H. R. 719

To amend the Public Health Service Act and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

February 11, 1999

Mr. Ganske (for himself, Mrs. Roukema, Mr. Leach, Mr. Wamp, Mr. Forbes, Mr. Petri, Mr. Shays, Mr. Horn, Mr. Frelinghuysen, Mr. Foley, and Mr. Cooksey) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce, and in addition to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To amend the Public Health Service Act and the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 to protect consumers in managed care plans and other health coverage.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Managed Care Reform Act of 1999".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents of
- 7 this Act is as follows:

Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.

TITLE I—MANAGED CARE CONSUMER PROTECTIONS

Subtitle A—Access to Care

- Sec. 101. Access to emergency care.
- Sec. 102. Offering of choice of coverage options under group health plans.
- Sec. 103. Choice of providers.
- Sec. 104. Access to specialty care.
- Sec. 105. Continuity of care.
- Sec. 106. Coverage for individuals participating in approved clinical trials.
- Sec. 107. Access to needed prescription drugs.
- Sec. 108. Adequacy of provider network.

Subtitle B—Quality Assurance

Sec. 111. Standards for utilization review activities.

Subtitle C—Patient Information

- Sec. 121. Patient information.
- Sec. 122. Protection of patient confidentiality.
- Sec. 123. Health insurance ombudsmen.

Subtitle D—Grievance and Appeals Procedures

- Sec. 131. Establishment of grievance process.
- Sec. 132. Internal appeals of adverse determinations.
- Sec. 133. External appeals of adverse determinations.

Subtitle E—Protecting the Doctor-Patient Relationship

- Sec. 141. Prohibition of interference with certain medical communications.
- Sec. 142. Prohibition against transfer of indemnification or improper incentive arrangements.
- Sec. 143. Additional rules regarding participation of health care professionals.
- Sec. 144. Protection for patient advocacy.

Subtitle F—Promoting Good Medical Practice

- Sec. 151. Promoting good medical practice.
- Sec. 152. Standards relating to benefits for certain breast cancer treatment.

Subtitle G—Definitions

- Sec. 191. Definitions.
- Sec. 192. Preemption; State flexibility; construction.
- Sec. 193. Regulations.

TITLE II—APPLICATION OF PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE UNDER PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE ACT

- Sec. 201. Application to group health plans and group health insurance coverage.
- Sec. 202. Application to individual health insurance coverage.

TITLE III—AMENDMENTS TO THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY ACT OF 1974

Sec. 301. Application of patient protection standards to group health plans and group health insurance coverage under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974.

Sec. 302. ERISA preemption not to apply to certain actions involving health insurance policyholders.

TITLE IV—EFFECTIVE DATES; COORDINATION IN IMPLEMENTATION

TITLE I—MANAGED CARE

Sec. 401. Effective dates.

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Sec. 402. Coordination in implementation.

CONSUMER PROTECTIONS 2 Subtitle A—Access to Care 3 SEC. 101. ACCESS TO EMERGENCY CARE. 4 5 (a) Coverage of Emergency Services.— 6 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or 7 health insurance coverage offered by a health insur-8 ance issuer, provides any benefits with respect to 9 emergency services (as defined in paragraph (2)(B)), 10 the plan or issuer shall cover emergency services fur-11 nished under the plan or coverage— 12 (A) without the need for any prior author-13 ization determination; 14 (B) whether or not the health care pro-15 vider furnishing such services is a participating 16 provider with respect to such services; 17 (C) in a manner so that, if such services

are provided to a participant, beneficiary, or en-

rollee by a nonparticipating health care provider

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the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee is not liable for amounts that exceed the amounts of liability that would be incurred if the services were provided by a participating health care provider; and

(D) without regard to any other term or condition of such coverage (other than exclusion or coordination of benefits, or an affiliation or waiting period, permitted under section 2701 of the Public Health Service Act, section 701 of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, or section 9801 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, and other than applicable cost-sharing).

(2) Definitions.—In this section:

(A) EMERGENCY MEDICAL CONDITION BASED ON PRUDENT LAYPERSON STANDARD.—
The term "emergency medical condition" means a medical condition manifesting itself by acute symptoms of sufficient severity (including severe pain) such that a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, could reasonably expect the absence of immediate medical attention to result in a condition described in clause (i), (ii), or (iii) of

1	section 1867(e)(1)(A) of the Social Security
2	Act.
3	(B) Emergency services.—The term
4	"emergency services" means—
5	(i) a medical screening examination
6	(as required under section 1867 of the So-
7	cial Security Act) that is within the capa-
8	bility of the emergency department of a
9	hospital, including ancillary services rou-
10	tinely available to the emergency depart-
11	ment to evaluate an emergency medical
12	condition (as defined in subparagraph
13	(A)), and
14	(ii) within the capabilities of the staff
15	and facilities available at the hospital, such
16	further medical examination and treatment
17	as are required under section 1867 of such
18	Act to stabilize the patient.
19	(b) Reimbursement for Maintenance Care and
20	Post-Stabilization Care.—In the case of services
21	(other than emergency services) for which benefits are
22	available under a group health plan, or under health insur-
23	ance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, the
24	plan or issuer shall provide for reimbursement with re-
25	spect to such services provided to a participant, bene-

- 1 ficiary, or enrollee other than through a participating
- 2 health care provider in a manner consistent with sub-
- 3 section (a)(1)(C) (and shall otherwise comply with the
- 4 guidelines established under section 1852(d)(2) of the So-
- 5 cial Security Act (relating to promoting efficient and time-
- 6 ly coordination of appropriate maintenance and post-sta-
- 7 bilization care of an enrollee after an enrollee has been
- 8 determined to be stable), or, in the absence of guidelines
- 9 under such section, such guidelines as the Secretary shall
- 10 establish to carry out this subsection), if the services are
- 11 maintenance care or post-stabilization care covered under
- 12 such guidelines.

13 SEC. 102. OFFERING OF CHOICE OF COVERAGE OPTIONS

- 14 UNDER GROUP HEALTH PLANS.
- 15 (a) Requirement.—
- 16 (1) Offering of Point-of-Service Cov-
- 17 ERAGE OPTION.—Except as provided in paragraph
- 18 (2), if a group health plan (or health insurance cov-
- erage offered by a health insurance issuer in connec-
- 20 tion with a group health plan) provides benefits only
- 21 through participating health care providers, the plan
- or issuer shall offer the participant the option to
- purchase point-of-service coverage (as defined in
- subsection (b)) for all such benefits for which cov-
- erage is otherwise so limited. Such option shall be

- made available to the participant at the time of enrollment under the plan or coverage and at such other times as the plan or issuer offers the participant a choice of coverage options.
 - (2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply with respect to a participant in a group health plan if the plan offers the participant—
- 8 (A) a choice of health insurance coverage; 9 and
 - (B) one or more coverage options which do not provide benefits only through participating health care providers and which provide for payment for nonparticipating providers in an amount that is not less than the amount paid to a participating provider for the same services.
- 17 (b) Point-of-Service Coverage Defined.—In
 18 this section, the term "point-of-service coverage" means,
 19 with respect to benefits covered under a group health plan
 20 or health insurance issuer, coverage of such benefits when
 21 provided by a nonparticipating health care provider
 22 through payment of an amount that is not less than the
 23 amount paid to a participating health care provider for
 24 the same services. Such coverage need not include cov-

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- 1 erage of providers that the plan or issuer excludes because
- 2 of fraud, quality, or similar reasons.
- 3 (c) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
- 4 construed—
- 5 (1) as requiring coverage for benefits for a par-
- 6 ticular type of health care provider;
- 7 (2) as requiring an employer to pay any costs
- 8 as a result of this section or to make equal contribu-
- 9 tions with respect to different health coverage op-
- tions; or
- 11 (3) as preventing a group health plan or health
- insurance issuer from imposing higher premiums or
- 13 cost-sharing on a participant for the exercise of a
- point-of-service coverage option.
- 15 (d) No Requirement for Guaranteed Avail-
- 16 ABILITY.—If a health insurance issuer offers health insur-
- 17 ance coverage that includes point-of-service coverage with
- 18 respect to an employer solely in order to meet the require-
- 19 ment of subsection (a), nothing in section 2711(a)(1)(A)
- 20 of the Public Health Service Act shall be construed as re-
- 21 quiring the offering of such coverage with respect to an-
- 22 other employer.
- 23 SEC. 103. CHOICE OF PROVIDERS.
- 24 (a) Primary Care.—A group health plan, and a
- 25 health insurance issuer that offers health insurance cov-

- 1 erage, shall permit each participant, beneficiary, and en-
- 2 rollee to receive primary care from any participating pri-
- 3 mary care provider who is available to accept such individ-
- 4 ual.

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5 (b) Specialists.—

- 6 (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), a 7 group health plan and a health insurance issuer that 8 offers health insurance coverage shall permit each 9 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee to receive medi-10 cally necessary or appropriate specialty care, pursu-11 ant to appropriate referral procedures, from any 12 qualified participating health care provider who is 13 available to accept such individual for such care.
 - (2) LIMITATION.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to specialty care if the plan or issuer clearly informs participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees of the limitations on choice of participating providers with respect to such care.

19 SEC. 104. ACCESS TO SPECIALTY CARE.

- 20 (a) Obstetrical and Gynecological Care.—
- 21 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or a 22 health insurance issuer in connection with the provi-23 sion of health insurance coverage, requires or pro-

- designate a participating primary care provider, the
 plan or issuer—
 - (A) may not require authorization or a referral by the individual's primary care provider or otherwise for coverage of routine gynecological care (such as preventive women's health examinations) and pregnancy-related services provided by a participating health care professional who specializes in obstetrics and gynecology to the extent such care is otherwise covered, and
 - (B) may treat the ordering of other gynecological care by such a participating physician as the authorization of the primary care provider with respect to such care under the plan or coverage.
- 17 (2) Construction.—Nothing in paragraph
 18 (1)(B) shall waive any requirements of coverage re19 lating to medical necessity or appropriateness with
 20 respect to coverage of gynecological care so ordered.
- 21 (b) PEDIATRIC CARE.—If a group health plan, or a 22 health insurance issuer in connection with the provision 23 of health insurance coverage, requires or providers for an 24 enrollee to designate a participating primary care provider 25 for a child of such enrollee, the plan or issuer shall permit

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1	the enrollee to designate a physician who specializes in pe-
2	diatrics as the child's primary care provider.
3	(c) Specialty Care.—
4	(1) Specialty care for covered serv-
5	ICES.—
6	(A) In general.—If—
7	(i) an individual is a participant or
8	beneficiary under a group health plan or
9	an enrollee who is covered under health in-
10	surance coverage offered by a health insur-
11	ance issuer,
12	(ii) the individual has a condition or
13	disease of sufficient seriousness and com-
14	plexity to require treatment by a specialist
15	and
16	(iii) benefits for such treatment are
17	provided under the plan or coverage,
18	the plan or issuer shall make or provide for a
19	referral to a specialist who is available and ac-
20	cessible to provide the treatment for such condi-
21	tion or disease.
22	(B) Specialist defined.—For purposes
23	of this subsection, the term "specialist" means
24	with respect to a condition, a health care practi-
25	tioner, facility, or center (such as a center of

1	excellence) that has adequate expertise through
2	appropriate training and experience (including,
3	in the case of a child, appropriate pediatric ex-
4	pertise) to provide high quality care in treating
5	the condition.
6	(C) CARE UNDER REFERRAL.—A group
7	health plan or health insurance issuer may re-
8	quire that the care provided to an individual
9	pursuant to such referral under subparagraph
10	(A) be—
11	(i) pursuant to a treatment plan, only
12	if the treatment plan is developed by the
13	specialist and approved by the plan or
14	issuer, in consultation with the designated
15	primary care provider or specialist and the
16	individual (or the individual's designee),
17	and
18	(ii) in accordance with applicable
19	quality assurance and utilization review
20	standards of the plan or issuer.
21	Nothing in this subsection shall be construed as
22	preventing such a treatment plan for an individ-
23	ual from requiring a specialist to provide the
24	primary care provider with regular updates on

the specialty care provided, as well as all necessary medical information.

