106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H.R. 920

To expand the powers of the Secretary of the Treasury to regulate the manufacture, distribution, and sale of firearms and ammunition, and to expand the jurisdiction of the Secretary to include firearm products and nonpowder firearms.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 2, 1999

Mr. Kennedy of Rhode Island introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary

A BILL

- To expand the powers of the Secretary of the Treasury to regulate the manufacture, distribution, and sale of firearms and ammunition, and to expand the jurisdiction of the Secretary to include firearm products and nonpowder firearms.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
 - 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
 - 5 "Firearms Safety and Consumer Protection Act of 1999".
 - 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
 - 7 this Act is as follows:

- Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
- Sec. 2. Purposes.
- Sec. 3. Definitions.

TITLE I—REGULATION OF FIREARM PRODUCTS

- Sec. 101. Regulatory authority.
- Sec. 102. Orders; inspections.

TITLE II—PROHIBITIONS

- Sec. 201. Prohibitions.
- Sec. 202. Inapplicability to governmental authorities.

TITLE III—ENFORCEMENT

SUBTITLE A—CIVIL ENFORCEMENT

- Sec. 301. Civil penalties.
- Sec. 302. Injunctive enforcement and seizure.
- Sec. 303. Imminently hazardous firearms.
- Sec. 304. Private cause of action.
- Sec. 305. Private enforcement of this Act.
- Sec. 306. Effect on private remedies.

SUBTITLE B—CRIMINAL ENFORCEMENT

Sec. 351. Criminal penalties.

TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Firearm injury information and research.
- Sec. 402. Annual report to Congress.

TITLE V—RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER LAW

- Sec. 501. Subordination to the Arms Export Control Act.
- Sec. 502. Effect on State law.

1 SEC. 2. PURPOSES.

- 2 The purposes of this Act are—
- 3 (1) to protect the public against unreasonable
- 4 risk of injury and death associated with firearms
- 5 and related products;
- 6 (2) to develop safety standards for firearms and
- 7 related products;
- 8 (3) to assist consumers in evaluating the com-
- 9 parative safety of firearms and related products;

1	(4) to promote research and investigation into
2	the causes and prevention of firearm-related deaths
3	and injuries; and
4	(5) to restrict the availability of weapons that
5	pose an unreasonable risk of death or injury.
6	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
7	(a) Specific Terms.—In this Act:
8	(1) Firearms dealer.—The term "firearms
9	dealer" means—
10	(A) any person engaged in the business (as
11	defined in section 921(a)(21)(C) of title 18,
12	United States Code) of dealing in firearms at
13	wholesale or retail;
14	(B) any person engaged in the business (as
15	defined in section 921(a)(21)(D) of title 18,
16	United States Code) of repairing firearms or of
17	making or fitting special barrels, stocks, or trig-
18	ger mechanisms to firearms; and
19	(C) any person who is a pawnbroker.
20	(2) Firearm part.—The term "firearm part"
21	means—
22	(A) any part or component of a firearm as
23	originally manufactured;
24	(B) any good manufactured or sold—

1	(i) for replacement or improvement of
2	a firearm; or
3	(ii) as any accessory or addition to the
4	firearm; and
5	(C) any good that is not a part or compo-
6	nent of a firearm and is manufactured, sold, de-
7	livered, offered, or intended for use exclusively
8	to safeguard individuals from injury by a fire-
9	arm.
10	(3) Firearm product.—The term "firearm
11	product" means a firearm, firearm part, nonpowder
12	firearm, and ammunition.
13	(4) FIREARM SAFETY REGULATION.—The term
14	"firearm safety regulation" means a regulation pre-
15	scribed under this Act.
16	(5) FIREARM SAFETY STANDARD.—The term
17	"firearm safety standard" means a standard pro-
18	mulgated under this Act.
19	(6) Nonpowder firearm.—The term "non-
20	powder firearm" means a device specifically designed
21	to discharge BBs, pellets, darts, or similar projec-
22	tiles by the release of stored energy.
23	(7) Secretary.—The term "Secretary" means
24	the Secretary of the Treasury or the designee of the
25	Secretary.

