107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R. 5033

To provide scholarships for District of Columbia elementary and secondary students, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 27, 2002

Mr. Armey (for himself, Mr. Lipinski, Mr. Boehner, Mr. Watts of Oklahoma, Mr. Hoekstra, Mr. Sam Johnson of Texas, Mr. Schaffer, Mr. Cox, Mr. Burton of Indiana, Mr. Crane, Mr. Flake, Mr. Manzullo, Mr. Dan Miller of Florida, Mr. Pitts, Mr. Shadegg, Mr. Shays, Mr. Tiberi, Mr. Walsh, Mr. Weller, and Mr. Wicker) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Government Reform

A BILL

To provide scholarships for District of Columbia elementary and secondary students, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE, FINDINGS, AND PRECEDENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "District of Columbia Student Opportunity Scholarship
- 6 Act of 2002".
- 7 (b) FINDINGS.—Congress makes the following find-
- 8 ings:

1	(1) Public education in the District of Columbia
2	is in a crisis, as evidenced by the following:
3	(A) The District of Columbia schools have
4	the lowest average of any school system in the
5	Nation on the National Assessment of Edu-
6	cation Progress.
7	(B) 72 percent of fourth graders in the
8	District of Columbia tested below basic pro-
9	ficiency in reading on the National Assessment
10	of Education Progress in 1998.
11	(C) According to the District of Columbia's
12	own data, only 53 percent of District of Colum-
13	bia public school students in the 10th grade are
14	reading at or above the basic level.
15	(D) Only 28 percent of District of Colum-
16	bia public school students in the 10th grade
17	test at or above the basic level in mathematics.
18	(E) The National Education Goals Panel
19	reported in 1996 that both students and teach-
20	ers in District of Columbia schools are sub-
21	jected to levels of violence that are twice the na-
22	tional average.
23	(F) In 1999, nearly one in five District of
24	Columbia high school students stated that, at
25	some point in the preceding month, they felt too

1	unsafe to go to school, while nearly one out of
2	every seven students admitted to bringing a
3	weapon to school.
4	(G) Many of the District of Columbia's
5	146 schools are in a state of terrible disrepair,
6	including leaking roofs, bitterly cold classrooms,
7	and numerous fire code violations.
8	(2) Significant improvements in the education
9	of educationally deprived children in the District of
10	Columbia can be accomplished by—
11	(A) increasing educational opportunities
12	for the children by expanding the range of edu-
13	cational choices that best meet the needs of the
14	children;
15	(B) fostering diversity and competition
16	among school programs for the children;
17	(C) providing the families of the children
18	more of the educational choices already avail-
19	able to affluent families; and
20	(D) enhancing the overall quality of edu-
21	cation in the District of Columbia by increasing
22	parental involvement in the direction of the
23	education of the children.
24	(3) The 475 private schools in the District of
25	Columbia and the surrounding area offer a safer and

- 1 more stable learning environment than many of the 2 public schools.
 - (4) Costs are often much lower in private schools than corresponding costs in public schools.
 - (5) Not all children are alike and therefore there is no one school or program that fits the needs of all children.
 - (6) The formation of sound values and moral character is crucial to helping young people escape from lives of poverty, family breakup, drug abuse, crime, and school failure.
 - (7) In addition to offering knowledge and skills, education should contribute positively to the formation of the internal norms and values which are vital to a child's success in life and to the well-being of society.
 - (8) Schools should help to provide young people with a sound moral foundation which is consistent with the values of their parents. To find such a school, parents need a full range of choices to determine where their children can best be educated.
- 22 (c) PRECEDENTS.—The United States Supreme 23 Court has determined that programs giving parents choice 24 and increased input in their children's education, includ-25 ing the choice of a religious education, do not violate the

