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107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H.R.4968

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

October 2, 2002 Received

OCTOBER 11 (legislative day, OCTOBER 10), 2002 Read the first time

OCTOBER 15, 2002
Read the second time and placed on the calendar

AN ACT

To provide for the exchange of certain lands in Utah.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

- 2 This Act may be cited as the "Federal-Utah State
- 3 Trust Lands Consolidation Act".

4 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.

- 5 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds the following:
- 6 (1) The San Rafael Swell in Utah is a 900-7 square mile, wild and beautiful region west of the 8 Green River. The San Rafael Swell is dominated by 9 the jagged, uplifted San Rafael Reef, which has 10 nearly two dozen major canyons and many side 11 draws and box canyons. The San Rafael Swell tow-12 ers above the desert like a wilderness castle, ringed 13 by 1,000-foot ramparts of Navajo sandstone. Its 14 highlands have been fractured by uplift and scooped 15 hollow by erosion over countless millennia, leaving a 16 tremendous basin punctuated by mesas, buttes, and 17 canyons and traversed by sediment-laden desert 18 streams.
 - (2) The San Rafael Swell region was one of the country's last frontiers and possesses important natural, historical, and cultural resources, including exceptional backcountry recreation opportunities, productive habitat for Desert Bighorn Sheep, important historical sites, including sections of the Old Spanish Trail and the Outlaw Trail, significant paleontological resources, and multiple wilderness study areas

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- created pursuant to section 603 of the Federal Lands Policy and Management Act of 1976, or oth-erwise identified by local government and conservation interests as having significant conservation val-ues. The beautiful rural landscapes, historic and cul-tural landscapes, and spectacular scenic vistas of the San Rafael Swell region contain significant undevel-oped recreational opportunities for people through-out the United States.
 - (3) The State of Utah owns approximately 102,871 acres of land located in the San Rafael Swell region and administered by the Utah School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration. These lands were granted by the Congress to the State of Utah pursuant to the Utah Enabling Act of 1894 (chapter 138; 23 Stat. 107), to be held in trust for the benefit of the State's public school system and other public institutions. The lands are largely scattered in checkerboard fashion amidst the Federal lands comprising the remainder of the San Rafael Swell area.
 - (4) Development of surface and mineral resources on State trust lands within the San Rafael Swell area, or the sale of such lands into private ownership, could be incompatible with management

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of such lands for nonimpairment of their wilderness characteristics pursuant to section 603(c) of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976, with future congressional designation of the lands as wilderness, or with future designation of such lands as a national monument, national heritage area, or other conservation designation.

(5) The State of Utah also owns 3,533 acres of land within or directly adjacent to the Manti-La Sal National Forest in Grand and Emery Counties, Utah, and 6,411 acres of land within the Red Cliffs Desert Reserve, a conservation reserve established in 1995 by the United States and Washington County, Utah, to implement a multiple-species habitat conservation plan approved by the Fish and Wildlife Service under section 10(a) of the Endangered Species Act of 1973. The Reserve contains the highest density of critical habitat for the Mojave desert tortoise, a threatened species, in the United States. These State trust lands are also administered by the Utah School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, but the use of such lands by the State is limited because of the conservation designations of surrounding Federal lands.

- 1 (6) The United States owns lands and interests 2 in lands elsewhere in Utah that can be transferred 3 to the State of Utah in exchange for the San Rafael 4 Swell inholdings, the Manti-La Sal forest lands, and 5 the Red Cliffs Desert Reserve lands without jeopard-6 izing Federal management objectives or needs.
 - (7) The large presence of State trust land inholdings in the San Rafael Swell region, the Manti-La Sal National Forest, and the Red Cliffs Desert Reserve makes land and resource management in these areas difficult, costly, and controversial for both the State of Utah and the United States.
 - (8) It is in the public interest to reach agreement on exchange of such inholdings, on terms fair to both the State of Utah and the United States. Such an agreement, subject to ratification by Congress and consent by the Utah legislature, would save much time and delay in meeting the legitimate expectations of the State school and institutional trusts, in simplifying management of Federal lands, and in avoiding the significant time and expense associated with administrative land exchanges.
 - (9) The State of Utah and the United States have reached an agreement under which the State

- would exchange certain State trust lands within the
 San Rafael Swell region, the Manti-La Sal National
 Forest, and the Red Cliffs Desert Reserve for various Federal lands outside of those areas but in the
 same region of Utah.

