Calendar No. 92

106TH CONGRESS S. J. RES. 22

JOINT RESOLUTION

To reauthorize, and modify the conditions for, the consent of Congress to the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact and to grant the consent of Congress to the Southern Dairy Compact.

April 28, 1999

Read the second time and placed on the calendar

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106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION S. J. RES. 22

To reauthorize, and modify the conditions for, the consent of Congress to the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact and to grant the consent of Congress to the Southern Dairy Compact.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

April 27, 1999

Mr. JEFFORDS (for himself, Mr. LEAHY, Mr. SPECTER, Mr. COCHRAN, Mr. MOYNIHAN, Mr. SESSIONS, Ms. SNOWE, Mr. LOTT, Ms. LANDRIEU, Ms. COLLINS, Mr. KENNEDY, Mr. SCHUMER, Mr. SHELBY, Ms. MIKULSKI, Mr. HOLLINGS, Mr. HUTCHINSON, Mr. DODD, Mr. BREAUX, Mr. THUR-MOND, Mr. CHAFEE, Mr. SMITH of New Hampshire, Mr. SARBANES, Mr. COVERDELL, Mr. CLELAND, Mr. GREGG, Mr. REED, Mr. KERRY, Mr. HELMS, Mr. BYRD, Mr. TORRICELLI, Mr. EDWARDS, Mr. LIEBERMAN, Mr. ASHCROFT, Mr. ROCKEFELLER, Ms. LINCOLN, Mr. BIDEN, Mr. FRIST, Mr. BOND, and Mr. THOMPSON) introduced the following joint resolution; which was read the first time

> APRIL 28, 1999 Read the second time and placed on the calendar

JOINT RESOLUTION

To reauthorize, and modify the conditions for, the consent of Congress to the Northeast Interstate Dairy Compact and to grant the consent of Congress to the Southern Dairy Compact.

1	Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives
2	of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
3	TITLE I—NORTHEAST
4	INTERSTATE DAIRY COMPACT
5	SEC. 101. NORTHEAST INTERSTATE DAIRY COMPACT.
6	Section 147 of the Agricultural Market Transition
7	Act (7 U.S.C. 7256) is amended—
8	(1) in the matter preceding paragraph (1) , by
9	striking "Massachusetts, New Hampshire," and in-
10	serting "Maryland, Massachusetts, New Hampshire,
11	New Jersey, New York,";
12	(2) by striking paragraphs (1) , (3) , and (7) ;
13	(3) in paragraph (4), by striking "Delaware,
14	New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Maryland,
15	and Virginia" and inserting "Delaware, Ohio, and
16	Pennsylvania'';
17	(4) in paragraph (5), by striking "the projected
18	rate of increase" and all that follows through "Sec-
19	retary" and inserting "the operation of the Compact
20	price regulation during the fiscal year, as determined
21	by the Secretary (in consultation with the Commis-
22	sion) using notice and comment procedures provided
23	in section 553 of title 5, United States Code"; and

(5) by redesignating paragraphs (2), (4), (5),
 and (6) as paragraphs (1), (2), (3), and (4), respectively.

4 TITLE II—SOUTHERN DAIRY 5 COMPACT

6 SEC. 201. CONGRESSIONAL CONSENT TO SOUTHERN DAIRY 7 COMPACT.

8 (a) IN GENERAL.—Congress consents to the South-9 ern Dairy Compact entered into among the States of Ala-10 bama, Arkansas, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, North 11 Carolina, South Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, and West 12 Virginia, subject to the following conditions:

13 (1) LIMITATION OF MANUFACTURING PRICE 14 **REGULATION.**—The Southern Dairy Compact Com-15 mission may not regulate Class II, Class III, or 16 Class III–A milk used for manufacturing purposes 17 or any other milk, other than Class I, or fluid milk, 18 as defined by a Federal milk marketing order issued 19 under section 8c of the Agricultural Adjustment Act 20 (7 U.S.C. 608c), reenacted with amendments by the 21 Agricultural Marketing Act of 1937 (referred to in 22 this Act as "Federal milk marketing order") unless 23 Congress has first consented to and approved such 24 authority by a law enacted after the date of enact-25 ment of this joint resolution.

(2) ADDITIONAL STATES.—Florida, Georgia,
 Missouri, Oklahoma, Kansas, and Texas are the only
 additional States that may join the Southern Dairy
 Compact, individually or otherwise.

