107TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. CON. RES. 382

Urging the President to end any embargo against Haiti and to no longer require, as a condition of providing humanitarian and development assistance to Haiti, the resolution of the political impasse in Haiti, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 18, 2002

Ms. Lee (for herself, Mrs. Meek of Florida, Ms. Eddie Bernice Johnson of Texas, Mr. Meeks of New York, Mrs. Clayton, Mr. Payne, Mr. Conyers, Mr. Cummings, Ms. Brown of Florida, Mr. Owens, Ms. Jackson-Lee of Texas, Mr. Hastings of Florida, Mr. Jefferson, Mr. HILLIARD, Mr. CLAY, Ms. CARSON of Indiana, Mrs. Christensen, Mr. DAVIS of Illinois, Ms. McKinney, Mr. Towns, Ms. Watson of California, Mr. Bishop, Mr. Rush, Mrs. Jones of Ohio, Ms. Kilpatrick, Mr. Fattah, Ms. Waters, Mr. Ford, Mr. Scott, Mr. Wynn, Mr. THOMPSON of Mississippi, Mr. Jackson of Illinois, Mr. Rangel, Ms. MILLENDER-McDonald, Mr. Clyburn, Ms. Norton, Mr. Lewis of Georgia, and Mr. Watt of North Carolina) submitted the following concurrent resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on International Relations, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Urging the President to end any embargo against Haiti and to no longer require, as a condition of providing humanitarian and development assistance to Haiti, the resolution of the political impasse in Haiti, and for other purposes.

- Whereas Haiti is one of the most impoverished nations in the Western Hemisphere;
- Whereas the quality of life in Haiti is increasingly desperate as HIV and AIDS infections are rapidly increasing to epidemic proportions, such that over 300,000 infected people have been identified and deaths resulting in such infections have led to an orphan population of more than 163,000;
- Whereas the infant mortality rate in Haiti continues to rise, and only 1 in every 10,000 Haitians has access to a physician;
- Whereas only 40 percent of all Haitians have access to potable water;
- Whereas a dispute over the results of the parliamentary elections of May 2000 has led to a political impasse that is stifling the country and the Organization of American States has attempted to negotiate a settlement to the political impasse for nearly 18 months without success;
- Whereas these negotiations have been marred by political violence, including several attempts to undermine the elected government in Haiti, and the economic status of Haiti continues to spiral downward;
- Whereas the Government of Haiti has achieved significant progress in resolving the impasse, including securing the resignation of the declared winners of the disputed senate seats and reducing the terms of office of all parliamentary officials elected on May 21, 2000;
- Whereas a resolution adopted by the Organization of American States on June 5, 2001, provides that the Secretary General has the authority to normalize relations between international financial institutions and the Government of

- Haiti based upon progress to resolve the political impasse;
- Whereas the United States has enjoyed nearly 200 years of bilateral relations with Haiti and its successive governments;
- Whereas the United States has recently levied an embargo of all multilateral development assistance, including loans approved by the Inter-American Development Bank and ratified by the Haitian Parliament, pending a resolution to the political impasse;
- Whereas the Inter-American Development Bank acknowledges that a major factor causing economic stagnation in Haiti is the withholding of foreign grants and loans due to the political impasse;
- Whereas the United States sponsored a resolution on January 15, 2002, in the Permanent Council of the Organization of American States, which calls for an expanded mission to Haiti;
- Whereas the international community is funneling some bilateral assistance to non-governmental organizations acting in Haiti and has purposely bypassed any development activity with the current Government of Haiti; and
- Whereas a recent report from a special mission to Haiti from the Caribbean Community recognized the need for a large infusion of multilateral assistance and the need to work through the Government of Haiti as an appropriate and necessary process to achieve basic development and humanitarian goals in Haiti: Now, therefore, be it
 - 1 Resolved by the House of Representatives (the Senate
 - 2 concurring), That the Congress—

- (1) urges the President to end any embargo against Haiti and to no longer require, as a condition of providing humanitarian and development assistance to Haiti, the resolution of the political impasse in Haiti resulting from the legislative elections of May 2000;
 - (2) urges the President to direct the Secretary of State to intervene directly on the behalf of the United States and the people of Haiti to mediate the political impasse, to provide constructive guarantees to any resolution to the crisis, and to recruit positive support from the Organization of American States, the European Union, the Caribbean Community, and other international bodies to sustain any negotiated settlement;
 - (3) urges the President to direct the Secretary of State to conduct an immediate review of United States policy toward Haiti, including adequate and appropriate consultations with the relevant committees of Congress;
 - (4) calls on the United States Agency for International Development, the World Bank, the International Monetary Fund, and the Inter-American Development Bank to convene a meeting of all donors and potential donors to Haiti, with the objec-

tive of launching a new and sustainable humanitarian initiative, including a lending program that will help bolster the economic base of Haiti; and

(5) supports the expansion of the mission of the Organization of American States to Haiti and calls on the President to urge that this mission work constructively with the Government and people of Haiti to advance their goals and aspirations and not the objectives of other governments or international organizations.

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