H. R. 2778

To protect ability of law enforcement to effectively investigate and prosecute illegal gun sales and protect the privacy of the American people.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

August 2, 2001

Mrs. McCarthy of New York (for herself, Ms. Schakowsky, Mr. Pascrell, Mr. Weiner, Mr. Capuano, Mrs. Maloney of New York, Mr. Crowley, Mr. McGovern, Ms. Solis, Mr. Nadler, Ms. Norton, Mr. Moran of Virginia, Mrs. Tauscher, and Mrs. Lowey) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

To protect ability of law enforcement to effectively investigate and prosecute illegal gun sales and protect the privacy of the American people.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Gun Sale Anti-Fraud
- 5 and Privacy Protection Act".
- 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
- 7 Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) illegal gun sales and illegal gun purchases 2 contribute substantially to crime in the United 3 States:
 - (2) many persons who sell and buy guns cross State lines to do so and transport guns across State lines for the purpose of reselling guns and for use in criminal activity;
 - (3) those intent on selling and purchasing guns illegally are adept at making sales and purchases appear to be legal and maintenance of records of sales facilitates law enforcement's ability to investigate illegal sales;
 - (4) these illegal sales and the uses to which the illegally sold guns are put have an effect on interstate commerce;
 - (5) law enforcement's access to records collected over a reasonable length of time is essential to law enforcement's ability to investigate and limit illegal gun sales;
 - (6) the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) is the primary law enforcement tool for preventing illegal gun sales and purchases by federally licensed firearms dealers to felons, fugitives, the mentally ill, and other prohibited purchasers;

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- (7) NICS was designed to include an audit log which acts not as a gun registry, but as a device essential to effectively investigating and identifying instances in which NICS is being defrauded or abused;
- (8) these instances of fraud and abuse that the NICS audit log protects against include the use of false or stolen identification purchase guns, straw purchases, and circumstances where dealers are violating individuals' privacy rights by running background checks on people other than actual gun transferees;
- (9) without the ability to employ the audit log in legitimate law enforcement investigations, there is no way to adequately ensure the integrity of NICS, including guaranteeing that Federal firearm licensees or other unauthorized users are not accessing a system that contains a substantial amount of criminal history, mental health, and other personal information that should not be accessed except in connection with appropriate background checks; and
- (10) Congress has the power pursuant to the Interstate Commerce Clause, and other provisions of the Constitution to ensure, by enactment of this Act, that gun dealers and buyers do not fraudulently sell and purchase firearms and to guarantee that indi-

- 1 viduals' privacy rights are not violated by misuse of
- 2 NICS.

3 SEC. 3. GUN SALE ANTI-FRAUD AND PRIVACY PROTECTION.

- 4 (a) Prevention of Fraud and Abuse.—Section
- 5 922(t)(2)(C) of title 18, United States Code, is amended
- 6 by inserting ", not less than 90 days after the date on
- 7 which the licensee first contacts the system with respect
- 8 to the transfer" before the period.
- 9 (b) Interagency Cooperation.—Section 922(t)(2)
- 10 of such title is amended by adding after and below the
- 11 end the following:
- 12 "The Attorney General shall make available to the Sec-
- 13 retary of the Treasury the records maintained in accord-
- 14 ance with subparagraph (C), to enable the Secretary to
- 15 conduct audits to detect fraud and misuse of the system
- 16 and to protect the privacy and security of the information
- 17 in the system. The Secretary of the Treasury shall main-
- 18 tain and destroy the records in accordance with all laws
- 19 applicable to the records.".
- 20 SEC. 4. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- The amendments made by this Act shall take effect
- 22 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

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