#### 106TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION

# H. R. 4297

To amend the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 to ensure the orderly development of coal, coalbed methane, natural gas, and oil in common areas of the Powder River Basin, Wyoming and Montana, and for other purposes.

#### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 13, 2000

Mrs. Cubin introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Resources

# A BILL

- To amend the Mineral Leasing Act of 1920 to ensure the orderly development of coal, coalbed methane, natural gas, and oil in common areas of the Powder River Basin, Wyoming and Montana, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Powder River Basin
  - 5 Resource Development Act of 2000".
  - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSE.
  - 7 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds the following:

- 1 (1) The Powder River Basin in Wyoming and 2 Montana is one of the world's richest energy re-3 source regions, possessing the largest reserves of 4 coal in the United States and significant deposits of 5 oil and natural gas, including coalbed methane.
  - (2) The coal is predominantly federally owned—either as part of the public lands or reserved from public lands that were sold under homestead laws enacted in 1909, 1910, and 1916—and is leased to coal producers by the Bureau of Land Management, under the Mineral Leasing Act.
  - (3) The gas and oil are owned by the Federal Government, the States, and private parties.
  - (4) The federally owned gas and oil, like the coal, are part of the public lands and leased to oil and gas lessees by the Bureau of Land Management under the Mineral Leasing Act.
  - (5) The privately owned gas and oil were conveyed with the public lands purchased under the 3 homestead laws and may have been sold or leased to oil and gas producers by the successors to those original purchasers.
  - (6) Development of these valuable energy resources is of critical importance to the American public.

- 1 (7) These energy resources provide fuel to heat 2 and light our homes and power our industries.
  - (8) Extraction of these energy resources provides royalties, taxes, and wages that contribute to national, State, and local treasuries and economies.
  - (9) Development of both the coal and the gas and oil is occurring in the Powder River Basin.
  - (10) In many locations both the coal and the gas and oil have been leased or sold to different parties. These resources are frequently extracted sequentially, but for safety and operational reasons typically cannot be extracted simultaneously, in the same location. Where concurrent development is impossible and even where it may be possible, disputes have arisen among the different parties concerning plans for, and the course of, development of these resources.
  - (11) The development of any one of these resources can result in loss of another, either by making recovery impossible in the case of coalbed methane or uneconomic in the case of deep natural gas, oil, or coal.
  - (12) The nature, extent, and value of any loss or delay in development of the gas, oil, or coal resource due to development of another of these re-

- sources in the common areas within the Powder 2 River Basin in which disputes between the resources' 3 developers arise should be ascertained and fair mar-
- ket value for the loss or delay provided either by
- 5 agreement between the developers or by an expedi-
- 6 tious adjudication procedure.

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- (13) The Federal law under which most of the coal and much of the gas and oil in the Powder River Basin are made available for development should be amended to provide a procedure that will assure the orderly development of the energy resources, and fair treatment to the resources' developers, in the common areas within the Powder River Basin in which disputes between the developers arise.
  - (b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are to—
  - (1) amend the Mineral Leasing Act to provide a procedure to resolve disputes between developers of coal and developers of natural gas and oil in the common areas within the Powder River Basin to which this Act applies regarding the sequence of development of those resources in the same location;
  - (2) encourage maximum recovery of the resources prior to the time at which such disputes are

- likely to occur or thereafter until the procedure provided by this Act is implemented;
- 3 (3) ensure that the procedure provided by this
  4 Act is employed only as a last resort if the disputes
  5 are not fully resolved by voluntary agreements be6 tween the resources' developers or administrative
  7 policies and actions;
  - (4) determine fair and just compensation owed for the postponement, or loss, of the opportunity to develop a resource resulting from implementation of the procedure provided by this Act; and
  - (5) provide expressly that the procedure provided by this Act will neither apply to nor set any precedent for resolution of disputes between or among resource developers outside of the common areas within the Powder River Basin to which this Act applies.

