Calendar No. 436

106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

S. 2081

Entitled the "Religious Liberty Protection Act of 2000".

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 22, 2000

Mr. HATCH introduced the following bill; which was read the first time

February 23, 2000

Read the second time and placed on the calendar

A BILL

Entitled the "Religious Liberty Protection Act of 2000".

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Religious Liberty Pro-
- 5 tection Act of 2000".
- 6 SEC. 2. PROTECTION OF RELIGIOUS EXERCISE.
- 7 (a) General Rule.—Except as provided in sub-
- 8 section (b), a government shall not substantially burden
- 9 a person's religious exercise—

- 1 (1) in a program or activity, operated by a gov-2 ernment, that receives Federal financial assistance; 3 or
- 4 (2) in any case in which the substantial burden 5 on the person's religious exercise affects, or in which 6 a removal of that substantial burden would affect, 7 commerce with foreign nations, among the several 8 States, or with Indian tribes;
- 9 even if the burden results from a rule of general applica-10 bility.
- 11 (b) EXCEPTION.—A government may substantially 12 burden a person's religious exercise if the government
- 13 demonstrates that application of the burden to the
- 14 person—
- 15 (1) is in furtherance of a compelling govern-16 mental interest; and
- 17 (2) is the least restrictive means of furthering 18 that compelling governmental interest.
- 19 (c) LIMITATION.—This Act does not apply if the only
- 20 basis for applying the Act is subsection (a)(2) and if the
- 21 government demonstrates that all similar religious exercise
- 22 and all substantial burdens on, or the removal of all sub-
- 23 stantial burdens from, similar religious exercise would not
- 24 lead in the aggregate to a substantial effect on commerce
- 25 or on activities having a substantial relation to commerce.

1	(d) Remedies of the United States.—Nothing					
2	in this section shall be construed to authorize the United					
3	States to deny or withhold Federal financial assistance as					
4	a remedy for a violation of this Act. Nothing in this sub-					
5	section shall be construed to deny, impair, or otherwise					
6	affect any right or authority of the Attorney General, the					
7	United States, or any agency, officer, or employee of the					
8	United States, under law other than this subsection, in					
9	cluding section 4(d), to institute or intervene in any action					
10	or proceeding.					
11	SEC. 3. ENFORCEMENT OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS.					
12	(a) Procedure.—If a claimant produces prima facie					
13	evidence to support a claim alleging a violation of the Free					
14	Exercise Clause or a violation of a provision of this Ac					
15	enforcing that clause, the government shall bear the bur-					
16	den of persuasion on any element of the claim, except that					
17	the claimant shall bear the burden of persuasion on wheth-					
18	er the law (including a regulation) or government practice					
19	that is challenged by the claim burdens or substantially					
20	burdens the claimant's exercise of religion.					
21	(b) LAND USE REGULATION.—					
22	(1) Limitation on land use regulation.—					
23	(A) Individualized assessments.—If,					
24	in applying or implementing any land use regu-					
25	lation (including an exemption), or system of					

1 land use regulations (including exemptions), a 2 government has the authority to make individ-3 ualized assessments of the proposed uses to 4 which real property would be put, the govern-5 ment may not impose a substantial burden on 6 the religious exercise of a religious assembly or 7 institution, or of a person in the person's home, 8 unless the government demonstrates that appli-9 cation of the burden to that assembly, institu-10 tion, or person—

- (i) is in furtherance of a compelling governmental interest; and
- (ii) is narrowly tailored to further that compelling governmental interest.
- (B) Equal terms.—No government shall impose or implement a land use regulation in a manner that does not treat religious assemblies or institutions on equal terms with nonreligious assemblies or institutions.
- (C) NONDISCRIMINATION.—No government shall impose or implement a land use regulation that discriminates against any assembly or institution on the basis of religion or religious denomination.