1	(b) OTHER TERMS.—Each term used in this Act that
2	is not defined in subsection (a) shall have the meaning
3	(if any) given that term in section 921(a) of title 18
4	United States Code.
5	TITLE I—REGULATION OF
6	FIREARM PRODUCTS
7	SEC. 101. REGULATORY AUTHORITY.
8	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall prescribe
9	such regulations governing the design, manufacture, and
10	performance of, and commerce in, firearm products, con-
11	sistent with this Act, as are reasonably necessary to reduce
12	or prevent unreasonable risk of injury resulting from the
13	use of those products.
14	(b) Maximum Interval Between Issuance of
15	PROPOSED AND FINAL REGULATION.—Not later than 120
16	days after the date on which the Secretary issues a pro-
17	posed regulation under subsection (a) with respect to a
18	matter, the Secretary shall issue a regulation in final form
19	with respect to the matter.
20	(c) Petitions.—
21	(1) In general.—Any person may petition the
22	Secretary to—
23	(A) issue, amend, or repeal a regulation
24	prescribed under subsection (a) of this section
25	or

1	(B) require the recall, repair, or replace-
2	ment of a firearm product, or the issuance of
3	refunds with respect to a firearm product.
4	(2) Deadline for action on petition.—Not
5	later than 120 days after the date on which the Sec-
6	retary receives a petition referred to in paragraph
7	(1), the Secretary shall—
8	(A) grant, in whole or in part, or deny the
9	petition; and
10	(B) provide the petitioner with the reasons
11	for granting or denying the petition.
12	SEC. 102. ORDERS; INSPECTIONS.
13	(a) Authority To Prohibit Manufacture, Sale,
14	OR TRANSFER OF FIREARM PRODUCTS MADE, IMPORTED,
15	Transferred, or Distributed in Violation of Reg-
16	ULATION.—The Secretary may issue an order prohibiting
17	the manufacture, sale, or transfer of a firearm product
18	which the Secretary finds has been manufactured, or has
19	been or is intended to be imported, transferred, or distrib-
20	uted in violation of a regulation prescribed under this Act.
21	(b) Authority To Require the Recall, Repair,
22	OR REPLACEMENT OF, OR THE PROVISION OF REFUNDS
23	WITH RESPECT TO FIREARM PRODUCTS.—The Secretary
24	may issue an order requiring the manufacturer of, and
25	any dealer in, a firearm product which the Secretary de-

1	termines poses an unreasonable risk of injury to the pub-
2	lic, is not in compliance with a regulation prescribed under
3	this Act, or is defective, to—
4	(1) provide notice of the risks associated with
5	the product, and of how to avoid or reduce the risks
6	to—
7	(A) the public;
8	(B) in the case of the manufacturer of the
9	product, each dealer in the product; and
10	(C) in the case of a dealer in the product
11	the manufacturer of the product and the other
12	persons known to the dealer as dealers in the
13	product;
14	(2) bring the product into conformity with the
15	regulations prescribed under this Act;
16	(3) repair the product;
17	(4) replace the product with a like or equivalent
18	product which is in compliance with those regula-
19	tions;
20	(5) refund the purchase price of the product
21	or, if the product is more than 1 year old, a lessen
22	amount based on the value of the product after rea-
23	sonable use;
24	(6) recall the product from the stream of com-
25	merce; or

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(7) submit to the Secretary a satisfactory plan

2	for implementation of any action required under this
3	subsection.
4	(c) Authority To Prohibit Manufacture, Im-
5	PORTATION, TRANSFER, DISTRIBUTION, OR EXPORT OF
6	UNREASONABLY RISKY FIREARM PRODUCTS.—The Sec-
7	retary may issue an order prohibiting the manufacture
8	importation, transfer, distribution, or export of a firearm
9	product if the Secretary determines that the exercise of
10	other authority under this Act would not be sufficient to
11	prevent the product from posing an unreasonable risk of
12	injury to the public.
13	(d) Inspections.—In order to ascertain compliance
14	with this Act and the regulations and orders issued under
15	this Act, the Secretary may, at reasonable times—
16	(1) enter any place in which firearm products
17	are manufactured, stored, or held, for distribution in
18	commerce, and inspect those areas where the prod-
19	ucts are manufactured, stored, or held; and
20	(2) enter and inspect any conveyance being
21	used to transport a firearm product.
22	TITLE II—PROHIBITIONS
23	SEC. 201. PROHIBITIONS.
24	(a) Failure of Manufacturer To Test and