#### 18 SEC. 3. AMENDMENT TO THE MINERAL LEASING ACT.

- The Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C. 181 et seq.) is
- 20 amended by redesignating section 44 as section 45 and
- 21 inserting after section 43 the following new section:
- 22 "SEC. 44. DEVELOPMENT OF COAL, NATURAL GAS, AND OIL
- 23 IN THE POWDER RIVER BASIN.
- "(a) Definitions.—As used in this section:

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- "(1) The term 'Powder River Basin' or 'Basin'
  means the area designated as 'Powder River Basin'
  on a map entitled 'MLA Section 44 Powder River
  Basin Area', dated July 1, 1999, and on file in the
  Wyoming and Montana State Offices of the Bureau
  of Land Management.
  - "(2) The term 'Subsection (h) Lands' means the area designated as 'Subsection (h) Lands' on the map described in paragraph (1).
    - "(3) The term 'Federal coal lease' means a lease of Federal coal in the Basin issued pursuant to this Act.
    - "(4) The term 'Federal coal lessee' means the holder of a Federal coal lease.
    - "(5) The term 'oil and gas developer' means the holder of a lease under this Act for oil or gas in the Basin or a lease for or right to develop oil and gas in the Basin provided by any State or private owner.
    - "(6) The term 'oil and gas property' means an area of the Basin which is subject to the lease for or right to develop oil and gas held by an oil or gas developer as described in paragraph (5).
  - "(7) The term 'common area' means an area in the Basin in which all or a portion of a Federal coal lease and any area of State or private coal within a

- logical mining unit with the Federal coal lease overlaps all or a portion of an oil and gas property.
- "(8) The term 'approved or proposed mining plan' means a mining plan that is approved by, or has been submitted for the approval of, the Bureau of Land Management.
  - "(9) The term 'coalbed methane' shall have the meaning given that term in section 1339(p)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (106 Stat. 2992; 42 U.S.C. 13368(p)(2)).
    - "(10) The term 'owner of any interest in the oil and gas property' means the owner of any interest in the oil and gas property, including working interest, lease interest, operating interest, mineral interest, and royalty interest, and any other person who might receive compensation for unavoidable fixed expenses under an order concerning the oil and gas property issued pursuant to paragraph (10)(E) of subsection (f).
    - "(11) The term 'owners of any non-Federal interest in the oil and gas property' means all owners of any interest in the oil and gas property except the Federal Government or any agency or department thereof.

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- 1 "(12) The term 'develop' or 'development'
- 2 means to develop or to produce, or both, or the de-
- 3 velopment or production, or both, respectively, in-
- 4 cluding all incidental operations.
- 5 "(b) Parties Encouraged To Enter Into Writ-
- 6 TEN AGREEMENT.—In any common area, the Federal coal
- 7 lessee and oil and gas developer, subject to applicable Fed-
- 8 eral and State law, may and are encouraged to enter into
- 9 a written agreement that details operations and assigns
- 10 or assesses costs or compensation for the concurrent or
- 11 sequential development of those resources.
- 12 "(c) Mineral Conservation.—The Secretary shall
- 13 employ such authority as the Secretary may possess under
- 14 this Act to encourage expedited development of oil and gas
- 15 and coal that—
- 16 "(1) are leased pursuant to this Act;
- 17 "(2) are within common areas; and
- 18 "(3) otherwise may be lost or bypassed under
- agreements entered into, or orders issued, pursuant
- to this section.
- 21 "(d) Exploration.—Unless otherwise provided by
- 22 law, in any common area where no coal, gas, or oil devel-
- 23 opment operations have commenced, the Federal coal les-
- 24 see and the oil and gas developer shall each—

- 1 "(1) have access to conduct exploration activi-2 ties; and
- 3 "(2) conduct such activities in a manner that 4 will avoid undue interference with the other's activi-5 ties.
- 6 "(e) Negotiations Concerning Development 7 Priority for Certain Operations in the Basin.—

"(1) Obligation to provide written no-8 9 TICE OF CONFLICT.—Whenever a Federal coal lessee 10 or an oil and gas developer determines that a com-11 mon area exists which contains a Federal coal lease, 12 or a logical mining unit, including the Federal coal 13 lease, held by the Federal coal lessee and an oil and 14 gas property held by the oil and gas developer and, 15 pursuant to an approved or proposed mining plan, 16 mining operations or facilities in support of mining 17 for coal on the leasehold or the logical mining unit 18 will be located within the common area, the Federal 19 coal lessee or the oil and gas developer shall provide 20 written notice of the determination to the other 21 party no later than 210 days prior to the date on 22 which the mining operations or construction of the 23 mine support facilities is projected by the approved 24 or proposed mining plan to commence in the com-25 mon area.

1 "(2) Obligation to Negotiate.—Promptly
2 after providing the notice referred to in paragraph
3 (1), the party which provided the notice shall seek
4 to negotiate a written agreement with the other
5 party that resolves any conflict between the develop6 ment of gas or oil and development of coal in the
7 common area.