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- 1 (D) EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITS.—No gov2 ernment with zoning authority shall unreason3 ably exclude from the jurisdiction over which
 4 that government has authority, or unreasonably
 5 limit within that jurisdiction, assemblies or in6 stitutions principally devoted to religious exer7 cise.
- 8 (2) FULL FAITH AND CREDIT.—Adjudication of 9 a claim of a violation of the Free Exercise Clause or 10 this subsection in a non-Federal forum shall be enti-11 tled to full faith and credit in a Federal court only 12 if the claimant had a full and fair adjudication of 13 that claim in the non-Federal forum.
- 14 (3) Nonpreemption.—Nothing in this sub-15 section shall preempt State law that is equally or 16 more protective of religious exercise.

17 SEC. 4. JUDICIAL RELIEF.

- 18 (a) Cause of Action.—A person may assert a viola-
- 19 tion of this Act as a claim or defense in a judicial pro-
- 20 ceeding and obtain appropriate relief against a govern-
- 21 ment. Standing to assert a claim or defense under this
- 22 section shall be governed by the general rules of standing
- 23 under article III of the Constitution.
- 24 (b) Attorneys' Fees.—Section 722(b) of the Re-
- 25 vised Statutes (42 U.S.C. 1988(b)) is amended—

- 1 (1) by inserting "the Religious Liberty Protec-
- 2 tion Act of 2000," after "Religious Freedom Res-
- 3 toration Act of 1993,"; and
- 4 (2) by striking the comma that follows a
- 5 comma.
- 6 (c) Prisoners.—Any litigation under this Act in
- 7 which the claimant is a prisoner shall be subject to the
- 8 Prison Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (including provi-
- 9 sions of law amended by that Act).
- 10 (d) Authority of United States To Enforce
- 11 This Act.—The United States may bring an action for
- 12 injunctive or declaratory relief to enforce compliance with
- 13 this Act.
- 14 (e) Sovereign Immunity.—Nothing in this Act
- 15 shall be construed to abrogate the sovereign immunity of
- 16 a State.
- 17 SEC. 5. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.
- 18 (a) Religious Belief Unaffected.—Nothing in
- 19 this Act shall be construed to authorize any government
- 20 to burden any religious belief.
- 21 (b) Religious Exercise Not Regulated.—Noth-
- 22 ing in this Act shall create any basis for restricting or
- 23 burdening religious exercise or for claims against a reli-
- 24 gious organization, including any religiously affiliated
- 25 school or university, not acting under color of law.

- 1 (c) Claims to Funding Unaffected.—Nothing in
- 2 this Act shall create or preclude a right of any religious
- 3 organization to receive funding or other assistance from
- 4 a government, or of any person to receive government
- 5 funding for a religious activity, but this Act may require
- 6 government to incur expenses in its own operations to
- 7 avoid imposing a burden or a substantial burden on reli-
- 8 gious exercise.
- 9 (d) Other Authority To Impose Conditions on
- 10 Funding Unaffected.—Nothing in this Act shall—
- 11 (1) authorize a government to regulate or af-
- fect, directly or indirectly, the activities or policies of
- a person other than a government as a condition of
- receiving funding or other assistance; or
- 15 (2) restrict any authority that may exist under
- other law to so regulate or affect, except as provided
- in this Act.
- 18 (e) Governmental Discretion in Alleviating
- 19 Burdens on Religious Exercise.—A government may
- 20 avoid the preemptive force of any provision of this Act by
- 21 changing the policy or practice that results in a substan-
- 22 tial burden on religious exercise, by retaining the policy
- 23 or practice and exempting the substantially burdened reli-
- 24 gious exercise, by providing exemptions from the policy or
- 25 practice for applications that substantially burden reli-

- 1 gious exercise, or by any other means that eliminates the
- 2 substantial burden.
- 3 (f) Effect on Other Law.—With respect to a
- 4 claim brought to enforce section 2(a)(2), proof that a sub-
- 5 stantial burden on a person's religious exercise, or removal
- 6 of that burden, affects or would affect commerce shall not
- 7 establish any inference or presumption that Congress in-
- 8 tends that any religious exercise is, or is not, subject to
- 9 any law other than this Act.
- 10 (g) Broad Construction.—This Act shall be con-
- 11 strued in favor of a broad protection of religious exercise,
- 12 to the maximum extent permitted by the terms of this Act
- 13 and the Constitution.
- 14 (h) SEVERABILITY.—If any provision of this Act or
- 15 of an amendment made by this Act, or any application
- 16 of such provision to any person or circumstance, is held
- 17 to be unconstitutional, the remainder of this Act, the
- 18 amendments made by this Act, and the application of the
- 19 provision to any other person or circumstance shall not
- 20 be affected.