- (D) Referrals to participating provider with respect to such treatment.
- (E) Treatment of nonparticipating provided pursuant to a nonparticipating specialist pursuant to subparagraph (A), services provided pursuant to the approved treatment plan (if any) shall be provided at no additional cost to the individual beyond what the individual would otherwise pay for services received by such a specialist that is a participating provider.
- (2) Specialists as gatekeeper for treatment of ongoing special conditions.—
- (A) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, or a health insurance issuer, in connection with the provision of health insurance coverage, shall

have a procedure by which an individual who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee and who has an ongoing special condition (as defined in subparagraph (C)) may receive a referral to a specialist for such condition who shall be responsible for and capable of providing and coordinating the individual's care with respect to the condition. If such an individual's care would most appropriately be coordinated by such a specialist, such plan or issuer shall refer the individual to such specialist.

- (B) TREATMENT AS PRIMARY CARE PRO-VIDER FOR RELATED REFERRALS.—Such specialist shall be permitted to treat the individual without a referral from the individual's primary care provider and may authorize such referrals, procedures, tests, and other medical services as the individual's primary care provider would otherwise be permitted to provide or authorize, subject to the terms of the treatment plan (referred to in paragraph (1)(C)(i)) with respect to the ongoing special condition.
- (C) ONGOING SPECIAL CONDITION DE-FINED.—In this paragraph, the term "ongoing

1	special condition" means a condition or disease
2	that—
3	(i) is life-threatening, degenerative, or

- (i) is life-threatening, degenerative, or disabling, and
- (ii) requires specialized medical care over a prolonged period of time.
- (D) TERMS OF REFERRAL.—The provisions of subparagraphs (C) through (E) of paragraph (1) apply with respect to referrals under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph in the same manner as they apply to referrals under paragraph (1)(A).

(3) Standing referrals.—

(A) In general.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer in connection with the provision of health insurance coverage, shall have a procedure by which an individual who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee and who has a condition that requires ongoing care from a specialist may receive a standing referral to such specialist for treatment of such condition. If the plan or issuer, or if the primary care provider in consultation with the medical director of the plan or issuer and the specialist (if any), determines that such a

standing referral is appropriate, the plan or issuer shall make such a referral to such a specialist.

(B) Terms of Referral.—The provisions of subparagraphs (C) through (E) of paragraph (1) apply with respect to referrals under subparagraph (A) of this paragraph in the same manner as they apply to referrals under paragraph (1)(A).

10 SEC. 105. CONTINUITY OF CARE.

(a) IN GENERAL.—

(1) TERMINATION OF PROVIDER.—If a contract between a group health plan, or a health insurance issuer in connection with the provision of health insurance coverage, and a health care provider is terminated (as defined in paragraph (3)), or benefits or coverage provided by a health care provider are terminated because of a change in the terms of provider participation in a group health plan, and an individual who is a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee in the plan or coverage is undergoing a course of treatment from the provider at the time of such termination, the plan or issuer shall—

(A) notify the individual on a timely basis of such termination, and

- 1 (B) subject to subsection (c), permit the 2 individual to continue or be covered with re-3 spect to the course of treatment with the pro-4 vider during a transitional period (provided 5 under subsection (b)).
 - (2) TREATMENT OF TERMINATION OF CONTRACT WITH HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUER.—If a contract for the provision of health insurance coverage between a group health plan and a health insurance issuer is terminated and, as a result of such termination, coverage of services of a health care provider is terminated with respect to an individual, the provisions of paragraph (1) (and the succeeding provisions of this section) shall apply under the plan in the same manner as if there had been a contract between the plan and the provider that had been terminated, but only with respect to benefits that are covered under the plan after the contract termination.
 - (3) TERMINATION.—In this section, the term "terminated" includes, with respect to a contract, the expiration or nonrenewal of the contract, but does not include a termination of the contract by the plan or issuer for failure to meet applicable quality standards or for fraud.

(b) Transitional Period.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in paragraphs (2) through (4), the transitional period under this subsection shall extend for at least 90 days from the date of the notice described in subsection (a)(1)(A) of the provider's termination.
- (2) Institutional care.—The transitional period under this subsection for institutional or inpatient care from a provider shall extend until the discharge or termination of the period of institutionalization and also shall include institutional care provided within a reasonable time of the date of termination of the provider status if the care was scheduled before the date of the announcement of the termination of the provider status under subsection (a)(1)(A) or if the individual on such date was on an established waiting list or otherwise scheduled to have such care.

(3) Pregnancy.—If—

- (A) a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee has entered the second trimester of pregnancy at the time of a provider's termination of participation, and
- 24 (B) the provider was treating the preg-25 nancy before date of the termination,

the transitional period under this subsection with respect to provider's treatment of the pregnancy shall extend through the provision of post-partum care directly related to the delivery.

(4) TERMINAL ILLNESS.—If—

- (A) a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee was determined to be terminally ill (as determined under section 1861(dd)(3)(A) of the Social Security Act) at the time of a provider's termination of participation, and
- 11 (B) the provider was treating the terminal 12 illness before the date of termination,
- the transitional period under this subsection shall extend for the remainder of the individual's life for care directly related to the treatment of the terminal illness or its medical manifestations.
- 17 (c) PERMISSIBLE TERMS AND CONDITIONS.—A
 18 group health plan or health insurance issuer may condi19 tion coverage of continued treatment by a provider under
 20 subsection (a)(1)(B) upon the provider agreeing to the fol21 lowing terms and conditions:
- 22 (1) The provider agrees to accept reimburse-23 ment from the plan or issuer and individual involved 24 (with respect to cost-sharing) at the rates applicable 25 prior to the start of the transitional period as pay-

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- ment in full (or, in the case described in subsection 1 2 (a)(2), at the rates applicable under the replacement 3 plan or issuer after the date of the termination of the contract with the health insurance issuer) and 5 not to impose cost-sharing with respect to the indi-6 vidual in an amount that would exceed the cost-shar-7 ing that could have been imposed if the contract re-8 ferred to in subsection (a)(1) had not been termi-9 nated.
 - (2) The provider agrees to adhere to the quality assurance standards of the plan or issuer responsible for payment under paragraph (1) and to provide to such plan or issuer necessary medical information related to the care provided.
 - (3) The provider agrees otherwise to adhere to such plan's or issuer's policies and procedures, including procedures regarding referrals and obtaining prior authorization and providing services pursuant to a treatment plan (if any) approved by the plan or issuer.
- 21 (d) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be 22 construed to require the coverage of benefits which would 23 not have been covered if the provider involved remained 24 a participating provider.

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SEC. 106. COVERAGE FOR INDIVIDUALS PARTICIPATING IN 2 APPROVED CLINICAL TRIALS. 3 (a) Coverage.— 4 (1) IN GENERAL.—If a group health plan, or health insurance issuer that is providing health in-5 6 surance coverage, provides coverage to a qualified in-7 dividual (as defined in subsection (b)), the plan or 8 issuer— 9 (A) may not deny the individual participation in the clinical trial referred to in subsection 10 11 (b)(2);12 (B) subject to subsection (c), may not deny 13 (or limit or impose additional conditions on) the 14 coverage of routine patient costs for items and 15 services furnished in connection with participa-16 tion in the trial; and 17 (C) may not discriminate against the indi-18 vidual on the basis of the enrollee's participa-19 tion in such trial. 20 (2) Exclusion of Certain Costs.—For pur-21 poses of paragraph (1)(B), routine patient costs do 22 not include the cost of the tests or measurements 23 conducted primarily for the purpose of the clinical 24 trial involved. 25 (3) Use of in-network providers.—If one 26 or more participating providers is participating in a

1	clinical trial, nothing in paragraph (1) shall be con-
2	strued as preventing a plan or issuer from requiring
3	that a qualified individual participate in the trial
4	through such a participating provider if the provider
5	will accept the individual as a participant in the
6	trial.
7	(b) Qualified Individual Defined.—For pur-
8	poses of subsection (a), the term "qualified individual"
9	means an individual who is a participant or beneficiary
10	in a group health plan, or who is an enrollee under health
11	insurance coverage, and who meets the following condi-
12	tions:
13	(1)(A) The individual has a life-threatening or
14	serious illness for which no standard treatment is ef-
15	fective.
16	(B) The individual is eligible to participate in
17	an approved clinical trial according to the trial pro-
18	tocol with respect to treatment of such illness.
19	(C) The individual's participation in the trial
20	offers meaningful potential for significant clinical
21	benefit for the individual.
22	(2) Either—
23	(A) the referring physician is a participat-
24	ing health care professional and has concluded
25	that the individual's participation in such trial

1	would be appropriate based upon the individual
2	meeting the conditions described in paragraph
3	(1); or
4	(B) the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee
5	provides medical and scientific information es-
6	tablishing that the individual's participation in
7	such trial would be appropriate based upon the
8	individual meeting the conditions described in
9	paragraph (1).
10	(c) Payment.—
11	(1) In general.—Under this section a group
12	health plan or health insurance issuer shall provide
13	for payment for routine patient costs described in
14	subsection (a)(2) but is not required to pay for costs
15	of items and services that are reasonably expected
16	(as determined by the Secretary) to be paid for by
17	the sponsors of an approved clinical trial.
18	(2) PAYMENT RATE.—In the case of covered
19	items and services provided by—
20	(A) a participating provider, the payment
21	rate shall be at the agreed upon rate, or
22	(B) a nonparticipating provider, the pay-
23	ment rate shall be at the rate the plan or issuer
24	would normally pay for comparable services

under subparagraph (A).

1	(d) Approved Clinical Trial Defined.—
2	(1) In general.—In this section, the term
3	"approved clinical trial" means a clinical research
4	study or clinical investigation approved and funded
5	(which may include funding through in-kind con-
6	tributions) by one or more of the following:
7	(A) The National Institutes of Health.
8	(B) A cooperative group or center of the
9	National Institutes of Health.
10	(C) Either of the following if the condi-
11	tions described in paragraph (2) are met:
12	(i) The Department of Veterans Af-
13	fairs.
14	(ii) The Department of Defense.
15	(2) Conditions for departments.—The
16	conditions described in this paragraph, for a study
17	or investigation conducted by a Department, are
18	that the study or investigation has been reviewed
19	and approved through a system of peer review that
20	the Secretary determines—
21	(A) to be comparable to the system of peer
22	review of studies and investigations used by the
23	National Institutes of Health, and

1	(B) assures unbiased review of the highest
2	scientific standards by qualified individuals who
3	have no interest in the outcome of the review.
4	(e) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
5	construed to limit a plan's or issuer's coverage with re-
6	spect to clinical trials.
7	SEC. 107. ACCESS TO NEEDED PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.
8	(a) In General.—If a group health plan, or health
9	insurance issuer that offers health insurance coverage,
10	provides benefits with respect to prescription drugs but
11	the coverage limits such benefits to drugs included in a
12	formulary, the plan or issuer shall—
13	(1) ensure participation of participating physi-
14	cians and pharmacists in the development of the for-
15	mulary;
16	(2) disclose to providers and, disclose upon re-
17	quest under section 121(c)(6) to participants, bene-
18	ficiaries, and enrollees, the nature of the formulary
19	restrictions; and
20	(3) consistent with the standards for a utiliza-
21	tion review program under section 111, provide for
22	exceptions from the formulary limitation when a
23	non-formulary alternative is medically indicated.
24	(b) Coverage of Approved Drugs and Medical
25	DEVICES.—

1	(1) In general.—A group health plan (or
2	health insurance coverage offered in connection with
3	such a plan) that provides any coverage of prescrip-
4	tion drugs or medical devices shall not deny coverage
5	of such a drug or device on the basis that the use
6	is investigational, if the use—
7	(A) in the case of a prescription drug—
8	(i) is included in the labeling author-
9	ized by the application in effect for the
10	drug pursuant to subsection (b) or (j) of
11	section 505 of the Federal Food, Drug,
12	and Cosmetic Act, without regard to any
13	postmarketing requirements that may
14	apply under such Act; or
15	(ii) is included in the labeling author-
16	ized by the application in effect for the
17	drug under section 351 of the Public
18	Health Service Act, without regard to any
19	postmarketing requirements that may
20	apply pursuant to such section; or
21	(B) in the case of a medical device, is in-
22	cluded in the labeling authorized by a regula-
23	tion under subsection (d) or (3) of section 513
24	of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act,

an order under subsection (f) of such section, or

- an application approved under section 515 of such Act, without regard to any postmarketing requirements that may apply under such Act.
- 4 (2) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-5 section shall be construed as requiring a group 6 health plan (or health insurance coverage offered in 7 connection with such a plan) to provide any coverage 8 of prescription drugs or medical devices.

