#### 106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

# H.R.410

To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.

### IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 19, 1999

Mr. Rahall (for himself, Mr. George Miller of California, and Mr. Defazio) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Resources

## A BILL

- To modify the requirements applicable to locatable minerals on public domain lands, consistent with the principles of self-initiation of mining claims, and for other purposes.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Mineral Exploration and Development Act of 1999".
- 6 (b) Table of Contents.—
  - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
  - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.
  - Sec. 3. Definitions and references.

#### TITLE I—MINERAL EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 101. Lands open to location.
- Sec. 102. Rights under this act.
- Sec. 103. Location of mining claims.
- Sec. 104. Conversion of existing claims.
- Sec. 105. Claim maintenance requirements.
- Sec. 106. Failure to comply.
- Sec. 107. Basis for contest.

## TITLE II—ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS OF MINERAL EXPLORATION AND DEVELOPMENT

- Sec. 201. Surface management standard.
- Sec. 202. Permits.
- Sec. 203. Exploration permits.
- Sec. 204. Operations permit.
- Sec. 205. Persons ineligible for permits.
- Sec. 206. Financial assurance.
- Sec. 207. Reclamation.
- Sec. 208. State law and regulation.
- Sec. 209. Unsuitability review.
- Sec. 210. Certain mineral activities covered by other law.

## TITLE III—ABANDONED LOCATABLE MINERALS MINE RECLAMATION FUND

- Sec. 301. Abandoned locatable minerals mine reclamation.
- Sec. 302. Use and objectives of the fund.
- Sec. 303. Eligible lands and waters.
- Sec. 304. Fund expenditures.
- Sec. 305. Authorization of appropriations.
- Sec. 306. Royalty.

#### TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

#### SUBTITLE A—ADMINISTRATIVE PROVISIONS

- Sec. 401. Policy functions.
- Sec. 402. User fees.
- Sec. 403. Public participation requirements.
- Sec. 404. Inspection and monitoring.
- Sec. 405. Citizens suits.
- Sec. 406. Administrative and judicial review.
- Sec. 407. Enforcement.
- Sec. 408. Regulations; effective dates.

#### SUBTITLE B—MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- Sec. 411. Transitional rules; surface management requirements.
- Sec. 412. Claims subject to special rules.
- Sec. 413. Purchasing power adjustment.
- Sec. 414. Savings clause.
- Sec. 415. Availability of public records.
- Sec. 416. Miscellaneous powers.
- Sec. 417. Limitation on patent issuance.
- Sec. 418. Multiple mineral development and surface resources.

- Sec. 419. Mineral materials.
- Sec. 420. Application of Act to beneficiation and processing of nonFederal minerals on Federal lands.
- Sec. 421. Compliance with Buy American Act.
- Sec. 422. Severability.
- Sec. 423. Award of Compensation for takings from Fund.
- Sec. 424. Report to Congress on mining claims in the United States held by foreign firms.

#### 1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—Congress finds and declares the fol-
- 3 lowing:
- 4 (1) The general mining laws, commonly re-5 ferred to as the Mining Law of 1872, at one time 6 promoted the development of the West and provided
- 6 promoted the development of the West and provided
- 7 a framework for the exploitation of Federal mineral
- 8 resources.
- 9 (2) Congress recognized that the public interest
- was no longer being advanced under the Mining Law
- of 1872 when, in 1920, it removed energy minerals
- and minerals chiefly valuable for agricultural use,
- and in 1955, removed common varieties of mineral
- materials, from the scope of the general mining laws
- and made such minerals available under regimes
- which provide for a financial return to the public for
- the disposition of such minerals and which better
- safeguard the environment.
- 19 (3) The Mining Law of 1872 no longer fosters
- the efficient and diligent development of those min-
- 21 eral resources still under its scope, giving rise to

- speculation and nonmining uses of lands chiefly valuable for minerals.
  - (4) The Mining Law of 1872 does not provide for a financial return to the American people for use by claim holders of public domain lands or for the disposition of valuable mineral resources from such lands.
    - (5) The Mining Law of 1872 continues to transfer lands valuable for mineral resources from the public domain to private ownership for less than the fair market value of such lands and mineral resources.
    - (6) There are a substantial number of acres of land throughout the Nation disturbed by mining activities conducted under the Mining Law of 1872 on which little or no reclamation was conducted, and the impacts from these unreclaimed lands pose a threat to the public health, safety, and general welfare and to environmental quality.
    - (7) Activities under the Mining Law of 1872 continue to result in disturbances of surface areas and water resources which burden and adversely affect the public welfare by destroying or diminishing the utility of public domain lands for other appro-

- priate uses and by creating hazards dangerous to the public health and safety and to the environment.
  - (8) Existing Federal law and regulations, as well as applicable State laws, have proven to be inadequate to ensure that active mining operations under the Mining Law of 1872 will not leave to future generations a new legacy of hazards associated with unreclaimed mined lands.
  - (9) The public interest is no longer being served by archaic features of the Mining Law of 1872 that thwart the efficient exploration and development of those minerals which remain under its scope and which conflict with modern public land use management philosophies.
  - (10) The public is justified in expecting the diligent development of its mineral resources, a financial return for the use of public domain lands for mineral activities as well as for the disposition of valuable mineral resources from such lands.
  - (11) It is not in the public interest for public domain lands to be sold far below fair market value nor does this aspect of the Mining Law of 1872 comport with modern Federal land policy which is grounded on the retention of public domain lands under the principles of multiple use.

- 1 (12) Mining and reclamation technology is now 2 developed so that effective and reasonable regulation 3 of operations by the Federal Government in accord-4 ance with this Act is an appropriate and necessary 5 means to minimize so far as practicable the adverse 6 social, economic and environmental effects of such 7 mining operations.
  - (13) Mining activities on public domain lands affect interstate commerce, contribute to the economic well-being, security and general welfare of the Nation and should be conducted in an environmentally sound manner.
  - (14) It is necessary that any revision of the general mining laws insure that a domestic supply of hardrock minerals be made available to the domestic economy of the United States.
  - (15) America's economy still depends heavily on hardrock minerals and a strong environmentally sound mining industry is critical to the domestic minerals supply.
  - (16) Many of the deposits of hardrock minerals remain to be discovered on the Federal public domain.

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- 1 (17) Private enterprise must be given adequate 2 incentive to engage in a capital-intensive industry 3 such as hardrock mining.
  - (18) The United States, as owner of the public domain, has a dual interest in insuring a fair return for mining on the public domain and insuring that any royalty and fees charged do not discourage essential mining activity on the public domain.
  - (19) The domestic mining industry provides thousands of jobs directly and indirectly to the domestic economy and those jobs must be preserved and encouraged by a sound Federal policy regarding mining on Federal lands.

### (b) Purpose.—It is the purpose of this Act—

- (1) to devise a more socially, fiscally and environmentally responsible regime to govern the use of public domain lands for the exploration and development of those minerals not subject to mineral leasing acts or mineral materials statutes;
- (2) to provide for a fair return to the public for the use of public domain lands for mineral activities and for the disposition of minerals from such lands;
- (3) to foster the diligent development of mineral resources on public domain lands in a manner that

- is compatible with other resource values and envi-ronmental quality;
  - (4) to promote the restoration of mined areas left without adequate reclamation prior to the enactment of this Act and which continue, in their unreclaimed condition, to substantially degrade the quality of the environment, prevent the beneficial use of land or water resources, and endanger the health and safety of the public;
    - (5) to assure that appropriate procedures are provided for public participation in the development, revision and enforcement of regulations, standards and programs established under this Act; and
    - (6) to, whenever necessary, exercise the full reach of Federal constitutional powers to ensure the protection of the public interest through the effective control of mineral exploration and development activities.

#### 19 SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS AND REFERENCES.

- 20 (a) Definitions.—As used in this Act:
- 21 (1) The term "affiliate" means with respect to 22 any person, any of the following:
- 23 (A) Any person who controls, is controlled 24 by, or is under common control with such per-25 son.

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1 (B) Any partner of such person.

- 2 (C) Any person owning at least 10 percent 3 of the voting shares of such person.
  - (2) The term "applicant" means any person applying for a permit under this Act or a modification to or a renewal of a permit under this Act.
  - (3) The term "beneficiation" means the crushing and grinding of locatable mineral ore and such processes as are employed to free the mineral from other constituents, including but not necessarily limited to, physical and chemical separation techniques.
  - (4) The term "claim holder" means a person holding a mining claim located or converted under this Act. Such term may include an agent of a claim holder.
  - (5) The term "control" means having the ability, directly or indirectly, to determine (without regard to whether exercised through one or more corporate structures) the manner in which an entity conducts mineral activities, through any means, including without limitation, ownership interest, authority to commit the entity's real or financial assets, position as a director, officer, or partner of the entity, or contractual arrangement. The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture shall jointly pro-

- mulgate such rules as may be necessary under thisparagraph.
- 3 (6) The term "exploration" means those tech-4 niques employed to locate the presence of a locatable 5 mineral deposit and to establish its nature, position, 6 size, shape, grade and value not associated with min-7 ing, beneficiation, processing or marketing of min-8 erals.
  - (7) The term "Indian lands" means lands held in trust for the benefit of an Indian tribe or individual or held by an Indian tribe or individual subject to a restriction by the United States against alienation.
  - (8) The term "Indian tribe" means any Indian tribe, band, nation, pueblo, or other organized group or community, including any Alaska Native village or regional corporation as defined in or established pursuant to the Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act (43 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.), which is recognized as eligible for the special programs and services provided by the United States to Indians because of their status as Indians.
  - (9) The term "land use plans" means those plans required under section 202 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43)

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1	U.S.C. 1712) or the land management plans for Na-
2	tional Forest System units required under section 6
3	of the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources
4	Planning Act of 1974 (16 U.S.C. 1604), whichever
5	is applicable.
6	(10) The term "legal subdivisions" means an
7	aliquot quarter quarter section of land as established
8	by the official records of the public land survey sys-
9	tem, or a single lot as established by the official
10	records of the public land survey system if the perti-
11	nent section is irregular and contains fractional lots
12	as the case may be.
13	(11)(A) The term "locatable mineral" means
14	any mineral, the legal and beneficial title to which
15	remains in the United States and which is not sub-
16	ject to disposition under any of the following:
17	(i) The Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
18	181 and following).
19	(ii) The Geothermal Steam Act of 1970
20	(30 U.S.C. 1001 and following).
21	(iii) The Act of July 31, 1947, commonly
22	known as the Materials Act of 1947 (30 U.S.C.
23	601 and following).
24	(iv) The Mineral Leasing for Acquired
25	Landa Act (20 II S.C. 251 and following)

- (B) The term "locatable mineral" does not include any mineral held in trust by the United States for any Indian or Indian tribe, as defined in section 2 of the Indian Mineral Development Act of 1982 (25 U.S.C. 2101), or any mineral owned by any Indian or Indian tribe, as defined in that section, that is subject to a restriction against alienation imposed by the United States.
  - (12) The term "mineral activities" means any activity on Federal lands for, related to, or incidental to, mineral exploration, mining, beneficiation, processing, or reclamation activities for any locatable mineral.
  - (13) The term "mining" means the processes employed for the extraction of a locatable mineral from the earth.
  - (14) The term "mining claim" means a claim for the purposes of mineral activities.
  - (15) The term "National Conservation System unit" means any unit of the National Park System, National Wildlife Refuge System, National Wild and Scenic Rivers System, National Trails System, or a National Conservation Area, National Recreation Area, a National Forest Monument or any unit of the National Wilderness Preservation System.

- 1 (16) The term "operator" means any person, 2 conducting mineral activities subject to this Act or 3 any agent of such a person.
- 4 (17) The term "person" means an individual,
  5 Indian tribe, partnership, association, society, joint
  6 venture, joint stock company, firm, company, cor7 poration, cooperative or other organization and any
  8 instrumentality of State or local government includ9 ing any publicly owned utility or publicly owned cor10 poration of State or local government.
  - (18) The term "processing" means processes downstream of beneficiation employed to prepare locatable mineral ore into the final marketable product, including but not limited to, smelting and electrolytic refining.
    - (19) The term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior, unless otherwise specified.
- 18 (20) The term "surface management require19 ments" means the requirements and standards of
  20 title II, and such other standards as are established
  21 by the Secretary governing mineral activities pursu22 ant to this Act.
- 23 (b) REFERENCES.—(1) Any reference in this Act to 24 the term "general mining laws" is a reference to those 25 Acts which generally comprise chapters 2, 12A, and 16,

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1	and sections 161 and 162 of title 30 of the United States
2	Code.
3	(2) Any reference in this Act to the "Act of July 23,
4	1955", is a reference to the Act of July 23, 1955, entitled
5	"An Act to amend the Act of July 31, 1947 (61 State
6	681) and the mining laws to provide for multiple use of
7	the surface of the same tracts of the public lands, and
8	for other purposes" (30 U.S.C. 601 and following).
9	TITLE I—MINERAL EXPLO-
10	RATION AND DEVELOPMENT
11	SEC. 101. LANDS OPEN TO LOCATION.
12	(a) Lands Open to Location.—Except as provided
13	in subsection (b), mining claims may be located under this
14	Act on lands and interests in lands owned by the United
15	States if—
16	(1) such lands and interests were open to the
17	location of mining claims under the general mining
18	laws on the date of enactment of this Act; or
19	(2) such lands and interests are opened to the
20	location of mining claims after the date of enact-
21	ment of this Act by reason of any administrative ac-
22	tion or statute.
23	(b) Lands Not Open to Location.—
24	(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other
25	provision of law and subject to valid existing rights.

- each of the following shall not be open to the location of mining claims under this Act on or after the date of enactment of this Act:
  - (A) Lands recommended for wilderness designation by the agency managing the surface, pending a final determination by the Congress of the status of such recommended lands.
  - (B) Lands being managed by the Secretary, acting through Bureau of Land Management, as wilderness study areas on the date of enactment of this Act except where the location of mining claims is specifically allowed to continue by the statute designating the study area, pending a final determination by the Congress of the status of such lands.
  - (C)(i) Lands under study for inclusion in the National Wild and Scenic River System pursuant to section 5(a) of the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act (16 U.S.C. 1276(a)), pending a final determination by the Congress of the status of such lands, and (ii) lands determined by a Federal agency under section 5(d) of such Act to be eligible for inclusion in such system, pending a final determination by the Congress of the status of such lands.

1	(D) Lands withdrawn from mineral activi-
2	ties under authority of other law.
3	(2) Definition.—(A) As used in this sub-
4	section, the term "valid existing rights" refers to a
5	mining claim located on lands described in para-
6	graph (1) of subsection (a) that—
7	(i) was properly located and maintained
8	under this Act prior to and on the applicable
9	date, or
10	(ii) was properly located and maintained
11	under the general mining laws prior to the ap-
12	plicable date, and
13	(I) was supported by a discovery of a
14	valuable mineral deposit within the mean-
15	ing of the general mining laws on the ap-
16	plicable date, and
17	(II) continues to be valid under this
18	Act.
19	(B) As used in this paragraph, the term "appli-
20	cable date" means one of the following:
21	(i) In the case of lands described in para-
22	graph (1)(A), such term means the date of the
23	recommendation referred to in paragraph
24	(1)(A) if such recommendation is made on or
25	after the enactment of this Act.

- 1 (ii) In the case of lands described in para2 graph (1)(A), if the recommendation referred to
  3 in paragraph (1)(A) was made before the enact4 ment of this Act, such term means the earlier
  5 of (I) the date of enactment of this Act or (II)
  6 the date of any withdrawal of such lands from
  7 mineral activities.
  - (iii) For lands described in paragraph (1)(B), such term means the date of the enactment of this Act.
  - (iv) For lands referred to in paragraph (1)(C)(i), such term means the date of the enactment of the amendment to the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act listing the river segment for study and for lands referred to in paragraph (1)(C)(ii), such term means the date of the eligibility determination.
  - (v) For lands referred to in paragraph (1)(D), such term means the date of the with-drawal.

#### 21 SEC. 102. RIGHTS UNDER THIS ACT.

The holder of a mining claim located or converted under this Act and maintained in compliance with this Act shall have the exclusive right of possession and use of the claimed land for mineral activities, including the right of

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- 1 ingress and egress to such claimed lands for such activi-
- 2 ties, subject to the rights of the United States under this
- 3 Act and other applicable Federal law. Such rights of the
- 4 claim holder shall terminate upon completion of mineral
- 5 activities of lands to the satisfaction of the Secretary. In
- 6 cases where an area is determined unsuitable under sec-
- 7 tion 209, holders of claims converted or located under this
- 8 Act shall be entitled to receive a refund of claim mainte-
- 9 nance fees.

#### 10 SEC. 103. LOCATION OF MINING CLAIMS.

- 11 (a) General Rule.—A person may locate a mining
- 12 claim covering lands open to the location of mining claims
- 13 by posting a notice of location, containing the person's
- 14 name and address, the time of location (which shall be
- 15 the date and hour of location and posting), and a legal
- 16 description of the claim. The notice of location shall be
- 17 posted on a suitable, durable monument erected as near
- 18 as practicable to the northeast corner of the mining claim.
- 19 No person who is not a citizen of the United States, or
- 20 a corporation organized under the laws of the United
- 21 States or of any State or the District of Columbia may
- 22 locate or hold a claim under this Act. On or after the en-
- 23 actment of this Act, a mining claim for a locatable mineral
- 24 on lands open to location—

1	(1) may be located only in accordance with this
2	Act,
3	(2) may be maintained only as provided in this
4	Act, and
5	(3) shall be subject to the requirements of this
6	Act.
7	(b) Use of Public Land Survey.—Except as pro-
8	vided in subsection (c), each mining claim located under
9	this Act shall (1) be located in accordance with the public
10	land survey system, and (2) conform to the legal subdivi-
11	sions thereof. Except as provided in subsection $(c)(1)$ , the
12	legal description of the mining claim shall be based on the
13	public land survey system and its legal subdivisions.
14	(c) Exceptions.—(1) If only a protracted survey ex-
15	ists for the public lands concerned, each of the following
16	shall apply in lieu of subsection (b):
17	(A) The legal description of the mining claim
18	shall be based on the protracted survey and the min-
19	ing claim shall be located as near as practicable in
20	conformance with a protracted legal subdivision.
21	(B) The mining claim shall be monumented on
22	the ground by the erection of a suitable, durable
23	monument at each corner of the claim.
24	(C) The legal description of the mining claim
25	shall include a reference to any existing survey

- 1 monument, or where no such monument can be
- 2 found within a reasonable distance, to a permanent
- and conspicuous natural object.
- 4 (2) If no survey exists for the public lands concerned,
- 5 each of the following shall apply in lieu of subsection (b):
- 6 (A) The mining claim shall be a regular square,
- 7 with each side laid out in cardinal directions, 40
- 8 acres in size.
- 9 (B) The claim shall be monumented on the
- ground by the erection of a suitable durable monu-
- 11 ment at each corner of the claim.
- 12 (C) The legal description of the mining claim
- shall be expressed in metes and bounds and shall be
- defined by and referenced to the closest existing sur-
- 15 vey monument, or where no such monument can be
- found within a reasonable distance, to a permanent
- and conspicuous natural object. Such description
- shall be of sufficient accuracy and completeness to
- 19 permit recording of the claim upon the public land
- records and to permit the claim to be readily found
- 21 upon the ground.
- 22 (3) In the case of a conflict between the boundaries
- 23 of a mining claim as monumented on the ground and the
- 24 description of such claim in the notice of location referred
- 25 to in subsection (a), the notice of location shall be deter-

- 1 minative, except where determined otherwise by the Sec-
- 2 retary.
- 3 (d) FILING WITH SECRETARY.—(1) Within 30 days
- 4 after the location of a mining claim pursuant to this sec-
- 5 tion, a copy of the notice of location referred to in sub-
- 6 section (a) shall be filed with the Secretary in an office
- 7 designated by the Secretary.
- 8 (2)(A) Whenever the Secretary receives a copy of a
- 9 notice of location of a mining claim under this Act, the
- 10 Secretary shall assign a serial number to the mining claim,
- 11 and immediately return a copy of the notice of location
- 12 to the locator of the claim, together with a certificate set-
- 13 ting forth the serial number, a description of the claim,
- 14 and the claim maintenance requirements of section 105.
- 15 The Secretary shall enter the claim on the public land
- 16 records.
- 17 (B) Return of the copy of the notice of location and
- 18 provision of the certificate under subparagraph (A) shall
- 19 not constitute a determination by the Secretary that a
- 20 claim is valid. Failure by the Secretary to provide such
- 21 copy and certificate shall not constitute a defense against
- 22 cancellation of a claim for failure to follow applicable re-
- 23 quirements of this Act.
- 24 (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, for
- 25 every unpatented mining claim located after the date of

- 1 enactment of this Act, the locator shall, at the time the
- 2 location notice is recorded with the Bureau of Land Man-
- 3 agement, pay a location fee of \$25.00 per claim. The loca-
- 4 tion fee shall be in addition to the claim maintenance fee
- 5 payable under section 105.
- 6 (4) Subsections (b) and (c) of section 314 of the Fed-
- 7 eral Land Policy and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C.
- 8 1744(b)) are repealed.
- 9 (e) Converted Claims.—For mining claims and
- 10 mill sites deemed converted under this Act, for the pur-
- 11 poses of complying with the requirements of subsection
- 12 (d), upon receipt of the initial claim maintenance fee re-
- 13 quired under section 105, the Secretary shall issue a cer-
- 14 tificate referenced in subsection (d)(2) to the holder of the
- 15 mining claim or mill site.
- 16 (f) Date of Location.—A mining claim located
- 17 under this Act shall be effective based upon the time of
- 18 location.
- 19 (g) Lands Covered by Claim.—A mining claim lo-
- 20 cated or converted under this Act shall include all lands
- 21 and interests in lands open to location within the bound-
- 22 aries of the claim, subject to any prior mining claim lo-
- 23 cated or converted under this Act.
- 24 (h) Conflicting Locations.—Any conflicts be-
- 25 tween the holders of mining claims located or converted

- 1 under this Act relating to relative superiority under the
- 2 provisions of this Act may be resolved in adjudication pro-
- 3 ceedings in a court with proper jurisdiction, including, as
- 4 appropriate, State courts. It shall be incumbent upon the
- 5 holder of a mining claim asserting superior rights in such
- 6 proceedings to demonstrate that such person was the sen-
- 7 ior locator, or if such person is the junior locator, that
- 8 prior to the location of the claim by such locator—
- 9 (1) the senior locator failed to file a copy of the
- 10 notice of location within the time provided under
- 11 subsection (d); or
- 12 (2) the amount of claim maintenance fee paid
- by the senior locator at the time of filing the loca-
- tion notice referred to in subsection (d) was less
- than the amount required to be paid by such locator.
- 16 (i) Extent of Mineral Deposit.—The boundaries
- 17 of a mining claim located under this Act shall extend verti-
- 18 cally downward.