(3) Compensation of commodity credit 5 6 CORPORATION.—Before the end of each fiscal year 7 in which a Compact price regulation is in effect, the 8 Southern Dairy Compact Commission shall com-9 pensate the Commodity Credit Corporation for the 10 cost of any purchases of milk and milk products by 11 the Corporation that result from the operation of the 12 Compact price regulation during the fiscal year, as 13 determined by the Secretary (in consultation with 14 the Commission) using notice and comment proce-15 dures provided in section 553 of title 5, United States Code. 16

17 ORDER (4)MILK MARKETING ADMINIS-18 TRATOR.—At the request of the Southern Dairy 19 Compact Commission, the Administrator of the ap-20 plicable Federal milk marketing order shall provide 21 technical assistance to the Compact Commission and 22 be compensated for that assistance.

23 (b) COMPACT.—The Southern Dairy Compact is sub-24 stantially as follows:

4

ARTICLE I. STATEMENT OF PURPOSE, FINDINGS AND DECLARATION OF POLICY

4 "§1. Statement of purpose, findings and declaration 5 of policy

6 "The purpose of this compact is to recognize the interstate character of the southern dairy industry and the 7 8 prerogative of the states under the United States Con-9 stitution to form an interstate commission for the south-10 ern region. The mission of the commission is to take such 11 steps as are necessary to assure the continued viability of 12 dairy farming in the south, and to assure consumers of 13 an adequate, local supply of pure and wholesome milk.

14 "The participating states find and declare that the 15 dairy industry is an essential agricultural activity of the 16 south. Dairy farms, and associated suppliers, marketers, 17 processors and retailers are an integral component of the 18 region's economy. Their ability to provide a stable, local 19 supply of pure, wholesome milk is a matter of great impor-20 tance to the health and welfare of the region.

21 "The participating states further find that dairy 22 farms are essential and they are an integral part of the 23 region's rural communities. The farms preserve land for 24 agricultural purposes and provide needed economic stimuli 25 for rural communities. 1 "In establishing their constitutional regulatory au-2 thority over the region's fluid milk market by this com-3 pact, the participating states declare their purpose that 4 this compact neither displace the federal order system nor 5 encourage the merging of federal orders. Specific provi-6 sions of the compact itself set forth this basic principle.

7 "Designed as a flexible mechanism able to adjust to 8 changes in a regulated marketplace, the compact also con-9 tains a contingency provision should the federal order sys-10 tem be discontinued. In that event, the interstate commission is authorized to regulate the marketplace in replace-11 12 ment of the order system. This contingent authority does 13 not anticipate such a change, however, and should not be so construed. It is only provided should developments in 14 15 the market other than establishment of this compact result in discontinuance of the order system. 16

17 "By entering into this compact, the participating 18 states affirm that their ability to regulate the price which 19 southern dairy farmers receive for their product is essen-20 tial to the public interest. Assurance of a fair and equi-21 table price for dairy farmers ensures their ability to pro-22 vide milk to the market and the vitality of the southern 23 dairy industry, with all the associated benefits.

24 "Recent, dramatic price fluctuations, with a pro-25 nounced downward trend, threaten the viability and sta-

bility of the southern dairy region. Historically, individual 1 2 state regulatory action had been an effective emergency 3 remedy available to farmers confronting a distressed mar-4 ket. The federal order system, implemented by the Agricultural Marketing Agreement Act of 1937, establishes 5 only minimum prices paid to producers for raw milk, with-6 7 out preempting the power of states to regulate milk prices above the minimum levels so established. 8

9 "In today's regional dairy marketplace, cooperative, rather than individual state action is needed to more effec-10 tively address the market disarray. Under our constitu-11 tional system, properly authorized states acting coopera-12 13 tively may exercise more power to regulate interstate commerce than they may assert individually without such au-14 15 thority. For this reason, the participating states invoke their authority to act in common agreement, with the con-16 sent of Congress, under the compact clause of the Con-17 stitution. 18

19 "ARTICLE II. DEFINITIONS AND 20 RULES OF CONSTRUCTION

21 "§ 2. Definitions

22 "For the purposes of this compact, and of any supple23 mental or concurring legislation enacted pursuant thereto,
24 except as may be otherwise required by the context:

1	"(1) 'Class I milk' means milk disposed of in
2	fluid form or as a fluid milk product, subject to fur-
3	ther definition in accordance with the principles ex-
4	pressed in subdivision (b) of section three.
5	"(2) 'Commission' means the Southern Dairy
6	Compact Commission established by this compact.
7	"(3) 'Commission marketing order' means regu-
8	lations adopted by the commission pursuant to sec-
9	tions nine and ten of this compact in place of a ter-
10	minated federal marketing order or state dairy regu-
11	lation. Such order may apply throughout the region
12	or in any part or parts thereof as defined in the reg-
13	ulations of the commission. Such order may estab-
14	lish minimum prices for any or all classes of milk.
15	"(4) 'Compact' means this interstate compact.
16	"(5) 'Compact over-order price' means a min-
17	imum price required to be paid to producers for
18	Class I milk established by the commission in regu-
19	lations adopted pursuant to sections nine and ten of
20	this compact, which is above the price established in
21	federal marketing orders or by state farm price reg-
22	ulations in the regulated area. Such price may apply
23	throughout the region or in any part or parts there-
24	of as defined in the regulations of the commission.