9 SEC. 108. ADEQUACY OF PROVIDER NETWORK.

- 10 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each group health plan, and each
- 11 health insurance issuer offering health insurance coverage,
- 12 that provides benefits, in whole or in part, through partici-
- 13 pating health care providers shall have (in relation to the
- 14 coverage) a sufficient number, distribution, and variety of
- 15 qualified participating health care providers to ensure that
- 16 all covered health care services, including specialty serv-
- 17 ices, will be available and accessible in a timely manner
- 18 to all participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees under the
- 19 plan or coverage. This subsection shall only apply to a
- 20 plan's or issuer's application of restrictions on the partici-
- 21 pation of health care providers in a network and shall not
- 22 be construed as requiring a plan or issuer to create or
- 23 establish new health care providers in an area.
- 24 (b) Treatment of Certain Providers.—The
- 25 qualified health care providers under subsection (a) may

- 1 include Federally qualified health centers, rural health
- 2 clinics, migrant health centers, and other essential com-
- 3 munity providers located in the service area of the plan
- 4 or issuer and shall include such providers if necessary to
- 5 meet the standards established to carry out such sub-
- 6 section.

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7 Subtitle B—Quality Assurance

- 8 SEC. 111. STANDARDS FOR UTILIZATION REVIEW ACTIVI-
- 9 TIES.
- 10 (a) Compliance With Requirements.—
 - (1) In general.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer that provides health insurance coverage, shall conduct utilization review activities in connection with the provision of benefits under such plan or coverage only in accordance with a utilization review program that meets the requirements of this section.
 - (2) Use of outside agents.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing a group health plan or health insurance issuer from arranging through a contract or otherwise for persons or entities to conduct utilization review activities on behalf of the plan or issuer, so long as such activities are conducted in accordance with a utilization review program that meets the requirements of this section.

(3) UTILIZATION REVIEW DEFINED.—For purposes of this section, the terms "utilization review" and "utilization review activities" mean procedures used to monitor or evaluate the clinical necessity, appropriateness, efficacy, or efficiency of health care services, procedures or settings, and includes prospective review, concurrent review, second opinions, case management, discharge planning, or retrospective review.

(b) Written Policies and Criteria.—

(1) Written Policies.—A utilization review program shall be conducted consistent with written policies and procedures that govern all aspects of the program.

(2) Use of written criteria.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Such a program shall utilize written clinical review criteria developed pursuant to the program with the input of appropriate physicians.
- (B) Continuing use of standards in Retrospective Review.—If a health care service has been specifically pre-authorized or approved for an enrollee under such a program, the program shall not, pursuant to retrospective review, revise or modify the specific standards,

criteria, or procedures used for the utilization review for procedures, treatment, and services delivered to the enrollee during the same course of treatment.

(c) CONDUCT OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES.—

- (1) Administration by Health care professionals.—A utilization review program shall be administered by qualified health care professionals who shall oversee review decisions. In this subsection, the term "health care professional" means a physician or other health care practitioner licensed, accredited, or certified to perform specified health services consistent with State law.
- (2) Use of qualified, independent personnel.—
 - (A) IN GENERAL.—A utilization review program shall provide for the conduct of utilization review activities only through personnel who are qualified and, to the extent required, who have received appropriate training in the conduct of such activities under the program.
 - (B) PEER REVIEW OF SAMPLE OF AD-VERSE CLINICAL DETERMINATIONS.—Such a program shall provide that clinical peers (as defined in section 191(c)(2)) shall evaluate the

1	clinical appropriateness of at least a sample of
2	adverse clinical determinations.
3	(C) Prohibition of contingent com-
4	PENSATION ARRANGEMENTS.—Such a program
5	shall not, with respect to utilization review ac-
6	tivities, permit or provide compensation or any-
7	thing of value to its employees, agents, or con-
8	tractors in a manner that—
9	(i) provides incentives, direct or indi-
10	rect, for such persons to make inappropri-
11	ate review decisions, or
12	(ii) is based, directly or indirectly, on
13	the quantity or type of adverse determina-
14	tions rendered.
15	(D) Prohibition of conflicts.—Such a
16	program shall not permit a health care profes-
17	sional who provides health care services to an
18	individual to perform utilization review activi-
19	ties in connection with the health care services
20	being provided to the individual.
21	(3) Accessibility of Review.—Such a pro-
22	gram shall provide that appropriate personnel per-
23	forming utilization review activities under the pro-
24	gram are reasonably accessible by toll-free telephone

during normal business hours to discuss patient care

- and allow response to telephone requests, and that appropriate provision is made to receive and respond promptly to calls received during other hours.
 - (4) LIMITS ON FREQUENCY.—Such a program shall not provide for the performance of utilization review activities with respect to a class of services furnished to an individual more frequently than is reasonably required to assess whether the services under review are medically necessary or appropriate.
 - (5) Limitation on information requests.— Under such a program, information shall be required to be provided by health care providers only to the extent it is necessary to perform the utilization review activity involved.

(d) Deadline for Determinations.—

(1) Prior authorization services.—Except as provided in paragraph (2), in the case of a utilization review activity involving the prior authorization of health care items and services for an individual, the utilization review program shall make a determination concerning such authorization, and provide notice of the determination to the individual or the individual's designee and the individual's health care provider by telephone and in printed form, as soon as possible in accordance with the medical ex-

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igencies of the cases, and in no event later than 3 business days after the date of receipt of information that is reasonably necessary to make such determination.

(2) CONTINUED CARE.—In the case of a utilization review activity involving authorization for continued or extended health care services for an individual, or additional services for an individual undergoing a course of continued treatment prescribed by a health care provider, the utilization review program shall make a determination concerning such authorization, and provide notice of the determination to the individual or the individual's designee and the individual's health care provider by telephone and in printed form, as soon as possible in accordance with the medical exigencies of the cases, and in no event later than 1 business day after the date of receipt of information that is reasonably necessary to make such determination. Such notice shall include, with respect to continued or extended health care services, the number of extended services approved, the new total of approved services, the date of onset of services, and the next review date, if any.

(3) Previously provided services.—In the case of a utilization review activity involving retro-

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spective review of health care services previously provided for an individual, the utilization review program shall make a determination concerning such services, and provide notice of the determination to the individual or the individual's designee and the individual's health care provider by telephone and in printed form, within 30 days of the date of receipt of information that is reasonably necessary to make such determination.

(4) Reference to special rules for emer-Gency services, maintenance care, and poststabilization care.—For waiver of prior authorization requirements in certain cases involving emergency services and maintenance care and post-stabilization care, see subsections (a)(1) and (b) of section 101, respectively.

(e) Notice of Adverse Determinations.—

- (1) In general.—Notice of an adverse determination under a utilization review program shall be provided in printed form and shall include—
- 21 (A) the reasons for the determination (in-22 cluding the clinical rationale);
- 23 (B) instructions on how to initiate an appeal under section 132; and

1	(C) notice of the availability, upon request
2	of the individual (or the individual's designee)
3	of the clinical review criteria relied upon to
4	make such determination.
5	(2) Specification of any additional infor-
6	MATION.—Such a notice shall also specify what (if
7	any) additional necessary information must be pro-
8	vided to, or obtained by, the person making the de-
9	termination in order to make a decision on such an
10	appeal.
11	Subtitle C—Patient Information
12	SEC. 121. PATIENT INFORMATION.
13	(a) Disclosure Requirement.—
14	(1) Group Health Plans.—A group health
15	plan shall—
16	(A) provide to participants and bene-
17	ficiaries at the time of initial coverage under
18	the plan (or the effective date of this section, in
19	the case of individuals who are participants or
20	beneficiaries as of such date), and at least an-
21	nually thereafter, the information described in
22	subsection (b) in printed form;
23	(B) provide to participants and bene-
24	ficiaries, within a reasonable period (as speci-
25	fied by the appropriate Secretary) before or

1	after the date of significant changes in the in-
2	formation described in subsection (b), informa-
3	tion in printed form on such significant
4	changes; and
5	(C) upon request, make available to par-
6	ticipants and beneficiaries, the applicable au-
7	thority, and prospective participants and bene-
8	ficiaries, the information described in sub-
9	section (b) or (c) in printed form.
10	(2) Health insurance issuers.—A health
11	insurance issuer in connection with the provision of
12	health insurance coverage shall—
13	(A) provide to individuals enrolled under
14	such coverage at the time of enrollment, and at
15	least annually thereafter, the information de-
16	scribed in subsection (b) in printed form;
17	(B) provide to enrollees, within a reason-
18	able period (as specified by the appropriate Sec-
19	retary) before or after the date of significant
20	changes in the information described in sub-
21	section (b), information in printed form on such
22	significant changes; and
23	(C) upon request, make available to the
24	applicable authority, to individuals who are pro-
25	spective enrollees, and to the public the infor-

1	mation described in subsection (b) or (c) in
2	printed form.
3	(b) Information Provided.—The information de-
4	scribed in this subsection with respect to a group health
5	plan or health insurance coverage offered by a health in-
6	surance issuer includes the following:
7	(1) Service area.—The service area of the
8	plan or issuer.
9	(2) Benefits.—Benefits offered under the
10	plan or coverage, including—
11	(A) covered benefits, including benefit lim-
12	its and coverage exclusions;
13	(B) cost sharing, such as deductibles, coin-
14	surance, and copayment amounts, including any
15	liability for balance billing, any maximum limi-
16	tations on out of pocket expenses, and the max-
17	imum out of pocket costs for services that are
18	provided by nonparticipating providers or that
19	are furnished without meeting the applicable
20	utilization review requirements;
21	(C) the extent to which benefits may be ob-
22	tained from nonparticipating providers;
23	(D) the extent to which a participant, ben-
24	eficiary, or enrollee may select from among par-

1	ticipating providers and the types of providers
2	participating in the plan or issuer network;
3	(E) process for determining experimental
4	coverage; and
5	(F) use of a prescription drug formulary.
6	(3) Access.—A description of the following:
7	(A) The number, mix, and distribution of
8	providers under the plan or coverage.
9	(B) Out-of-network coverage (if any) pro-
10	vided by the plan or coverage.
11	(C) Any point-of-service option (including
12	any supplemental premium or cost-sharing for
13	such option).
14	(D) The procedures for participants, bene-
15	ficiaries, and enrollees to select, access, and
16	change participating primary and specialty pro-
17	viders.
18	(E) The rights and procedures for obtain-
19	ing referrals (including standing referrals) to
20	participating and nonparticipating providers.
21	(F) The name, address, and telephone
22	number of participating health care providers
23	and an indication of whether each such provider
24	is available to accept new patients.