21 SEC. 6. ESTABLISHMENT CLAUSE UNAFFECTED.

- Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect, inter-
- 23 pret, or in any way address that portion of the first
- 24 amendment to the Constitution prohibiting laws respect-
- 25 ing an establishment of religion (referred to in this section

- 1 as the "Establishment Clause"). Granting government
- 2 funding, benefits, or exemptions, to the extent permissible
- 3 under the Establishment Clause, shall not constitute a vio-
- 4 lation of this Act. As used in this section, the term "grant-
- 5 ing", used with respect to government funding, benefits,
- 6 or exemptions, does not include the denial of government
- 7 funding, benefits, or exemptions.
- 8 SEC. 7. AMENDMENTS TO RELIGIOUS FREEDOM RESTORA-
- 9 TION ACT.
- 10 (a) Definitions.—Section 5 of the Religious Free-
- 11 dom Restoration Act of 1993 (42 U.S.C. 2000bb-2) is
- 12 amended—
- 13 (1) in paragraph (1), by striking "a State, or
- subdivision of a State" and inserting "a covered en-
- tity or a subdivision of such an entity";
- 16 (2) in paragraph (2), by striking "term" and all
- that follows through "includes" and inserting "term
- 18 'covered entity' means'; and
- 19 (3) in paragraph (4), by striking all after
- 20 "means," and inserting "religious exercise, as de-
- 21 fined in section 8 of the Religious Liberty Protection
- 22 Act of 2000.".
- 23 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section 6(a) of the
- 24 Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993 (42 U.S.C.
- 25 2000bb-3(a)) is amended by striking "and State".

1 SEC. 8. DEFINITIONS.

2	In this Act—
3	(1) the term "demonstrates" means meets the
4	burdens of going forward with the evidence and of
5	persuasion;
6	(2) the term "Free Exercise Clause" means
7	that portion of the first amendment to the Constitu-
8	tion that proscribes laws prohibiting the free exercise
9	of religion and includes the application of that pro-
10	scription under the 14th amendment to the Con-
11	stitution;
12	(3) the term "government"—
13	(A) means—
14	(i) a State, county, municipality, or
15	other governmental entity created under
16	the authority of a State;
17	(ii) any branch, department, agency,
18	instrumentality, subdivision, or official of
19	an entity listed in clause (i); and
20	(iii) any other person acting under
21	color of State law; and
22	(B) for the purposes of sections 3(a) and
23	5, includes the United States, a branch, depart-
24	ment, agency, instrumentality, subdivision, or
25	official of the United States, and any person
26	acting under color of Federal law;

1	(4) the term "land use regulation" means a law					
2	or decision by a government that limits or restrict					
3	a private person's use or development of land (in					
4	cluding a structure affixed to land), if—					
5	(A) the law or decision applies to 1 or					
6	more particular parcels of land or to land with					
7	in 1 or more designated geographical zones; and					
8	(B) the private person has an ownership					
9	leasehold, easement, servitude, or other prop					
10	erty interest in the regulated land or a contract					
11	or option to acquire such an interest;					
12	(5) the term "program or activity" means a					
13	program or activity as defined in paragraph (1) or					
14	(2) of section 606 of the Civil Rights Act of 1964					
15	(42 U.S.C. 2000d-4a); and					
16	(6) the term "religious exercise"—					
17	(A) means any exercise of religion, whether					
18	or not compelled by, or central to, a system of					
19	religious belief; and					
20	(B) includes—					
21	(i) the use, building, or conversion of					
22	real property by a person or entity intend-					
23	ing that property to be used for religious					
24	exercise; and					

1	(ii) any conduct protected as exercise
2	of religion under the first amendment to
3	the Constitution.

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