1	"(6) 'Milk' means the lacteral secretion of cows
2	and includes all skim, butterfat, or other constitu-
3	ents obtained from separation or any other process.
4	The term is used in its broadest sense and may be
5	further defined by the commission for regulatory
6	purposes.
7	"(7) 'Partially regulated plant' means a milk
8	plant not located in a regulated area but having
9	Class I distribution within such area. Commission
10	regulations may exempt plants having such distribu-
11	tion or receipts in amounts less than the limits de-
12	fined therein.
13	"(8) 'Participating state' means a state which
14	has become a party to this compact by the enact-
15	ment of concurring legislation.
16	"(9) 'Pool plant' means any milk plant located
17	in a regulated area.
18	"(10) 'Region' means the territorial limits of
19	the states which are parties to this compact.
20	"(11) 'Regulated area' means any area within
21	the region governed by and defined in regulations es-
22	tablishing a compact over-order price or commission
23	marketing order.
24	"(12) 'State dairy regulation' means any state
25	regulation of dairy prices, and associated assess-

ments, whether by statute, marketing order or other wise.

3 "§3. Rules of construction

4 "(a) This compact shall not be construed to displace
5 existing federal milk marketing orders or state dairy regu6 lation in the region but to supplement them. In the event
7 some or all federal orders in the region are discontinued,
8 the compact shall be construed to provide the commission
9 the option to replace them with one or more commission
10 marketing orders pursuant to this compact.

11 "(b) The compact shall be construed liberally in order 12 to achieve the purposes and intent enunciated in section 13 one. It is the intent of this compact to establish a basic structure by which the commission may achieve those pur-14 15 poses through the application, adaptation and development of the regulatory techniques historically associated 16 with milk marketing and to afford the commission broad 17 flexibility to devise regulatory mechanisms to achieve the 18 purposes of this compact. In accordance with this intent, 19 the technical terms which are associated with market 20 21 order regulation and which have acquired commonly un-22 derstood general meanings are not defined herein but the 23 commission may further define the terms used in this com-24 pact and develop additional concepts and define additional 25 terms as it may find appropriate to achieve its purposes.

"ARTICLE III. COMMISSION ESTABLISHED

3 "§4. Commission established

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"There is hereby created a commission to administer 4 5 the compact, composed of delegations from each state in the region. The commission shall be known as the South-6 7 ern Dairy Compact Commission. A delegation shall include 8 not less than three nor more than five persons. Each dele-9 gation shall include at least one dairy farmer who is en-10 gaged in the production of milk at the time of appointment 11 or reappointment, and one consumer representative. Dele-12 gation members shall be residents and voters of, and sub-13 ject to such confirmation process as is provided for in the 14 appointing state. Delegation members shall serve no more than three consecutive terms with no single term of more 15 than four years, and be subject to removal for cause. In 16 all other respects, delegation members shall serve in ac-17 cordance with the laws of the state represented. The com-18 19 pensation, if any, of the members of a state delegation 20shall be determined and paid by each state, but their ex-21penses shall be paid by the commission.

22 "§ 5. Voting requirements

23 "All actions taken by the commission, except for the
24 establishment or termination of an over-order price or
25 commission marketing order, and the adoption, amend-

ment or rescission of the commission's by-laws, shall be 1 2 by majority vote of the delegations present. Each state del-3 egation shall be entitled to one vote in the conduct of the 4 commission's affairs. Establishment or termination of an 5 over-order price or commission marketing order shall require at least a two-thirds vote of the delegations present. 6 7 The establishment of a regulated area which covers all or 8 part of a participating state shall require also the affirma-9 tive vote of that state's delegation. A majority of the dele-10 gations from the participating states shall constitute a quorum for the conduct of the commission's business. 11

12 "§6. Administration and management

13 "(a) The commission shall elect annually from among the members of the participating state delegations a chair-14 15 person, a vice-chairperson, and a treasurer. The commission shall appoint an executive director and fix his or her 16 duties and compensation. The executive director shall 17 serve at the pleasure of the commission, and together with 18 19 the treasurer, shall be bonded in an amount determined 20 by the commission. The commission may establish through 21 its by-laws an executive committee composed of one mem-22 ber elected by each delegation.

"(b) The commission shall adopt by-laws for the conduct of its business by a two-thirds vote, and shall have
the power by the same vote to amend and rescind these

by-laws. The commission shall publish its by-laws in con-1 venient form with the appropriate agency or officer in each 2 of the participating states. The by-laws shall provide for 3 4 appropriate notice to the delegations of all commission 5 meetings and hearings and of the business to be transacted at such meetings or hearings. Notice also shall be 6 7 given to other agencies or officers of participating states 8 as provided by the laws of those states.