8 "(f) Compensation Procedures for Assignment
9 of Development Priority.—

"(1) Petition for relief.—(A) If the Federal coal lessee and the oil and gas developer engage in negotiations, but do not reach agreement, pursuant to subsection (e)(2), the Federal coal lessee or the oil and gas developer may file a petition for relief as described in subparagraph (C) in the United States district court for the district in which the common area is located on any date which is not less than 150 days prior to the date on which the mining operations or construction of the mine support facilities is projected by the approved or proposed mining plan to commence in the common area.

"(B) The petitioner shall serve the oil and gas developer or the Federal coal lessee, as the case may be, with a copy of the petition for relief.

1	"(C) The petition for relief shall include the fol
2	lowing:

- "(i) A description and map of the Federal coal lease, the oil and gas property, and the common area.
- "(ii) A list containing the names and addresses of all owners of any non-Federal interest in the oil and gas property and all owners of any non-Federal interest in the Federal coal lease or logical mining unit. The petitioner shall list those owners of any non-Federal interest in the oil and gas property and of the Federal coal lease or logical mining unit whom the petitioner is able to ascertain from the properly indexed records of the county recorder of the county or counties in which the oil and gas property and Federal coal lease or logical mining unit are located, and the respondent shall file with the court and serve on the petitioner any corrections of, additions to, or deletions from the list known to the respondent within 10 days of service of the petition for relief pursuant to subparagraph (A). Thereafter, whenever any correction of, addition to, or deletion from the list becomes known to either the petitioner or

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the respondent, that party shall promptly file with the court and serve on the other party the addition, correction, or deletion. Any person who believes he or she is an owner of any non-Federal interest in the oil and gas property or in the Federal coal lease or logical mining unit and is omitted from the list may file a motion in the court to be added to the list at any time prior to the issuance of an order pursuant to paragraph (10)(E) or paragraph (11)(C).

"(iii) A certified copy of the notice described in subsection (e)(1).

"(iv) A sworn statement by a senior officer of the petitioner with authority to commit the petitioner in any negotiation under subsection (e)(2)stating, and all documents demonstrating, that the petitioner negotiated or attempted to negotiate in good faith with the respondent, pursuant to subsection (c)(2), a voluntary agreement for development of the coal and gas or oil resources or an agreement to compensate the oil and gas developer and all other owners of any non-Federal interest in the oil and gas property for any loss of, or delay in development of, the oil or gas resource, or the Federal coal lessee and all other owners of any non-Federal interest in the Federal coal lease or logical mining unit for any loss of, or delay in development of, the coal resource, resulting from the conflict between development of gas or oil and development of coal in the common area.

('(D) The Federal coal lessee shall submit a

- "(D) The Federal coal lessee shall submit a copy of the approved or proposed mining plan for the mining operations or support facilities that are the subject of the petition for relief—
  - "(i) with the petition for relief if the Federal coal lessee is the petitioner; or
  - "(ii) within 5 days of the date of service of the petition for relief if the Federal coal lessee is the respondent.
- "(2) Joinder of Parties.—The Secretary of the Interior and all owners of any non-Federal interest in the oil and gas property and in the Federal coal lease or logical mining unit identified pursuant to paragraph (1)(C)(ii) shall be joined in the proceedings established pursuant to this subsection.
- "(3) Parties' response to petition.—The non-Federal respondent or respondents shall have 30 days from the date of service of the petition for re-

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1	lief in which to respond to the petition. The Sec-
2	retary of the Interior shall have 60 days from the
3	date of service of the petition for relief in which to
4	respond to the petition.
5	"(4) Court's initial response to petition:
6	PUBLIC INTEREST DETERMINATION AND ORDER
7	CONCERNING SEQUENCE OF DEVELOPMENT.—With-
8	in 120 days of the filing of the petition for relief
9	pursuant to paragraph (1)(A), the court shall take
10	the following actions:
11	"(A) The court shall determine, with peti-
12	tioner having the burden of proof—
13	"(i) whether a common area exists;
14	and
15	"(ii) whether the approved or pro-
16	posed mining plan provides for the mining
17	operations to intersect, or the mine sup-
18	port facilities to be constructed in, any
19	portion of the common area.
20	"(B)(i) If existence of the common area
21	and intersection of, or construction in, the com-
22	mon area are determined pursuant to subpara-
23	graph (A), the court shall determine whether
24	the public interest is best realized either by sus-
25	pension of all or any part of, including any geo-

graphical area of or zone or reservoir subject to, the oil and gas lease or right to develop to accommodate coal development, or by suspension of the Federal coal lease to accommodate gas or oil development, in any portion of the common area during the period prior to an order issued pursuant to paragraph (10)(E) or paragraph (11)(C).