 (10) The parties agreed at the outset of nego-
 - (10) The parties agreed at the outset of negotiations to avoid identifying Federal assets for conveyance to the State where any of the following was known to exist or likely to be an issue as a result of foreseeable future uses of the lands:
 - (A) Wilderness study areas.
 - (B) Areas proposed for wilderness designation in pending Federal legislation.
 - (C) Significant endangered species habitat.
 - (D) Significant archaeological resources.
 - (E) Areas of critical environmental concern.
 - (F) Other lands known to raise significant environmental concerns of any kind.
 - (11) Because the State trust lands to be acquired by the Federal Government include properties within some of the most spectacular wild areas in the western United States, and because a mission of the Utah School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration is to produce economic benefits for

Utah's public schools and other beneficiary institu-

- tions, the exchange of lands called for in this agreement will resolve longstanding environmental conflicts with respect to existing and proposed wilder-
- 5 ness study areas, place important natural lands into
- 6 public ownership, and further the interests of the
- 7 State trust lands, the school children of Utah, and
- 8 these conservation resources.

- 9 (12) Under this agreement, the State interests 10 to be conveyed to the United States by the State of 11 Utah, and the Federal interests to be conveyed to 12 the State of Utah by the United States, have been 13 examined by licensed independent real estate con-14 sultants and, taken as a whole, have been found to 15 be approximately equal in value.
- 16 (b) Purpose.—The purpose of this Act is to enact
- 17 into law and direct prompt implementation of this agree-
- 18 ment, and thereby to further the public interest by consoli-
- 19 dating State and Federal lands into manageable units
- 20 while facilitating the protection of lands with significant
- 21 scientific, cultural, and natural resources.

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П	SEC.	3.	RATIFICATION	OF	THE	A(+REED)	EXCHANGE	RE.

- TWEEN THE STATE OF UTAH AND THE
- 3 UNITED STATES.
- 4 (a) AGREEMENT.—The State of Utah, the Depart-
- 5 ment of the Interior, and the Department of Agriculture
- 6 have agreed to exchange certain Federal lands in the State
- 7 of Utah for lands of approximately equal value managed
- 8 by the Utah School and Institutional Trust Lands Admin-
- 9 istration in the San Rafael Swell area of Utah, the Manti-
- 10 La Sal National Forest, and the Red Cliffs Desert Re-
- 11 serve.
- 12 (b) Ratification.—All terms, conditions, proce-
- 13 dures, covenants, reservations, and other provisions set
- 14 forth in the document entitled "Agreement for Exchange
- 15 of Lands 2002 Federal-Utah State Trust Lands Consoli-
- 16 dation", dated June 18, 2002 (in this Act referred to as
- 17 "the Agreement"), are hereby incorporated in this Act, are
- 18 ratified and confirmed, and set forth the obligations of the
- 19 United States, the State of Utah, and the Utah School
- 20 and Institutional Trust Lands Administration, as a matter
- 21 of Federal law.
- 22 SEC. 4. CONVEYANCES.
- 23 (a) Conveyances.—All conveyances under sections
- 24 2, 3, and 4 of the Agreement shall be completed not later
- 25 than 70 days after enactment of this Act.
- 26 (b) Maps and Legal Descriptions.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—The maps and legal descrip-2 tions referred to in the Agreement depict the lands 3 subject to the conveyances under the Agreement.
 - (2) Public Availability.—The maps and legal descriptions referred to in the Agreement shall be on file and available for public inspection in the offices of the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Agriculture, the Intermountain Regional Office of the Forest Service, and the Utah State Director of the Bureau of Land Management.
 - (3) CONFLICT.—In case of any conflict between the maps and the legal descriptions in the Agreement, the legal descriptions shall control.

