106TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 2335

To amend the Federal Power Act to improve the hydroelectric licensing process by granting the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission statutory authority to better coordinate participation by other agencies and entities, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

June 24, 1999

Mr. Towns (for himself, Mr. GILLMOR, Mr. HALL of Texas, Mr. Burr of North Carolina, Mr. Bishop, and Mr. Hastings of Washington) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Commerce

A BILL

To amend the Federal Power Act to improve the hydroelectric licensing process by granting the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission statutory authority to better coordinate participation by other agencies and entities, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Hydroelectric Licens-
- 5 ing Process Improvement Act of 1999".

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

2	Congress finds that—
3	(1) hydroelectric power is an irreplaceable
4	source of clean, economic, renewable energy with the
5	unique capability of supporting reliable electric serv-
6	ice while maintaining environmental quality;
7	(2) hydroelectric power is the leading renewable
8	energy resource of the United States;
9	(3) hydroelectric power projects provide mul-
10	tiple benefits to the United States, including recre-
11	ation, irrigation, flood control, water supply, and
12	fish and wildlife benefits;
13	(4) in the next 15 years, the bulk of all non-
14	Federal hydroelectric power capacity in the United
15	States is due to be relicensed by the Federal Energy
16	Regulatory Commission;
17	(5) the process of licensing hydroelectric
18	projects by the Commission—
19	(A) does not produce optimal decisions, be-
20	cause the agencies that participate in the proc-
21	ess are not required to consider the full effects
22	of their mandatory and recommended condi-
23	tions on a license;
24	(B) is inefficient, in part because agencies
25	do not always submit their mandatory and rec-
26	ommended conditions by a time certain;

1	(C) is burdened by uncoordinated environ-
2	mental reviews and duplicative permitting au-
3	thority; and
4	(D) is burdensome for all participants and
5	too often results in litigation; and
6	(6) while the alternative licensing procedures
7	available to applicants for hydroelectric project li-
8	censes provide important opportunities for the col-
9	laborative resolution of many of the issues in hydro-
10	electric project licensing, those procedures are not
11	appropriate in every case and cannot substitute for
12	statutory reforms of the hydroelectric licensing proc-
13	ess.
14	SEC. 3. PURPOSE.
15	The purpose of this Act is to achieve the objective
16	of relicensing hydroelectric power projects to maintain
17	high environmental standards while preserving low cost
18	power by—
19	(1) requiring agencies to consider the full ef-
20	fects of their mandatory and recommended condi-
21	tions on a hydroelectric power license and to docu-
22	ment the consideration of a broad range of factors
23	(2) requiring the Federal Energy Regulatory
24	Commission to impose deadlines by which Federa

1	agencies must submit proposed mandatory and rec-
2	ommended conditions to a license; and
3	(3) making other improvements in the licensing
4	process.
5	SEC. 4. PROCESS FOR CONSIDERATION BY FEDERAL AGEN
6	CIES OF CONDITIONS TO LICENSES.
7	(a) In General.—Part I of the Federal Power Act
8	(16 U.S.C. 791a et seq.) is amended by adding at the end
9	the following:
10	"SEC. 32. PROCESS FOR CONSIDERATION BY FEDERAL
11	AGENCIES OF CONDITIONS TO LICENSES.
12	"(a) Definitions.—In this section:
13	"(1) Condition.—The term condition
14	means—
15	"(A) a condition to a license for a project
16	on a Federal reservation determined by a con-
17	sulting agency for the purpose of the first pro-
18	viso of section 4(e); and
19	"(B) a prescription relating to the con-
20	struction, maintenance, or operation of a
21	fishway determined by a consulting agency for
22	the purpose of the first sentence of section 18
23	"(2) Consulting agency.—The term 'con-
24	sulting agency' means—

1	"(A) in relation to a condition described in
2	paragraph (1)(A), the Federal agency with re-
3	sponsibility for supervising the reservation; and
4	"(B) in relation to a condition described in
5	paragraph (1)(B), the Secretary of the Interior
6	or the Secretary of Commerce, as appropriate.
7	"(b) Factors To Be Considered.—
8	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In determining a condition,
9	a consulting agency shall take into consideration—
10	"(A) the impacts of the condition on—
11	"(i) economic and power values;
12	"(ii) electric generation capacity and
13	system reliability;
14	"(iii) air quality (including consider-
15	ation of the impacts on greenhouse gas
16	emissions); and
17	"(iv) drinking, flood control, irriga-
18	tion, navigation, or recreation water sup-
19	ply;
20	"(B) compatibility with other conditions to
21	be included in the license, including mandatory
22	conditions of other agencies, when available;
23	and