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- 1 Constitution. The Supreme Court has held that as long
- 2 as the beneficiary decides where education funds will be
- 3 spent on such individual's behalf, public funds can be used
- 4 for education in a religious institution because the public
- 5 entity has neither advanced nor hindered a particular reli-
- 6 gion, or religion in general, and therefore has not violated
- 7 the establishment clause of the first amendment to the
- 8 Constitution. Supreme Court precedents include the fol-
- 9 lowing:
- 10 (1) Wisconsin v. Yoder, 406 U.S. 205 (1972),
- 11 Pierce v. Society of Sisters, 268 U.S. 510 (1925),
- 12 and Meyer v. Nebraska, 262 U.S. 390 (1923), which
- held that parents have the primary role in and are
- the primary decision makers in all areas regarding
- the education and upbringing of their children.
- 16 (2) Mueller v. Allen, 463 U.S. 388 (1983),
- which declared a Minnesota tax deduction program
- that provided State income tax benefits for edu-
- cational expenditures by parents, including tuition in
- 20 religiously affiliated schools, does not violate the
- 21 Constitution.
- 22 (3) Witters v. Department of Services for the
- 23 Blind, 474 U.S. 481 (1986), in which the Supreme
- Court ruled unanimously that public funds for the

- 1 vocational training of the blind could be used at a 2 Bible college for ministry training. 3 (4) Zobrest v. Catalina Foothills School District, 509 U.S. 1 (1993), which held that a deaf 5 child could receive an interpreter, paid for by the 6 public, in a private religiously affiliated school under 7 the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (20) U.S.C. 1400 et seq.). The case held that providing 8 9 an interpreter in a religiously affiliated school did 10 not violate the establishment clause of the first 11 amendment of the Constitution. 12 SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS. 13 In this Act: 14 (1) The term "Board" means the Board of Di-15 rectors of the Corporation established under section 16 3(b)(1). 17 (2) The term "Corporation" means the District
 - (2) The term "Corporation" means the District of Columbia Scholarship Corporation established under section 3(a).
- 20 (3) The term "eligible institution"—
- 21 (A) in the case of an institution serving a 22 student who receives a tuition scholarship under 23 section 4(d)(1), means a public, private, or 24 independent elementary or secondary school; 25 and

- 1 (B) in the case of an institution serving a 2 student who receives an enhanced achievement 3 scholarship under section 4(d)(2), means an ele-4 mentary or secondary school or an entity that 5 provides services to a student enrolled in an ele-6 mentary or secondary school to enhance such 7 student's achievement through instruction de-8 scribed in section 4(d)(2).
 - (4) The term "parent" includes a legal guardian or other person standing in loco parentis.
- (5) The term "poverty line" means the official 12 poverty line, as established by the Director of the 13 Office of Management and Budget and revised an-14 nually under section 673(2) of the Community Serv-15 ices Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9902(2)), applica-16 ble to a family of the size involved.

SEC. 3. DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA SCHOLARSHIP CORPORA-17

18 TION.

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(a) General Requirements.—

20 (1) In general.—There is authorized to be es-21 tablished a private, nonprofit corporation, to be 22 known as the "District of Columbia Scholarship 23 Corporation", which is neither an agency nor estab-24 lishment of the United States Government or the 25 District of Columbia Government.

- 1 (2) Duties.—The Corporation shall have the
 2 responsibility and authority to administer, publicize,
 3 and evaluate the scholarship program in accordance
 4 with this Act, and to determine student and school
 5 eligibility for participation in such program.
 6 (3) Consultation.—The Corporation shall ex-
 - (3) Consultation.—The Corporation shall exercise its authority—
 - (A) in a manner consistent with maximizing educational opportunities for the maximum number of interested families; and
 - (B) in consultation with the District of Columbia Board of Education or entity exercising administrative jurisdiction over the District of Columbia Public Schools, the Superintendent of the District of Columbia Public Schools, and other school scholarship programs in the District of Columbia.
 - (4) APPLICATION OF PROVISIONS.—The Corporation shall be subject to the provisions of this Act, and, to the extent consistent with this Act, to the District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act (sec. 29–301.01 et seq., D.C. Official Code).
 - (5) RESIDENCE.—The Corporation shall have its place of business in the District of Columbia and

- shall be considered, for purposes of venue in civil actions, to be a resident of the District of Columbia.
 - (6) Fund.—There is established in the Treasury a fund that shall be known as the District of Columbia Scholarship Fund, to be administered by the Secretary of the Treasury.
 - (7) DISBURSEMENT.—The Secretary of the Treasury shall make available and disburse to the Corporation, before October 15 of each fiscal year or not later than 15 days after the date of enactment of an Act making appropriations for the District of Columbia for such year, whichever occurs later, such funds as have been appropriated to the District of Columbia Scholarship Fund for the fiscal year in which such disbursement is made.
 - (8) AVAILABILITY.—Funds authorized to be appropriated under this Act shall remain available until expended.
 - (9) USES.—Funds authorized to be appropriated under this Act shall be used by the Corporation in a prudent and financially responsible manner, solely for scholarships, contracts, and administrative costs.
- 24 (10) Authorization of appropriations.—

