## 106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

## H. R. 280

To prohibit United States voluntary and assessed contributions to the United Nations if the United Nations imposes any tax or fee on United States persons or continues to develop or promote proposals for such taxes or fees.

## IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

January 6, 1999

Mr. Sweeney introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on International Relations

## A BILL

- To prohibit United States voluntary and assessed contributions to the United Nations if the United Nations imposes any tax or fee on United States persons or continues to develop or promote proposals for such taxes or fees.
  - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
  - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
  - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
  - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Prohibition on United
  - 5 Nations Taxation Act of 1999".
  - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
  - 7 The Congress finds that—

- 1 (1) in 1948, the average United States family 2 with children paid only 3 percent of its income in 3 Federal taxes;
  - (2) in 1996, the average United States family with children paid almost 24 percent of its income in Federal taxes;
  - (3) United Nations officials have made numerous and repeated proposals to provide financing for the United Nations outside the scrutiny of Member States of the United Nations, including borrowing from international financial institutions, assuming control of bonds issued by Member States, and imposing taxes on an extensive range of transactions, goods, and services;
  - (4) the 1994 "Human Development Report" of the United Nations Development Program stated that "[i]t is appropriate that the proceeds of an international tax be devoted to international purposes and be placed at the disposal of international institutions.";
  - (5) on January 14, 1996, United Nations General Secretary Boutros Boutros-Ghali stated that an international tax would mean that "[he would] not be under the daily financial will of the Member States.":

25 States.";

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1	(6) American taxpayers have paid approxi-
2	mately \$30,000,000,000 to the United Nations since
3	1945;
4	(7) the United Nations and its organizations
5	are replete with mismanagement, waste, corruption,
6	and inefficiency which cost American taxpayers mil-
7	lions of dollars each year;
8	(8) the power to tax is an attribute of sov-
9	ereignty;
10	(9) the United Nations does not have the at-
11	tributes of sovereignty and is not a sovereign power;
12	and
13	(10) the United Nations has no legal authority
1 1	to impose tower on United States citizens
14	to impose taxes on United States citizens.
15	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON IMPOSITION OF GLOBAL TAX-
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15 16 17 18	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON IMPOSITION OF GLOBAL TAX- ATION OR MULTILATERAL BANK BORROW- ING. The United States may not pay any voluntary or as- sessed contribution to the United Nations or any of its
15 16 17 18 19	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON IMPOSITION OF GLOBAL TAX- ATION OR MULTILATERAL BANK BORROW- ING.  The United States may not pay any voluntary or as- sessed contribution to the United Nations or any of its specialized or affiliated agencies if the United Nations—
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON IMPOSITION OF GLOBAL TAX- ATION OR MULTILATERAL BANK BORROW- ING.  The United States may not pay any voluntary or as- sessed contribution to the United Nations or any of its specialized or affiliated agencies if the United Nations—  (1) attempts to implement or impose any tax-
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	SEC. 3. PROHIBITION ON IMPOSITION OF GLOBAL TAX- ATION OR MULTILATERAL BANK BORROW- ING.  The United States may not pay any voluntary or as- sessed contribution to the United Nations or any of its specialized or affiliated agencies if the United Nations—  (1) attempts to implement or impose any tax- ation or fee on any United States persons; or

1	International Monetary Fund, or any other similar
2	or regional international financial institution.
3	SEC. 4. PROHIBITION ON CONTINUED DEVELOPMENT AND
4	PROMOTION OF GLOBAL TAXATION PROPOS-
5	ALS.
6	The United States may not pay any voluntary or as-
7	sessed contribution to the United Nations or any of its
8	specialized or affiliated agencies (including the United Na-
9	tions Development Program) unless the President certifies
10	in writing to the Congress 15 days in advance of such pay-
11	ment that the United Nations or such agency, as the case
12	may be, is not engaged in any effort to develop, advocate,
13	promote, or publicize any proposal concerning taxation or
14	fees on United States persons in order to raise revenue
15	for the United Nations or any such agency.
16	SEC. 5. STATUTORY CONSTRUCTION.
17	Payments prohibited under this Act include disburse-
18	ments to the United Nations pursuant to any undertaking
19	made by the United States before the prohibition becomes
20	effective.
21	SEC. 6. DEFINITIONS.
22	As used in this Act:
23	(1) The term "person" has the meaning given
24	such term in section 7701(a)(1) of the Internal Rev-
25	enue Code of 1986 (26 U.S.C. 7701(a)(1))

1 (2) The term "taxation or fees on United 2 States persons" includes any tax or fee assessed on 3 United States persons on a per capita basis or on 4 a transaction or user basis, including but not limited 5 to any tax or fee on international air travel, foreign 6 exchange transactions, the mails, or extraction or 7 use of natural resources.

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