106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

H. RES. 420

Expressing support for a National Reflex Sympathetic Dystrophy (RSD) Month.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 9, 2000

Mr. Barrett of Wisconsin submitted the following resolution; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce

RESOLUTION

Expressing support for a National Reflex Sympathetic Dystrophy (RSD) Month.

- Whereas reflex sympathetic dystrophy (RSD) is an extremely painful progressive disease of the nervous system resulting from a simple trauma, infection, or surgery that can lead to chronic inflammation, spasms, burning pain, stiffness, and discoloration of the skin, muscles, blood vessels, and bones;
- Whereas RSD can strike at any time, and currently afflicts an estimated 7 million children and adults, the majority of whom are women;
- Whereas RSD is a complex and little-known disease, inhibiting the early diagnosis and treatment needed for recovery and contributing to dismissals of patients' pain and suffering;

Whereas there is no known cure for RSD and treatment involves multiple medications and therapies with costs that can be prohibitive; and

Whereas Bob, Lynne, and Keith Orsini founded the Reflex Sympathetic Dystrophy Hope Group (known as the RSDHope Group) in 1995, Betsy Herman established the RSDHope Teen Corner in 1998, and they all have worked tirelessly to provide information and support to RSD sufferers and their families and friends and to bring national attention to this crippling disease: Now, therefore, be it

- 1 Resolved, That it is the sense of the House of Rep-2 resentatives that—
- (1) all Americans should take an active role in combatting reflex sympathetic dystrophy (RSD) by recognizing its symptoms (which often follow an injury or surgery), such as constant burning pain, skin irritation, inflammation, muscle spasms, fatigue, and insomnia;
 - (2) national and community organizations should be recognized and applauded for their work in promoting awareness about RSD and for providing information and support to its sufferers;
 - (3) health care providers should continue to increase their efforts to diagnose the disease in its earliest possible stages to increase the likelihood of remission;

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1	(4) the Federal Government has a responsibility
2	to—
3	(A) endeavor to raise awareness about the
4	importance of the early detection and proper
5	treatment RSD;
6	(B) work to increase research funding so
7	that the causes of, and improved treatment and
8	cure for, RSD may be discovered; and
9	(C) continue to consider ways to improve
10	access to, and the quality of, health care serv-
11	ices for detecting and treating RSD; and
12	(5) a National Reflex Sympathetic Dystrophy
13	Awareness Month should be established to educate
14	the public about the nature and effects of this ter-
15	rible disease.

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