1	the manufacturer of a firearm product to transfer, distrib-
2	ute, or export a firearm product unless—
3	(1) the manufacturer has tested the product in
4	order to ascertain whether the product is in con-
5	formity with the regulations prescribed under section
6	101;
7	(2) the product is in conformity with those reg-
8	ulations; and
9	(3) the manufacturer has included in the pack-
10	aging of the product, and furnished to each person
11	to whom the product is distributed, a certificate
12	stating that the product is in conformity with those
13	regulations.
14	(b) Failure of Manufacturer To Provide No-
15	TICE OF NEW TYPES OF FIREARM PRODUCTS.—It shall
16	be unlawful for the manufacturer of a new type of firearm
17	product to manufacture the product, unless the manufac-
18	turer has provided the Secretary with—
19	(1) notice of the intent of the manufacturer to
20	manufacture the product; and
21	(2) a description of the product.
22	(e) Failure of Manufacturer or Dealer To
23	LABEL FIREARM PRODUCTS.—It shall be unlawful for a

24 manufacturer of or dealer in firearms to transfer, distrib-

ute, or export a firearm product unless the product is ac-2 companied by a label that contains— 3 (1) the name and address of the manufacturer of the product; (2) the name and address of any importer of 5 6 the product; 7 (3) a specification of the regulations prescribed 8 under this Act that apply to the product; and 9 (4) the certificate required by subsection (a)(3) 10 with respect to the product. 11 (d) Failure To Maintain or Permit Inspection 12 OF RECORDS.—It shall be unlawful for an importer of, 13 manufacturer of, or dealer in a firearm product to fail 14 to— 15 (1) maintain such records, and supply such in-16 formation, as the Secretary may require in order to 17 ascertain compliance with this Act and the regula-18 tions and orders issued under this Act; and 19 (2) permit the Secretary to inspect and copy 20 those records at reasonable times. 21 (e) IMPORTATION EXPORTATION AND OFUncertified Firearm Products.—It shall be unlawful 23 for any person to import into the United States or export a firearm product that is not accompanied by the certificate required by subsection (a)(3).

- 1 (f) Commerce in Firearm Products in Viola-
- 2 TION OF ORDER ISSUED OR REGULATION PRESCRIBED
- 3 Under This Act.—It shall be unlawful for any person
- 4 to manufacture, offer for sale, distribute in commerce, im-
- 5 port into the United States, or export a firearm product—
- 6 (1) that is not in conformity with the regula-
- 7 tions prescribed under this Act; or
- 8 (2) in violation of an order issued under this
- 9 Act.
- 10 (g) Stockpiling.—It shall be unlawful for any per-
- 11 son to manufacture, purchase, or import a firearm prod-
- 12 uct, after the date a regulation is prescribed under this
- 13 Act with respect to the product and before the date the
- 14 regulation takes effect, at a rate that is significantly great-
- 15 er than the rate at which the person manufactured, pur-
- 16 chased, or imported the product during a base period (pre-
- 17 scribed by the Secretary in regulations) ending before the
- 18 date the regulation is so prescribed.
- 19 SEC. 202. INAPPLICABILITY TO GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORI-
- 20 TIES.
- 21 Section 201 does not apply to any department or
- 22 agency of the United States, of a State, or of a political
- 23 subdivision of a State, or to any official conduct of any
- 24 officer or employee of such a department or agency.