#### 19 SEC. 104. CONVERSION OF EXISTING CLAIMS.

- 20 (a) Existing Claims.—Notwithstanding any other
- 21 provision of law, on the effective date of this Act any
- 22 unpatented mining claim for a locatable mineral located
- 23 under the general mining laws prior to the date of enact-
- 24 ment of this Act shall become subject to this Act's provi-
- 25 sions and shall be deemed a converted mining claim under

- 1 this Act. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to affect
- 2 extralateral rights in any valid lode mining claim existing
- 3 on the date of enactment of this Act. After the effective
- 4 date of this Act, there shall be no distinction made as to
- 5 whether such claim was originally located as a lode or
- 6 placer claim.
- 7 (b) MILL AND TUNNEL SITES.—On the effective date
- 8 of this Act, any unpatented mill or tunnel site located
- 9 under the general mining laws before the date of enact-
- 10 ment of this Act shall become subject to this Act's provi-
- 11 sions and shall be deemed a converted mining claim under
- 12 this Act.
- 13 (c) Postconversion.—Any unpatented mining
- 14 claim or mill site located under the general mining laws
- 15 shall be deemed to be a prior claim for the purposes of
- 16 section 103(g) when converted pursuant to subsection (a)
- 17 or (b).
- 18 (d) Disposition of Land.—In the event a mining
- 19 claim is located under this Act for lands encumbered by
- 20 a prior mining claim or mill site located under the general
- 21 mining laws, such lands shall become part of the claim
- 22 located under this Act if the claim or mill site located
- 23 under the general mining laws is declared null and void
- 24 under this section or is otherwise declared null and void
- 25 thereafter.

- 1 (e) Conflicts.—(1) Any conflicts in existence before
- 2 the effective date of this Act between holders of mining
- 3 claims, mill sites and tunnel sites located under the gen-
- 4 eral mining laws shall be subject to, and shall be resolved
- 5 in accordance with, applicable laws governing such con-
- 6 flicts in effect before the effective date of enactment of
- 7 this Act in a court of proper jurisdiction.
- 8 (2) Any conflicts not relating to matters provided for
- 9 under section 103(h) between the holders of a mining
- 10 claim located under this Act and a mining claim, mill, or
- 11 tunnel site located under the general mining laws arising
- 12 either before or after the conversion of any such claim or
- 13 site under this section shall be resolved in a court with
- 14 proper jurisdiction.

### 15 SEC. 105. CLAIM MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS.

- 16 (a) IN GENERAL.—(1) The holder of each mining
- 17 claim converted pursuant to this Act shall pay to the Sec-
- 18 retary an annual claim maintenance fee of \$100 per claim.
- 19 (2) The holder of each mining claim located pursuant
- 20 to this Act shall pay to the Secretary an annual claim
- 21 maintenance fee of \$200 per claim.
- (b) Time of Payment.—The claim maintenance fee
- 23 payable pursuant to subsection (a) for any year shall be
- 24 paid on or before August 31 of each year, except that in
- 25 the case of claims referred to in subsection (a)(2), for the

- 1 initial calendar year in which the location is made, the
- 2 locator shall pay the initial claim maintenance fee at the
- 3 time the location notice is recorded with the Bureau of
- 4 Land Management.
- 5 (c) OIL SHALE CLAIMS SUBJECT TO CLAIM MAINTE-
- 6 NANCE FEES UNDER ENERGY POLICY ACT OF 1992.—
- 7 This section shall not apply to any oil shale claims for
- 8 which a fee is required to be paid under section 2511(e)(2)
- 9 of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (Public Law 102–486;
- 10 106 Stat. 3111; 30 U.S.C. 242).
- 11 (d) Claim Maintenance Fees Payable Under
- 12 1993 Act.—The claim maintenance fees payable under
- 13 this section for any period with respect to any claim shall
- 14 be reduced by the amount of the claim maintenance fees
- 15 paid under section 10101 of the Omnibus Budget Rec-
- 16 onciliation Act of 1993 with respect to that claim and with
- 17 respect to the same period.
- 18 (e) Waiver.—(1) The claim maintenance fee re-
- 19 quired under this section may be waived for a claim holder
- 20 who certifies in writing to the Secretary that on the date
- 21 the payment was due, the claim holder and all related par-
- 22 ties held not more than 10 mining claims on lands open
- 23 to location. Such certification shall be made on or before
- 24 the date on which payment is due.

- 1 (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), with respect to
- 2 any claim holder, the term "related party" means each
- 3 of the following:
- 4 (A) The spouse and dependent children (as de-
- 5 fined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of
- 6 1986), of the claim holder.
- 7 (B) Any affiliate of the claim holder.
- 8 (f) Co-ownership.—Upon the failure of any one or
- 9 more of several co-owners to contribute such co-owner or
- 10 owners' portion of the fee under this section, any co-owner
- 11 who has paid such fee may, after the payment due date,
- 12 give the delinquent co-owner or owners notice of such fail-
- 13 ure in writing (or by publication in the newspaper nearest
- 14 the claim for at least once a week for at least 90 days).
- 15 If at the expiration of 90 days after such notice in writing
- 16 or by publication, any delinquent co-owner fails or refuses
- 17 to contribute his portion, his interest in the claim shall
- 18 become the property of the co-owners who have paid the
- 19 required fee.
- 20 (g) Fund.—All monies received under this section
- 21 shall be deposited in the Abandoned Locatable Minerals
- 22 Mine Reclamation Fund established under title III of this
- 23 Act.
- 24 (h) Credit Against Royalty.—The amount of the
- 25 annual claim maintenance fee required to be paid under

- 1 this section for any claim for any period shall be credited
- 2 against the amount of royalty required to be paid under
- 3 section 306 for the same period with respect to that claim.

#### 4 SEC. 106. FAILURE TO COMPLY.

- 5 (a) FORFEITURE.—The failure of the claim holder to
- 6 file the notice of location, to pay the location fee, or to
- 7 pay the claim maintenance fee for a mining claim as re-
- 8 quired by this title shall be deemed conclusively to con-
- 9 stitute forfeiture of the mining claim by operation of law.
- 10 Forfeiture shall not relieve any person of any obligation
- 11 created under this Act, including reclamation.
- 12 (b) Prohibition.—No claim holder may locate a new
- 13 claim on the lands such claim holder included in a for-
- 14 feited claim for 1 year from the date such claim is deemed
- 15 forfeited.
- 16 (c) Relinquishment.—A claim holder deciding not
- 17 to pursue mineral activities on a claim may relinquish such
- 18 claim by notifying the Secretary. A claim holder relin-
- 19 quishing a claim is responsible for reclamation as required
- 20 by section 207 of this Act and all other applicable require-
- 21 ments. A claim holder who relinquishes a claim shall not
- 22 be subject to the prohibition of subsection (b) of this sec-
- 23 tion unless the Secretary determines that the claim is
- 24 being relinquished and relocated for the purpose of avoid-

- 1 ing compliance with any provision of this Act, including
- 2 payment of the claim maintenance fee.
- 3 SEC. 107. BASIS FOR CONTEST.
- 4 (a) DISCOVERY.—(1) After the effective date of this
- 5 Act, a mining claim may not be contested or challenged
- 6 on the basis of discovery under the general mining laws,
- 7 except as follows:
- 8 (A) Any claim located before the effective date
- 9 of this Act may be contested by the United States
- on the basis of discovery under the general mining
- laws as in effect prior to the effective date of this
- 12 Act if such claim is located within any National
- 13 Conservation System unit, or within any area re-
- 14 ferred to in section 101(b).
- 15 (B) Any mining claim located before the effec-
- tive date of this Act may be contested by the United
- 17 States on the basis of discovery under the general
- mining laws as in effect prior to the effective date
- of this Act if such claim was located for a mineral
- 20 material that purportedly has a property giving it
- 21 distinct and special value within the meaning of sec-
- tion 3(a) of the Act of July 23, 1955 (as in effect
- prior to the date of enactment of this Act), or if
- such claim was located for a mineral that was not

- 1 locatable under the general mining laws before the
- 2 effective date of this Act.
- 3 (2) The Secretary may initiate contest proceedings
- 4 against those mining claims referred to in paragraph (1)
- 5 at any time, except that nothing in this subsection may
- 6 be construed as requiring the Secretary to inquire into,
- 7 or contest, the validity of a mining claim for the purpose
- 8 of the conversion referred to in section 104, except as pro-
- 9 vided in section 412.
- 10 (3) Nothing in this subsection may be construed as
- 11 limiting any contest proceedings initiated by the United
- 12 States on issues other than discovery, or any contest pro-
- 13 ceedings filed before the effective date of this Act.
- 14 (4) Any contest proceeding initiated pursuant to
- 15 paragraph (1) shall determine whether the mining claim
- 16 or claims subject to such proceeding supported a discovery
- 17 of a valuable mineral deposit within the meaning of the
- 18 general mining laws on the effective date of this Act.
- 19 (b) Continued Sufficiency of Mining Claim.—
- 20 (1) At any time, upon request of the Secretary, the claim
- 21 holder shall demonstrate that the continued retention of
- 22 a mining claim located or converted under this Act is ex-
- 23 clusively related to mineral activities at the site.
- 24 (2) Where the Secretary requests demonstration of
- 25 the continuing sufficiency of any mining claim under this

- 1 section, the claim holder shall have the burden of showing2 each of the following:
- (A) The lands or interests in lands included in the mining claim are not used predominantly for recreational, residential or other purposes rather than for mineral activities and are being held in good faith for the ultimate exploration for, development of, or production of locatable minerals, as demonstrated by the claimholder or his or her assigns through showings satisfactory to the Secretary.
  - (B) The claim holder or operator does not restrict access to the lands or interests in lands included in the mining claim in a manner that is not required for mineral activities.
  - (C) The mineral being or to be mined on the mining claim is a locatable mineral (unless such lands are used for beneficiation or processing).
  - (D) The claim holder or operator has not constructed, improved, maintained or used a structure located on a mining claim in a manner not specifically authorized by the Secretary in accordance with this Act.
- (3) Any mining claim for which the claim holder fails
  to demonstrate continued sufficiency, in the determination
  of the Secretary, pursuant to subsection (b) of this section,

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- 1 shall thereupon be deemed forfeited and be declared null
- 2 and void.
- 3 (c) Remedies.—(1) The Secretary may assess a civil
- 4 penalty of not more than \$5,000 per claim against the
- 5 claimholder upon declaring a mining claim null and void
- 6 pursuant to subsection (b) of this section.
- 7 (2) Upon declaring a mining claim null and void pur-
- 8 suant to subsection (b), the Secretary shall provide a rea-
- 9 sonable opportunity for the mining claim holder or opera-
- 10 tor to remove any real or personal property which such
- 11 person had previously placed upon the claim. If the prop-
- 12 erty is not removed within the time provided, the Sec-
- 13 retary may retain the property or provide for its disposi-
- 14 tion or destruction.
- 15 (d) Other Law.—The Secretary shall take such ac-
- 16 tions as may be necessary to ensure the compliance by
- 17 claim holders with section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955
- 18 (30 U.S.C. 612), consistent with this section.
- 19 TITLE II—ENVIRONMENTAL CON-
- 20 SIDERATIONS OF MINERAL
- 21 **EXPLORATION AND DEVELOP-**
- 22 **MENT**
- 23 SEC. 201. SURFACE MANAGEMENT STANDARD.
- Notwithstanding the last sentence of section 302(b)
- 25 of the Federal Land Policy and Management Act of 1976,

- 1 and in accordance with this title and other applicable law,
- 2 the Secretary, and for National Forest System lands the
- 3 Secretary of Agriculture, shall require that mineral activi-
- 4 ties on Federal lands conducted by any person minimize
- 5 adverse impacts to the environment.

#### 6 SEC. 202. PERMITS.

- 7 (a) Permits Required.—No person may engage in
- 8 mineral activities on Federal lands that may cause a dis-
- 9 turbance of surface resources, including but not limited
- 10 to, land, air, ground water and surface water, fish, wild-
- 11 life, and biota unless—
- 12 (1) the claim was properly located or converted
- under this Act and properly maintained; and
- 14 (2) a permit was issued to such person under
- this title authorizing such activities.
- 16 (b) Negligible Disturbance.—Notwithstanding
- 17 subsection (a)(2), a permit under this title shall not be
- 18 required for mineral activities related to exploration, or
- 19 gathering of data, required to comply with section 203 or
- 20 204 that cause a negligible disturbance of surface re-
- 21 sources and do not involve any of the following:
- 22 (1) The use of mechanized earth moving equip-
- 23 ment, suction dredging, explosives.
- 24 (2) The use of motor vehicles in areas closed to
- off-road vehicles.

- 1 (3) The construction of roads, drill pads, or the
- 2 use of toxic or hazardous materials.
- 3 Persons engaging in such activities shall provide prior
- 4 written notice. The Secretary and the Secretary of Agri-
- 5 culture may provide, by joint regulations the manner in
- 6 which such notice shall be provided.
- 7 (c) Waiver of the Sovereign Immunity of In-
- 8 DIAN TRIBES.—The Secretary is authorized to require In-
- 9 dian tribes to waive sovereign immunity as a condition of
- 10 obtaining a permit under this Act.

#### 11 SEC. 203. EXPLORATION PERMITS.

- 12 (a) AUTHORIZED EXPLORATION ACTIVITY.—Any
- 13 claim holder may apply for an exploration permit for any
- 14 mining claim authorizing the claim holder to remove a rea-
- 15 sonable amount of the locatable minerals from the claim
- 16 for analysis, study and testing. Such permit shall not au-
- 17 thorize the claim holder to remove any mineral for sale
- 18 nor to conduct any activities other than those required for
- 19 exploration for locatable minerals and reclamation.
- 20 (b) Permit Application Requirements.—An ap-
- 21 plication for an exploration permit under this section shall
- 22 be submitted in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary
- 23 or, for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Ag-
- 24 riculture, and shall contain an exploration plan, a reclama-
- 25 tion plan for the proposed exploration, such documenta-

1	tion as necessary to ensure compliance with applicable
2	Federal and State environmental laws and regulations,
3	and each of the following:
4	(1) The name, mailing address, and social secu-
5	rity number or tax identification number, as applica-
6	ble, of each of the following:
7	(A) The applicant for the permit and any
8	agent of the applicant.
9	(B) The operator (if different than the ap-
10	plicant) of the claim concerned.
11	(C) Each claim holder (if different than
12	the applicant) of the claim concerned.
13	(2) A statement of whether any person referred
14	to in subparagraphs (A) through (C) of paragraph
15	(1) is currently in violation of, or was, during the 3-
16	year period preceding the date of the application,
17	found to be in violation of, any of the following and,
18	if so, a brief explanation of the facts involved, in-
19	cluding identification of the site and nature of the
20	violation:
21	(A) Any provision of this Act or any regu-
22	lation under this Act.
23	(B) Any applicable toxic substance, solid
24	waste, air, water quality, or fish and wildlife
25	conservation law or regulation at any site where

- 1 mining, beneficiation, or processing activities 2 are occurring or have occurred.
  - (C) The Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 and following) or any regulation under that Act at any site where surface coal mining operations have occurred or are occurring.
  - (3) A description of the type and method of exploration activities proposed, the engineering techniques proposed to be used and the equipment proposed to be used.
  - (4) The anticipated starting and termination dates of each phase of the exploration activities proposed, including any planned temporary cessation of exploration.
  - (5) A map, to an appropriate scale, clearly showing the land to be affected by the proposed exploration.
  - (6) Information determined necessary by the Secretary concerned to assess the cumulative impacts, as required to comply with the National Environmental Policy Act.
- 23 (7) Evidence of appropriate financial assurance 24 as specified in section 206.

1	(c) Reclamation Plan Requirements.—The rec-
2	lamation plan required to be included in a permit applica-
3	tion under subsection (b) shall include such provisions as

- 4 may be jointly prescribed by the Secretary and the Sec-
- 5 retary of Agriculture and each of the following:
- (1) A description of the condition of the land, including the fish and wildlife resources and habitat contained thereon, subject to the permit prior to the commencement of any exploration activities.
  - (2) A description of reclamation measures proposed pursuant to the requirements of section 207.
  - (3) The engineering techniques to be used in reclamation and the equipment proposed to be used.
- 14 (4) The anticipated starting and termination 15 dates of each phase of the reclamation proposed.
- 16 (5) A description of the proposed condition of 17 the land, including the fish and wildlife resources 18 and habitat contained thereon, following the comple-19 tion of reclamation.
- 20 (d) Permit Issuance or Denial.—The Secretary,
- 21 or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Ag-
- 22 riculture, shall issue an exploration permit pursuant to an
- 23 application under this section if such Secretary makes
- 24 each of the following determinations, and such Secretary

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- 1 shall deny a permit which he or she finds does not fully
- 2 meet the requirements of this subsection:

- (1) The permit application, the exploration planand reclamation plan are complete and accurate.
  - (2) The applicant has demonstrated that proposed reclamation can be accomplished.
    - (3) The proposed exploration activities and condition of the land after the completion of exploration activities and final reclamation would conform with the land use plan applicable to the area subject to mineral activities.
    - (4) The area subject to the proposed permit is not included within an area designated unsuitable under section 209 or not open to location under section 101(b) for the types of exploration activities proposed.
    - (5) The applicant has demonstrated that the exploration plan and reclamation plan will be in compliance with the requirements of this Act and all other applicable Federal requirements, and any State requirements agreed to by the Secretary of the Interior (or Secretary of Agriculture, as appropriate) pursuant to a cooperative agreement under section 208.