1	(A) IN GENERAL.—There are authorized to
2	be appropriated to the District of Columbia
3	Scholarship Fund—
4	(i) \$7,000,000 for fiscal year 2003;
5	(ii) \$8,000,000 for fiscal year 2004;
6	and
7	(iii) \$10,000,000 for each of fiscal
8	years 2005 through 2007.
9	(B) Limitation.—Not more than 7.5 per-
10	cent of the amount appropriated to carry out
11	this Act for any fiscal year may be used by the
12	Corporation for salaries and administrative
13	costs.
14	(b) Organization and Management; Board of
15	Directors.—
16	(1) Board of directors; membership.—
17	(A) In General.—The Corporation shall
18	have a Board of Directors (hereinafter in this
19	Act referred to as the "Board"), comprised of
20	seven members, with six members of the Board
21	appointed by the President not later than 30
22	days after receipt of nominations from the
23	Speaker of the House of Representatives and
24	the President pro tempore of the Senate.

- 1 (B) House nominations.—The President
 2 shall appoint three of the members from a list
 3 of nine individuals nominated by the Speaker of
 4 the House of Representatives in consultation
 5 with the minority leader of the House of Rep6 resentatives.
 7 (C) Senate nominations.—The Presi-
 - (C) Senate nominations.—The President shall appoint three members from a list of nine individuals nominated by the President protempore of the Senate in consultation with the minority leader of the Senate.
 - (D) DEADLINE.—The Speaker of the House of Representatives and Majority Leader of the Senate shall submit their nominations to the President not later than 30 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
 - (E) APPOINTEE BY MAYOR.—The Mayor of the District of Columbia shall appoint one member of the Board not later than 60 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.
 - (F) Possible interim members.—If the President does not appoint the six members of the Board in the 30-day period described in subparagraph (A), then the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the President pro

1 tempore of the Senate shall each appoint two 2 members of the Board, and the minority leader 3 of the House of Representatives and the minor-4 ity leader of the Senate shall each appoint one 5 member of the Board, from among the individ-6 uals nominated under subparagraphs (A) and 7 (B), as the case may be. The appointees under 8 the preceding sentence together with the ap-9 pointee of the Mayor of the District of Colum-10 bia, shall serve as an interim Board with all the powers and other duties of the Board described 12 in this Act, until the President makes the ap-13 pointments as described in this subsection.

- (2) Powers.—All powers of the Corporation shall vest in and be exercised under the authority of the Board.
- (3) Elections.—Members of the Board annually shall elect one of the members of the Board to be the Chairperson of the Board.
- (4) Residency.—All members appointed to the Board shall be residents of the District of Columbia at the time of appointment and while serving on the Board.
- 24 (5) Nonemployee.—No member of the Board 25 may be an employee of the United States Govern-

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- ment or the District of Columbia Government when appointed to or during tenure on the Board, unless the individual is on a leave of absence from such a position while serving on the Board.
 - (6) Incorporation.—The members of the initial Board shall serve as incorporators and shall take whatever steps are necessary to establish the Corporation under the District of Columbia Nonprofit Corporation Act (sec. 29–301.01 et seq., D.C. Official Code).
 - (7) GENERAL TERM.—The term of office of each member of the Board shall be 5 years, except that any member appointed to fill a vacancy occurring prior to the expiration of the term for which the predecessor was appointed shall be appointed for the remainder of such term.
 - (8) Consecutive term.—No member of the Board shall be eligible to serve in excess of two consecutive terms of 5 years each. A partial term shall be considered as one full term. Any vacancy on the Board shall not affect the Board's power, but shall be filled in a manner consistent with this Act.
 - (9) No Benefit.—No part of the income or assets of the Corporation shall inure to the benefit of any Director, officer, or employee of the Corpora-

- tion, except as salary or reasonable compensation for
 services.
 - (10) Political activity.—The Corporation may not contribute to or otherwise support any political party or candidate for elective public office.
 - (11) Not officers or employees.—The members of the Board shall not, by reason of such membership, be considered to be officers or employees of the United States Government or of the District of Columbia Government.
 - (12) STIPENDS.—The members of the Board, while attending meetings of the Board or while engaged in duties related to such meetings or other activities of the Board pursuant to this Act, shall be provided a stipend. Such stipend shall be at the rate of \$150 per day for which the member of the Board is officially recorded as having worked, except that no member may be paid a total stipend amount in any calendar year in excess of \$5,000.