9 "(c) The commission shall file an annual report with 10 the Secretary of Agriculture of the United States, and 11 with each of the participating states by submitting copies 12 to the governor, both houses of the legislature, and the 13 head of the state department having responsibilities for 14 agriculture.

15 "(d) In addition to the powers and duties elsewhere16 prescribed in this compact, the commission shall have the17 power:

18 "(1) To sue and be sued in any state or federal19 court;

20 "(2) To have a seal and alter the same at pleas21 ure;

"(3) To acquire, hold, and dispose of real and
personal property by gift, purchase, lease, license, or
other similar manner, for its corporate purposes;

1	"(4) To borrow money and issue notes, to pro-
2	vide for the rights of the holders thereof and to
3	pledge the revenue of the commission as security
4	therefor, subject to the provisions of section eighteen
5	of this compact;
6	"(5) To appoint such officers, agents, and em-
7	ployees as it may deem necessary, prescribe their
8	powers, duties and qualifications; and
9	"(6) To create and abolish such offices, employ-
10	ments and positions as it deems necessary for the
11	purposes of the compact and provide for the re-
12	moval, term, tenure, compensation, fringe benefits,
13	pension, and retirement rights of its officers and em-
14	ployees. The commission may also retain personal
15	services on a contract basis.
16	"§7. Rulemaking power
17	"In addition to the power to promulgate a compact

17 In addition to the power to promulgate a compact
18 over-order price or commission marketing orders as pro19 vided by this compact, the commission is further empow20 ered to make and enforce such additional rules and regula21 tions as it deems necessary to implement any provisions
22 of this compact, or to effectuate in any other respect the
23 purposes of this compact.

"ARTICLE IV. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION

3 "§8. Powers to promote regulatory uniformity, sim plicity, and interstate cooperation

"The commission is hereby empowered to:

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6 "(1) Investigate or provide for investigations or 7 research projects designed to review the existing 8 laws and regulations of the participating states, to 9 consider their administration and costs, to measure 10 their impact on the production and marketing of 11 milk and their effects on the shipment of milk and 12 milk products within the region.

"(2) Study and recommend to the participating
states joint or cooperative programs for the administration of the dairy marketing laws and regulations
and to prepare estimates of cost savings and benefits
of such programs.

18 "(3) Encourage the harmonious relationships
19 between the various elements in the industry for the
20 solution of their material problems. Conduct
21 symposia or conferences designed to improve indus22 try relations, or a better understanding of problems.

23 "(4) Prepare and release periodic reports on ac24 tivities and results of the commission's efforts to the
25 participating states.

1	"(5) Review the existing marketing system for
2	milk and milk products and recommend changes in
3	the existing structure for assembly and distribution
4	of milk which may assist, improve or promote more
5	efficient assembly and distribution of milk.
6	"(6) Investigate costs and charges for pro-
7	ducing, hauling, handling, processing, distributing,
8	selling and for all other services performed with re-
9	spect to milk.
10	"(7) Examine current economic forces affecting
11	producers, probable trends in production and con-
12	sumption, the level of dairy farm prices in relation
13	to costs, the financial conditions of dairy farmers,
14	and the need for an emergency order to relieve crit-
15	ical conditions on dairy farms.
16	"§9. Equitable farm prices
17	"(a) The powers granted in this section and section
18	ten shall apply only to the establishment of a compact
19	over-order price, so long as federal milk marketing orders
20	remain in effect in the region. In the event that any or
21	all such orders are terminated, this article shall authorize
22	the commission to establish one or more commission mar-
23	keting orders, as herein provided, in the region or parts
24	thereof as defined in the order.

1 "(b) A compact over-order price established pursuant 2 to this section shall apply only to Class I milk. Such com-3 pact over-order price shall not exceed one dollar and fifty 4 cents per gallon at Atlanta, Ga., however, this compact 5 over-order price shall be adjusted upward or downward at 6 other locations in the region to reflect differences in min-7 imum federal order prices. Beginning in nineteen hundred 8 ninety, and using that year as a base, the foregoing one 9 dollar fifty cents per gallon maximum shall be adjusted 10 annually by the rate of change in the Consumer Price Index as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of 11 12 the United States Department of Labor. For purposes of 13 the pooling and equalization of an over-order price, the value of milk used in other use classifications shall be cal-14 15 culated at the appropriate class price established pursuant to the applicable federal order or state dairy regulation 16 17 and the value of unregulated milk shall be calculated in 18 relation to the nearest prevailing class price in accordance with and subject to such adjustments as the commission 19 20may prescribe in regulations.

21 "(c) A commission marketing order shall apply to all22 classes and uses of milk.