- 1 (6) The applicant has fully complied with the
- 2 requirements of section 206 (relating to financial as-
- 3 surance).
- 4 (e) Term of Permit.—An exploration permit shall
- 5 be for a stated term. The term shall be no greater than
- 6 that necessary to accomplish the proposed exploration,
- 7 and in no case for more than 5 years.
- 8 (f) Permit Modification.—During the term of an
- 9 exploration permit the permit holder may submit an appli-
- 10 cation to modify the permit. To approve a proposed modi-
- 11 fication to the permit, the Secretary concerned shall make
- 12 the same determinations as are required in the case of
- 13 an original permit, except that the Secretary and the Sec-
- 14 retary of Agriculture may specify by joint rule the extent
- 15 to which requirements for initial exploration permits under
- 16 this section shall apply to applications to modify an explo-
- 17 ration permit based on whether such modifications are
- 18 deemed significant or minor.
- 19 (g) FEES.—Each application for a permit pursuant
- 20 to this section shall be accompanied by a fee payable to
- 21 the Secretary of the Interior in such amount as may be
- 22 established by the Secretary of the Interior. Such amount
- 23 shall be equal to the actual or anticipated cost to the Sec-
- 24 retary or the Secretary of Agriculture, as the case may
- 25 be, of reviewing, administering, and enforcing such permit,

- 1 as determined by such Secretary. All moneys received
- 2 under this subsection shall be deposited in the Abandoned
- 3 Locatable Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund established
- 4 under title III of this Act.
- 5 (h) Transfer, Assignment, or Sale of
- 6 Rights.—(1) No transfer, assignment, or sale of rights
- 7 granted by a permit issued under this section shall be
- 8 made without the prior written approval of the Secretary
- 9 or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Ag-
- 10 riculture.
- 11 (2) Such Secretary may allow a person holding a per-
- 12 mit to transfer, assign, or sell rights under the permit to
- 13 a successor, if the Secretary finds, in writing, that the
- 14 successor—
- 15 (A) is eligible to receive a permit in accordance
- with section 205;
- 17 (B) has submitted evidence of financial assur-
- ance satisfactory under section 206; and
- (C) meets any other requirements specified by
- the Secretary.
- 21 (3) The successor in interest shall assume the liability
- 22 and reclamation responsibilities established by the existing
- 23 permit and shall conduct the mineral activities in full com-
- 24 pliance with this Act, and the terms and conditions of the

- 1 permit as in effect at the time of transfer, assignment,
- 2 or sale.
- 3 (4) Each application for approval of a permit trans-
- 4 fer, assignment, or sale pursuant to this subsection shall
- 5 be accompanied by a fee payable to the Secretary of the
- 6 Interior in such amount as may be established by such
- 7 Secretary. Such amount shall be equal to the actual or
- 8 anticipated cost to the Secretary or the Secretary of Agri-
- 9 culture, as appropriate, of reviewing and approving or dis-
- 10 approving such transfer, assignment, or sale, as deter-
- 11 mined by the Secretary of the Interior. All moneys re-
- 12 ceived under this subsection shall be deposited in the
- 13 Abandoned Locatable Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund
- 14 established under title III of this Act.

## 15 SEC. 204. OPERATIONS PERMIT.

- 16 (a) Operations Permit.—Any claim holder may
- 17 apply to the Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 18 lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, for an operations per-
- 19 mit authorizing the claim holder to carry out mineral ac-
- 20 tivities on Federal lands. The permit shall include such
- 21 terms and conditions as prescribed by such Secretary to
- 22 carry out this title.
- 23 (b) Permit Application Requirements.—An ap-
- 24 plication for an operations permit under this section shall
- 25 be submitted in a manner satisfactory to the Secretary

1	concerned and shall contain an operations plan, a reclama-
2	tion plan, such documentation as necessary to ensure com-
3	pliance with applicable Federal and State environmental
4	laws and regulations, and each of the following:
5	(1) The name, mailing address, and social secu-
6	rity number or tax identification number, as applica-
7	ble, of each of the following:
8	(A) The applicant for the permit and any
9	agent of the applicant.
10	(B) The operator (if different than the ap-
11	plicant) at the claim concerned.
12	(C) Each claim holder (if different than
13	the applicant) of the claim concerned.
14	(D) Each affiliate and each officer or di-
15	rector of the applicant.
16	(2) A statement of whether a person referred to
17	in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of paragraph (1)
18	is currently in violation of, or was, during the 3-year
19	period preceding the date of application, found to be
20	in violation of, any of the following and if so, a brief
21	explanation of the facts involved, including identi-
22	fication of the site and the nature of the violation:
23	(A) Any provision of this Act or any regu-
24	lation under this Act.

- 1 (B) Any applicable toxic substance, solid 2 waste, air, water quality, or fish and wildlife 3 conservation law or regulation at any site where 4 mining, beneficiation, or processing activities 5 are occurring or have occurred.
  - (C) The Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 and following) or any regulation under that Act at any site where surface coal mining operations have occurred or are occurring.
  - (3) A statement of any current or previous permits or plans of operations issued under the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act or the Federal Land Policy and Management Act.
  - (4) A description of the type and method of mineral activities proposed, the engineering techniques proposed to be used and the equipment proposed to be used.
  - (5) The anticipated starting and termination dates of each phase of the mineral activities proposed, including any planned temporary cessation of operations.
  - (6) Maps, to an appropriate scale, clearly showing the lands, watersheds, and surface waters, to be affected by the proposed mineral activities; surface

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- and mineral ownership; facilities, including roads and other man-made structures; proposed disturbances; soils and vegetation; topography; and water supply intakes and surface water bodies.
  - (7) A description of the biological resources in or associated with the area subject to mineral activities, including vegetation, fish and wildlife, riparian and wetland habitats.
  - (8) A description of measures planned to exclude fish and wildlife resources from the area subject to mineral activities by covering, containment, or fencing of open waters, beneficiation, and processing materials; or maintenance of all facilities in a condition that is not harmful to fish and wildlife.
  - (9) A description of the quantity and quality of surface and ground water resources in or associated with the area subject to mineral activities, based on pre-disturbance monitoring sufficient to establish seasonal variations.
  - (10) An analysis of the probable hydrologic consequences of the mineral activities, both on and off the area subject to mineral activities, with respect to the hydrologic regime, quantity and quality of water in surface and ground water systems including the dissolved and suspended solids under seasonal flow

- conditions and the collection of sufficient data for the mine site and surrounding areas so that an assessment can be made by the Secretary concerned of the probable cumulative impacts of the anticipated mineral activities in the area upon the hydrology of the area and particularly upon water availability.
  - (11) A description of the monitoring systems to be used to detect and determine whether compliance has and is occurring consistent with the surface management requirements and to monitor the effects of mineral activities on the site and surrounding environment, including but not limited to, ground water, surface water, air, soils, and fish and wildlife resources.
    - (12) Accident contingency plans that include, but are not limited to, immediate response strategies and corrective measures to mitigate environmental impacts and appropriate insurance to cover accident contingencies.
    - (13) Any measures to comply with any conditions on minerals activities that may be required in the applicable land use plan or any condition stipulated pursuant to section 209.
- 24 (14) Information determined necessary by the 25 Secretary concerned to assess the cumulative im-

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- pacts of mineral activities, as required to comply
   with the National Environmental Policy Act.
- 3 (15) Such other environmental baseline data as 4 the Secretaries, by joint regulation, shall require suf-5 ficient to validate the determinations required for 6 issuance of a permit under this Act.
- 7 (16) Evidence of appropriate financial assur-8 ance as specified in section 206.
  - (17) A description of the site security provisions designed to protect from theft the locatable minerals, concentrates or products derived therefrom which will be produced or stored on a mining claim.
- 13 (18) A full characterization of soils and geology 14 in the area to be affected by mineral activities.
- 15 (19) A copy of the applicant's advertisement to 16 be published as required by section 403 (relating to 17 public participation).
- 18 (c) Reclamation Plan Application Require-
- 19 MENTS.—The reclamation plan referred to in subsection
- 20 (b) shall include such reclamation measures as prescribed
- 21 by the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the
- 22 Secretary of Agriculture, and each of the following:
- 23 (1) A description of the condition of the land,
- including the fish and wildlife resources and habitat

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- 1 contained thereon, subject to the permit prior to the 2 commencement of any mineral activities.
  - (2) A description of reclamation measures proposed pursuant to the requirements of section 207.
  - (3) The engineering techniques to be used in reclamation and the equipment proposed to be used.
  - (4) The anticipated starting and termination dates of each phase of the reclamation proposed.
  - (5) A description of the proposed condition of the land, including the fish and wildlife resources and habitat contained thereon, following the completion of reclamation.
  - (6) A description of the maintenance measures that will be necessary to meet the surface management requirements of this Act, such as, but not limited to, drainage water treatment facilities, or liner maintenance and control.
  - (7) The consideration which has been given to making the condition of the land after the completion of mineral activities and final reclamation consistent with the applicable land use plan.
- 22 (d) PERMIT ISSUANCE OR DENIAL.—(1) After pro-23 viding notice and opportunity for public comment and 24 hearing, the Secretary, or for National Forest System 25 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall issue an oper-

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- 1 ations permit if such Secretary makes each of the follow-
- 2 ing determinations in writing, and such Secretary shall
- 3 deny a permit which he or she finds does not fully meet
- 4 the requirements of this paragraph:

- (A) The permit application, operations plan,and reclamation plan are complete and accurate.
  - (B) The applicant has demonstrated that the proposed reclamation in the reclamation plan can be accomplished.
    - (C) The proposed mineral activities and condition of the land including the fish and wildlife resources and habitat contained thereon, after the completion of mineral activities and final reclamation conform to the land use plan applicable to the area subject to mineral activities.
    - (D) The area subject to the proposed plan is not included within an area designated unsuitable or not open to location for the types of mineral activities proposed.
    - (E) The applicant has demonstrated that the mineral activities will be in compliance with this Act and all other applicable Federal requirements, and any State requirements agreed to by the appropriate Secretary pursuant to cooperative agreements under section 208.

- 1 (F) The assessment of the probable cumulative
- 2 impact of all anticipated mining in the area on the
- 3 hydrologic balance specified in subsection (b)(10)
- 4 has been made and the proposed operation has been
- 5 designed to minimize disturbances to the prevailing
- 6 hydrologic balance of the permit area.
- 7 (G) The applicant has fully complied with the
- 8 requirements of section 206 (relating to financial as-
- 9 surance).
- 10 (2) Issuance of an operations permit under this sec-
- 11 tion shall be based on information supplied by the appli-
- 12 cant or other interested parties and the applicant shall
- 13 have the burden of establishing that the application com-
- 14 plies with paragraph (1).
- 15 (3) With respect to any activities specified in the rec-
- 16 lamation plan referred to in subsection (b) which con-
- 17 stitute a removal or remedial action under section 101 of
- 18 the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-
- 19 tion and Liability Act of 1980, the Secretary shall consult
- 20 with the Administrator of the Environmental Protection
- 21 Agency prior to the issuance of an operating permit. To
- 22 the extent practicable, the Administrator shall ensure that
- 23 the reclamation plan does not require activities which
- 24 would increase the costs or likelihood of removal or reme-
- 25 dial actions under Comprehensive Environmental Re-

- 1 sponse, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 or correc-
- 2 tive actions under the Solid Waste Disposal Act.
- 3 (e) Term of Permit; Renewal.—(1) An operations
- 4 permit shall be for a stated term. The term shall be no
- 5 greater than that necessary to accomplish the proposed
- 6 mineral activities subject to the permit, and in no case
- 7 for more than 10 years, unless the applicant demonstrates
- 8 to the satisfaction of the Secretary, or for National Forest
- 9 System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, that a specified
- 10 longer term is reasonably needed for such mineral activi-
- 11 ties.
- 12 (2) Failure by the operator to commence mineral ac-
- 13 tivities within one year of the date scheduled in an oper-
- 14 ations permit shall require a modification of the permit
- 15 unless the Secretary concerned determines that the delay
- 16 was beyond the control of the applicant.
- 17 (3) An operations permit shall carry with it the right
- 18 of successive renewal upon expiration only with respect to
- 19 operations on areas within the boundaries of the existing
- 20 permit as issued. A renewal of such permit shall not be
- 21 issued if such Secretary determines, in writing, any of the
- 22 following:
- 23 (A) The terms and conditions of the existing
- permit are not being met.

- 1 (B) The operator has not demonstrated that 2 the financial assurance would continue to apply in 3 full force and effect for the renewal term.
- 4 (C) Any additional revised or updated informa-5 tion required by the Secretary concerned has not 6 been provided.
  - (D) The applicant has not demonstrated that the mineral activities will be in compliance with the requirements of all other applicable Federal requirements, and any State requirements agreed to by the Secretary concerned pursuant to cooperative agreements under section 208.
- 13 (4) A renewal of an operations permit shall be for a term of 10 years or for such additional term as the Sec-14 15 retary concerned deems appropriate. Application for renewal shall be made at least one year prior to the expira-16 tion of the existing permit. Where a renewal application has been timely submitted and a permit expires prior to 18 19 Secretarial action on the renewal application, reclamation 20 shall and other mineral activities may continue in accord-21 ance with the terms of the expired permit until the Sec-22 retary concerned makes a decision on the renewal applica-23 tion.
- 24 (f) PERMIT MODIFICATION.—(1) During the term of 25 an operations permit the operator may submit an applica-

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- 1 tion to modify the permit (including the operations plan
- 2 or reclamation plan, or both). To approve a proposed
- 3 modification, the Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 4 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall make the same
- 5 determinations as are required in the case of an original
- 6 operations permit, except that the Secretaries may estab-
- 7 lish joint rules regarding the extent to which requirements
- 8 for original permits under this section shall apply to appli-
- 9 cations to modify a permit based on whether such modi-
- 10 fications are deemed significant or minor. Such rules shall
- 11 provide that all requirements applicable to a new permit
- 12 shall apply to any extension of the area covered by the
- 13 permit (except for incidental boundary revisions).
- 14 (2) The Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 15 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may, at any time, re-
- 16 quire reasonable modification to any operations plan or
- 17 reclamation plan upon a determination that the require-
- 18 ments of this Act cannot be met if the plan is followed
- 19 as approved. Such determination shall be based on a writ-
- 20 ten finding and subject to notice and hearing requirements
- 21 established by the Secretary concerned.
- 22 (g) Temporary Cessation of Operations.—(1)
- 23 No operator conducting mineral activities under an oper-
- 24 ations permit in effect under this title may temporarily
- 25 cease mineral activities for a period of 180 days or more

- 1 under an operations permit unless the Secretary concerned
- 2 has approved such temporary cessation or unless the tem-
- 3 porary cessation is permitted under the original permit.
- 4 Any operator temporarily ceasing mineral activities for a
- 5 period of 180 days or more under an existing operations
- 6 permit shall submit, before the expiration of such 180-day
- 7 period, a complete application for temporary cessation of
- 8 operations to the Secretary concerned for approval unless
- 9 the temporary cessation is permitted under the original
- 10 permit.
- 11 (2) An application for approval of temporary ces-
- 12 sation of operations shall include such provisions as pre-
- 13 scribed by the Secretary concerned, including but not lim-
- 14 ited to the steps that shall be taken during the cessation
- 15 of operations period to minimize impacts on the environ-
- 16 ment. After receipt of a complete application for tem-
- 17 porary cessation of operations such Secretary shall con-
- 18 duct an inspection of the area for which temporary ces-
- 19 sation of operations has been requested.
- 20 (3) To approve an application for temporary ces-
- 21 sation of operations, the Secretary concerned shall make
- 22 each of the following determinations:
- 23 (A) A determination that the methods for se-
- 24 curing surface facilities and restricting access to the
- 25 permit area, or relevant portions thereof, will effec-

- tively ensure against hazards to the health and safety of the public and fish and wildlife.
- (B) A determination that reclamation is in compliance with the approved reclamation plan, except in those areas specifically designated in the application for temporary cessation of operations for which a delay in meeting such standards is necessary to facilitate the resumption of operations.
  - (C) A determination that the amount of financial assurance filed with the permit application is sufficient to assure completion of the reclamation activities identified in the approved reclamation plan in the event of forfeiture.
  - (D) A determination that any outstanding notices of violation and cessation orders incurred in connection with the plan for which temporary cessation is being requested are either stayed pursuant to an administrative or judicial appeal proceeding or are in the process of being abated to the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned.
- 21 (h) PERMIT REVIEWS.—The Secretary, or for Na-22 tional Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, 23 shall review each permit issued under this section every 24 3 years during the term of such permit and, based upon 25 a written finding, such Secretary may require the operator

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- 1 to take such actions as the Secretary deems necessary to
- 2 assure that mineral activities conform to the permit, in-
- 3 cluding adjustment of financial assurance requirements.
- 4 (i) Fees.—Each application for a permit pursuant
- 5 to this section shall be accompanied by a fee payable to
- 6 the Secretary of the Interior in such amount as may be
- 7 established by such Secretary. Such amount shall be equal
- 8 to the actual or anticipated cost to the Secretary, or for
- 9 National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 10 culture, of reviewing, administering, and enforcing such
- 11 permit, as determined by the Secretary of the Interior. All
- 12 moneys received under this subsection shall be deposited
- 13 in the Abandoned Locatable Minerals Mine Reclamation
- 14 Fund established under title III of this Act.
- 15 (j) Transfer, Assignment, or Sale of Rights.—
- 16 (1) No transfer, assignment, or sale of rights granted by
- 17 a permit under this section shall be made without the prior
- 18 written approval of the Secretary, or for National Forest
- 19 System lands the Secretary of Agriculture.
- 20 (2) The Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 21 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may allow a person
- 22 holding a permit to transfer, assign, or sell rights under
- 23 the permit to a successor, if such Secretary finds, in writ-
- 24 ing, that the successor—

- 1 (A) is eligible to receive a permit in accordance 2 with section 205;
- 3 (B) has submitted evidence of financial assur-4 ance satisfactory under section 206; and
- (C) meets any other requirements specified bysuch Secretary.
- 7 (3) The successor in interest shall assume the liability 8 and reclamation responsibilities established by the existing
- 9 permit and shall conduct the mineral activities in full com-
- 10 pliance with this Act, and the terms and conditions of the
- 11 permit as in effect at the time of transfer, assignment,
- 12 or sale.
- 13 (4) Each application for approval of a permit trans-
- 14 fer, assignment, or sale pursuant to this subsection shall
- 15 be accompanied by a fee payable to the Secretary of the
- 16 Interior in such amount as may be established by such
- 17 Secretary. Such amount shall be equal to the actual or
- 18 anticipated cost to the Secretary or the Secretary of Agri-
- 19 culture of reviewing and approving or disapproving such
- 20 transfer, assignment, or sale, as determined by the Sec-
- 21 retary of the Interior. All moneys received under this sub-
- 22 section shall be deposited in the Abandoned Locatable
- 23 Minerals Mine Reclamation Fund established under title
- 24 III of this Act.

## 1 SEC. 205. PERSONS INELIGIBLE FOR PERMITS.

2	(a) Current Violations.—Unless corrective action
3	has been taken in accordance with subsection (c), no per-
4	mit under this title shall be issued or transferred to an
5	applicant if the applicant or any agent of the applicant,
6	the operator (if different than the applicant) of the claim
7	concerned, any claim holder (if different than the appli-
8	cant) of the claim concerned, or any affiliate or officer
9	or director of the applicant is currently in violation of any
10	of the following:
11	(1) A provision of this Act or any regulation
12	under this Act.
13	(2) An applicable toxic substance, solid waste,
14	air, water quality, or fish and wildlife conservation
15	law or regulation at any site where mining,
16	beneficiation, or processing activities are occurring
17	or have occurred.
18	(3) The Surface Mining Control and Reclama-
19	tion Act of 1977 (30 U.S.C. 1201 and following) or
20	any regulation implementing that Act at any site
21	where surface coal mining operations have occurred
22	or are occurring.
23	(b) Suspension.—The Secretary, or for National

24 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall

25 suspend an exploration permit or an operations permit,

26 in whole or in part, if such Secretary determines that any

- 1 of the entities described in subsection (a) were in violation
- 2 of any requirement listed in subsection (a) at the time the
- 3 permit was issued.
- 4 (c) Correction.—(1) The Secretary, or for National
- 5 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may
- 6 issue or reinstate a permit under this title if the applicant
- 7 submits proof that the violation referred to in subsection
- 8 (a) or (b) has been corrected or is in the process of being
- 9 corrected to the satisfaction of such Secretary or if the
- 10 applicant submits proof that the violator has filed and is
- 11 presently pursuing, a direct administrative or judicial ap-
- 12 peal to contest the existence of the violation. For purposes
- 13 of this section, an appeal of any applicant's relationship
- 14 to an affiliate shall not constitute a direct administrative
- 15 or judicial appeal to contest the existence of the violation.
- 16 (2) Any permit which is issued or reinstated based
- 17 upon proof submitted under this subsection shall be condi-
- 18 tionally approved or conditionally reinstated, as the case
- 19 may be. If the violation is not successfully abated or the
- 20 violation is upheld on appeal, the permit shall be sus-
- 21 pended or revoked.
- 22 (d) Pattern of Willful Violations.—No permit
- 23 under this Act may be issued to any applicant if there
- 24 is a demonstrated pattern of willful violations of the sur-
- 25 face management requirements of this Act by the appli-

- 1 cant, any affiliate of the applicant, or the operator or
- 2 claim holder if different than the applicant, and such vio-
- 3 lations are of such nature and duration, and with such
- 4 resulting irreparable damage to the environment, as to
- 5 clearly indicate an intent not to comply with the surface
- 6 management requirements.