20 (c) Officers and Staff.—

(1) EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.—The Corporation shall have an executive director, and such other staff, as may be appointed by the Board for terms and at rates of compensation, not to exceed level

- 1 EG-16 of the Educational Service of the District of 2 Columbia, to be fixed by the Board.
 - (2) STAFF.—With the approval of the Board, the executive director may appoint and fix the salary of such additional personnel as the executive director considers appropriate.
 - (3) Annual Rate.—No staff of the Corporation may be compensated by the Corporation at an annual rate of pay greater than the annual rate of pay of the executive director.
 - (4) Service.—All officers and employees of the Corporation shall serve at the pleasure of the Board.
 - (5) QUALIFICATION.—No political test or qualification may be used in selecting, appointing, promoting, or taking other personnel actions with respect to officers, agents, or employees of the Corporation.

(d) Powers of the Corporation.—

- (1) GENERALLY.—The Corporation is authorized to obtain grants from, and make contracts with, individuals and with private, State, and Federal agencies, organizations, and institutions.
- 23 (2) HIRING AUTHORITY.—The Corporation may 24 hire, or accept the voluntary services of, consultants,

1	experts, advisory boards, and panels to aid the Cor-
2	poration in carrying out this Act.
3	(e) Financial Management and Records.—
4	(1) Audits.—The financial statements of the
5	Corporation shall be—
6	(A) maintained in accordance with gen-
7	erally accepted accounting principles for non-
8	profit corporations; and
9	(B) audited annually by independent cer-
10	tified public accountants.
11	(2) Report.—The report for each such audit
12	shall be included in the annual report to Congress
13	required by section 11(c).
14	(f) Administrative Responsibilities.—
15	(1) SCHOLARSHIP APPLICATION SCHEDULE AND
16	PROCEDURES.—Not later than 30 days after the ini-
17	tial Board is appointed and the first executive direc-
18	tor of the Corporation is hired under this Act, the
19	Corporation shall implement a schedule and proce-
20	dures for processing applications for, and awarding,
21	student scholarships under this Act. The schedule
22	and procedures shall include establishing a list of
23	certified eligible institutions located in the areas

specified in section 4(d)(1), distributing scholarship

information to parents and the general public (in-

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1	cluding through a newspaper of general circulation),
2	and establishing deadlines for steps in the scholar-
3	ship application and award process.
4	(2) Institutional applications and eligi-
5	BILITY.—
6	(A) In general.—An eligible institution
7	that desires to participate in the scholarship
8	program under this Act shall file an application
9	with the Corporation for certification for par-
10	ticipation in the scholarship program under this
11	Act that shall—
12	(i) demonstrate that the eligible insti-
13	tution has operated with not fewer than 25
14	students during the 3 years preceding the
15	year for which the determination is made
16	unless the eligible institution is applying
17	for certification as a new eligible institu-
18	tion under subparagraph (C);
19	(ii) contain an assurance that the eli-
20	gible institution will comply with all appli-
21	cable requirements of this Act;
22	(iii) contain an annual statement of
23	the eligible institution's budget; and

1	(iv) describe the eligible institution's
2	proposed program, including personnel
3	qualifications and fees.
4	(B) CERTIFICATION.—
5	(i) In general.—Except as provided
6	in subparagraph (C), not later than 60
7	days after receipt of an application in ac-
8	cordance with subparagraph (A), the Cor-
9	poration shall certify an eligible institution
10	to participate in the scholarship program
11	under this Act.
12	(ii) Continuation.—An eligible insti-
13	tution's certification to participate in the
14	scholarship program shall continue unless
15	such eligible institution's certification is re-
16	voked in accordance with subparagraph
17	(D).
18	(C) New eligible institution.—
19	(i) In general.—An eligible institu-
20	tion that did not operate with at least 25
21	students in the 3 years preceding the year
22	for which the determination is made may
23	apply for a 1-year provisional certification
24	to participate in the scholarship program