"(d) The commission is hereby empowered to establish a compact over-order price for milk to be paid by pool
plants and partially regulated plants. The commission is

also empowered to establish a compact over-order price to 1 2 be paid by all other handlers receiving milk from pro-3 ducers located in a regulated area. This price shall be es-4 tablished either as a compact over-order price or by one 5 or more commission marketing orders. Whenever such a price has been established by either type of regulation, the 6 7 legal obligation to pay such price shall be determined sole-8 ly by the terms and purpose of the regulation without re-9 gard to the situs of the transfer of title, possession or any 10 other factors not related to the purposes of the regulation and this compact. Producer-handlers as defined in an ap-11 12 plicable federal market order shall not be subject to a com-13 pact over-order price. The commission shall provide for similar treatment of producer-handlers under commission 14 15 marketing orders.

"(e) In determining the price, the commission shall 16 17 consider the balance between production and consumption 18 of milk and milk products in the regulated area, the costs 19 of production including, but not limited to the price of 20 feed, the cost of labor including the reasonable value of 21 the producer's own labor and management, machinery ex-22 pense, and interest expense, the prevailing price for milk 23 outside the regulated area, the purchasing power of the 24 public and the price necessary to yield a reasonable return 25 to the producer and distributor.

"(f) When establishing a compact over-order price,
the commission shall take such other action as is necessary
and feasible to help ensure that the over-order price does
not cause or compensate producers so as to generate local
production of milk in excess of those quantities necessary
to assure consumers of an adequate supply for fluid purposes.

8 "(g) The commission shall whenever possible enter 9 into agreements with state or federal agencies for ex-10 change of information or services for the purpose of reduc-11 ing regulatory burden and cost of administering the com-12 pact. The commission may reimburse other agencies for 13 the reasonable cost of providing these services.

14 "§ 10. Optional provisions for pricing order

15 "Regulations establishing a compact over-order price
16 or a commission marketing order may contain, but shall
17 not be limited to any of the following:

"(1) Provisions classifying milk in accordance
with the form in which or purpose for which it is
used, or creating a flat pricing program.

"(2) With respect to a commission marketing
order only, provisions establishing or providing a
method for establishing separate minimum prices for
each use classification prescribed by the commission,

producers or associations of producers.

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3 "(3) With respect to an over-order minimum
4 price, provisions establishing or providing a method
5 for establishing such minimum price for Class I
6 milk.

7 "(4) Provisions for establishing either an over-8 order price or a commission marketing order may 9 make use of any reasonable method for establishing 10 such price or prices including flat pricing and for-11 mula pricing. Provision may also be made for loca-12 tion adjustments, zone differentials and for competi-13 tive credits with respect to regulated handlers who 14 market outside the regulated area.

15 "(5) Provisions for the payment to all pro-16 ducers and associations of producers delivering milk 17 to all handlers of uniform prices for all milk so deliv-18 ered, irrespective of the uses made of such milk by 19 the individual handler to whom it is delivered, or for 20 the payment of producers delivering milk to the 21 same handler of uniform prices for all milk delivered 22 by them.

23 "(A) With respect to regulations estab24 lishing a compact over-order price, the commis25 sion may establish one equalization pool within

the regulated area for the sole purpose of equalizing returns to producers throughout the regulated area.

4 "(B) With respect to any commission mar-5 keting order, as defined in section two, subdivi-6 sion three, which replaces one or more termi-7 nated federal orders or state dairy regulations, 8 the marketing area of now separate state or 9 federal orders shall not be merged without the affirmative consent of each state, voting 10 11 through its delegation, which is partly or wholly 12 included within any such new marketing area. 13 "(6) Provisions requiring persons who bring 14 Class I milk into the regulated area to make com-15 pensatory payments with respect to all such milk to 16 the extent necessary to equalize the cost of milk pur-17 chased by handlers subject to a compact over-order 18 price or commission marketing order. No such provi-19 sions shall discriminate against milk producers out-20 side the regulated area. The provisions for compen-21 satory payments may require payment of the dif-22 ference between the Class I price required to be paid 23 for such milk in the state of production by a federal 24 milk marketing order or state dairy regulation and

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1 the Class I price established by the compact over-2 order price or commission marketing order. 3 "(7) Provisions specially governing the pricing 4 and pooling of milk handled by partially regulated 5 plants. "(8) Provisions requiring that the account of 6 7 any person regulated under the compact over-order 8 price shall be adjusted for any payments made to or 9 received by such persons with respect to a producer 10 settlement fund of any federal or state milk mar-11 keting order or other state dairy regulation within 12 the regulated area. 13 "(9) Provision requiring the payment by han-14 dlers of an assessment to cover the costs of the ad-15 ministration and enforcement of such order pursu-16 ant to Article VII, Section 18(a). "(10) Provisions for reimbursement to partici-17 18 pants of the Women, Infants and Children Special 19 Supplemental Food Program of the United States 20 Child Nutrition Act of 1966. "(11) Other provisions and requirements as the 21 22 commission may find are necessary or appropriate to 23 effectuate the purposes of this compact and to pro-24 vide for the payment of fair and equitable minimum 25 prices to producers.

