107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

10

H. R. 4531

To award a congressional gold medal to Dr. Dorothy Height in recognition of her many contributions to the Nation.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 18, 2002

Ms. Watson of California introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services

A BILL

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1	Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
2	tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	SECTION 1. FINDINGS.
4	The Congress makes the following findings:
5	(1) Dr. Dorothy Irene Height was born March
6	24, 1912 to James Edward Height and Fannie
7	(Borroughs) Height in Richmond, Virginia and
8	raised in Rankin, Pennsylvania.
9	(2) Dr. Height is recognized as one of the pre-

eminent social and civil rights activists of her time,

- particularly in the struggle for equality, social justice, and human rights for all peoples.
- 3 (3) Beginning as a civil rights advocate in the 4 1930s, she soon gained prominence through her tire-5 less efforts to promote interracial schooling, to reg-6 ister and educate voters, and to increase the visi-7 bility and status of women in our society.
 - (4) She has labored to provide hope for innercity children and their families, and she can claim responsibility for many of the advances made by women and African-Americans over the course of this century.
 - (5) Her public career spans over 65 years.
 - (6) Dr. Height was a valued consultant on human and civil rights issues to First Lady Eleanor Roosevelt and she encouraged President Eisenhower to desegregate the Nation's schools and President Johnson to appoint African-American women to sub-Cabinet posts.
 - (7) Dr. Height has been President of the National Council of Negro Women (NCNW) since 1957, a position to which she was appointed upon the retirement of Dr. Mary McLeod Bethune, one of the most influential African-American women in United States history.

1	(8) The National Council of Negro Women is
2	currently the umbrella organization for 250 local
3	groups and 38 national groups engaged in economic
4	development and women's issues.
5	(9) Under Dr. Height's leadership, the National
6	Council of Negro Women implemented a number of
7	new and innovative programs and initiatives, includ-
8	ing the following:
9	(A) Operation Woman Power, a project to
10	expand business ownership by women and to
11	provide funds for vocational training.
12	(B) Leadership training for African-Amer-
13	ican women in the rural South.
14	(C) The Black Family Reunion, a nation-
15	wide annual gathering to encourage, renew and
16	celebrate the concept of not only the Black fam-
17	ily but all families.
18	(D) The Women's Center for Education
19	and Career Advancement to empower minority
20	women in nontraditional careers.
21	(E) The Bethune Museum and Archives, a
22	museum devoted to African-American women's
23	history.
24	(10) Dr. Height has been at the forefront of
25	AIDS education, both nationally and internationally;

- under her direction, the National Council of Negro
 Women established offices in West Africa and South
 Africa and worked to improve the conditions of
 women in the developing world.
 - (11) Dr. Height has been central in the success of 2 other influential women's organizations, as follows:
 - (A) As president and executive board member of Delta Sigma Theta, Dr. Height left the sorority more efficient and globally focused with a centralized headquarters.
 - (B) Her work with the Young Women's Christian Association (YWCA) led to its integration and more active participation in the civil rights movement.
 - (12) As a member of the "Big Six" civil rights leaders with Whitney Young, A. Phillip Randolph, Martin Luther King, Jr., James Farmer, and Roy Wilkins, Dr. Height was the only female at the table when the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. and others made plans for the civil rights movement.
 - (13) Dr. Height is the recipient of many awards and accolades for her efforts on behalf of women's rights, including the following:

1	(A) The Spingarn Award, the NAACP's
2	highest honor for civil rights contributions.
3	(B) The Presidential Medal of Freedom
4	awarded by President Clinton.
5	(C) The John F. Kennedy Memorial
6	Award from the National Council of Jewish
7	Women.
8	(D) The Ministerial Interfaith Association
9	Award for her contributions to interfaith, inter-
10	racial, and ecumenical movements for over 30
11	years;
12	(E) The Lovejoy Award, the highest rec-
13	ognition by the Grand Lodge of the Benevolent
14	and Protective Order of Elks of the World for
15	outstanding contributions to human relations.
16	(F) The Ladies Home Journal Woman of
17	the Year Award in recognition for her work for
18	human rights.
19	(G) The William L. Dawson Award pre-
20	sented by the Congressional Black Caucus for
21	decades of public service to people of color and
22	particularly women.
23	(H) The Citizens Medal Award for distin-
24	guished service presented by President Reagan.

- 1 (I) The Franklin Delano Roosevelt Free-2 dom Medal awarded by the Franklin and Elea-3 nor Roosevelt Institute.
- 4 (14) Dr. Dorothy Height has established a last-5 ing legacy of public service that has been an invalu-6 able contribution to the progress of this Nation.

7 SEC. 2. CONGRESSIONAL GOLD MEDAL.

- 8 (a) Presentation Authorized.—The President is
- 9 authorized to present, on behalf of the Congress, to Dr.
- 10 Dorothy Irene Height a gold medal of appropriate design
- 11 in recognition of her many contributions to the Nation.
- 12 (b) Design and Striking.—For the purpose of the
- 13 presentation referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary
- 14 of the Treasury (hereafter in this Act referred to as the
- 15 "Secretary") shall strike a gold medal with suitable em-
- 16 blems, devices, and inscriptions, to be determined by the
- 17 Secretary.

18 SEC. 3. DUPLICATE MEDALS.

- 19 Under such regulations as the Secretary may pre-
- 20 scribe, the Secretary may strike and sell duplicates in
- 21 bronze of the gold medals struck under section 2 at a price
- 22 sufficient to cover the costs of the medals, including labor,
- 23 materials, dies, use of machinery, and overhead expenses.

1 SEC. 4. NATIONAL MEDALS.

- 2 The medals struck under this Act are national medals
- 3 for purposes of chapter 51 of title 31, United States Code.
- 4 SEC. 5. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS; PROCEEDS
- 5 OF SALE.
- 6 (a) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There is
- 7 hereby authorized to be charged against the United States
- 8 Mint Public Enterprise Fund an amount not to exceed
- 9 \$30,000 to pay for the cost of the medal authorized under
- 10 section 2.
- 11 (b) PROCEEDS OF SALE.—Amounts received from the
- 12 sale of duplicate bronze medals under section 3 shall be
- 13 deposited in the United States Mint Public Enterprise
- 14 Fund.

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