1	"(C) means to ensure that the condition
2	addresses only direct project environmental im-
3	pacts, and does so at the lowest project cost.
4	"(2) Documentation.—
5	"(A) IN GENERAL.—In the course of the
6	consideration of factors under paragraph (1)
7	and before any review under subsection (e), a
8	consulting agency shall create written docu-
9	mentation detailing, among other pertinent
10	matters, all proposals made, comments received,
11	facts considered, and analyses made regarding
12	each of those factors sufficient to demonstrate
13	that each of the factors was given full consider-
14	ation in determining the condition to be sub-
15	mitted to the Commission.
16	"(B) Submission to the commission.—
17	A consulting agency shall include the docu-
18	mentation under subparagraph (A) in its sub-
19	mission of a condition to the Commission.
20	"(c) Scientific Review.—
21	"(1) In general.—Each condition determined
22	by a consulting agency shall be subjected to appro-
23	priately substantiated scientific review.
24	"(2) Data.—For the purpose of paragraph (1),
25	a condition shall be considered to have been sub-

1	jected to appropriately substantiated scientific review
2	if the review—
3	"(A) was based on current empirical data
4	or field-tested data; and
5	"(B) was subjected to peer review.
6	"(d) Relationship to Impacts on Federal Res-
7	ERVATION.—In the case of a condition for the purpose of
8	the first proviso of section 4(e), each condition determined
9	by a consulting agency shall be directly and reasonably
10	related to the impacts of the project within the Federal
11	reservation.
12	"(e) Administrative Review.—
13	"(1) Opportunity for review.—Before sub-
14	mitting to the Commission a proposed condition, and
15	at least 90 days before a license applicant is re-
16	quired to file a license application with the Commis-
17	sion, a consulting agency shall provide the proposed
18	condition to the license applicant and offer the li-
19	cense applicant an opportunity to obtain expedited
20	review before an administrative law judge or other
21	independent reviewing body of—
22	"(A) the reasonableness of the proposed
23	condition in light of the effect that implementa-
24	tion of the condition will have on the energy
25	and economic values of a project; and

1	"(B) compliance by the consulting agency
2	with the requirements of this section, including
3	the requirement to consider the factors de-
4	scribed in subsection (b)(1).
5	"(2) Completion of Review.—
6	"(A) In general.—A review under para-
7	graph (1) shall be completed not more than 180
8	days after the license applicant notifies the con-
9	sulting agency of the request for review.
10	"(B) Failure to make timely comple-
11	TION OF REVIEW.—If review of a proposed con-
12	dition is not completed within the time specified
13	by subparagraph (A), the Commission may
14	treat a condition submitted by the consulting
15	agency as a recommendation is treated under
16	section $10(j)$.
17	"(3) Remand.—If the administrative law judge
18	or reviewing body finds that a proposed condition is
19	unreasonable or that the consulting agency failed to
20	comply with any of the requirements of this section,
21	the administrative law judge or reviewing body
22	shall—
23	"(A) render a decision that—
24	"(i) explains the reasons for a finding
25	that the condition is unreasonable and may

1	make recommendations that the adminis-
2	trative law judge or reviewing body may
3	have for the formulation of a condition
4	that would not be found unreasonable; or
5	"(ii) explains the reasons for a finding
6	that a requirement was not met and may
7	describe any action that the consulting
8	agency should take to meet the require-
9	ment; and
10	"(B) remand the matter to the consulting
11	agency for further action.
12	"(4) Submission to the commission.—Fol-
13	lowing administrative review under this subsection, a
14	consulting agency shall—
15	"(A) take such action as is necessary to—
16	"(i) withdraw the condition;
17	"(ii) formulate a condition that fol-
18	lows the recommendation of the adminis-
19	trative law judge or reviewing body; or
20	"(iii) otherwise comply with this sec-
21	tion; and
22	"(B) include with its submission to the
23	Commission of a proposed condition—
24	"(i) the record on administrative re-
25	view; and

1	"(ii) documentation of any action
2	taken following administrative review.
3	"(f) Submission of Final Condition.—
4	"(1) In general.—After an applicant files
5	with the Commission an application for a license, the
6	Commission shall set a date by which a consulting
7	agency shall submit to the Commission a final condi-
8	tion.
9	"(2) Limitation.—Except as provided in para-
10	graph (3), the date for submission of a final condi-
11	tion shall be not later than 1 year after the date on
12	which the Commission gives the consulting agency
13	notice that a license application is ready for environ-
14	mental review.
15	"(3) Default.—If a consulting agency does
16	not submit a final condition to a license by the date
17	set under paragraph (1)—
18	"(A) the consulting agency shall not there-
19	after have authority to recommend or establish
20	a condition to the license; and
21	"(B) the Commission may, but shall not be
22	required to, recommend or establish an appro-
23	priate condition to the license that—
24	"(i) furthers the interest sought to be
25	protected by the provision of law that au-