## 7 SEC. 206. FINANCIAL ASSURANCE.

- 8 (a) Financial Assurance Required.—(1) Before
- 9 any permit is issued under this title, the operator shall
- 10 file with the Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 11 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, evidence of financial
- 12 assurance payable to the United States on a form pre-
- 13 scribed and furnished by such Secretary and conditional
- 14 upon faithful performance of such permit and all other
- 15 requirements of this Act. The financial assurance shall be
- 16 provided in the form of a surety bond, trust fund, letters
- 17 of credits, government securities, cash or equivalent.
- 18 (2) The financial assurance shall cover all lands with-
- 19 in the initial permit area and shall be extended to cover
- 20 all lands added pursuant to any permit modification made
- 21 under section 203(f), section 204(f), or section 204(h).
- 22 The financial assurance shall cover all lands to be affected
- 23 by mineral activities as described and depicted in the per-
- 24 mit application.

- 1 (b) Amount.—The amount of the financial assur-
- 2 ance required under this section shall be sufficient to as-
- 3 sure the completion of reclamation satisfying the require-
- 4 ments of this Act if the work were to be performed by
- 5 the Secretary concerned in the event of forfeiture. The cal-
- 6 culation of such amount shall take into account the maxi-
- 7 mum level of financial exposure which shall arise during
- 8 the mineral activity.
- 9 (c) Duration.—The financial assurance required
- 10 under this section shall be held for the duration of the
- 11 mineral activities and for an additional period to cover the
- 12 operator's responsibility for revegetation as specified
- 13 under subsection 207(b)(6)(B), and effluent treatment as
- 14 specified in subsection (g).
- 15 (d) Adjustments.—The amount of the financial as-
- 16 surance and the terms of the acceptance of the assurance
- 17 may be adjusted by the Secretary concerned from time to
- 18 time as the area requiring coverage is increased or de-
- 19 creased, or where the costs of reclamation or treatment
- 20 change, or pursuant to section 204(h), but the financial
- 21 assurance must otherwise be in compliance with this sec-
- 22 tion. The Secretary concerned shall specify periodic times,
- 23 or set a schedule, for reevaluating or adjusting the amount
- 24 of financial assurance.

- 1 (e) Release.—Upon request, and after notice and
- 2 opportunity for public comment, and after inspection by
- 3 the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the
- 4 Secretary of Agriculture, such Secretary may, after con-
- 5 sultation with the Administrator of the Environmental
- 6 Protection Agency, release in whole or in part the financial
- 7 assurance required under this section if the Secretary
- 8 makes both of the following determinations:
- 9 (1) A determination that reclamation covered
- by the financial assurance has been accomplished as
- 11 required by this Act.
- 12 (2) A determination that the operator has de-
- clared that the terms and conditions of any other
- 14 applicable Federal requirements, and State require-
- ments applicable pursuant to cooperative agreements
- under section 208, have been fulfilled.
- 17 (f) Release Schedule.—The release referred to in
- 18 subsection (e) shall be according to the following schedule:
- 19 (1) After the operator has completed any re-
- quired backfilling, regrading, and drainage control of
- an area subject to mineral activities and covered by
- 22 the financial assurance, and has commenced revege-
- tation on the regraded areas subject to mineral ac-
- 24 tivities in accordance with the approved plan, that
- portion of the total financial assurance secured for

- the area subject to mineral activities attributable to the completed activities may be released.
- 3 (2) After the operator has completed successfully all remaining mineral activities and reclamation 5 activities and all requirements of the operations plan 6 and the reclamation plan (including the provisions of 7 section 207(b)(6)(B) relating to revegetation and ef-8 fluent treatment required by subsection (g)), and all 9 other requirements of this Act have in fact been 10 fully met, the remaining portion of the financial as-11 surance may be released.
- 12 During the period following release of the financial assur-
- 13 ance as specified in paragraph (1), until the remaining
- 14 portion of the financial assurance is released as provided
- 15 in paragraph (2), the operator shall be required to comply
- 16 with the permit issued under this title.
- 17 (g) Effluent.—Where any discharge resulting from
- 18 the mineral activities requires treatment in order to meet
- 19 the applicable effluent limitations, the financial assurance
- 20 shall include the estimated cost of maintaining such treat-
- 21 ment for the projected period that will be needed after
- 22 the cessation of mineral activities. The portion of the fi-
- 23 nancial assurance attributable to such estimated cost of
- 24 treatment shall not be released until the discharge has
- 25 ceased, or, if the discharge continues, until the operator

- 1 has met all applicable effluent limitations and water qual-
- 2 ity standards for 5 full years without treatment.
- 3 (h) Environmental Hazards.—If the Secretary,
- 4 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 5 culture, determines, after final release of financial assur-
- 6 ance, that an environmental hazard resulting from the
- 7 mineral activities exists, or the terms and conditions of
- 8 the operations permit of this Act were not fulfilled in fact
- 9 at the time of release, such Secretary shall issue an order
- 10 under section 407 requiring the claimholder or operator
- 11 (or any person who controls the claimholder or operator)
- 12 to correct the condition.
- 13 SEC. 207. RECLAMATION.
- (a) General Rule.—(1) Except as provided under
- 15 paragraphs (5) and (7) of subsection (b), the operator
- 16 shall restore lands subject to mineral activities carried out
- 17 under a permit issued under this title to a condition capa-
- 18 ble of supporting—
- 19 (A) the uses, including fish and wildlife habitat
- uses, which such lands were capable of supporting
- 21 prior to surface disturbance by the operator, or
- 22 (B) other beneficial uses which conform to ap-
- 23 plicable land use plans as determined by the Sec-
- retary or for National Forest System lands, the Sec-
- 25 retary of Agriculture.

- 1 (2) Reclamation shall proceed as contemporaneously
- 2 as practicable with the conduct of mineral activities and
- 3 shall use, with respect to this subsection and subsection
- 4 (b), the best technology currently available. To the extent
- 5 practicable, reclamation shall be conducted in a manner
- 6 that does not increase the costs or likelihood of a removal
- 7 or remedial action under section 101 of the Comprehensive
- 8 Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act
- 9 of 1980 or a corrective action under the Solid Waste Dis-
- 10 posal Act.
- 11 (b) Reclamation Standards.—Mineral activities
- 12 shall be conducted in accordance with the following stand-
- 13 ards; as well as any additional standards the Secretaries
- 14 may jointly promulgate under section 201 and subsection
- 15 (a) of this section to address specific environmental im-
- 16 pacts of selected methods of mining:
- 17 (1) Soils.—(A) Soils, including top soils and
- subsoils removed from lands subject to mineral ac-
- 19 tivities shall be segregated from waste material and
- 20 protected for later use in reclamation. If such soil is
- 21 not replaced on a backfill area within a time-frame
- short enough to avoid deterioration of the topsoil,
- vegetative cover or other means shall be used so that
- the soil is preserved from wind and water erosion,
- 25 remains free of contamination by acid or other toxic

- material, and is in a usable condition for sustaining
  vegetation when restored during reclamation.
  - (B) In the event the topsoil from lands subject to mineral activities is of insufficient quantity or of inferior quality for sustaining vegetation, and other suitable growth media removed from the lands subject to the mineral activities are available that shall support vegetation, the best available growth medium shall be removed, segregated and preserved in a like manner as under subparagraph (A) for sustaining vegetation when restored during reclamation.
  - (C) In the event the soil (other than topsoil) from lands subject to mineral activities is of insufficient quantity or of inferior quality for sustaining vegetation, and other suitable growth media removed from the lands subject to the mineral activities are available that support revegetation, these substitute materials shall be removed, segregated or preserved in a like manner as under subparagraph (A) for later use in reclamation.
  - (D) Mineral activities shall be conducted to prevent contamination of soils to the extent possible using the best technology currently available. If contamination occurs, the operator shall decontaminate

- or dispose of any contaminated soils which have resulted from the mineral activities.
  - (2) STABILIZATION.—All surface areas subject to mineral activities, including segregated soils or other growth medium, waste material piles, ore piles, subgrade ore piles, and open or partially backfilled mine pits which meet the requirements of paragraph (5) shall be stabilized and protected during mineral activities so as to effectively control fugitive dust and erosion and otherwise comply with toxic substance, solid waste, air and water pollution control laws and other environmental laws.
    - (3) Sediments, erosion, and drainage of the area subject to mineral activities.—
    - (4) Hydrologic balance.—(A) Mineral activities shall be conducted to minimize disturbances to the prevailing hydrologic balance of the permit area and surrounding watershed existing prior to the mineral activities in the permit area and in the surrounding watershed, as established by the baseline information provided pursuant to section

- 204(b)(10). Hydrologic balance includes the quality and quantity of ground water and surface water and their interrelationships, including recharge and discharge rates. In all cases, the operator shall comply with Federal and State laws related to the quality and quantity of such waters.
  - (B) Mineral activities shall be conducted using the technology standard referred to in subsection (a)(2) to prevent where possible the formation of acidic, toxic or other contaminated water. Where the formation of acidic, toxic or other contaminated water occurs despite the use of such technology standard, mineral activities shall be conducted using such technology so as to minimize the formation of acidic, toxic or other contaminated water.
  - (C) Mineral activities shall prevent any contamination of surface and ground water with acid or other toxic mine pollutants and shall prevent or remove water from contact with acid or toxic producing deposits.
  - (D) Reclamation shall restore approximate hydrologic balance existing prior to the mineral activities.
- 24 (E) Where the quality of surface water or 25 ground water used for domestic, municipal, agricul-

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- tural, or industrial purposes is adversely impacted by mineral activities, such water shall be treated, or replaced with the same quantity and approximate quality of water, comparable to premining conditions as established in paragraph (10) of section 204(b).
- area disturbed by mineral activities shall be shaped, graded, and contoured to its natural topography. Backfilling of an open pit mine shall be required only if the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, finds that such open pit or partially backfilled, graded, or contoured pit would pose a significant threat to the public health safety or have a significant adverse effect on the environment in terms of surface water or groundwater pollution.
  - (B) In instances where complete backfilling of an open pit is not required, the pit shall be graded to blend with the surrounding topography as much as practicable and revegetated in accordance with paragraph (6).
  - (6) Vegetation.—(A) The area subject to mineral activities shall be vegetated in order to establish a diverse, effective and permanent vegetative cover of the same seasonal variety native to the area

eration and plant succession and at least equal in extent of cover to the natural revegetation of the surrounding area, except that introduced species may be used at the discretion of the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, in consultation with the Director, Fish and Wildlife Service, if such introduction of such species is necessary as an interim step in, and is part of a program to restore a native plant community. In such instances where the complete backfill of an open mine pit is not required under paragraph (5), such Secretary shall prescribe such vegetation requirements as conform to the applicable land use plan.

(B) In order to insure compliance with subparagraph (A), the period for determining successful revegetation shall be for a period of 5 full years after the last year of augmented seeding, fertilizing, irrigation or other work, except that such period shall be 10 full years where the annual average precipitation is 26 inches or less. The period may be for a longer time at the discretion of the Secretary concerned where the average precipitation is 26 inches or less.

- 1 (7) Excess waste.—(A) Waste material in ex-2 cess of that required to comply with paragraph (5) 3 shall be transported and placed in approved areas, in a controlled manner in such a way so as to assure 5 long-term mass stability, to prevent mass movement 6 and to facilitate reclamation. In addition to the 7 measures described under paragraph (3), internal 8 drainage systems shall be employed, as may be re-9 quired, to control erosion and drainage. The design 10 of such excess waste material piles shall be certified by a qualified professional engineer.
  - (B) Excess waste material piles shall be graded and contoured to blend with the surrounding topography as much as practicable and revegetated in accordance with paragraph (6).
  - (8) SEALING.—All drill holes, and openings on the surface associated with underground mineral activities, shall be backfilled, sealed or otherwise controlled when no longer needed for the conduct of mineral activities to ensure protection of the public and the environment, and management of fish and wildlife and livestock.
  - (9) STRUCTURES.—All buildings, structures or equipment constructed, used or improved during mineral activities shall be removed, unless the Sec-

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- retary concerned in consultation with the affected 2 land managing agency, determines that use of the 3 buildings, structures or equipment would be consistent with subsection (a) or for environmental mon-
- itoring and the Secretary concerned takes ownership
- 6 of such structures.

- 7 (10) FISH AND WILDLIFE.—Fish and wildlife 8 habitat in areas subject to mineral activities shall be 9 restored in a manner commensurate with or superior to habitat conditions which existed prior to the min-10 11 eral activities, including such conditions as may be 12 prescribed by the Director, Fish and Wildlife 13 Service.
- 14 (c) Application of Reclamation Standards to EXPLORATION.—The provisions of this section shall apply to mineral exploration pursuant to a permit under this 16 Act, except that paragraphs (5) and (6) of subsection (b) shall not apply during any interim periods between com-18 19 pletion of the approved exploration and the commencement of further mineral activities, not to exceed 2 years, 21 if the operator maintains a sufficient financial assurance to reclaim the disturbed surface should further mineral ac-
- prescribe standards for interim stabilization and revegeta-

tivities not be authorized. The Secretary concerned shall

- 25 tion.

- 1 (d) Special Rule.—A modified reclamation plan
- 2 shall not be required for mineral activities related to rec-
- 3 lamation where a mining claim is forfeited, relinquished
- 4 or lapsed, or a plan is revoked or suspended or has expired
- 5 in any such case. Reclamation activities shall continue
- 6 only as approved by the Secretary, or for National Forest
- 7 System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, pursuant to the
- 8 previously approved reclamation plan.

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- (e) Definitions.—As used in this section:
- (1) The term "best technology currently available" means equipment, devices, systems, methods, or techniques which have demonstrated engineering and economic feasibility, success and practicality. Within the constraints of the surface management requirements of this Act, the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall have the discretion to determine the best technology currently available on a case-by-case basis.
  - (2) The term "waste material" means the material resulting from mineral activities involving extraction, beneficiation and processing, including but not limited to tailings, and such material resulting from mineral activities involving processing, to the extent such material is not subject to subtitle C of

- the Solid Waste Disposal Act or the Uranium Mill
  Tailings Radiation Control Act.
- 3 (3) The term "ore piles" means ore stockpiled 4 for beneficiation prior to the completion of mineral 5 activities.
- 6 (4) The term "subgrade ore" means ore that is
  7 too low in grade to be processed at the time of ex8 traction but which could reasonably be processed in
  9 the foreseeable future.
- 10 (5) The term "soil" means the earthy or sandy
  11 layer, ranging in thickness from a few inches to sev12 eral feet, composed of finely divided rock debris, of
  13 whatever origin, mixed with decomposing vegetal and
  14 animal matter, which forms the surface of the
  15 ground and in which plants grow or may grow.

#### 16 SEC. 208. STATE LAW AND REGULATION.

- 17 (a) STATE LAW.—(1) Any reclamation standard or 18 requirement in State law or regulation that meets or ex-19 ceeds the requirements of section 207 shall not be con-
- 20 strued to be inconsistent with any such standard.
- 21 (2) Any bonding standard or requirement in State
- 22 law or regulation that meets or exceeds the requirements
- 23 of section 206 shall not be construed to be inconsistent
- 24 with such requirements.

- 1 (3) Any inspection standard or requirement in State
- 2 law or regulation that meets or exceeds the requirements
- 3 of section 404 shall not be construed to be inconsistent
- 4 with such requirements.
- 5 (b) Applicability of Other State Require-
- 6 MENTS.—(1) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as af-
- 7 feeting any toxic substance, solid waste, or air or water
- 8 quality, standard or requirement of any State law or regu-
- 9 lation, or of tribal law or regulation, which may be applica-
- 10 ble to mineral activities on lands subject to this Act.
- 11 (2) Nothing in this Act shall be construed as affecting
- 12 in any way the right of any person to enforce or protect,
- 13 under applicable law, such person's interest in water re-
- 14 sources affected by mineral activities on lands subject to
- 15 this Act.
- 16 (c) Cooperative Agreements.—(1) Any State
- 17 may enter into a cooperative agreement with the Sec-
- 18 retary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary
- 19 of Agriculture, for the purposes of such Secretary applying
- 20 such standards and requirements referred to in subsection
- 21 (a) and subsection (b) to mineral activities or reclamation
- 22 on lands subject to this Act.
- 23 (2) In such instances where the proposed mineral ac-
- 24 tivities would affect lands not subject to this Act in addi-
- 25 tion to lands subject to this Act, in order to approve a

- 1 plan of operations the Secretary concerned shall enter into
- 2 a cooperative agreement with the State that sets forth a
- 3 common regulatory framework consistent with the surface
- 4 management requirements of this Act for the purposes of
- 5 such plan of operations.
- 6 (3) The Secretary concerned shall not enter into a
- 7 cooperative agreement with any State under this section
- 8 until after notice in the Federal Register and opportunity
- 9 for public comment.
- 10 (d) Prior Agreements.—Any cooperative agree-
- 11 ment or such other understanding between the Secretary
- 12 concerned and any State, or political subdivision thereof,
- 13 relating to the surface management of mineral activities
- 14 on lands subject to this Act that was in existence on the
- 15 date of enactment of this Act may only continue in force
- 16 until the effective date of this Act, after which time the
- 17 terms and conditions of any such agreement or under-
- 18 standing shall only be applicable to plans of operations
- 19 approved by the Secretary concerned prior to the effective
- 20 date of this Act.
- 21 (e) Delegation.—The Secretary, or for National
- 22 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall
- 23 not delegate to any State, or political subdivision thereof,
- 24 the Secretary's authorities, duties and obligations under

- 1 this Act, including with respect to any cooperative agree-
- 2 ments entered into under this section.
- 3 (f) Preemption.—Subject to section 414(b), the re-
- 4 quirements of this Act shall preempt any conflicting re-
- 5 quirements of any State, or political subdivision thereof
- 6 relating to mineral activities for locatable minerals.

#### 7 SEC. 209. UNSUITABILITY REVIEW.

- 8 (a) AUTHORITY.—(1) As provided for in this section,
- 9 the Secretary of the Interior, in carrying out the Sec-
- 10 retary's responsibilities under the Federal Land Policy
- 11 and Management Act of 1976, and the Secretary of Agri-
- 12 culture, in carrying out the Secretary's responsibilities
- 13 under the Forest and Rangeland Renewable Resources
- 14 Planning Act of 1974, as amended by the National Forest
- 15 Management Act of 1976, shall each review lands that are
- 16 subject to this Act in order to determine, in accordance
- 17 with the provisions of subsection (b), whether there are
- 18 any areas on such lands which are either unsuitable for
- 19 all types of mineral activities or conditionally suitable for
- 20 certain types of mineral activities.
- 21 (2) Any determination made in accordance with sub-
- 22 section (b) shall be immediately effective. Such determina-
- 23 tion shall be incorporated into the applicable land use plan
- 24 when such plan is adopted, revised, or significantly amend-
- 25 ed pursuant to provisions of law other than this Act.