"ARTICLE V. RULEMAKING PROCEDURE

3 "§11. Rulemaking procedure

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"Before promulgation of any regulations establishing 4 a compact over-order price or commission marketing 5 order, including any provision with respect to milk supply 6 7 under subsection 9(f), or amendment thereof, as provided 8 in Article IV, the commission shall conduct an informal rulemaking proceeding to provide interested persons with 9 an opportunity to present data and views. Such rule-10 11 making proceeding shall be governed by section four of 12 the Federal Administrative Procedure Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. §553). In addition, the commission shall, to the 13 14 extent practicable, publish notice of rulemaking proceedings in the official register of each participating state. 15 Before the initial adoption of regulations establishing a 16 compact over-order price or a commission marketing order 17 and thereafter before any amendment with regard to 18 19 prices or assessments, the commission shall hold a public 20 hearing. The commission may commence a rulemaking 21proceeding on its own initiative or may in its sole discre-22 tion act upon the petition of any person including indi-23 vidual milk producers, any organization of milk producers 24 or handlers, general farm organizations, consumer or public interest groups, and local, state or federal officials. 25

"§ 12. Findings and referendum

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2 "(a) In addition to the concise general statement of
3 basis and purpose required by section 4(b) of the Federal
4 Administrative Procedure Act, as amended (5 U.S.C.
5 § 553(c)), the commission shall make findings of fact with
6 respect to:

7 "(1) Whether the public interest will be served
8 by the establishment of minimum milk prices to
9 dairy farmers under Article IV.

"(2) What level of prices will assure that producers receive a price sufficient to cover their costs
of production and will elicit an adequate supply of
milk for the inhabitants of the regulated area and
for manufacturing purposes.

"(3) Whether the major provisions of the order,
other than those fixing minimum milk prices, are in
the public interest and are reasonably designed to
achieve the purposes of the order.

19 "(4) Whether the terms of the proposed re20 gional order or amendment are approved by pro21 ducers as provided in section thirteen.

22 "§ 13. Producer referendum

23 "(a) For the purpose of ascertaining whether the
24 issuance or amendment of regulations establishing a com25 pact over-order price or a commission marketing order,
26 including any provision with respect to milk supply under
•SJ 22 PCS

subsection 9(f), is approved by producers, the commission 1 2 shall conduct a referendum among producers. The ref-3 erendum shall be held in a timely manner, as determined 4 by regulation of the commission. The terms and conditions 5 of the proposed order or amendment shall be described by the commission in the ballot used in the conduct of 6 7 the referendum, but the nature, content, or extent of such 8 description shall not be a basis for attacking the legality 9 of the order or any action relating thereto.

10 "(b) An order or amendment shall be deemed ap-11 proved by producers if the commission determines that it 12 is approved by at least two-thirds of the voting producers 13 who, during a representative period determined by the 14 commission, have been engaged in the production of milk 15 the price of which would be regulated under the proposed 16 order or amendment.

17 "(c) For purposes of any referendum, the commission shall consider the approval or disapproval by any coopera-18 tive association of producers, qualified under the provi-19 sions of the Act of Congress of February 18, 1922, as 20 21 amended, known as the Capper–Volstead Act, bona fide 22 engaged in marketing milk, or in rendering services for 23 or advancing the interests of producers of such com-24 modity, as the approval or disapproval of the producers 25 who are members or stockholders in, or under contract with, such cooperative association of producers, except as
 provided in subdivision (1) hereof and subject to the provi sions of subdivision (2) through (5) hereof.

4 "(1) No cooperative which has been formed to
5 act as a common marketing agency for both coopera6 tives and individual producers shall be qualified to
7 block vote for either.

8 "(2) Any cooperative which is qualified to block 9 vote shall, before submitting its approval or dis-10 approval in any referendum, give prior written notice 11 to each of its members as to whether and how it in-12 tends to cast its vote. The notice shall be given in 13 a timely manner as established, and in the form pre-14 scribed, by the commission.

15 "(3) Any producer may obtain a ballot from the
16 commission in order to register approval or dis17 approval of the proposed order.

18 "(4) A producer who is a member of a coopera-19 tive which has provided notice of its intent to ap-20 prove or not to approve a proposed order, and who 21 obtains a ballot and with such ballot expresses his 22 approval or disapproval of the proposed order, shall 23 notify the commission as to the name of the coopera-24 tive of which he or she is a member, and the com-25 mission shall remove such producer's name from the

list certified by such cooperative with its corporate
 vote.

