

107TH CONGRESS  
1ST SESSION

# H. CON. RES. 97

Expressing the sense of the Congress regarding Turkey's claims of sovereignty over islands and islets in the Aegean Sea.

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## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 4, 2001

Mr. ANDREWS (for himself, Mr. BILIRAKIS, Mr. McGOVERN, Mrs. MORELLA, Ms. LEE, Mr. CAPUANO, Mr. BLAGOJEVICH, Mrs. MALONEY of New York, Mr. McNULTY, Mr. ACKERMAN, and Mr. KNOLLENBERG) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

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## CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Congress regarding Turkey's claims of sovereignty over islands and islets in the Aegean Sea.

Whereas the maritime borders between Greece and Turkey in the Aegean Sea have been delimited in international law as having been agreed, established, and settled;

Whereas Turkey is claiming sovereignty over numerous islands and islets and unspecified "gray areas" in the Aegean Sea;

Whereas in article 15 of the Treaty of Peace with Turkey and Other Instruments, done at Lausanne, Switzerland, on July 24, 1923, Turkey renounced, in favor of Italy, all right, title, and interest in the 12 enumerated islands

in the Dodecanese region that were occupied by Italy at the time of the Treaty, including the island of Calimnos and the islets dependent on such islands;

Whereas the Convention Between Italy and Turkey for the Delimitation of the Territorial Waters Between the Coasts of Anatolia and the Island of Castellorizo, done at Ankara, Turkey, on January 4, 1932, established the rights of Italy and Turkey in coastal islands, waters, and rocks in the Aegean Sea and delimited a maritime frontier between the two countries;

Whereas a protocol done at Ankara, Turkey, on December 28, 1932, and annexed to the 1932 Convention memorialized an agreement on a water boundary between Italy and Turkey, which placed the Imia islets under the sovereignty of Italy;

Whereas in article 14 of the 1947 Paris Treaty of Peace with Italy, Italy ceded to Greece the Dodecanese islands under Italy's control, including the island of Calimnos and the adjacent islets of Imia;

Whereas the United States is a signatory to the 1947 Paris Treaty of Peace and all articles therein are a part of the law of the United States;

Whereas because the United States is party to treaty regimes that establish water boundaries, most notably the Convention Ceding Alaska, done at Washington, District of Columbia, on March 30, 1867, which established the water boundary between Alaska and Russia, the United States has an interest in maintaining and perpetuating such regimes as a matter of international law;

Whereas by resolution dated February 15, 1996, the European Parliament resolved that the water boundaries es-

tailed in the 1923 Lausanne Treaty of Peace and the 1932 Convention and Protocol Between Italy and Turkey are the borders between Greece and Turkey in the Aegean Sea;

Whereas Turkish Government claims on Aegean islands within Greek sovereign territory contravene these treaties, convention, and protocol;

Whereas a fundamental principle of international law is that, once agreed, a boundary remains stable and predictable;

Whereas the eastern Mediterranean region, in which the Aegean Sea is located, is a region of vital strategic importance to the United States;

Whereas both Greece and Turkey are members of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization and allies of the United States; and

Whereas it is in the interest of the United States and other nations to resolve disputes peacefully: Now, therefore, be it—

1       *Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate*  
2   *concurring), That it is the sense of the Congress that—*  
3           (1) the water boundaries established in the  
4           1923 Lausanne Treaty of Peace, the 1932 Conven-  
5           tion and Protocol Between Italy and Turkey, and  
6           the 1947 Paris Treaty of Peace, under which the  
7           Dodecanese islands and adjacent islets were ceded  
8           by Italy to Greece, are the borders between Greece  
9           and Turkey in the Aegean Sea; and

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