106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. RES. 101

Expressing the sense of the Senate on agricultural trade negotiations.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

May 13, 1999

Mr. FITZGERALD (for himself, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Roberts, and Mr. Ashcroft) submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Finance

RESOLUTION

Expressing the sense of the Senate on agricultural trade negotiations.

- Whereas the United States is the world's largest exporter of agricultural commodities and products;
- Whereas 96 percent of the world's consumers live outside the United States;
- Whereas the profitability of the United States agricultural sector is dependent on a healthy export market; and
- Whereas the next round of multilateral trade negotiations is scheduled to begin on November 30, 1999: Now, therefore, be it

1	Resolved, That the Senate supports and strongly en-
2	courages the President to adopt the following trade negoti-
3	ating objectives:
4	(1) The initiation of a comprehensive round of
5	multilateral trade negotiations that—
6	(A) covers all goods and services;
7	(B) continues to reform agricultural and
8	food trade policy;
9	(C) promotes global food security through
10	open trade; and
11	(D) increases trade liberalization in agri-
12	culture and food.
13	(2) The simultaneous conclusion of the negotia-
14	tions for all sectors.
15	(3) The adoption of the framework established
16	under the Uruguay Round Agreements for the agri-
17	cultural negotiations conducted in 1999 to ensure
18	that there are no product or policy exceptions.
19	(4) The establishment of a 3-year goal for the
20	conclusion of the negotiations by December 2002.
21	(5) The elimination of all export subsidies and
22	tightening of rules for circumvention of export sub-
23	sidies.
24	(6) The elimination of all nontariff barriers to
25	trade.

- 1 (7) The transition of domestic agricultural sup-2 port programs to a form decoupled from agricultural 3 production, as the United States has already done 4 under the Agricultural Market Transition Act (7 5 U.S.C. 7201 et seq.).
 - (8) The commercially meaningful reduction or elimination of bound and applied tariffs, and the mutual elimination of restrictive tariff barriers, on an accelerated basis.
 - (9) The improved administration of tariff rate quotas.
 - (10)(A) The elimination of state trading enterprises; or
 - (B) the adoption of policies that ensure operational transparency, the end of discriminatory pricing practices, and competition for state trading enterprises.
 - (11) The maintenance of sound science and risk assessment for sanitary and phytosanitary measures.
 - (12) The assurance of market access for biotechnology products, with the regulation of the products based solely on sound science.
 - (13) The accelerated resolution of trade disputes and prompt enforcement of dispute panels of the World Trade Organization.

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- (14) The provision of food security for importing nations by ensuring access to supplies through a commitment by World Trade Organization member countries not to restrict or prohibit the export of agricultural products.
 - (15) The resolution of labor and environmental issues in a manner that facilitates, rather than restricts, agricultural trade.
 - (16) The establishment of World Trade Organization rules that will allow developing countries to graduate, using objective economic criteria, to full participation in, and obligations under, the World Trade Organization.

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