1 TITLE III—ENFORCEMENT

2 Subtitle A—Civil Enforcement

3	SEC. 301. CIVIL PENALTIES.
4	(a) Authority To Impose Fines.—
5	(1) In general.—The Secretary shall impose
6	upon any person who violates section 201 a civil fine
7	in an amount that does not exceed the applicable
8	amount described in subsection (b).
9	(2) Scope of offense.—Each violation of sec-
10	tion 201 (other than of subsection (a)(3) or (d) of
11	that section) shall constitute a separate offense with
12	respect to each firearm product involved.
13	(b) Applicable Amount.—
14	(1) First 5-year period.—The applicable
15	amount for the 5-year period immediately following
16	the date of enactment of this Act is \$5,000.
17	(2) Thereafter.—The applicable amount dur-
18	ing any time after the 5-year period described in
19	paragraph (1) is \$10,000.
20	SEC. 302. INJUNCTIVE ENFORCEMENT AND SEIZURE.
21	(a) Injunctive Enforcement.—Upon request of
22	the Secretary, the Attorney General of the United States
23	may bring an action to restrain any violation of section
24	201 in the United States district court for any district

1	in which the violation has occurred, or in which the de-
2	fendant is found or transacts business.
3	(b) Condemnation.—
4	(1) In general.—Upon request of the Sec-
5	retary, the Attorney General of the United States
6	may bring an action in rem for condemnation of a
7	qualified firearm product in the United States dis-
8	trict court for any district in which the Secretary
9	has found and seized for confiscation the product.
10	(2) Qualified firearm product defined.—
11	In paragraph (1), the term "qualified firearm prod-
12	uct" means a firearm product—
13	(A) that is being transported or having
14	been transported remains unsold, is sold or of-
15	fered for sale, is imported, or is to be exported;
16	and
17	(B)(i) that is not in compliance with a reg-
18	ulation prescribed or an order issued under this
19	Act; or
20	(ii) with respect to which relief has been
21	granted under section 303.
22	SEC. 303. IMMINENTLY HAZARDOUS FIREARMS.
23	(a) In General.—Notwithstanding the pendency of
24	any other proceeding in a court of the United States, the
25	Secretary may bring an action in a United States district

1	court to restrain any person who is a manufacturer of,
2	or dealer in, an imminently hazardous firearm product
3	from manufacturing, distributing, transferring, importing,
4	or exporting the product.
5	(b) Imminently Hazardous Firearm Product.—
6	In subsection (a), the term "imminently hazardous fire-
7	arm product" means any firearm product with respect to
8	which the Secretary determines that—
9	(1) the product poses an unreasonable risk of
10	injury to the public; and
11	(2) time is of the essence in protecting the pub-
12	lic from the risks posed by the product.
13	(c) Relief.—In an action brought under subsection
14	(a), the court may grant such temporary or permanent
15	relief as may be necessary to protect the public from the
16	risks posed by the firearm product, including—
17	(1) seizure of the product; and
18	(2) an order requiring—
19	(A) the purchasers of the product to be no-
20	tified of the risks posed by the product;
21	(B) the public to be notified of the risks
22	posed by the product; or
23	(C) the defendant to recall, repair, or re-
24	place the product, or refund the purchase price
25	of the product (or, if the product is more than

- 1 year old, a lesser amount based on the value
- 2 of the product after reasonable use).
- 3 (d) Venue.—An action under subsection (a)(2) may
- 4 be brought in the United States district court for the Dis-
- 5 trict of Columbia or for any district in which any defend-
- 6 ant is found or transacts business.

7 SEC. 304. PRIVATE CAUSE OF ACTION.

- 8 (a) In General.—Any person aggrieved by any vio-
- 9 lation of this Act or of any regulation prescribed or order
- 10 issued under this Act by another person may bring an ac-
- 11 tion against such other person in any United States dis-
- 12 trict court for damages, including consequential damages.
- 13 In any action under this section, the court, in its discre-
- 14 tion, may award to a prevailing plaintiff a reasonable at-
- 15 torney's fee as part of the costs.
- 16 (b) Rule of Interpretation.—The remedy pro-
- 17 vided for in subsection (a) shall be in addition to any other
- 18 remedy provided by common law or under Federal or State
- 19 law.

20 SEC. 305. PRIVATE ENFORCEMENT OF THIS ACT.

- 21 Any interested person may bring an action in any
- 22 United States district court to enforce this Act, or restrain
- 23 any violation of this Act or of any regulation prescribed
- 24 or order issued under this Act. In any action under this
- 25 section, the court, in its discretion, may award to a pre-

- 1 vailing plaintiff a reasonable attorney's fee as part of the
- 2 costs.