- 1 (G) Any limitations imposed on the selec-2 tion of qualifying participating health care pro-3 viders, including any limitations imposed under 4 section 103(b)(2). 5 (H) How the plan or issuer addresses the
 - (H) How the plan or issuer addresses the needs of participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees and others who do not speak English or who have other special communications needs in accessing providers under the plan or coverage, including the provision of information described in this subsection and subsection (c) to such individuals and including the provision of information in a language other than English if 5 percent of the number of participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees communicate in that language instead of English.
 - (4) Out-of-area coverage provided by the plan or issuer.
 - (5) Emergency coverage.—Coverage of emergency services, including—
 - (A) the appropriate use of emergency services, including use of the 911 telephone system or its local equivalent in emergency situations and an explanation of what constitutes an emergency situation;

- 1 (B) the process and procedures of the plan 2 or issuer for obtaining emergency services; and
- 3 (C) the locations of (i) emergency depart-4 ments, and (ii) other settings, in which plan 5 physicians and hospitals provide emergency 6 services and post-stabilization care.
 - (6) Percentage of Premiums used for Benefits (Loss-Ratios).—In the case of health insurance coverage only (and not with respect to group health plans that do not provide coverage through health insurance coverage), a description of the overall loss-ratio for the coverage (as defined in accordance with rules established or recognized by the Secretary of Health and Human Services).
 - (7) Prior authorization rules.—Rules regarding prior authorization or other review requirements that could result in noncoverage or non-payment.
 - (8) Grievance and appeals procedures.—All appeal or grievance rights and procedures under the plan or coverage, including the method for filing grievances and the time frames and circumstances for acting on grievances and appeals, who is the applicable authority with respect to the plan or issuer, and the availability of assistance through an om-

- budsman to individuals in relation to group health
 plans and health insurance coverage.
- (9) Summary of provider financial incentives.—A summary description of the information on the types of financial payment incentives (described in section 1852(j)(4) of the Social Security Act) provided by the plan or issuer under the coverage.
- 9 (10) Information on Issuer.—Notice of ap-10 propriate mailing addresses and telephone numbers 11 to be used by participants, beneficiaries, and enroll-12 ees in seeking information or authorization for treat-13 ment.
- 14 (11) AVAILABILITY OF INFORMATION ON RE-15 QUEST.—Notice that the information described in 16 subsection (c) is available upon request.
- 17 (c) Information Made Available Upon Re-18 Quest.—The information described in this subsection is 19 the following:
- 20 (1) Utilization review activities.—A de21 scription of procedures used and requirements (in22 cluding circumstances, time frames, and appeal
 23 rights) under any utilization review program under
 24 section 111, including under any drug formulary
 25 program under section 107.

- 1 (2) GRIEVANCE AND APPEALS INFORMATION.—
 2 Information on the number of grievances and appeals and on the disposition in the aggregate of such
 4 matters.
 - (3) METHOD OF PHYSICIAN COMPENSATION.—
 An overall summary description as to the method of compensation of participating physicians, including information on the types of financial payment incentives (described in section 1852(j)(4) of the Social Security Act) provided by the plan or issuer under the coverage.
 - (4) Specific information on credentials of participating provider, a description of the credentials of the provider as they relate to education, training, specialty qualifications, and national accreditation.
 - (5) CONFIDENTIALITY POLICIES AND PROCE-DURES.—A description of the policies and procedures established to carry out section 122.
 - (6) FORMULARY RESTRICTIONS.—A description of the nature of any drug formula restrictions.
 - (7) Participating provider List.—A list of current participating health care providers.
- 25 (d) Form of Disclosure.—

- 1 (1) Uniformity.—Information required to be
 2 disclosed under this section shall be provided in ac3 cordance with uniform, national reporting standards
 4 specified by the Secretary, after consultation with
 5 applicable State authorities, so that prospective en6 rollees may compare the attributes of different
 7 issuers and coverage offered within an area.
 - (2) Information into handbook.—Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing a group health plan or health insurance issuer from making the information under subsections (b) and (c) available to participants, beneficiaries, and enrollees through an enrollee handbook or similar publication.
 - (3) UPDATING PARTICIPATING PROVIDER INFORMATION.—The information on participating health care providers described in subsection (b)(3)(C) shall be updated within such reasonable period as determined appropriate by the Secretary. Nothing in this section shall prevent an issuer from changing or updating other information made available under this section.
- 23 (e) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be 24 construed as requiring public disclosure of individual con-

- 1 tracts or financial arrangements between a group health
- 2 plan or health insurance issuer and any provider.

3 SEC. 122. PROTECTION OF PATIENT CONFIDENTIALITY.

- 4 Insofar as a group health plan, or a health insurance
- 5 issuer that offers health insurance coverage, maintains
- 6 medical records or other health information regarding par-
- 7 ticipants, beneficiaries, and enrollees, the plan or issuer
- 8 shall establish procedures—
- 9 (1) to safeguard the privacy of any individually
- identifiable enrollee information;
- 11 (2) to maintain such records and information in
- a manner that is accurate and timely, and
- 13 (3) to assure timely access of such individuals
- to such records and information.

15 SEC. 123. HEALTH INSURANCE OMBUDSMEN.

- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Each State that obtains a grant
- 17 under subsection (c) shall provide for creation and oper-
- 18 ation of a Health Insurance Ombudsman through a con-
- 19 tract with a not-for-profit organization that operates inde-
- 20 pendent of group health plans and health insurance
- 21 issuers. Such Ombudsman shall be responsible for at least
- 22 the following:
- (1) To assist consumers in the State in choos-
- ing among health insurance coverage or among cov-
- erage options offered within group health plans.

- 1 (2) To provide counseling and assistance to en-
- 2 rollees dissatisfied with their treatment by health in-
- 3 surance issuers and group health plans in regard to
- 4 such coverage or plans and with respect to griev-
- 5 ances and appeals regarding determinations under
- 6 such coverage or plans.
- 7 (b) Federal Role.—In the case of any State that
- 8 does not provide for such an Ombudsman under sub-
- 9 section (a), the Secretary shall provide for the creation
- 10 and operation of a Health Insurance Ombudsman through
- 11 a contract with a not-for-profit organization that operates
- 12 independent of group health plans and health insurance
- 13 issuers and that is responsible for carrying out with re-
- 14 spect to that State the functions otherwise provided under
- 15 subsection (a) by a Health Insurance Ombudsman.
- 16 (c) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 17 are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary of
- 18 Health and Human Services such amounts as may be nec-
- 19 essary to provide for grants to States for contracts for
- 20 Health Insurance Ombudsmen under subsection (a) or
- 21 contracts for such Ombudsmen under subsection (b).
- 22 (d) Construction.—Nothing in this section shall be
- 23 construed to prevent the use of other forms of enrollee
- 24 assistance.

Subtitle D—Grievance and Appeals Procedures

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3	SEC	131	ESTARLISHMENT OF GRIEVANCE PROCES	S

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- (a) Establishment of Grievance System.—
- (1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a 5 6 health insurance issuer in connection with the provi-7 sion of health insurance coverage, shall establish and 8 maintain a system to provide for the presentation 9 and resolution of oral and written grievances 10 brought by individuals who are participants, bene-11 ficiaries, or enrollees, or health care providers or 12 other individuals acting on behalf of an individual 13 and with the individual's consent, regarding any as-14 pect of the plan's or issuer's services.
 - (2) Scope.—The system shall include grievances regarding access to and availability of services, quality of care, choice and accessibility of providers, network adequacy, and compliance with the requirements of this title.
- 20 (b) GRIEVANCE SYSTEM.—Such system shall include 21 the following components with respect to individuals who 22 are participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees:
- 23 (1) Written notification to all such individuals 24 and providers of the telephone numbers and business

- addresses of the plan or issuer personnel responsible
 for resolution of grievances and appeals.
- 3 (2) A system to record and document, over a 4 period of at least 3 previous years, all grievances 5 and appeals made and their status.
- (3) A process providing for timely processing
 and resolution of grievances.
- 8 (4) Procedures for follow-up action, including 9 the methods to inform the person making the griev-10 ance of the resolution of the grievance.

11 SEC. 132. INTERNAL APPEALS OF ADVERSE DETERMINA-

- TIONS.
- (a) Right of Appeal.—
- 14 (1) In general.—A participant or beneficiary 15 in a group health plan, and an enrollee in health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance 16 17 issuer, and any provider or other person acting on 18 behalf of such an individual with the individual's 19 consent, may appeal any appealable decision (as de-20 fined in paragraph (2)) under the procedures de-21 scribed in this section and (to the extent applicable) 22 section 133. Such individuals and providers shall be 23 provided with a written explanation of the appeal 24 process and the determination upon the conclusion

1	of the appeals process and as provided in section
2	121(b)(8).
3	(2) APPEALABLE DECISION DEFINED.—In this
4	section, the term "appealable decision" means any of
5	the following:
6	(A) Denial, reduction, or termination of, or
7	failure to provide or make payment (in whole or
8	in part) for, a benefit, including a failure to
9	cover an item or service for which benefits are
10	otherwise provided because it is determined to
11	be experimental or investigational or not medi-
12	cally necessary or appropriate.
13	(B) Failure to provide coverage of emer-
14	gency services or reimbursement of mainte-
15	nance care or post-stabilization care under sec-
16	tion 101.
17	(C) Failure to provide a choice of provider
18	under section 103.
19	(D) Failure to provide qualified health care
20	providers under section 103.
21	(E) Failure to provide access to specialty
22	and other care under section 104.
23	(F) Failure to provide continuation of care
24	under section 105.

1	(G) Failure to provide coverage of routine
2	patient costs in connection with an approval
3	clinical trial under section 106.
4	(H) Failure to provide access to needed
5	drugs under section $107(a)(3)$ or $107(b)$.
6	(I) An adverse determination under a utili-
7	zation review program under section 111.
8	(J) The imposition of a limitation that is
9	prohibited under section 151.
10	(b) Internal Appeal Process.—
11	(1) In General.—Each group health plan and
12	health insurance issuer shall establish and maintain
13	an internal appeal process under which any partici-
14	pant, beneficiary, enrollee, or provider acting on be-
15	half of such an individual with the individual's con-
16	sent, who is dissatisfied with any appealable decision
17	has the opportunity to appeal the decision through
18	an internal appeal process. The appeal may be com-
19	municated orally.
20	(2) Conduct of Review.—
21	(A) In general.—The process shall in-
22	clude a review of the decision by a physician or
23	other health care professional (or professionals)
24	who has been selected by the plan or issuer and

who has not been involved in the appealable decision at issue in the appeal.

(B) AVAILABILITY AND PARTICIPATION OF CLINICAL PEERS.—The individuals conducting such review shall include one or more clinical peers (as defined in section 191(c)(2)) who have not been involved in the appealable decision at issue in the appeal.

(3) Deadline.—

- (A) IN GENERAL.—Subject to subsection (c), the plan or issuer shall conclude each appeal as soon as possible after the time of the receipt of the appeal in accordance with medical exigencies of the case involved, but in no event later than—
 - (i) 72 hours after the time of receipt of an expedited appeal, and
 - (ii) except as provided in subparagraph (B), 30 days after such time (or, if the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee supplies additional information that was not available to the plan or issuer at the time of the receipt of the appeal, after the date of supplying such additional information) in the case of all other appeals.

(B) EXTENSION.—In the case of an appeal that does not relate to a decision regarding an expedited appeal and that does not involve medical exigencies, if a group health plan or health insurance issuer is unable to conclude the appeal within the time period provided under subparagraph (A)(ii) due to circumstances beyond the control of the plan or issuer, the deadline shall be extended for up to an additional 3 business days if the plan or issuer provides, on or before 10 days before the deadline otherwise applicable, written notice to the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee and the provider involved of the extension and the reasons for the extension.

(4) Notice.—If a plan or issuer denies an appeal, the plan or issuer shall provide the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee and provider involved with notice in printed form of the denial and the reasons therefore, together with a notice in printed form of rights to any further appeal.

