107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2535

To permit wireless carriers to obtain sufficient spectrum to meet the growing demand for existing services and ensure that such carriers have the spectrum they need to deploy fixed and advanced services, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

July 17, 2001

Mr. Stearns introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce

A BILL

- To permit wireless carriers to obtain sufficient spectrum to meet the growing demand for existing services and ensure that such carriers have the spectrum they need to deploy fixed and advanced services, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Spectrum Resource
 - 5 Assurance Act".
 - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
 - 7 The Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) the Federal Communications Commission's 2 spectrum cap rule prevents any entity from holding 3 an attributable interest in a total of more than 45 megahertz of licensed cellular, broadband personal 5 communications service, and specialized mobile radio 6 spectrum regulated as commercial mobile radio service in any geographic area, except that in areas des-7 8 ignated by the Commission as Rural Service Areas 9 (RSA's) licensees may hold attributable interests in 10 a total of no more than 55 megahertz;
 - (2) without sufficient spectrum, wireless carriers will face increasing difficulty in meeting the growing demand for existing services;
 - (3) spectrum constraints will also impede the deployment of fixed and advanced wireless services;
 - (4) by precluding wireless carriers from obtaining sufficient spectrum to realize economies of scale and scope, the spectrum cap could raise the costs of offering wireless services;
 - (5) application of the spectrum cap in future auctions will artificially limit the pool of eligible bidders and possibly prevent the spectrum from being distributed to the carrier or carriers who will make the most efficient and productive use of it;

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- (6) the wireless industry has experienced strong growth and competitive development, with three-quarters of Americans now having a choice of five or more providers of wireless services;
 - (7) providers of commercial mobile services will need additional spectrum to keep pace with the continued growth of mobile telephony and the demand for new advanced mobile services;
 - (8) the application of the current spectrum cap rules to new spectrum auctions by the Federal Communications Commission would greatly impede the deployment of advanced mobile services, and would threaten the global competitiveness of U.S. industry;
 - (9) the spectrum cap was originally adopted in order to prevent the concentration of control over spectrum in too few hands, but with competition in the provision of wireless services now a reality, rigid structural regulation like a spectrum cap is no longer necessary to ensure a robust wireless market-place; and
 - (10) the antitrust agencies' review of mergers between wireless carriers will prevent undue market concentration by wireless carriers, even in the absence of a spectrum cap.

1 SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON SPECTRUM AGGREGATION

- 2 LIMITS.
- 3 Section 332(c) of the Communications Act of 1934
- 4 (47 U.S.C. 332(c)) is amended by adding at the end the
- 5 following new paragraph:
- 6 "(9) Spectrum aggregation limitations 7 PROHIBITED.—The Commission shall not impose 8 any limitation on spectrum aggregation for licenses for commercial mobile radio services. Any limitation 9 10 on spectrum aggregation for commercial mobile radio services in the regulations of the Commission 11 12 (including 47 C.F.R. 20.6 or any successor regula-13 tion), and any limitation on such aggregation con-14 tained in any license or other authorization for such 15 service, or in any competitive bidding proceeding for 16 any such license or authorization, shall cease to be

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effective on the date of enactment of this para-

graph.".

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