(c) Certain Coal Lands.—

- (1) IDENTIFICATION.—The Secretary of the Interior shall prepare legal descriptions for the approximately 4,000 acres of Federal lands that State of Utah and the Secretary have identified within sections 1 through 17 of township 22 south, range 6 east, and within township 22 south, range 7 east, Salt Lake Base and Meridian, Utah.
- (2) RESTRICTION ON CONVEYANCE.—Conveyance of the lands identified in paragraph (1) shall reserve to the United States the coal estate and the right to develop the coal estate.

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1	(3) Future disposition.—Reservation of the					
2	coal estate pursuant to paragraph (2) shall not re-					
3	strict future disposition of the coal estate pursuant					
4	to applicable law.					
5	(d) Species Identification.—Prior to any convey-					
6	ances under this Act, the Secretary of the Interior shall					
7	identify Federal lands subject to the Agreement which					
8	contain wildlife species, or habitat of wildlife species, listed					
9	as a threatened species or an endangered species under					
10	the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (16 U.S.C. 1531 et					
11	seq.) or that is a candidate for such a listing.					
12	(e) Independent Mineral Assessment.—Prior to					
13	any conveyances under this Act, the Secretary of the Inte-					
14	rior and the State of Utah shall select an independent					
15	qualified mineral appraiser, or other qualified expert					
16	agreeable to both parties, who shall determine whether the					
17	terms of the Agreement related to the UA/UB parcel,					
18	identified in section 3(d) of the Agreement, are fair and					
19	equitable to both parties. If there is a contrary determina-					
20	tion, the Secretary and the State shall adjust the exchange					
21	or terms of the Agreement so that the terms are fair and					
22	equitable to both parties.					
23	(f) Exceptions to Conveyances.—					
24	(1) Legal descriptions.—The Secretary of					

the Interior shall prepare legal descriptions, using

- 1 the smallest possible aliquot parts, for lands within
- 2 sections 4, 5, 8, and 9, township 22 south, range 7
- ast, and within section 12, township 22 south,
- 4 range 6 east, Salt Lake Base and Meridian, and
- 5 which are identified on the map entitled "Emery
- 6 County Lands", dated September 27, 2002.
- 7 (2) Lands not authorized to be con-
- 8 VEYED.—The lands identified in paragraph (1) shall
- 9 not be conveyed pursuant to subsection (a). In addi-
- tion, lands within section 17, township 22 south,
- 11 range 7 east, and within section 33, township 21
- south, range 7 east, Salt Lake Base and Meridian,
- shall not be conveyed pursuant to subsection (a).
- 14 (3) Lands not authorized to be accept-
- 15 ED.—The Secretary of the Interior shall not accept
- 16 conveyance of section 36, township 24 south, range
- 6 east; section 32, township 24 south, range 14 east;
- and section 2, township 26 south, range 8 east, Salt
- 19 Lake Base and Meridian, Utah, pursuant to sub-
- section (a).

21 SEC. 5. PLANT AND WILDLIFE SPECIES.

- For the lands identified under section 4(d), and the
- 23 lands identified in Exhibit E to the Agreement, the Sec-
- 24 retary of the Interior and the State of Utah shall enter
- 25 into an agreement which provides a process for the State

- 1 to consult or take other appropriate action to avoid, offset,
- 2 or mitigate adverse effects to any species or habitat identi-
- 3 fied.

4 SEC. 6. MINERAL DEVELOPMENT.

- 5 All payments received by the United States pursuant
- 6 to section 13(c) of the Agreement shall be subject to shar-
- 7 ing with the State of Utah in the same manner the United
- 8 States shares bonus bids, rentals, and royalties with the
- 9 State of Utah under section 35 of the Mineral Leasing
- 10 Act (30 U.S.C. 191).

11 SEC. 7. AUTHORIZATION.

- There are authorized to be appropriated such sums
- 13 as are necessary to carry out this Act, including such sums
- 14 as may be desired to reduce the balance of the interest
- 15 and principal amounts owed by the United States to the
- 16 Trust Lands Administration pursuant to sections 4 and
- 17 5 of the Agreement.

1 SEC. 8. COSTS.

- 2 The United States and the State of Utah shall each
- 3 bear its own respective costs incurred in the implementa-
- 4 tion of this Act.

Passed the House of Representatives October 1, 2002.

Attest: JEFF TRANDAHL,

Clerk.

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