under this Act for a single year by pro-

1	viding to the Corporation not later than
2	July 1 of the year preceding the year for
3	which the determination is made—
4	(I) a list of the eligible institu-
5	tion's board of directors;
6	(II) letters of support from not
7	less than 10 members of the commu-
8	nity served by such eligible institution;
9	(III) a business plan;
10	(IV) an intended course of study;
11	(V) assurances that the eligible
12	institution will begin operations with
13	not less than 25 students;
14	(VI) assurances that the eligible
15	institution will comply with all appli-
16	cable requirements of this Act; and
17	(VII) a statement that satisfies
18	the requirements of clauses (ii) and
19	(iv) of subparagraph (A).
20	(ii) Certification.—Not later than
21	60 days after the date of receipt of an ap-
22	plication described in clause (i), the Cor-
23	poration shall certify in writing the eligible
24	institution's provisional certification to
25	participate in the scholarship program

1	under this Act unless the Corporation de-
2	termines that good cause exists to deny
3	certification.
4	(iii) Renewal of provisional cer-
5	TIFICATION.—After receipt of an applica-
6	tion under clause (i) from an eligible insti-
7	tution that includes a statement of the eli-
8	gible institution's budget completed not
9	earlier than 12 months before the date
10	such application is filed, the Corporation
11	shall renew an eligible institution's provi-
12	sional certification for the second and third
13	years of the school's participation in the
14	scholarship program under this Act unless
15	the Corporation finds—
16	(I) good cause to deny the re-
17	newal, including a finding of a pattern
18	of violation of requirements described
19	in paragraph (3)(A); or
20	(II) consistent failure of 25 per-
21	cent or more of the students receiving
22	scholarships under this Act and at-
23	tending such school to make appro-
24	priate progress (as determined by the

1	Corporation) in academic achieve-
2	ment.
3	(iv) Denial of Certification.—If
4	provisional certification or renewal of pro-
5	visional certification under this subsection
6	is denied, then the Corporation shall pro-
7	vide a written explanation to the eligible
8	institution of the reasons for such denial.
9	(D) REVOCATION OF ELIGIBILITY.—
10	(i) In General.—The Corporation,
11	after notice and opportunity for a hearing,
12	may revoke an eligible institution's certifi-
13	cation to participate in the scholarship pro-
14	gram under this Act for a year succeeding
15	the year for which the determination is
16	made for—
17	(I) good cause, including a find-
18	ing of a pattern of violation of pro-
19	gram requirements described in para-
20	graph $(3)(A)$; or
21	(II) consistent failure of 25 per-
22	cent or more of the students receiving
23	scholarships under this Act and at-
24	tending such school to make appro-
25	priate progress (as determined by the

1	Corporation) in academic achieve-
2	ment.
3	(ii) Explanation.—If the certifi-
4	cation of an eligible institution is revoked,
5	the Corporation shall provide a written ex-
6	planation of the Corporation's decision to
7	such eligible institution and require a pro-
8	rata refund of the proceeds of the scholar-
9	ship funds received under this Act.
10	(iii) Student eligibility not af-
11	FECTED.—A student receiving a scholar-
12	ship under this Act who attends an institu-
13	tion that has had its eligibility revoked
14	under this subparagraph may utilize such
15	scholarship at another eligible institution.
16	(3) Participation requirements for eligi-
17	BLE INSTITUTIONS.—
18	(A) REQUIREMENTS.—Each eligible insti-
19	tution participating in the scholarship program
20	under this Act shall—
21	(i) provide to the Corporation not
22	later than June 30 of each year the most
23	recent annual statement of the eligible in-
24	stitution's budget; and

1 (ii) charge a student that receives a
2 scholarship under this Act not more than
3 the cost of tuition and mandatory fees for,
4 and (as appropriate) transportation to at5 tend, such eligible institution as other stu6 dents who are residents of the District of
7 Columbia and enrolled in such eligible in8 stitution.

(B) Compliance.—The Corporation may require documentation of compliance with the requirements of subparagraph (A), but neither the Corporation nor any governmental entity may impose requirements upon an eligible institution as a condition for participation in the scholarship program under this Act, other than requirements established under this Act.