(c) Expedited Review Process.—

(1) In General.—A group health plan, and a health insurance issuer, shall establish procedures in writing for the expedited consideration of appeals under subsection (b) in situations in which the appli-

cation of the normal timeframe for making a determination could seriously jeopardize the life or health of the participant, beneficiary, or enrollee or such an individual's ability to regain maximum function.

(2) Process.—Under such procedures—

- (A) the request for expedited appeal may be submitted orally or in writing by an individual or provider who is otherwise entitled to request the appeal;
- (B) all necessary information, including the plan's or issuer's decision, shall be transmitted between the plan or issuer and the requester by telephone, facsimile, or other similarly expeditious available method; and
- (C) the plan or issuer shall expedite the appeal if the request for an expedited appeal is submitted under subparagraph (A) by a physician and the request indicates that the situation described in paragraph (1) exists.
- 20 (d) DIRECT USE OF FURTHER APPEALS.—In the 21 event that the plan or issuer fails to comply with any of 22 the deadlines for completion of appeals under this section 23 or in the event that the plan or issuer for any reason ex-24 pressly waives its rights to an internal review of an appeal 25 under subsection (b), the participant, beneficiary, or en-

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1	rollee involved and the provider involved shall be relieved
2	of any obligation to complete the appeal involved and may,
3	at such an individual's or provider's option, proceed di-
4	rectly to seek further appeal through any applicable exter-
5	nal appeals process.
6	SEC. 133. EXTERNAL APPEALS OF ADVERSE DETERMINA-
7	TIONS.
8	(a) Right to External Appeal.—
9	(1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a
10	health insurance issuer offering group health insur-
11	ance coverage, shall provide for an external appeals
12	process that meets the requirements of this section
13	in the case of an externally appealable decision de-
14	scribed in paragraph (2), for which a timely appeal
15	is made either by the plan or issuer or by the partic-
16	ipant, beneficiary, or enrollee, or a representative of
17	any of them. The appropriate Secretary shall estab-
18	lish standards to carry out such requirements.
19	(2) Externally appealable decision de-
20	FINED.—For purposes of this section, the term "ex-
21	ternally appealable decision" means an appealable
22	decision (as defined in section 132(a)(2)) if—
23	(A) the amount involved exceeds \$100; or
24	(B) the patient's life or health is jeopard-
25	ized as a consequence of the decision.

1	Such term does not include a denial of coverage for
2	services that are specifically listed in plan or cov-
3	erage documents as excluded from coverage.
4	(3) Exhaustion of internal appeals proc-
5	ESS.—A plan or issuer may condition the use of an
6	external appeal process in the case of an externally
7	appealable decision upon completion of the internal
8	review process provided under section 132, but only
9	if the decision is made in a timely basis consistent
10	with the deadlines provided under this subtitle.
11	(b) General Elements of External Appeals
12	Process.—
13	(1) Contract with qualified external ap-
14	PEAL ENTITY.—
15	(A) CONTRACT REQUIREMENT.—Subject to
16	subparagraph (B), the external appeal process
17	under this section of a plan or issuer shall be
18	conducted under a contract between the plan or
19	issuer and one or more qualified external appeal
20	entities (as defined in subsection (c)).
21	(B) RESTRICTIONS ON QUALIFIED EXTER-
22	NAL APPEAL ENTITY.—
23	(i) By state for health insur-
24	ANCE ISSUERS.—With respect to health in-
25	surance issuers in a State, the State may

1	provide for external review activities to be
2	conducted by a qualified external appeal
3	entity that is designated by the State or
4	that is selected by the State in such a
5	manner as to assure an unbiased deter-
6	mination.
7	(ii) By federal government for
8	GROUP HEALTH PLANS.—With respect to
9	group health plans, the appropriate Sec-
10	retary may exercise the same authority as
11	a State may exercise with respect to health
12	insurance issuers under clause (i). Such
13	authority may include requiring the use of
14	the qualified external appeal entity des-
15	ignated or selected under such clause.
16	(iii) Limitation on plan or issuer
17	SELECTION.—If an applicable authority
18	permits more than one entity to qualify as
19	a qualified external appeal entity with re-
20	spect to a group health plan or health in-
21	surance issuer and the plan or issuer may
22	select among such qualified entities, the
23	applicable authority—
24	(I) shall assure that the selection
25	process will not create any incentives

1	for external appeal entities to make a
2	decision in a biased manner, and
3	(II) shall implement procedures
4	for auditing a sample of decisions by
5	such entities to assure that no such
6	decisions are made in a biased man-
7	ner.
8	(C) Other terms and conditions.—
9	The terms and conditions of a contract under
10	this paragraph shall be consistent with the
11	standards the appropriate Secretary shall estab-
12	lish to assure there is no real or apparent con-
13	flict of interest in the conduct of external ap-
14	peal activities. Such contract shall provide that
15	the direct costs of the process (not including
16	costs of representation of a participant, bene-
17	ficiary, or enrollee) shall be paid by the plan or
18	issuer, and not by the participant, beneficiary,
19	or enrollee.
20	(2) Elements of process.—An external ap-
21	peal process shall be conducted consistent with
22	standards established by the appropriate Secretary
23	that include at least the following:
24	(A) Fair process; de novo determina-
25	TION.—The process shall provide for a fair, de

1 novo determination. In carrying out this sub-2 paragraph, the determination of medical necessity shall be made under the process without re-3 gard to the definition used by the plan or issuer. However, nothing in this sentence shall 6 be construed as providing for coverage of items 7 and services for which benefits are specifically 8 excluded under the plan or coverage. 9 (B) Determination concerning exter-10 NALLY APPEALABLE DECISIONS.—A qualified 11 external appeal entity shall determine whether a 12 decision is an externally appealable decision and 13 related decisions, including— 14 (i) whether such a decision involves an 15 expedited appeal; 16 (ii) the appropriate deadlines for in-17 ternal review process required due to medi-18 cal exigencies in a case; and 19 (iii) whether such a process has been 20 completed. 21 (C) Opportunity to submit evidence, 22 REPRESENTATION, AND MAKE

PRESENTATION.—Each party to an externally

appealable decision (directly or through an au-

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1	thorized representative or representatives, any
2	of whom may be an attorney)—
3	(i) may submit and review evidence
4	related to the issues in dispute,
5	(ii) may use the assistance or rep-
6	resentation of one or more individuals (any
7	of whom may be an attorney), and
8	(iii) may make an oral presentation.
9	(D) Provision of Information.—The
10	plan or issuer involved shall provide timely ac-
11	cess to all its records relating to the matter of
12	the externally appealable decision and to all
13	provisions of the plan or health insurance cov-
14	erage (including any coverage manual) relating
15	to the matter.
16	(E) Timely decisions.—A determination
17	by the external appeal entity on the decision
18	shall—
19	(i) be made orally or in writing and,
20	if it is made orally, shall be supplied to the
21	parties in writing as soon as possible;
22	(ii) be binding on the plan or issuer;
23	(iii) be made in accordance with the
24	medical exigencies of the case involved, but
25	in no event later than 60 days (or 72

1	hours in the case of an expedited appear
2	or, in the case of an appeal involving emer-
3	gency circumstances, as soon as possible in
4	accordance with the medical exigencies of
5	the case, and in no event later than 24
6	hours) from the date of completion of the
7	filing of notice requesting an external ap-
8	peal of the decision;
9	(iv) state, in layperson's language, the
10	basis for the determination, including, it
11	relevant, any basis in the terms or condi-
12	tions of the plan or coverage; and
13	(v) inform the participant, beneficiary
14	or enrollee of the individual's rights (in-
15	cluding any limitation on such rights) to
16	seek further review by the courts (or other
17	process) of the external appeal determina-
18	tion.
19	(c) Qualifications of External Appeal Enti-
20	TIES.—
21	(1) In general.—For purposes of this section
22	the term "qualified external appeal entity" means
23	in relation to a plan or issuer, an entity (which may
24	he a governmental entity) that is certified under

1	paragraph (2) as meeting the following require-
2	ments:
3	(A) There is no real or apparent conflict of
4	interest that would impede the entity conduct-
5	ing external appeal activities independent of the
6	plan or issuer.
7	(B) The entity conducts external appeal
8	activities through clinical peers.
9	(C) The entity has sufficient medical, legal,
10	and other expertise and sufficient staffing to
11	conduct external appeal activities for the plan
12	or issuer on a timely basis consistent with sub-
13	section $(b)(3)(E)$.
14	(D) The entity meets such other require-
15	ments as the appropriate Secretary may im-
16	pose.
17	(2) Certification of external appeal en-
18	TITIES.—
19	(A) IN GENERAL.—In order to be treated
20	as a qualified external appeal entity with re-
21	spect to—
22	(i) a group health plan, the entity
23	must be certified (and, in accordance with
24	subparagraph (B), periodically recertified)
25	as meeting the requirements of paragraph

1	(1) by the Secretary of Labor (or under a
2	process recognized or approved by the Sec-
3	retary of Labor); or
4	(ii) a health insurance issuer operat-
5	ing in a State, the entity must be certified
6	(and, in accordance with subparagraph
7	(B), periodically recertified) as meeting
8	such requirements by the applicable State
9	authority (or, if the State has not estab-
10	lished an adequate certification and recer-
11	tification process, by the Secretary of
12	Health and Human Services, or under a
13	process recognized or approved by such
14	Secretary).
15	(B) RECERTIFICATION PROCESS.—The ap-
16	propriate Secretary shall develop standards for
17	the recertification of external appeal entities.
18	Such standards shall include a specification
19	of—
20	(i) the information required to be sub-
21	mitted as a condition of recertification on
22	the entity's performance of external appeal
23	activities, which information shall include
24	the number of cases reviewed, a summary
25	of the disposition of those cases, the length

of time in making determinations on those
cases, and such information as may be necessary to assure the independence of the
entity from the plans or issuers for which
external appeal activities are being conducted; and

- (ii) the periodicity which recertification will be required.
- (3) Limitation on liability of reviewers.—No qualified external appeal entity having a contract with a plan or issuer under this part and no person who is employed by, or who has a fiduciary relationship with, any such entity or who furnishes professional services to such entity, shall be held by reason of the performance of any duty, function, or activity required or authorized pursuant to this section, to have violated any criminal law, or to be civilly liable under any law of the United States or of any State (or political subdivision thereof) if due care was exercised in the performance of such duty, function, or activity and there was no actual malice or gross misconduct in the performance of such duty, function, or activity.
- 24 (d) External Appeal Determination Binding
- 25 ON PLAN.—

- 1 (1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2), 2 the determination by an external appeals entity 3 under this section is binding on the plan (and issuer, 4 if any) involved in the determination.
- 5 (2) VACATION OR MODIFICATION OF DECI6 SION.—The determination by an external appeals
 7 entity under this section may be vacated or modified
 8 by a court under the same circumstances as the de9 cision of an arbitrator may be vacated or modified
 10 under sections 10 and 11 of title 9, United States
 11 Code.