"(ii) Notwithstanding the obligations of Federal and State officials to maximize the economic benefit to be received from mineral resources, the public interest determination described in clause (i) shall be made solely by the calculation of the greater economic benefit to be realized by comparison, on a net present value basis, of the Federal and State revenues from royalties and severance taxes likely to be generated from each mineral underlying the common area to which the petition for relief applies.

"(C)(i) If the determination made pursuant to subparagraph (B) is that the public interest is best realized by suspension of all or part of the oil and gas lease or right to develop, the court shall issue an order fixing the date

upon which the Federal coal lessee may commence mining operations or construction of support facilities in the common area.

- "(ii) The date fixed by the court pursuant to clause (i) may not be later than the commencement date referred to in paragraph (1)(A) and provided in the notice submitted pursuant to paragraph (1)(C)(iii), except for good cause shown.
- "(D)(i) If the determination made pursuant to subparagraph (B) is that the public interest is best realized by requiring suspension of the Federal coal lease, the court shall issue an order prohibiting the mining operations from intersecting, or the support facilities from being constructed in, all or a portion of the common area.
- "(ii) The order issued pursuant to clause
  (i) shall expire upon the issuance of an order
  pursuant to paragraph (11)(C).
- "(5) CONDITIONS IN WHICH COURT MAY RE-FRAIN FROM ISSUING ORDER.—(A) The court may receive such briefs or testimony, or both, as it deems appropriate within 90 days of the filing of the petition for relief pursuant to paragraph(1)(A), but may

refrain from issuing the order required by paragraph

(4)(C) or paragraph (4)(D) only if the court deter
mines, pursuant to paragraph (4)(A), that—

"(i) no common area exists; or

- "(ii) the approved or proposed mining plan does not provide for the mining operations to intersect, or the support facilities to be constructed in, the common area.
- "(B) If the court makes either determination described in subparagraph (A), the court shall issue an order terminating the proceeding under this subsection.
- "(6) Valuation procedure: Appointment of experts.—(A) Within 30 days of the issuance of an order pursuant to paragraph (4)(C) or paragraph (4)(D), to assist the court in making the determinations pursuant to paragraph (10) or paragraph (11), the Federal coal lessee and the oil and gas developer shall each appoint a person who is an expert in appraising the value of, and right to develop, gas or oil if the order is issued under paragraph (4)(C), or coal if the order is issued under paragraph (4)(D), and these persons shall agree upon and appoint a third person with such expertise.

If no agreement is reached on the appointment of a third person, the court shall make the appointment.

"(B) The Federal coal lessee shall be responsible for compensation of the expert appointed by it; the oil and gas developer shall be responsible for compensation of the expert appointed by it; and the Federal coal lessee and oil and gas developer shall each pay one-half of the compensation for the third expert.

"(7) Information and data.—(A) The Federal coal lessee, oil and gas developer, and Secretary of the Interior shall each submit to the panel of experts within 30 days of the appointment of the panel pursuant to paragraph (6) all information and data in the possession of such party that is pertinent to the determinations to be made pursuant to paragraph (10) or paragraph (11), and shall each submit to the panel of experts thereafter any additional pertinent information and data in the possession of such party that the panel requests of such party in writing.

"(B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C), the court shall ensure that any information and data submitted to the panel of experts pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall provide the protection of confidentiality that is applicable, and may be accorded, to them by law and the Federal rules of civil procedure and evidence.

"(C) All information and data submitted to the panel of experts pursuant to subparagraph (A) shall be available for review by all parties unless an exparte order is issued by the court.

"(D) The Federal coal lessee may drill for and otherwise collect data or information on coalbed methane at any site or sites within the common area that are not within a spacing unit containing a well that is producing or capable of producing coalbed methane. The drilling or collection of data or information shall be for the sole purpose of submission of information and data pursuant to this paragraph. The Federal coal lessee shall not produce any coalbed methane as a result of any drilling authorized by this subparagraph and shall comply with any Federal or State requirements applicable to such activity.