- 3 "(5) In order to insure that all milk producers
 4 are informed regarding the proposed order, the com5 mission shall notify all milk producers that an order
 6 is being considered and that each producer may reg7 ister his approval or disapproval with the commis8 sion either directly or through his or her cooperative.
 9 "§ 14. Termination of over-order price or marketing
- 10

order

11 "(a) The commission shall terminate any regulations 12 establishing an over-order price or commission marketing 13 order issued under this article whenever it finds that such 14 order or price obstructs or does not tend to effectuate the 15 declared policy of this compact.

16 "(b) The commission shall terminate any regulations 17 establishing an over-order price or a commission mar-18 keting order issued under this article whenever it finds that such termination is favored by a majority of the pro-19 20 ducers who, during a representative period determined by 21 the commission, have been engaged in the production of 22 milk the price of which is regulated by such order; but 23 such termination shall be effective only if announced on 24 or before such date as may be specified in such marketing 25 agreement or order.

"(c) The termination or suspension of any order or
provision thereof, shall not be considered an order within
the meaning of this article and shall require no hearing,
but shall comply with the requirements for informal rulemaking prescribed by section four of the Federal Administrative Procedure Act, as amended (5 U.S.C. § 553).

7 **"ARTICLE VI. ENFORCEMENT**

8 "§ 15. Records; reports; access to premises

9 "(a) The commission may by rule and regulation prescribe record keeping and reporting requirements for all 10 regulated persons. For purposes of the administration and 11 12 enforcement of this compact, the commission is authorized 13 to examine the books and records of any regulated person relating to his or her milk business and for that purpose, 14 15 the commission's properly designated officers, employees, or agents shall have full access during normal business 16 hours to the premises and records of all regulated persons. 17

18 "(b) Information furnished to or acquired by the commission officers, employees, or its agents pursuant to 19 20 this section shall be confidential and not subject to disclo-21 sure except to the extent that the commission deems dis-22 closure to be necessary in any administrative or judicial 23 proceeding involving the administration or enforcement of 24 this compact, an over-order price, a compact marketing order, or other regulations of the commission. The com-25

mission may promulgate regulations further defining the 1 2 confidentiality of information pursuant to this section. 3 Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit (i) the 4 issuance of general statements based upon the reports of 5 a number of handlers, which do not identify the information furnished by any person, or (ii) the publication by 6 7 direction of the commission of the name of any person vio-8 lating any regulation of the commission, together with a 9 statement of the particular provisions violated by such 10 person.

11 "(c) No officer, employee, or agent of the commission shall intentionally disclose information, by inference or 12 13 otherwise, which is made confidential pursuant to this section. Any person violating the provisions of this section 14 15 shall, upon conviction, be subject to a fine of not more than one thousand dollars or to imprisonment for not 16 more than one year, or to both, and shall be removed from 17 office. The commission shall refer any allegation of a viola-18 tion of this section to the appropriate state enforcement 19 20authority or United States Attorney.

21 "§ 16. Subpoena; hearings and judicial review

"(a) The commission is hereby authorized and empowered by its members and its properly designated officers to administer oaths and issue subpoenas throughout all signatory states to compel the attendance of witnesses and the giving of testimony and the production of other
 evidence.

3 "(b) Any handler subject to an order may file a writ-4 ten petition with the commission stating that any such 5 order or any provision of any such order or any obligation imposed in connection therewith is not in accordance with 6 7 law and praying for a modification thereof or to be ex-8 empted therefrom. He shall thereupon be given an oppor-9 tunity for a hearing upon such petition, in accordance with 10 regulations made by the commission. After such hearing, the commission shall make a ruling upon the prayer of 11 such petition which shall be final, if in accordance with 12 13 law.

14 "(c) The district courts of the United States in any 15 district in which such handler is an inhabitant, or has his principal place of business, are hereby vested with jurisdic-16 tion to review such ruling, provided a complaint for that 17 purpose is filed within thirty days from the date of the 18 19 entry of such ruling. Service of process in such pro-20 ceedings may be had upon the commission by delivering 21 to it a copy of the complaint. If the court determines that 22 such ruling is not in accordance with law, it shall remand 23 such proceedings to the commission with directions either 24(1) to make such ruling as the court shall determine to 25 be in accordance with law, or (2) to take such further pro-

ceedings as, in its opinion, the law requires. The pendency 1 2 of proceedings instituted pursuant to this subdivision shall 3 not impede, hinder, or delay the commission from obtain-4 ing relief pursuant to section seventeen. Any proceedings 5 brought pursuant to section seventeen, except where brought by way of counterclaim in proceedings instituted 6 7 pursuant to this section, shall abate whenever a final de-8 cree has been rendered in proceedings between the same parties, and covering the same subject matter, instituted 9 10 pursuant to this section.