17 SEC. 4. SCHOLARSHIPS AUTHORIZED.

- 18 (a) ELIGIBLE STUDENTS.—The Corporation may 19 award tuition scholarships under subsection (d)(1) and en-20 hanced achievement scholarships under subsection (d)(2) 21 to students in kindergarten through grade 12—
- 22 (1) who are residents of the District of Colum-23 bia; and
- 24 (2) whose family income does not exceed 185 25 percent of the poverty line.

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- 1 (b) SCHOLARSHIP PRIORITY.—Subject to subsection 2 (c), the Corporation shall award scholarships based on the 3 following priorities:
 - (1) Previous scholarship recipients.—For the second and subsequent academic years for which scholarships are awarded, the Corporation first shall award scholarships to students eligible under subsection (a) who received a scholarship from the Corporation in the preceding academic year.
 - (2) DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA PUBLIC SCHOOL ENROLLEES.—For the first three academic years for which scholarships are awarded, if funds remain after the application of paragraph (1), the Corporation shall award scholarships to eligible students who do not receive an award under such paragraph and who are—
- 17 (A) enrolled in a District of Columbia pub-18 lie school; or
 - (B) preparing to enter a District of Columbia public kindergarten.
 - (3) VICTIMS OF SCHOOL VIOLENCE.—For any academic year, if funds remain available after the application of paragraphs (1) and (2), the Corporation shall award scholarships to eligible students who do not receive an award under such paragraphs and

1	who have been victims of a documented violent act
2	on school grounds.
3	(4) Other eligible students.—For any
4	academic year, if funds remain available after the
5	application of paragraphs (1) through (3), the Cor-
6	poration shall award scholarships to eligible students
7	who do not receive an award under such paragraphs.
8	(c) Lottery Selection.—If, in applying subsection
9	(b), the number of students described in a paragraph of
10	such subsection is such that the amount available is insuf-
11	ficient to award the appropriate scholarship amount to
12	each such student, the Corporation shall select by lottery
13	the students who will receive an award.
14	(d) Use of Scholarship.—
15	(1) Tuition scholarships.—A tuition schol-
16	arship may be used for the payment of the cost of
17	the tuition and mandatory fees for, and (as appro-
18	priate) transportation to attend, an eligible institu-
19	tion located within the geographic boundaries of—
20	(A) the District of Columbia;
21	(B) Montgomery County, Maryland;
22	(C) Prince George's County, Maryland;
23	(D) Arlington County, Virginia;
24	(E) Alexandria City, Virginia;
25	(F) Falls Church City, Virginia;

1	(G) Fairfax City, Virginia; or
2	(H) Fairfax County, Virginia.
3	(2) Enhanced achievement scholarship.—
4	An enhanced achievement scholarship may be used
5	only for the payment of the costs of tuition and
6	mandatory fees for, and (as appropriate) transpor-
7	tation to attend, a program of instruction provided
8	by an eligible institution which enhances student
9	achievement of the core curriculum and is operated
10	outside of regular school hours to supplement the
11	regular school program.
12	(e) Not School Aid.—A scholarship under this Act
13	shall be considered assistance to the student and shall not
14	be considered assistance to an eligible institution.
15	SEC. 5. SCHOLARSHIP AWARDS.
16	(a) AWARDS.—From the funds made available under
17	this Act, the Corporation shall award a scholarship to a
18	student and make scholarship payments in accordance
19	with section 6.
20	(b) Notification.—Each eligible institution that re-
21	ceives the proceeds of a scholarship payment under sub-
22	section (a) shall provide the following notifications:
23	(1) Enrollment.—Not later than 10 days
24	after the date that a student receiving a scholarship
25	under this Act is enrolled, the institution shall notify

- the Corporation of the name, address, and grade
 level of such student.
 - (2) WITHDRAWAL OR EXPULSION.—Not later than 10 days after the date of the withdrawal or expulsion of any student receiving a scholarship under this Act, the institution shall notify the Corporation of the withdrawal or expulsion.
 - (3) Refusal of admission.—Not later than 10 days after the date that a student receiving a scholarship under this Act is refused admission, the institution shall notify the Corporation of the reasons for such a refusal.

(c) Tuition Scholarship.—

- (1) Equal to or below Poverty Line.—For a student whose family income is equal to or below the poverty line, a tuition scholarship may not exceed the lesser of—
 - (A) the cost of tuition and mandatory fees for, and (as appropriate) transportation to attend, an eligible institution; or
 - (B) \$5,000 for fiscal year 2003, with such amount adjusted in proportion to changes in the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers published by the Department of Labor for each of fiscal years 2004 through 2007.