"(8) Submission of Briefs and Hearing.—
(A) Within 45 days of the appointment of the panel of experts pursuant to paragraph (6), all parties may submit briefs concerning the determinations to

- be made pursuant to paragraph (10) or paragraph
  (11).
  - "(B) Within 60 days of the appointment of the panel of experts pursuant to paragraph (6), the panel may, or if requested by the petitioner or a respondent shall, receive testimony from all parties concerning the determinations to be made pursuant to paragraph (10) or paragraph (11).
    - "(9) Experts' Report.—Within 120 days of the appointment of the panel of experts pursuant to paragraph (6), the panel shall submit a written report to the court providing in detail the panel's recommendations on the determinations to be made pursuant to paragraph (10) or paragraph (11).
    - "(10) COURT'S FINAL RESPONSE TO PETITION:
      VALUATION CONCERNING ECONOMICALLY RECOVERABLE OIL OR GAS RESOURCES LOST OR DELAYED,
      SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION, AND PAYMENT
      ORDER.—Within 210 days of the issuance of an
      order pursuant to paragraph (4)(C), the court shall
      take the following actions:

"(A)(i) The court shall determine whether, as a result of the order issued pursuant to paragraph (4)(C), all or any part of, including any geographical area of or zone or reservoir

subject to, the oil and gas lease or right to develop should be suspended during the period in which the mining operations or support facilities occupy the common area or whether the oil and gas lease or right to develop should be terminated.

"(ii) Any determination to suspend pursuant to clause (i) shall, wherever possible or appropriate, limit the suspension or phase the suspension to permit the optimum development of the oil or gas prior to the time at which the mining operations would reach the area within the common area that is subject to the suspension or particular phase of the suspension.

"(iii) Any determination to terminate pursuant to clause (i) shall be made only if the court finds that the economically recoverable oil and gas resources subject to compensation pursuant to subparagraph (E) would be entirely lost or rendered impracticable to produce as a consequence of the mining operations in the common area and that such resources constitute all of the economically recoverable resources within the oil and gas property.

1	"(B) If the court makes a determination to sus-
2	pend pursuant to subparagraph (A), the court shall
3	determine—
4	"(i) the amount of any net income that will
5	not be realized due to delay in development of
6	economically recoverable resources of oil or gas,
7	other than coalbed methane, from the common
8	area, whether or not such development has
9	commenced;
10	"(ii) the amount of any net income that
11	will not be realized due to—
12	"(I) delay in development of economi-
13	cally recoverable resources of coalbed
14	methane in the common area, whether or
15	not development has commenced;
16	"(II) the loss of any economically re-
17	coverable resources of coalbed methane
18	from the coal to be extracted by the min-
19	ing operations in the common area; and
20	"(III) the loss of any economically re-
21	coverable resources of coalbed methane un-
22	derlying any area that is within the oil and
23	gas property associated with the common
24	area and that extends outward from each
25	exposed coal face of the mining operations

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for a distance from which drainage of such resources is established to the satisfaction of the court; and

"(iii) any of the following damages that will be incurred by the oil and gas developer as a consequence of the suspension: any unavoidable fixed expenses (including, but not limited to, the expenses of shutting in production, maintenance, testing, redrilling or reconnecting an existing well, relaying pipeline, and all other expenses reasonably related to reestablishing any existing oil or gas production); expenses associated with stranded costs of drilling equipment and facilities; any royalties on oil or gas not produced; and any lost income associated with temporarily shutting in production from wells outside of the common area as needed for reconnection to a gathering system or pipeline to market.

"(C) The determinations made pursuant to subparagraph (B) shall not reflect any decrease in value that occurred before the date of the determinations and is caused by the mining operations or support facilities.

1	"(D) If the court makes a determination to
2	terminate pursuant to subparagraph (A), the
3	court shall determine the amount of any net in-
4	come that will not be realized and any damages
5	due to the loss of, or impracticability to
6	produce, the economically recoverable resources
7	of oil or gas in the oil and gas property in the
8	same manner as provided in subparagraph (B).
9	"(E) The court shall issue an order that—
10	"(i) suspends all or part of, suspends
11	in phases parts of, or terminates the oil
12	and gas lease or right to develop, including
13	any applicable payment or production obli-
14	gations; and
15	"(ii) awards to the oil and gas devel-
16	oper and all other owners of any interest
17	in the oil and gas property, as their inter-
18	ests may appear, a sum of money from the
19	Federal coal lessee equal to the net income
20	amount and damages determined pursuant
21	to subparagraph (B) or subparagraph (D).
22	"(F) In determining the amount of net in-
23	come that will not be realized pursuant to sub-
24	paragraph (B) or subparagraph (D) and the
25	sum of money to be awarded pursuant to sub-

paragraph (E), the court shall ensure to the best of its ability that the Federal coal lessee is not required to pay for the same gas lost, delayed in development, or rendered impracticable to develop to more than one oil and gas developer or the owner of any interest in more than one oil and gas property.