Subtitle E—Protecting the Doctor-Patient Relationship

- 14 SEC. 141. PROHIBITION OF INTERFERENCE WITH CERTAIN
- 15 MEDICAL COMMUNICATIONS.
- 16 (a) Prohibition.—

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17 (1) GENERAL RULE.—The provisions of any 18 contract or agreement, or the operation of any con-19 tract or agreement, between a group health plan or 20 health insurance issuer in relation to health insur-21 ance coverage (including any partnership, associa-22 tion, or other organization that enters into or ad-23 ministers such a contract or agreement) and a 24 health care provider (or group of health care provid-25 ers) shall not prohibit or otherwise restrict a covered

- 1 health care professional (as defined in subsection 2 (b)) from advising such a participant, beneficiary, or 3 enrollee who is a patient of the professional about the health status of the individual or medical care or 5 treatment for the individual's condition or disease, 6 regardless of whether benefits for such care or treat-7 ment are provided under the plan or coverage, if the 8 professional is acting within the lawful scope of 9 practice.
 - (2) Nullification.—Any contract provision or agreement that restricts or prohibits medical communications in violation of paragraph (1) shall be null and void.
- 14 (b) Health Care Professional Defined.—For 15 purposes of this section, the term "health care professional" means a physician (as defined in section 1861(r) 16 17 of the Social Security Act) or other health care profes-18 sional if coverage for the professional's services of the pro-19 fessional is provided under the group health plan or health insurance coverage. Such term includes a podiatrist, op-20 21 tometrist, chiropractor, psychologist, dentist, physician as-22 sistant, physical or occupational therapist and therapy as-23 sistant, speech-language pathologist, audiologist, registered or licensed practical nurse (including nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, certified registered nurse

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1	anesthetist, and certified nurse-midwife), licensed clinical
2	social worker, registered respiratory therapist, and cer-
3	tified respiratory therapy technician.
4	SEC. 142. PROHIBITION AGAINST TRANSFER OF INDEM-
5	NIFICATION OR IMPROPER INCENTIVE AR-
6	RANGEMENTS.
7	(a) Prohibition of Transfer of Indemnifica-
8	TION.—
9	(1) In general.—No contract or agreement
10	between a group health plan or health insurance
11	issuer (or any agent acting on behalf of such a plan
12	or issuer) and a health care provider shall contain
13	any provision purporting to transfer to the health
14	care provider by indemnification or otherwise any li-
15	ability relating to activities, actions, or omissions of
16	the plan, issuer, or agent (as opposed to the pro-
17	vider).
18	(2) Nullification.—Any contract or agree-
19	ment provision described in paragraph (1) shall be
20	null and void.
21	(b) Prohibition of Improper Physician Incen-
22	TIVE PLANS.—
23	(1) In General.—A group health plan and a

health insurance issuer offering health insurance

coverage may not operate any physician incentive

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- plan (as defined in subparagraph (B) of section 1876(i)(8) of the Social Security Act) unless the requirements described in subparagraph (A) of such
- 4 section are met with respect to such a plan.
- (2) Application.—For purposes of carrying 6 paragraph (1), any reference in 7 1876(i)(8) of the Social Security Act to the Sec-8 retary, an eligible organization, or an individual en-9 rolled with the organization shall be treated as a ref-10 erence to the applicable authority, a group health 11 plan or health insurance issuer, respectively, and a 12 participant, beneficiary, or enrollee with the plan or 13 organization, respectively.

14 SEC. 143. ADDITIONAL RULES REGARDING PARTICIPATION

15 OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS.

- 16 (a) Procedures.—Insofar as a group health plan,
- 17 or health insurance issuer that offers health insurance cov-
- 18 erage, provides benefits through participating health care
- 19 professionals, the plan or issuer shall establish reasonable
- 20 procedures relating to the participation (under an agree-
- 21 ment between a professional and the plan or issuer) of
- 22 such professionals under the plan or coverage. Such proce-
- 23 dures shall include—
- 24 (1) providing notice of the rules regarding par-
- 25 ticipation;

- 1 (2) providing written notice of participation de-2 cisions that are adverse to professionals; and
- 3 (3) providing a process within the plan or issuer
- 4 for appealing such adverse decisions, including the
- 5 presentation of information and views of the profes-
- 6 sional regarding such decision.
- 7 (b) Consultation in Medical Policies.—A group
- 8 health plan, and health insurance issuer that offers health
- 9 insurance coverage, shall consult with participating physi-
- 10 cians (if any) regarding the plan's or issuer's medical pol-
- 11 icy, quality, and medical management procedures.
- 12 SEC. 144. PROTECTION FOR PATIENT ADVOCACY.
- 13 (a) Protection for Use of Utilization Review
- 14 AND GRIEVANCE PROCESS.—A group health plan, and a
- 15 health insurance issuer with respect to the provision of
- 16 health insurance coverage, may not retaliate against a par-
- 17 ticipant, beneficiary, enrollee, or health care provider
- 18 based on the participant's, beneficiary's, enrollee's or pro-
- 19 vider's use of, or participation in, a utilization review proc-
- 20 ess or a grievance process of the plan or issuer (including
- 21 an internal or external review or appeal process) under
- 22 this title.
- 23 (b) Protection for Quality Advocacy by
- 24 Health Care Professionals.—

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- (1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan or health insurance issuer may not retaliate or discriminate against a protected health care professional because the professional in good faith—
 - (A) discloses information relating to the care, services, or conditions affecting one or more participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees of the plan or issuer to an appropriate public regulatory agency, an appropriate private accreditation body, or appropriate management personnel of the plan or issuer;
 - (B) initiates, cooperates, or otherwise participates in an investigation or proceeding by such an agency with respect to such care, services, or conditions; or
 - (C) participates in an external appeals process under section 133.

If an institutional health care provider is a participating provider with such a plan or issuer or otherwise receives payments for benefits provided by such a plan or issuer, the provisions of the previous sentence shall apply to the provider in relation to care, services, or conditions affecting one or more patients within an institutional health care provider in the same manner as they apply to the plan or issuer in

- relation to care, services, or conditions provided to one or more participants, beneficiaries, or enrollees; and for purposes of applying this sentence, any reference to a plan or issuer is deemed a reference to the institutional health care provider.
 - (2) Good faith action.—For purposes of paragraph (1), a protected health care professional is considered to be acting in good faith with respect to disclosure of information or participation if, with respect to the information disclosed as part of the action—
 - (A) the disclosure is made on the basis of personal knowledge and is consistent with that degree of learning and skill ordinarily possessed by health care professionals with the same licensure or certification and the same experience;
 - (B) the professional reasonably believes the information to be true;
 - (C) the information evidences either a violation of a law, rule, or regulation, of an applicable accreditation standard, or of a generally recognized professional or clinical standard or that a patient is in imminent hazard of loss of life or serious injury; and

(D) subject to subparagraphs (B) and (C) of paragraph (3), the professional has followed reasonable internal procedures of the plan, issuer, or institutional health care provider established or the purpose of addressing quality concerns before making the disclosure.

(3) Exception and special rule.—

- (A) GENERAL EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) does not protect disclosures that would violate Federal or State law or diminish or impair the rights of any person to the continued protection of confidentiality of communications provided by such law.
- (B) Notice of internal procedures.—Subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) shall not apply unless the internal procedures involved are reasonably expected to be known to the health care professional involved. For purposes of this subparagraph, a health care professional is reasonably expected to know of internal procedures if those procedures have been made available to the professional through distribution or posting.

1	(C) Internal procedure exception.—
2	Subparagraph (D) of paragraph (2) also shall
3	not apply if—
4	(i) the disclosure relates to an immi-
5	nent hazard of loss of life or serious injury
6	to a patient;
7	(ii) the disclosure is made to an ap-
8	propriate private accreditation body pursu-
9	ant to disclosure procedures established by
10	the body; or
11	(iii) the disclosure is in response to an
12	inquiry made in an investigation or pro-
13	ceeding of an appropriate public regulatory
14	agency and the information disclosed is
15	limited to the scope of the investigation or
16	proceeding.
17	(4) Additional considerations.—It shall
18	not be a violation of paragraph (1) to take an ad-
19	verse action against a protected health care profes-
20	sional if the plan, issuer, or provider taking the ad-
21	verse action involved demonstrates that it would
22	have taken the same adverse action even in the ab-
23	sence of the activities protected under such para-
24	graph.

1 (5) Notice.—A group health plan, health in2 surance issuer, and institutional health care provider
3 shall post a notice, to be provided or approved by
4 the Secretary of Labor, setting forth excerpts from,
5 or summaries of, the pertinent provisions of this
6 subsection and information pertaining to enforce7 ment of such provisions.

(6) Constructions.—

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- (A) DETERMINATIONS OF COVERAGE.—
 Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a plan or issuer from making a determination not to pay for a particular medical treatment or service or the services of a type of health care professional.
- (B) Enforcement of Peer Review Protocols and internal procedures.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a plan, issuer, or provider from establishing and enforcing reasonable peer review or utilization review protocols or determining whether a protected health care professional has complied with those protocols or from establishing and enforcing internal procedures for the purpose of addressing quality concerns.

1	(C) RELATION TO OTHER RIGHTS.—Noth-
2	ing in this subsection shall be construed to
3	abridge rights of participants, beneficiaries, en-
4	rollees, and protected health care professionals
5	under other applicable Federal or State laws.
6	(7) Protected Health care professional
7	DEFINED.—For purposes of this subsection, the
8	term "protected health care professional" means an
9	individual who is a licensed or certified health care
10	professional and who—
11	(A) with respect to a group health plan or
12	health insurance issuer, is an employee of the
13	plan or issuer or has a contract with the plan
14	or issuer for provision of services for which ben-
15	efits are available under the plan or issuer; or
16	(B) with respect to an institutional health
17	care provider, is an employee of the provider or
18	has a contract or other arrangement with the
19	provider respecting the provision of health care
20	services.
21	Subtitle F—Promoting Good
22	Medical Practice
23	SEC. 151. PROMOTING GOOD MEDICAL PRACTICE.
24	(a) Prohibiting Arbitrary Limitations or Con-
25	DITIONS FOR THE PROVISION OF SERVICES.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—A group health plan, and a 1 2 health insurance issuer in connection with the provi-3 sion of health insurance coverage, may not arbitrarily interfere with or alter the decision of the treating 5 physician regarding the manner or setting in which 6 particular services are delivered if the services are 7 medically necessary or appropriate for treatment or 8 diagnosis to the extent that such treatment or diag-9 nosis is otherwise a covered benefit.
 - (2) Construction.—Paragraph (1) shall not be construed as prohibiting a plan or issuer from limiting the delivery of services to one or more health care providers within a network of such providers.
 - (3) Manner or setting Defined.—In paragraph (1), the term "manner or setting" means the location of treatment, such as whether treatment is provided on an inpatient or outpatient basis, and the duration of treatment, such as the number of days in a hospital. Such term does not include the coverage of a particular service or treatment.
- 22 (b) No Change in Coverage.—Subsection (a) shall 23 not be construed as requiring coverage of particular serv-24 ices the coverage of which is otherwise not covered under

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1	the terms of the plan or coverage or from conducting utili-
2	zation review activities consistent with this subsection.
3	(c) Medical Necessity or Appropriateness De-
4	FINED.—In subsection (a), the term "medically necessary
5	or appropriate" means, with respect to a service or benefit,
6	a service or benefit which is consistent with generally ac-
7	cepted principles of professional medical practice.
8	SEC. 152. STANDARDS RELATING TO BENEFITS FOR CER-
9	TAIN BREAST CANCER TREATMENT.
10	(a) Inpatient Care.—
11	(1) In general.—A group health plan, and a
12	health insurance issuer offering group health insur-
13	ance coverage, that provides medical and surgical
14	benefits shall ensure that inpatient coverage with re-
15	spect to the treatment of breast cancer is provided
16	for a period of time as is determined by the attend-
17	ing physician, in the physician's professional judg-
18	ment consistent with generally accepted medical
19	standards, in consultation with the patient, to be
20	medically appropriate following—
21	(A) a mastectomy;
22	(B) a lumpectomy; or
23	(C) a lymph node dissection for the treat-
24	ment of breast cancer.

- 1 (2) EXCEPTION.—Nothing in this section shall
 2 be construed as requiring the provision of inpatient
 3 coverage if the attending physician and patient de4 termine that a shorter period of hospital stay is
 5 medically appropriate.
- 6 (b) Prohibitions.—A group health plan, and a 7 health insurance issuer offering group health insurance 8 coverage in connection with a group health plan, may 9 not—
- 10 (1) deny to a woman eligibility, or continued 11 eligibility, to enroll or to renew coverage under the 12 terms of the plan, solely for the purpose of avoiding 13 the requirements of this section;
 - (2) provide monetary payments or rebates to women to encourage such women to accept less than the minimum protections available under this section;
 - (3) penalize or otherwise reduce or limit the reimbursement of an attending provider because such provider provided care to an individual participant or beneficiary in accordance with this section;
 - (4) provide incentives (monetary or otherwise) to an attending provider to induce such provider to provide care to an individual participant or beneficiary in a manner inconsistent with this section; or

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1 (5) subject to subsection (c)(3), restrict benefits 2 for any portion of a period within a hospital length 3 of stay required under subsection (a) in a manner 4 which is less favorable than the benefits provided for 5 any preceding portion of such stay.