1	(2) Above Poverty Line.—For a student
2	whose family income is greater than the poverty line
3	but not more than 185 percent of the poverty line
4	a tuition scholarship may not exceed the lesser of—
5	(A) 75 percent of the cost of tuition and
6	mandatory fees for, and (as appropriate) trans-
7	portation to attend, an eligible institution; or
8	(B) \$3,750 for fiscal year 2003, with such
9	amount adjusted in proportion to changes in
10	the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Con-
11	sumers published by the Department of Labor
12	for each of fiscal years 2004 through 2007.
13	(d) Enhanced Achievement Scholarship.—Ar
14	enhanced achievement scholarship may not exceed the
15	lesser of—
16	(1) the costs of tuition and mandatory fees for
17	and (as appropriate) transportation to attend, a pro-
18	gram of instruction at an eligible institution; or
19	(2) \$800 for 2003, with such amount adjusted
20	in proportion to changes in the Consumer Price
21	Index for All Urban Consumers published by the De-
22	partment of Labor for each of fiscal years 2004
23	through 2007

1 SEC. 6. SCHOLARSHIP PAYMENTS.

- 2 (a) Payments.—The Corporation shall make schol-
- 3 arship payments to the parent of a student awarded a
- 4 scholarship under this Act.
- 5 (b) Distribution of Scholarship Funds.—Schol-
- 6 arship funds may be distributed by check, or another form
- 7 of disbursement, issued by the Corporation and made pay-
- 8 able directly to a parent of a student awarded a scholar-
- 9 ship under this Act. The parent may use the scholarship
- 10 funds only for payment of tuition, mandatory fees, and
- 11 transportation costs as described in this Act.
- 12 (c) Pro Rata Amounts for Student With-
- 13 DRAWAL.—If a student receiving a scholarship under this
- 14 Act withdraws or is expelled from an eligible institution
- 15 after the proceeds of a scholarship is paid to the eligible
- 16 institution, then the eligible institution shall refund to the
- 17 Corporation on a pro rata basis the proportion of any such
- 18 proceeds received for the remaining days of the school
- 19 year. Such refund shall occur not later than 30 days after
- 20 the date of the withdrawal or expulsion of the student.
- 21 SEC. 7. CIVIL RIGHTS.
- 22 (a) In General.—An eligible institution partici-
- 23 pating in the scholarship program under this Act shall not
- 24 discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin,
- 25 or sex in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

- 1 (b) Applicability and Construction With Re-2 spect to Discrimination on the Basis of Sex.—
 - (1) APPLICABILITY.—With respect to discrimination on the basis of sex, subsection (a) shall not apply to an eligible institution that is controlled by a religious organization if the application of subsection (a) is inconsistent with the religious tenets of the eligible institution.
 - (2) Construction.—With respect to discrimination on the basis of sex, nothing in subsection (a) shall be construed to require any person, or public or private entity to provide or pay, or to prohibit any such person or entity from providing or paying, for any benefit or service, including the use of facilities, related to an abortion. Nothing in the preceding sentence shall be construed to permit a penalty to be imposed on any person or individual because such person or individual is seeking or has received any benefit or service related to a legal abortion.
 - (3) SINGLE-SEX SCHOOLS, CLASSES, OR ACTIVITIES.—With respect to discrimination on the basis of sex, nothing in subsection (a) shall be construed to prevent a parent from choosing, or an eligible institution from offering, a single-sex school, class, or activity.

- 1 (c) Revocation.—Notwithstanding section
- $2 \ 3(f)(2)(D)$, if the Corporation determines that an eligible
- 3 institution participating in the scholarship program under
- 4 this Act is in violation of subsection (a), then the Corpora-
- 5 tion shall revoke such eligible institution's certification to
- 6 participate in the program.

7 SEC. 8. CHILDREN WITH DISABILITIES.

- 8 Nothing in this Act shall affect the rights of students,
- 9 or the obligations of the District of Columbia public
- 10 schools, under the Individuals with Disabilities Education
- 11 Act (20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq.).