"(11) COURT'S FINAL RESPONSE TO PETITION: VALUATION CONCERNING ECONOMICALLY RECOVERABLE COAL RESERVES LOST OR DELAYED, SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION AND PAYMENT ORDER.—
Within 210 days of the issuance of an order pursuant to paragraph (4)(D), the court—

"(A) shall determine whether the Federal coal lease shall be suspended in whole or in part to accommodate oil or gas development in the common area; and

"(B) shall determine the amount of any net income that will not be realized from the loss or delay in development of economically recoverable resources of coal, and the unavoidable fixed expenses (including, but not limited to, additional expenses associated with reclamation, expenses associated with stranded costs of mining equipment and facilities, a proportionate re-

1 fund of the lease bonus, and any royalties on 2 coal not produced) that will be incurred, by the 3 Federal coal lessee as a consequence of the sus-4 pension; and "(C) shall issue an order that— "(i) suspends in whole or in part the 6 7 Federal coal lease, including any applicable 8 payment or production obligations on the 9 lease or logical mining unit, for the period 10 necessary for expeditious development in 11 the common area of the gas or oil that is 12 the subject of the petition for relief as 13 demonstrated to the court in a production 14 plan submitted by the oil and gas devel-15 oper; and "(ii) awards to the Federal coal lessee 16 17 and all other owners of any interest in the 18 Federal coal lease or logical mining unit, 19 as their interests may appear, a sum of 20 money equal to the net income amount and 21 unavoidable fixed expenses determined pur-22 suant to subparagraph (B). "(12) REVIEW OF EXPERTS' REPORT.—(A) The 23 24 court shall make the determinations required by

paragraph (10) or paragraph (11) after reviewing

the report of the panel of experts submitted pursuant to paragraph (9) and the hearing required by subparagraph (B).

"(B) After submission of the report of the panel of experts pursuant to paragraph (9) and prior to making the determinations required by paragraph (10) or paragraph (11), the court shall hold a hearing in which the panel of experts shall present their report and the parties to the proceeding shall have the opportunity to examine the panel and provide to the court any evidence or arguments they may have to support or contravene the recommendations of the report.

# "(13) Disbursement of Payments.—

"(A)(i) At the election of the oil and gas developer, the sum of money awarded by the court pursuant to paragraph (10)(E) shall be—

"(I) paid in full within 60 days of the date of issuance of the order pursuant to paragraph (10)(E); or

"(II) divided into the number of tons of recoverable coal in the common area and shall be paid in per ton increments as the coal is mined in accordance with clause (ii) and subparagraph (C).

1	"(ii) The Federal coal lessee shall make
2	the payments required by clause (i)(II) on a
3	quarterly basis in advance based on the Federal
4	coal lessee's estimate of the number of tons of
5	coal to be mined in the common area during the
6	following quarter, and shall add or subtract an
7	amount to or from the advance payment for the
8	next quarter to reflect the coal actually sold or
9	transferred.
10	"(B)(i) At the election of the Federal coal
11	lessee, the sum of money awarded by the court
12	pursuant to paragraph (11)(C) shall be—
13	"(I) paid in full within 60 days of the
14	date of issuance of the order pursuant to
15	paragraph (11)(C); or
16	"(II) divided into the number of bar-
17	rels of recoverable oil or cubic feet of re-
18	coverable gas in the common area and paid
19	in per barrel or cubic feet increments as
20	the oil or gas is produced in accordance
21	with clause (ii) and subparagraph (C).
22	"(ii) The oil and gas developer shall make
23	the payments required by clause (i)(II) on a
24	quarterly basis in advance based on the oil and
25	gas developer's estimate of the number of bar-

1 rels of oil or cubic feet of gas to be produced 2 in the common area during the following quar-3 ter, and shall add or subtract an amount to or 4 from the advance payment for the next quarter 5 to reflect the oil or gas actually produced. 6 "(C) If the mining or production necessary 7 to make full payment of the sum of money 8 awarded by the court in accordance with sub-9 paragraph (A)(i)(II) or subparagraph (B)(i)(II) 10 does not occur within 5 years of the date of 11 issuance of the court order pursuant to para-12 graph (10)(E) or paragraph (11)(C), the un-13 paid balance shall be paid within 60 days there-14 after. 15 "(14) TERMINATION OF OIL AND GAS LEASE 16 SUSPENSION.—(A) If the court issues an order to 17 suspend all or any part of the oil and gas lease or 18 right to develop pursuant to paragraph (10)(E)— 19

"(i) the Federal coal lessee shall notify the court and the oil and gas lessee developer when the portion of the common area subject to the order issued pursuant to paragraph (10)(E) is no longer required for mining operations or support facilities; and

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"(ii) within 120 days of the date of receipt by the court of the notification pursuant to clause (i) or within 60 days prior to the date on which the period established by the court in the order issued pursuant to paragraph (10)(E) concludes, the oil and gas lessee may petition the court for an order that terminates the suspension and fixes the date and terms on which the oil and gas lessee may resume operations within the portion of the common area subject to the order issued pursuant to paragraph (10)(E).

