## H. Res. 25

## In the House of Representatives, U.S.,

July 19, 1999.

- Whereas the Governments of Peru and Ecuador have been engaged in a serious border dispute dating as far back as Spanish colonial times;
- Whereas the Rio Protocol signed in 1942 between Peru and Ecuador, and guaranteed by four nations including the United States, failed to settle the dispute;
- Whereas Peru and Ecuador have gone to war three times over the border areas with the most recent clashes taking place in 1995 resulting in dozens of deaths on both sides; and
- Whereas the Governments of Peru and Ecuador recently completed long and difficult negotiations and reached a final settlement of the dispute on October 26, 1998: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the House of Representatives—

(1) congratulates the Governments of Peru and Ecuador for ending the border dispute between their two countries which has been a source of armed conflict for over 50 years; (2) commends the Presidents of both nations for personally becoming involved in the negotiations and for reaching this historic agreement;

(3) recognizes the commitment of the Presidents of the guarantor nations of Argentina, Brazil, and Chile, along with the United States, in seeking a viable solution to the border dispute;

(4) urges both the Governments of Peru and Ecuador to honor the border settlement and to cooperate with each other in bringing peace, stability, and economic development to the troubled area; and

(5) reaffirms the commitment of the United States to support both governments in the implementation of the border agreement.

Attest:

Clerk.