(c) Rules of Construction.—

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- (1) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a woman who is a participant or beneficiary—
 - (A) to undergo a mastectomy, lumpectomy, or lymph node dissection in a hospital; or
 - (B) to stay in the hospital for a fixed period of time following a mastectomy, lumpectomy, or lymph node dissection.
- (2) This section shall not apply with respect to any group health plan, or any group health insurance coverage offered by a health insurance issuer, which does not provide benefits for hospital lengths of stay in connection with a mastectomy, lumpectomy, or lymph node dissection for the treatment of breast cancer.
- (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as preventing a group health plan or issuer from imposing deductibles, coinsurance, or other cost-sharing in relation to benefits for hospital lengths of stay in

- connection with a mastectomy or lymph node dissec-1 2 tion for the treatment of breast cancer under the 3 plan (or under health insurance coverage offered in connection with a group health plan), except that 5 such coinsurance or other cost-sharing for any por-6 tion of a period within a hospital length of stay re-7 quired under subsection (a) may not be greater than 8 such coinsurance or cost-sharing for any preceding 9 portion of such stay. 10 (d) LEVEL AND TYPE OF REIMBURSEMENTS.—Nothing in this section shall be construed to prevent a group health plan or a health insurance issuer offering group health insurance coverage from negotiating the level and type of reimbursement with a provider for care provided in accordance with this section. 16 (e) Exception for Health Insurance Coverage IN CERTAIN STATES.— 18 (1) In general.—The requirements of this 19 section shall not apply with respect to health insur-20
 - (1) IN GENERAL.—The requirements of this section shall not apply with respect to health insurance coverage if there is a State law (as defined in section 2723(d)(1) of the Public Health Service Act) for a State that regulates such coverage that is described in any of the following subparagraphs:
- 24 (A) Such State law requires such coverage 25 to provide for at least a 48-hour hospital length

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of stay following a mastectomy performed for treatment of breast cancer and at least a 24hour hospital length of stay following a lymph node dissection for treatment of breast cancer.

- (B) Such State law requires, in connection with such coverage for surgical treatment of breast cancer, that the hospital length of stay for such care is left to the decision of (or required to be made by) the attending provider in consultation with the woman involved.
- 11 (2) CONSTRUCTION.—Section 2723(a)(1) of the 12 Public Health Service Act and section 731(a)(1) of 13 the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 14 1974 shall not be construed as superseding a State 15 law described in paragraph (1).

Subtitle G—Definitions

17 SEC. 191. DEFINITIONS.

- 18 (a) Incorporation of General Definitions.—
- 19 The provisions of section 2971 of the Public Health Serv-
- 20 ice Act shall apply for purposes of this title in the same
- 21 manner as they apply for purposes of title XXVII of such
- 22 Act.

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- 23 (b) Secretary.—Except as otherwise provided, the
- 24 term "Secretary" means the Secretary of Health and
- 25 Human Services, in consultation with the Secretary of

1	Labor and the Secretary of the Treasury and the term
2	"appropriate Secretary" means the Secretary of Health
3	and Human Services in relation to carrying out this title
4	under sections 2706 and 2751 of the Public Health Serv-
5	ice Act, the Secretary of Labor in relation to carrying out
6	this title under section 714 of the Employee Retirement
7	Income Security Act of 1974, and the Secretary of the
8	Treasury in relation to carrying out this title under chap-
9	ter 100 and section 4980D of the Internal Revenue Code
10	of 1986.
11	(c) Additional Definitions.—For purposes of this
12	title:
13	(1) APPLICABLE AUTHORITY.—The term "ap-
14	plicable authority' means—
15	(A) in the case of a group health plan, the
16	Secretary of Health and Human Services and
17	the Secretary of Labor; and
18	(B) in the case of a health insurance issuer
19	with respect to a specific provision of this title,
20	the applicable State authority (as defined in
21	section 2791(d) of the Public Health Service
22	Act), or the Secretary of Health and Human
23	Services, if such Secretary is enforcing such
24	provision under section 2722(a)(2) or
25	2761(a)(2) of the Public Health Service Act.

- (2) CLINICAL PEER.—The term "clinical peer" 1 2 means, with respect to a review or appeal, a physi-3 cian (allopathic or osteopathic) or other health care professional who holds a license, and who, in the 5 case of a physician, is appropriately certified by a 6 nationally recognized, peer reviewed accrediting body in the same or similar specialty as typically manages 7 8 the medical condition, procedure, or treatment under 9 review or appeal and includes a pediatric specialist 10 where appropriate; except that only a physician may 11 be a clinical peer with respect to the review or ap-12 peal of treatment recommended or rendered by a 13 physician.
 - (3) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term "health care provider" includes a physician or other health care professional, as well as an institutional provider of health care services.
 - (4) Nonparticipating.—The term "non-participating" means, with respect to a health care provider that provides health care items and services to a participant, beneficiary, or enrollee under group health plan or health insurance coverage, a health care provider that is not a participating health care provider with respect to such items and services.

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1 (5) Participating.—The term "participating"
2 mean, with respect to a health care provider that
3 provides health care items and services to a partici4 pant, beneficiary, or enrollee under group health
5 plan or health insurance coverage offered by a
6 health insurance issuer, a health care provider that
7 furnishes such items and services under a contract
8 or other arrangement with the plan or issuer.

9 SEC. 192. PREEMPTION; STATE FLEXIBILITY; CONSTRUC-

- 10 **TION.**
- 11 (a) CONTINUED APPLICABILITY OF STATE LAW
 12 WITH RESPECT TO HEALTH INSURANCE ISSUERS.—
- 13 (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), 14 this title shall not be construed to supersede any 15 provision of State law which establishes, implements, 16 or continues in effect any standard or requirement 17 solely relating to health insurance issuers in connec-18 tion with group health insurance coverage, except to 19 the extent that such standard or requirement pre-20 vents the application of a requirement of this title, 21 or which requires (in connection with any litigation 22 against a health insurance issuer) that the dispute 23 be first, or simultaneously, considered through an al-24 ternative dispute resolution system.

- 1 (2) CONTINUED PREEMPTION WITH RESPECT
- 2 TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS.—Nothing in this title
- 3 shall be construed to affect or modify the provisions
- 4 of section 514 of the Employee Retirement Income
- 5 Security Act of 1974 with respect to group health
- 6 plans.
- 7 (b) Rules of Construction.—Except as provided
- 8 in section 152, nothing in this title shall be construed as
- 9 requiring a group health plan or health insurance coverage
- 10 to provide specific benefits under the terms of such plan
- 11 or coverage.
- 12 (c) Definitions.—For purposes of this section:
- 13 (1) State Law.—The term "State law" in-
- 14 cludes all laws, decisions, rules, regulations, or other
- 15 State action having the effect of law, of any State.
- A law of the United States applicable only to the
- 17 District of Columbia shall be treated as a State law
- 18 rather than a law of the United States.
- 19 (2) STATE.—The term "State" includes a
- 20 State, the Northern Mariana Islands, any political
- 21 subdivisions of a State or such Islands, or any agen-
- 22 cy or instrumentality of either.
- 23 SEC. 193. REGULATIONS.
- The Secretaries of Health and Human Services and
- 25 Labor shall issue such regulations as may be necessary

- 1 or appropriate to carry out this title, other than section
- 2 151. Such regulations shall be issued consistent with sec-
- 3 tion 104 of Health Insurance Portability and Accountabil-
- 4 ity Act of 1996. Such Secretaries may promulgate any in-
- 5 terim final rules as the Secretaries determine are appro-
- 6 priate to carry out this title.

7 TITLE II—APPLICATION OF PA-

- 8 TIENT PROTECTION STAND-
- 9 ARDS TO GROUP HEALTH
- 10 PLANS AND HEALTH INSUR-
- 11 ANCE COVERAGE UNDER
- 12 PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
- 13 **ACT**
- 14 SEC. 201. APPLICATION TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND
- 15 GROUP HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE.
- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart 2 of part A of title
- 17 XXVII of the Public Health Service Act is amended by
- 18 adding at the end the following new section:
- 19 "SEC. 2706. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.
- 20 "(a) IN GENERAL.—Each group health plan shall
- 21 comply with patient protection requirements under title I
- 22 of the Managed Care Reform Act of 1999, and each health
- 23 insurance issuer shall comply with patient protection re-
- 24 quirements under such title with respect to group health

- 1 insurance coverage it offers, and such requirements shall
- 2 be deemed to be incorporated into this subsection.
- 3 "(b) NOTICE.—A group health plan shall comply with
- 4 the notice requirement under section 711(d) of the Em-
- 5 ployee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 with re-
- 6 spect to the requirements referred to in subsection (a) and
- 7 a health insurance issuer shall comply with such notice
- 8 requirement as if such section applied to such issuer and
- 9 such issuer were a group health plan.".
- 10 (b) Conforming Amendment.—Section
- 11 2721(b)(2)(A) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 300gg–21(b)(2)(A))
- 12 is amended by inserting "(other than section 2706)" after
- 13 "requirements of such subparts".
- 14 SEC. 202. APPLICATION TO INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSUR-
- 15 ANCE COVERAGE.
- Part B of title XXVII of the Public Health Service
- 17 Act is amended by inserting after section 2751 the follow-
- 18 ing new section:
- 19 "SEC. 2752. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS.
- 20 "(a) In General.—Each health insurance issuer
- 21 shall comply with patient protection requirements under
- 22 title I of the Managed Care Reform Act of 1999 with re-
- 23 spect to individual health insurance coverage it offers, and
- 24 such requirements shall be deemed to be incorporated into
- 25 this subsection.

1 "(b) Notice.—A health insurance issuer under this part shall comply with the notice requirement under sec-3 tion 711(d) of the Employee Retirement Income Security 4 Act of 1974 with respect to the requirements of such title as if such section applied to such issuer and such issuer were a group health plan.". 6 **III—AMENDMENTS** TITLE TO 7 THE EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT 8 INCOME SECURITY ACT 9 1974 10 SEC. 301. APPLICATION OF PATIENT PROTECTION STAND-12 ARDS TO GROUP HEALTH PLANS AND GROUP 13 HEALTH INSURANCE COVERAGE UNDER THE 14 EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT INCOME SECURITY 15 ACT OF 1974. 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—Subpart B of part 7 of subtitle B of title I of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 is amended by adding at the end the following 19 new section: 20 "SEC. 714. PATIENT PROTECTION STANDARDS. 21 "(a) In General.—Subject to subsection (b), a 22 group health plan (and a health insurance issuer offering

group health insurance coverage in connection with such

a plan) shall comply with the requirements of title I of

the Managed Care Reform Act of 1999 (as in effect as

- 1 of the date of the enactment of such Act), and such re-
- 2 quirements shall be deemed to be incorporated into this
- 3 subsection.
- 4 "(b) Plan Satisfaction of Certain Require-
- 5 MENTS.—

7 MENTS THROUGH INSURANCE.—For purposes of 8 subsection (a), insofar as a group health plan pro-9 vides benefits in the form of health insurance cov-

"(1) Satisfaction of Certain Require-

- 10 erage through a health insurance issuer, the plan
- shall be treated as meeting the following require-
- ments of title I of the Managed Care Reform Act of
- 13 1999 with respect to such benefits and not be con-
- sidered as failing to meet such requirements because
- of a failure of the issuer to meet such requirements
- so long as the plan sponsor or its representatives did
- 17 not cause such failure by the issuer:
- 18 "(A) Section 101 (relating to access to
- 19 emergency care).
- 20 "(B) Section 102(a)(1) (relating to offer-
- 21 ing option to purchase point-of-service cov-
- erage), but only insofar as the plan is meeting
- such requirement through an agreement with
- the issuer to offer the option to purchase point-
- of-service coverage under such section.