"(B) The court shall issue the order sought under subparagraph (A)(ii) within 30 days of receipt of the petition pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii).

"(C)(i) If the oil and gas developer determines that, as a consequence of the order of the court issued pursuant to paragraph (4)(C) and an order to suspend all or portions of the oil and gas lease or right to develop pursuant to paragraph (10)(E), the conditions described in paragraph (10)(A)(iii) exist, the oil and gas developer may petition the court to terminate in whole or in part the oil and gas lease or right to develop.

"(ii) The petition referred to in clause (i) may be filed any time after issuance of the order of the court pursuant to paragraph (10)(E) but not later than 120 days after the date of receipt by the court of the notification pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i).

"(iii) Upon receipt of a petition pursuant to clause (i), the court shall make a determination whether to issue an order to terminate in whole or in part the oil and gas lease or right to develop and award an additional amount from the Federal coal lessee to the oil or gas developer and all other owners of any non-Federal interest in the oil and gas property, as their interests may appear, in accordance with the procedures and deadlines established in paragraph (1) and paragraphs (6) through (13).

"(15) TERMINATION OF COAL LEASE SUSPENSION.—(A) If the court issues an order requiring suspension of the Federal coal lease pursuant to paragraph (11)(C)—

"(i) the oil and gas developer shall notify the court and the Federal coal lessee when the portion of the common area subject to the order issued pursuant to paragraph (11)(C) is no longer required for gas or oil production from such portion; and

1 "(ii) within 120 days of the receipt by the 2 court of the notification pursuant to clause (i) 3 or within 60 days prior to the date on which the period established by the court in the order 4 5 issued pursuant to paragraph (11)(C) con-6 cludes, the Federal coal lessee may petition the 7 court for an order that fixes the date and terms 8 on which the Federal coal lessee may commence 9 mining operations or construction of support fa-10 cilities in the portion of the common area sub-11 ject to the order issued pursuant to paragraph 12 (11)(C) and, if the Federal coal lease is sus-13 pended, terminates the suspension.

> "(B) The court shall issue the order sought under subparagraph (A)(ii) within 30 days of receipt of the petition pursuant to subparagraph (A)(ii).

> "(C)(i) If the Federal coal lessee determines that, as a consequence of the orders of the court issued pursuant to paragraph (4)(D) and paragraph (11)(C), further development of all or any part of the Federal coal lessee may petition the court to terminate all or any part of the Federal coal lesse.

"(ii) The petition referred to in clause (i) may be filed any time after issuance of the order of the

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court pursuant to paragraph (11)(C) but not later than 120 days after the date of receipt by the court of the notification pursuant to subparagraph (A)(i).

"(iii) Upon receipt of a petition pursuant to clause (i), the court shall make a determination whether to issue an order to terminate all or any part of the Federal coal lease and award an additional amount from the oil and gas developer to the Federal coal lessee and all other owners of any interest in the Federal coal lease or logical mining unit, as their interests may appear, in accordance with the procedures and deadlines established in paragraph (1) and paragraphs (6) through (13).

"(16) Supplemental petition for relative (A) If, at any time after the issuance of an order pursuant to paragraph (10)(E) or paragraph (11)(C), the mining plan that is the basis of the order is altered in a manner that may warrant suspension of an additional part or all of, or termination of, the oil and gas lease or right to develop or suspension of an additional part of the Federal coal lease or an increase in the sum of money that was awarded under the order, or both, either the Federal coal lessee or the oil and gas developer may, if necessary after compliance with the requirements

- of subsection (e), file a supplemental petition for relief with the court to amend the order.
- "(B) The requirements of paragraph (1) and paragraphs (6) through (13) shall apply to the supplemental petition submitted pursuant to subparagraph (A).
  - "(C)(i) Upon completion of the process required by subparagraph (B), the court shall make a determination whether to suspend an additional part or all of, or terminate, the oil and gas lease or right to develop or to suspend an additional part of the Federal coal lease as described in, and to award an additional sum of money calculated in accordance with, paragraph (10) or paragraph (11).
    - "(ii) The court shall issue any order resulting from the determinations made pursuant to clause (i) within 90 days of the date of filing of the supplemental petition for relief.
    - "(iii) Any award of an additional sum of money shall be paid in accordance with paragraph (13).
  - "(17) APPEAL OF COURT ORDERS.—(A) Any order issued pursuant to paragraph (4)(C), paragraph (4)(D), paragraph (5)(B), paragraph (14)(B), or paragraph (15)(B) is final and may not be appealed.