3 SEC. 306. EFFECT ON PRIVATE REMEDIES.

- 4 (a) IRRELEVANCY OF COMPLIANCE WITH THIS
- 5 Act.—Compliance with this Act or any order issued or
- 6 regulation prescribed under this Act shall not relieve any
- 7 person from liability to any person under common law or
- 8 State statutory law.
- 9 (b) Irrelevancy of Failure To Take Action
- 10 Under This Act.—The failure of the Secretary to take
- 11 any action authorized under this Act shall not be admissi-
- 12 ble in litigation relating to the product under common law
- 13 or State statutory law.

14 Subtitle B—Criminal Enforcement

- 15 SEC. 351. CRIMINAL PENALTIES.
- Any person who has received from the Secretary a
- 17 notice that the person has violated a provision of this Act
- 18 or of a regulation prescribed under this Act with respect
- 19 to a firearm product and knowingly violates that provision
- 20 with respect to the product shall be fined under title 18,
- 21 United States Code, imprisoned not more than 2 years,
- 22 or both.

1 TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE 2 PROVISIONS

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3	SEC. 401. FIREARM INJURY INFORMATION AND RESEARCH.
4	(a) In General.—The Secretary shall—
5	(1) maintain a Firearm Injury Information
6	Clearinghouse to collect, investigate, analyze, and
7	disseminate data and information relating to the
8	causes and prevention of death and injury associated
9	with firearms;
10	(2) conduct continuing studies and investiga-
11	tions of firearm-related deaths and injuries and the
12	resulting economic costs and losses;
13	(3) collect and maintain current production and
14	sales figures for each firearms manufacturer licensed
15	under section 923 of title 18, United States Code;
16	(4) conduct research on, studies of, and inves-
17	tigation into the safety of firearm products and im-
18	proving the safety of firearm products; and
19	(5) develop firearm safety testing methods and
20	testing devices.
21	(b) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION.—On a regular
22	basis, but not less frequently than annually, the Secretary
23	shall make available to the public the results of the activi-
24	ties of the Secretary under paragraphs (1), (2), and (3)
25	of subsection (a).

(a) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary shall prepare and

1 SEC. 402. ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS.

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3	submit to the President and Congress at the beginning
4	of each regular session of Congress, a comprehensive re-
5	port on the administration of this Act for the most re-
6	cently completed fiscal year.
7	(b) Contents.—Each report submitted under sub-
8	section (a) shall include—
9	(1) a thorough appraisal, including statistical
10	analyses and projections, of the incidence of injury
11	and death and effects on the population resulting
12	from firearm products, with a breakdown, as prac-
13	ticable, among the various types of such products as-
14	sociated with the injuries and deaths;
15	(2) a list of firearm safety regulations pre-
16	scribed that year;
17	(3) an evaluation of the degree of compliance
18	with firearm safety regulations, including a list of
19	enforcement actions, court decisions, and settlements
20	of alleged violations, by name and location of the vi-
21	olator or alleged violator, as the case may be;
22	(4) a summary of the outstanding problems
23	hindering enforcement of this Act, in the order of
24	priority; and
25	(5) a log and summary of meetings between the
26	Secretary or employees of the Secretary and rep-

- 19 1 resentatives of industry, interested groups, or other 2 interested parties. TITLE V—RELATIONSHIP TO 3 OTHER LAW 4 SEC. 501. SUBORDINATION TO ARMS EXPORT CONTROL 6 ACT. 7 In the event of any conflict between any provision of 8 this Act and any provision of the Arms Export Control Act, the provision of the Arms Export Control Act shall 10 control. SEC. 502. EFFECT ON STATE LAW. 12 (a) In General.—This Act shall not be construed to preempt any provision of the law of any State or political subdivision thereof, or prevent a State or political sub-14 15 division thereof from enacting any provision of law regulating or prohibiting conduct with respect to a firearm product, except to the extent that such provision of law is inconsistent with any provision of this Act, and then only to the extent of the inconsistency. 19 (b) Rule of Construction.—A provision of State
- 20 21 law is not inconsistent with this Act if the provision imposes a regulation or prohibition of greater scope or a pen-23 alty of greater severity than any prohibition or penalty imposed by this Act.

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