1	thorizes the consulting agency to propose
2	or establish a condition to the license; and
3	"(ii) conforms to the requirements of
4	this Act.
5	"(4) Extension.—The Commission may make
6	1 extension, of not more than 30 days, of a deadline
7	set under paragraph (1).
8	"(g) Analysis by the Commission.—
9	"(1) Economic analysis.—The Commission
10	shall conduct an economic analysis of each condition
11	submitted by a consulting agency to determine
12	whether the condition would render the project un-
13	economic.
14	"(2) Consistency with this section.—In
15	exercising authority under section $10(j)(2)$, the Com-
16	mission shall consider whether any recommendation
17	submitted under section $10(j)(1)$ is consistent with
18	the purposes and requirements of subsections (b)
19	and (c) of this section.
20	"(h) Commission Determination on Effect of
21	CONDITIONS.—When requested by a license applicant in
22	a request for rehearing, the Commission shall make a writ-
23	ten determination on whether a condition submitted by a
24	consulting agency—

1	"(1) is in the public interest, as measured by
2	the impact of the condition on the factors described
3	in subsection (b)(1);
4	"(2) was subjected to scientific review in ac-
5	cordance with subsection (c);
6	"(3) relates to direct project impacts within the
7	reservation, in the case of a condition for the first
8	proviso of section 4(e);
9	"(4) is reasonable;
10	"(5) is supported by substantial evidence; and
11	"(6) is consistent with this Act and other terms
12	and conditions to be included in the license.".
13	(b) Conforming and Technical Amendments.—
14	(1) Section 4.—Section 4(e) of the Federal
15	Power Act (16 U.S.C. 797(e)) is amended—
16	(A) in the first proviso of the first sentence
17	by inserting after "conditions" the following: ",
18	determined in accordance with section 32,"; and
19	(B) in the last sentence, by striking the pe-
20	riod and inserting "(including consideration of
21	the impacts on greenhouse gas emissions)".
22	(2) Section 18.—Section 18 of the Federal
23	Power Act (16 U.S.C. 811) is amended in the first
24	sentence by striking "prescribed by the Secretary of
25	Commerce" and inserting "prescribed, in accordance

- 1 with section 32, by the Secretary of the Interior or
- the Secretary of Commerce, as appropriate".
- 3 SEC. 5. COORDINATED ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PROCESS.
- 4 Part I of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 791a
- 5 et seq.) (as amended by section 3) is amended by adding
- 6 at the end the following:
- 7 "SEC. 33. COORDINATED ENVIRONMENTAL REVIEW PROC-
- 8 **ESS.**
- 9 "(a) Lead Agency Responsibility.—The Commis-
- 10 sion, as the lead agency for environmental reviews under
- 11 the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C.
- 12 4321 et seq.) for projects licensed under this part, shall
- 13 conduct a single consolidated environmental review—
- 14 "(1) for each such project; or
- 15 "(2) if appropriate, for multiple projects located
- in the same area.
- 17 "(b) Consulting Agencies.—In connection with
- 18 the formulation of a condition in accordance with section
- 19 32, a consulting agency shall not perform any
- 20 environmental review in addition to any environmental
- 21 review performed by the Commission in connection with
- 22 the action to which the condition relates.
- 23 "(c) Deadlines.—
- 24 "(1) In general.—The Commission shall set a
- deadline for the submission of comments by Federal,

1 State, and local government agencies in connection 2 with the preparation of any environmental impact 3 statement or environmental assessment required for a project. "(2) Considerations.—In setting a deadline 6 under paragraph (1), the Commission shall take into 7 consideration— 8 "(A) the need of the license applicant for 9 a prompt and reasonable decision; "(B) the resources of interested Federal, 10 11 State, and local government agencies; and 12 "(C) applicable statutory requirements.". SEC. 6. STUDY OF SMALL HYDROELECTRIC PROJECTS. 13 (a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 18 months after 14 15 the date of enactment of this Act, the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission shall submit to the Committee on 16 Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate and the 18 Committee on Commerce of the House of Representatives 19 a study of the feasibility of establishing a separate licensing procedure for small hydroelectric projects. 21 (b) DEFINITION SMALL Hydroelectric OF Project.—The Commission may by regulation define the term "small hydroelectric project" for the purpose of sub-

section (a), except that the term shall include at a min-

- 1 imum a hydroelectric project that has a generating capac-
- 2 ity of 5 megawatts or less.

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