1	"(C) Section 103 (relating to choice of pro-
2	viders).
3	"(D) Section 104 (relating to access to
4	specialty care).
5	"(E) Section 105(a)(1) (relating to con-
6	tinuity in case of termination of provider con-
7	tract) and section 105(a)(2) (relating to con-
8	tinuity in case of termination of issuer con-
9	tract), but only insofar as a replacement issuer
10	assumes the obligation for continuity of care.
11	"(F) Section 106 (relating to coverage for
12	individuals participating in approved clinical
13	trials.)
14	"(G) Section 107 (relating to access to
15	needed prescription drugs).
16	"(H) Section 108 (relating to adequacy of
17	provider network).
18	"(I) Subtitle B (relating to quality assur-
19	ance).
20	"(J) Section 143 (relating to additional
21	rules regarding participation of health care pro-
22	fessionals).
23	"(K) Section 152 (relating to standards re-
24	lating to benefits for certain breast cancer
25	treatment).

"(2) Information.—With respect to information required to be provided or made available under section 121, in the case of a group health plan that provides benefits in the form of health insurance coverage through a health insurance issuer, the Secretary shall determine the circumstances under which the plan is not required to provide or make available the information (and is not liable for the issuer's failure to provide or make available the information), if the issuer is obligated to provide and make available (or provides and makes available) such information.

"(3) GRIEVANCE AND INTERNAL APPEALS.—
With respect to the grievance system and internal appeals process required to be established under sections 131 and 132, in the case of a group health plan that provides benefits in the form of health insurance coverage through a health insurance issuer, the Secretary shall determine the circumstances under which the plan is not required to provide for such system and process (and is not liable for the issuer's failure to provide for such system and process), if the issuer is obligated to provide for (and provides for) such system and process.

- 1 "(4) EXTERNAL APPEALS.—Pursuant to rules 2 of the Secretary, insofar as a group health plan en-3 ters into a contract with a qualified external appeal 4 entity for the conduct of external appeal activities in 5 accordance with section 133, the plan shall be treat-6 ed as meeting the requirement of such section and 7 is not liable for the entity's failure to meet any re-8 quirements under such section.
 - "(5) APPLICATION TO PROHIBITIONS.—Pursuant to rules of the Secretary, if a health insurance issuer offers health insurance coverage in connection with a group health plan and takes an action in violation of any of the following sections, the group health plan shall not be liable for such violation unless the plan caused such violation:
 - "(A) Section 141 (relating to prohibition of interference with certain medical communications).
 - "(B) Section 142 (relating to prohibition against transfer of indemnification or improper incentive arrangements).
- 22 "(C) Section 144 (relating to prohibition 23 on retaliation).
- 24 "(D) Section 151 (relating to promoting 25 good medical practice).

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- "(6) Construction.—Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to affect or modify the responsibilities of the fiduciaries of a group health plan under part 4 of subtitle B.
 - "(7) APPLICATION TO CERTAIN PROHIBITIONS
 AGAINST RETALIATION.—With respect to compliance
 with the requirements of section 144(b)(1) of the
 Managed Care Reform Act of 1999, for purposes of
 this subtitle the term 'group health plan' is deemed
 to include a reference to an institutional health care
 provider.
 - "(c) Enforcement of Certain Requirements.—
 - "(1) COMPLAINTS.—Any protected health care professional who believes that the professional has been retaliated or discriminated against in violation of section 144(b)(1) of the Managed Care Reform Act of 1999 may file with the Secretary a complaint within 180 days of the date of the alleged retaliation or discrimination.
 - "(2) INVESTIGATION.—The Secretary shall investigate such complaints and shall determine if a violation of such section has occurred and, if so, shall issue an order to ensure that the protected health care professional does not suffer any loss of position, pay, or benefits in relation to the plan,

- 1 issuer, or provider involved, as a result of the viola-
- 2 tion found by the Secretary.
- 3 "(d) Conforming Regulations.—The Secretary
- 4 may issue regulations to coordinate the requirements on
- 5 group health plans under this section with the require-
- 6 ments imposed under the other provisions of this title.".
- 7 (b) Satisfaction of ERISA Claims Procedure
- 8 Requirement.—Section 503 of such Act (29 U.S.C.
- 9 1133) is amended by inserting "(a)" after "Sec. 503."
- 10 and by adding at the end the following new subsection:
- 11 "(b) In the case of a group health plan (as defined
- 12 in section 733) compliance with the requirements of sub-
- 13 title D (and section 111) of title I of the Managed Care
- 14 Reform Act of 1999 in the case of a claims denial shall
- 15 be deemed compliance with subsection (a) with respect to
- 16 such claims denial.".
- 17 (c) Conforming Amendments.—(1) Section 732(a)
- 18 of such Act (29 U.S.C. 1185(a)) is amended by striking
- 19 "section 711" and inserting "sections 711 and 714".
- 20 (2) The table of contents in section 1 of such Act
- 21 is amended by inserting after the item relating to section
- 22 712 the following new item:
 - "Sec. 714. Patient protection standards.".
- 23 (3) Section 502(b)(3) of such Act (29 U.S.C.
- 24 1132(b)(3)) is amended by inserting "(other than section
- 25 144(b))" after "part 7".

1	SEC. 302. ERISA PREEMPTION NOT TO APPLY TO CERTAIN
2	ACTIONS INVOLVING HEALTH INSURANCE
3	POLICYHOLDERS.
4	(a) In General.—Section 514 of the Employee Re-
5	tirement Income Security Act of 1974 (29 U.S.C. 1144)
6	is amended by adding at the end the following subsection:
7	"(e) Preemption Not To Apply to Certain Ac-
8	TIONS ARISING OUT OF PROVISION OF HEALTH BENE-
9	FITS.—
10	"(1) Non-preemption of certain causes of
11	ACTION.—
12	"(A) In general.—Except as provided in
13	this subsection, nothing in this title shall be
14	construed to invalidate, impair, or supersede
15	any cause of action brought by a plan partici-
16	pant or beneficiary (or the estate of a plan par-
17	ticipant or beneficiary) under State law to re-
18	cover damages resulting from personal injury or
19	for wrongful death against any person—
20	"(i) in connection with the provision
21	of insurance, administrative services, or
22	medical services by such person to or for
23	a group health plan (as defined in section
24	733), or
25	"(ii) that arises out of the arrange-
26	ment by such person for the provision of

1	such insurance, administrative services, or
2	medical services by other persons.
3	"(B) Limitation on punitive dam-
4	AGES.—The plan or issuer is not liable for any
5	punitive, exemplary, or similar damages in the
6	case of a cause of action brought under sub-
7	paragraph (A) if—
8	"(i) it relates to an externally appeal-
9	able decision (as defined in subsection
10	(a)(2) of section 133 of the Managed Care
11	Reform Act of 1999);
12	"(ii) an external appeal with respect
13	to such decision was completed under such
14	section 133;
15	"(iii) in the case such external appeal
16	was initiated by the plan or issuer filing
17	the request for the external appeal, the re-
18	quest was filed on a timely basis before the
19	date the action was brought or, if later,
20	within 30 days after the date the exter-
21	nally appealable decision was made;
22	"(iv) the plan or issuer promptly fol-
23	lowed the recommendation of the qualified
24	external appeal entity involved; and

1	"(v) such recommendation is not va-
2	cated under subsection (d)(3) of such sec-
3	tion based upon an action of the plan or
4	issuer.
5	The provisions of this subparagraph supersede
6	any State law or common law to the contrary.
7	"(C) Personal injury defined.—For
8	purposes of this subsection, the term 'personal
9	injury' means a physical injury and includes an
10	injury arising out of the treatment (or failure
11	to treat) a mental illness or disease.
12	"(2) Exception for employers and other
13	PLAN SPONSORS.—
14	"(A) In General.—Subject to subpara-
15	graph (B), paragraph (1) does not authorize—
16	"(i) any cause of action against an
17	employer or other plan sponsor maintain-
18	ing the group health plan (or against an
19	employee of such an employer or sponsor
20	acting within the scope of employment), or
21	"(ii) a right of recovery or indemnity
22	by a person against an employer or other
23	plan sponsor (or such an employee) for

1	suant to a cause of action under paragraph
2	(1).
3	"(B) Special Rule.—Subparagraph (A)
4	shall not preclude any cause of action described
5	in paragraph (1) against an employer or other
6	plan sponsor (or against an employee of such
7	an employer or sponsor acting within the scope
8	of employment) if—
9	"(i) such action is based on the em-
10	ployer's or other plan sponsor's (or em-
11	ployee's) exercise of discretionary authority
12	to make a decision on a claim for benefits
13	covered under the plan or health insurance
14	coverage in the case at issue; and
15	"(ii) the exercise by such employer or
16	other plan sponsor (or employee) of such
17	authority resulted in personal injury or
18	wrongful death.
19	"(3) Construction.—Nothing in this sub-
20	section shall be construed as permitting a cause of
21	action under State law for the failure to provide an
22	item or service which is specifically excluded under
23	the group health plan involved.".
24	(b) Effective Date.—The amendment made by
25	subsection (a) shall apply to acts and omissions occurring

- on or after the date of the enactment of this Act from
- 2 which a cause of action arises.

TITLE IV—EFFECTIVE DATES; 3

COORDINATION IMPLE-IN 4

MENTATION 5

SEC. 401. EFFECTIVE DATES.

- 7 (a) Group Health Coverage.—
- (1) In General.—Subject to paragraph (2), 9 the amendments made by sections 201(a) and 301 10 (and title I insofar as it relates to such sections) 11 shall apply with respect to group health plans, and 12 health insurance coverage offered in connection with
- 13 group health plans, for plan years beginning on or
- 14 after October 1, 2000 (in this section referred to as
- 15 the "general effective date").
- 16 (2) Treatment of collective bargaining
- 17 AGREEMENTS.—In the case of a group health plan
- 18 maintained pursuant to 1 or more collective bargain-
- 19 ing agreements between employee representatives
- 20 and 1 or more employers ratified before the date of
- 21 enactment of this Act, the amendments made by sec-
- 22 tions 201(a) and 301 (and title I insofar as it re-
- 23 lates to such sections) shall not apply to plan years
- 24 beginning before the later of—

1	(A) the date on which the last collective
2	bargaining agreements relating to the plan ter-
3	minates (determined without regard to any ex-
4	tension thereof agreed to after the date of en-
5	actment of this Act), or
6	(B) the general effective date.
7	For purposes of subparagraph (A), any plan amend-
8	ment made pursuant to a collective bargaining
9	agreement relating to the plan which amends the
10	plan solely to conform to any requirement added by
11	this Act shall not be treated as a termination of
12	such collective bargaining agreement.
13	(b) Individual Health Insurance Coverage.—
14	The amendments made by section 202 shall apply with
15	respect to individual health insurance coverage offered,
16	sold, issued, renewed, in effect, or operated in the individ-
17	ual market on or after the general effective date.
18	SEC. 402. COORDINATION IN IMPLEMENTATION.
19	The Secretary of Health and Human Services and the
20	Secretary of Labor shall ensure, through the execution of
21	an interagency memorandum of understanding among
22	such Secretaries, that—
23	(1) regulations, rulings, and interpretations
24	issued by such Secretaries relating to the same mat-
25	ter over which two or more such Secretaries have re-

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sponsibility under title I (and the amendments made by titles II and III) are administered so as to have the same effect at all times; and

(2) coordination of policies relating to enforcing the same requirements through such Secretaries in order to have a coordinated enforcement strategy that avoids duplication of enforcement efforts and assigns priorities in enforcement.

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