12 SEC. 9. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 13 (a) In General.—Nothing in this Act shall be con-
- 14 strued to prevent any eligible institution which is operated
- 15 by, supervised by, controlled by, or connected to, a reli-
- 16 gious organization from employing, admitting, or giving
- 17 preference to, persons of the same religion to the extent
- 18 determined by such institution to promote the religious
- 19 purpose for which the eligible institution is established or
- 20 maintained.
- 21 (b) Sectarian Purposes.—Nothing in this Act
- 22 shall be construed to prohibit the use of funds made avail-
- 23 able under this Act for sectarian educational purposes, or
- 24 to require an eligible institution to remove religious art,
- 25 icons, scripture, or other symbols.

1 SEC. 10. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS.

2	(a) In General.—An eligible institution partici-
3	pating in the scholarship program under this Act shall re-
4	port to the Corporation not later than July 30 of each
5	year in a manner prescribed by the Corporation, the fol-
6	lowing data:
7	(1) Student achievement in the eligible institu-
8	tion's programs.
9	(2) Grade advancement for scholarship stu-
10	dents.
11	(3) Disciplinary actions taken with respect to
12	scholarship students.
13	(4) Graduation, college admission test scores,
14	and college admission rates, if applicable for scholar-
15	ship students.
16	(5) Types and amounts of parental involvement
17	required for all families of scholarship students.
18	(6) Student attendance for scholarship and
19	nonscholarship students.
20	(7) General information on curriculum, pro-
21	grams, facilities, credentials of personnel, and dis-
22	ciplinary rules at the eligible institution.
23	(8) Number of scholarship students enrolled.
24	(9) Such other information as may be required

by the Corporation for program appraisal.

- 1 (b) Confidentiality.—No personal identifiers may 2 be used in such report, except that the Corporation may 3 request such personal identifiers solely for the purpose of verification. 4 SEC. 11. PROGRAM APPRAISAL. (a) STUDY.—Not later than 3 years after the date 6 of enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General shall 8 enter into a contract, with an evaluating agency that has demonstrated experience in conducting evaluations, for an independent evaluation of the scholarship program under 10 this Act, including— 11 12 (1) a comparison of test scores between scholar-13 ship students and District of Columbia public school 14 students of similar backgrounds, taking into account 15 the students' academic achievement at the time of 16 the award of their scholarships and the students' 17 family income level; 18 (2) a comparison of graduation rates between 19 scholarship students and District of Columbia public 20 school students of similar backgrounds, taking into 21 account the students' academic achievement at the 22 time of the award of their scholarships and the stu-23 dents' family income level; 24 (3) the satisfaction of parents of scholarship
- 25 students with the scholarship program; and

- 1 (4) the impact of the scholarship program on 2 the District of Columbia public schools, including 3 changes in the public school enrollment, and any im-4 provement in the academic performance of the public 5 schools.
- 6 (b) Public Review of Data.—All data gathered in 7 the course of the study described in subsection (a) shall 8 be made available to the public upon request except that 9 no personal identifiers shall be made public.
- 10 (c) Report to Congress.—Not later than Sep-11 tember 1 of each year, the Corporation shall submit a 12 progress report on the scholarship program to the appro-13 priate committees of Congress. Such report shall include 14 a review of how scholarship funds were expended, includ-15 ing the initial academic achievement levels of students who
- 17 (d) Authorization.—There are authorized to be ap-18 propriated for the study described in subsection (a), 19 \$250,000, which shall remain available until expended.

have participated in the scholarship program.

- 20 SEC. 12. JUDICIAL REVIEW.
- 21 (a) Jurisdiction.—
- 22 (1) IN GENERAL.—The United States District 23 Court for the District of Columbia shall have juris-24 diction in any action challenging the constitu-

- tionality of the scholarship program under this Act
 and shall provide expedited review.
- 3 (2) STANDING.—The parent of any student eli-4 gible to receive a scholarship under this Act shall 5 have standing in an action challenging the constitu-
- 6 tionality of the scholarship program under this Act.
- 7 (b) APPEAL TO SUPREME COURT.—Notwithstanding
- 8 any other provision of law, any order of the United States
- 9 District Court for the District of Columbia which is issued
- 10 pursuant to an action brought under subsection (a) shall
- 11 be reviewable by appeal directly to the Supreme Court of
- 12 the United States.
- 13 SEC. 13. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- This Act shall be effective for each of fiscal years 2003 through 2007.

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