- 1 (3) In any instance where a determination is made
- 2 in accordance with subsection (b) that an area is condi-
- 3 tionally suitable for all or certain mineral activities, the
- 4 Secretary concerned shall take appropriate steps to notify
- 5 the public that any operations permit application relevant
- 6 to that area shall be conditioned accordingly.
- 7 (b) Special Characteristics.—(1) The Secretary,
- 8 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 9 culture, shall determine that an area open to location is
- 10 unsuitable for all or certain mineral activities if such Sec-
- 11 retary finds that such activities would result in significant,
- 12 permanent and irreparable damage to special characteris-
- 13 ties as described in paragraph (3) which cannot be pre-
- 14 vented by the imposition of conditions in the operations
- 15 permit required under section 204 (b).
- 16 (2) The Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 17 lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, may determine, after
- 18 notice and opportunity for public comment, that an area
- 19 is conditionally suitable for all or certain types of mineral
- 20 activities, if the Secretary concerned determines that any
- 21 of the special characteristics of such area, as listed in
- 22 paragraph (3), require protection from the effects of min-
- 23 eral activities.

- (3) Any of the following shall be considered special
   characteristics of an area which contains lands or interests
   in lands open to location under this Act:
- 4 (A) The existence of significant water quality or 5 supplies in or associated with such area, such as 6 aquifers and aquifer recharge areas.
  - (B) The presence in such area of publicly owned places which are listed on or are determined eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places.
    - (C) The designation of all or any portion of such area or any adjacent area as a National Conservation System unit.
    - (D) The designation of all or any portion of such area or any adjacent area as critical habitat for threatened or endangered species under the Endangered Species Act.
    - (E) The designation of all or any portion of such area as Class I under section 162 of the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401).
    - (F) The presence of such other resource values as the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture, may, by joint rule, specify based upon field testing that verifies such criteria.

- 1 (c) Permit Application Prior to Review.—(1) If
- 2 an area covered by an application for a permit required
- 3 under section 204, has not been reviewed pursuant to sub-
- 4 section (a) prior to submission of the application, the Sec-
- 5 retary, or for National Forest System lands, the Secretary
- 6 of Agriculture, shall review the area that would be affected
- 7 by the proposed mineral activities to determine, according
- 8 to the provisions of subsection (b), whether the area is
- 9 unsuitable for all types of mineral activities or condi-
- 10 tionally suitable for certain types of mineral activities.
- 11 Such review and determination shall precede the final de-
- 12 cision on the permit application.
- 13 (2) The Secretary concerned shall use such review in
- 14 the next revision or significant amendment to the applica-
- 15 ble land use plan to the extent necessary to reflect the
- 16 unsuitability or conditional suitability of such lands.
- 17 (d) Effect of Determination.—(1) In any in-
- 18 stance in which a determination of unsuitability is made
- 19 for any area in accordance with subsection (b)(1), all min-
- 20 eral activities shall be prohibited in such area, and the
- 21 Secretary shall (with the consent of the Secretary of Agri-
- 22 culture for National Forest System lands) withdraw such
- 23 area pursuant to section 204 of the Federal Land Policy
- 24 and Management Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1714). The Sec-
- 25 retary's determination under this section shall constitute

- 1 the documentation required to be provided under section
- 2 204(c)(12) of the Federal Land Policy and Management
- 3 Act of 1976 (43 U.S.C. 1714).
- 4 (2) In any instance where the Secretary, or for Na-
- 5 tional Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agriculture,
- 6 determines in accordance with subsection (b)(2) that, by
- 7 reason of any of the special characteristics listed in sub-
- 8 section (b)(3), an area is conditionally suitable for all or
- 9 certain mineral activities, the Secretary concerned shall in-
- 10 clude such additional conditions in each permit for mineral
- 11 activities in such area as necessary to limit or control min-
- 12 eral activities to the extent necessary to protect the special
- 13 characteristics concerned.
- 14 (3) Nothing in this section shall be construed as af-
- 15 fecting lands where mineral activities were being con-
- 16 ducted on the date of enactment of this Act under ap-
- 17 proved plans of operations or under notice (as provided
- 18 for in the regulations of the Secretary of the Interior in
- 19 effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act relating
- 20 to operations that cause a cumulative disturbance of 5
- 21 acres or less).
- 22 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as pro-
- 23 hibiting mineral activities at a specific site, where substan-
- 24 tial legal and financial commitments in such mineral ac-
- 25 tivities were in existence on the date of enactment of this

- 1 Act, but nothing in this section shall be construed as pro-
- 2 hibiting either Secretary from regulating such activities in
- 3 accordance with other authority of law. As used in this
- 4 paragraph, the term "substantial legal and financial com-
- 5 mitments" means, with respect to a specific site, signifi-
- 6 cant investments, expenditures, or undertakings that have
- 7 been made to explore or develop any mining claim or and
- 8 millsite located at such site under the general mining laws
- 9 or converted under this Act, such as but not limited to:
- 10 contracts for minerals produced; construction; contracts
- 11 for the construction; or commitment to raise capital for
- 12 the construction of processing, beneficiation, extraction, or
- 13 refining facilities, or transportation or utility infrastruc-
- 14 ture; exploration activities conducted to delineate proven
- 15 or probable ore reserves; acquisition of mining claims (but
- 16 only if such acquisition is part of other significant invest-
- 17 ments specified in this paragraph); and such other costs
- 18 or expenditures related to mineral activities at such site
- 19 as are similar to the foregoing itemized costs or expendi-
- 20 tures and as may be specified by the Secretaries by joint
- 21 rule.
- (e) WITHDRAWAL REVIEW.—(1) In carrying out the
- 23 responsibilities referred to in subsection (a), the Secretary
- 24 or, for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Ag-
- 25 riculture, shall review all administrative withdrawals of

- 1 land under such Secretary's jurisdiction (other than wil-
- 2 derness study areas) to determine whether the revocation
- 3 or modification of such withdrawal for the purpose of al-
- 4 lowing such lands to be opened to the location of mining
- 5 claims under this Act is appropriate as a result of either
- 6 of the following:
- 7 (A) The imposition of any conditions imposed
- 8 as part of the land use planning process or the im-
- 9 position of any conditions as a result to the review
- 10 process under subsection (a).
- 11 (B) The limitation of section 417 (relating to
- limitation on patent issuance).
- 13 (2) The Secretary concerned shall publish the review
- 14 referred to in paragraph (1) in the Federal Register no
- 15 later than 1 year after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 16 After providing notice and opportunity for comment, the
- 17 Secretary may issue a revocation or modification of such
- 18 administrative withdrawals as he deems appropriate by
- 19 reason of the criteria listed in subparagraph (A) or (B)
- 20 of paragraph (1).
- 21 (f) Exploration Reviews.—In conjunction with re-
- 22 view of a permit application submitted pursuant to section
- 23 203, and upon request of the applicant, the Secretary, or
- 24 for National Forest System lands, the Secretary of Agri-
- 25 culture, shall review the area proposed to be affected by

- 1 mineral activities to determine whether the area would be
- 2 unsuitable or conditionally suitable for all or certain min-
- 3 eral activities.
- 4 SEC. 210. CERTAIN MINERAL ACTIVITIES COVERED BY
- 5 OTHER LAW.
- 6 This title shall not apply to any mineral activities
- 7 which are subject to the Stock Raising Homestead Act.

### 8 TITLE III—ABANDONED LOCAT-

### 9 ABLE MINERALS MINE REC-

## 10 LAMATION FUND

- 11 SEC. 301. ABANDONED LOCATABLE MINERALS MINE REC-
- 12 LAMATION.
- 13 (a) Establishment.—(1) There is established on
- 14 the books of the Treasury of the United States a trust
- 15 fund to be known as the Abandoned Locatable Minerals
- 16 Mine Reclamation Fund (hereinafter in this title referred
- 17 to as the "Fund"). The Fund shall be administered by
- 18 the Secretary acting through the Director of the Office
- 19 of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement.
- 20 (2) The Secretary shall notify the Secretary of the
- 21 Treasury as to what portion of the Fund is not, in the
- 22 Secretary's judgment, required to meet current withdraw-
- 23 als. The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest such por-
- 24 tion of the Fund in public debt securities with maturities
- 25 suitable for the needs of such Fund and bearing interest

- 1 at rates determined by the Secretary of the Treasury, tak-
- 2 ing into consideration current market yields on outstand-
- 3 ing marketplace obligations of the United States of com-
- 4 parable maturities. The income on such investments shall
- 5 be credited to, and form a part of, the Fund.
- 6 (b) Amounts.—The following amounts shall be cred-
- 7 ited to the Fund:
- 8 (1) All moneys received from the collection of
- 9 claim maintenance fees under section 105.
- 10 (2) All moneys collected pursuant to section
- 11 106 (relating to failure to comply), section 407 (re-
- lating to enforcement) and section 405 (relating to
- citizens suits).
- 14 (3) All permit fees and transfer fees received
- under sections 203 and 204.
- 16 (4) All donations by persons, corporations, as-
- sociations, and foundations for the purposes of this
- title.
- 19 (5) All amounts referred to in section 306 (re-
- 20 lating to royalties and penalties for underreporting).
- 21 (6) All other receipts from fees, royalties, pen-
- alties and other sources collected under this Act.
- (c) Administrative Costs.—(1) In calculating the
- 24 amount to be deposited in the Fund during any fiscal year
- 25 under subsection (b), the enacted appropriation of the De-

- 1 partment of the Interior during the preceding year attrib-
- 2 utable to administering this Act shall be deducted from
- 3 the total of the amounts listed in subsection (b) prior to
- 4 the transfer of such amounts to the Fund.
- 5 (2) The amount deducted under paragraph (1) of this
- 6 section shall be available to the Secretary, subject to ap-
- 7 propriation, for payment of the costs of administering this
- 8 Act.

### 9 SEC. 302. USE AND OBJECTIVES OF THE FUND.

- 10 (a) In General.—The Secretary is authorized, sub-
- 11 ject to appropriations, to use moneys in the Fund for the
- 12 reclamation and restoration of land and water resources
- 13 adversely affected by past mineral activities on lands the
- 14 legal and beneficial title to which resides in the United
- 15 States, land within the exterior boundary of any national
- 16 forest system unit, or other lands described in subsection
- 17 (d) or section 303, including any of the following:
- 18 (1) Prevention, abatement, treatment and con-
- 19 trol of water pollution created by abandoned mine
- drainage.
- 21 (2) Reclamation and restoration of abandoned
- surface and underground mined areas.
- 23 (3) Reclamation and restoration of abandoned
- 24 milling and processing areas.

1	(4) Backfilling, sealing, or otherwise control-
2	ling, abandoned underground mine entries.
3	(5) Revegetation of land adversely affected by
4	past mineral activities to prevent erosion and sedi-
5	mentation and to enhance wildlife habitat.
6	(6) Control of surface subsidence due to aban-
7	doned underground mines.
8	Moneys in the Fund shall also be available for purposes
9	of compensation (and other payments) under section 422.
10	(b) Priorities.—To the extent that moneys in the
11	fund are in excess of the amount of compensation (and
12	other payments) paid under section 422, expenditures of
13	moneys from the Fund shall reflect the following priorities
14	in the order stated:
15	(1) The protection of public health, safety, gen-
16	eral welfare and property from extreme danger from
17	the adverse effects of past mineral activities, espe-
18	cially as relates to surface water and groundwater
19	contaminates.
20	(2) The protection of public health, safety, and
21	general welfare from the adverse effects of past min-
22	eral activities.
23	(3) The restoration of land, water and fish and
24	wildlife resources previously degraded by the adverse

effects of past mineral activities.

- 1 (c) Habitat.—Reclamation and restoration activities
- 2 under this title, particularly those identified under sub-
- 3 section (a)(4), shall include appropriate mitigation meas-
- 4 ures to provide for the continuation of any established
- 5 habitat for wildlife in existence prior to the commencement
- 6 of such activities.
- 7 (d) Other Affected Lands.—Where mineral ex-
- 8 ploration, mining, beneficiation, processing, or reclamation
- 9 activities has been carried out with respect to any mineral
- 10 which would be a locatable mineral if the legal and bene-
- 11 ficial title to the mineral were in the United States, if such
- 12 activities directly affect lands managed by the Bureau of
- 13 Land Management as well as other lands and if the legal
- 14 and beneficial title to more than 50 percent of the affected
- 15 lands resides in the United States, the Secretary is author-
- 16 ized, subject to appropriations, to use moneys in the fund
- 17 for reclamation and restoration under subsection (a) for
- 18 all directly affected lands.
- 19 (e) Response or Removal Actions.—Reclamation
- 20 and restoration activities under this title which constitute
- 21 a removal or remedial action under section 101 of the
- 22 Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation
- 23 and Liability Act of 1980, shall be conducted with the con-
- 24 currence of the Administrator of the Environmental Pro-
- 25 tection Agency. The Secretary and the Administrator shall

- 1 enter into a Memorandum of Understanding to establish
- 2 procedures for consultation, concurrence, training, ex-
- 3 change of technical expertise and joint activities under the
- 4 appropriate circumstances, which provide assurances that
- 5 reclamation or restoration activities under this title, to the
- 6 extent practicable, shall not be conducted in a manner that
- 7 increases the costs or likelihood of removal or remedial
- 8 actions under the Comprehensive Environmental Re-
- 9 sponse, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, and
- 10 which avoid oversight by multiple agencies to the maxi-
- 11 mum extent practicable.

### 12 SEC. 303. ELIGIBLE LANDS AND WATERS.

- 13 (a) Eligibility.—Reclamation expenditures under
- 14 this title may only be made with respect to Federal lands
- 15 or Indian lands or water resources that traverse or are
- 16 contiguous to Federal lands or Indian lands where such
- 17 lands or waters resources have been affected by past min-
- 18 eral activities, including any of the following:
- 19 (1) Lands and water resources which were used
- for, or affected by, mineral activities and abandoned
- or left in an inadequate reclamation status before
- the effective date of this Act.
- 23 (2) Lands for which the Secretary makes a de-
- termination that there is no continuing reclamation
- 25 responsibility of a claim holder, operator, or other

- person who abandoned the site prior to completion of required reclamation under State or other Federal
- 3 laws.
- 4 (3) Lands for which it can be established that
- 5 such lands do not contain locatable minerals which
- 6 could economically be extracted through the reproc-
- 7 essing or remining of such lands, unless such consid-
- 8 erations are in conflict with the priorities set forth
- 9 under paragraphs (1) and (2) of section 302(b).
- 10 (b) Specific Sites and Areas Not Eligible.—
- 11 The provisions of section 411(d) of the Surface Mining
- 12 Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 shall apply to ex-
- 13 penditures made from the Fund established under this
- 14 title.
- 15 (c) Inventory.—The Secretary shall prepare and
- 16 maintain an inventory of abandoned locatable minerals
- 17 mines on Federal lands and any abandoned mine on In-
- 18 dian lands which may be eligible for expenditures under
- 19 this title.
- 20 SEC. 304. FUND EXPENDITURES.
- 21 Moneys available from the Fund may be expended for
- 22 the purposes specified in section 302 directly by the Direc-
- 23 tor of the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and En-
- 24 forcement. The Director may also make such money avail-
- 25 able for such purposes to the Director of the Bureau of

- 1 Land Management, the Chief of the United States Forest
- 2 Service, the Director of the National Park Service, Direc-
- 3 tor of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, to any
- 4 other agency of the United States, to an Indian tribe, or
- 5 to any public entity that volunteers to develop and imple-
- 6 ment, and that has the ability to carry out, all or a signifi-
- 7 cant portion of a reclamation program under this title.

### 8 SEC. 305. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 9 Amounts credited to the Fund are authorized to be
- 10 appropriated for the purpose of this title without fiscal
- 11 year limitation.

### 12 **SEC. 306. ROYALTY.**

- 13 (a) Reservation of Royalty.—Production of all
- 14 locatable minerals from any mining claim located or con-
- 15 verted under this Act, or mineral concentrates or products
- 16 derived from locatable minerals from any mining claim lo-
- 17 cated or converted under this Act, as the case may be,
- 18 shall be subject to a royalty of 8 percent of the net smelter
- 19 return from such production. The claimholder and any op-
- 20 erator to whom the claimholder has assigned the obliga-
- 21 tion to make royalty payments under the claim and any
- 22 person who controls such claimholder or operator shall be
- 23 jointly and severally liable for payment of such royalties.
- 24 (b) Duties of Claim Holders, Operators, and
- 25 Transporters.—(1) A person—

- 1 (A) who is required to make any royalty pay-2 ment under this section shall make such payments 3 to the United States at such times and in such man-4 ner as the Secretary may by rule prescribe; and
  - (B) shall notify the Secretary, in the time and manner as may be specified by the Secretary, of any assignment that such person may have made of the obligation to make any royalty or other payment under a mining claim.
- 10 (2) Any person paying royalties under this section 11 shall file a written instrument, together with the first roy-12 alty payment, affirming that such person is liable to the Secretary for making proper payments for all amounts due for all time periods for which such person has a payment 14 15 responsibility. Such liability for the period referred to in the preceding sentence shall include any and all additional 16 amounts billed by the Secretary and determined to be due 17 by final agency or judicial action. Any person liable for 18 19 royalty payments under this section who assigns any pay-20 ment obligation shall remain jointly and severally liable 21 for all royalty payments due for the claim for the period.
- 22 (3) A person conducting mineral activities shall—
  - (A) develop and comply with the site security provisions in operations permit designed to protect from theft the locatable minerals, concentrates or

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- products derived therefrom which are produced or stored on a mining claim, and such provisions shall conform with such minimum standards as the Secretary may prescribe by rule, taking into account the
- 5 variety of circumstances on mining claims; and
- 6 (B) not later than the 5th business day after
  7 production begins anywhere on a mining claim, or
  8 production resumes after more than 90 days after
  9 production was suspended, notify the Secretary, in
  10 the manner prescribed by the Secretary, of the date
  11 on which such production has begun or resumed.
- 12 (4) The Secretary may by rule require any person en-13 gaged in transporting a locatable mineral, concentrate, or product derived therefrom to carry on his or her person, 14 15 in his or her vehicle, or in his or her immediate control, documentation showing, at a minimum, the amount, ori-16 17 gin, and intended destination of the locatable mineral, con-18 centrate, or product derived therefrom in such cir-19 cumstances as the Secretary determines is appropriate.
- 20 (c) Recordkeeping and Reporting Require-21 Ments.—(1) A claim holder, operator, or other person di-22 rectly involved in developing, producing, processing, trans-23 porting, purchasing, or selling locatable minerals, con-24 centrates, or products derived therefrom, subject to this 25 Act, through the point of royalty computation shall estab-

- 1 lish and maintain any records, make any reports, and pro-
- 2 vide any information that the Secretary may reasonably
- 3 require for the purposes of implementing this section or
- 4 determining compliance with rules or orders under this
- 5 section. Such records shall include, but not be limited to,
- 6 periodic reports, records, documents, and other data. Such
- 7 reports may also include, but not be limited to, pertinent
- 8 technical and financial data relating to the quantity, qual-
- 9 ity, composition volume, weight, and assay of all minerals
- 10 extracted from the mining claim. Upon the request of any
- 11 officer or employee duly designated by the Secretary or
- 12 any State conducting an audit or investigation pursuant
- 13 to this section, the appropriate records, reports, or infor-
- 14 mation which may be required by this section shall be
- 15 made available for inspection and duplication by such offi-
- 16 cer or employee or State.
- 17 (2) Records required by the Secretary under this sec-
- 18 tion shall be maintained for 6 years after release of finan-
- 19 cial assurance under section 206 unless the Secretary noti-
- 20 fies the operator that he or she has initiated an audit or
- 21 investigation involving such records and that such records
- 22 must be maintained for a longer period. In any case when
- 23 an audit or investigation is underway, records shall be
- 24 maintained until the Secretary releases the operator of the
- 25 obligation to maintain such records.