11 "§ 17. Enforcement with respect to handlers

"(a) Any violation by a handler of the provisions of
regulations establishing an over-order price or a commission marketing order, or other regulations adopted pursuant to this compact shall:

16 "(1) Constitute a violation of the laws of each 17 of the signatory states. Such violation shall render 18 the violator subject to a civil penalty in an amount 19 as may be prescribed by the laws of each of the par-10 ticipating states, recoverable in any state or federal 20 court of competent jurisdiction. Each day such viola-22 tion continues shall constitute a separate violation.

23 "(2) Constitute grounds for the revocation of li24 cense or permit to engage in the milk business under
25 the applicable laws of the participating states.

"(b) With respect to handlers, the commission shall
 enforce the provisions of this compact, regulations estab lishing an over-order price, a commission marketing order
 or other regulations adopted hereunder by:

5 "(1) Commencing an action for legal or equi6 table relief brought in the name of the commission
7 of any state or federal court of competent jurisdic8 tion; or

9 "(2) Referral to the state agency for enforce-10 ment by judicial or administrative remedy with the 11 agreement of the appropriate state agency of a par-12 ticipating state.

13 "(c) With respect to handlers, the commission may 14 bring an action for injunction to enforce the provisions 15 of this compact or the order or regulations adopted there-16 under without being compelled to allege or prove that an 17 adequate remedy of law does not exist.

18 **"ARTICLE VII. FINANCE**

19 "§18. Finance of start-up and regular costs

20 "(a) To provide for its start-up costs, the commission 21 may borrow money pursuant to its general power under 22 section six, subdivision (d), paragraph four. In order to 23 finance the costs of administration and enforcement of 24 this compact, including payback of start-up costs, the 25 commission is hereby empowered to collect an assessment

from each handler who purchases milk from producers 1 2 within the region. If imposed, this assessment shall be col-3 lected on a monthly basis for up to one year from the date 4 the commission convenes, in an amount not to exceed 5 \$.015 per hundredweight of milk purchased from producers during the period of the assessment. The initial as-6 7 sessment may apply to the projected purchases of handlers 8 for the two-month period following the date the commis-9 sion convenes. In addition, if regulations establishing an 10 over-order price or a compact marketing order are adopted, they may include an assessment for the specific pur-11 12 pose of their administration. These regulations shall pro-13 vide for establishment of a reserve for the commission's 14 ongoing operating expenses.

15 "(b) The commission shall not pledge the credit of 16 any participating state or of the United States. Notes 17 issued by the commission and all other financial obliga-18 tions incurred by it, shall be its sole responsibility and no 19 participating state or the United States shall be liable 20 therefor.

21 "§ 19. Audit and accounts

"(a) The commission shall keep accurate accounts of
all receipts and disbursements, which shall be subject to
the audit and accounting procedures established under its
rules. In addition, all receipts and disbursements of funds

handled by the commission shall be audited yearly by a
 qualified public accountant and the report of the audit
 shall be included in and become part of the annual report
 of the commission.

5 "(b) The accounts of the commission shall be open 6 at any reasonable time for inspection by duly constituted 7 officers of the participating states and by any persons au-8 thorized by the commission.

9 "(c) Nothing contained in this article shall be con-10 strued to prevent commission compliance with laws relat-11 ing to audit or inspection of accounts by or on behalf of 12 any participating state or of the United States.

13 "ARTICLE VIII. ENTRY INTO 14 FORCE; ADDITIONAL MEM15 BERS AND WITHDRAWAL

16 "§ 20. Entry into force; additional members

17 "The compact shall enter into force effective when
18 enacted into law by any three states of the group of states
19 composed of Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Georgia, Ken20 tucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina,
21 Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia
22 and West Virginia and when the consent of Congress has
23 been obtained.

1 "§ 21. Withdrawal from compact

2 "Any participating state may withdraw from this 3 compact by enacting a statute repealing the same, but no such withdrawal shall take effect until one year after no-4 tice in writing of the withdrawal is given to the commis-5 sion and the governors of all other participating states. 6 7 No withdrawal shall affect any liability already incurred 8 by or chargeable to a participating state prior to the time of such withdrawal. 9

10 "§ 22. Severability

11 "If any part or provision of this compact is adjudged invalid by any court, such judgment shall be confined in 12 13 its operation to the part or provision directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been 14 15 rendered and shall not affect or impair the validity of the 16 remainder of this compact. In the event Congress consents to this compact subject to conditions, said conditions shall 17 18 not impair the validity of this compact when said condi-19 tions are accepted by three or more compacting states. A 20 compacting state may accept the conditions of Congress by implementation of this compact.". 21

22 SEC. 202. RESERVATION OF RIGHTS.

The right to alter, amend, or repeal this title isreserved.