEC. 5. FUNDING.
- 23 (a) IN GENERAL.—From the amounts appropriated
- 24 to Federal or State agencies for emergency preparedness
- 25 and homeland security, an amount of not less than three

- 1 percent shall be allocated to the Department of Homeland
- 2 Security, or other agency designated by Congress, for the
- 3 preparation, review, and update of regional plans required
- 4 by this Act. Such funds shall be allocated to designated
- 5 regional councils for the purposes set forth in this Act.
- 6 (b) FORMULA.—Allocations to regions shall be ac-
- 7 cording to a formula that takes into account the popu-
- 8 lation of a region, base amounts necessary to prepare a
- 9 regional plan, vulnerability to catastrophic events, and the
- 10 presence of facilities of State or national significance.
- 11 (c) Consistency.—Funding from Federal agencies
- 12 for local, regional, or State projects for emergency pre-
- 13 paredness, response, recovery, or mitigation shall require
- 14 consistency with regional plans.

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