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"(B) Any order issued pursuant to paragraph (10)(E), paragraph (11)(C), paragraph (14)(C)(iii), paragraph (15)(C)(iii), or paragraph (16)(C)(ii) may be appealed, but the appeal, and any disposition thereof, may not disturb any order referred to in subparagraph (A).

### "(g) Liability Limitation.—

"(1) Federal coal lessee.—Except as provided in a written agreement reached pursuant to subsection (e)(2) or reached on or after September 1, 1999, and before the date of enactment of this section, or as provided by an order of the court pursuant to subsection (f), the holder of a Federal coal lease subject to the agreement or order shall not be liable to the oil and gas developer of, or any owner of an interest in, any oil and gas property subject to the agreement or order for any decrease in or depletion of, or any impairment of the ability to recover, any gas or oil from the property that may result from the development of any coal on the Federal coal leasehold or within a logical mining unit with the Federal coal lease.

"(2) OIL AND GAS DEVELOPER.—Except as provided in a written agreement reached pursuant to subsection (e)(2) or reached on or after September

1, 1999, and before the date of enactment of this section, or as provided by an order of the court pursuant to subsection (f), the oil and gas developer of an oil and gas property subject to the agreement or order shall not be liable to a holder of a Federal coal lease subject to the agreement or order, the United States, or any owner of an interest in private or State coal within a logical mining unit with the Federal coal lease, for any impairment of the ability to recover coal from the Federal coal leasehold or logical mining unit that may result from the development of gas or oil on the property.

## "(h) Credit Against Royalties.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—(A) Whenever a holder of a coal lease issued under this Act is required by a written agreement reached pursuant to subsection (e)(2) and ratified by the Bureau of Land Management or reached prior to the date of enactment of this section and ratified by the Bureau of Land Management on or after September 1, 1999, or by a court order issued pursuant to paragraph (10)(E), paragraph (14)(C)(iii), or paragraph (16)(C)(ii) of subsection (f), to pay an amount for termination or suspension of all or part of, or termination, of an oil and gas lease of, or right to develop, coalbed meth-

ane on any oil and gas property located within the Subsection (h) Lands, the amount so paid shall be credited against any royalties on production required by section 7(a) or any other provision of this Act from any Federal coal lease of such holder or any

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"(B) Whenever a holder of an oil and gas lease issued under this Act is required by a written agreement reached pursuant to subsection (c)(2) and ratified by the Bureau of Land Management or reached prior to the date of enactment of this section and ratified by the Bureau of Land Management on or after September 1, 1999, or by a court order issued (11)(C),to paragraph paragraph pursuant (15)(C)(iii), or paragraph (16)(C)(ii) of subsection (f), to pay an amount for suspension or termination of all or part of a Federal coal lease located within the Subsection (h) Lands, the amount so paid shall be credited against any royalties on production required by subsection (b)(1)(A) or subsection (c)(1)of section 17 or any other provision of this Act from any Federal oil and gas lease of such holder or any affiliate thereof.

"(2) TREATMENT OF ROYALTIES TO STATES.—
The Secretary shall pay to the State in which the

coal lease or oil and gas lease referred to in paragraph (1)(A) or paragraph (1)(B), respectively, is located 50 percent of the amount of any credit against royalties provided under paragraph (1)(A) or paragraph (1)(B), respectively— ((A) in the same manner as if the credit

"(A) in the same manner as if the credit against royalties had been paid in money as royalties and distributed under section 35(a); and

"(B) from amounts received as royalties, rentals, or bonuses derived from leases issued under this Act that otherwise would be deposited to miscellaneous receipts under section 35(a).

"(i) Denial of Use as Precedent.—Nothing in this section shall be applicable to any lease under this Act for any mineral, or shall be applicable to, or supersede any statutory or common law otherwise applicable in, any proceeding in any Federal or State court involving development of any mineral, outside of any common area, as defined in subsection (a)(6), within the Powder River Basin, as defined in subsection (a)(1)."

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