- 1 (d) Audits.—The Secretary is authorized to conduct
- 2 such audits of all claim holders, operators, transporters,
- 3 purchasers, processors, or other persons directly or indi-
- 4 rectly involved in the production or sales of minerals cov-
- 5 ered by this Act, as the Secretary deems necessary for the
- 6 purposes of ensuring compliance with the requirements of
- 7 this section. For purposes of performing such audits, the
- 8 Secretary shall, at reasonable times and upon request,
- 9 have access to, and may copy, all books, papers and other
- 10 documents that relate to compliance with any provision
- 11 of this section by any person.
- 12 (e) Cooperative Agreements.—(1) The Secretary
- 13 is authorized to enter into cooperative agreements with the
- 14 Secretary of Agriculture to share information concerning
- 15 the royalty management of locatable minerals, con-
- 16 centrates, or products derived therefrom, to carry out in-
- 17 spection, auditing, investigation, or enforcement (not in-
- 18 cluding the collection of royalties, civil or criminal pen-
- 19 alties, or other payments) activities under this section in
- 20 cooperation with the Secretary, and to carry out any other
- 21 activity described in this section.
- 22 (2) Except as provided in paragraph (4)(A) of this
- 23 subsection (relating to trade secrets), and pursuant to a
- 24 cooperative agreement, the Secretary of Agriculture shall,
- 25 upon request, have access to all royalty accounting infor-

- 1 mation in the possession of the Secretary respecting the
- 2 production, removal, or sale of locatable minerals, con-
- 3 centrates, or products derived therefrom from claims on
- 4 lands open to location under this Act.
- 5 (3) Trade secrets, proprietary, and other confidential
- 6 information shall be made available by the Secretary pur-
- 7 suant to a cooperative agreement under this subsection to
- 8 the Secretary of Agriculture upon request only if—
- 9 (A) the Secretary of Agriculture consents in
- writing to restrict the dissemination of the informa-
- tion to those who are directly involved in an audit
- or investigation under this section and who have a
- 13 need to know;
- 14 (B) the Secretary of Agriculture accepts liabil-
- ity for wrongful disclosure; and
- 16 (C) the Secretary of Agriculture demonstrates
- that such information is essential to the conduct of
- an audit or investigation under this subsection.
- 19 (f) Interest and Substantial Underreporting
- 20 Assessments.—(1) In the case of mining claims where
- 21 royalty payments are not received by the Secretary on the
- 22 date that such payments are due, the Secretary shall
- 23 charge interest on such underpayments at the same inter-
- 24 est rate as is applicable under section 6621(a)(2) of the
- 25 Internal Revenue Code of 1986. In the case of an under-

- 1 payment, interest shall be computed and charged only on
- 2 the amount of the deficiency and not on the total amount.
- 3 (2) If there is any underreporting of royalty owed on
- 4 production from a claim for any production month by any
- 5 person liable for royalty payments under this section, the
- 6 Secretary may assess a penalty of 10 percent of the
- 7 amount of that underreporting.
- 8 (3) If there is a substantial underreporting of royalty
- 9 owed on production from a claim for any production
- 10 month by any person responsible for paying the royalty,
- 11 the Secretary may assess a penalty of 10 percent of the
- 12 amount of that underreporting.
- 13 (4) For the purposes of this subsection, the term
- 14 "substantial underreporting" means the difference be-
- 15 tween the royalty on the value of the production which
- 16 should have been reported and the royalty on the value
- 17 of the production which was reported, if the value which
- 18 should have been reported is greater than the value which
- 19 was reported. An underreporting constitutes a "substan-
- 20 tial underreporting" if such difference exceeds 10 percent
- 21 of the royalty on the value of production which should
- 22 have been reported.
- 23 (5) The Secretary shall not impose the assessment
- 24 provided in paragraphs (2) or (3) of this subsection if the
- 25 person liable for royalty payments under this section cor-

- 1 rects the underreporting before the date such person re-
- 2 ceives notice from the Secretary that an underreporting
- 3 may have occurred, or before 90 days after the date of
- 4 the enactment of this section, whichever is later.
- 5 (6) The Secretary shall waive any portion of an as-
- 6 sessment under paragraph (2) or (3) of this subsection
- 7 attributable to that portion of the underreporting for
- 8 which the person responsible for paying the royalty dem-
- 9 onstrates that—

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- 10 (A) such person had written authorization from 11 the Secretary to report royalty on the value of the 12 production on basis on which it was reported, or
- 13 (B) such person had substantial authority for 14 reporting royalty on the value of the production on 15 the basis on which it was reported, or
  - (C) such person previously had notified the Secretary, in such manner as the Secretary may by rule prescribe, of relevant reasons or facts affecting the royalty treatment of specific production which led to the underreporting, or
- 21 (D) such person meets any other exception 22 which the Secretary may, by rule, establish.
- (7) All penalties collected under this subsection shallbe deposited in the Fund.

- 1 (g) Delegation.—For the purposes of this section,
- 2 the term "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Interior
- 3 acting through the Director of the Minerals Management
- 4 Service.
- 5 (h) Expanded Royalty Obligations.—Each per-
- 6 son liable for royalty payments under this section shall
- 7 be jointly and severally liable for royalty on all locatable
- 8 minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom lost
- 9 or wasted from a mining claim located or converted under
- 10 this section when such loss or waste is due to negligence
- 11 on the part of any person or due to the failure to comply
- 12 with any rule, regulation, or order issued under this sec-
- 13 tion.
- (i) Exception.—No royalty shall be payable under
- 15 subsection (a) with respect to minerals processed at a fa-
- 16 cility by the same person or entity which extracted the
- 17 minerals if an urban development action grant has been
- 18 made under section 119 of the Housing and Community
- 19 Development Act of 1974 with respect to any portion of
- 20 such facility.
- 21 (j) Definition.—For the proposes of this section,
- 22 for any locatable mineral, the term "net smelter return"
- 23 shall have the same meaning as the term defined in section
- 24 613(c)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

- 1 (k) Effective Date.—The royalty under this sec-
- 2 tion shall take effect with respect to the production of
- 3 locatable minerals after the enactment of this Act, but any
- 4 royalty payments attributable to production during the
- 5 first 12 calendar months after the enactment of this Act
- 6 shall be payable at the expiration of such 12-month period.

## 7 TITLE IV—ADMINISTRATIVE AND

## 8 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

# Subtitle A—Administrative

# 10 **Provisions**

- 11 SEC. 401. POLICY FUNCTIONS.
- 12 (a) MINERALS POLICY.—Section 2 of the Mining and
- 13 Minerals Policy Act of 1970 (30 U.S.C. 21a) is amended
- 14 by adding at the end thereof the following: "It shall also
- 15 be the responsibility of the Secretary of Agriculture to
- 16 carry out the policy provisions of paragraphs (1) and (2)
- 17 of this section.".

- 18 (b) MINERAL DATA.—Section 5(e)(3) of the National
- 19 Materials and Minerals Policy, Research and Development
- 20 Act of 1980 (30 U.S.C. 1604) is amended by inserting
- 21 before the period the following: ", except that for National
- 22 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture shall
- 23 promptly initiate actions to improve the availability and
- 24 analysis of mineral data in Federal land use decision-
- 25 making".

#### SEC. 402. USER FEES.

- 2 The Secretary and the Secretary of Agriculture are
- 3 each authorized to establish and collect from persons sub-
- 4 ject to the requirements of this Act such user fees as may
- 5 be necessary to reimburse the United States for the ex-
- 6 penses incurred in administering such requirements. Fees
- 7 may be assessed and collected under this section only in
- 8 such manner as may reasonably be expected to result in
- 9 an aggregate amount of the fees collected during any fiscal
- 10 year which does not exceed the aggregate amount of ad-
- 11 ministrative expenses referred to in this section.

### 12 SEC. 403. PUBLIC PARTICIPATION REQUIREMENTS.

- (a) Operations Permit.—(1) Concurrent with sub-
- 14 mittal of an application for an operations permit under
- 15 section 204 or a renewal or significant modification there-
- 16 of, the applicant shall publish a notice in a newspaper of
- 17 local circulation at least once a week for 4 consecutive
- 18 weeks. The notice shall include: the name of the applicant,
- 19 the location of the proposed mineral activities, the type
- 20 and expected duration of the proposed mineral activities,
- 21 the proposed use of the land after the completion of min-
- 22 eral activities and a location where such plans are publicly
- 23 available. The applicant shall also notify in writing other
- 24 Federal, State and local government agencies and Indian
- 25 tribes that regulate mineral activities or land planning de-
- 26 cisions in the area subject to mineral activities or that

- 1 manage lands adjacent to the area subject to mineral ac-
- 2 tivities. The applicant shall provide proof of such notifica-
- 3 tion to the Secretary, or for National Forest System lands
- 4 the Secretary of Agriculture.
- 5 (2) The applicant for an operations permit shall make
- 6 copies of the complete permit application available for
- 7 public review at the office of the responsible Federal sur-
- 8 face management agency located nearest to the location
- 9 of the proposed mineral activities, and at such other public
- 10 locations deemed appropriate by the State or local govern-
- 11 ment for the county in which the proposed mineral activi-
- 12 ties will occur prior to final decision by the Secretary, or
- 13 for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 14 culture. Any person, and the authorized representative of
- 15 a Federal, State or local governmental agency or Indian
- 16 tribe, shall have the right to file written comments relating
- 17 to the approval or disapproval of the permit application
- 18 until 30 days after the last day of newspaper publication.
- 19 The Secretary concerned shall promptly make such com-
- 20 ments available to the applicant.
- 21 (3) Any person may file written comments during the
- 22 comment period specified in paragraph (2) and any person
- 23 who is, or may be, adversely affected by the proposed min-
- 24 eral activities may request a nonadjudicatory public hear-
- 25 ing to be held in the county in which the mineral activities

- 1 are proposed. The Secretary concerned shall consider all
- 2 written comments filed during such period. If a hearing
- 3 is requested by any person who is, or may be, adversely
- 4 affected by the proposed mineral activities, the Secretary
- 5 concerned shall consider such request and may conduct
- 6 such hearing. When a hearing is to be held, notice of such
- 7 hearing shall be published in a newspaper of local circula-
- 8 tion at least once a week for 2 weeks prior to the hearing
- 9 date.

### 10 SEC. 404. INSPECTION AND MONITORING.

- 11 (a) Inspections.—(1) The Secretary, or for Na-
- 12 tional Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture,
- 13 shall make inspections of mineral activities so as to ensure
- 14 compliance with the surface management requirements of
- 15 title II.
- 16 (2) The Secretary concerned shall establish a fre-
- 17 quency of inspections for mineral activities conducted
- 18 under a permit issued under title II, but in no event shall
- 19 such inspection frequency be less than one complete in-
- 20 spection per calendar quarter or, two per calendar quarter
- 21 in the case of a permit for which the Secretary concerned
- 22 approves an application under section 204(g) (relating to
- 23 temporary cessation of operations). After revegetation has
- 24 been established in accordance with a reclamation plan,
- 25 such Secretary shall conduct annually 2 complete inspec-

- 1 tions. Such Secretary shall have the discretion to modify
- 2 the inspection frequency for mineral activities that are
- 3 conducted on a seasonal basis. Inspections shall continue
- 4 under this subsection until final release of financial assur-
- 5 ance.
- 6 (3)(A) Any person who has reason to believe he or
- 7 she is or may be adversely affected by mineral activities
- 8 due to any violation of the surface management require-
- 9 ments may request an inspection. The Secretary, or for
- 10 National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 11 culture, shall determine within 10 working days of receipt
- 12 of the request whether the request states a reason to be-
- 13 lieve that a violation exists. If the person alleges and pro-
- 14 vides reason to believe that an imminent threat to the en-
- 15 vironment or danger to the health or safety of the public
- 16 exists, the 10-day period shall be waived and the inspec-
- 17 tion shall be conducted immediately. When an inspection
- 18 is conducted under this paragraph, the Secretary con-
- 19 cerned shall notify the person requesting the inspection,
- 20 and such person shall be allowed to accompany the Sec-
- 21 retary concerned or the Secretary's authorized representa-
- 22 tive during the inspection. The Secretary shall not incur
- 23 any liability for allowing such person to accompany an au-
- 24 thorized representative. The identity of the person supply-
- 25 ing information to the Secretary relating to a possible vio-

- 1 lation or imminent danger or harm shall remain confiden-
- 2 tial with the Secretary if so requested by that person, un-
- 3 less that person elects to accompany an authorized rep-
- 4 resentative on the inspection.
- 5 (B) The Secretaries shall, by joint rule, establish pro-
- 6 cedures for the review of (i) any decision by an authorized
- 7 representative not to inspect or (ii) any refusal by such
- 8 representative to ensure that remedial actions are taken
- 9 with respect to any alleged violation. The Secretary con-
- 10 cerned shall furnish such persons requesting the review
- 11 a written statement of the reasons for the Secretary's final
- 12 disposition of the case.
- 13 (b) Monitoring.—(1) The Secretary, or for Na-
- 14 tional Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture,
- 15 shall require all operators to develop and maintain a mon-
- 16 itoring and evaluation system which shall identify compli-
- 17 ance with all surface management requirements.
- 18 (2) Monitoring shall be conducted as close as tech-
- 19 nically feasible to the mineral activity involved, and in all
- 20 cases such monitoring shall be conducted within the per-
- 21 mit area.
- 22 (3) The point of compliance referred to in paragraph
- 23 (1) shall be as close to the mineral activity involved as
- 24 is technically feasible, but in any event shall be located
- 25 to comply with applicable State and Federal standards.

- 1 In no event shall the point of compliance be outside the
- 2 permit area.
- 3 (4) The Secretary concerned may require additional
- 4 monitoring be conducted as necessary to assure compli-
- 5 ance with the reclamation and other environmental stand-
- 6 ards of this Act.
- 7 (5) The operator shall file reports with the Secretary,
- 8 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 9 culture, on a frequency determined by the Secretary con-
- 10 cerned, on the results of the monitoring and evaluation
- 11 process, except that if the monitoring and evaluation show
- 12 a violation of the surface management requirements, it
- 13 shall be reported immediately to the Secretary concerned.
- 14 Information received pursuant to this subsection from any
- 15 natural person shall not be used against any such natural
- 16 person in any criminal case, except a prosecution for per-
- 17 jury or for giving a false statement. The Secretary shall
- 18 evaluate the reports submitted pursuant to this para-
- 19 graph, and based on those reports and any necessary in-
- 20 spection shall take enforcement action pursuant to this
- 21 section.
- 22 (6) The Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 23 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall determine what
- 24 information must be reported by the operator pursuant
- 25 to paragraph (5). A failure to report as required by the

- 1 Secretary concerned shall constitute a violation of this Act
- 2 and subject the operator to enforcement action pursuant
- 3 to section 407.
- 4 SEC. 405. CITIZENS SUITS.
- 5 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 6 (b), any person having an interest which is or may be ad-
- 7 versely affected may commence a civil action on his or her
- 8 own behalf to compel compliance—
- 9 (1) against any person (including the Secretary
- or the Secretary of Agriculture) alleged to have vio-
- 11 lated (if there is evidence the alleged violation has
- been repeated), or to be in violation of, any of the
- provisions of title II or section 404 of this Act or
- any regulation promulgated pursuant to title II or
- section 404 of this Act or any term or condition of
- any permit issued under title II of this Act; or
- 17 (2) against the Secretary or the Secretary of
- Agriculture where there is alleged a failure of such
- 19 Secretary to perform any act or duty under title II
- or section 404 of this Act, or to promulgate any reg-
- 21 ulation under title II or section 404 of this Act,
- 22 which is not within the discretion of the Secretary
- concerned.
- 24 The United States district courts shall have jurisdiction
- 25 over actions brought under this section, without regard to

- 1 the amount in controversy or the citizenship of the parties,
- 2 including actions brought to apply any civil penalty under
- 3 this Act. The district courts of the United States shall
- 4 have jurisdiction to compel agency action unreasonably de-
- 5 layed, except that an action to compel agency action re-
- 6 viewable under section 406 may only be filed in a United
- 7 States District Court within the circuit in which such ac-
- 8 tion would be reviewable under section 406.
- 9 (b) Exceptions.—(1) No action may be commenced
- 10 under subsection (a) prior to 60 days after the plaintiff
- 11 has given notice in writing of such alleged violation to the
- 12 Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Sec-
- 13 retary of Agriculture, except that any such action may be
- 14 brought immediately after such notification if the violation
- 15 complained of constitutes an imminent threat to the envi-
- 16 ronment or to the health or safety of the public.
- 17 (2) No action may be brought against any person
- 18 other than the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture
- 19 under subsection (a)(1) if such Secretary has commenced
- 20 and is diligently prosecuting a civil or criminal action in
- 21 a court of the United States to require compliance.
- 22 (3) No action may be commenced under paragraph
- 23 (2) of subsection (a) against either Secretary to review any
- 24 rule promulgated by, or to any permit issued or denied
- 25 by such Secretary if such rule or permit issuance or denial

- 1 is judicially reviewable under section 406 or under any
- 2 other provision of law at any time after such promulga-
- 3 tion, issuance, or denial is final.
- 4 (c) Venue of all actions brought under this
- 5 section shall be determined in accordance with title 28
- 6 U.S.C. 1391.
- 7 (d) Intervention; Notice.—(1) In any action
- 8 under this section, the Secretary, or for National Forest
- 9 System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may intervene
- 10 as a matter of right at any time. A judgment in an action
- 11 under this section to which the United States is not a
- 12 party shall not have any binding effect upon the United
- 13 States.
- 14 (2) Whenever an action is brought under this section
- 15 the plaintiff shall serve a copy of the complaint on the
- 16 Attorney General of the United States and on the Sec-
- 17 retary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary
- 18 of Agriculture. No consent judgment shall be entered in
- 19 an action brought under this section in which the United
- 20 States is not a party prior to 45 days following the date
- 21 on which a copy of the proposed consent judgment is sub-
- 22 mitted to the Attorney General and the Secretary, or for
- 23 National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 24 culture. During such 45-day period the Attorney General
- 25 or such Secretary may submit comments on the proposed

- 1 consent judgment to the court and parties or may inter-
- 2 vene as a matter of right.
- 3 (e) Costs.—The court, in issuing any final order in
- 4 any action brought pursuant to this section may award
- 5 costs of litigation (including attorney and expert witness
- 6 fees) to any prevailing party whenever the court deter-
- 7 mines such award is appropriate. The court may, if a tem-
- 8 porary restraining order or preliminary injunction is
- 9 sought, require the filing of a bond or equivalent security
- 10 in accordance with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.
- 11 (f) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—Nothing in this section shall
- 12 restrict any right which any person (or class of persons)
- 13 may have under chapter 7 of title 5 of the United States
- 14 Code, under section 406 of this Act or under any other
- 15 statute or common law to bring an action to seek any relief
- 16 against the Secretary or the Secretary of Agriculture or
- 17 against any other person, including any action for any vio-
- 18 lation of this Act or of any regulation or permit issued
- 19 under this Act or for any failure to act as required by
- 20 law. Nothing in this section shall affect the jurisdiction
- 21 of any court under any provision of title 28 of the United
- 22 States Code, including any action for any violation of this
- 23 Act or of any regulation or permit issued under this Act
- 24 or for any failure to act as required by law. Nothing in
- 25 this Act shall be construed to be a waiver of the sovereign

- 1 immunity of an Indian tribe except as provided for in sec-
- 2 tion 202(c).

