107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. CON. RES. 397

Supporting National Tourism Week.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

May 7, 2002

Mr. Foley (for himself and Mr. Farr of California) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Government Reform

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Supporting National Tourism Week.

- Whereas travel and tourism has a major impact on the economy of the United States as the third-largest retail sales industry in the Nation;
- Whereas 1 out of every 7 people employed in the United States civilian labor force is employed in the travel and tourism industry;
- Whereas international travel to the United States is the largest service export, having generated a trade surplus for 13 consecutive years;
- Whereas domestic and international travel generated an estimated \$545 billion in expenditures in 2001, supporting more than 7.8 million jobs, and creating more than \$94.4

- billion in tax revenue for Federal, State, and local governments;
- Whereas the slowing of the United States economy and the horrific terrorist attacks of September 11, 2001, have had a tremendous negative effect on the tourism industry;
- Whereas according to the Travel Industry Association, the travel and tourism industry could suffer as much as a \$43 billion decrease in spending from domestic and international travelers due to the September 11, 2001, attacks;
- Whereas the Department of Commerce has issued preliminary figures indicating that international travel to the United States decreased 11 percent between 2000 and 2001, resulting in a 45-percent decrease in the travel trade surplus (from \$14 billion to \$7.7 billion), and that it may take 3 years for international travel to return to the 2000 level;
- Whereas decreased spending in 2001 caused the travel and tourism industry to lose an estimated 600,000 jobs, and resulted in an estimated 3-percent decrease in tax revenues from the industry;
- Whereas National Tourism Week was established by Congress in 1983, and first celebrated in May 1984, when President Ronald Reagan signed a Presidential proclamation urging citizens to observe the week with appropriate ceremonies and activities;
- Whereas since 1984, National Tourism Week has been celebrated each May by the Travel Industry Association of America, as well as many States, cities, and other travel industry associations; and

Whereas May 4 to 12, 2002, is National Tourism Week: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate
- 2 concurring), That the Congress—
- 3 (1) supports National Tourism Week; and
- 4 (2) requests that the President issue a procla-
- 5 mation calling upon the people of the United States
- 6 and interested groups to observe National Tourism
- Week with appropriate ceremonies and activities.

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