### 3 SEC. 406. ADMINISTRATIVE AND JUDICIAL REVIEW.

- 4 (a) Review by Secretary.—(1)(A) Any person
- 5 issued a notice of violation or cessation order under sec-
- 6 tion 407, or any person having an interest which is or
- 7 may be adversely affected by such notice or order, may
- 8 apply to the Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 9 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, for review of the notice
- 10 or order within 30 days of receipt thereof, or as the case
- 11 may be, within 30 days of such notice or order being modi-
- 12 fied, vacated or terminated.
- 13 (B) Any person who is subject to a penalty assessed
- 14 under section 106, section 107(c), or section 407 may
- 15 apply to the Secretary concerned for review of the assess-
- 16 ment within 30 days of notification of such penalty.
- 17 (C) Any person having an interest which is or may
- 18 be adversely affected by a decision made by the Secretary
- 19 or the Secretary of Agriculture under section 203, 204,
- 20 205, 206, 209, or 404(a)(3) may apply to such Secretary
- 21 for review of the decision within 30 days after it is made.
- 22 (2) The Secretary concerned shall provide an oppor-
- 23 tunity for a public hearing at the request of any party
- 24 to the proceeding as specified in paragraph (1). The filing
- 25 of an application for review under this subsection shall not

- 1 operate as a stay of any order or notice issued under sec-
- 2 tion 407.
- 3 (3) For any review proceeding under this subsection,
- 4 the Secretary concerned shall make findings of fact and
- 5 shall issue a written decision incorporating therein an
- 6 order vacating, affirming, modifying or terminating the
- 7 notice, order or decision, or with respect to an assessment,
- 8 the amount of penalty that is warranted. Where the appli-
- 9 cation for review concerns a cessation order issued under
- 10 section 407, the Secretary concerned shall issue the writ-
- 11 ten decision within 30 days of the receipt of the applica-
- 12 tion for review or within 30 days after the conclusion of
- 13 any hearing referred to in paragraph (2), whichever is
- 14 later, unless temporary relief has been granted by the Sec-
- 15 retary concerned under paragraph (4).
- 16 (4) Pending completion of any review proceedings
- 17 under this subsection, the applicant may file with the Sec-
- 18 retary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary
- 19 of Agriculture, a written request that the Secretary grant
- 20 temporary relief from any order issued under section 407
- 21 together with a detailed statement giving reasons for such
- 22 relief. The Secretary concerned shall expeditiously issue
- 23 an order or decision granting or denying such relief. The
- 24 Secretary concerned may grant such relief under such con-
- 25 ditions as he may prescribe only if such relief shall not

- 1 adversely affect the health or safety of the public or cause
- 2 significant, imminent environmental harm to land, air or
- 3 water resources.
- 4 (5) The availability of review under this subsection
- 5 shall not be construed to limit the operation of rights
- 6 under section 405.
- 7 (b) JUDICIAL REVIEW.—(1) Any final action by the
- 8 Secretaries of the Interior and Agriculture in promulgat-
- 9 ing regulations to implement this Act, or any other final
- 10 actions constituting rulemaking to implement this Act,
- 11 shall be subject to judicial review only in the United States
- 12 Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia. Any action
- 13 subject to judicial review under this subsection shall be
- 14 affirmed unless the court concludes that such action is ar-
- 15 bitrary, capricious, or otherwise inconsistent with law. A
- 16 petition for review of any action subject to judicial review
- 17 under this subsection shall be filed within 60 days from
- 18 the date of such action, or after such date if the petition
- 19 is based solely on grounds arising after the sixtieth day.
- 20 Any such petition may be made by any person who com-
- 21 mented or otherwise participated in the rulemaking or any
- 22 person who may be adversely affected by the action of the
- 23 Secretaries.
- 24 (2) Final agency action under this Act, including
- 25 such final action on those matters described under sub-

- 1 section (a), shall be subject to judicial review in accord-
- 2 ance with paragraph (4) and pursuant to 28 U.S.C. 1391
- 3 of the United States Code on or before 60 days from the
- 4 date of such final action. Any action subject to judicial
- 5 review under this subsection shall be affirmed unless the
- 6 court concludes that such action is arbitrary, capricious,
- 7 or otherwise inconsistent with law.
- 8 (3) The availability of judicial review established in
- 9 this subsection shall not be construed to limit the oper-
- 10 ations of rights under section 405 (relating to citizens
- 11 suits).
- 12 (4) The court shall hear any petition or complaint
- 13 filed under this subsection solely on the record made be-
- 14 fore the Secretary or Secretaries concerned. The court
- 15 may affirm or vacate any order or decision or may remand
- 16 the proceedings to the Secretary or Secretaries for such
- 17 further action as it may direct.
- 18 (5) The commencement of a proceeding under this
- 19 section shall not, unless specifically ordered by the court,
- 20 operate as a stay of the action, order or decision of the
- 21 Secretary or Secretaries concerned.
- 22 (c) Costs.—Whenever a proceeding occurs under
- 23 subsection (a) or (b), at the request of any person, a sum
- 24 equal to the aggregate amount of all costs and expenses
- 25 (including attorney fees) as determined by the Secretary

- 1 or Secretaries concerned or the court to have been reason-
- 2 ably incurred by such person for or in connection with par-
- 3 ticipation in such proceedings, including any judicial re-
- 4 view of the proceeding, may be assessed against either
- 5 party as the court, in the case of judicial review, or the
- 6 Secretary or Secretaries concerned in the case of adminis-
- 7 trative proceedings, deems proper if it is determined that
- 8 such party prevailed in whole or in part, achieving some
- 9 success on the merits, and that such party made a sub-
- 10 stantial contribution to a full and fair determination of
- 11 the issues.

# 12 SEC. 407. ENFORCEMENT.

- 13 (a) Orders.—(1) If the Secretary, or for National
- 14 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, or an
- 15 authorized representative of such Secretary, determines
- 16 that any person is in violation of any surface management
- 17 or monitoring requirement, such Secretary or authorized
- 18 representative shall issue to such person a notice of viola-
- 19 tion describing the violation and the corrective measures
- 20 to be taken. The Secretary concerned, or the authorized
- 21 representative of such Secretary, shall provide such person
- 22 with a period of time not to exceed 30 days to abate the
- 23 violation. Such period of time may be extended by the Sec-
- 24 retary concerned upon a showing of good cause by such
- 25 person. If, upon the expiration of time provided for such

- 1 abatement, the Secretary concerned, or the authorized
- 2 representative of such Secretary, finds that the violation
- 3 has not been abated he shall immediately order a cessation
- 4 of all mineral activities or the portion thereof relevant to
- 5 the violation.
- 6 (2) If the Secretary concerned, or the authorized rep-
- 7 resentative of the Secretary concerned, determines that
- 8 any condition or practice exists, or that any person is in
- 9 violation of any surface management or monitoring re-
- 10 quirement, and such condition, practice or violation is
- 11 causing, or can reasonably be expected to cause—
- 12 (A) an imminent danger to the health or safety
- of the public; or
- 14 (B) significant, imminent environmental harm
- to land, air, water, fish or wildlife resources;
- 16 such Secretary or authorized representative shall imme-
- 17 diately order a cessation of mineral activities or the por-
- 18 tion thereof relevant to the condition, practice or violation.
- 19 (3)(A) A cessation order pursuant to paragraphs (1)
- 20 or (2) shall remain in effect until such Secretary, or au-
- 21 thorized representative, determines that the condition,
- 22 practice or violation has been abated, or until modified,
- 23 vacated or terminated by the Secretary or authorized rep-
- 24 resentative. In any such order, the Secretary or authorized
- 25 representative shall determine the steps necessary to abate

- 1 the violation in the most expeditious manner possible and
- 2 shall include the necessary measures in the order. The
- 3 Secretary concerned shall require appropriate financial as-
- 4 surances to ensure that the abatement obligations are met.
- 5 (B) Any notice or order issued pursuant to para-
- 6 graphs (1) or (2) may be modified, vacated or terminated
- 7 by the Secretary concerned or an authorized representa-
- 8 tive of such Secretary. Any person to whom any such no-
- 9 tice or order is issued shall be entitled to a hearing on
- 10 the record.
- 11 (4) If, after 30 days of the date of the order referred
- 12 to in paragraph (3)(A) the required abatement has not
- 13 occurred the Secretary concerned shall take such alter-
- 14 native enforcement action against the claimholder or oper-
- 15 ator (or any person who controls the claimholder or opera-
- 16 tor) as will most likely bring about abatement in the most
- 17 expeditious manner possible. Such alternative enforcement
- 18 action may include, but is not necessarily limited to, seek-
- 19 ing appropriate injunctive relief to bring about abatement.
- 20 Nothing in this paragraph shall preclude the Secretary,
- 21 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 22 culture, from taking alternative enforcement action prior
- 23 to the expiration of 30 days.
- 24 (5) If a claimholder or operator (or any person who
- 25 controls the claimholder or operator) fails to abate a viola-

- 1 tion or defaults on the terms of the permit, the Secretary,
- 2 or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
- 3 culture, shall forfeit the financial assurance for the plan
- 4 as necessary to ensure abatement and reclamation under
- 5 this Act. The Secretary concerned may prescribe condi-
- 6 tions under which a surety may perform reclamation in
- 7 accordance with the approved plan in lieu of forfeiture.
- 8 (6) The Secretary, or for National Forest System
- 9 lands the Secretary of Agriculture, shall not cause forfeit-
- 10 ure of the financial assurance while administrative or judi-
- 11 cial review is pending.
- 12 (7) In the event of forfeiture, the claim holder, opera-
- 13 tor, or any affiliate thereof, as appropriate as determined
- 14 by the Secretary by rule, shall be jointly and severally lia-
- 15 ble for any remaining reclamation obligations under this
- 16 Act.
- 17 (b) Compliance.—The Secretary, or for National
- 18 Forest System lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may re-
- 19 quest the Attorney General to institute a civil action for
- 20 relief, including a permanent or temporary injunction or
- 21 restraining order, or any other appropriate enforcement
- 22 order, including the imposition of civil penalties, in the dis-
- 23 trict court of the United States for the district in which
- 24 the mineral activities are located whenever a person—

1	(1) violates, fails or refuses to comply with any
2	order issued by the Secretary concerned under sub-
3	section (a); or

- 4 (2) interferes with, hinders or delays the Sec-5 retary concerned in carrying out an inspection under 6 section 404.
- 7 Such court shall have jurisdiction to provide such relief
- 8 as may be appropriate. Any relief granted by the court
- 9 to enforce an order under paragraph (1) shall continue
- 10 in effect until the completion or final termination of all
- 11 proceedings for review of such order unless the district
- 12 court granting such relief sets it aside.
- 13 (c) Delegation.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
- 14 sion of law, the Secretary may utilize personnel of the Of-
- 15 fice of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement to
- 16 ensure compliance with the requirements of this Act.
- 17 (d) Penalties.—(1) Any person who fails to comply
- 18 with any surface management requirement shall be liable
- 19 for a penalty of not more than \$25,000 per violation. Each
- 20 day of violation may be deemed a separate violation for
- 21 purposes of penalty assessments.
- 22 (2) A person who fails to correct a violation for which
- 23 a cessation order has been issued under subsection (a)
- 24 within the period permitted for its correction shall be as-
- 25 sessed a civil penalty of not less than \$1,000 per violation

1	for each day during which such failure continues, but in
2	no event shall such assessment exceed a 30-day period.
3	(3) Whenever a corporation is in violation of a surface
4	management requirement or fails or refuses to comply
5	with an order issued under subsection (a), any director,
6	officer or agent of such corporation who knowingly author-
7	ized, ordered, or carried out such violation, failure or re-
8	fusal shall be subject to the same penalties as may be im-
9	posed upon the person referred to in paragraph (1).
10	(e) Suspensions or Revocations.—The Secretary,
11	or for National Forest System lands the Secretary of Agri-
12	culture, may suspend or revoke a permit issued under title
13	II, in whole or in part, if the operator or person conduct-
14	ing mineral activities—
15	(1) knowingly made or knowingly makes any
16	false, inaccurate, or misleading material statement
17	in any mining claim, notice of location, application,
18	record, report, plan, or other document filed or re-
19	quired to be maintained under this Act;
20	(2) fails to abate a violation covered by a ces-
21	sation order issued under subsection (a);
22	(3) fails to comply with an order of the Sec-

(4) refuses to permit an audit pursuant to this

23

24

retary concerned;

1	(5) fails to maintain an adequate financial as-			
2	surance under section 206;			
3	(6) fails to pay claim maintenance fees or other			
4	moneys due and owing under this Act; or			
5	(7) with regard to plans conditionally approved			
6	under section 205(c)(2), fails to abate a violation to			
7	7 the satisfaction of the Secretary concerned, or if the			
8	validity of the violation is upheld on the appeal			
9	which formed the basis for the conditional approval.			
10	(f) False Statements; Tampering.—Any person			
11	who knowingly—			
12	(1) makes any false material statement, rep-			
13	resentation, or certification in, or omits or conceals			
14	material information from, or unlawfully alters, any			
15	mining claim, notice of location, application, record,			
16	report, plan, or other documents filed or required to			
17	be maintained under this Act; or			
18	(2) falsifies, tampers with, renders inaccurate,			
19	or fails to install any monitoring device or method			
20	be required to be maintained under this Act,			
21	shall upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more			
22	than $$10,000$ , or by imprisonment for not more than $2$			
23	years, or by both. If a conviction of a person is for a viola-			
24	tion committed after a first conviction of such person			
25	under this paragraph, punishment shall be by a fine of			

- 1 not more than \$20,000 per day of violation, or by impris-
- 2 onment of not more than 4 years, or both. Each day of
- 3 continuing violation may be deemed a separate violation
- 4 for purposes of penalty assessments.
- 5 (g) Knowing Violations.—Any person who
- 6 knowingly—
- 7 (1) engages in mineral activities without a per-
- 8 mit required under title II, or
- 9 (2) violates any other surface management re-
- quirement of this Act or any provision of a permit
- issued under this Act (including any exploration or
- operations plan on which such permit is based), or
- condition or limitation thereof,
- 14 shall upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less
- 15 than \$5,000 nor more than \$50,000 per day of violation,
- 16 or by imprisonment for not more than 3 years, or both.
- 17 If a conviction of a person is for a violation committed
- 18 after the first conviction of such person under this para-
- 19 graph, punishment shall be a fine of not less than \$10,000
- 20 per day of violation, or by imprisonment of not more than
- 21 6 years, or both.
- 22 (h) Failure To Comply With Royalty Require-
- 23 MENTS.—(1) Any person who fails to comply with the re-
- 24 quirements of section 306 or any regulation or order
- 25 issued to implement section 306 shall be liable for a civil

- 1 penalty under section 109 of the Federal Oil and Gas Roy-
- 2 alty Management Act (30 U.S.C. 1719) to the same extent
- 3 as if the claim located or converted under this Act were
- 4 a lease under that Act.
- 5 (2) Any person who knowingly and willfully commits
- 6 an act for which a civil penalty is provided in paragraph
- 7 (1) shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not
- 8 more than \$50,000, or by imprisonment for not more than
- 9 2 years, or both.
- 10 (i) Definition. For purposes of this section, the
- 11 term "person" includes a person as defined in section 3(a)
- 12 and any officer, agent, or employee of any such person.
- 13 SEC. 408. REGULATIONS; EFFECTIVE DATES.
- 14 (a) Effective Date.—The provisions of this Act
- 15 shall take effect on the date of enactment of this Act, ex-
- 16 cept as otherwise provided in this Act.
- 17 (b) REGULATIONS.—The Secretary and the Secretary
- 18 of Agriculture may issue such regulations as may be nec-
- 19 essary under this Act. The regulations implementing title
- 20 II and the provisions of title IV which affect United States
- 21 Forest Service shall be joint regulations issued by both
- 22 Secretaries.
- (c) Notice.—Within 180 days after the date of en-
- 24 actment of this Act, the Secretary shall give notice to hold-
- 25 ers of mining claims and mill sites maintained under the

1	general mining laws as to the requirements of sections
2	104, 105, and 106.
3	Subtitle B—Miscellaneous
4	Provisions
5	SEC. 411. TRANSITIONAL RULES; SURFACE MANAGEMENT
6	REQUIREMENTS.
7	(a) New Claims.—Notwithstanding any other provi-
8	sion of law, any mining claim for a locatable mineral on
9	lands subject to this Act located after the date of enact-
10	ment of this Act shall be subject to the requirements of
11	title II.
12	(b) Preexisting Claims.—(1) Notwithstanding any
13	other provision of law, any unpatented mining claim or
14	mill site located under the general mining laws before the
15	date of enactment of this Act for which a plan of operation
16	has not been approved or a notice filed prior to the date
17	of enactment shall upon the effective date of this Act, be
18	subject to the requirements of title II, except as provided
19	in paragraphs (2) and (3).
20	(2)(A) If a plan of operations had been approved for
21	mineral activities on any claim or site referred to in para-
22	graph (1) prior to the date of enactment this Act, for a
23	period of 5 years after the effective date of this Act min-
24	eral activities at such claim or site shall be subject to such
25	plan of operations (or a modification or amendment there-

- 1 to prepared in accordance with the provisions of law appli-
- 2 cable prior to the enactment of this Act). During such 5-
- 3 year period, modifications of, or amendments to, any such
- 4 plan may be made in accordance with the provisions of
- 5 law applicable prior to the enactment of this Act if such
- 6 modifications or amendments are deemed minor by the
- 7 Secretary concerned. After such 5-year period the require-
- 8 ments of title II shall apply, subject to the limitations of
- 9 section 209. In order to meet the requirements of title II,
- 10 the person conducting mineral activities under such plan
- 11 of operations (or modified or amended plan) shall apply
- 12 for a modification under section 203(f) and 204(f) no later
- 13 than 3 years after the date of enactment of this Act. For
- 14 purposes of this paragraph, any modification or amend-
- 15 ment which extends the area covered by the plan (except
- 16 for incidental boundary revisions) or which significantly
- 17 increases the risk of adverse effects on the environment
- 18 shall not be subject to this paragraph and shall be subject
- 19 to other provisions of this Act.
- 20 (B) During the 5-year period referred to in subpara-
- 21 graph (A) the provisions of section 404 (relating to inspec-
- 22 tion and monitoring) and section 407 (relating to enforce-
- 23 ment) shall apply on the basis of the surface management
- 24 requirements applicable to such plans of operations prior
- 25 to the effective date of this Act.

- 1 (C) Where an application for modification or amend-
- 2 ment of a plan of operations referred to in subparagraph
- 3 (A) has been timely submitted and an approved plan ex-
- 4 pires prior to Secretarial action on the application, mineral
- 5 activities and reclamation may continue in accordance
- 6 with the terms of the expired plan until the Secretary
- 7 makes an administrative decision on the application.
- 8 (3)(A) If a substantially complete application for ap-
- 9 proval of a plan of operations or for a modification of,
- 10 or amendment to, a plan of operations had been submitted
- 11 by January 5, 1995 and either a scoping document or an
- 12 Environmental Assessment prepared for purposes of com-
- 13 pliance with the National Environmental Policy Act of
- 14 1969 had been published with respect to such plan, modi-
- 15 fication, or amendment before the date of the enactment
- 16 of this Act but the submitted plan of operations or modi-
- 17 fication or amendment had not been approved for mineral
- 18 activities on any claim or site referred to in paragraph
- 19 (1) prior to such date of enactment, for a period of 5 years
- 20 after the effective date of this Act mineral activities at
- 21 such claim or site shall be subject to the provisions of law
- 22 applicable prior to the enactment of this Act. During such
- 23 5-year period, subsequent modifications of, or amend-
- 24 ments to, any such plan may be made in accordance with
- 25 the provisions of law applicable prior to the enactment of

- 1 this Act if such subsequent modifications or amendments
- 2 are deemed minor by the Secretary concerned. After such
- 3 5-year period, the requirements of title II shall apply, sub-
- 4 ject to the limitations of section 209. For purposes of this
- 5 paragraph, any subsequent modification or amendment
- 6 which extends the area covered by the plan (except for
- 7 incidental boundary revisions) or which significantly in-
- 8 creases the risk of adverse effects on the environment shall
- 9 not be subject to this paragraph and shall be subject to
- 10 other provisions of this Act.
- 11 (B) In order to meet the requirements of title II, the
- 12 person conducting mineral activities under a plan of oper-
- 13 ations (or modified or amended plan referred to in sub-
- 14 paragraph (A)) shall apply for a modification under sec-
- 15 tion 203(f) and 204(f) no later than 3 years after the date
- 16 of enactment of this Act. During such 5-year period the
- 17 provisions of section 404 (relating to inspection and mon-
- 18 itoring) and section 407 (relating to enforcement) shall
- 19 apply on the basis of the surface management require-
- 20 ments applicable to such plans of operations prior to the
- 21 effective date of this Act.
- 22 (C) Where an application for modification or amend-
- 23 ment of a plan of operations referred to in subparagraph
- 24 (A) has been timely submitted and an approved plan ex-
- 25 pires prior to Secretarial action on the application, mineral

- 1 activities and reclamation may continue in accordance
- 2 with the terms of the expired plan until the Secretary
- 3 makes an administrative decision on the application.
- 4 (4) If a notice or notice of intent had been filed with
- 5 the authorized officer in the applicable office of the Bu-
- 6 reau of Land Management or the United States Forest
- 7 Service (as provided for in the regulations of the Secretary
- 8 of the Interior or the Secretary of Agriculture, respec-
- 9 tively, in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act)
- 10 prior to the date of enactment this Act, mineral activities
- 11 may continue under such notice or notice of intent for a
- 12 period of 2 years after the effective date of this Act, after
- 13 which time the requirements of title II shall apply, subject
- 14 to the limitations of section 209(d)(2). In order to meet
- 15 the requirements of title II, the person conducting mineral
- 16 activities under such notice or notice of intent must apply
- 17 for a permit under section 203 or 204 no later than 18
- 18 months after the effective date of this Act, unless such
- 19 mineral activities are conducted pursuant to section
- 20 202(b). During such 2-year period the provisions of sec-
- 21 tion 404 (relating to inspection and monitoring) and 407
- 22 (relating to enforcement) shall apply on the basis of the
- 23 surface management requirements applicable to such no-
- 24 tices prior to the effective date of this Act.

### 1 SEC. 412. CLAIMS SUBJECT TO SPECIAL RULES.

- 2 (a) Certain Claims Not Converted.—Notwith-
- 3 standing any other provision of law, except as provided
- 4 under subsection (c), an unpatented mining claim referred
- 5 to in section 37 of the Mineral Leasing Act (30 U.S.C.
- 6 193) shall not be converted under section 104 of this Act
- 7 until the Secretary determines that the claim was valid
- 8 on the date of enactment of the Mineral Leasing Act of
- 9 1920 and has been maintained in compliance with the gen-
- 10 eral mining laws.
- 11 (b) Contest Proceedings.—As soon as practicable
- 12 after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secretary shall
- 13 initiate contest proceedings challenging the validity of all
- 14 unpatented claims referred to in subsection (a), including
- 15 those claims for which a patent application has not been
- 16 filed. If a claim is determined to be invalid, the Secretary
- 17 shall promptly declare the claim to be null and void. If,
- 18 as a result of such proceeding, a claim is determined valid,
- 19 the claim shall be converted and thereby become subject
- 20 to this Act's provisions on the date of the completion of
- 21 the contest proceeding.
- (c) Oil Shale Claims.—(1) The provisions of sec-
- 23 tion 411 shall apply to oil shale claims referred to in sec-
- 24 tion 2511(e)(2) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992 (Public
- 25 Law 102–486)

- 1 (2) Section 2511(f) of the Energy Policy Act of 1992
- 2 (Public Law 102–486) is amended as follows:
- 3 (A) Strike "as prescribed by the Secretary".
- 4 (B) Insert the following before the period: "in
- 5 the same manner as if such claims were subject to
- 6 title II of the Mineral Exploration and Development
- 7 Act of 1995".

## 8 SEC. 413. PURCHASING POWER ADJUSTMENT.

- 9 The Secretary shall adjust all location fees, claim
- 10 maintenance rates, penalty amounts, and other dollar
- 11 amounts established in this Act for changes in the pur-
- 12 chasing power of the dollar every 10 years following the
- 13 date of enactment of this Act, employing the Consumer
- 14 Price Index for all-urban consumers published by the De-
- 15 partment of Labor as the basis for adjustment, and round-
- 16 ing according to the adjustment process of conditions of
- 17 the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of
- 18 1990 (104 Stat. 890).

#### 19 SEC. 414. SAVINGS CLAUSE.

- 20 (a) Special Application of Mining Laws.—Noth-
- 21 ing in this Act shall be construed as repealing or modify-
- 22 ing any Federal law, regulation, order or land use plan,
- 23 in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act that
- 24 prohibits or restricts the application of the general mining
- 25 laws, including laws that provide for special management

- 1 criteria for operations under the general mining laws as
- 2 in effect prior to the date of enactment of this Act, to
- 3 the extent such laws provide environmental protection
- 4 greater than required under this Act, and any such prior
- 5 law shall remain in force and effect with respect to claims
- 6 located (or proposed to be located) or converted under this
- 7 Act. Nothing in this Act shall be construed as applying
- 8 to or limiting mineral investigations, studies, or other min-
- 9 eral activities conducted by any Federal or State agency
- 10 acting in its governmental capacity pursuant to other au-
- 11 thority. Nothing in this Act shall affect or limit any as-
- 12 sessment, investigation, evaluation or listing pursuant to
- 13 the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensa-
- 14 tion and Liability Act of 1980, or the Solid Waste Dis-
- 15 posal Act.
- 16 (b) Effect on Other Federal Laws.—The provi-
- 17 sions of this Act shall supersede the general mining laws,
- 18 but, except for the general mining laws, nothing in this
- 19 Act shall be construed as superseding, modifying, amend-
- 20 ing or repealing any provision of Federal law not expressly
- 21 superseded, modified, amended or repealed by this Act.
- 22 Nothing in this Act shall be construed as altering, affect-
- 23 ing, amending, modifying, or changing, directly or indi-
- 24 rectly, any law which refers to and provides authorities
- 25 or responsibilities for, or is administered by, the Environ-

- 1 mental Protection Agency or the Administrator of the En-
- 2 vironmental Protection Agency, including the Federal
- 3 Water Pollution Control Act, title XIV of the Public
- 4 Health Service Act (the Safe Drinking Water Act), the
- 5 Clean Air Act, the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990, the
- 6 Toxic Substances Control Act, the Federal Insecticide,
- 7 Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, the Federal Food, Drug,
- 8 and Cosmetic Act, the Motor Vehicle Information and
- 9 Cost Savings Act, the Federal Hazardous Substances Act,
- 10 the Atomic Energy Act, the Noise Control Act of 1972,
- 11 the Solid Waste Disposal Act, the Comprehensive Environ-
- 12 mental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of
- 13 1980, the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization
- 14 Act of 1986, the Ocean Dumping Act, the Environmental
- 15 Research, Development, and Demonstration Authorization
- 16 Act, the Pollution Prosecution Act of 1990, and the Fed-
- 17 eral Facilities Compliance Act of 1992, or any statute con-
- 18 taining amendment to any of such Acts. Nothing in this
- 19 Act shall be construed as modifying or affecting any provi-
- 20 sion of the Native American Graves Protection and Repa-
- 21 triation Act (Public Law 101-601) or any provision of the
- 22 American Indian Religious Freedom Act (42 U.S.C.
- 23 1996).
- 24 (c) Protection of Conservation Areas.—In
- 25 order to protect the resources and values of National Con-

- 1 servation System units, the Secretary, as appropriate,
- 2 shall utilize authority under this Act and other applicable
- 3 law to the fullest extent necessary to prevent mineral ac-
- 4 tivities within the boundaries of such units that could have
- 5 an adverse impact on the resources or values for which
- 6 such units were established.

## 7 SEC. 415. AVAILABILITY OF PUBLIC RECORDS.

- 8 Copies of records, reports, inspection materials or in-
- 9 formation obtained by the Secretary or the Secretary of
- 10 Agriculture under this Act shall be made immediately
- 11 available to the public, consistent with section 552 of title
- 12 5 of the United States Code, in central and sufficient loca-
- 13 tions in the county, multi county, and State area of min-
- 14 eral activity or reclamation so that such items are conven-
- 15 iently available to residents in the area proposed or ap-
- 16 proved for mineral activities.

#### 17 SEC. 416. MISCELLANEOUS POWERS.

- 18 (a) In General.—In carrying out his or her duties
- 19 under this Act, the Secretary, or for National Forest Sys-
- 20 tem lands the Secretary of Agriculture, may conduct any
- 21 investigation, inspection, or other inquiry necessary and
- 22 appropriate and may conduct, after notice, any hearing
- 23 or audit, necessary and appropriate to carrying out his
- 24 duties.

- 1 (b) Ancillary Powers.—In connection with any
- 2 hearing, inquiry, investigation, or audit under this Act, the
- 3 Secretary, or for National Forest System lands the Sec-
- 4 retary of Agriculture, is authorized to take any of the fol-
- 5 lowing actions:

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- 6 (1) Require, by special or general order, any 7 person to submit in writing such affidavits and an-8 swers to questions as the Secretary concerned may 9 reasonably prescribe, which submission shall be 10 made within such reasonable period and under oath
  - (2) Administer oaths.

or otherwise, as may be necessary.

- (3) Require by subpoena the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of all books, papers, records, documents, matter, and materials, as such Secretary may request.
- (4) Order testimony to be taken by deposition before any person who is designated by such Secretary and who has the power to administer oaths, and to compel testimony and the production of evidence in the same manner as authorized under paragraph (3) of this subsection.
- (5) Pay witnesses the same fees and mileage as are paid in like circumstances in the courts of the United States.

1	(c) Enforcement.—In cases of refusal to obey a
2	subpoena served upon any person under this section, the
3	district court of the United States for any district in which
4	such person is found, resides, or transacts business, upon
5	application by the Attorney General at the request of the
6	Secretary concerned and after notice to such person, shall
7	have jurisdiction to issue an order requiring such person
8	to appear and produce documents before the Secretary
9	concerned. Any failure to obey such order of the court may
10	be punished by such court as contempt thereof and subject
11	to a penalty of up to \$10,000 a day.
12	(d) Entry and Access.—Without advance notice
13	and upon presentation of appropriate credentials, the Sec-
14	retary, or for National Forest System lands the Secretary
15	of Agriculture, or any authorized representative thereof—
16	(1) shall have the right of entry to, upon, or
17	through the site of any claim, mineral activities, or
18	any premises in which any records required to be
19	maintained under this Act are located;
20	(2) may at reasonable times, and without delay
21	have access to any copy any records, inspect any
22	monitoring equipment or method of operation re-
23	quired under this Act.

- (3) may engage in any work and to do all things necessary or expedient to implement and administer the provisions of this Act;
  - (4) may, on any mining claim located or converted under this Act, and without advance notice, stop and inspect any motorized form of transportation that he has probable cause to believe is carrying locatable minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom from a claim site for the purpose of determining whether the operator of such vehicle has documentation related to such locatable minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom as required by law, if such documentation is required under this Act; and
  - (5) may, if accompanied by any appropriate law enforcement officer, or an appropriate law enforcement officer alone may stop and inspect any motorized form of transportation which is not on a claim site if he has probable cause to believe such vehicle is carrying locatable minerals, concentrates, or products derived therefrom from a claim site on Federal lands or allocated to such claim site. Such inspection shall be for the purpose of determining whether the operator of such vehicle has the documentation re-

- 1 quired by law, if such documentation is required
- 2 under this Act.

## 3 SEC. 417. LIMITATION ON PATENT ISSUANCE.

- 4 (a) MINING CLAIMS.—After January 7, 1997, no pat-
- 5 ent shall be issued by the United States for any mining
- 6 claim located under the general mining laws or under this
- 7 Act unless the Secretary determines that, for the claim
- 8 concerned—
- 9 (1) a patent application was filed with the Sec-
- retary on or before January 7, 1997; and
- 11 (2) all requirements established under sections
- 12 2325 and 2326 of the Revised Statutes (30 U.S.C.
- 13 29 and 30) for vein or lode claims and sections
- 14 2329, 2330, 2331, and 2333 of the Revised Statutes
- 15 (30 U.S.C. 35, 36, and 37) for placer claims were
- fully complied with by that date.
- 17 If the Secretary makes the determinations referred to in
- 18 paragraphs (1) and (2) for any mining claim, the holder
- 19 of the claim shall be entitled to the issuance of a patent
- 20 in the same manner and degree to which such claim holder
- 21 would have been entitled to prior to the enactment of this
- 22 Act, unless and until such determinations are withdrawn
- 23 or invalidated by the Secretary or by a court of the United
- 24 States.

- 1 (b) MILL SITES.—After January 7, 1997, no patent
- 2 shall be issued by the United States for any mill site claim
- 3 located under the general mining laws unless the Secretary
- 4 determines that for the mill site concerned—
- 5 (1) a patent application for such land was filed
- 6 with the Secretary on or before January 7, 1997;
- 7 and
- 8 (2) all requirements applicable to such patent
- 9 application were fully complied with by that date.
- 10 If the Secretary makes the determinations referred to in
- 11 paragraphs (1) and (2) for any mill site claim, the holder
- 12 of the claim shall be entitled to the issuance of a patent
- 13 in the same manner and degree to which such claim holder
- 14 would have been entitled to prior to the enactment of this
- 15 Act, unless and until such determinations are withdrawn
- 16 or invalidated by the Secretary or by a court of the United
- 17 States.
- 18 SEC. 418. MULTIPLE MINERAL DEVELOPMENT AND SUR-
- 19 FACE RESOURCES.
- The provisions of sections 4 and 6 of the Act of Au-
- 21 gust 13, 1954 (30 U.S.C. 524 and 526), commonly known
- 22 as the Multiple Minerals Development Act, and the provi-
- 23 sions of section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C.
- 24 612), shall apply to all mining claims located or converted
- 25 under this Act.

### SEC. 419. MINERAL MATERIALS.

2 (a) Determinations.—Section 3 of the Act of	of July	the Act	of th	3	—Section	) Determinations.	(a)	2
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- 3 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C. 611), is amended as follows:
- 4 (1) Insert "(a)" before the first sentence.
- 5 (2) Insert "mineral materials, including but not
- 6 limited to" after "varieties of" in the first sentence.
- 7 (3) Strike "or cinders" and insert in lieu there-
- 8 of "cinders, and clay".
- 9 (4) Add the following new subsection at the end
- thereof:
- "
  (b)(1) Subject to valid existing rights, after the date
- 12 of enactment of the Mineral Exploration and Development
- 13 Act of 1995, notwithstanding the reference to common va-
- 14 rieties in subsection (a) and to the exception to such term
- 15 relating to a deposit of materials with some property giv-
- 16 ing it distinct and special value, all deposits of mineral
- 17 materials referred to in such subsection, including the
- 18 block pumice referred to in such subsection, shall be sub-
- 19 ject to disposal only under the terms and conditions of
- 20 the Materials Act of 1947.
- 21 "(2) For purposes of paragraph (1), the term 'valid
- 22 existing rights' means that a mining claim located for any
- 23 such mineral material had some property giving it the dis-
- 24 tinct and special value referred to in subsection (a), or
- 25 as the case may be, met the definition of block pumice
- 26 referred to in such subsection, was properly located and

- 1 maintained under the general mining laws prior to the
- 2 date of enactment of the Mineral Exploration and Devel-
- 3 opment Act of 1995, and was supported by a discovery
- 4 of a valuable mineral deposit within the meaning of the
- 5 general mining laws as in effect immediately prior to the
- 6 date of enactment of the Mineral Exploration and Devel-
- 7 opment Act of 1995 and that such claim continues to be
- 8 valid under this Act.".
- 9 (b) Mineral Materials Disposal Clarifica-
- 10 Tion.—Section 4 of the Act of July 23, 1955 (30 U.S.C.
- 11 612), is amended as follows:
- 12 (1) In subsection (b) insert "and mineral mate-
- rial" after "vegetative".
- 14 (2) In subsection (c) insert "and mineral mate-
- rial" after "vegetative".
- 16 (c) Conforming Amendment.—Section 1 of the
- 17 Act of July 31, 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the
- 18 disposal of materials on the public lands of the United
- 19 States" (30 U.S.C. 601 and following) is amended by
- 20 striking "common varieties of" in the first sentence.
- 21 (d) Short Titles.—
- 22 (1) Surface resources.—The Act of July
- 23 23, 1955, is amended by inserting after section 7
- the following new section:

- 1 "Sec. 8. This Act may be cited as the 'Surface Re-
- 2 sources Act of 1955'.".
- 3 (2) Mineral materials.—The Act of July 31,
- 4 1947, entitled "An Act to provide for the disposal of
- 5 materials on the public lands of the United States"
- 6 (30 U.S.C. 601 and following) is amended by insert-
- 7 ing after section 4 the following new section:
- 8 "Sec. 5. This Act may be cited as the 'Materials Act
- 9 of 1947'.".
- 10 (e) Repeals.—(1) Subject to valid existing rights,
- 11 the Act of August 4, 1892 (27 Stat. 348, 30 U.S.C. 161)
- 12 commonly known as the Building Stone Act is hereby re-
- 13 pealed.
- 14 (2) Subject to valid existing rights, the Act of Janu-
- 15 ary 31, 1901 (30 U.S.C. 162) commonly known as the
- 16 Saline Placer Act is hereby repealed.
- 17 SEC. 420. APPLICATION OF ACT TO BENEFICIATION AND
- 18 PROCESSING OF NONFEDERAL MINERALS ON
- 19 FEDERAL LANDS.
- The provisions of this Act (including the surface
- 21 management requirements of title II) shall apply in the
- 22 same manner and to the same extent to Federal lands
- 23 used for beneficiation or processing activities for any min-
- 24 eral without regard to whether or not the legal and bene-
- 25 ficial title to the mineral is held by the United States. This

- 1 section applies only to minerals which are locatable min-
- 2 erals or minerals which would be locatable minerals if the
- 3 legal and beneficial title to such minerals were held by the
- 4 United States.

#### 5 SEC. 421. COMPLIANCE WITH BUY AMERICAN ACT.

- 6 No funds appropriated pursuant to this Act may be
- 7 expended by an entity unless the entity agrees that in ex-
- 8 pending the funds the entity will comply with section 2
- 9 through 4 of the Act of March 3, 1933 (41 U.S.C. 10a-
- 10 10c), popularly known as the "Buy American Act".

#### 11 SEC. 308. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

- 12 In the case of any equipment or products purchased
- 13 with funding provided under this Act, it is the sense of
- 14 the Congress that such funding should be used to pur-
- 15 chase only American-made equipment and products.

#### 16 SEC. 309. PROHIBITION OF CONTRACTS.

- 17 If it has been finally determined by a court of Federal
- 18 agency that any person intentionally affixed a label bear-
- 19 ing a "Made in America" inscription, or any inscription
- 20 with the same meaning, to any product sold in or shipped
- 21 to the United States that is not made in the United
- 22 States, such person shall be ineligible to receive any con-
- 23 tract or subcontract made with funds provided pursuant
- 24 to this Act, pursuant to the debarment, suspension, and

- 1 ineligibility procedures described in sections 9.400 through
- 2 9.409 of title 48 of the Code of Federal Regulations.
- 3 SEC. 422. SEVERABILITY.
- 4 If any provision of this Act or the applicability there-
- 5 of to any person or circumstances is held invalid, the re-
- 6 mainder of this Act and the application of such provision
- 7 to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected
- 8 thereby.
- 9 SEC. 423. AWARD OF COMPENSATION FOR TAKINGS FROM
- 10 **FUND.**
- To the extent a court of competent jurisdiction, after
- 12 adjudication, finds that Federal action undertaken pursu-
- 13 ant to this Act effects a taking under the Fifth Amend-
- 14 ment of the United States Constitution and enters a final
- 15 judgment against the United States, the court shall award
- 16 just compensation to the plaintiff, from the fund estab-
- 17 lished under title III, subject to appropriation, together
- 18 with appropriate reasonable fees and expenses to the ex-
- 19 tent provided by section 304 of the Uniform Relocation
- 20 Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of
- 21 1970 (42 U.S.C. 4654(c)). In any case in which the Attor-
- 22 ney General effects a settlement of any proceeding brought
- 23 under section 1346(a)(2) or 1491 of title 28 of the United
- 24 States Code alleging that any Federal action undertaken
- 25 pursuant to this Act effects a taking under the Fifth

1	Amendment of the United States Constitution, the Attor-
2	ney General shall use amounts available in the Fund sub-
3	ject to appropriations to pay any award necessary pursu-
4	ant to such settlement.
5	SEC. 424. REPORT TO CONGRESS ON MINING CLAIMS IN
6	THE UNITED STATES HELD BY FOREIGN
7	FIRMS.
8	(a) REPORT.—Not later than one year after the date
9	of enactment of this Act and annually thereafter, the Sec-
10	retary of the Interior shall submit a report to the Congress
11	describing the percentage of each mining claim held by
12	a foreign firm.
13	(b) Foreign Firm.—(1) For the purposes of this
14	section, the term "foreign firm" means any firm that is
15	not a domestic firm.
16	(2) For the purposes of paragraph (1), the term "do-
17	mestic firm" means a business entity—
18	(A) that is incorporated or organized in the
19	United States;
20	(B) that conducts business operations in the
21	United States; and
22	(C) the assets of which at least 50 percent are
23	held by United States citizens, permanent resident
24	aliens, or other domestic firms.